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ACCOUNTS AND PAPERS:

TWENTY-NINE VOLUMES.

—(16.)—

LAW (UNITED KINGDOM AND JERSEY);
LAW (IRELAND); LAW (SCOTLAND).

CRIME (UNITED KINGDOM); CRIME (IRELAND);
CRIME (SCOTLAND).

POLICE (UNITED KINGDOM); POLICE (IRELAND);
POLICE (SCOTLAND).

PRISONS (UNITED KINGDOM); PRISONS (IRELAND).

Session

7 February — 6 July 1865.

45
VOL. XLV.

1865.

BR DOC 650

ACCOUNTS AND PAPERS:

1865.

TWENTY-NINE VOLUMES:—CONTENTS OF THE SIXTEENTH VOLUME.

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COURT OF BANKRUPTCY.

GENERAL RETURN for the Year ending the 11th day of October 1864, of all MATTERS JUDICIAL and FINANCIAL within "The BANKRUPTCY ACT, 1861;" framed by the CHIEF REGISTRAR of the COURT.

(In pursuance of Section 67 of such Act, and of a General Order made under it, dated the 18th Day of July 1863.)

	London District Court.	Country District Courts.	County Courts.	TOTAL.
Number of Adjudications of Bankruptcy - - -	2,311	1,537*	3,376	7,224
On Petition of a Creditor - - -	185	354	56	595
On Petition of a Debtor - - -	1,609	1,001	2,650	5,260
By Registrars at the Prisons - - -	289	178	437	904
On Petitions in formâ pauperis - - -	220	3	233	456
On Judgment Debtor Summons - - -	8	1	—	9
Number of Adjudications where the Debts of the Bankrupt exceeded 300 l. - - -	1,301	1,504	167	2,972
Number where the Debts did not exceed 300 l. -	1,010	33	3,209	4,252
Discharges Granted - - - - -	1,574	1,118	2,643	5,335
„ Suspended - - - - -	94	129	93	316
„ Refused - - - - -	1	6	73	80
Total Amount of Gross Produce realized from the several Bankrupts' Estates - - -	£. s. d. 247,135 7 2	£. s. d. 376,645 8 3	£. s. d. 53,755 5 2	£. s. d. 677,536 - 7
„ Amount realized by Creditors' Assignees -	178,528 - 3	164,163 17 6	7,610 10 7	350,302 8 4
„ Amount realised by Official Assignees -	68,607 6 11	212,481 10 9†	46,144 14 7	327,233 12 3
Number of Cases in which a Dividend was made -	328	630	628	1,586
„ in which there was no Dividend -	2,589	841	1,895	5,324
„ in which Dividend was under 2s. 6d.	170	377	301	848
„ 2 s. 6 d. and under 5 s. -	81	137	163	381
„ 5 s. „ 7 s. 6 d. -	39	58	95	192
„ 7 s. 6 d. „ 10 s. -	11	22	20	53
„ 10 s. „ 15 s. -	15	16	19	50
„ 15 s. „ 20 s. -	7	9	9	25
„ 20 s. - - - - -	5	11	21	37

* Number of Adjudications in the several District Courts of Bankruptcy:—

Birmingham District { Birmingham - 302 } 365; Bristol District, 162; Exeter District, 96;
 Nottingham - 63

Leeds District { Leeds - 246 } 321; Liverpool District, 266; Manchester District, 234; Newcastle District, 93.
 Hull - 47
 Sheffield - 28

† Birmingham District—Birmingham, 15,242 l. 1 s. 7 d.; Nottingham, 10,643 l. 11 s. 10 d. Bristol District, 6,720 l. 0 s. 0 d. Exeter District, 12,083 l. 1 s. 9 d. Leeds District—Leeds, 105,101 l. 15 s. 1 d. Hull, 10,863 l. 0 s. 0 d.; Sheffield, 11,960 l. 0 s. 0 d. Liverpool District, 22,203 l. 13 s. 5 d. Manchester District, 11,961 l. 14 s. 11 d. Newcastle District, 5,702 l. 12 s. 2 d.

TRUST DEEDS.

	Number of Deeds Registered.	Amount of Stamp Duty.	Gross Value of Estate and Effects.
		£ s. d.	£
Deeds of Assignment - - -	2,208	5,846 10 -	2,188,600
„ Composition - - -	1,348	2,995 15 -	1,198,300*
„ Inspectorship - - -	48	1,162 15 -	465,100
TOTAL - -	3,604	9,505 - -	3,802,000

* Gross Amount of Composition paid.

MASTER'S OFFICE.

Number of Bills taxed - - - - -	6,148
Total Gross Amount - - - - -	£. 87,064 s. 1 d. 3
Amount of Solicitors' Bills - - - - -	£. 65,350 4 10
„ of Messengers' Bills - - - - -	9,552 - 1
„ of Assignees and others, for travelling expenses, &c. - - - - -	252 7 6
„ of Auctioneers' Bills - - - - -	7,607 16 -
„ of Accountants' Bills - - - - -	4,301 12 10
Amount struck off on taxation - - - - -	8,118 10 8

APPEALS.

Number of Appeals - - - - -	58
Cases in which Judgments were Affirmed - - - - -	18
„ „ „ Reversed - - - - -	14
„ „ „ Varied - - - - -	1
„ „ „ Pending, Abandoned, or Arranged - - - - -	25
Number of Appeals under Trust Deeds - - - - -	10
Cases in which Judgments were Affirmed - - - - -	8
„ „ „ Reversed - - - - -	1
„ „ „ Varied - - - - -	0
„ „ „ Pending, Abandoned, or Arranged - - - - -	1
Number of Appeals from County Courts - - - - -	2
Cases in which Judgments were Affirmed - - - - -	0
„ „ „ Reversed - - - - -	0
„ „ „ Varied - - - - -	1
„ „ „ Pending, Abandoned, or Arranged - - - - -	1

M E S S E N G E R S.

AN ACCOUNT of all FEES received by the Messengers in the London Court, and in the District Courts in the Country, in respect of anything done or duty discharged under any Bankruptcy; Also,

AN ACCOUNT of PAYMENTS actually disbursed and for assistance, including the Salaries of the Messengers and their Clerks; Also,

AN ACCOUNT of all Sums of Money received by way of DEPOSITS from or on account of any Bankruptcy in trust for his Estate.

For Business done under the Bankruptcy Act, 1861, including Deposits applied to the Payment of Bills.	TOTAL RECEIPTS.	TOTAL PAYMENTS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
By the Messengers in London - - - -	13,857 18 9	10,181 5 11
By the Messengers in the Country District Courts, viz.:—		
Birmingham - - - - -	4,607 3 2	3,470 3 7
Bristol - - - - -	1,839 16 2	1,470 8 1
Exeter - - - - -	1,787 13 3	1,494 3 11
Leeds - - - - -	4,415 11 10	3,286 18 1½
Liverpool - - - - -	3,300 13 2	2,812 5 10
Manchester - - - - -	3,088 - 4	2,052 14 11
Newcastle - - - - -	1,599 18 6	1,354 1 2
£.	34,496 15 2	26,121 16 6½
SURPLUS - - - £.		8,374 18 7½

D E P O S I T S.

	Received for Deposits.	Deposits returned or applied to the Payment of Bills.	Balance of Deposits in the Hands of the Messengers applicable to Payment of Costs in Cases not concluded, or to be returned to Persons making the Deposits.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
London - - - - -	12,565 12 6	7,864 15 8	4,700 16 10
Birmingham - - - - -	2,186 10 2	1,338 13 9	847 16 5
Bristol - - - - -	447 15 7	353 5 -	94 10 7
Exeter - - - - -	155 17 6	136 11 2	19 6 4
Leeds - - - - -	211 18 11	143 11 3	68 7 8
Liverpool - - - - -	262 12 6	210 8 2	52 4 4
Manchester - - - - -	195 8 4	174 3 2	21 5 2
Newcastle - - - - -	342 5 4	263 14 2	78 11 2
TOTAL - - - £.	16,368 - 10	10,485 2 4	5,882 16 6

HIGH BAILIFFS OF THE COUNTY COURTS.

Total Amount of Deposits received in matters of Bankruptcy - - - -	£. s. d.
7,245 19 4	
*Total Amount of such Deposits returned or applied to the Payment of Bills - -	6,243 13 6
Balance of Deposits remaining in the hands of the High Bailiffs - - -	1,015 11 8

* In Nine Courts the Payments exceed the Deposits by Sums amounting together to 134 5s. 10d.

COUNTY COURTS.

NAME OF COURT.	Registrars' Fees in Bankruptcy.			High Bailiffs' Fees in Bankruptcy.		
	Total Receipts.	Total Payments.	Net Remuneration.	Total Receipts.	Total Payments.	Net Remuneration.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Aberdare - - - -	7 - -	- - -	7 - -	17 5 8	7 5 8	10 - -
Abergavenny - - -	32 11 2	2 2 7	31 8 7	36 10 8	20 16 6	15 14 2
Aberayron - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Aberystwith - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Abingdon - - - -	7 - -	- 4 -	6 16 -	9 11 4	3 17 6	5 13 10
Alcester - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	5 - -	4 10 -	- 10 -
Alfreton - - - -	25 - -	6 11 6	18 8 6	23 13 11	12 10 -	11 3 11
Alnwick - - - -	4 15 6	- 14 4	4 1 2	7 16 3	5 2 10	2 13 5
Alston - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Alton - - - -	1 13 5	- - -	1 13 5	5 15 8	3 1 8	2 14 -
Altrincham - - -	10 13 3	- 5 6	10 7 9	8 18 2	5 8 -	3 10 2
Ambleside - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	15 9 5	8 - 10	7 8 7
Amphill - - - -	4 7 10	1 3 5	3 4 5	3 - -	- - -	3 - -
Andover - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Appleby - - - -	3 17 4	- 8 8	3 8 8	4 4 -	2 6 10	1 17 2
Arundel - - - -	28 9 8	3 13 1	24 16 7	27 - 4	13 5 7	13 14 9
Ashborne - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Asliby-de la-Zouch -	21 14 9	1 4 -	20 10 9	34 7 9	17 13 2	16 14 7
Ashford - - - -	5 17 6	- 1 4	5 18 2	- - -	- - -	- - -
Ashton under-Lyne -	19 1 2	4 16 9	14 4 5	58 14 10	40 - 7	18 14 3
Atherstone - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Attleborough - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	22 9 1	15 7 7	7 1 6
Axbridge - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	1 2 7	- - -
Axminster - - - -	2 - -	- - -	2 - -	8 16 -	4 - 2	4 15 10
Aylesbury - - - -	31 - -	- 7 9	30 12 3	11 7 4	7 2 -	4 5 4
Aylsham - - - -	4 2 3	- 6 5	3 15 10	18 3 5	7 19 4	5 4 1
Bacup - - - -	19 12 5	1 3 9	18 8 8	19 5 8	9 - 5	10 5 3
Bakewell - - - -	14 - -	3 - -	11 - -	21 17 6	11 17 4	10 - 2
Bala - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Banbury - - - -	13 13 2	- - -	13 13 2	23 1 7	11 3 5	11 18 2
Bangor - - - -	1 10 6	- 2 6	1 8 -	9 2 1	5 17 4	3 4 9
Barnard Castle - -	13 11 7	- 10 5	13 1 2	6 18 3	3 6 7	3 11 8
Barnsley - - - -	46 4 4	2 0 11	44 3 5	70 14 -	39 4 4	31 9 8
Barnstaple - - -	15 10 2	- - -	15 10 2	13 7 6	6 6 1	7 1 5
Barton-on-Humber -	7 12 8	- 4 2	7 8 6	6 3 2	3 6 10	2 16 4
Basingstoke - - -	3 11 6	- - -	3 11 6	5 - -	2 2 3	2 17 9
Bath - - - -	45 5 10	- 6 -	44 19 10	39 11 10	22 12 6	16 19 4
Bedford - - - -	15 17 1	- 12 2	15 4 11	37 3 -	20 12 8	16 10 4
Beebles and Bungay	4 10 4	- 4 6	4 5 10	8 6 8	4 7 9	3 18 11
Belford - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Beverley - - - -	10 10 1	1 3 1	9 7 -	19 - 11	9 2 3	9 18 8
Belper - - - -	16 - -	3 15 8	12 4 4	- - -	- - -	- - -
Bellingham - - -	2 1 9	- - 7	2 1 2	1 17 9	1 1 7	- 16 2
Berwick - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	4 6 7	2 17 6	1 9 1
Bicester - - - -	22 9 6	- 8 10	22 - 8	21 15 2	11 11 9	10 3 3
Bideford - - - -	12 - 6	- 13 11	11 6 7	11 10 4	6 17 9	4 12 7
Biggleswade - - -	10 10 9	- 7 9	10 3 -	11 6 4	6 1 2	5 5 2
Bingham - - - -	7 6 9	- 17 -	6 9 9	3 12 2	1 7 9	2 4 5
Birkenhead - - -	34 18 8	6 12 3	28 6 5	79 9 6	41 19 11	37 9 7
Birmingham - - -	629 10 6	140 6 5	489 4 1	436 18 7	246 17 11	190 - 8
Bishops Stortford -	13 16 5	- 17 6	12 18 11	23 13 6	15 18 5	7 15 1
Bishops Auckland -	26 13 4	- 11 9	26 1 7	20 15 1	14 17 3	14 17 10
Bishops Castle - -	2 17 8	- 5 2	2 12 6	20 14 4	13 18 6	6 15 10
Bishops Waltham -	3 15 8	- 11 2	3 4 6	5 19 8	3 18 6	2 1 2
Blackburn - - - -	25 7 11	- 7 5	25 - 6	25 1 9	11 18 6	18 3 3
Blandford - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Bodmin - - - -	3 17 -	- 15 -	3 2 -	8 4 4	4 10 1	3 14 3
Bolton - - - -	86 2 3	38 13 10	47 8 5	35 7 9	14 6 9	21 1 -
Boston - - - -	17 18 3	1 18 11	15 19 4	23 5 7	14 17 8	8 7 11
Bourne - - - -	13 6 8	- 19 3	12 7 5	29 11 11	16 17 9	12 14 2
Brackley - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Bradford, York - -	247 9 1	20 5 -	227 4 1	229 3 3	168 6 8	60 16 7
Bradford, Wilts -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Braintree - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	9 15 11	4 17 6	4 18 5
Brampton - - - -	3 7 6	- 7 6	3 - -	9 16 6	5 4 6	4 12 -
Brecknock - - - -	2 - -	- - -	2 - -	4 6 2	1 17 2	2 9 -

COUNTY COURTS—continued.

NAME OF COURT.	Registrars' Fees in Bankruptcy.			High Bailiffs' Fees in Bankruptcy.		
	Total Receipts.	Total Payments.	Net Remuneration.	Total Receipts.	Total Payments.	Net Remuneration.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brentwood - - - - -	2 - -	- - -	2 - -	10 8 2	6 1 3	4 6 11
Bridgend and Cowbridge - -	7 2 9	1 6 5	5 16 4	No Return.	- - -	- - -
Bridgnorth - - - - -	1 16 -	- 1 5	1 14 7	4 10 -	2 5 5	2 4 7
Bridgwater - - - - -	78 5 11	3 17 4	74 8 7	48 2 4	25 15 2	22 7 2
Bridlington - - - - -	9 10 4	- 12 5	8 17 11	11 5 9	4 7 -	6 18 9
Bridport - - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Brigg - - - - -	30 12 9	1 10 1	29 2 8	8 9 10	5 - 1	3 9 9
Brighton - - - - -	181 8 9	9 14 -	171 14 9	150 14 9	78 7 -	72 7 9
Bristol - - - - -	192 3 2	64 17 -	127 6 2	243 15 1	136 2 11	107 12 2
Bromsgrove - - - - -	17 10 -	11 11 8	5 18 4	19 9 4	10 8 3	9 1 1
Bromyard - - - - -	2 - -	- - -	2 - -	8 1 2	5 4 8	2 16 6
Buckingham - - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	5 11 8	1 16 2	3 15 6
Builth - - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Burnley - - - - -	33 3 10	2 1 9	31 2 1	29 7 3	14 - 3	15 7 -
Burton-on-Trent - - - - -	34 10 10	8 14 8	25 16 2	52 13 3	28 19 8	23 13 7
Bury - - - - -	25 2 7	1 12 6	23 10 1	32 5 5	15 8 3	16 17 2
Bury St. Edmunds - - - - -	53 17 4	4 - 9	49 16 7	36 15 4	20 15 7	15 19 9
Caistor - - - - -	4 4 1	- 11 10	3 12 3	- - -	- - -	- - -
Calne - - - - -	3 8 6	- 1 6	3 7 -	6 17 4	3 5 6	3 11 10
Cambridge - - - - -	68 15 3	7 8 2	61 7 1	76 14 8	45 9 11	31 4 9
Camelford - - - - -	7 15 4	- - -	7 15 4	6 18 4	3 7 7	3 10 9
Canterbury - - - - -	6 6 -	- - -	6 6 -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Cardiff - - - - -	98 11 3	7 16 5	85 14 10	96 3 1	46 18 1	49 5 -
Cardigan - - - - -	5 3 2	- 5 2	4 18 -	3 8 2	1 19 10	1 8 4
Carlisle - - - - -	57 4 10	4 17 8	52 7 2	92 16 7	47 4 5	45 12 2
Carmarthen - - - - -	34 15 5	- - -	34 15 5	15 5 5	9 17 -	5 8 5
Carnarvon - - - - -	12 9 3	- 9 4	11 19 11	13 19 6	9 4 -	4 15 6
Chapel-en-Frith - - - - -	16 15 3	1 7 3	15 8 -	12 11 11	5 19 7	6 12 4
Chard - - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Cheadle - - - - -	13 16 6	- 8 5	13 8 1	13 17 5	6 11 1	7 6 4
Chelmsford - - - - -	17 4 6	- - -	17 4 6	9 2 8	5 7 7	3 15 1
Cheltenham - - - - -	68 9 3	3 6 4	65 2 11	43 1 5	21 5 10	21 15 7
Chepstow - - - - -	5 10 -	- - 4	5 9 8	8 6 4	4 1 -	4 5 4
Chertsey - - - - -	3 7 -	- - -	3 7 -	8 - 6	3 19 6	4 1 -
Chesham - - - - -	2 - -	- - -	2 - -	9 - 4	6 13 8	2 6 8
Chester - - - - -	45 4 6	3 8 7	41 15 11	29 15 1	15 12 11	14 2 2
Chesterfield - - - - -	48 11 2	4 16 3	38 14 11	51 8 1	25 17 5	25 10 8
Chichester - - - - -	35 8 6	- 12 4	34 16 2	2 7 -	- 8 4	1 18 8
Chippenham - - - - -	15 19 -	- 8 3	15 10 9	11 14 -	7 12 3	4 1 9
Chipping Norton - - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	1 14 -	- - -
Chipping Sodbury - - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	3 11 8	1 16 -	1 15 8
Chorley - - - - -	5 7 5	- 1 4	5 6 1	- - -	- - -	- - -
Christchurch - - - - -	26 - 6	- 8 6	25 12 -	24 7 9	11 15 10	13 1 11
Cirencester - - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Cleobury - - - - -	4 12 8	- 1 11	4 10 9	6 18 4	3 11 9	3 6 7
Cliheroe - - - - -	8 18 9	- 10 4	8 8 5	10 17 1	6 7 -	4 10 1
Cockermouth - - - - -	41 4 10	2 7 6	38 17 4	51 7 11	26 7 -	25 - 11
Colchester - - - - -	40 14 8	2 13 2	38 1 6	57 11 7	36 14 3	20 17 4
Colne - - - - -	7 6 9	- 3 8	7 3 1	- - -	- - -	- - -
Congleton - - - - -	16 8 -	1 - -	15 8 -	50 19 11	32 15 -	18 4 11
Conway - - - - -	10 8 6	- - -	10 8 6	13 12 4	6 10 -	7 2 4
Corwen - - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Coventry - - - - -	38 16 11	2 10 5	36 6 6	54 1 10	26 7 5	27 14 5
Crediton - - - - -	19 12 2	2 5 2	17 7 -	34 18 8	20 15 -	14 3 8
Crewkerne - - - - -	8 14 8	1 17 11	6 16 9	- - -	- - -	- - -
Crickhowell - - - - -	17 10 4	1 18 8	15 11 8	23 12 4	15 3 2	8 9 2
Cuckfield - - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	6 3 4	1 14 4	4 9 -
Darlington - - - - -	28 10 -	24 5 2	4 4 10	24 5 2	12 10 -	11 15 2
Dartford - - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Daventry - - - - -	15 9 2	- - 9	15 8 5	- - -	- - -	- - -
Deal - - - - -	13 7 9	- 19 7	12 8 2	9 9 2	6 6 9	3 2 5
Denbigh - - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Derby - - - - -	182 13 6	11 14 1	170 19 5	105 12 6	55 9 6	50 3 -
Dewsbury - - - - -	113 8 4	1 15 2	111 13 2	113 11 10	59 14 7	53 17 3
Devizes - - - - -	3 4 -	- 1 5	3 2 7	4 - -	2 7 4	1 12 8
Dolgelly - - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	17 10 6	8 18 6	8 12 -
Doncaster - - - - -	20 16 10	2 17 8	17 19 2	28 19 10	15 17 2	13 2 8
Dorchester - - - - -	9 9 -	- - -	9 9 -	- - -	- - -	- - -

COUNTY COURTS—continued.

NAME OF COURT.	Registrars' Fees in Bankruptcy.			High Bailiffs' Fees in Bankruptcy.		
	Total Receipts.	Total Payments.	Net Remuneration.	Total Receipts.	Total Payments.	Net Remuneration.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Downham Market - - -	18 13 1	10 12 6	8 - 7	18 15 4	8 13 -	5 2 4
Dorking - - - - -	5 3 6	- 5 -	4 18 6	5 17 6	3 3 11	2 13 7
Dover - - - - -	8 13 -	- 6 1	8 6 11	19 14 6	13 9 10	6 4 8
Droitwich - - - - -	9 18 10	- 17 -	9 1 10	13 19 4	9 - -	4 19 4
Dudley - - - - -	46 6 5	5 16 8	40 9 9	72 12 -	44 12 11	27 19 1
Dunmow - - - - -	1 - -	- - -	1 - -	7 8 -	4 5 4	3 2 8
Durham - - - - -	155 6 4	43 3 3	112 3 1	78 1 2	42 6 8	35 14 6
Dursley - - - - -	2 7 6	- - -	2 7 6	- - -	- - -	- - -
East Dereham - - -	5 5 6	- - 6	5 5 -	11 13 11	6 3 10	5 10 1
East Grinstead - - -	3 - -	- - -	3 - -	8 3 -	4 11 5	3 11 7
East Retford - - -	22 4 9	3 - 8	19 4 1	35 6 4	17 9 1	17 17 3
Easingwold - - - -	1 9 3	- 3 -	1 6 3	3 17 2	2 10 2	1 7 -
East Stonehouse - -	93 13 7	15 8 10	78 4 9	85 1 -	37 9 5	47 11 7
Ely - - - - -	6 19 -	- 14 4	6 4 8	8 2 8	5 4 -	2 18 8
Evesham - - - - -	16 11 1	1 4 4	15 6 9	13 - 8	8 7 11	4 12 9
Epsom - - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	8 6 4	6 6 6	1 19 10
Exeter - - - - -	232 12 5	11 2 6	221 9 11	192 13 1	103 5 9	86 7 4
Eye and Diss - - -	16 3 2	- 11 7	15 11 7	13 5 10	8 7 8	4 18 2
Falmouth - - - - -	6 10 10	- - -	6 10 10	21 19 10	12 5 3	9 14 7
Farnham - - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	4 6 8	2 6 1	2 - 7
Farringdon - - - -	10 - 2	1 12 8	8 7 6	20 6 10	8 16 3	12 10 7
Faversham - - - - -	2 1 2	- - 10	2 - 4	6 19 1	4 9 3	2 9 10
Folkestone - - - - -	2 - -	- - -	2 - -	2 8 8	1 2 10	1 5 10
Fordingbridge - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	5 3 6	3 1 -	2 2 6
Framlingham and Saxmundham	20 4 -	1 2 3	19 1 9	15 15 2	9 2 9	6 12 5
Frome - - - - -	16 12 -	1 7 -	15 5 -	9 19 8	5 2 9	4 16 11
Gainsborough - - -	51 16 7	5 16 3	46 - 4	46 10 6	28 19 8	17 10 10
Gateshead - - - - -	31 9 9	2 2 6	29 7 3	25 2 9	15 7 -	9 15 9
Garstang - - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	1 6 8	- 14 4	- 12 4
Glossop - - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Gloucester - - - -	60 8 3	- 14 11	59 13 4	61 5 11	35 5 6	26 - 5
Godalming - - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	7 18 2	3 13 5	4 4 9
Goole - - - - -	2 3 8	- 1 10	2 1 10	9 15 7	4 - 5	5 15 2
Grantham - - - - -	5 18 3	- 7 4	5 10 11	- - -	- - -	- - -
Gravesend - - - - -	22 3 6	- - -	22 3 6	28 10 4	14 17 11	13 12 5
Great Driffield - - -	2 - 6	- 1 9	1 18 9	2 1 1	- 16 -	1 5 1
Great Grimsby - - -	7 8 8	- 10 8	6 18 -	11 2 8	6 14 7	4 8 1
Guildford - - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Hadleigh - - - - -	2 15 6	- 4 -	2 11 6	14 1 2	8 15 4	5 5 10
Halesworth - - - -	19 1 7	2 2 4	16 19 3	19 13 10	10 8 7	9 5 3
Halifax - - - - -	171 19 4	50 - 4	121 19 -	120 9 4	58 5 4	62 4 -
Halstead - - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	1 18 6	- - -
Haltwhistle - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Hanley, Burslem and Tunstall	182 1 7	5 11 8	176 9 11	208 18 9	165 11 3	103 7 6
Harleston - - - - -	3 17 8	- 6 5	3 11 3	10 9 -	6 11 10	3 17 2
Hartlepool - - - - -	29 10 8	19 16 1	9 14 7	22 15 9	11 5 7	11 10 2
Harwich - - - - -	8 15 -	- - -	8 15 -	15 16 4	8 8 2	7 8 2
Haslingden and Accrington	8 19 3	- 1 2	8 18 1	8 8 6	4 8 11	3 19 7
Hastings - - - - -	15 16 11	1 12 6	14 4 5	22 9 10	15 5 3	7 4 7
Haverfordwest - - -	24 - 6	- - -	24 - 6	7 10 10	4 - 1	3 10 9
Haverhill - - - - -	6 15 -	- - -	6 15 -	8 8 8	4 15 2	3 13 6
Hay - - - - -	2 19 3	- 3 6	2 15 9	- - -	- - -	- - -
Hedon - - - - -	11 8 3	- 11 -	10 17 3	4 7 4	2 15 9	1 11 7
Helmsley - - - - -	1 10 -	- 1 10	1 8 2	2 8 2	- 19 -	1 9 2
Helston - - - - -	1 - -	- - -	1 - -	7 16 8	4 1 -	3 15 8
Henley-on-Thames - -	2 - -	- - -	2 - -	11 4 5	6 7 7	4 16 10
Hereford - - - - -	71 1 11	2 18 3	68 3 8	92 14 6	47 19 5	44 15 1
Hertford - - - - -	15 9 7	- 5 11	15 3 8	28 8 4	15 6 10	8 1 6
Hexham - - - - -	4 - -	- - -	4 - -	5 - 10	2 10 7	2 10 3
High Wycombe - - -	28 12 3	- 10 9	27 12 6	56 5 2	32 6 1	23 19 1
Hinckley - - - - -	4 - -	- - -	4 - -	3 7 8	1 17 -	1 10 8
Hitchin - - - - -	2 4 9	- 8 8	1 16 1	5 19 10	4 3 10	1 16 -
Holbeach - - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	1 9 9	- 17 9	- 12 -
Holsworthy - - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	3 12 6	1 18 5	1 14 1
Holt - - - - -	8 8 -	- 7 7	7 15 5	12 - 9	8 18 1	3 2 8

COUNTY COURTS—continued.

NAME OF COURT.	Registrars' Fees in Bankruptcy.			High Bailiff's Fees in Bankruptcy.		
	Total Receipts.	Total Payments.	Net Remuneration.	Total Receipts.	Total Payments.	Net Remuneration.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Holmforth - - - -	3 14 7	- - 9	3 13 10	6 9 2	3 - -	3 9 2
Holywell - - - -	4 4 -	- 4 10	3 19 2	8 3 8	4 1 -	4 2 8
Honiton - - - -	51 19 9	5 - 8	46 19 1	73 4 8	36 - 5	37 4 3
Horncastle - - - -	50 4 6	2 2 9	48 1 9	82 11 3	19 10 7	13 - 8
Horsham - - - -	4 12 6	- - 10	4 11 8	-	-	-
Howden - - - -	-	-	-	-	-	-
Huddersfield - - - -	10 11 1	- - -	10 11 1	128 18 1	74 10 3	54 7 10
Hungerford - - - -	8 8 1	- 8 -	8 - 1	6 5 2	3 12 -	2 13 2
Huntingdon - - - -	16 9 2	2 11 10	13 17 4	20 12 3	11 10 11	9 1 4
Hyde - - - -	47 9 10	5 17 6	41 12 4	29 7 1	14 14 11	14 12 2
Hythe - - - -	2 - -	- - -	2 - -	11 15 -	5 12 -	6 3 -
Ipswich - - - -	60 3 2	3 1 -	57 2 2	86 19 5	50 10 9	36 9 8
Kendal - - - -	20 4 10	1 5 11	18 18 11	49 8 -	32 4 6	17 3 6
Keighley - - - -	17 3 -	- 8 1	16 14 11	17 6 -	9 - 4	8 5 9
Keewick - - - -	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kettering - - - -	1 1 6	- 1 6	1 - -	-	-	-
Kidderminster - - - -	55 6 4	3 13 6	51 12 10	48 4 -	25 11 -	22 13 -
Kingston-upon-Hull - - - -	95 18 10	3 11 10	92 7 -	106 3 8	61 14 3	44 9 5
Kington - - - -	13 12 2	- 6 10	13 5 4	32 1 6	19 11 8	12 9 10
King's Lynn - - - -	54 - 10	- 19 6	53 1 4	39 12 9	20 16 8	18 6 1
Kirkby Lonsdale - - - -	3 11 1	- 3 7	3 7 6	-	-	-
Kirkham - - - -	8 2 4	- 2 6	7 19 10	5 18 6	2 16 -	3 2 6
Kingsbridge - - - -	2 - -	- - -	2 - -	10 14 11	5 13 9	5 1 2
Knaresborough - - - -	34 3 3	2 17 6	31 5 9	23 8 8	14 4 8	9 4 -
Knighton - - - -	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lampeter - - - -	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lancaster - - - -	1 - -	1 12 7	- - -	37 18 -	19 4 1	18 13 17
Langport - - - -	-	-	-	-	1 6 6	-
Launceston - - - -	8 3 6	- 17 10	7 5 8	4 14 8	2 9 10	2 4 -
Ledbury - - - -	10 10 -	- - -	10 10 -	13 18 -	9 - -	4 18 -
Leeds - - - -	170 3 2	54 19 9	115 3 5	163 18 2	96 15 6	67 2 8
Leek - - - -	18 7 6	- 10 -	17 17 6	37 10 1	18 17 9	18 12 4
Leicester - - - -	85 1 3	4 10 6	80 10 9	120 15 2	68 6 9	52 8 5
Leigh - - - -	15 12 1	1 8 6	14 3 7	19 - 4	9 4 3	9 16 1
Leighton Buzzard - - - -	12 1 9	- 8 -	11 13 9	14 13 6	7 13 3	7 - 3
Leominster - - - -	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lewes - - - -	110 10 2	10 4 6	100 5 8	94 14 9	49 19 4	44 15 5
Leyburn - - - -	3 3 -	- - 10	3 2 2	7 7 -	4 11 6	2 15 6
Lichfield - - - -	10 - 3	1 5 1	8 15 2	30 4 11	16 7 7	18 17 4
Lincoln - - - -	164 19 3	17 2 1	147 17 2	64 14 -	36 12 11	28 1 1
Liskeard - - - -	19 9 8	- 8 -	10 1 6	15 19 8	10 3 2	5 16 6
Little Walsingham - - - -	17 - -	1 4 11	15 15 1	32 8 7	19 12 4	12 16 3
Liverpool - - - -	409 6 8	101 - 2	308 6 6	309 4 1	186 10 2	122 13 11
Llandeilo-fawr - - - -	2 - -	- - -	2 - -	3 19 10	2 6 6	1 13 4
Llandovery - - - -	3 - -	- - -	3 - -	4 10 -	3 - -	1 10 -
Llangefnai and Holyhead - - - -	-	-	-	-	-	-
Llandilo - - - -	-	-	-	-	-	-
Llanelli - - - -	13 - -	2 16 2	10 3 10	6 10 4	2 17 7	3 12 9
Llanfyllin - - - -	16 1 8	- 10 -	15 11 8	22 1 8	12 18 10	9 3 10
Llanrwst - - - -	3 5 -	- - 5	3 4 7	3 2 10	1 13 1	1 9 9
Loughborough - - - -	59 2 3	3 4 2	55 18 1	50 11 6	27 2 11	23 8 7
Louth - - - -	13 10 9	1 2 5	12 8 4	25 - 2	16 18 6	8 1 8
Lowestoft - - - -	12 10 8	1 1 4	11 9 4	18 - 9	9 7 9	8 13 -
Ludlow - - - -	6 17 4	- 5 -	6 12 4	17 4 6	13 8 7	3 15 11
Luton - - - -	6 - -	- - -	6 - -	32 14 4	18 17 -	13 17 4
Lutterworth - - - -	6 9 11	- 3 1	6 6 10	-	-	-
Lymington - - - -	7 12 9	- 10 4	7 2 5	14 8 8	8 5 2	6 3 6
Macclesfield - - - -	22 5 7	2 7 9	19 17 10	17 14 9	10 16 10	6 17 11
Machynlleth - - - -	2 12 6	- 11 2	2 1 4	3 7 3	1 14 3	1 13 -
Madeley - - - -	32 13 11	5 - 11	27 13 -	114 18 -	62 15 8	52 2 4
Maidstone - - - -	107 1 -	5 12 -	101 9 -	52 4 -	30 13 4	21 10 8
Maldon - - - -	14 5 -	1 8 2	12 16 10	14 19 11	8 13 5	6 6 6
Malmesbury - - - -	-	-	-	-	-	-
Manchester - - - -	256 14 -	62 6 4	194 7 8	276 2 9	164 7 1	111 15 8
Mansfield - - - -	4 12 11	- 7 8	4 5 3	2 15 2	1 3 1	1 12 1
March - - - -	23 19 5	1 17 4	22 2 1	14 3 5	8 11 3	5 12 2

COUNTY COURTS—continued.

NAME OF COURT.	Registrars' Fees in Bankruptcy.			High Bailiffs' Fees in Bankruptcy.		
	Total Receipts.	Total Payments.	Net Remuneration	Total Receipts.	Total Payments.	Net Remuneration.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Margate - - - -	7 18 9	1 18 11	6 9 10	15 4 6	8 15 8	6 9 8
Market Bosworth - - -	1 4 -	- - 3	1 3 9	1 9 2	1 6 6	- 2 8
Market Drayton - - -	2 14 8	- 9 3	2 5 5	3 - 7	1 17 10	1 2 9
Market Harborough - - -	6 11 6	- 12 10	5 18 8	12 6 6	7 3 6	5 3 -
Market Rasen - - - -	50 13 3	1 - 11	49 12 4	17 19 5	11 18 2	6 1 3
Marlborough - - - -	-	-	-	-	-	-
Melksham - - - -	-	-	-	-	-	-
Melton Mowbray - - -	5 11 1	- 2 6	5 8 7	9 8 2	4 14 10	4 13 4
Merthyr Tydfil - - -	18 10 -	1 2 4	12 7 8	22 1 9	10 13 10	11 7 11
Midhurst - - - -	10 17 7	- 7 6	10 10 1	9 17 11	6 1 11	3 16 -
Mildenhall - - - -	10 14 6	- 15 -	9 19 6	11 11 2	3 19 6	7 11 8
Mold and Flint - - -	16 - 10	1 11 7	14 9 3	46 7 5	28 3 10	18 3 7
Monmouth - - - -	51 3 4	8 12 10	42 10 6	11 8 6	5 19 1	5 9 5
Morpeth - - - -	7 13 7	- 10 -	7 3 7	8 8 1	4 13 2	3 14 11
Nantwich and Crewe - -	22 4 6	3 - -	19 4 6	24 19 6	12 - -	12 19 6
Narberth - - - -	9 19 11	- 10 -	9 9 11	1 6 6	- 14 6	- 12 -
Neath - - - -	48 6 3	2 10 7	45 15 8	35 6 4	17 6 9	17 19 7
Newark - - - -	67 6 4	7 6 9	59 19 7	70 3 1	28 - 5	42 2 8
Newbury - - - -	6 - -	1 10 2	4 9 10	18 - 6	8 3 11	4 16 7
Newcastle-in-Emlyn - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	2 4 3	2 4 3	- - -
Newcastle-upon-Tyne - -	84 - -	- - -	84 - -	84 17 9	46 18 7	37 19 2
Newcastle-under-Lyme - -	11 - -	- 12 4	10 7 8	31 - 5	17 13 1	13 7 4
Newent - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
New Milton - - - -	4 5 9	- 10 6	3 15 3	6 16 5	2 17 -	3 19 5
Newmarket - - - -	21 1 5	1 9 8	19 11 9	17 9 6	11 - 6	6 9 -
Newnham - - - -	24 9 6	1 1 6	23 8 -	19 14 7	9 14 6	10 - 1
Newport (Monmouth) - -	26 7 2	2 5 10	24 1 4	51 7 5	32 12 6	18 14 11
Newport (Isle of Wight) - -	70 19 6	1 5 7	69 13 11	116 5 11	68 - 11	48 5 -
Newport Pagnell - - -	8 4 -	1 6 6	6 17 6	15 1 1	10 16 -	4 5 1
Newport (Salop) - - -	10 9 -	- 9 5	9 19 7	14 19 8	9 1 -	5 18 8
Newtown Abbott and Torquay -	19 1 10	- 13 5	18 8 5	26 6 1	13 13 4	12 12 9
Newtown - - - -	8 - -	- - -	8 - -	12 9 -	6 9 8	5 19 4
Northallerton - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Northampton - - - -	110 11 1	29 1 10	81 9 3	74 17 1	47 7 -	27 10 1
Northleach - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
North Shields - - - -	1 1 4	- - -	1 1 4	3 3 6	1 15 2	1 8 4
North Walsham - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	11 11 3	6 12 1	4 19 2
Northwich - - - -	58 17 2	3 5 6	55 11 8	63 14 3	36 1 4	27 12 11
Norwich - - - -	171 13 5	27 15 7	143 17 10	168 5 7	78 7 11	89 17 8
Nottingham - - - -	115 11 4	26 19 5	88 11 11	85 9 8	35 19 6	49 10 2
Nuneaton - - - -	15 - -	- - -	15 - -	32 - -	16 12 5	15 7 7
Oakham - - - -	16 5 5	1 - 5	15 5 -	16 10 10	9 5 4	7 5 6
Okehampton - - - -	7 18 6	- 19 6	6 19 -	12 12 11	7 - 3	5 12 8
Oldbury - - - -	113 5 3	9 9 4	103 15 11	66 10 2	32 14 6	33 15 8
Oldham - - - -	70 14 6	1 17 9	68 16 9	75 12 4	45 10 9	30 1 7
Ormskirk - - - -	4 2 11	- 11 3	3 11 8	8 11 6	4 15 2	3 16 4
Oswestry - - - -	2 14 2	- 5 1	2 9 1	5 6 -	3 2 11	2 8 1
Otley - - - -	12 9 6	8 9 9	3 19 9	16 - -	9 16 8	6 3 4
Oundle - - - -	11 12 -	- 13 -	10 19 -	4 9 -	2 - 4	2 8 8
Oxford - - - -	21 19 11	4 11 6	17 8 5	8 10 -	3 16 1	4 13 11
Pembroke - - - -	19 19 6	- - -	19 19 6	27 7 10	13 14 6	13 13 4
Penrith - - - -	40 14 -	1 9 5	39 4 7	37 - 8	18 - 7	19 - 1
Penzance - - - -	20 1 -	1 8 1	18 12 11	11 3 1	6 7 5	4 15 8
Pershore - - - -	59 10 1	4 7 5	55 2 8	22 9 10	12 13 7	9 16 3
Peterborough - - - -	33 14 2	- 10 4	33 3 10	32 1 1	18 7 2	13 13 11
Petersfield - - - -	2 8 4	- 1 9	2 6 7	7 19 -	4 13 1	3 5 11
Petworth - - - -	2 - -	- - -	2 - -	7 1 9	2 19 7	4 2 2
Pocklington - - - -	7 7 11	- 9 10	6 18 1	9 11 9	3 2 10	6 8 11
Pontefract - - - -	25 16 3	4 17 2	20 19 1	28 17 11	14 2 3	14 15 8
Pontypool - - - -	23 18 -	3 4 2	20 18 10	20 13 -	10 10 7	10 2 5
Pontypridd - - - -	10 19 9	1 6 3	9 13 6	19 12 11	10 2 7	9 10 4
Poole - - - -	4 3 3	- 3 2	4 - 1	- - -	- - -	- - -
Portmadoc - - - -	1 5 -	- - -	1 5 -	2 18 4	1 18 -	1 - 4
Portsmouth - - - -	177 7 8	58 - -	119 7 8	235 17 4	144 10 9	91 6 7
Poulton-in-the-Fylde - -	1 15 -	- - -	1 15 -	6 - 8	2 17 2	3 3 6
Presteigne - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Preston - - - -	40 9 5	1 6 8	39 2 9	23 6 9	10 16 1	12 10 8
Pwllheli - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	18 9 5	7 15 3	10 14 2

COUNTY COURTS—continued.

NAME OF COURT.	Registrars' Fees in Bankruptcy.			High Bailiffs' Fees in Bankruptcy.		
	Total Receipts.	Total Payments.	Net Remuneration.	Total Receipts.	Total Payments.	Net Remuneration.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Ramsgate - - - -	1 - -	- - -	1 - -	3 16 -	2 2 11	1 18 1
Reading - - - -	16 2 3	2 - 8	14 1 7	38 7 9	21 8 4	11 19 5
Reigate - - - -	16 3 1	- 18 -	15 5 1	8 14 -	4 4 -	4 10 -
Redditch - - - -	4 16 9	- 5 6	4 11 3	12 10 8	6 18 5	5 12 3
Redruth - - - -	92 4 4	19 8 2	72 16 2	66 3 3	37 19 9	28 3 6
Richmond (Yorkshire) - -	2 10 6	- - 1	2 10 5	7 - 2	4 3 4	2 16 10
Ripon - - - -	7 9 3	- - 3	7 9 -	16 4 3	6 14 -	9 10 3
Rhayader - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Rochdale - - - -	43 19 11	- 9 -	43 10 11	39 4 2	22 8 1	16 16 1
Rochester - - - -	35 9 8	8 7 3	27 2 5	116 18 8	69 18 11	46 19 9
Rochford - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Romney - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Romsey - - - -	2 - -	- - -	2 - -	15 - 2	8 12 3	6 7 11
Ross - - - -	5 12 6	- - -	5 12 6	15 12 6	8 9 8	7 2 10
Rothbury - - - -	5 10 3	- 6 9	5 3 6	4 4 1	3 4 7	- 19 6
Rotherham - - - -	29 8 1	1 17 7	27 10 6	38 1 4	25 6 4	12 15 -
Royston - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Rugeley - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Rugby - - - -	18 11 10	- - -	18 11 10	56 16 2	31 16 3	24 19 11
Ruthin - - - -	7 7 -	- 3 4	7 3 8	5 13 10	2 14 9	2 19 1
Runcorn - - - -	1 5 6	- - -	1 5 6	6 - -	3 8 10	2 11 2
Rye - - - -	5 3 6	- - -	5 3 6	7 7 10	5 - 3	2 7 7
Saffron Walden - - - -	5 17 -	- - -	5 17 -	4 7 -	2 17 6	1 9 6
Scarborough - - - -	7 15 -	- 12 10	7 2 2	10 13 4	8 - 4	11 13 -
Sandwich - - - -	6 6 4	- 2 4	6 4 -	1 8 6	- 16 9	- 11 9
St. Asaph - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Seabam Harbour - - - -	12 12 10	- 18 1	11 14 9	4 1 10	2 - 3	2 1 7
St. Albans - - - -	1 - -	- - -	1 - -	14 1 1	10 - 2	4 - 11
St. Austell - - - -	15 12 10	1 - 6	14 12 4	10 18 4	6 10 2	4 8 2
St. Columb Major - - - -	6 - -	- - -	6 - -	11 18 6	5 2 8	6 15 10
St. Helens - - - -	43 16 10	4 13 10	39 3 -	31 - 4	15 5 2	15 15 2
St. Neots - - - -	23 15 2	- 15 9	22 19 5	14 17 -	9 3 2	5 13 10
Saddleworth - - - -	7 - -	- - -	7 - -	11 17 3	6 3 2	5 14 1
Salisbury - - - -	7 17 6	- - -	7 17 6	3 7 2	1 17 4	1 9 10
Salford - - - -	109 9 7	14 9 1	95 10 6	216 1 6	156 11 1	59 10 5
Selby - - - -	6 5 -	- - -	6 5 -	6 15 8	3 8 10	3 6 10
Settle - - - -	3 - -	- - -	3 - -	- - -	- 5 10	- - -
Sevenoaks - - - -	2 - -	- - -	2 - -	5 14 2	6 13 10	- - -
Shaftesbury - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Sheerness - - - -	1 7 6	- - -	1 7 6	26 4 2	10 14 3	15 9 11
Shipston - - - -	12 10 3	- 8 5	12 1 10	- - -	- - -	- - -
Shotley Bridge - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	3 - 4	1 10 9	1 9 7
Shrewsbury - - - -	76 13 4	- 16 11	75 16 5	92 5 5	45 4 1	47 1 4
Sheffield - - - -	516 9 11	90 10 8	425 19 3	277 - 8	199 14 2	77 6 6
Sittingbourne - - - -	2 13 6	- 4 2	2 9 4	24 5 4	13 8 10	10 16 6
Skipton - - - -	16 19 5	10 10 5	6 9 -	12 1 5	7 7 -	4 14 5
Sleaford - - - -	26 4 9	1 19 10	24 4 11	23 7 -	17 14 10	5 12 2
Soham - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Solihill - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	6 2 6	5 - -	1 2 6
Southam - - - -	26 6 10	7 1 2	19 5 8	5 16 4	3 3 9	2 12 7
Southampton - - - -	115 4 9	2 14 8	112 10 1	105 7 7	58 17 1	51 10 6
South Molton - - - -	15 9 10	1 12 10	13 17 -	11 12 4	5 3 5	6 8 11
South Shields - - - -	6 - -	- - -	6 - -	23 3 2	11 1 -	12 2 2
Spalding - - - -	6 9 -	- - -	6 9 -	11 6 9	7 1 7	4 5 2
Spilsby - - - -	2 - -	- - -	2 - -	5 7 3	3 19 2	1 8 1
Stafford - - - -	9 3 6	- 15 5	8 8 1	18 1 5	9 11 8	8 9 9
Stamford - - - -	20 16 4	- 11 8	20 4 8	11 18 3	7 6 4	4 11 11
Stockton-on-Tees and Middles- borough. - - - -	22 8 1	- 5 -	22 8 1	68 10 4	38 9 3	25 10 1
Stockport - - - -	12 6 11	1 - 3	11 6 8	30 15 1	18 1 11	12 13 2
Stoke-upon-Trent - - - -	93 3 5	2 8 6	90 14 11	22 19 10	14 14 1	8 5 9
Stokesley - - - -	1 9 6	- - 10	1 8 8	3 - 10	1 11 1	1 9 9
Stone - - - -	29 5 5	6 16 8	22 8 9	26 7 8	14 2 3	12 5 5
Stourbridge - - - -	88 7 6	19 19 -	68 8 6	101 12 2	50 - 11	51 11 3
Stow - - - -	4 16 3	- 16 4	3 19 11	7 13 2	4 11 4	3 1 10
Stow Market - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	22 8 11	12 - 5	10 8 6
Stratford-on-Avon - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	24 16 4	14 5 10	10 10 6
Stroud - - - -	2 - -	- - -	2 - -	5 - -	2 7 2	2 12 10
Sudbury - - - -	2 15 5	- 6 11	2 8 6	17 2 10	9 3 3	7 19 7

COUNTY COURTS—continued.

NAME OF COURT.	Registrars' Fees in Bankruptcy.			High Bailiffs' Fees in Bankruptcy.		
	Total Receipts.	Total Payments.	Net Remuneration.	Total Receipts.	Total Payments.	Net Remuneration.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Sunderland - - - -	27 5 2	- 5 7	26 19 7	56 18 9	26 15 4	29 18 5
Swaffham - - - -	2 1 9	- - -	2 1 9	6 2 -	3 9 4	2 12 8
Swansea - - - -	89 8 -	3 16 2	85 11 10	88 2 9	42 16 10	45 5 11
Swinden - - - -	12 17 1	- 6 -	12 11 1	9 12 6	6 11 1	3 1 5
Tadcaster - - - -	9 15 5	- 15 1	9 - 4	8 7 -	4 2 7	4 4 5
Tamworth - - - -	2 16 8	- 15 6	2 1 2	4 10 -	- 15 -	3 15 -
Taunton - - - -	6 9 -	- 5 4	6 3 8	12 1 -	6 7 6	5 13 6
Tavistock - - - -	24 8 6	2 6 7	22 1 11	26 8 9	15 7 9	11 1 -
Temple Cloud - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Tenbury - - - -	21 10 1	1 13 -	19 17 1	2 10 -	1 12 -	- 18 -
Tenterden - - - -	3 - -	- - -	3 - -	8 13 8	5 3 7	3 10 1
Tewkesbury - - - -	26 17 11	- 6 4	26 11 7	30 10 8	18 1 6	12 9 2
Thame - - - -	4 3 2	- 9 9	3 13 5	- - -	- - -	- - -
Thetford - - - -	7 11 4	- 5 4	7 6 -	8 3 10	2 14 2	5 9 8
Thirsk - - - -	3 7 10	- 7 7	3 - 3	9 8 7	4 16 11	4 11 8
Thornbury - - - -	17 7 9	1 9 10	15 17 11	- 2 -	- - -	- 2 -
Thorne - - - -	8 - -	- - -	8 - -	3 18 -	- 7 4	3 10 8
Thrapston - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Tiverton - - - -	46 1 3	3 11 3	42 10 -	29 9 6	17 7 11	12 1 7
Todmorden - - - -	4 7 9	- 7 3	4 - 6	- - -	- - -	- - -
Tonbridge - - - -	8 2 6	1 12 4	6 10 2	17 1 5	10 19 1	6 2 4
Tonbridge Wells - - - -	9 2 8	- 11 3	8 11 5	19 13 2	11 13 10	7 19 4
Torrington - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	2 7 10	1 3 -	1 4 10
Torquay (see Newton Abbot).	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Totness - - - -	71 16 -	7 17 3	63 18 9	56 13 11	34 11 2	22 2 9
Towcester - - - -	2 4 2	- 2 2	2 2 -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Tredegar - - - -	15 - -	3 2 10	11 17 2	51 3 7	27 14 10	23 8 9
Trowbridge - - - -	8 11 6	2 8 2	6 3 4	15 4 10	7 16 -	7 8 10
Tulse - - - -	17 18 1	3 1 -	14 17 1	15 19 5	8 2 6	7 16 11
Ulverstone - - - -	22 3 9	1 17 9	20 6 -	11 12 6	5 13 6	5 19 -
Uppingham - - - -	2 - -	- - -	2 - -	7 10 -	4 2 6	3 16 6
Upton - - - -	16 1 6	1 10 8	14 10 10	16 9 4	9 11 8	6 17 8
Urk - - - -	- 15 -	- - -	- 15 -	9 7 -	4 19 5	4 7 7
Uttoxeter - - - -	5 11 -	- 2 11	5 8 1	16 14 2	9 11 7	7 2 7
Wakefield - - - -	49 15 3	11 10 -	38 5 3	48 12 10	25 5 2	23 7 8
Wallingford - - - -	8 11 5	- 4 11	8 6 6	10 11 5	5 14 10	4 16 7
Walsall - - - -	161 7 10	6 15 4	154 12 6	91 7 1	50 14 6	40 12 7
Wantage - - - -	14 3 2	1 17 11	12 5 3	16 5 10	8 18 2	7 7 8
Warrington - - - -	16 4 11	- 15 6	15 9 5	60 15 -	40 2 7	20 12 5
Watford - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Wareham - - - -	3 7 9	- 4 4	3 3 5	6 3 -	3 14 8	2 8 4
Warminster - - - -	6 10 4	- 2 8	6 7 8	13 - 10	7 14 1	5 6 9
Warwick - - - -	14 4 1	- 18 1	13 6 -	21 9 11	11 2 -	10 7 11
Wem - - - -	1 - -	- - -	1 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Wellingborough - - - -	28 9 2	- 10 6	27 18 8	36 16 10	14 12 1	22 4 9
Weymouth - - - -	30 2 1	- 8 11	29 13 2	18 1 3	9 19 1	8 2 2
Wellington (Salop) - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	3 13 2	1 13 2	2 - -
Wellington (Somerset) - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	2 16 10	1 8 6	1 8 4
Welchpool - - - -	25 5 3	- 15 9	24 9 6	10 3 10	4 11 2	5 12 8
Wells - - - -	20 8 7	- 17 8	19 10 11	15 7 -	6 16 6	8 10 6
Westbury - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Weston-super-Mare - - - -	9 18 1	1 15 1	8 3 -	33 6 11	21 4 7	12 10 4
Whitchurch - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Whitehaven - - - -	57 3 -	1 4 1	55 18 11	42 2 6	19 5 11	22 16 7
Whitby - - - -	10 5 -	- 9 11	9 15 1	8 13 5	3 18 3	4 15 2
Wigan - - - -	9 9 -	- 13 6	8 15 6	7 17 4	2 19 9	4 17 7
Wigton - - - -	11 3 -	- - -	11 3 -	1 9 3	- 15 11	- 13 4
Wimbourne Minster - - - -	3 17 -	- - -	3 17 -	18 15 3	9 18 9	8 16 6
Williton - - - -	4 8 -	- 12 9	3 15 3	4 3 1	1 10 8	2 12 5
Winchester - - - -	42 7 6	- 12 -	41 15 6	38 19 7	21 2 2	17 17 5
Wineanton - - - -	3 19 6	- 14 -	3 5 6	5 8 10	2 18 -	2 10 10
Winchcomb - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- 12 2	- - -
Windsor - - - -	18 17 7	1 6 4	12 11 3	24 3 -	10 19 11	13 3 1
Wirksworth - - - -	6 - -	- 10 -	5 10 -	10 4 8	5 11 9	4 12 11
Wisbeach - - - -	35 11 1	4 13 4	30 17 9	17 2 10	8 12 2	8 2 10
Witney - - - -	1 17 6	- 2 6	1 15 -	10 5 4	6 10 9	3 14 7
Wolsingham - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	8 17 10	5 1 8	3 16 2
Wolverhampton - - - -	152 9 9	6 - 3	146 9 6	196 10 4	96 16 6	99 13 10

COUNTY COURTS—continued.

NAME OF COURT.	Registrars' Fees in Bankruptcy.			High Bailiffs' Fees in Bankruptcy.		
	Total Receipts.	Total Payments.	Net Remuneration.	Total Receipts.	Total Payments.	Net Remuneration.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Woodbridge - - - -	10 12 3	- 12 2	10 - 1	17 8 6	7 9 6	9 19 -
Woodstock - - - -	4 - -	1 13 9	2 6 3	-	-	-
Wooler - - - -	-	-	-	-	-	-
Worcester - - - -	59 5 9	2 12 7	56 13 2	98 17 3	54 5 7	44 11 8
Wrexham - - - -	26 14 8	1 6 5	25 7 10	48 1 11	25 14 2	22 7 9
Workshop - - - -	5 4 1	- 19 2	4 4 11	12 9 6	6 6 7	6 2 11
Worthing - - - -	12 7 1	1 - -	11 7 1	14 2 8	7 5 8	6 17 -
Wymondham - - - -	3 19 6	- 11 10	3 7 8	23 6 5	15 12 8	7 14 2
Yarmouth - - - -	15 - -	- - -	15 - -	48 19 10	80 12 9	18 7 1
Yeovil - - - -	35 9 10	1 2 6	34 7 4	46 4 7	26 14 10	19 9 9
York - - - -	75 16 2	2 11 10	73 4 4	66 10 6	39 14 1	26 16 5
TOTAL - - - £.	12,177 1 6	1,498 14 8*	10,678 19 5	12,816 11 11	7,217 5 4†	5,607 5 10

* In one court, the payments exceed the receipts by the sum of 12 s. 7 d.

† In six courts, the payments exceed the receipts by sums amounting to 7 l. 19 s. 3 d.

BY THE ACCOUNTANT.

TOTAL REVENUE and EXPENDITURE of the COURT OF BANKRUPTCY.

RECEIPTS.		PAYMENTS.	
	£. s. d.		£. s. d.
Commissioners of Inland Revenue, Stamps - - - -	36,731 11 7	Salaries - - - -	84,359 10 5
Dividends on Stock - - - -	45,230 16 10	Compensations - - - -	14,796 5 11
Official Assignees, Per-centage fees - -	956 4 2	Retiring Annuities - - - -	12,469 17 9
Official Assignees, Surplus remuneration fees, after payment of Clerks' salaries and office expenses - - - -	27,896 19 3	Expenses: £. s. d.	
Messengers' surplus fees - - - -	17,261 14 6	London Courts and Offices 2,190 14 -	
Chief Registrar, Admission fees - -	66 16 6	District Courts - - - 3,260 9 -	
Chief Registrar, Rent of premises underlet (Birmingham) - - - -	25 - -	Travelling Expenses of Commissioners, Registrars, &c. of District Courts - - - 2,787 5 2	
Broker - - - -	81 14 11	Alteration of Courts and Offices - - - 3,260 6 4	
Fees received by Clerks of Insolvent Debtors' Court - - - -	387 8 11	Allowances - - - 576 1 1	
Paymaster-General, for Salaries - -	2,272 - 4	Sundries - - - 738 19 8	12,793 15 3
Paymaster-General, for Compensations and Retiring Annuities, two years - -	87,102 - -	Bank Remuneration - - - -	1,594 17 1
Transferred from "The Purposes of the 26th Section Account" - - - -	8,426 19 6	Solicitors for Pauper Prisoners (London and Country) - - - -	4,897 14 4
Transferred by the Provisional Assignee from "118th Section Fund Account" - -	850 16 4	Costs of Prosecutions - - - -	407 13 7
County Court, Registrars' Fees returned - -	25 14 11	Fees to County Court Registrars - -	5,247 8 -
		" " High Bailiffs - -	613 15 4
		" " Gaolers - -	428 14 4
		Expense of Visiting Gaols (two years) - -	1,172 19 10
		Paymaster General, Compensations unclaimed for the Years 1862-3, 1863-4 - -	1,928 14 2
		Fees returned - - - -	187 16 2
			140,894 2 2
		Investment (in Consols to the credit of "The Chief Registrar's Account") - -	25,000 - -
TOTAL - - - £.	176,815 17 9	TOTAL - - - £.	165,894 2 2

TOTAL AMOUNT of MONEY received and paid by BANK OF ENGLAND.

RECEIPTS.			PAYMENTS.		
	£.	s. d.		£.	s. d.
General Account:			General Account:	£.	s. d.
By Official Assignees, Creditors' Assignees, and others - - - - -	587,052	2 2	To Orders of Commissioners (Costs, Expenses of realising Assets, and 31,752 <i>l.</i> 4 <i>s.</i> 4 <i>d.</i> laid out in Exchequer Bills under various Estates) - - - - -	166,355	11 -
Chief Registrar's Account:			Dividends - - - - -	533,664	14 8
By Receipts - - - - -	168,388	18 3			
Unclaimed Dividend Account:			Chief Registrar's Account:		
By Official Assignees - - - - -	1,497	6 5	To Payments - - - - -	140,894	2 2
Purposes of the 26th Section Account:			To Investments - - - - -	25,000	- -
By Interest on Exchequer Bills and Stock	3,535	18 1			
Provisional Assignees' Indemnity Fund Account:			Unclaimed Dividend Account:		
By Receipts - - - - -	1,593	18 7	To Payments - - - - -	737	6 2
			To Investments - - - - -	10,000	- -
			Purposes of the 26th Section Account:		
			To Payments - - - - -		
			Provisional Assignees' Indemnity Fund Account:		
			To Payments - - - - -		
TOTAL - - - £.	762,068	3 6	TOTAL - - - £.	877,471	3 6

CASH and STOCK BALANCES on 11 October 1864.

	Bankruptcy Fund Account.	General Account.	Chief Registrar's Account.	Unclaimed Dividend Account.	The Purposes of the 26th Section Account.	Provisional Assignee's Indemnity Fund Account.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Cash - - - - -	- - -	26,426 7 4	22,778 6 2	2,624 5 3	3,040 9 7	1,130 4 9
Exchequer Bills - - - - -	- - -	59,000 - -	- - -	- - -	110,300 - -	- - -
Stock - - - - -	1,352,402 5 2	28,303 6 7	180,715 19 2	57,726 12 3	16,249 17 10	- - -

APPENDIX.

SALARIES.*

	£.	s.	d.		£.	s.	d.
Fane - London Commissioner - - -	2,000	-	-	Roche - London Registrar - - -	1,200	-	-
Fonblanque - ditto - - - - -	2,500	-	-	Winslow - ditto - - - - -	1,200	-	-
Goulburn - ditto - - - - -	2,000	-	-	Gibson - Country ditto - - - - -	1,000	-	-
Holroyd - ditto - - - - -	2,000	-	-	Harris - ditto - - - - -	1,000	-	-
Abrahall - Country Commissioner - - -	1,800	-	-	Hill - ditto - - - - -	27	9	6
Ayrton - ditto - - - - -	1,800	-	-	King - ditto - - - - -	627	14	8
Andrews - ditto - - - - -	1,800	-	-	Lee - ditto - - - - -	1,000	-	-
Hill - ditto - - - - -	1,800	-	-	Macrae - ditto - - - - -	627	14	8
Jemmett - ditto - - - - -	2,250	-	-	Payne - ditto - - - - -	1,000	-	-
Perry - ditto - - - - -	1,800	-	-	Thring - ditto - - - - -	1,000	-	-
Sanders - ditto - - - - -	1,800	-	-	Tudor - ditto - - - - -	46	14	-
West - ditto - - - - -	1,800	-	-	Waterfield - ditto - - - - -	958	5	5
Whitehead - Chief Registrar - - -	502	3	6	Wilde, M. - ditto - - - - -	1,000	-	-
Miller - ditto - - - - -	1,678	5	8	Wilde, H. S. - ditto - - - - -	1,000	-	-
Bethell, R. - London Registrar - - -	1,024	3	6	Wilson - ditto - - - - -	750	-	-
Bethell, S. - ditto - - - - -	1,125	10	1	Richard Clarke, Accountant - - -	1,875	-	-
Brougham - ditto - - - - -	1,500	-	-				
Hazlitt - ditto - - - - -	1,500	-	-	Accountant's Office.			
Keene - ditto - - - - -	1,200	-	-	Saffery - Chief Clerk - - -	800	-	-
Murray - ditto - - - - -	1,125	10	1	Rivers - Clerk - - - - -	500	-	-
Pepys - ditto - - - - -	141	15	6	Evans - ditto - - - - -	400	-	-

* NOTE.—The Return gives the actual payments made between 12th October 1863 and 11th October 1864, and includes in some cases a quarter's salary due 11th October 1863, but not paid until on or after the 12th.

SALARIES—continued.

				£.	s.	d.	Official Assignees—continued.				£.	s.	d.
Joseph	-	Clerk	-	310	19	2	Harris, Country	Official Assignee	-	-	1,000	-	-
Chambers	-	ditto	-	320	-	-	Hernaman	- ditto	-	-	750	-	-
Stewart	-	ditto	-	75	-	-	Hirtzel	- ditto	-	-	555	8	8
Price	-	ditto	-	300	-	-	Kinnear	- ditto	-	-	1,000	-	-
Bayley	-	ditto	-	300	-	-	Laidman	- ditto	-	-	423	17	4
Ansell	-	ditto	-	375	-	-	Miller	- ditto	-	-	1,000	-	-
Haines	-	ditto	-	250	-	-	Morgan	- ditto	-	-	1,000	-	-
Gibson	-	ditto	-	187	10	-	Parkyns	- ditto	-	-	856	10	6
Saffrey, E.	-	ditto	-	250	-	-	Pott	- ditto	-	-	1,000	-	-
Roby	-	ditto	-	144	7	8	Turner	- ditto	-	-	1,000	-	-
Willan, T.	-	ditto	-	250	-	-	Whitmore	- ditto	-	-	1,000	-	-
Fuller	-	ditto	-	150	-	-	Young	- ditto	-	-	1,000	-	-
Willan, C.	-	ditto	-	150	-	-	Registrar of Meetings.						
Lopez	-	ditto	-	150	-	-	Buceleugh, Registrar	-	-	-	250	-	-
Morris	-	ditto	-	320	-	-	Stacy, clerk	-	-	-	187	10	-
Roper	-	Messenger	-	75	-	-	Sims, Housekeeper	-	-	-	50	-	-
Chief Registrar's Offices.							Ushers.						
Stewart, Secretary to Chief Registrar.	-	-	-	322	5	7	Carmichael	- London Usher	-	-	162	10	-
Kibble	-	Clerk	-	337	10	-	Slatter	- ditto	-	-	125	-	-
Crossman	-	ditto	-	220	-	-	Johnson	- ditto	-	-	100	-	-
Stackton	-	ditto	-	230	-	-	Austin	- ditto	-	-	125	-	-
Smith	-	ditto	-	172	10	-	Edwards	- ditto	-	-	100	-	-
Moorcock, Messenger	-	-	-	100	-	-	Wright	- ditto	-	-	125	-	-
Smith, Chief Clerk	-	-	-	775	-	-	Sutherin	- ditto	-	-	80	-	-
Penn	-	Clerk	-	331	5	-	Hanslow	- ditto	-	-	50	-	-
Ross	-	ditto	-	225	-	-	Hotchkiss	- Country Usher	-	-	80	-	-
Watts	-	ditto	-	287	10	-	Inskip	- ditto	-	-	44	3	6
Croly	-	ditto	-	275	-	-	Hancock	- ditto	-	-	80	-	-
Lamb	-	ditto	-	175	-	-	Dann	- ditto	-	-	40	-	-
Hayes	-	ditto	-	140	-	-	Rawlinson	- ditto	-	-	80	-	-
Smith, W. ditto	-	-	-	25	5	6	France	- ditto	-	-	80	-	-
Master's Office.							Bolland	- ditto	-	-	80	-	-
Lucas	-	Taxing Master	-	475	10	10	Senior	- ditto	-	-	80	-	-
Higgins	-	- ditto	-	1,328	5	8	Williamson	- ditto	-	-	80	-	-
Hester	-	Assistant Taxing Master	-	900	-	-	Norman	- ditto	-	-	80	-	-
Ireland	-	Clerk	-	375	-	-	Clements	- ditto	-	-	40	-	-
Denton	-	ditto	-	331	5	-	Officers of the Insolvent Debtors Court.						
Wrensted	-	ditto	-	287	10	-	Sturgis	- Provisional Assignee	-	-	100	-	-
Ireland, E. J.	-	ditto	-	177	16	-	Lamb	- Clerk	-	-	850	-	-
Official Assignees.							Ingpen	- ditto	-	-	437	10	-
Cannan, London Official Assignee	-	-	-	1,200	-	-	Warren	- ditto	-	-	340	-	-
Bell	-	ditto	-	469	11	3	Notson	- ditto	-	-	205	-	-
Graham	-	ditto	-	1,200	-	-	Burden	- ditto	-	-	125	-	-
Edwards	-	ditto	-	1,500	-	-	Hurley	- Messenger	-	-	100	-	-
Stansfeld	-	ditto	-	1,500	-	-	Humphris	- ditto	-	-	100	-	-
Sturgis	-	ditto	-	1,200	-	-	Lambert	- Housekeeper	-	-	62	10	-
Acraman, Country Official Assignee	-	-	-	1,000	-	-	Bester	- ditto	-	-	40	-	-
Baker	-	ditto	-	470	2	2							
Carriek	-	ditto	-	1,000	-	-					£.	84,359	10 5

COMPENSATIONS.

To late Country Commissioners under 5 & 6 Vict., c. 122.				£.	s.	d.					£.	s.	d.
Lovegrove	-	-	-	12	-	-	Oxenham	-	-	-	177	-	-
Russell	-	-	-	13	-	-	Sidebottom	-	-	-	23	-	-
Hallen	-	-	-	7	-	-	Thompson	-	-	-	61	-	-
Peake	-	-	-	39	-	-	Tireman	-	-	-	176	-	-
Tanner	-	-	-	62	-	-	Addison	-	-	-	36	-	-
Bartleet	-	-	-	325	-	-	Colling	-	-	-	31	-	-
Burnside	-	-	-	169	-	-	Fiske	-	-	-	13	-	-
Crowdy	-	-	-	3	-	-	Palmer	-	-	-	31	-	-
Douglas	-	-	-	174	-	-	Spurr	-	-	-	4	-	-
Gaunt	-	-	-	68	-	-	Stevenson	-	-	-	52	-	-
Goode	-	-	-	47	-	-	Whatley	-	-	-	13	-	-
Jeffreys	-	-	-	11	-	-	Badham	-	-	-	15	-	-
Lawrence	-	-	-	597	14	9	Burmester	-	-	-	95	-	-
Littledale	-	-	-	44	-	-	Dewe	-	-	-	7	-	-
Marshall	-	-	-	357	-	-	Dobinson	-	-	-	4	-	-
Osborne	-	-	-	18	-	-	Ellison	-	-	-	28	-	-
							Eckley	-	-	-	11	-	-

COMPENSATIONS—continued.

	£.	s.	d.		£.	s.	d.
Hutton - - - - -	118	-	-	Humphreys - - - - -	61	-	-
Maddy - - - - -	409	-	-	Eddison - - - - -	47	-	-
Marrie - - - - -	18	-	-	Horsford - - - - -	14	-	-
Stansfeld - - - - -	283	-	-	Smith - - - - -	5	-	-
Deane - - - - -	141	-	-	Ellis - - - - -	11	-	-
Fawcett - - - - -	44	-	-	Cooper - - - - -	7	-	-
Furner - - - - -	20	-	-	Griffith - - - - -	6	-	-
Palmer - - - - -	50	-	-	Nloser - - - - -	8	-	-
Stansfeld - - - - -	57	-	-	Pinchard - - - - -	14	-	-
Trafford - - - - -	483	-	-	Roberts - - - - -	4	-	-
Wasney - - - - -	249	-	-	Rowland - - - - -	7	-	-
Wright - - - - -	11	-	-	Fletcher - - - - -	42	-	-
Allen - - - - -	86	-	-	Pearman - - - - -	11	-	-
Croft - - - - -	29	-	-	Patterson - - - - -	19	-	-
Fearnley - - - - -	133	-	-	Godfrey - - - - -	5	-	-
Milne - - - - -	149	-	-	Stone - - - - -	24	16	5
Addison - - - - -	109	-	-	Bayly - - - - -	27	-	-
Bohun - - - - -	10	-	-	Clarke - - - - -	18	18	5
Bowles - - - - -	30	-	-	Greetham - - - - -	34	-	-
Deacon - - - - -	18	-	-	Blandy - - - - -	10	-	-
Ingham - - - - -	41	-	-	Trafford - - - - -	101	17	10
Palmer - - - - -	14	-	-	Unthank - - - - -	6	-	-
Stone - - - - -	32	-	-				
Haworth - - - - -	25	-	-	Under 1 & 2 Will. 4, c. 56.			
Holmes - - - - -	10	-	-	Thurlow, Patentes of Bankrupts - - -	7,352	14	6
Merrifield - - - - -	80	-	-	Learmouth, Lord Chancellor's Messenger -	200	-	-
Ryland - - - - -	94	-	-				
Bloome - - - - -	89	-	-		14,796	5	11
Elsley - - - - -	31	-	-				
Hare - - - - -	36	-	-	Retiring Annuities.			
Cooper - - - - -	51	-	-	Evans, London Commissioner - - -	1,000	-	-
Sparling - - - - -	8	-	-	Skirrow, Country ditto - - -	1,000	-	-
Radford - - - - -	8	-	-	Stephen - ditto - - -	1,000	-	-
Jacomb - - - - -	81	-	-	Whitehead, Chief Registrar - - -	598	10	10
Wedgwood - - - - -	160	-	-	Parry, - Registrar - - -	666	13	4
Pitcher - - - - -	16	-	-	Pollock - ditto - - -	666	13	4
Schomberg - - - - -	61	-	-	Vizard - ditto - - -	800	-	-
Maybery - - - - -	21	-	-	Carew - ditto - - -	666	13	4
Gregson - - - - -	36	-	-	Orme - ditto - - -	666	13	4
Leapingwell - - - - -	47	-	-	Simons - ditto - - -	666	13	4
Foquett - - - - -	20	-	-	Waterfield - ditto - - -	31	2	8
Lockyer - - - - -	37	-	-	Wilmot - ditto - - -	228	1	4
Greene - - - - -	12	-	-	Bell, Official Assignee - - -	486	19	1
Berridge - - - - -	21	-	-	Pennell - ditto - - -	800	-	-
Bradley - - - - -	14	-	-	Whitmore - ditto - - -	800	-	-
Bloxsome - - - - -	13	-	-	Hernaman - ditto - - -	166	13	4
Tyrrell - - - - -	188	-	-	Hirtzel - ditto - - -	297	2	-
Winter - - - - -	5	-	-	Hope - ditto - - -	666	13	4
Carlyon - - - - -	12	-	-	Fraser - ditto - - -	637	13	7
Earnshaw - - - - -	74	-	-	Baker - ditto - - -	353	8	6
Falconer - - - - -	15	-	-	Roby - Clerk - - -	3	13	1
Gell - - - - -	4	-	-	Bullivant - Usher - - -	133	6	8
Payne - - - - -	159	4	-	Crocker - ditto - - -	133	6	8
Evans - - - - -	64	-	-				
Cooper - - - - -	10	-	-		£.	12,469	17 9

EXPENSES.

	£.	s.	d.		£.	s.	d.
London Courts and Offices.				Courts and Buildings :			
Chief Registrar's Office, Basinghall-street :				Rates and taxes - - - - -	344	8	11
Whitehead, Counsel, opinion - - -	10	-	-	Stevens, law booksellers - - -	13	17	6
Wood & Son, stationery, &c. - - -	372	19	8	Williams & Son, stationery - - -	49	1	1
Butler & Young, accountants, for assistance in returns.	71	3	9	Eyre & Spottiswoode, printing - -	34	11	4
Denton - ditto - ditto - - -	10	-	-	Hooton, fuel - - - - -	16	-	-
Kibble, petty expenses and postages -	63	2	2	Buccleugh, petty expenses - - -	6	1	6
Lamb, assistance in prison visitation	35	11	9	Thwaites, repairing and winding clocks	8	12	6
Chief Registrar's Office, Chancery-lane :				Collar, gas work - - - - -	109	3	5
Sackett & Ruscoe, stationery - - -	199	9	2	Palmer, carpets, &c. - - -	190	2	3
Ross, postages and petty expenses -	6	15	3	Reynell, gazettes - - - - -	6	16	4
Accountant's Office :				Harvey, coals - - - - -	77	14	-
Clarke, R., petty expenses and postages	52	15	6	Bayley, stoves - - - - -	49	5	9
Bruce & Ford, stationery books, &c.	265	14	3	Johnson & Wright, care of library -	50	-	-
Master's Office :				Bouchard, painting and glazing -	36	16	-
Austin & Fisher, stationery, &c. - -	31	5	11	Harting, plumbing - - - - -	15	13	6
Cross & Son, engraving - - -	1	17	6	Insurance - - - - -	33	15	-
				Insolvent Debtors' Court :			
				Lamb, postages and petty expenses -	28	-	-
					£.	2,190	14 -

EXPENSES—continued.

District Courts.		£.	s.	d.	Solicitors for Pauper Prisoners—cont ^d .		£.	s.	d.
Birmingham	- - - - -	667	5	3	Thompson, Country	- - - - -	62	-	-
Bristol	- - - - -	443	14	4	Wilkes	" - - - - -	42	-	-
Exeter	- - - - -	236	12	8	Mason	" - - - - -	369	4	6
Leeds	- - - - -	462	19	4	Morgan	" - - - - -	94	-	-
Liverpool	- - - - -	529	5	4	Brittan	" - - - - -	180	4	5
Manchester	- - - - -	438	13	10	Gardner	" - - - - -	509	11	1
Newcastle	- - - - -	481	18	3	Leech	" - - - - -	92	4	-
	£.	3,260	9	-	Litchfield	" - - - - -	154	-	-
Travelling Expenses—District Courts.					Maples	" - - - - -	98	19	9
Birmingham	- - - - -	718	-	6	Sandys	" - - - - -	431	5	7
Exeter	- - - - -	187	18	-	Hoyle	" - - - - -	81	-	-
Leeds	- - - - -	1,911	6	8	Parry	" - - - - -	3	-	-
	£.	2,767	5	2	Underhill	" - - - - -	4	-	-
Alterations of Courts and Offices.					Kilby	" - - - - -	213	19	7
Abraham, Architect	- - - - -	231	-	-	Atkinson	" - - - - -	93	11	8
Myers & Son, Contractors	- - - - -	2,185	16	10	Roberts	" - - - - -	35	-	-
Lawrence ditto	- - - - -	98	-	-	Ensor	" - - - - -	143	-	-
Ellis, Upholsterer	- - - - -	627	9	-		£.	4,897	14	4
Brodie, Clerk of Works	- - - - -	80	4	6	Cost of Prosecutions.				
Hall ditto	- - - - -	37	16	-	G. Holmes, Bankrupt	- - - - -	27	14	8
	£.	3,260	6	4	T. King	" - - - - -	34	9	-
Allowances.					C. H. Hurst	" - - - - -	237	2	5
Buccleugh, Rent	- - - - -	100	-	-	Manser	" - - - - -	38	17	9
Ditto for Porter's wages	- - - - -	136	10	-	J. Cross	" - - - - -	69	9	9
Sims, Housekeeper, Wages of Servants, &c.	- - - - -	155	8	4		£.	407	13	7
Lambert ditto ditto	- - - - -	112	18	-	County Courts.				
Bester ditto ditto	- - - - -	23	4	-	Fees to County Court Registrars	- - - - -	5,247	8	-
Bowman, Laundress, Wages, &c.	- - - - -	48	-	9	Ditto ditto High Bailiffs	- - - - -	613	15	4
	£	576	1	1	Fees to Gaolers.				
Sundries.					Queen's Prison	- - - - -	7	13	-
Aldridge & Bromley, Law Costs, &c.	- - - - -	500	-	-	Keene, Horsemonger-lane	- - - - -	73	16	-
Harding, Accountant, re Johnson	- - - - -	168	5	3	Constable, Whitecross-street	- - - - -	307	16	6
Ditto ditto re Bell	- - - - -	50	13	3	Williamson, Worcester	- - - - -	1	1	-
James, Solicitor's Charges	- - - - -	20	1	2	Woods, Cardiff	- - - - -	12	12	-
	£.	738	19	8	Lane, Manchester	- - - - -	-	5	6
Bank Remuneration					Sheriff, Aylesbury	- - - - -	-	12	-
	£.	1,594	17	1	Noble, York	- - - - -	1	19	-
Solicitors for Pauper Prisoners.					Ogilvie, Oxford	- - - - -	6	15	-
Aldridge, London	- - - - -	1,643	18	7	Anderson, Warwick	- - - - -	16	9	4
Ross Country	- - - - -	22	-	-		£.	428	19	4
Ebworth	" - - - - -	16	-	-	Expenses of Registrars visiting Gaols				
Massey	" - - - - -	84	-	-	Paymaster General, amount of Compensation	- - - - -	1,172	19	10
Reed	" - - - - -	41	-	-	unclaimed for the years 1862-3 and 1863-4.	- - - - -	1,928	14	2
Haigh	" - - - - -	71	15	2	Fees returned to Bankrupts' Estates having been paid in error.				
Haxby	" - - - - -	28	-	-	Acraman, re	- - - - -	35	7	8
Knight	" - - - - -	124	-	-	Whitmore, re	- - - - -	102	14	7
Swan	" - - - - -	6	-	-	Edwards, re	- - - - -	49	13	11
Stening	" - - - - -	12	-	-		£.	187	16	2
Simpson	" - - - - -	95	19	-	Investments in Consols to the credit of the Chief Registrar's Account.				
Bishop	" - - - - -	6	-	-			25,000	-	-
Becke	" - - - - -	10	-	-					
Mould	" - - - - -	180	1	-					

Note.—In consequence of several deaths and retirements, and also of the revocation of the appointments of the solicitors for pauper cases in the country, the charge on the Chief Registrar's Account has recently been considerably reduced, and at the date of this return (7th February 1865) the salaries, compensations, and retiring annuities amount to 106,149 l. 12 s. 7 d.; viz., Salaries, 74,100 l.; Compensations, 14,796 l. 5 s. 11 d.; and Retiring Annuities, 17,253 l. 12 s. 7 d. The salaries of the messengers (6,000 l. per annum) are deducted by them out of their fees, the balance being paid over to the Chief Registrar's Account.

7 February 1865.

J. F. Miller, Chief Registrar.

COURT OF BANKRUPTCY.

GENERAL RETURN by the Chief Registrar of the Court, for the Year ending 11 October 1864.

(Presented pursuant to Sect. 67 of "The Bankruptcy Act, 1861," 24 & 25 Vict. c. 134.)

*Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
13 February 1865.*

28.

Under 2 ox.

BANKRUPTCY.

**RETURN to an Order of the Honourable The House of Commons,
dated 3 April 1865 ;—for,**

**“ RETURNS from the COURT of BANKRUPTCY in *London*, and from the several
DISTRICT COURTS of BANKRUPTCY, from the 11th day of April 1864, to the 11th
day of April 1865, of the Number of Bankruptcies—**

**In which Creditors have resolved to Suspend, and otherwise Change the Pro-
ceedings from Bankruptcy to Arrangements under Deed, Composition, or
otherwise, and Number of Bankruptcies Annulled under such Resolutions ;**

In which Creditors' Assignees have been required to give and have given Security ;

**In which Managers have been appointed to act under the Inspection of the
Creditors' Assignees, or of a Committee of Creditors ;**

**In which Bankrupts' Estates have sustained Losses by the Failure or Defalcation
of the Creditors' Assignees, the Number of Creditors' Assignees who have been
Debited with £.20 per Centum Interest under the 175th section of ' The Bank-
ruptcy Act, 1861,' with the Names of the Bankrupts, the Dates of the Bank-
ruptcies, and when such Creditors' Assignees were so respectively Debited, and
the respective Amounts : ”**

**“ And, of the Number of Orders made by each Commissioner for the sale of Bankrupts'
Effects before the day appointed for the choice of Assignees, distinguishing the
Number of Sales by Public Auction from Sales by Private Contract ; such Returns
to be verified by the respective Registrars (in continuation of Parliamentary Paper,
No. 488, of Session 1864). ”**

(*Mr. Murray.*)

***Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
26 May 1865.***

RETURN from the COURT of BANKRUPTCY in *London*, and from the several DISTRICT COURTS Bankruptcies in which Creditors have resolved to Suspend and otherwise Change the Proceedings from under such Resolutions; the Number in which Creditors' Assignees have been required to give and have Creditors' Assignees, or of a Committee of Creditors; the Number in which Bankrupts' Estates have who have been debited with 20*L.* per Centum Interest under the 175th section of "The Bankruptcy Act, were so respectively debited, and the respective Amounts; and the Number of Orders made by each distinguishing the Number of Sales by Public Auction from Sales by Private Contract, such Returns

DISTRICTS.	Commissioner	Number of Bankruptcies in which Creditors have Resolved to Suspend and otherwise Change the Proceedings from Bankruptcy to Arrangement under Deed, Composition, or otherwise.	Number of Bankruptcies Annulled under such Resolutions.	Number in which Creditors' Assignees have been required to give and have given Security.	Number in which Managers have been Appointed to act under the Inspection of the Creditors' Assignees, or of a Committee of Creditors.
LONDON -	Fonblanque -	43	11	nil -	5
	Fane -				
	Holroyd -	32	12	nil -	12
	Goulburn -	24	6	nil -	10
BIRMINGHAM -	Sanders -	26	nil -	nil -	4
BRISTOL -	Hill -	11	nil -	nil -	3
EXETER -	Andrews -	2	1	nil -	1
LEEDS -	West -	17	4	nil -	nil -
	Ayrton -	7	3	nil -	nil -
LIVERPOOL -	Perry -	13	4	nil -	19
MANCHESTER -	Jemmett -	16	2	nil -	3
NEWCASTLE -	Abrahall -	5	3	nil -	14
TOTAL -		194	46	nil -	64

of BANKRUPTCY, from the 11th day of April 1864 to the 11th day of April 1865, of the Number of Bankruptcy to Arrangement by Deed, Composition, or otherwise; the Number of Bankruptcies Annulled given Security; the Number in which Managers have been Appointed to Act under the Inspection of the sustained Loss by the Failure or Defalcation of Creditors' Assignees; the Number of Creditors' Assignees 1861," with the Names of the Bankrupts, the Dates of the Bankruptcies, and when such Creditors' Assignees Commissioner for the Sale of Bankrupts' Effects before the Day appointed for the choice of Assignees, being verified by the respective Registrars.

Number in which Bankrupts' Estates have sustained Losses by the Failure or Defalcation of the Creditors' Assignee.	Number of Creditors' Assignees who have been debited with 20 l. per Centum Interest under the 175th Section of "The Bankruptcy Act, 1861," with the Names of the Bankrupts, the Dates of the Bankruptcies, and when such Creditors' Assignees were so respectively debited, and the respective Amounts.	Number of Orders made by each Commissioner for the Sale of Bankrupts' Effects before the Day appointed for the choice of Assignees; Number of Sales by Public Auction; Sales by Private Contract; Returns to be verified by the respective Registrars.			Return Verified by
		Number of Sales.	By Public Auction.	By Private Contract.	
- - nil - -	- - nil - -	77	39	38	Including cases in the late Commissioner Fane's Court, from 11th April to 4th October 1864, and in Mr. Commissioner Fonblanque's Court from 5th October 1864 to 11th April 1865. <i>H. P. Roche</i> , Registrar.
2 One assignee is alleged to have absconded, and the other has been adjudicated bankrupt, but no accounts have yet been taken - -	- - nil - -	51	10	41	
- - nil - -	- - nil - -	138	48	90	<i>W. Hawlett</i> , Registrar.
1	1 In re H. B. Perry, adjudicated 3d January 1863; the assignee, E. J. Ridgway, was on the 28th October 1864 debited with the sum of 16 l. 2 s. 6 d. -	55	45	10	<i>O. D. Tudor</i> and <i>Alfred Hill</i> , Registrars.
- - nil - -	- - nil - -	42	At the discretion of the official assignee.		<i>Montague Wilde</i> , Registrar.
- - nil - -	- - nil - -	2	1	1	<i>John D. King</i> , Registrar.
- - nil - -	- - nil - -	90	At the discretion of the official assignee.		<i>P. R. Welch</i> , Registrar.
- - nil - -	1 Re J. P. Ackroyd, adjudicated 30th March 1864; the assignee was on the 29th November 1864 debited with the sum of 2 l. 7 s. 10 d., being 10 per cent. -	16	At the discretion of the official assignee.		<i>James Stephen</i> , Registrar.
- - nil - -	- - nil - -	74	38	36	<i>J. Thring</i> and <i>J. Yate Lee</i> , Registrars.
- - nil - -	- - nil - -	81	78	3	<i>George Harris</i> , Registrar.
- - nil - -	- - nil - -	8	8	- nil -	<i>Wm. Sidney Gibson</i> , Registrar.
3	2	634	267	219	

BANKRUPTCY.

R E T U R N

RELATING TO THE

COURTS OF BANKRUPTCY.

(*Mr. Murray.*)

*Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
26 May 1865.*

318.

Under 1 oz.

B A N K R U P T C Y.

RETURN to an Order of the Honourable The House of Commons,
dated 6 April 1865 ;—for,

RETURNS “from the CHIEF REGISTRAR of the COURT of BANKRUPTCY, showing the Result of the Investigation into the BOOKS and ACCOUNTS of the OFFICIAL ASSIGNEES of the several COURTS of BANKRUPTCY in *London*, and in the Country Districts, made in pursuance of Directions by the Lord Chancellor, contained in a Letter from the Chief Registrar, dated the 22d day of March 1864, addressed to Mr. Commissioner Ayrton, and also in pursuance of the Orders of the Lord Chancellor, dated the 20th day of May and the 25th day of November 1864; viz.—

1. The Amount of Surplus Fees shown by the Half-yearly Returns of Official Assignees, made pursuant to Section 31 of Bankruptcy Act, 1861, for the Six Half-years ending the 11th day of October 1864, distinguishing each Half-year;
2. Amounts reported to the Lord Chancellor to have been received, but not included in such Returns;
3. The Allowances made to each Official Assignee according to such Reports, for Work done prior to the 11th day of October 1861;
4. The Amount which each Official Assignee should, as reported, have paid over to the Chief Registrar's Account, beyond the Surplus stated in their respective Returns, distinguishing each Half-year;
5. Amount paid over by each Official Assignee up to the Date of this Return;
6. Amount still outstanding;
7. Amount reported to the Lord Chancellor of Balances in hands of Official Assignees not included in Quarterly Returns of Balances held; and,
8. Amount reported to the Lord Chancellor to have been charged to Estates by the Official Assignees without Authority of the Court, and which ought to be re-credited to the several Estates until dealt with by the Court: ”

“And, showing the Result of a like Investigation, in pursuance of the Orders and Letter aforesaid, into the Accounts of the several Messengers of the Court for the same Period; viz.—

1. Amount of Surplus Fees shown by the Accounts of the several Messengers for the Three Years ending the 11th day of October 1864, distinguishing each Year;
2. Amounts reported to Lord Chancellor to have been received by each Messenger, but not included in such Accounts;
3. Amounts charged by each Messenger in such Accounts for Allowances and Disbursements under Section 32 of Bankruptcy Act, 1861;
4. The Allowances made to them in such Report for Work done and Payments actually made;
5. Net Balances which each Messenger should, as reported, have paid over to the Chief Registrar's Account, beyond the Amount stated in his Account, distinguishing each Year;
6. Amounts paid over by the respective Messengers to the Date of this Return; and,
7. Amount still outstanding.

(Such Returns to be in Tabular Form.) ”

(*Mr. Murray.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
26 June 1865.

RETURN by the **CHIEF REGISTRAR** of the **COURT OF BANKRUPTCY**, showing the Result of the Investigation into the Districts, made in pursuance of Directions by the Lord Chancellor, contained in a Letter from the Chief Registrar, Lord Chancellor, dated the 20th day of May and the 25th day of November 1864; viz. :—1. The Amount of 1861, for the Six Half-years ending the 11th day of October 1864, distinguishing each Half-year;—2. Amounts each Official Assignee, according to such Reports, for Work done prior to the 11th day of October 1861;—4. The Surplus stated in their respective Returns, distinguishing each Half-year;—5. Amount paid over by each Official Chancellor of Balances in hands of Official Assignees not included in Quarterly Returns of Balances held; and,—of the Court, and which ought to be re-credited to the several Estates until dealt with by the Court.

DISTRICT AND NAME.		1. Amount of Surplus shown by the Half-yearly Returns of Official Assignees, made pursuant to Section 32 of Bankruptcy Act, 1861, from the Six Half-years ending 11th October 1864.							The Amounts reported to the Lord Assignees but not included		
		11 April 1862.	11 October 1862.	11 April 1863.	11 October 1863.	11 April 1864.	11 October 1864.	TOTAL.	11 April 1862.	11 October 1862.	11 April 1863.
		£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
LONDON (a)	Cannan - -	269 12 2	755 9 3	1,800 10 7	1,062 3 4	1,577 2 7	2,148 2 1	7,103 - -]	329 1 -	858 8 8	506 1 6
	Edwards - -	(b)	365 18 1	837 4 -	809 19 4	901 18 11	1,027 10 3	3,942 10 7	104 15 8	358 9 9	211 15 6
	Graham - -	39 2 11	839 9 8	981 9 9	568 12 4	990 - 7	688 2 10]	4,006 18 1	154 12 11	391 8 11	362 6 3
	Stansfeld - -	76 4 6	534 2 2	972 5 7	880 8 1	932 3 3	375 2 3]	3,770 5 10	110 - 4	907 13 9	122 7 10
BIRMINGHAM	Harris - -	14 10 8	63 3 2	84 19 8	118 9 3	443 11 2]	(b)	723 13 11	377 12 7	253 10 9	419 11 2
	Kinnear - -	(b)	(b)	(b)	641 4 8	466 8 9]	728 1 4	1,835 14 9	177 4 9	229 18 1	220 15 10
	Whitmore - -	(b)	(b)	26 1 10	388 9 9	748 15 7]	153 2 6	1,311 9 8	252 15 10	434 7 4	78 19 2
BRISTOL	Acraman - -	(b)	263 - 1	173 14 1	172 10 8	- - -]	77 15 6	687 - 4	14 9 5	26 13 8	118 1 4
	Miller - -	(b)	98 - -	388 8 7	168 2 10	94 6 1	107 2 2]	774 19 8	5 4 10	2 2 -	261 6 9
EXETER	Hirtzel - -	59 9 5	295 15 9	195 4 6	304 1 8	69 7 4]	- - -	923 18 8	1 3 6	(b)	(b)
	Parkyns - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	[145 19 6	576 7 4	722 6 10	- - -	- - -	- - -
LEEDS	Carrick - -	(b)	118 4 10	325 9 11	796 8 10]	545 10 8	321 - 10	2,006 15 1	364 10 8	399 2 10	305 7 4
	Young - -	21 6 3	542 5 1	680 19 -	571 9 7]	1,371 18 10	1,479 3 10	4,667 2 7	301 9 6	391 4 5	334 14 9
LIVERPOOL	Bird - - -	(b)	9 16 10]	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	9 16 10	12 15 5	249 2 4]	Died -
	Morgan - -	(b)	(b)	14 5 9	241 13 5	357 13 1]	519 11 -	1,133 3 3	71 7 10	333 5 9	19 13 9
	Turner - -	(b)	49 6 9	362 - 6	358 2 3	419 19 10]	410 11 -	1,600 - 4	100 10 9	141 5 3	96 19 11
MANCHESTER	Fraser - -	(b)	(b)	200 14 -	137 5 7]	- - -	- - -	337 19 7	196 17 8	9 18 8	88 16 2
	Hernaman - -	(b)	- 4 6	36 5 4	562 9 9	613 11 -]	- - -	1,212 10 7	161 9 11	47 16 10	13 16 10
	Pott - - -	(b)	20 1 4	74 7 6	179 13 7	449 7 10	533 4 9]	1,257 5 -	(b)	120 5 5	82 1 11
NEWCASTLE (c)	Baker - - -	210 19 1	53 4 1	45 17 11	203 12 11	194 4 11	Resigned -	707 18 11	(c)	- - -	- - -
	Laidman - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	[21 - 7	20 2 4	50 2 11	- - -	- - -	- - -
£.		691 5 -	3,963 1 7	6,653 18 6	8,134 17 10	10,337 - 6	9,074 - -	38,874 13 5	2,736 2 2	4,327 14 -	3,242 16 4

(a) In October 1864 Mr. Cannan paid over 1,300*l.* beyond his actual surplus, stating it to be in respect of remunerations under bankruptcies of retired Official Assignees, and for

(b) In each of these cases a deficiency was claimed.

(c) Mr. Baker is reported to have paid over 250*l.* 15*s.* 3*d.* in excess.

22 June 1865.

BOOKS and ACCOUNTS of the OFFICIAL ASSIGNEES of the several COURTS of BANKRUPTCY in *London*, and in the Country dated the 22d day of March 1864, addressed to Mr. Commissioner Ayrton, and also in pursuance of the Orders of the Surplus Fees shown by the Half-yearly Returns of Official Assignees made pursuant to Section 31 of Bankruptcy Act, reported to the Lord Chancellor to have been received, but not included in such Returns;—3. The Allowances made to Amount which each Official Assignee should, as reported, have paid over to the Chief Registrar's Account beyond the Assignee in respect of Surplus Fees, and of Report;—6. Amount still outstanding;—7. Amount reported to the Lord 8. Amount reported to the Lord Chancellor to have been charged to Estates by the Official Assignees without Authority

2. Chancellor to have been Received by the Official in their Returns.				3. Amount Paid over in pursuance of Reports.	4. Amount still Outstanding.	5. Amount Paid over by each Official Assignee in respect of Surplus Fees, and of Report.	6. Amounts reported to the Lord Chancellor to have been Received but not included in such Returns.	7. Allowances made to each Official Assignee according to such Reports, for Work done prior to 11 October 1861.	8. Amount reported to the Lord Chancellor of Balances in hands of Official Assignees, not included in Quarterly Returns of Balances held.	9. Amount reported to the Lord Chancellor to have been charged to Estates by the Official Assignees without Authority of the Court, and which ought to be re-credited to the several Estates until dealt with by the Court.
11 October 1863.	11 April 1864.	11 October 1864.	TOTAL.							
£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
387 10 4	223 5 -	- - -	906 7 2	906 7 2	- - -	8,101 7 2	2,557 1 6	811 4 9	- - -	1,000 6 -
147 15 6	517 - 7	37 13 5	1,372 9 11	- - -	1,372 9 11	3,948 10 7	1,372 9 11	1,168 12 7	- - -	- - -
77 12 5	311 7 -	306 - 5]	1,063 7 11	- - -	1,063 7 11	4,806 18 1	448 11 6	806 2 5	95 - -	483 19 -
178 7 5	174 1 6	68 7 6]	860 18 4	669 18 3	191 5 1	4,420 19 1	735 2 9	649 - 6	- - -	192 4 1
663 2 11	80 12 9]	- - -	1,803 11 2	1,803 11 2	- - -	2,527 5 1	2,078 7 2	365 12 8	- - -	- - -
104 - 3	10 - -]	- - -	734 18 11	734 18 11	- - -	2,670 18 8	1,367 19 8	1,146 - 10	- - -	- - -
79 15 3	- - -]	Retired -	845 17 7	845 17 11	- - -	2,157 7 3	2,000 6 -	1,247 - 2	924 15 11 Cash 2,817 8 5 Consols	- - -
44 - 3	9 - -]	- - -	312 4 8	312 4 8	- - -	800 5 -	46 15 1	309 19 10		246 17 -
80 2 7	37 18 8	62 3 8]	448 19 6	448 19 6	- - -	1,223 19 2	43 11 2	372 5 11	- - -	294 15 10
- 5 -	20 18 11]	Retired -	23 7 5	23 7 5	- - -	946 6 1	45 3 2	23 15 9	- - -	- - -
- - -	- - -]	- - -	Reported cor- rect.	- - -	- - -	722 6 10	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
256 12 4]	- - -	- - -	1,515 14 2	1,515 14 2	- - -	3,222 9 3	465 10 10	- - -	- - -	- - -
176 12 1]	- - -	- - -	1,304 1 9	1,304 1 9	- - -	5,871 4 4	685 6 5	100 - -	- - -	- - -
- - -	- - -	- - -	261 17 9	261 17 9	- - -	271 14 7	509 14 10	247 17 1	- - -	30 15 10
7 9 10	37 12 3]	- - -	469 8 8	408 14 11	60 18 6	1,541 18 2	729 12 2	274 16 6	295 19 2	121 19 6
38 12 7	15 10 3]	- - -	406 19 9	- - -	406 19 9	1,000 - 4	676 18 10	269 19 1	- - -	- - -
94 8 1]	Retired -	- - -	390 - 7	390 - 7	- - -	728 - 2	527 16 -	278 - 3	15 8 2	- - -
20 2 3	40 4 -]	Retired -	283 10 10	283 10 10	- - -	1,426 1 5	620 11 10	244 6 3	- - -	- - -
177 12 10	50 17 10	151 19 5]	582 18 5	528 18 5	- - -	1,240 2 5	761 17 1	118 18 8	- - -	- - -
- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	707 18 11	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
- - -	- - -	- - -	Reported cor- rect.	- - -	- - -	50 2 11	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
2,658 7 11	1,537 8 9	686 4 5	12,877 14 2	10,122 18 1	2,604 16 2	40,087 11 6	15,608 15 11	2,199 14 2	1,221 2 2	2,420 17 2

which credit was given him in the Report of Commissioner Ayrton and Mr. Harding.

£. 2,817 8 5 Stock.

John F. Miller, Chief Registrar.

A RETURN by the CHIEF REGISTRAR of the COURT of BANKRUPTCY, showing the Result of the Investigation the Country Districts, made in pursuance of Directions by the Lord Chancellor, contained in a Letter from the Orders of the Lord Chancellor, dated the 20th day of May and the 25th day of November 1864, viz. :—Amount October 1864, distinguishing each Year;—Amounts reported to Lord Chancellor to have been received by Allowances and Disbursements, under Section 32 of Bankruptcy Act, 1861;—The Allowances made to them reported, have paid over to the Chief Registrar's Account beyond the Amount stated in his Account, distinguishing—Amount still outstanding.

DISTRICT AND NAME.		1. Amount of Surplus Fees shown by the Accounts of the several Messengers, for the Three Years ending 11th October 1864.				Net Balances which each have paid Chief Registrar's Account beyond	
		To 11th October 1862.	To 11th October 1863.	To 11th October 1864.	TOTAL.	To 11th October 1862.	To 11th October 1863.
		£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
LONDON - -	Austen - -	372 2 5	1,018 10 4	1,193 16 -	2,584 8 9	3 19 2	10 10 -
	Cooper - -	358 5 -	813 19 8	449 16 -	1,622 - 8	(d) -	79 13 -
	Hamber - -	275 19 10	1,155 10 2	1,872 13 1	3,304 3 1	- -	- -
	Stubbs - -	458 18 5	1,314 9 1	1,275 2 -	3,048 9 6	- -	- -
BIRMINGHAM - -	Badham - -	224 15 8	658 - 5]	456 7 10	1,339 3 11	69 9 2	117 10 10]
	Bodill - -	(a) -	387 6 5]	680 11 9	1,067 18 2	284 7 3	287 13 -]
BRISTOL - -	Crocker - -	73 9 8	(a) -	58 5 7	131 15 3	75 13 5	104 15 4
	Turner - -	Resigned, and cannot be found.			—	—	—
	Inskipp - -	- -	- -	[301 11 10]	301 11 10	- -	- -
EXETER - -	Bullivant - -	22 6 2	132 3 6	275 18 7	430 8 3	13 7 11	10 8 -
	Dann - -	- -	- -	17 10 9	17 10 9	- -	- -
LEEDS - -	Needell - -	165 12 8	157 14 6	683 9 6	1,006 16 8	856 17 11	811 17 2
	Templer - -	180 14 10	214 9 6	455 6 5	850 10 9	729 14 7	693 17 8
LIVERPOOL - -	Blundell - -	121 15 7	129 8 4	208 2 9]	459 6 8	(d) -	256 1 9
	Harber - -	108 4 9	150 18 11	280 3 9	539 7 5	208 15 2	123 19 8
MANCHESTER - -	Millar - -	418 15 3	1,246 - 11	1,035 5 5	2,700 1 7	333 9 2	405 13 6
NEWCASTLE - -	Reeves - -	(a) -	(a) -	199 9 10	199 9 10	429 13 8	(d) -
£.		2,781 - 3	7,378 11 9	9,442 11 1	19,603 3 1	3,005 7 5	2,901 19 11

(a) In each of these cases a deficiency was claimed.

(b) In each of these instances fees were entered in excess.

22 June 1865.

into the BOOKS and ACCOUNTS of the MESSENGERS of the several COURTS of BANKRUPTCY in *London*, and in Chief Registrar, dated the 22d March 1864, addressed to Mr. Commissioner *Ayrton*, and also in pursuance of the of Surplus Fees shown by the Accounts of the several Messengers, for the Three Years ending the 11th day of each Messenger, but not included in such Accounts;—Amounts charged by each Messenger in such Accounts for in such Report for Work done and Payments actually made;—Net Balances which each Messenger should, as guishing each Year;—Amounts paid over by the respective Messengers in respect of Surplus Fees and of Report;

2. Messenger should, as reported, over to the Amount stated in his Account.		3. Amounts reported to Lord Chancellor to have been received by Messengers, but not included in such Accounts.	4. Amounts charged by the Messengers in such Accounts for Allowances and Disbursements, under Section 32 of Bankruptcy Act, 1861.	5. The Allowances made to them in such Reports for Work done and Payments actually made.	6. Amount paid over in pursuance of Report.	7. Amount still outstanding.	8. Amounts paid over by Messengers in respect of Surplus Fees and of Report.
To 11th October 1864.	TOTAL.						
£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
14 7 -	28 16 2	- (b) -	5,691 11 10	5,660 11 4	- - -	28 16 2	2,584 8 9
8 14 4	88 7 4	386 1 3	- - -	- - -	88 7 4	- - -	1,710 8 -
- - -	- (c) -	- (b) -	9,821 12 1	9,821 13 4	- - -	- - -	3,304 3 1
- - -	- (c) -	- (b) -	9,735 18 8	9,896 14 6	- - -	- - -	3,048 9 6
- - -	187 - -	16 11 4	4,307 9 7	4,137 - 11	187 - -	- - -	1,526 3 11
- - -	572 - 3	- 11 9	4,525 14 10	3,954 6 4	572 - 3	- - -	1,639 18 5
42 14 8	223 3 5	23 16 1	2,843 8 5	2,596 8 11	125 - -	98 3 5	256 15 3
- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
- - -	Reported correct	- - -	1,165 1 7	1,165 1 7	- - -	- - -	301 11 10
- (d) -	18 9 3	- (b) -	2,970 5 5	3,010 8 5	18 9 3	- - -	448 17 6
- - -	Reported correct	- - -	896 11 2	896 11 2	- - -	- - -	17 10 9
- - -	1,668 15 1	122 - 5	5,014 13 9	3,173 3 10	1,668 15 1	- - -	2,635 4 9
- - -	1,423 12 3	37 18 9	5,796 7 3	3,823 12 5	1,423 12 3	- - -	2,274 3 -
22 12 10]	278 14 7	7 6 9	3,517 6 11	3,238 16 7	278 14 7	- - -	738 1 3
117 13 6	450 8 4	210 8 7	4,006 17 7	3,766 17 10	450 8 4	- - -	989 15 9
295 7 2	1,034 9 10	26 7 10	5,659 8 8	4,624 18 10	1,034 9 10	- - -	3,734 11 5
- (d) -	288 14 3	17 7 6	4,715 3 11	4,443 17 2	- - -	288 14 3	199 9 10
501 9 6	6,262 10 9	848 10 3	70,667 11 8	64,210 3 2	5,806 9 11	415 13 10	25,409 13 10

(c) Mr. Stubbs is reported to have paid £. 289. 14. 8. in excess. Mr. Hamber £. 256. 2. 3. in excess.
(d) In each of these cases a deficiency was allowed.

John F. Miller, Chief Registrar.

BANKRUPTCY.

R E T U R N S

RELATING TO THE

COURTS OF BANKRUPTCY.

(*Mr. Murray.*)

*Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
26 June 1865.*

418.

Under 1 oz.

BANKRUPTCY.

- **RETURN** to an Order of the Honourable The House of Commons,
dated 26 May 1865 ;—*for*,

RETURN “ of the Number of **TRUST DEEDS** Registered under the Provisions of ‘ **THE BANKRUPTCY ACT, 1861,**’ showing the Number of Deeds Registered in each Year, commencing the 11th day of October 1861 to the 10th day of October 1864 inclusive, and for the Six Months ending the 10th day of April 1865 ; distinguishing in each Year the Number of Deeds Registered under Composition, the Amount of the Debts, and the Amount of Composition engaged to be paid upon said Debts, and the Number of Deeds Registered under Inspection and Assignment, and showing the Amount of unsecured Debts stated in those Deeds.”

(*Mr. Moffatt.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
5 July 1865.

RETURN "of the Number of TRUST DEEDS Registered under the Provisions of 'THE BANKRUPTCY ACT 1861,' showing the Number of Deeds Registered in each Year, commencing the 11th day of October 1861 to the 10th day of October 1864, inclusive, and for the Six Months ending the 10th day of April 1865; distinguishing in each Year the Number of Deeds Registered under Composition, the Amount of the Debts, and the Amount of Composition engaged to be Paid upon said Debts, and the Number of Deeds Registered under Inspection and Assignment, and showing the amount of Unsecured Debts stated in those Deeds."

NUMBER OF DEEDS REGISTERED from 11th October 1861 to 10th April 1865, inclusive.

Date.	Deeds of Assignment.			Composition Deeds.			Deeds of Inspectorship.					
	Number.	Gross Amount of Unsecured Debts.			Number.	Gross Amount of Unsecured Debts.			Number.	Gross Amount of Unsecured Debts.		
		£.	s.	d.		£.	s.	d.		£.	s.	d.
From 11 October 1861 to 10 October 1862	1,886	1,013,044	9	4	698	373,138	7	5	46	190,427	9	9
From 11 October 1862 to 10 October 1863	2,344	4,040,930	12	6	662	926,048	2	2	15	50,683	15	7
From 11 October 1863 to 10 October 1864	2,284	5,725,592	5	5	1,278	2,497,805	2	3	39	620,522	16	-
From 11 October 1864 to 10 April 1865	1,530	6,726,528	3	11	1,210	4,436,901	1	3	85	5,306,135	4	6
TOTAL - -	8,044	17,506,095	11	2	3,848	8,233,892	18	1	185	6,167,969	5	10

SUMMARY.

				Number of Deeds.	Amount of Debts.
					£. s. d.
Year ending 10th October 1862	-	-	-	2,630	1,576,610 6 6
Ditto - - ditto 1863	-	-	-	3,021	5,017,862 10 3
Ditto - - ditto 1864	-	-	-	3,601	8,843,920 3 8
Half-year ending 10th April 1865	-	-	-	2,825	16,469,564 9 8
TOTAL - - -	-	-	-	12,077	31,907,957 10 1

NUMBER of COMPOSITION DEEDS and RATES of COMPOSITION.

Year ending 10th October 1862.		Year ending 10th October 1863.		Year ending 10th October 1864.		Half year ending 10th April 1865.	
Number of Deeds.	Rate per pound.	Number of Deeds.	Rate per pound.	Number of Deeds.	Rate per pound.	Number of Deeds.	Rate per pound.
	s. d.		s. d.		s. d.		s. d.
1	- 6	2	- 3	1	- 1 1/2	13	- 6
24	1 -	1	- 6	1	- 3	1	- 8
1	1 3	22	1 -	1	- 4	1	- 9
4	1 6	2	1 4	9	- 6	79	1 -
1	1 7	7	1 6	1	- 8 1/2	1	1 2
30	2 -	1	1 8	1	- 9	2	1 3
58	2 6	1	1 10	65	1 -	20	1 6
33	3 -	39	2 -	3	1 3	2	1 9
3	3 4	2	2 4	23	1 6	87	2 -
8	3 6	65	2 6	1	1 8	140	2 6
35	4 -	3	2 8	1	1 9	1	2 8
1	4 4	16	3 -	1	1 11	1	2 9
5	4 6	3	3 4	73	2 -	49	3 -
160	5 -	10	3 6	1	2 2	18	3 4
1	5 6	1	3 8	1	2 3	14	3 6
32	6 -	1	3 9 1/2	1	2 4	2	3 8
1	6 2	46	4 -	152	2 6	67	4 -
6	6 6	2	4 6	2	2 8	1	4 2
29	6 8	179	5 -	1	2 10	1	4 3
9	7 -	4	5 6	1	2 10 1/2	8	4 6
39	7 6	26	6 -	1	2 11	230	5 -
17	8 -	3	6 6	50	3 -	1	5 3
5	8 6	33	6 8	1	3 3	4	5 6
8	9 -	8	7 -	17	3 4	1	5 8
95	10 -	1	7 3	15	3 6	35	6 -
5	10 6	34	7 6	91	4 -	2	6 2
4	11 -	11	8 0	1	4 2	1	6 3
2	11 6	4	8 6	1	4 3	2	6 6
12	12 -	9	9 -	10	4 6	27	6 8
18	12 6	83	10 -	314	5 -	11	7 -
3	13 -	1	10 6	5	5 6	49	7 6
1	13 4	5	11 -	50	6 -	37	8 -
1	13 6	1	11 6	1	6 4	5	8 6
5	14 -	7	12 -	4	6 6	20	9 -
1	14 6	10	12 6	46	6 8	1	9 3
16	15 -	4	13 -	16	7 -	1	9 6
2	16 -	1	13 6	51	7 6	125	10 -
1	17 6	1	14 -	35	8 -	5	10 6
21	20 -	10	15 -	1	8 3	13	11 -
		1	19 11	7	8 6	1	11 3
		2	20 -	16	9 -	2	11 6
				3	9 6	13	12 -
				119	10 -	18	12 6
				3	10 6	4	13 -
				5	11 -	3	13 4
				8	12 -	4	13 6
				7	12 6	5	14 -
				1	13 3	2	14 6
				2	13 4	19	15 -
				1	13 6	2	16 -
				3	14 -	1	17 -
				15	15 -	1	17 6
				1	18 -	1	19 11
				37	20 -	51	20 -
698		662		1,278		1,210	
						1,276	
						662	
						698	
						3,848	

TOTAL -

4 July 1865.

John F. Miller, Chief Registrar.

BANKRUPTCY.

RETURN by the CHIEF REGISTRAR of the Court of Bankruptcy of the Number of Trust Deeds Registered under the Provisions of "The Bankruptcy Act, 1861," showing the Number of Deeds Registered in each Year, commencing 11 October 1861 to 10 October 1864 inclusive, and for the Six Months ending 10 April 1865; &c.

(*Mr. Moffatt.*)

*Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
5 July 1865.*

478.

Under 1 oz.

COURT OF CHANCERY.

A RETURN from the ACCOUNTANT-GENERAL of the HIGH COURT of CHANCERY, pursuant to the 63d Section of an Act passed in the Fifth Year of Her Majesty Queen VICTORIA, intituled, "An Act to make further Provisions for the Administration of Justice," showing the State of the several Funds in his Name, called "THE SUITORS' FUND," and "THE SUITORS' FEE FUND," and the Charges upon the same respectively.

(PRESENTED PURSUANT TO ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)

*Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
28 February 1865.*

THE SUITORS' FUND for the Year commencing

										CASH.			CASH.		
										£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
To Cash paid	Accountant-General's Salary as Master	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	582	10	-			
"	Pensions to retired Masters	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,082	-	-			
"	Compensation to Chief Clerks to Masters, pursuant to Act 15 & 16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
"	Vict., c. 80	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,887	10	-			
"	Ditto to seven Junior Clerks to Masters	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,109	17	9			
													16,661	17	9
"	Salaries of eleven Assistant Clerks to Registrars	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,279	9	7			
"	Pensions to five retired Registrars	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,261	19	4			
"	Pensions to two Registrars' Clerks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	360	9	1			
"	Ditto to Registrars' Bag-bearer	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	189	8	5			
													9,091	6	5
"	Accountant-General's Salary	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	874	13	9			
"	Expenses of office, office-keeper, water-rate, stationery, &c.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	437	7	-			
"	Thirty-five Clerks' Salaries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,397	1	9			
"	Pensions to five retired Clerks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,702	3	8			
													12,411	6	2
Officers of the Lord Chancellor's Court :															
"	Courtkeeper	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	87	7	8			
"	Persons to keep order	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	233	-	-			
"	Tipstaff	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	194	7	6			
"	Clerk in Secretary's Office	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	97	3	9			
													611	18	11
Officers of the Lords Justices' Court :															
"	Secretaries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	680	-	-			
"	Ushers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	485	19	-			
"	Trainbearers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	194	7	6			
"	Persons to keep order	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	155	10	-			
													1,515	16	6
Officers of the Vice-Chancellor Kindersley's Court :															
"	Secretary	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	290	-	-			
"	Usher	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	194	7	6			
"	Trainbearer	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	97	3	9			
"	Person to keep order	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	77	15	-			
													659	6	3
Officers of the Vice-Chancellor Stuart's Court :															
"	Secretary	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	291	11	3			
"	Usher	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	194	7	6			
"	Trainbearer	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	97	3	9			
"	Persons to keep order	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	155	8	11			
													738	11	5
Officers of the Vice-Chancellor Wood's Court :															
"	Secretary	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	291	11	3			
"	Usher	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	194	7	6			
"	Trainbearer	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	97	3	9			
"	Persons to keep order	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	155	8	4			
													738	10	10
"	Assistant Junior Clerks, and one Temporary Assistant Clerk to Judges	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,428	4	11
"	Surveyor's Salary	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	116	3	4
"	Solicitor to Suitors, in lieu of costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,200	-	-			
"	Ditto - - - additional Salary for duties imposed by Act 28 & 24	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
"	Vict., c. 149	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	291	5	-			
"	Ditto - - - for Insurance Premiums, and other Disbursements	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	232	15	7			
													1,724	-	7
"	Compensation to Officers of the Court of Exchequer	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,499	12	8
"	Ditto to an Officer of the Subpœna Office, Doorkeeper, and Crier of the Court, Deputy Secretary of Decrees and Injunctions, and one Clerk of the late Clerks of Accounts' Office	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,341	-	8
"	Expenses of Courts, and of Registrars' Offices, and Report and other Offices, for arranging, indexing, and removing Records, and for rent, repairs, rates, stationery, coals, candles, gas, &c.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,708	12	-
	Total Payments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	54,241	8	5
	Surplus Interest carried over to the "Suitors' Fee Fund Account," as directed by the 15 & 16 Vict., c. 87, s. 53	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	63,768	5	2
										£.			118,009	13	7

2d October 1863, to the 1st October 1864.

	CASH.			STOCK.		
	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
By Balance on the 1st October 1863 - - - - -	16,970	5	4	4,112,382	2	5
„ Dividends received during the Year - - - - -	121,502	15	10	-	-	-
„ Cash received for Rent of Masters' Office, pursuant to Act 15 & 16 Vict., c. 80 -	520	-	-	-	-	-
„ Stock purchased with Suitors' Cash - - - - -	-	-	-	110,344	16	8
„ Cash paid in by Solicitor to Suitors on account of Costs recouped from Cause of Hay v. Barlow, as having been defrayed out of Suitors' Fund in 1859, in respect of proceedings in that Cause authorised by the Court - - - - -	21	1	8	-	-	-
<div style="position: absolute; top: 0; right: 0; width: 100%; height: 100%; border-left: 1px solid black; border-bottom: 1px solid black;"></div>						
£.	139,014	2	10	4,222,676	19	1
Total Payments and Surplus Interest carried over to the "Suitors' Fee Fund Account" - - - - -	118,009	13	7	-	-	-
Balance, 1st October 1864 - - - - - £.	21,004	9	3	4,222,676	19	1

THE SUITORS' FEE FUND ACCOUNT

	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
To Cash paid Officers of the Courts of the Lord Chancellor, Master of the Rolls, and Vice-Chancellors, pursuant to Act 15 & 16 Vict., c. 87	-	-	-	7,777	1	1
" Salaries to nine Senior Clerks to the Master of the Rolls and the Vice-Chancellors	12,634	10	6			
" Ditto to eighteen Junior Clerks to ditto	5,921	9	4			
" Salary to one Assistant Junior Clerk	52	16	6			
" Rent, &c. of Chambers	1,367	12	2			
				19,976	8	6
" Compensation to two Masters, at 725 l. per annum	876	14	-			
" Ditto to one Chief Clerk to Master	1,000	-	-			
				1,876	14	-
" Salaries to eleven Registrars	17,650	-	-			
" Allowances for writing to Registrars, under 2 & 3 Will. 4, c. 94, s. 48, and 5 Vict., c. 5, s. 63	1,125	-	-			
" Salaries to Registrars' Clerks	6,900	-	-			
" Bag Bearers to Registrars	300	-	-			
" Salaries to two Clerks of Entries	635	-	-			
				26,610	-	-
" Salary attached to the Office of Master of Reports and Entries, under Act 18 & 19 Vict., c. 134, at 1,000 l. per annum	-	-	-	750	-	-
" Salaries to two Examiners	2,000	-	-			
" Ditto to two Clerks to Examiners	740	-	-			
				3,740	-	-
Salaries, &c., under 5 & 6 Vict., c. 84, and Lunacy Regulation Acts, 1853 and 1862:						
To Cash paid two Masters in Lunacy, Salaries	3,500	-	-			
" Ditto - - - Travelling Expenses	1,048	14	6			
" Ditto - - - Expenses of Offices	288	8	4			
" Salaries to nine Clerks to Masters	3,474	6	6			
" Registrar in Lunacy, Salary	800	-	-			
" Salaries to four Clerks to Registrar	930	-	-			
" Pension to a late Master in Lunacy, at 1,000 l. a year	1,000	-	-			
" Compensation to a late Commissioner in Lunacy	187	10	-			
" Visitors of Lunatics, Salaries	4,500	-	-			
" Ditto - - - Travelling Expenses	2,627	17	6			
" Salary to Secretary of Visitors	297	11	1			
" Salaries to four Clerks to Visitors	844	3	2			
" Pensions to late Visitors, at 250 l. each	500	-	-			
" Pension to late Chief Clerk of the Masters and Secretary of Visitors of 733 l. 6 s. 8 d. a year	314	17	1			
" Expenses of Office of Visitors	168	17	6			
" Rent of Premises for Masters in Lunacy and Visitors of Lunatics	837	10	-			
				21,369	15	8
" Compensation to late Clerks of Affidavits	-	-	-	1,300	-	-
Salaries, &c., under 5 & 6 Vict., c. 103:						
To Cash paid Seven Taxing Masters, Salaries	13,000	-	-			
" Fourteen Clerks to Taxing Masters, Salaries	3,500	-	-			
" Messenger to Taxing Masters	200	-	-			
" Rent of Taxing Masters' Offices	800	-	-			
" Clerk of Enrolments, Salary	1,200	-	-			
" Four Clerks to Clerk of Enrolments, Salaries	850	-	-			
" Three Clerks of Records and Writs, ditto	4,200	-	-			
" Fifteen Clerks to ditto ditto	3,744	10	2			
" Office Keeper and Messenger to ditto, ditto	280	-	-			
				27,774	10	2
" Clerks and Messengers in Report Office, under 18 & 19 Vict., c. 134	-	-	-	1,300	-	-
" Salaries to two Clerks of the Petty Bag Office, under 12 & 13 Vict., c. 110	-	-	-	828	14	4
" Accountant-General in lieu of Brokerage, under 15 & 16 Vict., c. 87, s. 19	-	-	-	2,700	-	-
" Increased Salary to some of the Accountant-General's Clerks, under 15 & 16 Vict., c. 87, s. 39	-	-	-	2,200	-	-
" Compensation to late Clerks of Accounts, under 15 & 16 Vict., c. 87	-	-	-	1,912	10	-
" Office Keeper at the late Masters' Offices for the care of the Deeds, Books, Documents and Papers heretofore under the custody of the Masters	-	-	-	80	-	-
Compensation for loss of Office and Profits, under 5 & 6 Vict., c. 103:						
To Cash paid Eighteen Sworn Clerks and a Messenger	24,091	12	9			
" One Agent to ditto	923	3	4			
				25,014	16	1
To Cash paid Copy Money for Writing and Copying in the Offices of the Clerk of Enrolments, the Clerks of Records and Writs, the Registrar in Lunacy, and the Clerks of Entries, and for Printing Affidavits	-	-	-	10,402	8	11
" Expenses of the various Courts and Offices for Stationery, Coals, Candles, Gas, Servants' Wages, Rates and Taxes, and for Furniture and Repairs, &c.	-	-	-	4,928	12	11
" Chancery broker, salary in lieu of Brokerage, at 2,000 l. per annum	-	-	-	1,648	18	3
Total Payments	-	-	-	£.	161,990	9 11

ACCOUNT OF MONIES PLACED OUT TO PROVIDE FOR THE OFFICERS OF THE

	CASH.			STOCK.		
	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
Interest carried over to Suitors' Fee Fund Account, under 15 & 16 Vict., c. 87, s. 54	5,867	10	2	—		
Balance, 24th November 1864	—	—	—	201,028	2	3
	£.	5,867	10 2	201,028	2	3

from the 24th November 1863 to the 25th November 1864.

	£.	s.	d.
By Cash Paid in by the Clerk of the Crown, Clerk of Patents, and Pursebearer, on account of Fees formerly payable to the Lord Chancellor	981	14	10
„ Brought over from various Causes, Matters, and Accounts, in lieu of Fees formerly paid at the Taxing Masters'	12,411	8	2
„ Brought over on account of Per-centages on Income from Matters and Accounts in Lunacy	6,102	10	—
„ Paid in by Clerk of Enrolments	6,129	17	—
„ Paid in by Clerk of Petty Bag Office	195	18	7
„ Paid in for Poundage under the Winding-up Act	172	17	11
„ Paid in by the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, in respect of Money received by them for Chancery Fee Fund Stamps	72,440	12	9
„ Paid in by the Solicitor to the "Suitors' Fund," received by him in respect of Rent of Chambers	87	1	2
By Interest brought over from "Money arising from Sale of the Six Clerks' Office"	44	5	10
„ Surplus Interest brought over from the Suitors' Fund, under 15 & 16 Vict., c. 87, s. 53	63,768	5	2
„ Interest brought over from "Monies placed out to provide," &c., under 15 & 16 Vict., c. 87, s. 54	5,867	10	2
„ Cash paid in for Brokerage, under 15 & 16 Vict., c. 87	7,688	14	3
Total Receipts	£.	175,890	15 10
Deduct Total Payments for the Year		161,990	9 11
Excess of Income over Expenditure for the Year ending 25th November 1864	£.	13,900	5 11
Add Balance of Cash, 24th November 1863		99,252	9 —
Balance of Cash, 24th November 1864	£.	112,152	14 11

HIGH COURT OF CHANCERY, from the 24th November 1863 to the 25th November 1864.

													CASH.			STOCK.			
													£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	
Balance on 24th November 1863	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	201,028	2	3		
Dividends received during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,867	10	2	—		
													£.	5,867	10	2	201,028	2	3

COURT OF CHANCERY.

**RETURN of the State of the SURTORS' FUNDS
standing in the Name of the Accountant-General
of the Court of Chancery, and the Charges
upon the same.**

(Presented pursuant to Act of Parliament.)

*Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
28 February 1865.*

78.

Under 1 oz.

COURTS OF JUSTICE.

COPY OF COMMISSION.

VICTORIA R.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith :

To Our right trusty and well-beloved Councillors Richard Lord Westbury, Our Chancellor of Great Britain, or Our Chancellor of Great Britain for the time being ; Robert Monsey Lord Cranworth ; William Ewart Gladstone, Chancellor of Our Exchequer, or the Chancellor of Our Exchequer for the time being ; Sir Alexander James Edmund Cockburn, Baronet, Chief Justice of Our Court of Queen's Bench, or the Chief Justice of Our Court of Queen's Bench for the time being ; Sir William Erle, Knight, Chief Justice of Our Court of Common Pleas, or the Chief Justice of Our Court of Common Pleas for the time being ; Sir Frederick Pollock, Knight, Chief Baron of Our Court of Exchequer, or the Chief Baron of Our Court of Exchequer for the time being ; Stephen Lushington, Judge of Our High Court of Admiralty, or the Judge of the High Court of Admiralty for the time being ; Sir James Plaisted Wilde, Knight, Judge of Our Court of Probate and Judge Ordinary of Our Court for Divorce and Matrimonial Causes, or the Judge and Judge Ordinary of Our said Courts of Probate and for Divorce and Matrimonial Causes for the time being ; and William Francis Cowper, First Commissioner of Works and Public Buildings, or the First Commissioner of Works and Public Buildings for the time being ; and to Our trusty and well-beloved Sir Richard Torin Kindersley, Knight, Sir John Stuart, Knight, and Sir William Page Wood, Knight, the Vice-Chancellors of Our Court of Chancery, or the Vice-Chancellors of Our Court of Chancery for the time being ; Sir Samuel Martin, Knight, one of the Barons of Our Court of Exchequer ; Sir John Mellor, Knight, one of the Justices of Our Court of Queen's Bench ; and Sir Montague Edward Smith, Knight, one of the Justices of Our Court of Common Pleas ; Sir Roundell Palmer, Knight, Our Attorney General, or Our Attorney General for the time being ; Sir Robert Porrett Collier, Knight, Our Solicitor General, or Our Solicitor General for the time being ; Sir Robert Joseph Phillimore, Knight, Our Advocate, or Our Advocate for the time being ; James Clarke Lawrence, Esquire, one of the Aldermen of Our City of London ; Edward Savage Bailey, Esquire, President of Our Society of Attorneys, Solicitors, Proctors, and others, not being Barristers practising in the Courts of Law and Equity of the United Kingdom, or the President of the said Society for the time being ; and to all such persons as shall be hereafter duly nominated and appointed Commissioners in the manner and for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, greeting :

Whereas, by "The Courts of Justice Building Act, 1865," and "The Courts of Justice Concentration (Site) Act, 1865," provision is made for the acquisition of a convenient site, and for the erecting upon such site of all suitable buildings for the accommodation of the Superior Courts of Law and Equity, the Probate and Divorce Courts, and the Courts of Admiralty, and the various offices connected with them, and of such other Courts for the administration of justice, and offices connected therewith, or offices used for any other purpose of legal administration, as may from time to time be prescribed by the Commissioners of Our Treasury, with all proper furniture and conveniences and accesses thereto.

And by the said Courts of Justice Building Act, 1865, it is enacted that the plan upon which the said buildings shall be erected, and the necessary arrangements for the proper and convenient accommodation of all the courts and offices to be provided for therein, and for proper access thereto, should be determined upon by the said Commissioners of Our Treasury, with the advice and concurrence of such persons as We should think fit to authorise in that behalf ; and

that after the completion of the said buildings We may, by Order in Council, from time to time nominate and appoint such persons as We shall think fit, with such powers to superintend and regulate the said buildings and to provide for the proper care and maintenance thereof, and also (if it shall be found necessary) to vary from time to time the internal arrangements of the said buildings, and the purposes to or for which any part thereof may be used or appropriated, as to Us shall seem proper and expedient. And by the said Courts of Justice Concentration (Site) Act, 1865, it is enacted that no notice shall be given of the intention to take any property under that Act nor shall any contract be entered into for the purchase of any property until a certificate in writing shall have been received by the Commissioners of our Treasury, signed by the major part in number of the persons appointed by us under the said Courts of Justice Building Act, 1865, as aforesaid, stating that they are satisfied that the lands to be acquired under that Act, of which a plan has been laid before Parliament, are sufficient for all the purposes of the intended new courts and buildings connected therewith, and that the probable cost of the said lands and buildings will not exceed the amount of the funds provided under the said Courts of Justice Building Act, 1865, for those purposes; and by the said Courts of Justice Building Act, 1865, provision is made for ascertaining the contribution of suitors, other than those of the Court of Chancery, using the said buildings, and for the mode of levying such contribution by stamps to be of such amounts as may be from time to time determined by the said Commissioners of Our Treasury with the consent of the Lord Chancellor, together with the Chief Judge of each of the Superior Courts of Common Law, or any one of such Judges, and of each other persons or person as We by Order in Council may please to direct. And by the said Courts of Justice Building Act, 1865, it is enacted that We may by Order in Council make any alteration that may be thought expedient for the purpose of adapting the forms of testing writs and other instruments and the forms themselves of writs or other instruments in use in the said courts to the change of locality made by the said Courts of Justice Concentration (Site) Act, 1865.

And whereas We have deemed it expedient that a Commission should issue, to advise and report on the sufficiency of the lands to be acquired under the aforesaid Courts of Justice Concentration (Site) Act, 1865, for the purposes of the intended new courts and buildings connected therewith, and whether the probable cost of the said lands and buildings will or not exceed the amount of the funds provided by the said Courts of Justice Building Act, 1865; and also to advise and from time to time report, in concurrence with the Commissioners of Our Treasury, as to the buildings which are proper to be erected, and the plan upon which such buildings shall be erected, and as to the necessary arrangements for the proper and convenient accommodation of all the courts and offices to be provided for therein and for proper accesses thereto; and also to advise and report as to the proper persons or body of persons to be appointed permanently to superintend and regulate the said buildings, and to provide for the proper care and maintenance thereof; and also (if it shall be found necessary) to vary from time to time the internal arrangements of the said buildings, and the purposes to or for which any part thereof may be used or appropriated.

And also to advise and from time to time report which of the courts for the administration of justice and offices connected therewith, or offices used for any other purpose of legal administration, it would be expedient and proper to accommodate in such buildings.

And also to advise and from time to time report upon any variation in or consolidation of any of the aforesaid offices or other changes in legal arrangements of a similar description which they may consider proper to be made on the occasion or in consequence of the removal of the said courts and offices, or any of them, into the said buildings.

And to advise and from time to time to report as to the contribution to be from time to time levied, as by the said recited Act is provided, on the suitors other than those of the Court of Chancery, and as to the apportionment of the same among such suitors, and as to the amounts of fees to be levied for that purpose, and as to the documents on which such fees should be imposed.

And also to advise and from time to time to report any variation in or consolidation of the fees payable by the suitors or other financial arrangements affecting the said suitors which the said Commissioners may think proper to be made or provided for on occasion or in consequence of the said removal.

And

And to advise and from time to time to report as to any alteration they may think expedient for the purpose of adapting the forms of testing writs and other instruments in use in the said courts to the change of locality made by the aforesaid Acts or either of them.

And also to advise and from time to time to report on any other alteration or variation in any other of the proceedings or other practice or usage of the said courts or offices respectively expedient to be made on the occasion or in consequence of their said removal.

Now know ye, that We, reposing great trust and confidence in your zeal, discretion, and ability, have authorised and appointed, and do by these Presents authorise and appoint, you to whom this Commission is directed to be Our Commissioners for the purposes aforesaid.

And furthermore, We do by these Presents give and grant to you the said Richard Lord Westbury, or Our Chancellor of Great Britain for the time being, full power and authority to nominate and appoint any three of the officers of the High Court of Chancery to be a Commissioner or Commissioners for the purposes aforesaid, and upon every vacancy in the office of any Commissioner so appointed, to nominate and appoint some other officer of the said Court in like manner in his place.

And furthermore, We do by these Presents give and grant to you the said Alexander James Edmund Cockburn, William Erle, and Frederick Pollock, respectively, or the Chief Justice, or Chief Baron respectively for the time being of Our respective Courts of Queen's Bench, Common Pleas, and Exchequer respectively, full power and authority to nominate and appoint one officer of each of your respective Courts to be a Commissioner for the purposes aforesaid, and upon every vacancy in the office of any Commissioner so appointed to nominate and appoint some other officer of the said Court in like manner to such office. And also, in the case of either of the said Sir Samuel Martin, Sir John Mellor, Sir Montague Edward Smith ceasing to act on this Commission, to nominate and appoint in like manner in the place of him so ceasing to act one other of the Puisne Judges of your respective Courts of Queen's Bench, Common Pleas, and Exchequer, as the case may be, to be a Commissioner for the purposes aforesaid, and upon every vacancy in the office of any Commissioner so appointed, to nominate and appoint one other Puisne Judge of such Court in like manner to such office.

And furthermore, We do by these Presents give and grant to you the said Stephen Lushington, or the Chief Judge of Our High Court of Admiralty for the time being, and James Plaisted Wilde, or the Judge of Our Court of Probate and Judge Ordinary of Our Court for Divorce and Matrimonial Causes for the time being respectively, full power and authority to nominate and appoint one officer of your respective Courts to be a Commissioner for the purposes aforesaid, and upon every vacancy in the office of any Commissioner so appointed, to nominate and appoint one other officer of such respective Court in like manner to such office. And furthermore, We do by these Presents give and grant to you the said William Ewart Gladstone, or the Chancellor of Our Exchequer for the time being, full power and authority to nominate and appoint two persons, being Commissioners or officers of Our Treasury, to be Commissioners for the purposes aforesaid, and upon every vacancy in the office of any Commissioner so appointed, to appoint in like manner one other person to such office.

And furthermore, We do by these Presents give and grant to you the said William Francis Cowper, or the First Commissioner of Our Works and Buildings for the time being, full power and authority to nominate and appoint one person, being an officer of our Office of Works and Buildings, to be a Commissioner for the purposes aforesaid, and upon every vacancy in the office of any Commissioner so appointed, to appoint one other person in like manner to such office.

And furthermore, We do by these Presents give and grant to the respective Masters of the Bench of each one of Our Honourable Societies of the Inner Temple, the Middle Temple, Lincoln's Inn, and Gray's Inn respectively, being duly assembled, full power and authority respectively to nominate and appoint one of the Masters of the Bench of their respective Societies to be a Commissioner for the purposes aforesaid, and upon every vacancy in the office of any Commissioner so appointed for the Masters of the Bench of Our said Society's so appointing him, being duly assembled for that purpose, to nominate and appoint one other of the Masters of the Bench of the same Society to such office.

And furthermore, We do by these Presents give and grant to Our Society of Attorneys, Solicitors, Proctors, and others, not being Barristers practising in the Courts of Law and Equity of the United Kingdom, full power and authority to nominate and appoint two persons being Attorneys or Solicitors of one or more of Our Superior Courts of Law or Equity of the United Kingdom, to be Commissioners for the purposes aforesaid, and upon every vacancy in the office of any Commissioner so appointed, to nominate and appoint one other person in like manner to such office.

And furthermore, We do by these Presents give and grant to the Commissioners for the time being duly assembled at any meeting at which not less than five of them shall be present (of whom Our Lord High Chancellor for the time being and Our Chancellor of Our Exchequer for the time being shall be two), full power and authority from time to time to nominate and appoint any other persons or person to be Commissioners for the purposes aforesaid.

And with the view of enabling you Our said Commissioners to form a sound judgment on the premises, We do hereby authorise and empower you, or any five or more of you, to call before you, or any five or more of you, all such persons as you may judge most competent, by reason of their situation, knowledge, or experience, to afford you correct information on the subject of this inquiry, and also to require the production of all books, documents, papers, and records which may appear to you or any five or more of you calculated to assist your researches in the execution of the trust hereby reposed in you, and to inquire of and concerning the premises by all other lawful ways and means whatsoever.

And We do command and require you, or any five or more of you, from time to time to report to Us in writing under your hands and seals, as soon and as often as the same can reasonably be, your several proceedings by virtue of this Our Commission and your opinion touching the premises.

And We will and command that this Our Commission shall continue in full force and virtue for the period of five years, and that you Our said Commissioners, or any five or more of you, shall and may from time to time, and at any place or places, proceed in the execution thereof, and of every matter and thing therein contained, although the same be not continued from time to time by adjournment.

And We do hereby command all and singular Our justices of the peace, sheriffs, mayors, bailiffs, constables, officers, ministers, and all other Our loving subjects whatsoever, as well within liberties as without, that they be assistant to you and each of you in the execution of these Presents.

And for your further assistance in the execution of these Presents We hereby appoint our trusty and well-beloved Edwin Wilkins Field, Esquire, to be the Secretary of this Our Commission, and to attend you, whose services and assistance We require you to use from time to time as occasion may require; and upon any vacancy in the office of Secretary to this Commission, We do hereby authorise and empower you to appoint some other Secretary to this Our Commission.

Given at Our Court at St. James's, the 29th day of June 1865, in the 29th year of Our reign.

By Her Majesty's command,

G. Grey.

COURTS OF JUSTICE.

COPY OF COMMISSION.

(Presented to Parliament by Her Majesty's Command.)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
5 July 1865.

468.

Under 1 oz.

COURTS, OFFICES, AND BUILDINGS.

RETURN to an Order of the Honourable The House of Commons,
dated 20 February 1865;—for,

RETURN “of certain PARTICULARS respecting present COURTS and OFFICES proposed to be transferred to the COMMISSIONERS of PUBLIC WORKS and BUILDINGS, or to become available for other Public Purposes, in accordance with the Provisions of ‘Courts of Justice Building Bill, 1865,’ and ‘Courts of Justice Concentration (Site) Bill, 1865,’ or either of them; and of BUILDINGS in the occupation of LEGAL DEPARTMENTS to be hereafter accommodated in the NEW COURTS, in accordance with the Provisions of the said Bills; or either of them; the Return to give, in separate Columns, the situation of each Block of Building containing such Courts, Offices, and Buildings; and the Purpose to which each Court, Office, and Building is now assigned.”

I.—PRESENT COURTS and OFFICES proposed to be transferred to the COMMISSIONERS of PUBLIC WORKS and BUILDINGS.

Situation of Buildings.	Purposes to which the Buildings are now assigned.
Southampton Buildings, Chancery Lane	Registrars in Chancery, the Registrar in Lunacy, Offices of Patents.

II.—PRESENT COURTS and OFFICES proposed to become available for other Public Purposes, or of which the Rental is at present defrayed out of Public Moneys for BUILDINGS in the occupation of LEGAL DEPARTMENTS, to be hereafter accommodated in the NEW BUILDINGS, &c.

Situation of Buildings.	Purposes to which the Buildings are now assigned.
The West Side of Westminster Hall	Courts of Common Law, Equity, Probate, and Divorce.
Temple and Serjeants' Inn, Chancery Lane	Offices of the Common Law Courts.
Doctors' Commons, Great Knight Rider Street	Offices of the Courts of Probate and Divorce.
Doctors' Commons, Godliman Street	Admiralty Registry.
Rolls Yard	The Rolls House and Offices.
Rolls Garden	Chambers of the Common Law Judges.
Nos. 33 and 34, Lincoln's Inn Fields	Insolvent Debtors' Courts, and Land Registration Offices.
No. 7, Lancaster Place	Registry of Deeds by Married Women.

Office of Works, &c.
March 1, 1865.

COURTS, OFFICES, AND BUILDINGS.

RETURN of certain PARTICULARS respecting present COURTS and OFFICES proposed to be transferred to the COMMISSIONERS of PUBLIC WORKS and BUILDINGS, or to become available for other Public Purposes, in accordance with the Provisions of "Courts of Justice Building Bill, 1865," and "Courts of Justice Concentration (Site) Bill, 1865," or either of them ; and of BUILDINGS in the Occupation of LEGAL DEPARTMENTS to be hereafter accommodated in the New COURTS, in accordance with the Provisions of the said Bills, &c.

(*Mr. Francis Sharp Powell.*)

*Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
3 March 1865.*

COURTS OF JUSTICE CONCENTRATION.

RETURN to an Order of the Honourable The House of Commons,
dated 17 February 1865 ;—for,

RETURN “of the Number of HOUSES, and the Names of the STREETS, LANES,
PLACES, and COURTS comprised in the Site to be Purchased under the
Powers of the COURTS OF JUSTICE CONCENTRATION BILL.”

NAMES OF STREETS, &c.	Number of Dwelling Houses.	NAMES OF STREETS, &c.	Number of Dwelling Houses.
Lower Serle's-place or Great Shire-lane.	26	Little Horseshoe-court - -	2
Middle Serle's-place or Little Shire-lane.	20	Plough-court - - - -	10
Serle's-place - - - -	20	Yeate's-court - - - -	6
Ship-yard - - - -	28	Clement's-court - - - -	3
Chair-court - - - -	6	Horseshoe-court - - - -	3
Strand - - - -	13	Sawyer's-yard - - - -	1
Pickett-street or Strand - -	10	Clement's Inn - - - -	4
Ship and Anchor-court - -	2	Clement's Inn Foregate - -	5
Pickett-place - - - -	3	Hemlock-court - - - -	18
Crown-court - - - -	10	Newcastle-court - - - -	41
Crown-place - - - -	6	Robin Hood-court - - - -	2
Cromwell-place - - - -	7	Star-court - - - -	7
Old Boswell-court - - - -	14	Bell-yard - - - -	23
New Boswell-court - - - -	17	Bailey's-court - - - -	4
Clement's-lane - - - -	28	Brick-court - - - -	2
New-court - - - -	3	Fleet-street - - - -	3
Carey-street - - - -	23		
			343

W. COWPER,
First Commissioner of Her Majesty's
Works and Public Buildings.

Office of Works, &c.,
23 February 1865.

COURTS OF JUSTICE CONCENTRATION.

**RETURN of the Number of Houses, and the
Names of the Streets, Lanes, Places, and
Courts comprised in the Site to be Purchased
under the Powers of the Courts of Justice
CONCENTRATION BILL.**

(Mr. Cooper.)

*Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
24 February 1865.*

SUPERIOR COURTS OF LAW.

RETURN to an Order of the Honourable The House of Commons,
dated 9 May 1865;—*for*,

RETURN “of the RECEIPTS, PAYMENTS, and CHARGES on the FEE
FUND ACCOUNT, SUPERIOR COURTS of LAW, under the Act 15 & 16
Vict. c. 73, for the Year 1864.”

(*Mr. Peel.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
23 June 1865.

ABSTRACT of RETURN, under Act of 15 & 16 Vict. c. 73, sect. 29, of the RECEIPTS of FEES and PAYMENTS in respect of the OFFICES of the SUPERIOR COURTS of LAW, from 1st January 1864 to 31st December 1864, both days inclusive, and of the Compensations in respect of Officers of such Courts, charged on the Consolidated Fund for the Financial Year ended 31st March 1865.

		Surplus.	Deficiency.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
1.—COURT OF QUEEN'S BENCH.			
Fees received - - - - -	32,894 5 4		
Payments, viz.:—			
Salaries, Pensions, and Ex- penses - - - - -	24,871 9 2		
Compensations under 7 Will. 4 and 1 Vict. cap. 30 -	12,068 14 10		
	36,940 4 -		
		- -	4,045 18 8
2.—COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.			
Fees received - - - - -	28,548 14 10		
Payments, viz.:—			
Salaries, Pensions, and Ex- penses - - - - -	23,310 8 9		
Compensations under 7 Will. 4 and 1 Vict. cap. 30 -	4,456 9 4		
	27,766 18 1		
		781 16 9	
3.—COURT OF EXCHEQUER.			
Fees received - - - - -	35,335 1 7		
Payments, viz.:—			
Salaries, Pensions, and Ex- penses - - - - -	25,387 15 10*		
Compensations under 7 Will. 4 and 1 Vict., cap. 30, 11 Geo. 4 and 1 Will. 4, cap. 58, and 3 & 4 Will. 4, cap. 99.	3,767 16 4		
	29,155 12 2		
		6,179 9 5	
4.—QUEEN'S REMEMBRANCER'S OFFICE.			
Fees received - - - - -	2,787 6 -		
Payments, viz.:—			
Salaries, Pensions, and Expenses - -	4,372 6 6		
		- -	1,585 - 6
	£.	6,961 6 2	5,630 19 2
		5,630 19 2	
	£.	1,330 7 -	
Deduct Compensations payable to Officers of Courts of Common Pleas and Exchequer, under 15 & 16 Vict. cap. 73 - -		961 15 9	
Surplus - - - £.		368 11 3	

* In this amount is included 429 l. 12 s. paid by the Paymaster General for the three Courts jointly.

RETURN of the RECEIPTS, PAYMENTS, and CHARGES on the FEE FUND ACCOUNT, SUPERIOR COURTS OF LAW, under the Act 10 & 10 Vict. c. 73, sec. 29, from 1 January to 31 December 1864.

	Fees Received.	Salaries and Pensions.	Extra Assistance and Rent.	Expenses at Home.	Expenses on Circuit.	TOTAL Payments.	Surplus Fees paid to Paymaster General.	Salaries and Compensation to Clerks, Judges, Judges Marshals, Ushers, and others, under Sec. 12 and 13 of the above Act, paid by Paymaster General out of Surplus Fees.	Compensation charged on Consolidated Fund, under c. 56; 7 Will. 4, and 1 Vict. c. 80; 2 & 4 Will. 4, c. 90, and 10 & 16 Vict. c. 73, for Year ended 31 March 1865.
I. QUEEN'S BENCH :									
Clerks to Lord Chief Justice	£. s. d. 259 10 6	-	-	17 15 2	59 15 6	77 10 8	181 19 10	-	£. s. d.
" Mr. Justice Crompton	1,898 13 -	-	-	66 19 2	79 13 6	146 12 8	1,752 - 4	-	
" Mr. Justice Blackburn	991 11 6	-	-	48 11 8	50 3 6	98 15 2	893 16 4	-	
" Mr. Justice Mellor	2,534 13 6	-	-	128 4 5	29 18 4	288 2 9	2,246 10 9	-	
" Mr. Justice Stree	946 11 6	-	-	74 11 11	61 11 6	136 3 5	810 8 1	-	
The Associate	1,951 19 4	1,685 - -	-	4 18 8	-	1,669 18 8	283 - 8	-	
Masters, including payments made to Tipstaves	24,311 6 4	14,363 4 10	585 10 -	256 2 11	-	15,903 17 9	9,107 8 3	-	
£.	32,894 5 4	16,027 4 10	715 10 -	597 3 11	281 2 4	17,631 1 1	15,373 4 3	7,250 8 1	12,068 14 10
II. COMMON PLEAS :									
Clerks to Lord Chief Justice	£. s. d. 306 4 6	-	-	26 4 7	48 4 10	74 9 5	231 15 1	-	
" Mr. Justice Williams	1,041 15 6	-	-	36 17 11	60 5 2	97 3 1	944 12 5	-	
" Mr. Justice Willes	1,016 19 -	-	-	30 11 8	51 1 10	81 13 6	985 5 6	-	
" Mr. Justice Eyles	595 1 -	-	-	49 14 -	78 18 -	128 12 -	466 9 -	-	
" Mr. Justice Keating	886 18 6	-	-	23 8 -	58 15 11	83 3 11	804 14 7	-	
The Associate	2,137 19 10	1,535 - -	-	14 18 4	-	1,439 18 4	598 1 6	-	
Masters, including Tipstaff	18,671 16 6	10,384 6 7	500 - -	180 16 5	-	10,965 3 -	7,708 13 6	-	
Registrar of Judgments	1,678 2 6	1,496 10 -	-	99 2 1	-	1,455 12 1	323 10 5	-	
Registrar of Acknowledgments of Deeds, &c., by Married Women	2,213 17 6	1,300 - -	-	- 13 5	-	1,900 13 5	1,013 4 1*	-	
£.	28,548 14 10	14,435 16 7	500 - -	392 6 5	297 5 9	15,635 8 9	12,993 6 1	7,685 - -	4,456 9 4
III. EXCHEQUER :									
Clerks to Lord Chief Baron	£. s. d. 1,827 9 7	-	-	150 4 8	20 13 9	300 3 5	1,527 6 2	-	
" Mr. Baron Martin	1,073 6 -	-	-	32 - 10	60 7 9	92 8 7	979 17 5	-	
" Mr. Baron Bramwell	1,551 13 -	-	-	74 15 -	65 11 -	140 6 -	1,411 7 -	-	
" Mr. Baron Channell	943 12 -	-	-	19 17 3	64 15 5	84 12 8	857 19 4	-	
" Mr. Baron Pigott	1,118 2 -	-	-	189 15 9	65 16 6	205 12 3	912 9 9	-	
The Associate	1,908 17 -	1,070 - -	-	15 2 6	-	1,085 2 6	313 14 6	-	
Masters, including Tipstaff	26,824 2 -	12,378 11 4	680 - -	290 18 10	-	13,269 10 2	13,564 11 10	-	
£.	35,385 1 7	13,948 11 4	819 5 -	792 14 10	277 4 5	15,767 15 7	19,567 6 -	9,190 8 3	3,767 16 4
TOTAL - - - £.							49,014 5 5	49,014 5 5	20,263 - 6

* These two sums are paid direct into the Exchequer, and not to the Paymaster General.

Note.—The fees received at the Crown Office and Queen's Remembrancer's Office are applied towards the salaries of the clerks, &c., as far as they will go, and the deficit in the Crown Office is made up out of the Vote of Parliament (4, Class III.); in that of the Queen's Remembrancer's Office out of the Superior Courts Fee Fund (see 23 & 23 Vict. c. 21, s. 4).

The Fees received in these two Departments during the Year were as follows :—

	Fees.		Salaries, &c.		Deficit.	
	£.	s. d.	£.	s. d.	£.	s. d.
Crown Office	578	9 9	3,605	16 4	3,027	6 7
Queen's Remembrancer's Office	2,787	6 -	4,372	6 6	1,585	- 6

Treasury Chambers,
21 June 1865.

F. P E E L.

SUPERIOR COURTS OF LAW.

RETURN of the RECEIPTS, PAYMENTS, and
CHARGES on the FEE FUND ACCOUNT, SUPERIOR
COURTS of LAW, under the Act 16 & 16
Vict. c. 78, for the Year 1864.

(*Mr. Peel.*)

*Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
23 June 1865.*

408.

Under 1 oz.

CROWN DEBTS AND OBLIGATIONS.

RETURN to an Order of the Honourable The House of Commons,
dated 7 March 1865;—for,

A RETURN “ of the Number of CROWN DEBTS and OBLIGATIONS Registered in the COURT of COMMON PLEAS in each of the last Five Years, the Amounts Due, and distinguishing them as follows, viz., under £. 500; exceeding £. 500 and not exceeding £. 1,000; exceeding £. 1,000 and not exceeding £. 1,500; exceeding £. 1,500 and not exceeding £. 2,000; exceeding £. 2,000 and not exceeding £. 2,500; exceeding £. 2,500 and not exceeding £. 3,000; exceeding £. 3,000 and not exceeding £. 3,500; exceeding £. 3,500 and not exceeding £. 4,000; exceeding £. 4,000 and not exceeding £. 4,500; exceeding £. 4,500 and upwards.”

RETURN of the Number of CROWN DEBTS and OBLIGATIONS Registered in the COURT of COMMON PLEAS
in each of the last Five Years.

—	Under £. 500.	£. 500 to £. 1,000.	£. 1,000 to £. 1,500.	£. 1,500 to £. 2,000.	£. 2,000 to £. 2,500.	£. 2,500 to £. 3,000.	£. 3,000 to £. 3,500.	£. 3,500 to £. 4,000.	£. 4,000 to £. 4,500.	£. 4,500 to £. 5,000.	£. 5,000 and upwards.	TOTALS.
1860	80	67	228	105	203	57	39	7	42	11	211	1,050
1861	22	12	70	46	62	20	21	5	14	11	178	461
1862	9	23	62	54	46	6	28	2	17	3	124	374
1863	24	27	84	51	68	19	22	6	27	4	187	519
1864	36	64	168	52	255	9	28	7	27	3	153	802
TOTAL	171	193	612	308	634	111	138	27	127	32	853	3,206

The above are the numbers of memoranda of Debts, Obligations, &c. registered. No particulars are supplied showing whether these memoranda represent the actual number of Debts, Obligations, &c., or whether the amount registered is the amount due. It is presumed that in most cases two or three memoranda relate to the same obligation.

22 March 1865.

Alex. A. Park, Registrar.

CROWN DEBTS AND OBLIGATIONS.

RETURN of the Number of CROWN DEBTS and
OBLIGATIONS Registered in the COURT of
COMMON PLEAS in each of the last Five
Years; &c.

(*Mr. Hadfield.*)

*Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
27. March 1865.*

ROYAL COURT (JERSEY).

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons,
dated 12 July 1864; —for,

“RETURNS of all CAUSES pending before the ROYAL COURT, *Jersey*, on the last Day of last Term; with STATEMENT of the Date when each Cause was Instituted, Called on, and Postponed or Adjourned; if more than one Adjournment or Postponement, the same to be specified:”

“And, of the CAUSES Disposed of or Withdrawn (with the same Information respecting them), during the past Term.”

Sir,

Government House, Jersey,
4 March 1865.

AGREEABLY to your letters of the 14th July 1864, and 10th ultimo, I have now the honour to forward the accompanying Returns of the Causes pending before the Royal Court of Jersey on the 5th of July last, and of those disposed of during the Term ending on that day.

I have, &c.

(signed) *Burke Cuppage*,
Major General, Lieutenant Governor.

H. Waddington, Esq.
&c. &c. &c.
Home Office.

— I. —

LIST of CAUSES in APPEAL before the Superior Number of the ROYAL COURT, Jersey, Disposed of during the Term commencing on the 12th April 1864 and ending on the 5th July 1864.

Note.—Causes marked thus (*) in this and other Lists, are Causes not subject to be put on the "Table" or List of Causes.

When Instituted.	Day for which the Cause was first put on the List of Causes.	C A U S E S.	When Called.	W H A T D O N E.	Date of Appeal.	Date of Renewals to keep the Appeal in Force.	Proceedings before the Superior Number.		
							When Called.	W H A T D O N E.	When Disposed of.
	6 Oct. 1859	Asplet v. Gibaut	1 Dec. 1859 5 Dec. 1861 1 July 1863 9 July "	Defendant made default Witnesses ordered to be called Witnesses heard; pleadings commenced, and put off to 9th July. Judgment given	- - - 9 July 1863	15 Nov. 1862 25 April 1863 10 Oct. " 21 Nov. "			
(*)		Young v. Aubin	16 June 1863	Judgment given	16 June 1863	5 Dec. 1863		Pleadings on preliminary plea; further hearing adjourned to the 30th January. Pleadings continued; adjourned to 5th February.	19 May 1864
(*)		Bateson & Co. v. Tucker	19 Dec. "	Judgment given	19 Dec. 1863	-		Pleadings terminated; judgment deferred. Judgment, and appeal to Council granted	5 June "
		Renouf v. Labey	8 June 1855 23 May 1856 28 Nov. " 20 Dec. "	Parties sent before the Greffier. Parties sent back before the Greffier. Pleadings heard; judgment deferred to 13th December. Judgment given, and appeal	- - - 20 Dec. 1856	18 June 1857 6 Dec. " 29 May 1858 20 Nov. " 14 May 1859 29 Oct. " 8 Dec. " 19 May 1860 27 Oct. " 24 Nov. " 11 May 1861 2 Nov. " 26 April 1862 26 Oct. " 18 April 1863 24 Oct. " 5 Dec. "		The appeal in this cause lapsed	19 June "
								The appeal in this cause lapsed	5 June 1864

LIST of CAUSES in APPEAL before the Superior Number of the ROYAL COURT, Jersey, Pending on the 5th July 1864.

— II. —

Note.—Causes marked thus (*) in this and other Lists, are Causes not subject to be put on the "Table" or List of Causes.

When Instituted.	Day for which the Cause was first put on the List of Causes.	C A U S E S.	When Called.	W H A T D O N E.	Date of Appeal.	Date of Renewals to keep the Appeal in force.						
	Cannot be ascertained.	De Rue v. La Cloche and others.	7 Nov. 1856	Judgment given - - - -	7 Nov. 1856	2 May 1857 31 Oct. "	26 Apr. 1858 23 Oct. "	28 May 1859 29 Oct. "	26 May 1860 27 Oct. "	20 May 1861 16 Nov. "	3 May 1862 11 Oct. "	2 May 1863 3 Oct. "
	(*)	Capuron v. Jackson and others.	29 Feb. 1860 7 Mar. "	Pleadings commenced, and put off to 7th March. Judgment given - - - -	7 Mar. 1860	25 Aug. 1860	9 Feb. 1861 20 July "	4 Jan. 1862 21 June "	23 May 1863 21 Nov. "	30 Apr. 1864		23 Apr. 1864
	21 Nov. 1860	Williams v. Stevens - -	3 Dec. " 29 June 1861	Postponed. The parties agree to plead the cause out of term.								
	21 Sept. 1861	Taroni v. Bentley - -	16 Sept. "	Cause heard, and judgment given - -	16 Sept. 1861	16 Nov. 1861	3 May 1862 11 Oct. "	21 Apr. 1863 3 Oct. "	23 Apr. 1864			
	4 Oct. 1860	Amy v. Amy - - - -	16 Nov. "	Cause heard, and judgment given - -	16 Nov. "	3 May 1862 25 Oct. "	30 May 1863 7 Nov. "	7 May 1864				
	10 May 1861	Le Goupillot v. La Cloche and others.	29 Nov. 1860 20 Mar. 1862 26 Mar. "	Pleadings commenced, and put off to 4th December. Pleadings continued, and put off to 26th March. Judgment given - - - -	26 Mar. 1862	12 Sept. " 15 Nov. "	25 Apr. " 10 Oct. "	30 Apr. "				
	17 May 1862	Prouings v. Malzard - -	5 July 1861 8 Nov. " 23 May 1862	Simon ordered to be made a party to the cause. Simon made default. Judgment given - - - -	23 May "	15 Nov. "	9 May " 31 Oct. "	12 Apr. "				
	2 May "	Balleine v. Le Bas - -	14 June "	Judgment given - - - -	14 June "	22 Nov. "	9 May " 31 Oct. "	23 Apr. "				
	9 May "	Balley and others v. Alexandre and Wife.	23 May " 14 June "	Pleadings heard, and judgment deferred. Judgment given - - - -	14 June "	29 Nov. "	23 May " 14 Nov. "	30 Apr. "				
	-	Godfray v. Godfray - -	20 June "	Judgment given - - - -	20 June "	29 Nov. "	9 May " 3 Oct. "	23 Apr. "				
	8 Nov. 1861	Godfray v. Harris and others	21 June "	Judgment given - - - -	21 June "	23 Nov. "	9 May " 24 Oct. "	16 Apr. "				
21 June 1862			8 Nov. 1861 29 Nov. " 4 July 1862 22 July "	Parties sent before the Greffier. Parties sent back before the Greffier. Parties agree to plead the cause out of term. Judgment given - - - -	22 July "	22 Nov. "	9 May "	24 Oct. 1863 16 Apr. 1864				

II.—List of Causes in Appeal before the Superior Number of the Royal Court, Jersey, Pending on the 5th July 1864—continued.

When Instituted.	Day for which the Cause was first put on the List of Causes.	CAUSES.	When Called.	WHAT DONE.	Date of Appeal.	Date of Renewals to keep the Appeal in force.				
8 Nov. 1861	Godfray v. Denzilos and others.	8 Nov. 1861 29 Nov. " 4 July 1862 26 Sept. "	Parties sent before the Greffier. Parties sent back before the Greffier. Parties agree to plead the cause out of term. Judgment given - - - - -	20 Sept. 1862	22 Nov. 1862	9 May 1863 24 Oct. "	16 April 1864			
12 April 1863	Sinel v. Taroni - -	17 May " 5 July " 21 Oct. "	Godfray ordered to be made a party to the cause. Godfray made default. Judgment given - - - - -	21 Oct. "	13 April 1863 10 Oct. " 28 Nov. " 25 April " 10 Oct. " 28 Nov. " 2 May " 21 Nov. "	23 April 1864 14 May " 30 April "				
10 Oct. 1863	Hardie and Wife v. Gulton	7 Nov. "	Judgment given - - - - -	7 Nov. "						
(*)	Sinel v. Godfray - -	19 Nov. "	Judgment given - - - - -	19 Nov. "						
9 Oct. 1863	Hubert v. Hubert - -	20 Nov. " 27 Nov. "	Pleadings commenced, and put off to 27th November. Judgment given - - - - -	27 Nov. "	16 May " 31 Oct. "	16 April "				
26 Sept. "	Luce v. Guill - -	28 Sept. " 28 Nov. " 5 Dec. "	Parties sent before the Greffier. Pleadings heard, and judgment deferred. Judgment given - - - - -	5 Dec. "	23 May " 14 Nov. "	23 April "				
20 Sept. "	Anderson v. Dorey - -	22 Nov. " 29 Nov. " 2 May 1863	Pleadings commenced, and put off to 29th November. Postponed. Pleadings terminated, and judgment deferred to 9th May.							
(*)	Mangles Brothers v. Blandford.	9 May " 18 April "	Judgment given - - - - - Delay of a fortnight allowed to defendant to examine a document produced by plaintiffs.	9 May 1863	24 Oct. "	16 April "				
		25 May "	Pleadings commenced, and put off to 30th May.							
16 May 1863	De Veulle v. Pettman -	30 May " 30 May "	Judgment given - - - - - Creditors of Pettman intervened, and judgment given.	30 May " 30 May "	17 Nov. " 14 Nov. "	16 April " 30 April "				
13 April "	De Gruchy v. Hocquard and others.	17 June "	Pleadings commenced, and put off to 20th June.							
12 Sept. "	Gulton v. Gulton - -	20 June " 12 Oct. "	Judgment given - - - - - Judgment given - - - - -	20 June " 12 Oct. "	14 Nov. " 21 Nov. "	23 April " 23 April "				
13 June "	Falle v. Falle - -	4 July " 4 Nov. "	Postponed. Judgment given - - - - -							
30 Nov. 1861	Le Brun v. Hubert - -	28 June 1862 20 June 1863 6 Oct. "	Witnesses ordered to be called. Postponed. Postponed on account of the absence of one of the witnesses.	4 Nov. "	16 April 1864					
		23 Nov. "	Witnesses heard, and judgment given -	23 Nov. "	30 April "					

0 May 1863	Balleine v. Collas and others	19 June 1863	Delay of one month allowed to one of the defendants to examine a document produced by plaintiff.		
16 Oct. "		16 Oct. "	Pleadings commenced, and put off to 30th October.		
30 Oct. "		30 Oct. "	Cause adjourned to 13th November, on account of the absence of the advocate of some of the defendants.		
27 Nov. "		27 Nov. 1863	Judgment given - - - - -	7 May 1864	
2 Dec. "	Mauger v. Le Gallais, Widow	2 Dec. "	Judgment given - - - - -	28 May "	
(*)	Fruing and others v. Clarke	4 June 1859	Postponed on account of the absence of the advocate of the defendant.		
8 Oct. "		8 Oct. "	Adjourned to 15th October.		
17 Oct. "		17 Oct. "	Witnesses ordered to be convened.		
26 June 1860		26 June 1860	Depositions of witnesses ordered to be taken down in writing.		
8 June 1861		8 June 1861	Postponed.		
8 Aug. "		8 Aug. "	Three witnesses heard, and their evidence taken down in writing.		
2 Sept. "		2 Sept. "	Depositions of three witnesses, previously taken by the Vicomte, read.		
10 Mar. 1862		10 Mar. 1862	One witness partly heard, and his evidence taken down in writing.		
3 Apr. "		3 Apr. "	Three witnesses heard, and their evidence taken down in writing.		
23 Sept. "		23 Sept. "	Four - ditto - ditto.		
10 Feb. 1863		10 Feb. 1863	One - ditto - ditto.		
15 June "		15 June "	Two - ditto - ditto.		
19 Aug. "		19 Aug. "	Two witnesses heard, and their evidence taken down in writing, and the deposition of one witness, previously taken by the Vicomte, read.		
24 Nov. "		24 Nov. "	Depositions read, and pleadings put off to 7th December.		
28 Dec. "		28 Dec. "	Pleadings commenced, and put off to 30th December.		
30 Dec. "		30 Dec. "	Judgment given - - - - -	30 Dec. 1863	
28 July 1858	Le Boutillier v. Le Couteur	28 July 1858	Postponed to the 14th August on account of the absence of the advocate of the defendant.	11 June 1864	
14 Aug. "		14 Aug. "	A delay of four months granted to advocate to communicate with the defendant.		
27 Nov. "		27 Nov. "	Witnesses ordered to be called.		
28 Mar. 1859		28 Mar. 1859	Two witnesses heard, and their evidence taken down in writing.		
10 Mar. 1860		10 Mar. 1860	Postponed.		
2 Mar. 1861		2 Mar. 1861	Ditto.		
8 May "		8 May "	One witness partly heard; his evidence taken down in writing.		
25 Feb. 1862		25 Feb. 1862	One witness partly heard; two witnesses heard, and their evidence taken down in writing.		
7 Feb. 1863		7 Feb. 1863	Postponed.		
17 Feb. "		17 Feb. "	Delay of three months granted on account of the absence of a witness.		
20 Jan. 1864		20 Jan. 1864	Judgment given - - - - -	20 Jan. 1864	

— III. —

LIST of CAUSES before the Inferior Number of the ROYAL COURT, *Jersey*, Disposed of during the Term commencing on the 12th April 1864, and ending on the 5th July 1864.

“COUR D'HÉRITAGE.”

When Instituted.	CAUSES.	When Called.	WHAT DONE.	When Disposed of.
9 May 1861	Gallichan, Wife, and others v. Renouf -	27 June 1861 7 Nov. “ 26 May 1862	Parties sent before the Greffier. Ordered that the court meet on the spot. Judgment given, and parties sent back before the Greffier.	
5 May 1864	Denziloe v. Marrett - - - -	5 May 1864	Return of the Greffier ordered to be registered	5 May 1864
5 May “	Le Maistre, Guardian, v. Helleur - -	2 June “	Defendant agrees to accept assignation of rent	2 June “
5 May “	Martel, Wife, and others v. Amy - -	2 June “ 16 June “	Contract annulled by consent of parties - - Judgment given - - - -	2 June “ 16 June “

“COUR DU SAMEDI.”

Note.—Causes marked thus (*) in this and other Lists, are Causes not subject to be put on the “Table” or List of Causes.

When Instituted.	Day for which the Cause was first put on the List of Causes.	CAUSES.	When Called.	WHAT DONE.	When Disposed of.
12 April 1864	(*)	Slous v. Conway, Curator - -	30 April 1864	Judgment given - - - -	30 April 1864
	(*)	Le Grealey v. Attorney General and Receiver General.	12 April “	Judgment given - - - -	12 April “
	(*)	Dorey v. Constable of Trinity -	13 April “	Judgment given - - - -	13 April “
	(*)	Asplet v. Krug - - - -	16 April “	Judgment given - - - -	16 April “
16 April 1864	(*)	Jeandron v. Marrett and Wife -	16 April “	Judgment given - - - -	16 April “
16 April “	(*)	The same v. The same - - -	16 April “	Judgment given - - - -	16 April “
21 April “	(*)	Le Sueur, Curator, v. Deslandes	21 April “	Judgment given - - - -	21 April “
	(*)	Cooke v. Copp - - - -	21 April “	Judgment given - - - -	21 April “
	(*)	Le Queene v. Gruchy, Constable	23 April “	Judgment given - - - -	23 April “
	(*)	Le Couteur v. Gallichan - -	23 April “	Judgment given - - - -	23 April “
	(*)	Attorney and Receiver General v. Picot.	5 Dec. 1863	Defendant made default.	
	(*)	Payn and others v. Jean - -	23 April 1864	Judgment by default - - - -	23 April “
	(*)	King v. Pearce and another -	30 April “	Judgment by default.	
	(*)	Cooke v. Copp - - - -	7 May “	Judgment rendered executory against the person of defendant.	7 May “
	(*)	Lemprière and Wife v. Lemprière	30 April “	Judgment given - - - -	30 April “
	(*)		2 May “	Judgment given - - - -	2 May “
13 April 1863		Colebrook v. Fowler - - -	19 April 1863	Witnesses ordered to be called.	
30 April 1864		Nicoll v. Roberts - - -	7 May 1864	Referred to arbitration - - -	7 May “
30 April “		Le Gros v. The same - - -	4 May “	Judgment by default - - -	4 May “
30 April “		Manger & Co. v. The same -	4 May “	Judgment by default - - -	4 May “
	(*)	Simonet v. Dellot - - -	4 May “	Judgment by default - - -	4 May “
	(*)	Thorne & Co. v. Turner, Secretary	4 May “	Judgment given - - - -	4 May “
	(*)	Jackson v. Cornwall - - -	4 May “	Judgment given - - - -	4 May “
5 Sept. 1863		Le Neven v. Bertram - - -	7 May “	Judgment given - - - -	7 May “
			30 Sept. 1863	Postponed until the termination of the criminal prosecution against the defendant.	
		Le Marquand v. Le Marquand -	10 May 1864	Judgment given - - - -	10 May “
		Wadsworth v. Contempré - -	10 May “	Judgment given - - - -	10 May “
		Le Touzel v. Le Touzel - -	10 May “	Judgment given - - - -	10 May “
		Starck and Wife v. Journeaux -	10 May “	Judgment by default - - -	10 May “
		Thomas v. Thomas - - -	13 June 1863	Parties sent before the Greffier.	
			10 May 1864	Return of the Greffier confirmed -	10 May “
			5 July 1862	Witnesses ordered to be called.	
			13 June 1863	Postponed.	
			23 Nov. “	Parties agree to plead the cause out of term.	
2 Aug. 1862		Luce v. Beams - - - -	12 May 1864	Witnesses heard, judgment given -	12 May “
			18 Oct. 1862	Witnesses ordered to be called.	
			12 Sept. 1863	Postponed.	
			12 May 1864	Witnesses heard, judgment given -	12 May “
			18 Nov. 1862	Witnesses ordered to be called.	
			14 Nov. 1863	Postponed.	
			12 May 1864	Witnesses heard, judgment given -	12 May “
			5 Dec. 1863	Postponed.	
			4 May 1864	Withdrawn - - - -	4 May “
			5 Dec. 1863	Postponed.	
			4 May 1864	Withdrawn - - - -	4 May “
	(*)	Westaway v. Golden - - -	14 April 1863	Witnesses ordered to be called.	
			21 Nov. “	Postponed.	
			13 May 1864	Witnesses heard, judgment given -	13 May “

"COUE DU SAMEDI"—continued.

When Instituted.	Day for which the Cause was first put on the List of Causes.	CAUSES.	When Called.	WHAT DONE.	When Disposed of.
2 April 1862	(*)	Way v. Robinson - - -	17 Nov. 1863 13 May 1864	Witnesses ordered to be called. Defendant consented to a judgment against him.	13 May 1864
	14 May 1864	Coudray v. Coudray - - -	14 May "	Delay of one month granted to communicate with defendant.	
	14 May "	The same v. The same - - -	18 June " 14 May "	Judgment given - - - - Delay of one month granted to communicate with defendant.	18 June "
	(*)	De Ste. Croix v. Le Brocq - - -	18 June "	Judgment given - - - -	18 June "
	12 April 1864	Renouf v. Messervy and another - - -	17 May "	Judgment given - - - -	17 May "
	4 May "	Querée v. Cristin and Wife - - -	18 May " 18 June "	Judgment given - - - - Parties sent before the Greffier.	18 May "
	21 May "	Le Gros v. Le Gros, Guardian, and another.	18 June " 26 May "	Judgment given by default - - - Judgment given by default - - -	18 June " 26 May "
	(*)	Hocquard v. Prince - - -	28 May "	Judgment given - - - -	28 May "
	4 June 1864	De Veulle v. Le Feuvre - - -	4 June "	Judgment given - - - -	4 June "
	(*)	Minors v. Carroll - - -	4 June "	Judgment given - - - -	4 June "
	(*)	Simou v. Pitcher - - -	4 June "	Judgment given - - - -	4 June "
	4 June 1864	Warne v. Roberts - - -	4 June "	Judgment by default - - - -	4 June "
	4 June "	Spiller v. The same - - -	4 June "	Judgment by default - - - -	4 June "
	4 June "	Henwood v. The same - - -	4 June "	Judgment by default - - - -	4 June "
	4 June "	Marett v. The same - - -	4 June "	Judgment by default - - - -	4 June "
	(*)	Manuel v. Perchard - - -	4 June "	Judgment by default - - - -	4 June "
	(*)	Soady v. Ferris - - -	19 Mar. "	Parties sent before the Greffier.	
	(*)	Quesnel v. Bartlett - - -	4 June "	Judgment given - - - -	4 June "
	13 June 1863	Raden v. Coleman - - -	4 June " 4 July 1863	Judgment given - - - - Parties agree to plead the cause out of term.	4 June "
			4 June 1864	An administrator ordered to be appointed to defendant.	
	(*)	Vickery v. Lecuyer - - -	5 July "	Judgment given - - - -	5 July "
	(*)	Le Gros v. Le Maître and Wife - - -	8 June "	Judgment given - - - -	8 June "
	(*)	Le Mottée v. Laurens - - -	10 June "	Judgment given by default - - -	10 June "
	(*)	De Gruchy v. Nicolle, Curator - - -	11 June "	Judgment given - - - -	11 June "
	(*)	Allix v. Ennis - - -	11 June "	Judgment given - - - -	11 June "
23 June 1863		Gallie v. Ahier - - -	22 Feb. 1862 14 Feb. 1863 14 Feb. 1864 13 June "	Witnesses ordered to be called. Postponed. Postponed. Witnesses heard, judgment given -	13 June "
			10 Oct. 1857	Cause adjourned until the termination of the criminal prosecution against defendant.	
			16 Apr. 1860 17 Nov. "	Witnesses ordered to be called. Postponed.	
			15 May 1861	Postponed on account of the absence of a witness	
			3 May 1862	Postponed.	
			18 Apr. 1863	Postponed.	
			26 May "	Witnesses heard, and pleadings put off to 27th May.	
			14 Oct. "	Cause pleaded, judgment given.	
			15 June 1864	Judgment rendered executory against the person of defendant.	15 June 1864
	18 June 1864	Le Cras v. Journeaux and Wife -	25 June "	Judgment by default - - - -	25 June "
	(*)	Mourant v. Journeaux - - -	25 June "	Judgment by default - - - -	25 June "
	(*)	The same v. The same and Wife -	25 June "	Judgment by default - - - -	25 June "
	(*)	Godfray v. Journeaux - - -	25 June "	Judgment by default - - - -	25 June "
	(*)	Godfray v. Journeaux - - -	25 June "	Judgment by default - - - -	25 June "
	(*)	Allez v. Asplet, Guardian - - -	25 June "	Judgment given - - - -	25 June "
	(*)	Gaudin v. Folley - - -	30 June "	Judgment given - - - -	30 June "
	(*)	Whitley v. Messervy - - -	1 July "	Judgment given - - - -	1 July "
	(*)	Le Gallais v. Mollet - - -	2 July "	Judgment by default - - - -	2 July "
	(*)	De Faye and Wife v. Marett and Wife.	2 July "	Judgment given - - - -	2 July "
23 June 1863	2 July 1864	Whitley v. Pallot - - -	2 July "	Judgment given - - - -	2 July "
	(*)	Benset v. Le François - - -	2 July "	Judgment given - - - -	2 July "
	(*)	Emily v. Le Monnier - - -	4 July "	Judgment given - - - -	4 July "
	(*)	Aubin, Guardian, v. The same -	4 July "	Judgment given - - - -	4 July "
	(*)	Attorney General v. Fauvel and others.	- - -	Not called since, and lapsed	24 June "

"COUR DU BILLET,"
or COURT for the RECOVERY of SIMPLE DEBTS.

Day for which the Cause was first put on the List of Causes.	CAUSES.	When Called.	WHAT DONE.	When Disposed of.
22 April 1864	25 Judgments given, of which 15 by default	22 April 1864	- - - - -	22 April 1864
22 April "	7 Judgments previously given rendered executory against the person.	22 April "	- - - - -	22 April "
22 April "	1 Cause referred to arbitration - -	22 April "	- - - - -	22 April "
6 May "	32 Judgments given, of which 28 by default	6 May "	- - - - -	6 May "
6 May "	9 Judgments previously given rendered executory against the person.	6 May "	- - - - -	6 May "
20 May "	3 Judgments given, of which 1 by default	20 May "	- - - - -	20 May "
3 June "	36 Judgments, of which 32 by default -	3 June "	- - - - -	3 June "
3 June "	18 Judgments previously given rendered executory against the person.	3 June "	- - - - -	3 June "
3 June "	2 Causes referred to arbitration - -	3 June "	- - - - -	3 June "
10 June "	5 Judgments given, of which 4 by default	10 June "	- - - - -	10 June "
10 June "	3 Judgments previously given rendered executory against the person.	10 June "	- - - - -	10 June "
1 July "	15 Judgments given, of which 13 by default	1 July "	- - - - -	1 July "
	25 Judgments rendered executory against the person.	1 July "	- - - - -	1 July "
15 May 1863	Becquet v. Poisson - - - - -	15 May 1863	Witnesses ordered to be called.	
		22 April 1864	Postponed.	
		15 June "	Witnesses heard ; judgment given - - -	15 June "
6 May 1864	Nicolle v. Nicolle and others - - -	6 May "	Parties sent before the Greffier.	
		1 July "	Judgment given - - - - -	1 July "
16 Oct. 1863	Jean v. Le Cornu - - - - -	30 Oct. 1863	Parties sent before the Greffier.	
		6 May 1864	Parties sent back before the Greffier.	
		20 May "	Judgment given - - - - -	20 May "
30 Oct. "	Martin v. Luce and others - - -	30 Oct. 1863	Postponed on account of the absence from the Island of the advocate of some of the de- fendants.	
		10 June 1864	Judgment given - - - - -	10 June "
23 May 1862	Cook v. Debismes - - - - -	27 June 1862	Parties sent before the Greffier.	
		26 Sept. "	Witnesses ordered to be called.	
		24 Nov. "	Postponed on account of the illness of the advocate of defendant.	
		22 June 1863	Postponed on account of the absence of a witness.	
		2 Nov. "	Delay of a fortnight granted to defendant, on account of the absence from the Island of one of his witnesses.	
		20 Nov. "	Delay of a fortnight granted to defendant, on account of the absence through illness of one of his witnesses.	
		15 June 1864	Witnesses heard ; judgment given - - -	15 June 1864

CRIMINAL CASES.

Date of Institution.	Prosecution <i>versus</i>	When Called.	WHAT DONE.	Date of Sentence or Termination of the Cause.
2 July 1864	Edward M'Donnell - - - -	2 July 1864	Sent to his place of settlement - - -	2 July 1864
27 June "	George Cowper - - - -	27 June "	Sentenced - - - - -	27 June "
27 June "	Thomas Wrixen - - - -	27 June "	Sent to his place of settlement - - -	27 June "
18 June "	David Sandycok - - - -	18 June "	Sent to the hospital - - - - -	18 June "
14 May "	Michael Vasin - - - -	14 May "	Pleaded not guilty.	
		30 May "	Witnesses heard, and their evidence taken down in writing.	
		8 June "	Pleaded guilty, and sentenced - - -	8 June "
14 May "	François Manoury - - - -	14 May "	Pleaded not guilty.	
		31 May "	Witnesses heard; prisoner discharged - -	31 May "
28 May "	Marie Bonneford and Josephine Renard -	28 May "	Sent to their place of settlement - - -	28 May "
28 May "	Jean Le Breton and William Way - -	28 May "	Sentenced - - - - -	28 May "
28 May "	Louise Baron - - - -	28 May "	Sentenced - - - - -	28 May "
21 Apr. "	William Samuel Sinnott - - - -	21 Apr. "	Pleaded not guilty.	
		26 Apr. "	Witnesses heard, and their evidence taken down in writing.	
		29 Apr. "	Ditto - - ditto - - ditto.	
		3 May "	Ditto - - ditto - - ditto.	
		9 May "	Ditto - - ditto - - ditto.	
		11 May "	Tried before the "Enditement," and appealed to the "Grande Enquête."	
		19 May "	Tried before the "Grande Enquête," and sentenced	19 May "
18 May 1864	Philip Anley - - - -	18 May "	Agreed to pay a pension to his wife - -	18 May "
14 May "	Edward James Clavell, Henry George Holmes, and William Way.	14 May "	Sentenced - - - - -	14 May "
14 May "	Harriet Harness - - - -	14 May "	Sent to the hospital - - - - -	14 May "
9 May "	Hugh Futhey - - - -	9 May "	Sentenced - - - - -	9 May "
23 Apr. "	Louise Flambar and Louise Cholet -	23 Apr. "	Pleaded not guilty.	
		9 May "	Pleaded guilty, and sentenced - - -	9 May "
30 Apr. "	Philip Ivy - - - -	30 Apr. "	Sentenced - - - - -	30 Apr. "
5 Dec. 1863	Louis Collivet - - - -	5 Dec. 1863	Pleaded not guilty.	
		29 Apr. 1864	Discharged - - - - -	29 Apr. "
13 Oct. "	Jane Laurens and Marguerite Picot -	13 Oct. 1863	Pleaded not guilty.	
		29 Apr. 1864	Witnesses heard, and prisoners sentenced -	29 Apr. "
4 July "	Elizabeth Churchill - - - -	4 July 1863	Pleaded not guilty.	
		27 Apr. 1864	Witnesses heard, and their evidence taken down in writing.	
		28 Apr. "	Witnesses heard, and prisoner sentenced -	28 Apr. "
24 Oct. "	Philip Ryan - - - -	24 Oct. 1863	Pleaded not guilty.	
		28 Apr. 1864	Witnesses heard, and prisoners sentenced -	28 Apr. "
18 July "	Auguste Le Long - - - -	18 July 1863	Pleaded not guilty.	
		27 Apr. 1864	Witnesses heard, and prisoner sentenced -	27 Apr. "
25 Oct. 1862	Charles Butters - - - -	25 Oct. 1862	Pleaded not guilty.	
		24 Oct. 1863	Postponed.	
		26 Apr. 1864	Witnesses heard, and prosecution abandoned -	26 Apr. "
9 Apr. 1864	John Fallaize and Philip Ivy - - -	9 Apr. "	Ordered that their parents be convened.	
		26 Apr. "	Injunction made to their parents to watch over their conduct.	26 Apr. "
23 Apr. "	William Gamble - - - -	23 Apr. "	Sentenced - - - - -	23 Apr. "
21 Apr. "	Elizabeth Lind - - - -	21 Apr. "	Sentenced - - - - -	21 Apr. "
16 Apr. "	John Binet - - - -	16 Apr. "	Sentenced - - - - -	16 Apr. "
16 Apr. "	Charles Fry - - - -	16 Apr. "	Sentenced - - - - -	16 Apr. "

— IV. —

LIST of CAUSES before the Inferior Number of the ROYAL COURT, *Jersey*, Pending on the 5th day of July 1864.

“COUR D'HÉRITAGE.”

When Instituted.	CAUSES.	When Called.	WHAT DONE.
5 May 1864	Hubert v. Hubert - - - - -		
	Brownsea, Wife, and others v. M'Allen and Wife - -		
	Machon v. Machon - - - - -		
	Alger v. Alger - - - - -	2 June 1864	† Parties sent before the Greffier.
	Giot and others v. Giot - - - - -		
	Gallichan v. Binet and Wife - - - - -		
	De Gruchy and others v. De Gruchy - - - - -		
	Moulin and Wife v. Noel - - - - -		
	Gulton v. Gaudin - - - - -		
	Godfray and others v. Godfray - - - - -		
	Hamon and Wife v. Bisson and Wife - - - - -	16 June „	Parties sent before the Greffier.
	Hotton and Wife v. Cristina and Wife - - - - -		
	Perrée v. Perrée - - - - -		
	De La Haye v. Le Quesne - - - - -		
	Le Cornu and others v. Le Cornu - - - - -		
	Vibert v. Barbier - - - - -	16 June „	Defendant made default.
	Gaudin v. Parish of St. Helier - - - - -	16 June „	Sent before the Vicomte to establish boundaries.
	Le Quesne v. Le Quesne - - - - -	16 June „	Postponed until the termination of another suit.
	Coleback v. Le Quesne - - - - -	16 June „	Postponed until the termination of another suit.
	Vaudin and others v. Vaudin - - - - -		
	Vibert v. Barbier, Executor - - - - -	30 June „	Parties sent before the Greffier.
	Nicolle v. Nicolle - - - - -		
10 Oct. 1861	Laurens v. Gruchy - - - - -	21 Nov. 1861	Sent before the Vicomte to establish boundaries.
5 May 1864	Parish of St. John v. Gush - - - - -	30 June 1864	Parties sent back before the Vicomte.
	Le Breton v. Le Breton - - - - -	30 June „	Sent before the Vicomte to establish boundaries.
		30 June „	Postponed on account of the absence from the Island of the advocate of defendant.
	Le Breton v. Le Breton - - - - -	30 June „	Postponed on account of the absence from the Island of the advocate of defendant.
	Gallie v. De Faye and another - - - - -	30 June „	Postponed on account of the absence from the Island of the advocate of defendant.
	Mauger v. Le Gallais - - - - -	30 June „	Postponed on account of the absence from the Island of the advocate of defendant.
	Moyse v. Le Maistre - - - - -	30 June „	Postponed until the termination of another suit.
	Laurens and others v. Laurens - - - - -	30 June „	Postponed.
May 1863	Le Feuvre v. Stevens - - - - -	18 June 1863	Parties agree to plead the cause out of term.
		19 Nov. „	Ditto - - - ditto.
		30 June 1864	Adjourned to the 7th July.
Oct. „	L'Amy v. Turner - - - - -	5 Nov. 1863	Witnesses ordered to be called.
		2 June 1864	Ordered, that the depositions of witnesses be taken down in writing.
4 Oct. 1860	Le Boutillier v. Pirouet - - - - -	15 Nov. 1860	Defendant makes default.
		4 Dec. „	Ordered, that the Vicomte call experts to value the property.
		20 June 1861	Return of the Vicomte received, and witnesses ordered to be called.
		7 Nov. „	Ordered, that the depositions of the witnesses be taken down in writing.
		4 Dec. 1862	Postponed.
		28 April 1863	Five witnesses heard, and their depositions taken down in writing.
10 Oct. 1861	Le Masurier v. Le Bas - - - - -	24 Feb. 1864	Ditto - - - ditto.
		5 Dec. 1861	Postponed.
		4 Dec. 1862	Witnesses ordered to be heard.
		19 Nov. 1863	Ordered, that the depositions of witnesses be taken down in writing.
8 Oct. 1863	De Carteret v. Syvret - - - - -	5 Nov. „	Sent before the Vicomte to establish boundaries.
8 Oct. „	The same v. Le Maistre - - - - -	5 Nov. „	Sent before the Vicomte to establish boundaries.
7 May „	La Cloche and others v. De Carteret and others - -	18 June „	One of the defendants made default.
		2 July „	Parties sent before the Greffier.
		19 Nov. „	Pleadings commenced, and adjourned to 26th November.
		26 Nov. „	Judgment given, and parties sent back before the Greffier.

† Most of the causes sent before the Greffier at this Court are settled without coming into Court again.

"COUR DU SAMEDI."

Note.—Causes marked thus (*) in this and other Lists, are Causes not subject to be put on the "Table" or List of Causes.

When Instituted.	Day for which the Cause was first put on the List of Causes.	CAUSES.	When Called.	WHAT DONE.
25 April 1863	12 April 1864 9 May 1863	Hardeley v. Huelin, Guardian - - - De Rue v. Le Sueur - - -	12 April 1864 19 May 1863 16 April 1864 27 June "	Parties sent before the Greffier. Witnesses ordered to be called. Postponed. Postponed on account of the absence from the Island of the advocate of the defendant.
		Godfray v. Messervy - - -	5 Dec. 1856 18 Nov. 1857 5 July 1858 4 July 1859	Brown ordered to be made a party to the cause. One of the defendants made default. Parties agree to plead the cause out of Term. Postponed on account of the absence of the advocate of one of the defendants.
			16 May 1860	Postponed on account of the absence of the advocate of the other defendant.
			11 May 1861 2 May 1862 9 May 1863 16 April 1864	Postponed. Postponed. Postponed. Postponed.
30 April 1864 5 Feb. "	14 May 1864 (*)	Vibert v. Payn, Constable - - - Dagnet v. Le Brun, Administrator - -	- 5 Mar. 1864	Not called during the Term. Delay of a fortnight granted to defendant to examine the statement made by plaintiff of his property.
			2 April " 2 May "	Witnesses ordered to be called. Delay of 3 months granted to defendant on account of the absence from the Island of two of his witnesses.
	(*)	Brown v. Sharp - - -	18 Nov. 1863	Parties sent before the Greffier.
	17 June 1863	Arthur, De Carteret & Co. v. Capuron and others.	4 May 1864 4 July 1863	Parties sent back before the Greffier. One of the defendants made default.
			4 May 1864	Postponed on account of the absence from the Island of the advocate of the defendants.
	23 April 1864 (*)	Leigh v. Houlgate - - -	4 May "	Postponed at the request of plaintiff.
	16 April 1864	Le Templier v. Cockram - - -	4 May "	Witnesses ordered to be called.
	30 April "	Lion v. Anquetil and Wife - - -	4 May "	Witnesses ordered to be called.
	7 May "	Hardeley v. Huelin, Guardian - - -	4 May "	Parties sent before the Greffier.
	(*)	Vautier v. Syvret - - -	7 May "	Parties sent before the Greffier.
		Gosset, Treasurer, v. Laurens - - -	7 May "	Defendant made default.
	12 April 1864 (*)	Le Boutillier v. Vibert - - -	11 June "	Witnesses ordered to be called.
	17 May 1862	D'Allain, Procureur, v. Falle - - -	10 May "	Vicomte sent to examine and report.
26 April 1862		Corbin v. De Carteret - - -	14 May "	Parties sent before the Greffier.
26 April "	17 May "	The same v. The same and Wife - - -	4 June 1863 14 May 1864	Postponed. Postponed.
	14 Nov. 1863	Moysse v. Pronings, Curator - - -	4 June 1863 14 May 1864	Postponed. Postponed.
	14 May 1864	Le Feuvre v. Nicolle - - -	5 Dec. 1863	Postponed.
	23 April "	Nicolle and others v. Nicolle - - -	14 May 1864	Parties sent before the Greffier.
	12 April "	Hubert v. Hubert - - -	17 May "	Parties sent before the Greffier.
	23 Oct. 1863	Le Bas, Attorney, v. Le Bas - - -	17 May " 18 May "	Parties sent before the Greffier. Parties sent before the Greffier.
29 June 1859	12 April 1864 5 July 1859	Larbaletstier v. Le Coeq - - - Monteith v. Bryant and another - -	5 Dec. 1863 18 May 1864 18 May " 5 July 1859	Postponed. Parties sent before the Greffier. Witnesses ordered to be called. Postponed on account of the absence of the advocate of one of the defendants.
			17 Oct. " 22 Sept. 1860	Witnesses ordered to be called. Postponed.
			8 Oct. " 12 Sept. 1861	Evidence ordered to be taken down in writing. Postponed.
			21 June 1862 9 June 1863	Postponed. Postponed.
			21 May 1864	Postponed.
29 Nov. 1859 30 Nov. "	(*) 5 Dec. 1859 (*)	Mill v. Davidson - - - Hayley v. Marett - - - Marett v. Hayley - - -	28 May " 5 Dec. 1859	Parties sent before the Greffier. The two causes joined; witnesses ordered to be called, and their evidence taken down in writing.
			21 May 1860	Two witnesses heard, and one partly heard; their evidence taken down in writing.
			11 May 1861 26 April 1862 13 April 1863	Causes postponed. Causes postponed. Causes postponed.
			23 Feb. 1864	One witness heard, and one partly heard; their evidence taken down in writing.
			7 Mar. " 8 Mar. "	Ditto - ditto. One witness partly heard, and his evidence taken down in writing.
			21 April "	Causes postponed on account of the absence from the Island of Mr. Hayley.
			25 May "	Two witnesses partly heard; their evidence taken down in writing.
	(*)	Hart & Sons v. Capuron - - -	10 April 1858 2 Oct. " 27 Nov. " 14 May 1859 29 Oct. " 21 April 1860	Judgment given, and appeal. Renewals to keep the appeal in force.

"COUR DU SAMEDI"—continued.

When Instituted.	Day for which the Cause was first put on the List of Causes.	CAUSES.	When Called.	WHAT DONE.
	(*)	Hart & Sons v. Capuron - - -	20 Sept. 1860 9 Oct. " 21 Feb. 1861 1 Mar. " 8 Mar. " 16 May 1863 23 April 1864	Pleadings began before the Superior Number, and put off to another day. Postponed. Postponed on account of the illness of advocate of appellants. Postponed on account of the illness of one of the jurats. Pleadings terminated, and judgment affirmed; appeal to Her Majesty in Council. Order in Council registered, by which Order the judgment is reversed, and evidence ordered to be taken. Postponed on account of the absence from the Island of the advocate of the defendant.
	13 Nov. 1858	Lesdos v. Le Breton - - -	1 Dec. 1858 25 Oct. 1859 13 Oct. 1860 28 Sept. 1861 20 Feb. 1862 22 Nov. " 3 June 1863 7 May 1864 16 June 1862 10 June 1863 28 May 1864	Witnesses ordered to be called. Ordered, that the evidence of witnesses be taken down in writing. Postponed. Postponed. Two witnesses partly heard; their evidence taken down in writing. Postponed. Postponed. Postponed. Witnesses ordered to be called. Postponed. Postponed.
	7 June 1862	Le Marquand and Wife v. Vincent - -	16 June 1862 10 June 1863 28 May 1864	Witnesses ordered to be called. Postponed. Postponed.
2 June 1864	11 June 1864 12 April "	Du Jardin and others v. Harrison - - Vaudin v. Jones - - -	- - - 4 June 1864	Not called during the Term. Delay of eight days granted to defendant to examine a document produced by plaintiff.
	12 April " 16 April "	Maigner v. Volcheryck - - - Contempré v. Wadsworth - - -	4 June " 4 June "	Witnesses ordered to be called. Witnesses ordered to be called.
9 April. 1864	16 April " (*)	Le Maistre and Wife v. Hamon - - Godfray v. Falle - - -	4 June " 17 June 1863 4 June 1864	Witnesses ordered to be called. Parties sent before the Greffier. Parties sent back before the Greffier.
	(*)	Gosset, Treasurer, v. Godfray - - -	11 June 1864	De La Mare ordered to be convened.
11 June 1864	18 June 1864 23 April " 27 June 1863	Du Jardin v. Deal and another - - Hocquard v. Hamon - - - De Ste. Croix v. Lloyd - - -	- - - 11 June 1864 4 July 1863 13 June 1864	Not called during the Term. Postponed. Witnesses ordered to be called. Postponed.
5 May 1863	16 May " 30 May "	Le Bas and Wife v. Nicolle and Wife - - Poingdestre v. Le Gros - - -	4 July 1863 13 June 1864 4 July 1863 14 Sept. " 13 June 1864	Witnesses ordered to be called. Postponed on account of the illness of advocate of plaintiff. Postponed. Witnesses ordered to be called. Postponed on account of the absence of several witnesses.
20 June 1863	29 June " (*)	Scott v. Hamon - - - Gosset, Treasurer, v. Gaudin - - -	4 July 1863 14 Sept. " 13 June 1864 29 June 1863	Postponed. Witnesses ordered to be called. A delay of six months granted on account of the absence from the Island of two witnesses. Constable of St. Helier and others ordered to be convened.
	16 April 1864 12 Sept. 1863	Vibert, Administrator, v. Perrée - - Keisser and Wife v. Westaway and another - -	18 June 1864 18 June " 14 Sept. 1863 18 June 1864	Postponed. Parties sent before the Greffier. Parties sent before the Greffier. Postponed.
	(*)	Vincent v. Le Gresley - - -	20 June "	Postponed on account of the absence from the Island of the advocate of some of the creditors of the defendant.
	25 June 1863	Le Brun v. Le Brun - - -	29 June 1863	Parties sent before the Greffier.
	18 June 1864 (*)	Le Maistre v. Moyse, Executor - - Mallet v. Loyeux, Consul - - -	25 June 1864 25 June " 25 June "	Parties sent back before the Greffier. Ordered, that Pronings be convened. Ordered, that several persons be convened.
	27 June 1863	D'Allain v. Lloyd - - -	4 July 1863 27 June 1864	Witnesses ordered to be called. Postponed.
5 Dec. 1862	13 April " (*)	Renouf v. Le Gros - - - Horman v. Bisson and others - - Amy v. Hardie - - - Corner v. Le Touzel - - -	15 April 1863 5 Dec. " 27 June 1864 4 July " 4 July " 26 Sept. 1863 4 July 1864 4 July " 5 July " 5 July "	Witnesses ordered to be called. Postponed. Postponed on account of the absence from the Island of the advocate of the defendant. Postponed. Parties sent before the Greffier. Parties sent before the Greffier. Parties sent back before the Greffier. Ordered, that several persons be convened. Ordered, that several persons be convened. Witnesses ordered to be called.
This cause must have been instituted previous to the 5th Dec. 1863, as there was a counter action called on that day.		Perchard and others v. Loyeux, Consul - - Aubert v. Falle - - - Bottomley v. Steel and Wife - - -	- - - 4 July " 5 July " 5 July "	

"COUR DU SAMEDI"—continued.

When Instituted.	Day for which the Cause was first put on the List of Causes.	C A U S E S.	When Called.	W H A T D O N E.
2 July 1864	7 May 1864	Le Brocq v. De Ste. Croix - - -	5 July 1864	Vicomte sent to examine and report.
	18 June "	Turquand v. De Carteret - - -	5 July "	Postponed.
	(*)	Attorney General v. Le Franc - - -	5 July "	Parties agree to plead out of Term.
	(*)	The same v. Lempière - - -	- - -	Not called during the Term.
8 Aug. 1863	(*)	The same v. Le Vesconte and another - - -	5 Dec. 1863	Postponed at the request of the defendants, their advocate not having been able to prepare himself for pleading the cause.
	(*)	The same v. Deslandes - - -	5 Dec. "	Ditto - - ditto.
	(*)	The same v. Granlin - - -	5 Dec. "	Ditto - - ditto.
	(*)	The same v. Du Pont - - -	5 Dec. "	Witnesses ordered to be called.
14 Nov. "	(*)	The same v. Ahier - - -	15 Aug. "	Byrne ordered to be convened.
	28 Nov. 1863	Luce v. Jasper - - -	5 Dec. "	Postponed.
	31 Oct. "	Renouf v. Corbel - - -	4 July 1864	Witnesses ordered to be called.
	5 Dec. "	Syvret v. Le Gresley - - -	2 Dec. 1863	Ditto - - ditto.
23 June 1863	31 Oct. "	De Carteret v. Le Brun, Agent - - -	5 Dec. "	Parties sent before the Greffier.
	24 Oct. "	Le Neven v. Pirouet and another - - -	5 Dec. "	Postponed.
	(*)	Jeandron v. Mercier - - -	5 Dec. "	Postponed.
	(*)	Horman, Guardian, v. Evans and another - - -	9 Jan. 1864	Witnesses ordered to be called.
4 Feb. 1860	(*)	Le Quesne v. Le Franc - - -	17 Mar. "	Miss Vernon ordered to be made a party to the cause.
	(*)	Ahier and others v. Ahier - - -	2 April "	Witnesses ordered to be called.
	(*)	Lemprière v. Becquet - - -	2 April "	Parties sent before the Greffier.
	12 Dec. 1863	De La Mare v. Trenchard - - -	21 Nov. 1863	Witnesses ordered to be called.
26 Sept. 1863	(*)	Clarke v. Parish of St. Heller - - -	18 Nov. "	Ditto - - ditto.
	26 Sept. 1863	Atkins and Foster v. Le Touzel - - -	19 Oct. "	Vicomte ordered to examine, and report.
	(*)	Trueman v. Journeaux - - -	26 Sept. "	Parties sent before the Greffier.
	(*)		13 June "	Damer ordered to be made a party to the cause.
26 Sept. 1860	(*)	Vivian v. Godfray - - -	27 June "	Damer made default.
	(*)		4 Aug. "	Witnesses ordered to be called.
	(*)		12 Sept. 1860	Parties sent before the Greffier.
	(*)		3 Oct. "	Pleadings heard, and judgment put off to 6th October.
5 April 1861	(*)	Renouf v. Renouf - - -	6 Oct. "	Judgment given; parties sent back before the Greffier.
	(*)		27 Oct. "	Postponed.
	(*)		5 Oct. 1861	Postponed.
	(*)		27 Sept. 1862	Postponed.
3 May 1860	(*)		12 Sept. 1863	Postponed.
	(*)		17 May 1859	Witnesses ordered to be called.
	(*)		29 Nov. "	Evidence ordered to be taken down in writing.
	(*)		27 Oct. 1860	Postponed.
20 Jan. 1863	(*)		5 Oct. 1861	Postponed.
	(*)		27 Sept. 1862	Postponed.
	(*)		12 Sept. 1863	Postponed.
	(*)		3 Dec. 1860	Parties agree to plead the cause out of Term.
10 Jan. 1863	(*)		10 April 1861	Witnesses ordered to be called.
	(*)		25 Nov. "	Postponed.
	(*)		8 Oct. 1862	Evidence ordered to be taken down in writing.
	(*)		10 Sept. 1863	Postponed.
20 Jan. 1863	(*)		21 May 1861	Witnesses ordered to be called.
	(*)		3 May 1862	Postponed.
	(*)		7 Oct. "	Evidence ordered to be taken down in writing.
	(*)		19 Sept. 1863	Postponed.
20 Jan. 1863	(*)		19 Nov. 1862	Parties sent before the Greffier.
	(*)		26 Sept. 1863	Parties sent back before the Greffier.
	(*)		4 July "	Postponed.
	(*)		15 Sept. "	Postponed to 19th September, to enable defendant to examine documents produced by plaintiff.
20 Jan. 1863	(*)		19 Sept. "	Plaintiff ordered to produce further documents.
	(*)		24 Oct. "	Parties sent before the Greffier.
	(*)		20 June 1860	Witnesses ordered to be called.
	(*)		25 May 1861	Postponed.
20 Jan. 1863	(*)		10 May 1862	Postponed.
	(*)		22 Oct. "	Postponed.
	(*)		9 June 1863	Postponed on account of the absence of witnesses.
	(*)		27 Oct. "	Postponed on account of the absence of a witness.
20 Jan. 1863	(*)		30 Aug. 1862	Parties sent before the Greffier.
	(*)		18 Nov. "	Witnesses ordered to be called.
	(*)		7 Nov. 1863	Postponed.
	(*)		15 June 1864	Postponed on account of the illness of the advocate of the defendant.
20 Jan. 1863	(*)		18 Nov. 1862	Witnesses ordered to be called.
	(*)		14 Nov. 1863	Postponed.
	(*)		3 Dec. 1862	Witnesses ordered to be called.
	(*)		23 Nov. 1863	Postponed on account of the absence of several witnesses.
20 Jan. 1863	(*)		28 April 1862	Parties sent before the Greffier.
	(*)		14 April 1863	Parties sent back before the Greffier.
	(*)		28 Nov. "	Ditto - - ditto.
	(*)		15 April "	Witnesses ordered to be called.
20 Jan. 1863	(*)		28 Nov. "	Postponed.
	(*)		16 April "	Parties sent before the Greffier.
	(*)		2 Dec. "	Parties sent back before the Greffier.
	(*)		10 April "	Parties sent before the Greffier.
20 Jan. 1863	(*)		2 Dec. "	Parties sent back before the Greffier.
	(*)		15 April "	Witnesses ordered to be called.
	(*)		5 Dec. "	Postponed.
	(*)			Postponed.

"COUR DU BILLET"—continued.

When Instituted.	Day for which the Cause was first put on the List of Causes.	CAUSES.	When Called.	WHAT DONE.
	24 Oct. 1862	Romeril v. Romeril - - - -	24 Oct. 1862	A delay of a fortnight allowed to defendant to examine a document produced by plaintiff.
			28 Nov. "	Witnesses ordered to be called.
	27 Nov. 1863	Aubert v. Vaudin - - - -	20 Nov. 1863	Evidence ordered to be taken down in writing.
		Coutanche v. Alexandre - - - -	4 Dec. "	Postponed.
			28 Nov. 1856	Postponed.
			26 June 1857	Parties sent before the Greffier.
			4 June 1858	Postponed.
			27 May 1859	Parties sent back before the Greffier.
			29 June 1860	Ditto - ditto.
			14 June 1861	Ditto - ditto.
			13 June 1862	Ditto - ditto.
			1 May 1863	Ditto - ditto.
			4 Dec. "	Ditto - ditto.
	21 Nov. 1862	Cockayne v. Carter and another - -	5 Dec. 1862	Parties sent before the Greffier.
			4 Dec. 1863	Parties sent back before the Greffier.
	13 Nov. 1863	Le Feuvre v. Le Sueur - - - -	4 Dec. "	Parties sent before the Greffier.
	13 Nov. "	Sinnatt v. Stansbury - - - -	4 Dec. "	A delay of nine months allowed to communicate with defendant.
	2 May 1862	De Gruchy v. Tocque - - - -	2 May 1862	Parties sent before the Greffier.
			5 Dec. "	Parties sent back before the Greffier.
			4 Dec. 1863	Postponed, the defendant having placed his property in the hands of justice.
	4 July "	Tocque v. Johnson - - - -	4 July 1862	Delay of one month granted to communicate with defendant.
			10 Oct. "	Witnesses ordered to be called.
			26 Sept. 1863	Postponed.
	22 April 1864	Aubin, Administrator, v. Touzeau - -	22 April 1864	Delay of one month allowed to defendant.
	22 April "	Gallichan v. Renouf - - - -	22 April "	Postponed on account of the absence from the Island of the advocate of the defendant.
	22 April "	Lemprière v. Esnouf - - - -	22 April "	Ordered that Le Mottée be made a party to the cause.
	22 April "	Le Sauter v. Vaudin - - - -	22 April "	Parties sent before the Greffier.
	22 April "	Aubert v. Vaudin - - - -	22 April "	Parties sent before the Greffier.
	15 May 1863	Cabot v. Le Brocq - - - -	29 May 1863	Witnesses ordered to be called.
			22 April 1864	Postponed.
	26 Sept. 1862	Tocque v. Johnson and another - -	10 Oct. 1862	Parties sent before the Greffier.
			2 Oct. 1863	Parties sent back before the Greffier.
			22 April 1864	Ditto - ditto.
	1 May 1863	Falle v. Jones - - - -	1 May 1863	Parties sent before the Greffier.
			22 April 1864	Parties sent back before the Greffier.
	15 May "	Hocquard v. Alexandre and another -	15 May 1863	Parties sent before the Greffier.
			22 April 1864	Postponed on account of the absence from the Island of advocate of one of the defendants.
	7 Nov. 1862	Horman v. Le Touzel - - - -	28 Nov. 1862	Parties sent before the Greffier.
			19 June 1863	Parties sent back before the Greffier.
			22 April 1864	Ditto - ditto.
	22 April 1864	Le Brun v. Gruchy - - - -	6 May "	Parties sent before the Greffier.
	6 May "	Baudains v. Vaudin - - - -	6 May "	Parties sent before the Greffier.
	22 April "	Gaudin v. Simon - - - -	6 May "	Parties sent before the Greffier.
	6 May "	Vaudin v. Maret - - - -	6 May "	Parties sent before the Greffier.
	6 May "	Huelin v. Nicolle and another - -	6 May "	One of the defendants made default.
	3 June "	Le Gros v. Pearce - - - -	3 June "	Parties sent before the Greffier.
	20 May "	Le Quesne v. Godfray and others - -	3 June "	Parties sent before the Greffier.
	22 April "	Chabrol v. De Gruchy - - - -	3 June "	Parties ordered to be convened.
	22 April "	Hubert v. Hubert - - - -	3 June "	Delay of three months granted.
	2 Oct. 1863	Le Couteur v. Gallichan - - - -	2 Oct. 1863	Parties sent before the Greffier.
			22 April 1864	Parties sent back before the Greffier.
			3 June "	Witnesses ordered to be called.
	2 Oct. "	Gallichan and others v. Gallichan - -	2 Oct. 1863	Parties sent before the Greffier.
			10 June 1864	Parties sent back before the Greffier.
	22 April 1864	Hyne v. Civil and United Service Club -	10 June "	Ordered, that all the members of the club be convened.
	1 July "	Blampied v. Apothecary - - - -	1 July "	Parties sent before the Greffier.
	20 May "	Baudains v. Stevens - - - -	1 July "	Parties sent before the Greffier.
	10 June "	Le Riche v. Le Sueur - - - -	1 July "	Parties sent before the Greffier.
	1 July "	D'Auvergne v. Neel - - - -	1 July "	Parties sent before the Greffier.
	10 June "	D'Allain v. Vaudin - - - -	1 July "	Parties sent before the Greffier.
	1 July "	Renouf v. Gruchy - - - -	1 July "	Put off on account of the absence from the Island of the advocate of defendant.
	1 July "	Le Maistre v. Le Lièvre - - - -	1 July "	Put off on account of the absence from the Island of the advocate of defendant.
	1 July "	Dequetteville and others v. Picot - -	1 July "	Put off on account of the absence from the Island of the advocate of defendant.
	27 Nov. 1863	Godfray v. Vaudin - - - -	4 Dec. 1863	Postponed.
			1 July 1864	Witnesses ordered to be called; their evidence ordered to be taken down in writing.
	1 July 1864	Le Gallais v. Gallichan - - - -	1 July "	Adjourned to the following day.
			2 July "	Parties sent before the Greffier.

CRIMINAL CASES Pending on the 5th July 1864.

Date of Institution.	Prosecution <i>versus</i>	When Called.	W H A T D O N E.
11 June 1864	Charles Capuron - - - - -	11 June 1864	Pleaded not guilty.
		22 June "	Two witnesses heard, and the evidence taken down in writing.
16 June "	Ann Mary Le Grealey - - - - -	16 June "	Pleaded not guilty.
19 May 1863	Thomas Stevens - - - - -	19 May 1863	Ditto.
		26 Apr. 1864	Cause postponed on account of the absence from the Island of the advocate of the accused.
23 May "	John Hunt - - - - -	23 May 1863	Pleaded not guilty.
		26 Apr. 1864	Cause postponed on account of the absence from the Island of the advocate of the accused.
19 Mar. 1864	Josephine Cleary - - - - -	19 Mar. "	Pleaded not guilty.
9 Jan. "	Jean Le Grealey - - - - -	6 Feb. "	Made default; his arrest ordered.
		12 Mar. "	Adjourned to 19th March.
		19 Mar. "	Pleaded not guilty.
25 Feb. "	Louis Patin and Alice Patin - - - - -	25 Feb. "	Ditto.
14 Mar. 1863	John Aaron Asplet - - - - -	14 Mar. 1863	Ditto.
		12 Feb. 1864	Witnesses heard, and their evidence taken down in writing.
23 Jan. 1864	Thomas Hosking - - - - -	23 Jan. "	Pleaded not guilty.
7 Nov. 1863	John Syvret, jun. - - - - -	7 Nov. 1863	Ditto.
4 Oct. 1862	Henry Gribble and Mary Gribble, his Wife -	4 Oct. 1862	Ditto.
		3 Oct. 1863	Cause postponed.
24 Sept. 1863	George Downer and John Downer - - - - -	24 Sept. "	Pleaded not guilty.
10 Aug. "	Philip Laurens, John Jeandron, jun., Philip Hamon, and James Suret.	- -	Not called since its institution.
7 July "	Ann Le Boutillier - - - - -	7 July 1863	Pleaded not guilty.
17 Jan. "	William Lindsey - - - - -	17 Jan. "	Ditto.
		13 Aug. "	Witnesses heard, and their evidence taken down in writing.

Gervais Le Gros, Greffier.

ROYAL COURT (JERSEY).

RETURNS of all Causes Pending before the
ROYAL COURT, *Jersey*, on the last Day of last
Term, with STATEMENT of the Date when each
Cause was Instituted, Called on, and Post-
poned or Adjourned; and, of the Causes Dis-
posed of or Withdrawn during the past Term;
&c.

(*Mr. Selater-Booth.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
10 March 1865.

JERSEY ROYAL COURT.

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons,
dated 31 March 1865;—for,

“COPY or EXTRACTS of further CORRESPONDENCE with the Secretary of State for the Home Department on the Subject of the AMENDMENT of the LAWS or CONSTITUTION of the ROYAL COURT of JERSEY (in continuation of Parliamentary Paper, No. 364, of Session 1864).”

Whitehall,
5 May 1865. }

H. WADDINGTON.

FURTHER CORRESPONDENCE on the subject of the AMENDMENT of the LAWS or CONSTITUTION of the ROYAL COURT of JERSEY.

— No. 1. —

Mr. *Mourant* to Sir *G. Grey*.

Sir, Samares, Jersey, 23 May 1864.
As Chairman of the Committee for the Reform of the Royal Court of this Island and of a Deputation recently appointed by that Committee, I deem it an imperative duty to make you acquainted with an important step which has quite recently been taken by gentlemen who have espoused the cause of reform in this island.

Without loss of time, therefore, inasmuch as the Deputation from the States purpose leaving the island this morning, I beg to be allowed to inform you that a Petition to Parliament in favour of Mr. Locke's Jersey Court Bill is now being both influentially and numerously signed, about 1,500 Englishmen and Jerseymen having already appended their names to it. I beg further to state that I have every reason to believe that this number will be at least doubled before the Petition is closed.

I have, &c.
(signed) *Edward Mourant*,
Chairman of the Reform Committee.

— No. 2. —

Major General *Cuppage* to Mr. *Waddington*.

Sir, Government House, Jersey, 25 May 1864.
SIR GEORGE GREY will at this moment expect to be kept acquainted with what is passing here. I therefore beg to forward to you a letter which reached me yesterday, informing me of a movement I was unaware of, and which, being in contradiction in some measure to my statement of the 22d instant, I feel that Sir George should see the explanation therein given.

Very faithfully yours,
(signed) *Burke Cuppage*.

Enclosure in No. 2.

Mr. *Mourant* to Major General *Cuppige*.

Sir,

Samares, Jersey, 23 May 1864.

I HAVE the honour to inform you that a Petition to Parliament in favour of the reform of the Royal Court has been recently set on foot, and is now being both influentially and numerously signed, about 2,000 Jerseymen and Englishmen having already appended their names to it.

You will doubtless be somewhat surprised that so important a change should have come over the public mind, and that the intervention of Parliament, which has been so energetically deprecated, should be now unhesitatingly and extensively sought for. In my own opinion, this reaction in the public mind is to be attributed to a growing persuasion that it is perfectly hopeless to expect the reform of the Royal Court from the States, a persuasion which I have not the least doubt has been considerably strengthened by the rejection by the States, at their sitting of Monday, the 16th instant, of Mr. Hugh Godfrey's motion for the separation of legislative and judicial functions.

I have, &c.

(signed) *Edward Mourant*.

— No. 3. —

Mr. *Waddington* to *M. de Quetteville*.

Sir,

Whitehall, 6 June 1864.

I AM directed by Secretary Sir George Grey to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 2d instant relative to the correspondence and papers on the subject of the amendment of the law and constitution of the Royal Court of Jersey, which has been laid before the House of Commons.

I am, &c.

(signed) *H. Waddington*.

— No. 4. —

Mr. *Waddington* to Major General *Cuppige*.

Sir,

Whitehall, 11 June 1864.

I AM directed by Secretary Sir George Grey to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 8th instant, enclosing copy of a Minute of the proceedings of the States of Jersey at their sitting of the 6th instant, embodying a resolution to lodge "au greffe" Sir George Grey's letter of the 27th instant; also copy of the correspondence which has been printed by order of the House of Commons and presented to the States by their Deputation.

I am, &c.

(signed) *H. Waddington*.

— No. 5. —

Mr. *Waddington* to Major General *Cuppige*.

Sir,

Whitehall, 20 June 1864.

I AM directed by Secretary Sir George Grey to acknowledge your letter of the 14th instant, enclosing a letter addressed to you by the Rev. Mr. Lempriere, as President of the Reform Committee, on the subject of Judicial Reform in Jersey, and to inform you that I have laid the same before Secretary Sir George Grey.

I am, &c.

(signed) *H. Waddington*.

— No. 6. —

Mr. *Baring*, M.P., to Major General *Cuppage*.

Sir,

Whitehall, 26 July 1864.

I AM directed by Secretary Sir George Grey to address you with reference to the reform of the Royal Court of Jersey. You are aware that the Bill for effecting this object, which had been read a second time in the House of Commons, has been withdrawn for the present Session; but Sir George Grey is anxious that there should be no misunderstanding as to the position in which this question has been left. There can be no doubt that there is a general conviction of the necessity of a reform being effected in the administration of justice in the island, in accordance with the recommendation of the Royal Commissioners. At the same time, Sir George Grey thinks it was apparent that the House of Commons, equally with Her Majesty's Government, were desirous of affording a further opportunity to the States to take this matter into their own hands, and to enact the requisite alterations in the law. Sir George Grey earnestly hopes that the States will avail themselves of the opportunity thus afforded by the withdrawal of Mr. Locke's Bill, and that by so doing they will obviate the necessity for any interference of Parliament during the next Session. He is the more inclined to hope that they will take this course, as, from the recent proof afforded of the feeling of a considerable portion of the people of Jersey, it is clear that the States will be supported by a large and growing amount of public opinion in the adoption of measures calculated to remove the effects of the present system which seriously impair the administration of justice, and in the event (he trusts an improbable one) of their failing to do what is requisite for the attainment of this object, the intervention of Parliament will be regarded with satisfaction by a numerous body of the inhabitants of the island.

I am, &c.
(signed) *T. G. Baring*.

— No. 7. —

Major General *Cuppage* to Mr. *Baring*, M.P.

Sir,

Government House, Jersey, 30 July 1864.

I HAVE the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 26th instant with reference to the reform of the Royal Court of Jersey, and to acquaint you that I shall take an early opportunity of communicating Sir George Grey's views on this subject to the States, and commending the same to their earnest consideration.

I have, &c.
(signed) *Burke Cuppage*.

— No. 8. —

Major General *Cuppage* to Mr. *Baring*, M.P.

Sir,

Government House, Jersey, 9 August 1864.

WITH reference to your letter of the 26th ultimo, on the subject of the reform of the Royal Court of this island, I would beg to state, for the information of Sir George Grey, that, learning from the Crown law officers that the States were really going to work in making provision for the office of Judge of Instruction, necessitated by the new Criminal Procedure Law which is to come into operation on the 1st November next, I deemed it desirable not to lay your letter before them lest it might in any way impede the progress of that measure, which I am now happy to inform Sir George was carried on Thursday last, but whether

in exact accordance with the views of Her Majesty's Government will be for Sir George Grey to decide when the Act comes before him. I would, however, venture to suggest that as the States have enacted the *Projet de Loi* in the sense proposed to them in Mr. Waddington's letter of the 13th of April, which I must look upon as a great step in the reform of the judicial system of the island, whether it would not be as well, at all events for the present, to withhold your letter of the 26th July, leaving the States still free to show how they will further deal with the question of reform in considering a proposition which has been lodged *au greffe* by the rector of St. Mary's for consulting the ratepayers on the subject of substituting paid judges for the present jurat system, and also a *Projet de Loi* lodged *au greffe* by the Deputy for Grouville for separating the judicial from the legislative functions of the jurats.

I have, &c.
(signed) *Burke Cuppage.*

Enclosure in No. 8.

Loi touchant le Juge d'Instruction.

Aux Etats de l'Ile de Jersey.

L'an mil huit cent soixante-quatre, le 4e jour d'Août.

ATTENDU que la Loi sur la Procédure Criminelle, passée par les Etats le 23 Mars 1863, et confirmée par Sa Majesté en Conseil le 1 Mars 1864, impose au magistrat de nouvelles et onéreuses fonctions qui l'obligeront à une attendance journalière et prolongée, occuperont tout les temps dont il peut disposer, et l'empêcheront de remplir aucun autre devoir public :

Que conséquemment cette charge ne peut être occupée par un juré-justicier dont la présence aux séances de la Cour Royal est souvent requise et même indispensable pour la due administration de la justice, et qu'il y a nécessité urgente de pourvoir à l'exécution régulière des dispositions de la dite loi de procédure par la création d'une magistrature spéciale, permanente et indispensable.

A ces causes les Etats ont résolu d'adopter la loi suivante, moyennant la sanction de Sa Très Excellente Majesté en Conseil :—

Article 1. Le même magistrat remplira les fonctions de juge au tribunal pour la répression des moindres délits, et de juge de la Cour pour le recouvrement de menues dettes. Ce magistrat sera nommé par les Etats, dûment convoquée à cet effet, à la majorité absolue des membres présents et pris parmi les jurés-justiciers de la Cour Royale, les officiers judiciaires de la Couronne, ou les avocats admis à exercer leur état à la dite Cour et ayant au moins cinq ans d'exercice.

Article 2. Le magistrat ainsi nommé prêtera serment devant la Cour Royale de se bien et fidèlement acquitter des devoirs de la dite charge.

Il sera inamovible, excepté pour cause de malversation ou d'incapacité, mais il ne pourra être privé de sa charge qu'en vertu d'un jugement de Sa Majesté en Conseil.

Article 3. Les appointements du magistrat sont fixés à la somme annuelle de quatre cents livres sterling, monnaie de la Grande Bretagne, qui sera fournie par l'assemblée du gouverneur, bailli et jurés, administrateurs de l'impôt, hors des fonds à leur disposition. Ils seront payables en deux termes, la moitié de la dite somme le premier Janvier, l'autre moitié le premier Juillet de chaque année. Les honoraires aujourd'hui perçus par le juge pour le recouvrement de menues dettes, en vertu de la loi passée par les Etats le 16 Août 1852, sont et demeurent abolis.

Article 4. En cas de vacance de la dite charge par le décès ou la résignation du magistrat, ou pour aucune autre cause, il sera pourvu à son remplacement de la manière prescrite par l'Article 1.

Article 5. Dès que le magistrat sera assermenté il ne pourra exercer aucune autre fonction publique. Si la personne nommée est juré-justicier cette dernière charge deviendra vacante dès le moment de son assermentation, et une élection publique sera immédiatement ordonnée par la Cour Royale pour le remplacer, sauf l'exception contenue à l'Article 6.

Article 6. En cas de maladie ou d'absence indispensable du magistrat, il pourra se faire remplacer pour aussi longtemps que durera l'empêchement par un des jurés-justiciers de la Cour Royale.

Article 7. L'Article 1 de la loi, du 16 Août 1852, sur l'établissement de la Cour des Menues Dettes, et l'Article 1 de la loi du 17 Août 1852, relative à la répression des moindres délits, sont rapportés en tant qu'ils sont contraires aux dispositions de la présente loi.

Article 8.

Article 8. La présente loi, ayant pour effet d'attribuer au magistrat qui est nommé les fonctions de juge du tribunal pour la répression des délits, et de juge de la Cour pour le recouvrement de menues dettes, lesquelles ont été pour au delà de dix années et sont aujourd'hui remplies par Ph. le Gallais, Ecuyer, lequel se trouve ainsi privé des dites charges, les Etats ont voté au dit Sieur le Gallais une pension de retraite de 100*l.* sterling par année, sa vie durant, laquelle pension lui sera versée en quatre paiements égaux, aux 1 Janvier, 1 Avril, 1 Juillet et 1 Octobre chaque année, le premier paiement devant commencer à celle des susdites époques qui suivra immédiatement la confirmation de la présente loi. Entendu que dans le cas que le dit Sieur Le Gallais serait appelé à remplir quelque charge publique retribué, il cessera de recevoir la dite pension pour aussi longtemps qu'il continuera de remplir la dite charge.

— No. 9. —

Mr. Waddington to Major General Cuppage.

Sir,

Whitehall, 18 August 1864.

I HAVE laid before Secretary Sir George Grey your letter of the 9th instant, suggesting that his letter to you of the 26th ultimo should be withheld for the present. And I am to inform you that Sir George Grey is quite willing to leave the matter to your discretion.

I am, &c.
(signed) *H. Waddington.*

— No. 10. —

Major General Cuppage to Mr. Waddington.

Sir,

Government House, Jersey, 6 September 1864.

IN acknowledging the receipt of your letter of the 27th ultimo, referring to me an Act of the States of Jersey of the 4th August 1864, together with a Report of the Attorney and Solicitor General thereon (which I herewith return), relative to the establishment of a police magistrate, I have the honour to state, for the information of Secretary Sir George Grey, that it would have been perhaps desirable that the Act of the States should have provided that the judge to be appointed should be thoroughly qualified by legal attainments and independent position for the responsible judicial functions of the newly created office, especially having regard to certain "Projets de Loi" now lodged "au greffe" for hereafter extending the powers and jurisdiction of this judge in police and civil matters, as referred to in Mr. Bruce's letter to my predecessor of the 7th October 1863; but as the numbers from whom the choice is to be made is so limited, I conceive that no detriment is likely to arise from leaving the selection to the States, particularly as it would show them how readily the Government enter into their wishes, and are anxious not to impede a measure which it is hoped will be of such general good. I am, therefore, of opinion that it would be advisable that the Act of the States should at once receive Her Majesty's sanction.

I have, &c.
(signed) *Burke Cuppage.*

— No. 11. —

Mr. Waddington to Major General Cuppage.

Sir,

Whitehall, 8 September 1864.

WITH reference to my letter of the 9th March last, and the correspondence which has taken place with regard to the question of the acceptance of the resignation of the two jurats of the Royal Court of Jersey, Mr. de St. Croix and
262.

Mr. Nicolle, I am directed by Secretary Sir George Grey to transmit to you herewith a copy of a further letter upon the subject which has been received from the Council Office, and copies of its enclosures, and to request that you will favour him with your opinion whether, with reference to the recommendation made in your letter of the 28th January last, and to the present position of affairs, you think it expedient that the resignations should be accepted, involving as that acceptance will, according to the late opinion of the law officers of the Crown (a copy of which is enclosed), the necessary consequence of a new election.

I am, &c.
(signed) *H. Waddington.*

— No. 12. —

Major General *Cuppge* to Mr. *Waddington*.

Sir,

Government House, Jersey, 15 September 1864.

I HAVE the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 8th instant, referring to me copies of a correspondence relative to the resignation of the two jurats of the Royal Court.

In reply I beg to state, for the information of Secretary Sir George Grey, that, with respect to the present position of affairs regarding the reform of the Royal Court, they remain unaltered, and I regret to say that I fear I have no reason to hope that the States will of themselves undertake any measure to effect this object, which the withdrawal of Parliamentary interference led me to anticipate might be the case. At the same time I do not think it is desirable for the Government to interfere further with the question, unless they are prepared, should the States have still hesitated to originate any beneficial change, to act at once in the matter by bringing in a Bill, themselves, to effect the desired reform in the administration of justice in this island.

With regard to the question of the resignations of jurats De St. Croix and Nicolle, while I consider their acceptance and the consequent filling up of the vacancies would, at this moment, place the project of reform in the Royal Court further off than ever, it is for the Lords of the Committee of Council to determine, after the opinion of the law officers of the Crown, whether, upon constitutional grounds, their Lordships ought not to accept those resignations, and order fresh elections to take place to supply their places.

Sir George Grey will be aware himself how far Messrs. De Quetteville and Le Bailly are justified in the assumption they have made with regard to this question; and he, of course, will also judge whether the present appeal on so important a matter should not rather have emanated from the States themselves, or their President, in continuation of their representation to Her Majesty in Council of April last, in which they say that the States hope that on reflection their Lordships will perceive that the suspension of the election of jurats in the room of the gentlemen who have tendered their resignation can have no influence whatever upon the subject matter involved.

Under all circumstances, I would beg to suggest that no further steps should be taken until after the States have received Her Majesty's sanction to the Act for establishing the "Juge d'Instruction" (which in itself, will in all probability cause the election of a jurat), when I have reason to believe that there will be a further appeal from the States themselves to the Privy Council, praying that the resignation of the two jurats may be accepted, to which appeal, in deference to the States, their Lordships may be pleased to yield the point on the constitutional grounds I have stated.

I have, &c.
(signed) *Burke Cuppage.*

— No. 13. —

Mr. Mourant to Sir G. Grey.

Sir,

Samares Manor, Jersey, 1 October 1864.

I HAVE the honour to forward to you the accompanying copy of a petition, addressed to the Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Her Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council for the Affairs of Jersey and Guernsey, and which has this day been transmitted to the Lord President of the Council.

I have, &c.

(signed) *Edward Mourant*,

Secretary to the Committee for the Reform of the Royal Court of Jersey.

Enclosure in No. 13.

PETITION.

To the Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council for the Affairs of Jersey and Guernsey.

The Humble Petition and Representation of the Committee for the Reform of the Royal Court of Jersey :

Sheweth,

Your Petitioners beg to refer your Lordships to the Petition signed by 282 landholders and others, which is now before your Lordships, and to state that two several Petitions, praying for the reform of the Royal Court according to the recommendations of Her Majesty's Commissioners, and bearing in the aggregate 3,900 signatures, were presented to the House of Commons in the past Session of Parliament :

That the States of the island have not, since the prorogation of Parliament, evinced any disposition to entertain the recommendations of both Her Majesty's Commissioners as regards the reconstruction of the Royal Court, and have not, as your petitioners believe, any intention of so doing ;

That they have recently passed an Act providing for the appointment of a Juge d'Instruction under the new Law for Criminal Procedure, whose duties shall be similar to those of an examining and committing magistrate in England, and who is also to be judge of the courts for minor offences and for the recovery of small debts, it being provided that such new judge shall be paid a salary, not from funds under the control of the States, but from such part of the impôt as is under the control and management of the Governor, Bailiff, and Jurats ;

That the said Act of the States, which has been sent to Her Majesty for sanction, is in some respects, as your petitioners conceive, most objectionable ;

That by the Act, as introduced into the States and lodged *au greffe*, it was provided that the appointment of such judge or magistrate should be subject to the approval of Her Majesty, but that on the passing of the said Act the words requiring the approval of Her Majesty were struck out, with the avowed object, as expressed by several members, of curtailing Her Majesty's authority ;

That for the protection of Her Majesty's subjects, the appointment, or, at the very least, the approval of such new judge by Her Majesty is essentially necessary, not only as guarding against local influences, but as conferring the independence of character which is essential to so important an office ;

That by letters-patent of James I., in the year 1616, in a matter relating to the island, it was expressly declared that, "the power and authoritie to nominate and appoint or constitute a magistrate or public officer of justice is one of the essential and principal marks of Our supreme power and authority, and an Act merely Regal, and altogether inseparable from our Royal Person ;" moreover, that by an Act of Parliament, namely, the 27th Henry VIII. cap. 24, it is enacted, "that no person or persons, of what estate or degree soever they be, from the 1st July 1536, shall have any power or authoritie to make any justices of eire, justices of assize, justice of peace, justice of geole delivery, but that all such ministers and officers shall be made by letters patent under the King's Great Seal, in the name and by the authoritie of the King's Highnesse and his heirs, Kings of this Realme, in all shires, counties palatine, and other places of this Realme, Wales, and Marches of the same, or any other his dominions ;"

That the said Act of the States is further objectionable, inasmuch as it enacts that upon the appointment of a jurat of the Royal Court to be such Juge d'Instruction, his office of jurat shall become vacant, and an immediate election of a jurat in his stead shall take place ;

That the words requiring the "immediate election of a jurat" have been inserted, as it is believed, with the deliberate intention of indirectly attempting to perpetuate the jurat system, so strongly condemned by Her Majesty's Commissioners, and also with a view indirectly to prejudice the question still pending as to the election of jurats in the place of the two who have sent in their resignation, one of whom (Philip Winter Nicolle, Esq.) had for several years past ceased to attend the Court, except on some special occasions, and the other of whom (Philip de Ste. Croix, Esq.), during the thirty years he was a jurat, spent nine or ten months every year out of the island;

That from time to time instances occur showing the deplorable viciousness of the jurat system. Your petitioners would especially remind your Lordships of the continued and systematic want of punctuality in the attendance of jurats, of repeated scenes of shameful disorder, which have so materially contributed to divest the Court of all respect and moral authority; they also beg specifically to call your Lordships' attention to a recent scene in the Court, in which jurats were prominently concerned, which Her Majesty's Solicitor General himself designated in open Court as "most scandalous," and which gave public evidence of a state of things utterly unbecoming in any court of justice, but more especially in a Royal Court;

Your petitioners, therefore, humbly and earnestly repeat the prayer of the Petition already before your Lordships, and also pray that the Act recently passed by the States may not receive the Royal sanction in its present form;

And your petitioners, as in duty bound, will ever pray, &c., &c.

Signed on behalf of the Committee,

(signed) *Edward Maurant*, M.A.,

Secretary to the Committee for the Reform of the Royal Court.

1 October 1864.

— No. 14. —

Mr. Baring, M.P., to Major General *Cuppaga*.

SIR,

Whitehall, 11 October 1864.

WITH reference to your letter of the 6th ultimo, I am directed by Secretary Sir George Grey to refer to you, for any observations you may wish to offer thereon, the enclosed Petition of "The Committee for the Reform of the Royal Court of the Jersey,"* praying that the Act of the States of Jersey providing for the appointment of a Juge d'Instruction may not receive the Royal sanction in its present form.

I am, &c.

(signed) *T. G. Baring*.

— No. 15. —

(Extract.)

Major General *Cuppaga* to Mr. *Baring*, M.P.

Government House, Jersey, 14 October 1864.

IN reply to your letter of the 11th instant I have the honour to submit to Sir George Grey, in reference to the Petition enclosed, that there can be no doubt it would have been the proper course for the States of Jersey to have provided in their Act of the 4th August 1864, that the nomination of the individual proposed for the office of Juge d'Instruction should have been made dependent on the approval of the Crown, as originally intended in the draft Act, a course which would have tended materially to the dignity and independence of that office; yet I still consider, as the Government has nothing whatever to say to the payment of the judge, and for the other reason given in my letter to Mr. Waddington of the 6th September last, that no detriment is likely to arise from leaving the selection to the States, and therefore I think it desirable that the law should be confirmed and sanctioned by the Queen in Council.

(signed) *Burke Cuppage*.

* Enclosure in No. 14

— No. 16. —

Mr. *Waddington* to Major General *Cuppage*.

Sir,

Whitehall, 3 November 1864.

I AM directed by Secretary Sir George Grey to transmit to you herewith an Order of Her Majesty in Council, dated the 1st instant, approving an Act passed by the States of Jersey on the 4th August last, providing for the appointment of a magistrate; and I am to request that you will cause the same to be registered and published in the Island of Jersey in the usual manner.

I am, &c.
(signed) *H. Waddington*.

— No. 17. —

Major General *Cuppage* to Sir *G. Grey*.

Sir,

Government House, Jersey, 19 November 1864.

I HAVE the honour to acquaint you that John Gibaut, Esq., having been elected by the States of this Island to fill the responsible office of magistrate for carrying into effect the provisions of the law on criminal procedure, confirmed by Her Majesty in Council on the 1st of March last, was this morning sworn into office before a full assembly of the Royal Court.

Mr. Gibaut has exercised the office of Advocate of the Royal Court during the last 15 years, and has been twice elected to fill the highest municipal office for the town and parish of St. Helier. From these positions, in which he has earned the esteem and confidence of all classes of his fellow-countrymen, he now retires on assuming the appointment to which he has just been called by the unanimous voice of the States and public approbation.

It afforded me much satisfaction to be present on the occasion of the oath of office being administered to Mr. Gibaut, an occasion fraught with incalculable benefit to the interests of the island, and inaugurating a new era in the administration of criminal justice in Jersey, which I hope may speedily be followed by the introduction of further beneficial changes.

I have, &c.
(signed) *Burke Cuppage*.

— No. 18. —

Mr. *Waddington* to Major General *Cuppage*.

Sir,

Whitehall, 23 November 1864.

I AM directed by Secretary Sir George Grey to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 19th instant, stating that John Gibaut, Esq., having been elected by the States of the Island of Jersey to fill the office of magistrate for carrying into effect the provisions of the law on criminal procedure, had been sworn into office before a full assembly of the Royal Court, and I am to express Sir George Grey's satisfaction at receiving from you an assurance of the excellent selection which has been made of a gentleman to discharge the duties of this important office.

Sir George Grey concurs with you in the hope that this appointment may be considered as inaugurating a new era in the administration of criminal justice in Jersey, and be followed by other useful changes.

I am, &c.
(signed) *H. Waddington*.

— No. 19. —

Mr. Waddington to Major General Cuppage.

Sir,

Whitehall, 25 November 1864.

I AM directed by Secretary Sir George Grey to inform you, with reference to your letter of the 15th September last, respecting the resignation of two jurats of the Royal Court of Jersey, that the Act for establishing a Juge d'Instruction (to which you refer in your letter) having been sanctioned by the Queen in Council, Sir George Grey proposes to wait till he hears further from you as to the steps taken by the States.

I am, &c.
(signed) *H. Waddington.*

— No. 20. —

Major General Cuppage to Mr. Waddington.

Sir,

Government House, Jersey, 28 November 1864.

IN acknowledging the receipt of your letter of the 25th instant, on Saturday, I would beg to inform you that, by my desire, the States are specially convoked for the 8th of December, to take into consideration the two important motions referred to in my letter to Mr. Baring of the 9th August last, the one for substituting paid judges for the present jurat system, and the other for separating the judicial from the legislative functions of the jurats, on the result of which will depend what further steps the States will feel disposed to take towards the reform of the judicature of the Island.

Under these circumstances I would request Sir George Grey to allow me to postpone any remarks I may feel it desirable to make on the resignation of the two jurats being then accepted or delayed; but should Sir George Grey feel it necessary to give any answer pending what I have above stated, I would hope that I might be permitted to suggest that it be in accordance with his letter of the 26th July last, which I have not yet communicated to the States; and while expressing the desire, as lately shown on the part of the Government, to meet the wishes of the States, it must hold that body to the performance of their engagements in aid of reform on Mr. Locke's Bill being withdrawn, before the Government could feel justified in giving cause for new elections to an office so loudly spoken against and unsuited to the requirements of the present day, from combining the legislative with the judicial functions, by which both are so impeded in their proper and legitimate courses as to give so much cause for the dissatisfaction generally felt.

I have, &c.
(signed) *Burke Cuppage.*

— No. 21. —

Mr. Waddington to Major General Cuppage.

Sir,

Whitehall, 1 December 1864.

I HAVE laid before Secretary Sir George Grey your letter of the 28th ultimo, and I am to inform you that under the circumstances stated therein, Sir George Grey will postpone taking any further steps with respect to the resignation of the two jurats till he hears from you the result of the deliberations of the States of Jersey on the important matter for the consideration of which they have been specially convoked. He presumes that you will communicate to the States his letter of the 26th July last.

I am, &c.
(signed) *H. Waddington.*

— No. 22. —

Major General *Cuppage* to Mr. *Waddington*.

Sir,

Government House, Jersey, 20 December 1864.

WITH reference to previous correspondence on the subject of the two motions introduced in the States on the 8th instant, respecting the reform of the Royal Court of Jersey, I have now the honour to forward, for Secretary Sir George Grey's information, the accompanying copy of a resolution adopted by the States by a majority of 21 to 20 members, after an animated discussion, which was prolonged over four sittings of the Assembly.

The States have decided by this resolution that the constituencies of the Island shall be consulted upon the question, "whether they are of opinion to substitute salaried judges for the 12 jurats of the Royal Court?" and have fixed the 2d proximo for collecting the votes of the ratepayers in all the parishes.

It was evident in the course of the debate that the necessity for a change in the jurat system was more fully recognised in the States than at any former period; and the small majority (in fact the real majority were against the measure, for three members in favour of reform refused to vote at all, conceiving the States were acting illegally), on the motion to refer the question to the ratepayers, shows that the desire for the reform of the Royal Court has rapidly gained ground among the members of the Legislative Assembly. Indeed, but for the jurat element in that Assembly, there cannot be much doubt that a satisfactory project of reform would have been adopted with the further appeal to the constituencies.

I am not sanguine that this appeal will be favourable to the introduction of paid judges, for in a small isolated community like this there are so many undue influences at work, that the exercise of independent opinion among a very large portion of the population must be more or less questionable. But I am inclined to think that the minority will be too strong to be altogether disregarded, and that it will end in the desired object being brought about.

Under these circumstances I would beg to suggest that things be left as they are until the feelings of the people have been shown, and what issue the States may take in consequence.

I have, &c.
(signed) *Burke Cuppage*.

Enclosure in No. 22.

MINUTES des Etats du 15 Décembre 1864.

UNE proposition ayant été faite pour remplacer à la Cour Royale les douze jurés justiciers par deux juges salariés, les Etats ont décidé de consulter les constituans sur cette importante question.

Les Etats ont été d'opinion que le seul moyen de connaître pour certain le vœu du peuple à ce sujet c'est de recueillir les opinions des électeurs dans chaque paroisse de la même manière qu'on procède à recueillir les voix et suffrages du peuple dans les élections publiques.

Et les Etats ont fixé Lundi le 2 Janvier 1865, pour donner occasion à chacun des électeurs de se prononcer sur la question suivante, savoir—"S'il est d'opinion de substituer des juges salariés aux douze jurés justiciers dans la Cour Royale?"

Et les Etats ont nommé le connétable et le député dans chaque paroisse rurale et le connétable et les trois députés dans la paroisse de St. Hélier pour recueillir les opinions du peuple dans cette occasion, lesquels recueils seront présentés aux Etats le premier jour qu'ils se réuniront après le dit jour 2 Janvier 1865.

Et les connétables sont chargés de faire préparer les livres nécessaires pour recueillir les opinions du peuple dans la dite occasion.

— No. 23. —

Mr. *Waddington* to Major General *Cuppige*.

Sir,

Whitehall, 24 December 1864.

I HAVE the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 20th instant, inclosing a copy of a resolution passed by the States of Jersey on the 15th instant, in reference to the reform of the Royal Court, and to inform you that I have laid the same before Secretary Sir George Grey.

I am, &c.
(signed) *H. Waddington*.

— No. 24. —

The Clerk of the Council to Mr. *Waddington*.

Sir,

Privy Council Office, 7 January 1865.

I AM directed by the Lord President of the Council to transmit to you the accompanying copy of a letter from Mr. de Quetteville of Jersey, having reference to the question of the acceptance of the resignation of Messrs. De Ste. Croix and Nicolle, two jurats of the Royal Court; and I am to request that in laying this letter before Secretary Sir George Grey, you will move him to favour his Lordship with his opinion as to what it may be advisable to do in the matter.

I am, &c.
(signed) *E. Harrison*.

Enclosure in No. 24.

Mr. *de Quetteville* to Earl *Granville*.

My Lord,

Jersey, 5 January 1865.

ON the 29th of November last I had the honour to transmit to your Lordship, by direction of a Committee of the States of this Island, an official copy of an Act of that body of the 25th of the same month, whereby I was desired to urge that Her Majesty in Council would be pleased to accept the resignation of the two jurats, Messrs. De Ste. Croix and Nicolle, and to order new elections in their room.

Some time having since elapsed without my having been favoured with a reply, and expecting daily to be required by the Committee to make a report of the result of my communication, I venture to call your Lordship's attention to this subject, which from the long delay that has taken place in the election of two jurats, is beginning to assume a serious aspect.

It is not merely that an additional burden is thrown upon the remaining jurats by their number being reduced, and that the States are shorn of two of its members, but the rights of the people to elect jurats to replace them have been evaded, contrary to the letter and spirit of the law.

It is true that it has been incorrectly represented to Her Majesty's Government that the electors and inhabitants of the Island were prepared for, and even desirous of a change in the constitution of the Royal Court, by the substitution of paid for unpaid magistrates, but recent events have entirely ignored that allegation.

The question of paid or unpaid judges having lately been brought under discussion in the States, that Assembly, with the view of testing the wishes of the people by an Act adopted on the 13th December last, directed the whole of the constables and deputies of the various parishes to take the votes of the ratepayers upon that momentous question, and the result has been that out of 2,470 ratepayers who voted, only 180 voted for paid judges, whilst 2,290 voted for the maintenance of the Royal Court as at present constituted.

In the face of this unerring resolution of the ratepayers, I cannot imagine that Her Majesty's Government will lend assistance to any party that may desire to overturn the institutions of Jersey, and I trust it will moreover determine the Right Honourable the Lords of Her Majesty in Council to advise Her Majesty, in accepting the resignations of Messrs. De Ste. Croix and Nicolle, at once to order new elections in the room of those gentlemen.

I have, &c.
(signed) *David de Quetteville*.

— No. 25. —

Mr. Mourant to Sir G. Grey.

Sir,

Samares Manor, Jersey, 14 January 1865.

I HAVE the honour to forward to you the accompanying copy of a Representation addressed to the Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council for the affairs of Jersey and Guernsey, and which has this day been transmitted to the Lord President of the Council.

I have, &c.

(signed) *Edward Mourant,*

Secretary to the Committee for the Reform of the
Royal Court of Jersey.

Enclosure in No. 25.

REPRESENTATION.

To the Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council for the Affairs of Jersey and Guernsey.

The humble Representation of the Committee for the Reform of the Royal Court of Jersey,

Showeth,

THAT at their sitting of the 15th December last the States, apparently oblivious of the engagements they had contracted with the Right Honourable Sir George Grey, Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department, in their Representation, dated the 21st May 1864, as if for the purpose of evading their obligations towards your Lordships and towards the people of the Island, resolved, by a majority of only one, on submitting to the people the following question, namely, whether they were "for or against paid judges:"

That the question put in this form was a most unfair one, and raised an issue fundamentally false; in other words, that it was made purely a matter of taxation or no taxation. By these means an appeal was made to long-standing prejudices, and the true and vital question of qualification and competency most artfully evaded for a set purpose:

That, as the result has proved, the great body of those who are favourable to a change in the present mode of administering justice in this Island, naturally unwilling to respond to so unacceptable an invitation to express their opinions, determined to abstain from recording them altogether:

That they did so for one or other of the three following reasons:—

1. Because the referring of the question of the reform of the Royal Court to the people was, in their opinion, an illegal and unconstitutional act; to quote the words used by the Queen's Attorney General himself, while addressing the States on the 15th ultimo, "an illegality, and a useless illegality:"

2. Because, even supposing such an expedient to have been a legal and constitutional proceeding, the simple question of paid or unpaid judges offered no guarantee whatever of qualification on the part of judges who would nevertheless, whether competent or not, receive a fixed salary; indeed it was actually provided by a certain clause in a Bill which was brought before the States and seriously discussed, that the present unqualified jurors should be eligible to the high and responsible office of judge:

3. Because reformers reposed, and do still repose, the fullest confidence in the determination of Her Majesty's Government, as formally expressed in the words of Sir George Grey, in the House of Commons, in the last Session of Parliament, when, speaking on the motion for the committal of Mr. Locke's Jersey Court Bill, he "maintained the right of Parliament to interfere," and declared, that "if, in the recess, the States did not adopt those reforms which are essential to the due administration of justice in the Island, a similar Bill to the present (Mr. Locke's) would be introduced, and not opposed by the Government next Session," adding also that, "in fact, in their last communication, he understood them (the States) distinctly to state, that they would not oppose the recommendations of the Commissioners:"

That reformers, therefore, refused, as a body, to countenance so arbitrary and insidious a proceeding as the States eventually determined, by a bare majority, to resort to; a proceeding which was most insidious, inasmuch as it appealed directly to the prejudices of the people, and arbitrarily, inasmuch as no choice was left to the electors but to vote either for or against paid judges, nor were they allowed to qualify their vote in any way whatever:

That this mode of putting the question afforded, as a matter of course, every possible opportunity and advantage to those who derive considerable benefit from the present state of (what can go by no fitter name than) anarchy, to rally together a host of supporters from

among the timid, the indifferent, the unwary, the prejudiced, and the dependent. As a matter of fact—which the opponents of reform will not themselves attempt to deny—intimidation towards those who had commercial or other dealings with jurats, or had suits pending before the Royal Court, threats of exposure, and, above all, the bugbear of taxation, and this of the most heavy and oppressive character,—these, and all the other various contrivances, arts, and devices of a more or less discreditable nature used on electioneering occasions, were freely resorted to, in order to coerce weak-minded people to vote in support of the existing system. In order to convince your Lordships of the truth of this assertion, and of the length to which things have been actually carried, it may be sufficient to state, that on the polling day the town of St. Helier was perambulated by bands of music, all enlisted in the jurat cause, and carrying banners, on which were inscribed the most flaming appeals in behalf of the jurats; and placards were posted on the walls, containing the most defamatory attacks upon private individuals, with a view, doubtless, of deterring many from voting for paid judges:

That, on the other hand, the reform party refrained from canvassing, and made no demonstration whatever:

That in each parish there is a large number of persons who, acting under the leadership of the several constables, exercise a formidable influence over connections and friends in support of any cause the constables may be anxious to uphold; and that the constables themselves are enlisted on the side of the jurats, as is evidenced by the fact that, at the time when Jurats De Ste. Croix and Nicolle tendered their resignations, the said constables held a meeting amongst themselves for the purpose of selecting two candidates to fill the prospectively vacant posts, and choose two out of their own body to succeed the two retiring jurats:

That if the question of the reform of the Royal Court depended upon the opinion of the people, a far more reliable, true, and valuable index of the state of public feeling is extant in the two pregnant facts, that the greatest satisfaction is universally expressed with the working of the Small Debts and Correctional Police Court since the appointment of a paid magistrate to preside over it, although the office of a Juge d'Instruction has been instituted only a very short time; and that, although the elections of jurats have been suspended for now nearly a year, not the slightest demonstration has been made against your Lordship's decision in this respect, except on the part of some of the jurats themselves:

That, in the opinion of this Committee, if your Lordships would insist upon the States immediately giving effect to the recommendations of Her Majesty's Commissioners, or in default of their doing so, would issue Orders in Council, decreeing the appointment of duly qualified judges, the people generally would acquiesce in your Lordships' decision, and gladly in their hearts welcome its natural results; but that, if the long-desired change is made to depend upon the people's voice, that change, for the reasons above stated, will never be forthcoming:

That it is now perfectly useless to expect any reform from the States, who, at their sitting of the 12th instant, again, and at once, and without assigning any reason, rejected the proposition of Mr. Hugh Godfray, the Deputy for Grouville, for the separation of the judicial and legislative functions of the jurats, and determined upon doing nothing, with the exception of appointing a committee to revise the civil procedure of the Royal Court, a measure totally inadequate to the necessities of the case, and totally ignoring the recommendations of Her Majesty's Commissioners, who have expressly declared, that "any reforms which shall leave the duties of the Superior Court in the hands of a numerous body, without professional education, whose attendance is precarious, and for whose nomination no one is responsible to public opinion, will be absolutely nugatory:"

This Committee beg, in conclusion, to express the hope that your Lordships will think fit to order that every requisite provision be forthwith made for securing the due administration of justice to every person living under the protection of the British Crown, and that your Lordships will not withhold that order because a number of persons (and these the least informed members of the community) are brought to express a desire for its continuance.

Signed in behalf and by direction of the President and Committee,

(signed) *Edward Maurant,*
Secretary to the Committee for the Reform of the
Royal Court of Jersey.

14 January 1865.

— No. 26. —

Mr. Nicolle to Sir G. Grey.

Sir,

Midvale, Jersey, 14 January 1865.

ALLOW me to call your attention to the Report of the Committee appointed by the Parish Meeting in 1837, together with the petition presented to the States based on said Report, which are to be found at page 151 of the Commissioners' Report of 1861, and to observe that the Report was adopted *nem. con.* by a meeting of the Principaux, and confirmed also *nem. con.* by a meeting of the

the Constituents; and further, that the petition asking for the separation of the judicial from the legislative functions, subsequently presented to the States, received the large number of 8,458 signatures, amongst which would be found, if it could be procured from the Greffe, the signatures of many of the jurats who now occupy the judicial bench.

It will be for those gentlemen to assign a reason for their altered opinions.

From what transpired at the last sittings of the States I feel convinced that without the intervention of a superior power, no change for the better can be looked for in the administration of justice in this Island.

I have, &c.
(signed) *Edward Nicolle.*

— No. 27. —

Mr. Baring, M.P., to Mr. Mourant.

Sir,

Whitehall, 17 January 1865.

I AM directed by Secretary Sir George Grey to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 14th instant, transmitting a copy of a representation addressed to the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for the affairs of Jersey and Guernsey by the Committee for the Reform of the Royal Court of Jersey.

I have, &c.
(signed) *T. G. Baring.*

— No. 28. —

Mr. Baring, M.P., to Major General Cuppage.

Sir,

Whitehall, 17 January 1865.

REFERRING to your letter of the 20th ultimo, I am directed by Secretary Sir George Grey to request that you will inform him what is the exact position, at the present time, of the question of the Reform of the Royal Court of Jersey, and what probability there is of any steps being taken by the States in the matter.

I have, &c.
(signed) *T. G. Baring.*

— No. 29. —

(Extract.)

Major General Cuppage to Mr. Waddington.

Government House, Jersey, 18 January 1865.

IN continuation of my communication of the 20th ultimo, I have now the honour to inform Sir George Grey that the States received the result of the "Plébiscite" determined on by them on Thursday last, and at once proceeded to reject the motions of Mr. H. Godfray and the Rev. Mr. Balleine for the reform of the Courts of Justice, declaring the majority of 2,118 over 180 justified their refusal to any further appeal on the subject. Sir George Grey will therefore see with very great regret the hopelessness of looking at present for that measure of reform which would justify not only the just expectations of a large body of the people, but the real necessities of the Island.

It is necessary, I should here explain to Sir George, that I am informed that the majority of the reformers stood aloof altogether, considering the Act in itself as not only illegal, but the manner in which it was about to be proposed and carried out as leaving it open to the full force and intimidation of authority. This state of things is deeply to be regretted, for it cannot fail to continue, and,

I fear, increase the agitation and excitement of the last year, nor have I any hope of a different state of things existing while the Island remains in the state in which it is.

Much as everything is to be regretted, I would still pause in admitting Parliamentary interference, as the States have appointed a Committee to take into consideration and report upon what changes may be thought useful in the mode of procedure before the Royal Court.

(signed) *Burke Cuppage.*

— No. 30. —

(Extract.)

Major General *Cuppage* to Mr. *Baring*, M.P.

Government House, Jersey, 19 January 1865.

YOU will have been in receipt of a letter of mine to-day, which will explain the position of affairs here and be a reply to yours just received of the 17th instant. As I am informed, a protest against the result of the plébiscite has been forwarded from here, and as the Committee of the States propose sending their own report, I think it advisable to wait until I see the grounds on which both these documents are based, previously to entering further on the subject. I shall therefore wait until I hear again from Sir George Grey.

— No. 31. —

Mr. *Baring*, M.P., to Major General *Cuppage*.

Sir,

Whitehall, 24 January 1865.

I HAVE laid before Secretary Sir George Grey your letter of the 18th instant, announcing that the States of Jersey have rejected the motions for the Reform of the Royal Court; and I am to transmit to you a copy of a letter from Mr. de Quetteville to the Council Office,* and of Sir George Grey's answer to the Council Office, and to request your opinion on the legality of the course pursued by the States, which Sir George Grey understands from your letter to be questioned; and Sir George Grey also desires to be informed of the number of ratepayers who abstained from voting, for the reasons assigned.

I am also to inclose a copy of the protest of the Committee for Reform in the Royal Court.†

I have, &c.

(signed) *T. G. Baring.*

— No. 32. —

Mr. de Quetteville to Sir G. Grey.

Sir,

Jersey, 24 January 1865.

ON the 8th December last the Bailiff, as President of the States, laid before that Assembly a letter he had received from the Lieutenant-Governor, Major-General Cuppage, dated 7th December, covering a Despatch which you had addressed to his Excellency so long ago as the 26th July last, referring to the withdrawal of Mr. Locke's Bill, which had for its object to alter the constitution of the Royal Court of Jersey, and calling upon the States to take the matter into their own hands, so as to obviate any interference of Parliament during the next Session.

In

* Enclosure in No. 25.

† Enclosure in No. 26.

In the concluding paragraph of that communication you were pleased to add that you were the more inclined to hope that the States would take that course, as from the recent proof afforded by a feeling of a considerable portion of the people of Jersey, it was clear that the States would be supported by a large and growing amount of public opinion in the adoption of measures calculated to remove the defects in the present system which, it is alleged, seriously impair the administration of justice.

Before proceeding further, the Committee of the States, to which this subject is referred, beg leave to remark that when this Despatch was submitted to the Assembly, the States had met for the express purpose of taking into consideration the several resolutions which had been lodged "au greffe," having for their object certain modifications in the existing institutions of the island.

After the document had been read, the States proceeded to consider the questions raised by it, and as the material issue seemed to be whether the principle of paid judges as proposed by Mr. Locke's Bill in the place of the present jurats, or the maintenance of the Royal Court as constituted, should be determined on; and it appearing, moreover, that an impression had gone abroad that "a large and growing amount of public opinion" was in favour of the change, the States, at their sitting held on the 15th December, to which day the debate had been adjourned, passed a resolution requiring the constables and deputies to collect the votes of the ratepayers in their several parishes on the following question:—

Are you of opinion to substitute paid judges to the twelve jurats?

On the 2d January instant this important question was accordingly submitted to the ratepayers, and the following is the result:—

	Against paid Judges.	For paid Judges.		Against paid Judges.	For paid Judges.
St. Helier - - - -	597	111	Grouville - - - -	161	5
St. Brelade - - - -	100	9	Trinity - - - -	202	1
St. Lawrence - - - -	186	16	St. John - - - -	134	3
St. Mary - - - -	115	-	St. Owen - - - -	204	-
St. Saviour - - - -	129	19	St. Peter - - - -	151	-
St. Clement - - - -	91	12	St. Martin - - - -	228	4
			TOTAL - - - -	2,298	180

Thus giving 2,298 against the introduction of paid judges and 180 in favour.

On the 12th instant the States met to receive the returns, and having taken into consideration a proposition which had been lodged "au greffe" on the motion of the rector of St. Mary's, for the purpose of testing the opinion of the members of the States as to the substitution of paid judges in lieu of the jurats, and another of the deputy for Grouville for the separation of the judicial from the legislative functions of jurats, and both of these propositions having been rejected, the resolution of which the Committee have the honour to transmit to you herewith an official copy was adopted by a very considerable majority.

The purport of that resolution, as you will perceive, is to direct the Committee to bring under your notice the course adopted by the States, in order to ascertain in the most certain and authentic manner the wish of the people on this subject, by consulting all the electors who contribute to the public rates, and at the same time that the Committee might express the firm conviction of the States that Her Majesty's Government will have regard for the public opinion so strongly and so clearly demonstrated.

Looking at a manifestation on the part of the people so decided, and to the principles which in the present day are considered to regulate the acts of all liberal and constitutional States, the Committee rely with implicit confidence that in the exercise of your powerful influence you will not sanction any measure which may be brought into the House of Commons for the subversion of the Royal Court as now by law established, or that may in any manner interfere with the right of self-government secured to this island by its ancient charters; but that, on the contrary, you will exert that influence in maintaining this

country in the enjoyment of the liberties, privileges, and immunities which it has so long possessed.

I should imperfectly convey to you what I believe to be the sincere desire of the States if I did not declare that the members are prepared to adopt all measures tending to the improvement of the practical working of the States and of the Royal Court.

With that object the States, on the 12th instant, by an Act of their Assembly, nominated a Committee, composed of twelve members of their body, to whom the subject was referred, and from whose labours much benefit may be expected.

Under these circumstances this Committee ventures to express a hope that you will be pleased to give effect to the wishes of the States and the people of this island.

By Order of the Committee,
(signed) *David de Quetteville*, President.

Enclosure in No. 32.

Aux Etats de l'Île de Jersey.

L'an mil huit cent soixante-cinq, le douzième jour de Janvier.

Les Etats ayant pris en considération la lettre de Sir George Grey, en date du 26 Juillet 1864, qui ne fut communiquée aux Etats que le 8 Décembre 1864, et logée au greffe ce jour-là, relative à un changement important à opérer dans les institutions judiciaires de cette île;

Qu'il paraît par le dernier paragraphe de cette communication, dont la teneur suit:—

"He, Sir George Grey, is the more inclined to hope that they will take this course, as, from the recent proof afforded of the feeling of a considerable portion of the people of Jersey, it is clear that the States will be supported by a large and growing amount of public opinion in the adoption of measures calculated to remove the defects in the present system, which seriously impair the administration of justice;"

Que le Secrétaire d'Etat appuie sa demande sur la supposition que les habitants partagent l'opinion des Commissaires Royaux, et les Etats ayant en conséquence décidé de faire constater de la manière la plus certaine et la plus authentique le vœu des habitants à ce sujet, en consultant tous les électeurs contribuant aux charges publiques;

Qu'il en est résulté que deux mille deux cent quatre-vingt dix-huit ont opiné contre le changement proposé dans nos institutions, tandis que seulement cent quatre-vingt se sont déclarés favorables à l'établissement de juges salariés:

Les Etats ont décidé de charger le Comité nommé pour presser l'acceptation de la résignation de Messrs. De Ste. Croix et Nicolle, de faire part au Secrétaire d'Etat du résultat de cette épreuve aujourd'hui présentée par les connétables et députés, dans la ferme persuasion que le Gouvernement de Sa Majesté aura égard à l'opinion publique si fortement et si clairement manifestée.

(signé) *Gervais de Gros*, Greffier.

— No. 33. —

Mr. Baring, M.P., to Major General Cuppage.

Sir,

Whitehall, 27 January 1865.

I AM directed by Secretary Sir George Grey to transmit to you the enclosed letters from a Committee of the States of Jersey and from Mr. Edward Nicolle on the subject of charges in the Royal Court of Jersey, and I am to request that you will favour Sir George Grey with your opinion thereon.

I have, &c.
(signed) *T. G. Baring*.

— No. 34. —

(Extract.)

Major General *Cupp*age to Mr. *Waddington*.

Government House, Jersey, 28 January 1865.

I HAVE the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 24th instant, requesting my opinion as to the legality of the recent appeal by the States to the body of electors of the island, on the question of substituting paid judges for the present unpaid jurats in the Royal Court. I have referred to the law officers of the Crown for their opinion on this point, and I shall transmit their answer, for the information of Secretary Sir George Grey, immediately on receiving it.

With regard to that part of Mr. De Quetteville's letter to the Lords of the Council, on the subject of the resignation of Jurats De Ste. Croix and Nicolle, I am still of opinion that those resignations had better not be accepted until the question of the Royal Court be decided, and this opinion was given by Mr. Francis Godfray in the States on the 12th instant, on Mr. De Quetteville's motion, viz., "That he considered it would be most injudicious in pressing the Government at the present time, as it would only lead to confusion." I have also reason to believe that the committee, of which Mr. De Quetteville is the president, declined to enter into the subject in their representation on Tuesday last, nor have I heard of any remonstrance having been made, except by Messrs. De Quetteville and Le Bailly themselves, as to the delay.

I cannot but concur in the opinion expressed, that the question was submitted to the popular voice in a shape which was not calculated to arrive at a just and fair appreciation of public opinion on the matter. There can be no doubt that the States, in abrogating their own power in their appeal to the constituencies, only carried out their firm determination of doing nothing themselves; and, in spite of the influence used, about one-half only of the electors of the island came forward on the occasion, the number of electors in the island who might, had they pleased, have voted being estimated at between 4,000 and 5,000, out of a population of from 50,000 to 60,000.

I feel that the only course to pursue is to let things take their way; the system must tumble down sooner or later. I cannot say this course will stop agitation, but I am convinced that in the present state of feeling and temper of the Legislative Assembly, and a certain number of the people, it is the safest and best to be pursued.

(signed) *Burke Cuppage*.

— No. 35. —

Mr. *De Quetteville* to Sir *G. Grey*.

Sir,

Jersey, 30 January 1865.

I HAD the honour, as President of a Committee of the States, to address you on the 24th instant, transmitting to you an Act of the States relative to the steps which had been adopted by that assembly in order to ascertain the feelings of the people relative to a change in the judicial system of this island.

Since making that communication, I have received from the constables of parishes returns of the number of electors capable of voting who were actually present in the island on the 2d January instant, the day on which the poll was taken, and I now beg leave to enclose you a copy thereof, by which you will observe that nearly two-thirds of the electors recorded their votes on that occasion.

In the presence of so decided a manifestation and unanimity of opinion on the part of the electors and States of this island, I venture to hope that whatever doubts may previously have existed in your mind as to the wishes of the people, the same may now be removed, and that you will be pleased to recommend to

CORRESPONDENCE RELATING TO

the Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Council to advise Her Majesty to accept the resignations of Messrs. P. de Ste. Croix and P. W. Nicolle, and to order new elections to replace those gentlemen, so that the States and Court may be complete, and the affairs of the island may resume their ordinary course.

I have, &c.
(signed) *David de Quetteville.*

Enclosure in No. 35.

NUMBER of Electors who were present in the Island on the 2d January 1865, and able to Vote, and of those who Voted on that occasion.

	Present.	Voted for the present System.	For paid Judges.		Present.	Voted for the present System.	For paid Judges.
St. Mary's - - -	125	115	—	St. Saviour - - -	265	129	19
St. Martin's - - -	264	228	4	St. Clement's - - -	157	91	12
St. Brelade's - - -	191	100	9	St. John's - - -	188	134	3
St. Peter's - - -	223	151	—	Grouville - - -	226	161	5
St. Owen's - - -	301	204	—	St. Lawrence - - -	282	186	16
Trinity - - -	277	202	1				
St. Helier - - -	1,490	597	111	TOTAL - - -	3,989	2,298	180

— No. 36. —

Mr. Waddington to Mr. De Quetteville.

Sir,

Whitehall, 3 February 1865.

I AM directed by Secretary Sir George Grey to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 30th ultimo and its enclosure, and to inform you that he is in communication with the Lieutenant Governor of Jersey on the subject of the acceptance of the resignations of the office of jurat by Mr. De Ste. Croix and Mr. Nicolle.

I have, &c.
(signed) *H. Waddington.*

— No. 37. —

(Extract.)

Major General Cuppage to Mr. Baring, M.P.

Government House, Jersey, 2 March 1865.

REFERRING to my letter of the 28th January, wherein I stated that, immediately on receiving the opinion of the law officers of the Crown relative to the legality of the course pursued by the States in the matter of the plébiscite, I should forward the same for Sir George Grey's information, I have now the honour to acquaint you that I have as yet only had the Solicitor General's reply, affirming it, in his opinion, to be legal. It would no doubt have been desirable to have received from Mr. Dupré an official confirmation of the opinion entertained by him; but at the same time, admitting that he would use arguments of sufficient weight to sustain his views in opposition to Mr. Maret, I imagine they would now have no other effect than that of determining the value to be set on the plébiscite, the more so as the Solicitor General has in his reply taken advantage

tage of my not having placed my veto on the measure to assume the point of legality to be settled. From this view, however, taken by Mr. Maret, I beg leave to differ. I considered it would have been an ungracious act to have used my veto in a matter which the States regarded as affecting the judicial existence of a portion of their body, and would have forced Government into unnecessary agitation. I therefore cannot admit that the legality of the States' proceeding is to be assumed from the fact that in the exercise of my discretion I allowed it to pass.

From an average of the computations of six of the principal authorities, the Bailiff, Mr. De Quetteville, the Attorney General, the Constable of St. Helier, the Viscount, and the Greffier, I find I was correct in my statement of the 28th January, the number of voters being from 6,000 to 7,000, of whom from 4,000 to 5,000 could have voted had they pleased. Whilst, therefore, recognising the decision of perhaps the majority who were disinclined to relinquish the present system for paid judges, the fact cannot be lost sight of (no matter from what cause it arises) that very nearly one-half abstained from voting on the occasion. Neither can it be denied that there is a very large number of the population (amounting to upwards of 10,000 who were unable to express an opinion, having no vote) on whom the present system presses heavily, particularly in having to plead and to be heard in a language they do not understand. It is true their domicile is voluntary, but it is equally true that it is on all occasions brought forward and acknowledged that they very materially contribute to the welfare of the island.

It being assumed that the island is for the present averse to paid judges, it becomes more imperative that the States should proceed to those measures of reform recognised by themselves and all parties to be necessary, in order to prevent the tardiness of justice and the vexatious delays and consequent extortion to which suitors are exposed. The increase of powers of the Juge d'Instruction (whose court has already commanded the respect and approval of everybody) will very materially improve the administration of criminal justice in the island; and should the Committee appointed the other day to report on what changes may be thought useful in the Royal Court proceed to those reforms, which none know better than themselves to be needed, I would in that case advise the resignation of the two jurats being accepted; but until the States and the Royal Court be brought more in unison with the requirements of the present day, I consider it would be far better and more consistent for all parties that these resignations should still remain in abeyance. I am the more inclined to this view from the certainty that ere long other resignations must follow, and that, however good and capable in olden times, the present system cannot be considered to be suited to the increased population and enormously extending commerce of the island, making it obviously imperative that the office of judge should be in the hands of more legally trained and experienced gentlemen than the elective system can admit of.

My former letters will have informed Government of the state of parties here, nor can any change be looked for until a more executive government can be formed to check the confusion at present existing of individual will and interest governing all things, in all things.

Under these circumstances it will be obvious to Sir George Grey, that there is but the alternative of leaving matters as I ventured to suggest in my letter of the 28th January, or of the Government themselves carrying out the recommendation of the Royal Commissioners.

(signed) *Burke Cuppage.*

— No. 38 —

Major General *Cuppage* to Mr. *Baring*, M.P.

Sir,

Government House, 4 March 1865.

WITH reference to my Despatch of the 2d instant, I have now the honour to forward the enclosed letter from Mr. Dupré, the Attorney General, entering into an explanation of his views on the recent appeal to the electors of the island by the States on the question of paid or unpaid judges.

Mr. Dupré states that he considered this proceeding at the time to be novel

and somewhat irregular, if not absolutely illegal, on the grounds which confirm what I stated in my previous correspondence, namely, that the States thereby abdicated their functions on a question which they alone were competent to deal with, and thereby bound themselves to the course which would be indicated by the voice of the constituents. Mr. Dupré gave his opinion to the States; but as they, nevertheless, carried the measure, he appears to consider that their decision must be respected. I believe that the result of the "plébiscite" against remodelling the Court as proposed is attributable to the dread of Parliamentary intervention, and to the fear of the destruction of their privilege of so-called self-government, as well as to their apprehensions of taxation; but I think it would be a mistake to infer therefrom that the people are, as a body, hostile to reform or adverse to such necessary changes as would be effected in a manner which should not do violence to their insular prejudices.

The improvement in the criminal procedure of the island is already felt to be a considerable step in advance; and, in the interviews I have had with Mr. Dupré (whose opinion I consider the soundest and least prejudiced of the native authorities) he has expressed his conviction that, although the ratepayers are opposed to an entire subversion, at the present time, of the jurat system as proposed by the Bill which was introduced in the House of Commons last Session, they have nevertheless unequivocally expressed their expectation that the States would proceed forthwith to effect all needful reforms. Nay, further, that it is probable that the recommendations of the Commissioners with respect to the improvement in the judicial body will finally, and at no distant period, be effected by such means. But I do not hesitate to say, that the interference of Parliament will continue to meet with the strongest opposition. The moment it is renewed a stop will be put to the progress of reform by the States, agitation will actively re-commence, and the finances of the island will be again wasted in the contest.

I therefore would venture to repeat my recommendation, that the Government should adopt the milder of the two alternatives mentioned in my letter of the 2d instant, and that, while averting Parliamentary legislation in the internal affairs of the island, Sir George Grey and the Privy Council should still hold and urge the States to the fulfilment of their engagement to effect all needful reforms.

I have, &c.
(signed) *Burke Cuppage.*

— No. 39. —

Mr. De Quetteville to Sir George Grey.

Sir,

Jersey, 25 March 1865.

I HAD the honour to receive the letter of Mr. Waddington, dated the 3d February last, addressed to me by your direction, apprising me that you were in communication with the Lieutenant Governor of Jersey on the subject of the acceptances of the resignations of the office of jurat by Mr. De St. Croix and Mr. Nicolle.

After an intimation so recent, it may appear too importunate on my part so soon again to address you relative to this matter; but having regard to the fact that fourteen months have elapsed since the Acts passed by the States praying Her Majesty in Council to accept the resignation of the two jurats, Messrs. De Ste. Croix and Nicolle, and nearly twelve months since the States presented a petition to Her Majesty in Council, asking to be heard by council at their Lordships' Bar in support of their Act, and in opposition to the Order of their Lordships, suspending the election of jurat in the room of the two gentlemen who have retired, I trust that I may be excused if I once more revert to this subject.

It is not only that the public service is made to suffer by the suspension of the elections, but in the event of other vacancies occurring by death or otherwise, and several elections being directed at the same time, the electors may not be in so good a position to make a proper selection of duly qualified persons as if the number of vacancies to be filled up were limited to the two occasioned by the resignation of Messrs. De Ste. Croix and Nicolle.

Under these circumstances I consider that I should neglect my duty as President of the Committee of the States, to which this question is referred, if I did not bring what I have stated under your notice and continue to urge the importance of an early solution thereof, or, if it should be necessary, that I should take the sense of the Committee with the view of soliciting a hearing before Her Majesty in Council in compliance with the direction of the States.

Trusting, however, that there may be no such necessity, and that the States may not be put to that expense,

I have, &c.
(signed) *David de Quetteville.*

— No. 40. —

Mr. Waddington to Major General Cuppage.

Sir,

Whitehall, 30 March 1865.

WITH reference to your letter of the 2d instant, I am directed by Secretary Sir George Grey to transmit to you herewith a copy of a letter from Mr. David de Quetteville, urging an early settlement of the question as to the acceptance of the resignations of Jurats Ste. Croix and Nicolle; and I am to request that you will inform Sir George Grey whether the Committee of the States of Jersey appointed to report upon what changes may be thought useful in the Royal Court have yet made any report, or what progress they are making in their inquiry, and also whether you still advise that the acceptance of the resignations should yet be postponed.

I have, &c.
(signed) *H. Waddington.*

— No. 41. —

Major General Cuppage to Mr. Waddington.

Sir,

Government House, Jersey, 11 April 1865.

I HAVE the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 30th ultimo, enclosing copy of a letter from Mr. David de Quetteville, urging an early settlement of the question as to the acceptance of the resignation of Jurats De Ste. Croix and Nicolle, and requesting me to inform Sir George Grey whether the Committee of the States appointed to consider what changes may be thought useful in the Royal Court have yet made any Report, or what progress they are making; and also, whether I still advise that the acceptance of the resignations should yet be postponed.

In reply, I beg to acquaint you, for the information of Secretary Sir George Grey, that I was led to suppose that the Committee which was named by the States on the 12th of January last was for the object of a general reform in the Royal Court; but I regret to say that by the enclosed extract of their proceedings, I find it was solely for the procedure of the Court, and the manner of proceeding in the States and their Committees. The States consider the question of reform of the Constitution of the Court entirely set at rest by the late presumed majority of the ratepayers against paid judges, and have no intention in themselves to originate or countenance any change whatever; and such will remain the case while the few hold the dominant power they do over the minds of the majority of the States.

I would say, in reference to Mr. De Quetteville's letter, that it is precisely on his own grounds that I have ventured on the remarks I have made on the present vacancies among the jurats, namely, the finding duly and properly qualified persons to replace them, while their position and duties in the Royal Court remain in the unsatisfactory state they are. He evidently foresees the difficulties, by pressing for the two resignations being now accepted before others occur, as it is very certain that three or four jurats are very desirous of resigning, nay, have more or less virtually already ceased from the performance of some of their

duties. I cannot take upon myself, with the welfare of the island before my eyes, the responsibility of recommending that five or six new members, however respectable in other ways, but totally deficient in any legal training, should be thus placed on the Bench to fill the onerous and important duties of judges, unless, under the present state of affairs, the Government, on constitutional grounds, should find it necessary to accept these resignations.

I have already pointed out that, although the majority of electors who recently recorded their votes were not in favour of paid judges, the feeling was nevertheless unequivocally demonstrated that a radical reform in the Royal Court was required; and looking to the recent Returns furnished for the House of Commons, abundant evidence is therein afforded of the slow, wearisome, and uncertain process of administering justice in the Royal Court.

Weighing all these considerations, I am inclined to think that it would be better to leave the advantages of the whole Criminal Procedure Bill, which is progressing admirably (as is shown by the alacrity and good-will with which the jurymen and others bound to give their attendance at the Assizes render these new duties), to work its way among the people; and I would therefore venture again to suggest that things should be left as they are, as being the least embarrassing course to Government, and the most likely to attain the desired object within the island.

I have, &c.
(signed) *Burke Cuppage.*

Enclosure in No. 41.

Mr. *Hammond* to Major General *Cuppage*.

Sir,

Jersey, 4 April 1865.

IN acknowledging the receipt of your Excellency's letter of yesterday's date, with its enclosure, I have the honour to inform you, in reply to your inquiry, that, at a meeting of the 15th March, the Committees, after the full discussion of the subject, passed the following resolution:—

“The Committee has commissioned Her Majesty's Attorney General to prepare the basis of a ‘*Projet de Loi*’ on the procedure before the Royal Court in Civil matters, and to submit the same to the Committees at the next meeting.”

I have not had an opportunity of seeing the President of the Committees since the receipt of your Excellency's letter; but I believe he has recently conferred with the Attorney General on the subject of the above resolution, with the view of again bringing the matter before the Committee without delay.

I have, &c.
(signed) *John Hammond.*

— No. 42. —

Mr. *Baring*, M. P., to Mr. *De Quetteville*.

Sir,

Whitehall, 24 April 1865.

I AM directed by Secretary Sir George Grey to inform you that your letters relating to the reform of the Royal Court of Jersey, and to the resignation of the two jurats, Messrs. De Ste. Croix and Nicolle, have received the serious consideration of Her Majesty's Government.

Sir George Grey was led to hope, both from information he received from the Lieutenant Governor and from your letter of the 24th January last, that the States of the island were about to enter on the consideration of those reforms which are required in the constitution of the Royal Court, and that the Committee, which in that letter you stated had been appointed with a view to the improvement of the practical working of the States and of the Royal Court, would have, ere this time, produced some beneficial result. But Sir George Grey regrets to find that this expectation has hitherto not been realised. Should measures be adopted by the States calculated to remove the defects which now seriously impede the due administration of justice in Jersey, the reasons for

not advising Her Majesty to accept the resignations of the two jurats would no longer exist. But so long as no efficient step is taken in this direction, and nothing is done to fulfil the expectation that the States would do what is required for effecting this important object, Sir George Grey is unwilling to advise Her Majesty to accept the resignations of the two jurats, with a view to the election of two others in their place, as by so doing he might appear to be giving the sanction of Her Majesty's Government to the continuance of a system an alteration of which appears to them, in the interests of justice, to be imperatively demanded.

I am, &c.
(signed) T. G. Baring.

— No. 43. —

Mr. De Quetteville to Sir G. Grey.

Sir,

Jersey, 27 April 1865.

I HAVE had the honour to receive the letter of Mr. Baring, of the 24th instant, written by your direction, apprising me that you have been led to hope, from information received from the Lieutenant Governor, and from my letter of the 24th January last, that the States of the island were about to enter on the consideration of those reforms which are required in the constitution of the Royal Court, and that the committee which had been appointed with a view to the improvement of the practical working of the States and of the Royal Court would have, ere this time, produced some beneficial result, but which expectation you regret to find has hitherto not been realised.

I am further informed by Mr. Baring, should measures be adopted by the States calculated to remove the defects which now seriously impede the due administration of justice in Jersey, the reasons for not advising Her Majesty to accept the resignation of the two jurats would no longer exist. But so long as no efficient step is taken in that direction, and nothing is done to fulfil the expectation that the States would do what is required for effecting this important object, you are unwilling to advise Her Majesty to accept the resignation of the two jurats with a view to the election of two others in their place, as by so doing you might appear to be giving the sanction of Her Majesty's Government to the continuation of a system an alteration of which appears, in the interests of justice, to be imperatively demanded.

I have quoted the tenor of Mr. Baring's letter very fully, because they seem to lead to an implication that the States are not serious in their wish to effect such amendments in the practical working of the States and of the Royal Court as may tend to improve the same, a suggestion which I am convinced is entirely incorrect, and which I consider it incumbent on me to rebut.

That the States are unwilling to alter the fundamental constitution of the Royal Court is most true; but the utmost unanimity prevails as to the desirability to introduce into the practice and procedure of that tribunal such changes as may remedy the evils at present complained of.

At their last meeting the committee appointed for the purpose of preparing a Bill or Bills to be submitted to the States instructed the very able and talented Attorney General to frame a project of Bill, and but for the unfortunate indisposition of that learned gentleman, it is not unlikely that ere this the necessary Bill would have been framed.

I cannot, however, assent to the expediency or justice of any longer hesitating to advise Her Majesty to accept the resignation of the two jurats, and to order new elections.

I venture respectfully but firmly to observe that this want of confidence on the part of Her Majesty's Government is not only not justified by the course taken by the States during the discussions which unfortunately have arisen, but it tends to impair their usefulness, and to lower the assembly in the eyes of the people.

Throughout this conflict the States, through good report and through evil report, have constantly and consistently affirmed their own objections to a radical change in the constitution of the Royal Court, and that their constituents, the

ratepayers, were equally opposed thereto. But whilst resisting the pressure put upon them to effect that alteration, they have expressed their perfect readiness to adopt all measures required to amend the laws of the island, and I may confidently refer to the numerous Acts having that object in view, which during recent years have passed the States, and been sanctioned by the Queen in Council, in confirmation of this statement.

Having regard to these facts, and to the still more important consideration that the electors during the suspension of the elections to supply the place of the two jurats are deprived of their just rights and privileges in this respect, as also that the States and Royal Court are left incomplete, I am impelled to urge upon you to advise Her Majesty to issue an order accepting the resignations of the two jurats, and for new elections, and thus put an end to this anomalous and very questionable state of things.

(signed) *David de Quetteville,*
Magistrate.

JERSEY ROYAL COURT.

**COPY OF EXTRACTS OF FURTHER CORRESPONDENCE
with the Secretary of State for the Home Depart-
ment on the Subject of the Amendment of the
LAWS OR CONSTITUTION OF THE ROYAL COURT OF
JERSEY — (in continuation of Parliamentary
Paper, No. 364, of Session 1864).**

(Mr. Locke.)

*Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
6 May 1865.*

262.

Under 3 oz.

JUDGES' LODGINGS.

RETURN to an Order of the Honourable The House of Commons,
dated 28 March 1865;—for,

A RETURN “of all SUMS which have been paid by the HIGH SHERIFF of each of the COUNTIES of *England* and *Wales* for the Expense of JUDGES' LODGINGS at ASSIZES during the last Four Years, and of the SUMS which have been paid to the HIGH SHERIFF by the TREASURY in Reimbursement of that Outlay ; together with the Dates of the Payments by the Sheriffs and the Repayments by the Treasury respectively.”

(*Mr. Darby Griffith.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
26 April 1865.

RETURN of all SUMS which have been Paid by the HIGH SHERIFF of each of the COUNTIES of *England* which have been Paid to the HIGH SHERIFF by the TREASURY in Reimbursement of that Outlay; respectively.

COUNTY.	ASSIZE.	1860-1.				1861-2.			
		Paid by Sheriff.		Repaid by Treasury.		Paid by Sheriff.		Repaid by Treasury.	
		Amount.	Date.	Amount.	Date.	Amount.	Date.	Amount.	Date.
ENGLAND:		£. s. d.		£. s. d.		£. s. d.		£. s. d.	
Bedford - -	Spring - Summer - Winter -	84 7 - - -	24 Nov. 1860 - -	80 - - - -	2 Aug. 1861 - -	101 17 - - -	27 Feb. 1862 - -	80 - - - -	14 July 1862 - -
Berks - -	Spring - Summer - Winter -	71 6 6 60 14 - -	3 Mar. 1860 11 July 1860 -	130 - - - -	9 Sept. 1861 - -	71 16 6 60 14 - -	4 Mar. 1861 20 July 1861 -	130 - - - -	23 June 1862 - -
Bucks - -	Spring - Summer - Winter -	150 - - - -	30 July 1861 - -	150 - - - -	20 Nov. 1861 - -	150 - - - -	5 Feb. 1862 - -	150 - - - -	1 Aug. 1862 - -
Cambridge and Huntingdon.	Spring - Summer - Winter -	127 4 - - -	30 July 1860 - -	110 - - - -	6 May 1861 - -	126 4 - - -	22 Aug. 1861 - -	110 - - - -	14 Apr. 1862 - -
Cheeshire - -	Spring - Summer - Winter -	- - -	- - -	55 - - 55 - - 55 - -	28 Apr. 1860 31 Aug. 1860 6 Feb. 1861	- - -	- - -	55 - - 55 - - 55 - -	18 July 1861 2 Oct. 1861 14 Jan. 1862
Cornwall - -	Spring - Summer - Winter -	60 5 6 60 5 6 -	17 Mar. 1860 4 Aug. 1860 -	120 - - - -	8 July 1861 - -	60 5 6 60 5 6 -	9 Apr. 1861 3 Aug. 1861 -	120 - - - -	22 Sept. 1862 - -
Cumberland -	Spring - Summer - Winter -	49 7 - 49 7 - -	8 Mar. 1860 Aug. 1860 -	90 - - - -	22 July 1861 - -	49 7 - 49 7 - -	10 Mar. 1861 12 Aug. 1861 -	90 - - - -	23 June 1862 - -
Derby - -	Spring - Summer - Winter -	47 15 - - -	20 Feb. 1861 - -	46 - - - -	3 June 1861 - -	47 10 - - -	25 Apr. 1862 - -	46 - - - -	14 July 1862 - -
Devon - -	Spring - Summer - Winter -	300 - - - -	9 Apr. 1861 - -	300 - - - -	21 June 1861 - -	300 - - - -	24 Mar. 1862 - -	300 - - - -	9 June 1862 - -
Dorset - -	Spring - Summer - Winter -	50 - - 50 - - -	27 Apr. 1860 26 Oct. 1860 -	100 - - - -	29 July 1861 - -	50 - - 50 - - -	6 Mar. 1861 22 July 1861 -	100 - - - -	7 Apr. 1862 - -
Durham - -	Spring - Summer - Winter -	140 - - - -	27 Mar. 1861 - -	140 - - - -	3 June 1861 - -	140 - - - -	3 Apr. 1862 - -	140 - - - -	2 June 1862 - -
Essex - -	Spring - Summer - Winter -	180 - - 90 - - -	3 Aug. 1860 14 Feb. 1861 -	270 - - - -	12 Sept. 1861 - -	180 - - - -	8 Aug. 1861 - -	180 - - - -	2 June 1862 - -
Gloucester -	Spring - Summer - Winter -	75 - - 75 - - 75 - -	19 May 1860 15 Sept. 1860 24 Jan. 1861	225 - - - -	23 Apr. 1861 - -	75 - - 75 - - 75 - -	25 May 1861 14 Sept. 1861 14 Feb. 1862	225 - - - -	7 Apr. 1862 - -
Hereford - -	Spring - Summer - Winter -	56 6 - - -	30 Mar. 1861 - -	55 - - - -	6 May 1861 - -	57 7 - - -	19 Mar. 1862 - -	55 - - - -	12 May 1862 - -
Hertford - -	Spring - Summer - Winter -	75 - - 75 - - -	10 Mar. 1860 14 July 1860 -	150 - - - -	6 May 1861 - -	75 - - 75 - - -	10 Mar. 1861 15 July 1861 -	150 - - - -	7 Apr. 1862 - -
Kent - -	Spring - Summer - Winter -	90 - - 90 - - 70 - -	- - -	250 - - - -	20 Nov. 1861 - -	90 - - 90 - - 70 - -	- 1 Aug. 1861 6 Dec. 1861	250 - - - -	1 Aug. 1862 - -
Lancaster - -	Spring - Summer - Winter -	108 9 6 - -	20 Mar. 1861 - -	106 - - - -	13 May 1861 - -	108 2 7 - -	4 Mar. 1862 - -	106 - - - -	5 May 1862 - -
Leicester - -	Spring - Summer - Winter -	60 - - - -	29 Apr. 1861 - -	60 - - - -	2 July 1861 - -	40 - - - -	21 June 1862 - -	40 - - - -	21 July 1862 - -
Lincoln - -	Spring - Summer - Winter -	60 - - - -	- - -	60 - - - -	2 July 1861 - -	60 - - - -	8 May. 1862 - -	60 - - - -	14 July 1862 - -
Middlesex - -	- - -	Nil - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	Nil - -	- - -	- - -	- - -

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and *Wales* for the Expense of JUDGES' LODGINGS at ASSIZES during the last Four Years, and of the SUMS together with the Dates of the Payments by the Sheriffs and the Repayments by the Treasury

1862-3.				1863-4.			
Paid by Sheriff.		Repaid by Treasury.		Paid by Sheriff.		Repaid by Treasury.	
Amount.	Date.	Amount.	Date.	Amount.	Date.	Amount.	Date.
£. s. d.		£. s. d.		£. s. d.		£. s. d.	
106 3 8	18 Oct. - 1862	80 - -	13 July - 1863	106 5 8	7 Nov. - 1863	80 - -	11 July - 1864
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
{ 70 14 -	4 Mar. - 1862	195 - -	25 May - 1863	{ 70 15 6	3 Mar. - 1863	195 - -	4 July - 1864
{ 60 11 6	12 July - 1862			{ 60 17 6	12 July - 1863		
{ 66 6 -	6 Dec. - 1862			{ 66 11 -	30 Nov. - 1863		
200 - -	29 April - 1863	200 - -	1 June - 1863	150 - -	19 Mar. - 1864	150 - -	2 May - 1864
126 4 -	25 July - 1862	110 - -	4 May - 1863	127 4 -	19 Nov. - 1863	124 12 -	6 June - 1864
- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	14 12 -	18 Dec. - 1863		
- - -	- - -	55 - -	26 May - 1862	- - -	- - -	55 - -	6 May - 1863
- - -	- - -	55 - -	18 Sept. - 1862	- - -	- - -	55 - -	12 Sept. - 1863
- - -	- - -	55 - -	24 Jan. - 1863	- - -	- - -	55 - -	19 Jan. - 1864
{ 60 5 6	19 Mar. - 1862	120 - -	11 May - 1863	{ 60 5 6	20 Mar. - 1863	120 - -	20 June - 1864
{ 60 5 6	7 Aug. - 1862			{ 60 5 6	5 Aug. - 1863		
{ 50 - -	3 Oct. - 1862	90 - -	4 May - 1863	{ 50 - -	23 Mar. - 1863	90 - -	11 April - 1864
{ 50 - -	25 Sept. - 1862			{ 50 - -	6 Aug. - 1863		
48 5 -	11 April - 1863	46 - -	18 May - 1863	47 10 -	10 Feb. - 1864	46 - -	16 May - 1864
300 - -	31 Mar. - 1863	300 - -	31 July - 1863	300 - -	5 Feb. - 1864	300 - -	31 May - 1864
{ 50 - -	28 Mar. - 1862	100 - -	6 April - 1863	{ 50 - -	31 Mar. - 1863	100 - -	18 April - 1864
{ 50 - -	16 Aug. - 1862			{ 50 - -	24 Oct. - 1863		
140 - -	2 April - 1863	140 - -	15 June - 1863	140 - -	20 April - 1864	140 - -	23 May - 1864
180 - -	16 Aug. - 1862	180 - -	6 July - 1863	180 - -	14 Aug. - 1863	270 - -	2 Aug. - 1864
- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	90 - -	19 Mar. - 1864		
{ 75 - -	28 June - 1862	225 - -	18 May - 1863	{ 75 - -	25 April - 1863	150 - -	11 April - 1864
{ 75 - -	22 Sept. - 1862			{ 75 - -	4 Sept. - 1863		
{ 75 - -	4 Mar. - 1863			- - -	- - -		
55 - -	19 Mar. - 1863	55 - -	15 June - 1863	57 2 -	26 April - 1864	55 - -	9 May - 1864
{ 75 - -	8 Mar. - 1862	225 - -	6 April - 1863	{ 75 - -	13 Mar. - 1863	225 - -	11 April - 1864
{ 75 - -	16 July - 1862			{ 75 - -	15 July - 1863		
{ 75 - -	26 Dec. - 1862			{ 75 - -	10 Dec. - 1863		
{ 90 - -	24 Mar. - 1862	250 - -	6 July - 1863	{ 90 - -	24 Mar. - 1863	250 - -	25 July - 1864
{ 90 - -	1 Aug. - 1862			{ 90 - -	1 Aug. - 1863		
{ 70 - -	5 Dec. - 1862			{ 70 - -	23 Dec. - 1863		
111 11 11	19 Mar. - 1863	106 - -	27 April - 1863	106 16 9	10 Mar. - 1864	106 - -	11 April - 1864
40 - -	18 June - 1863	40 - -	29 June - 1863	60 - -	8 Mar. - 1864	60 - -	31 May - 1864
- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	40 - -	17 Jan. - 1864	40 - -	9 May - 1864
60 - -	13 Dec. - 1862	60 - -	18 May - 1863	- Nil.	-	-	-
- Nil - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- Nil.	-	-	-

COUNTY.	ASSIZE.	1860-1.				1861-2.			
		Paid by Sheriff.		Repaid by Treasury.		Paid by Sheriff.		Repaid by Treasury.	
		Amount.	Date.	Amount.	Date.	Amount.	Date.	Amount.	Date.
ENGLAND—continued.		£. s. d.		£. s. d.		£. s. d.		£. s. d.	
Monmouth	Spring -	55 2 6	29 Mar. 1860	105 - -	11 June 1861	52 10 -		157 10 -	21 July 1862
	Summer -	56 3 6	7 Aug. 1860			52 10 -	7 Aug. 1861		
	Winter -	-	-			52 10 -	9 Dec. 1861		
Norfolk	Spring -	55 - -	11 April 1860	110 - -	22 July 1861	55 - -	30 Mar. 1861	141 10 -	23 June 1862
	Summer -	55 - -	3 Aug. 1860			55 - -	1 Aug. 1861		
	Winter -	-	-			31 10 -	9 Jan. 1862		
Northampton	Spring -	116 10 -	-	116 10 -	2 Aug. 1861	-	-	116 10 -	14 July 1862
	Summer -		13 July 1861			10 April 1862			
	Winter -		-			-			
Northumberland	-	Nil	-	-	-	Nil	-	-	-
Nottingham	Spring -	55 - -	9 April 1861	55 - -	2 July 1861	55 - -	26 Mar. 1862	55 - -	12 May 1862
	Summer -								
	Winter -								
Oxford	Spring -	130 - -	4 Feb. 1861	110 - -	8 April 1861	130 - -	-	141 10 -	14 April 1862
	Summer -					-	-		
	Winter -					-	-		
Rutland	Spring -	45 - -	7 Feb. 1861	45 - -	8 Oct. 1861	45 - -	16 Sept. 1861	45 - -	9 June 1862
	Summer -								
	Winter -								
Salop	Spring -	80 - -	16 Aug. 1861	80 - -	20 Nov. 1861	80 - -	3 Mar. 1862	80 - -	20 Oct. 1862
	Summer -								
	Winter -								
Somerset	Spring -	63 - -	22 June 1860	126 - -	29 July 1861	63 - -	June 1861	176 - -	19 May 1862
	Summer -	63 - -	21 Nov. 1860			63 - -	Oct. 1861		
	Winter -	-	-			50 - -	4 April 1862		
Southampton	Spring -	210 - -	6 Mar. 1861	210 - -	6 May 1861	210 - -	15 Mar. 1862	210 - -	5 May 1862
	Summer -								
	Winter -								
Stafford	Spring -	67 10 -	17 April 1861	67 10 -	13 May 1861	67 10 -	10 April 1862	67 10 -	16 June 1862
	Summer -								
	Winter -								
Suffolk	Spring -	105 - -	30 April 1860	150 - -	4 Nov. 1861	105 - -	27 May 1861	200 - -	22 Sept. 1862
	Summer -	45 - -	20 April 1861			45 - -	10 May 1862		
	Winter -	-	-			50 - -	8 April 1862		
Surrey	Spring -	70 - -	27 Mar. 1861	140 - -	20 Nov. 1861	70 - -	20 April 1862	140 - -	12 Nov. 1862
	Summer -	70 - -	30 Aug. 1860			70 - -	23 Aug. 1861		
	Winter -	-	-			-	-		
Sussex	Spring -	65 - -	22 Mar. 1860	130 - -	12 Sept. 1861	65 - -	21 Mar. 1861	130 - -	10 Nov. 1862
	Summer -	65 - -	23 July 1860			65 - -	22 July 1861		
	Winter -	-	-			-	-		
Warwick	Spring -	55 - -	17 April 1861	55 - -	2 July 1861	55 - -	26 Feb. 1862	55 - -	19 May 1862
	Summer -								
	Winter -								
Westmoreland	Spring -	85 - -	15 Dec. 1860	70 - -	15 July 1861	85 - -	19 Nov. 1861	70 - -	7 April 1862
	Summer -								
	Winter -								
Wilts	Spring -	55 - -	28 Mar. 1860	110 - -	8 July 1861	55 - -	28 Mar. 1861	110 - -	19 May 1862
	Summer -	55 - -	20 July 1860			55 - -	18 July 1861		
	Winter -	-	-			-	-		
Worcester	Spring -	210 - -	7 May 1861	210 - -	15 July 1861	210 - -	5 April 1862	210 - -	9 June 1862
	Summer -								
	Winter -								
York	Spring -	50 - -	26 Dec. 1860	50 - -	23 July 1861	50 - -	20 Dec. 1861	50 - -	14 July 1862
	Summer -								
	Winter -								
WALES	A sum of 25 £. is allowed by the Treasury to the sheriff of each county. This is paid to the Auditor, and handed over by								

N.B.—The sums allowed to the Sheriffs of England are payable by the Treasury at the end of the Shrievalties, and any

1862-3.				1863-4.			
Paid by Sheriff.		Repaid by Treasurer.		Paid by Sheriff.		Repaid by Treasurer.	
Amount.	Date.	Amount.	Date.	Amount.	Date.	Amount.	Date.
£. s. d.		£. s. d.		£. s. d.		£. s. d.	
55 13 -	29 Mar. - 1862	105 - -	18 May - 1863	54 12 -	4 April - 1863	105 - -	16 May - 1864
56 3 6	13 Aug. - 1862			56 12 -	13 Aug. - 1863		
55 - -	2 April - 1862	110 - -	6 July - 1863	55 - -	9 April - 1863	141 10 -	27 June - 1864
55 - -	9 Aug. - 1862			55 - -	3 Aug. - 1863		
- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	31 10 -	8 Jan. - 1864		
80 - -	22 April - 1863	80 - -	15 June - 1863	80 - -	4 June - 1864	80 - -	13 June - 1864
Nil - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	Nil - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
55 - -	1 April - 1863	55 - -	27 April - 1863	55 - -	30 Mar. - 1864	55 - -	18 April - 1864
130 - -	- - -	110 - -	11 May - 1863	130 - -	- - -	141 10 -	11 April - 1864
- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	31 10 -	- - -		
45 - -	14 Aug. - 1862	45 - -	11 May - 1863	45 - -	3 Feb. - 1864	45 - -	23 May - 1864
- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
80 - -	6 Mar. - 1863	120 - -	31 July - 1863	120 - -	27 April - 1864	120 - -	2 Aug. - 1864
40 - -	23 June - 1863			- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
63 - -	17 June - 1863	176 - -	11 May - 1863	63 - -	17 June - 1863	176 - -	31 May - 1864
63 - -	30 Sept. - 1862			63 - -	22 Sept. - 1863		
50 - -	10 April - 1863			50 - -	- - -		
210 - -	9 April - 1863	210 - -	18 May - 1863	212 - -	24 Mar. - 1864	210 - -	2 May - 1864
67 10 -	- - -	67 10 -	13 July - 1863	67 10 -	8 April - 1864	67 10 -	4 July - 1864
105 - -	1 June - 1862	150 - -	29 Sept. - 1863	105 - -	7 April - 1863	150 - -	2 Aug. - 1864
45 - -	12 May - 1863			45 - -	16 May - 1864		
70 - -	- Mar. - 1862	140 - -	31 July - 1863	70 - -	8 April - 1863	202 - -	2 Aug. - 1864
70 - -	10 Nov. - 1862			70 - -	31 Aug. - 1863		
- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	62 2 -	- Jan. - 1864		
65 - -	29 Mar. - 1862	130 - -	2 Sept. - 1863	65 - -	23 Mar. - 1863	175 - -	2 Aug. - 1864
65 - -	4 Aug. - 1862			65 - -	22 July - 1863		
- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	45 - -	21 Dec. - 1863		
55 - -	25 April - 1863	55 - -	29 June - 1863	55 - -	25 May - 1864	55 - -	4 July - 1864
80 - -	6 Nov. - 1862	70 - -	27 April - 1863	80 - -	19 Nov. - 1863	70 - -	6 June - 1864
- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
55 - -	31 Mar. - 1862	110 - -	27 April - 1863	55 - -	2 April - 1863	110 - -	27 June - 1864
55 - -	23 July - 1862			55 15 -	25 July - 1863		
- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
210 - -	19 Feb. - 1863	210 - -	6 April - 1863	210 - -	30 Mar. - 1864	210 - -	31 May - 1864
50 - -	24 Dec. - 1862	50 - -	29 June - 1863	50 - -	2 Jan. - 1864	50 - -	6 June - 1864

him to the Sheriff, without the production of any receipt.

delay in payment beyond that time arises from the laches of the Sheriffs in not transmitting their account for audit.

George Wilkin.
John H. Preston.

JUDGES' LODGINGS.

RETURN of all SUMS which have been paid by the HIGH SHERIFF of each of the COUNTIES of *England* and *Wales* for the Expense of JUDGES' LODGINGS at Assizes during the Years 1860-1, 1861-2, 1862-3, and 1863-4, and of the SUMS which have been paid to the HIGH SHERIFF by the TREASURY in Reimbursement of that Outlay; &c.

(*Mr. Darby Griffith.*)

*Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
26 April 1865.*

LAND REGISTRY.

RETURN to an Order of the Honourable The House of Commons,
dated 17 March 1865;—for,

RETURNS “ of the Number of Applications for REGISTRATION of any ESTATES with or without an indefeasible Title, and the Number of all TRANSFERS or LAND CERTIFICATES made to or by or under the OFFICE of LAND REGISTRY, together with the Amount of FEES received in the LAND REGISTRY OFFICE since its establishment :”

“ And, of all Applications to obtain a DECLARATION of TITLE under the Act 25 and 26 Vict. c. 67 (in continuation of Parliamentary Paper, No. 451, of Session 1863).”

OFFICE OF LAND REGISTRY.

RETURN of the Number of Applications for REGISTRATION of any ESTATES with or without an indefeasible Title.

FROM the 15th October 1862, the day of opening the Office of Land Registry, up to the 1st March 1864, the date of the last return made to Parliament, the number of applications was sixty-five. From the 1st of March 1864 up to the 20th April 1865 the number of applications is two hundred and eleven, making together two hundred and seventy-six (276).

THE Number of Land Certificates granted—Thirty-two (32).

THE Fees of the office are paid by stamps. The value of the stamps lodged in the office in payment of fees is—Six hundred pounds.

20 April 1865.

B. Spencer Follett,
Registrar.

CHANCERY REGISTRAR'S OFFICE.

RETURN of all Applications to obtain a DECLARATION of TITLE under the Act 25 & 26 Vict. c. 67.

— None. —

Cecil Monro,
Senior Registrar of the Court of Chancery.

LAND REGISTRY.

RETURNS of the Number of Applications for Registration of Estates with or without indefeasible title, and the Number of all Transfers or Land Certificates made to or by or under the Office of Land Registry, together with the Amount of Fees received in the Land Registry (prior since its establishment; and, of all Applications to obtain a Declaration of Title under the Act 26 & 27 Vict. c. 67 (in continuation of Parliamentary Paper, No. 451, of Session 1863).

(*Mr. Longfield.*)

*Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
25 April 1865.*

MANCHESTER SPRING ASSIZES.

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons,
dated 25 April 1865;—for,

- “ RETURNS of the Number of CIVIL CAUSES set down for TRIAL at the late
MANCHESTER SPRING ASSIZES :”
 “ Of the Number of CIVIL CAUSES heard before Mr. Justice *Mellor* :”
 “ Of the Number heard before any extra Commissioner :”
 “ Of the Number disposed of otherwise than by Trial :”
 “ Of the Number Referred :”
 “ Of the Number Struck Out :”
 “ Of the Number of Remanets :”
 “ And of the Number of Days (exclusive of the Commission-day and Sunday) given
to the Business of the SPRING CIVIL ASSIZES in *Manchester* ; and, on how many
Days any extra Commissioner sat.”

RETURN in respect of the CIVIL CAUSES set down for Trial and Tried at the
SPRING ASSIZES in *Manchester*, in the Year 1865.

Number of Civil Causes set down for Trial - - - - -	78
Number of Civil Causes tried before Mr. Justice Mellor - - - -	52
Number of Civil Causes tried before Mr. Serjeant Atkinson (as Commissioner)	6
Number of Civil Causes in which Verdicts were given subject to reference -	10
Number of Civil Causes withdrawn and postponed :—	
Withdrawn - - - - -	14
Trials postponed to subsequent Assizes - - - - -	3
	} 17
Number of Civil Causes made Remanets (by consent of the parties) - -	3
Number of days exclusive of the Commission-day and Sundays given to the business of the Civil Assizes at Manchester - - - - -	11
Number of days on which Mr. Serjeant Atkinson, as Commissioner, sat for the Trial of Civil Causes - - - - -	3

Edmund R. Harris,
Acting Prothonotary and Associate.

Prothonotary's Office, Preston,
1 May 1865.

MANCHESTER SPRING ASSIZES.

**RETURN of the Number of CIVIL CAUSES set
down for Trial and Tried at the Spring Assizes
in *Manchester*, in the Year 1865; &c.**

(*Mr. James Aspinall Turner.*)

*Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
3 May 1865.*

NORTHERN CIRCUIT.

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons,
dated 2 May 1865;—for,

“ RETURN of the Number of CAUSES (distinguishing between Special and Common Jury Cases) entered for TRIAL; and also of the Number of PRISONERS (classifying them) TRIED at the several ASSIZES included in the NORTHERN CIRCUIT in the Spring of 1863 and the Spring of 1865, respectively.”

RETURN of the Number of CAUSES (distinguishing between Special and Common Jury Cases) entered for Trial at the several Assizes in the Counties of *York, Northumberland, Cumberland, and Westmoreland*, the City of *York*, and the Town and County of *Newcastle-upon-Tyne*, included in the Northern Circuit in the Spring of 1863; and of the Number of Causes (distinguishing between Special and Common Jury Cases) entered for Trial at the several Assizes in the Counties of *Northumberland, Cumberland, and Westmoreland*, and the Town and County of *Newcastle-upon-Tyne*, included in the Northern Circuit in the Spring of 1865.

	Common Juries.	Special Juries.	TOTAL.
SPRING ASSIZES, 1863 :			
Yorkshire, West Riding - - - - -	24	12	36
Yorkshire, North and East Riding - - - - -	16	4	20
City of York - - - - -	-	1	1
Northumberland - - - - -	4	3	7
Newcastle-on-Tyne - - - - -	3	1	4
Cumberland - - - - -	1	1	2
Westmoreland (no entry) - - - - -	—	—	—
	48	22	70
SPRING ASSIZES, 1865 :			
In the year 1864, Yorkshire and the City of York were taken from the Northern Circuit.			
Westmoreland (no entry) - - - - -	—	—	—
Cumberland - - - - -	5	-	5
Newcastle-on-Tyne - - - - -	4	3	7
Northumberland - - - - -	3	2	5
	12	5	17

15 May 1865.

John Bayley, Clerk of Assize.

RETURN of the Number of PRISONERS (classifying them) Tried at the several Assizes included in the NORTHERN CIRCUIT in the Spring of 1863 and the Spring of 1865 respectively, so far as regards the several Assizes held for *Westmoreland, Cumberland, the Town and County of the Town of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Northumberland, the City and County of the City of York and Yorkshire.*

	Murder.	Manslaughter.	Rape and Bestiality.	Indecent Assault.	Shooting and Wounding.	Robbery.	Sheepstealing.	Arson.	Burglary.	House, Warehouse, and Shop-breaking.	Forgery and Uttering.	Embezzlement.	Obtaining Money, &c. by False Pretences.	Concealment of Birth.	Perjury.	Bigamy.	Larceny.	Receiving Stolen Goods.	Night Poaching.	Uttering Base Coin.	Other Offences.	TOTAL.
SPRING 1863:																						
Westmoreland	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Cumberland	-	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22
Newcastle-upon-Tyne	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	5	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	15
Northumberland	-	-	1	-	1	2	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	1	-	5	-	-	-	-	14
City of York	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Yorkshire	-	13	3	1	6	7	3	17	8	1	5	1	3	2	11	2	4	2	4	5	4	109
SPRING 1865:																						
Westmoreland	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Cumberland	-	1	2	1	1	4	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	21
Newcastle-upon-Tyne	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15
Northumberland	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16

15 May 1865.

John Bayley, Clerk of Assize.

RETURN of the Number of PRISONERS (classifying them) Tried at the several Assizes included in the NORTHERN CIRCUIT in the Spring of 1863 and the Spring of 1865 respectively, so far as regards the several Assizes held for the County of *Lancaster.*

	Murder.	Manslaughter.	Rape and Bestiality.	Indecent Assault.	Assault.	Shooting and Wounding.	Robbery.	Sheepstealing.	Arson.	Burglary.	House, Warehouse, and Shop-breaking.	Forgery and Uttering.	Embezzlement.	Obtaining Money, &c. by False Pretences.	Concealment of Birth.	Perjury.	Bigamy.	Larceny.	Receiving Stolen Goods.	Offences against the Bankrupt Act.	Uttering Base Coin, and Offences against Mint.	Other Offences.	Casting Corrosive Fluid.	TOTAL.
SPRING 1863:																								
Lancaster	-	3	3	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	18
Liverpool	-	11	4	-	4	2	17	-	2	27	3	4	-	-	3	3	3	3	2	3	6	5	1	107
SPRING 1865:																								
Lancaster	-	3	2	-	-	2	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	17
Manchester	-	7	1	-	-	10	21	-	1	20	-	3	1	2	-	2	2	-	2	-	6	3	-	83
Liverpool	-	10	4	-	1	6	9	-	1	19	-	5	-	-	1	3	4	3	3	3	1	-	-	74

E. L. Shuttleworth,
Clerk of the Crown for the County Palatine of Lancaster.

Printed 13 May 1865.

CIVIL LAW PROCEEDINGS in the Court of Pleas of the County Palatine of *Durham*, included and forming part of and in the Northern Circuit. .

RETURN of the Number of Causes entered for Trial at the Assizes in the Spring of 1863 and the Spring of 1865.

1863 : Special Jury cases (three) - - - - - 3
Common Jury cases (five) - - - - - 5
1865 : Special Jury cases (three) - - - - - 3
Common Jury cases (twelve) - - - - - 12

John Ward,
Deputy Prothonotary and Acting Associate of the County Palatine.

RETURN of the Number of PRISONERS tried at *Durham*, on the NORTHERN CIRCUIT, at the Spring Assizes in 1863 and 1865, respectively.

	1863.	1865.
Assault, indecent - - - - -	1	—
Bigamy - - - - -	2	1
Burglary - - - - -	1	—
Embezzlement by servant - - - - -	-	1
Forgery of receipt for money - - - - -	-	1
Fraud - - - - -	1	—
Larceny, simple - - - - -	1	3
Larceny, simple, after former conviction - - - - -	-	1
Larceny from the person - - - - -	1	1
Larceny in dwelling-house to value of 5 l. - - - - -	1	1
Manslaughter - - - - -	4	2
Murder - - - - -	-	1
Perjury - - - - -	1	1
Receiving stolen goods - - - - -	3	—
Rape - - - - -	1	3
Robbery with violence - - - - -	4	4
Shooting, felonious intent - - - - -	-	1
Shop-breaking and stealing therein - - - - -	1	—
Wounding, feloniously - - - - -	1	3
Wounding, unlawfully - - - - -	2	1
	25	25

18 May 1865.

John W. Hays,
Clerk of the Crown.

NORTHERN CIRCUIT.

RETURN of the Number of CAUSES entered for TRIAL; also of the Number of PRISONERS TRIED at the several ASSIZES in the NORTHERN CIRCUIT in the Spring of 1868, and the Spring of 1865.

(*Mr. Denman.*)

*Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
22 May 1865.*

OATHS AND DECLARATIONS.

RETURN to Two Addresses by Order of the Honourable the House of Commons,
dated 13 and 16 March 1865;—for,

(ADDRESS, 13 March 1865.)

“ RETURN of each OATH now required to be taken by any of HER MAJESTY’S
SUBJECTS in the UNITED KINGDOM, stating by what Classes or Individuals each
such Oath is required to be taken, and of all Oaths that have been Abolished or
Altered since the 1st day of January 1829.”

(*Mr. Monsell.*)

(ADDRESS, 16 March 1865.)

“ THAT there be added to the Return relative to Oaths, addressed for on the 13th day
of this instant March, a RETURN of each DECLARATION now required to be taken
by any of HER MAJESTY’S SUBJECTS in the UNITED KINGDOM, stating by what
Classes each such Declaration is required to be taken, and of all Declarations that
have been Abolished or Altered since the 1st day of January 1829.”

(*Mr. Collins.*)

[So far as the same can be given for *England* and *Wales*.]

Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
9 May 1865.

C O N T E N T S.

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RETURN of each OATH and DECLARATION now required to be taken by any of HER MAJESTY'S SUBJECTS in *England and Wales*, stating by what Classes or Individuals each such Oath or Declaration is required to be taken, and of all Oaths and Declarations that have been Abolished or Altered since the 1st day of January 1829.

PRIVY COUNCIL.

Privy Council Office, Whitehall,
18 March 1865.

Sir,

I AM directed by the Lord President of the Council to transmit to you, in compliance with the request contained in your letter of the 15th March instant, the accompanying return of each Oath and Declaration now required to be taken and made by any of Her Majesty's subjects in the United Kingdom, stating by what classes or individuals each such Oath and Declaration is required to be taken and made; and of all Oaths and Declarations that have been abolished or altered since the 1st of January 1829, so far as such return relates to the Privy Council.

The Under Secretary of State,
Home Office.

I am, &c.
(signed) *E. Harrison.*

RETURN of each OATH and DECLARATION now required to be taken and made by any of Her Majesty's Subjects in the United Kingdom, stating by what Classes or Individuals each such Oath and Declaration is required to be taken and made.

THE OATH prescribed by Act 21 & 22 Vict. c. 48, to be taken in lieu of the Oaths of Allegiance, Supremacy, and Abjuration.

By whom required to be taken: Lord Lieutenants of Counties, Privy Councillors (not Roman Catholics), Lord Chancellor, Chancellor of the Exchequer or Under Treasurer, Lord Privy Seal, Secretary of State, Clerk of the Council.

I, A. B., do swear, that I will be faithful and bear true allegiance to Her Majesty Queen Victoria, and will defend her to the utmost of my power against all conspiracies and attempts whatever which shall be made against her person, Crown, or dignity, and I will do my utmost endeavour to disclose and make known to Her Majesty, her heirs and successors, all treasons and traitorous conspiracies which may be formed against her or them; and I do faithfully promise to maintain, support, and defend to the utmost of my power, the succession of the Crown, which succession, by an Act, intituled "An Act for the further Limitation of the Crown, and better securing the Rights and Liberties of the Subject," is and stands limited to the Princess Sophia, Electress of Hanover, and the heirs of her body, being Protestants, hereby utterly renouncing and abjuring any obedience or allegiance unto any other person claiming or pretending a right to the Crown of this realm; and I do declare, that no foreign prince, person, prelate, state, or potentate, hath or ought to have any jurisdiction, power, superiority, pre-eminence, or authority, ecclesiastical or spiritual, within this realm: And I make this declaration upon the true faith of a Christian.

So help me God.

N.B.—Except in the case of Lord Lieutenants of Counties, this oath is administered preliminary to the special Oath of Office.

PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE—*continued.*

OATH required to be taken by Privy Councillors.

YOU shall swear to be a true and faithful servant unto the Queen's Majesty, as one of Her Majesty's Privy Council. You shall not know or understand of any manner of thing to be attempted, done, or spoken against Her Majesty's person, honour, Crown, or dignity royal; but you shall let, and withstand the same to the uttermost of your power, and either cause it to be revealed to Her Majesty herself, or to such of her Privy Council as shall advertise Her Majesty of the same. You shall in all things to be moved, treated, and debated in council, faithfully and truly declare your mind and opinion, according to your heart and conscience; and shall keep secret all matters committed and revealed unto you, or that shall be treated of secretly in council. And if any of the said treaties or councils shall touch any of the councillors, you shall not reveal it unto him, but shall keep the same until such time as, by the consent of Her Majesty, or of the Council, publication shall be made thereof. You shall to your uttermost bear faith and allegiance unto the Queen's Majesty; and shall assist and defend all [civil and temporal*] jurisdictions, pre-eminences, and authorities granted to Her Majesty, and annexed to the Crown by Acts of Parliament, or otherwise, against all foreign princes, persons, prelates, states, or potentates. And generally in all things you shall do as a faithful and true servant ought to do to Her Majesty.

So help you God, and the holy contents of this Book.

OATH required to be taken by the Lord Chancellor of Great Britain.

YOU shall swear that you shall well and truly serve our Sovereign Lady the Queen, and her people, in the office of Chancellor of Great Britain, Keeper of the Great Seal of Great Britain, Commissioners for the custody of the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland. And you shall do right to all manner of people, poor and rich, after the laws and usages of this Realm. And truly you shall counsel the Queen, and her counsel you shall lain and keep. And you shall not know nor suffer the hurt or disinheriting of the Queen, or that the rights of the Crown be decreased by any means, as far forth as you may let; and if you may not let it, you shall make it clearly and expressly known to the Queen with your true advice and counsel. And that you shall do and purchase the Queen's profit in all that you may. All which you shall do to the best of your skill and knowledge.

As God shall help you.

OATH required to be taken by the Chancellor of the Exchequer, or Under Treasurer.

YOU shall swear that well and truly you shall serve the Queen our Sovereign Lady and her people, in the office of Chancellor, or Under Treasurer. And you shall do right to all manner of people, poor and rich, of such things as toucheth your office. And the Queen's treasure truly you shall keep and dispend. And truly you shall counsel the Queen, and her counsel you shall lain and keep. And that you shall neither know nor suffer the Queen's hurt, nor her disheriting. Nor that the rights of the Crown be distressed by any means as far forth as you may let, and if you may not let it, you make knowledge thereof clearly and expressly to the Queen with your true advice and counsel. And you shall do and purchase the Queen's profit in all that you may reasonably do.

As God shall help you.

OATH required to be taken by the Lord Privy Seal.

YOU shall, as far forth as your cunning and discretion sufficeth, truly, justly, and evenly execute and exercise the office of Keeper of the Queen's Privy Seal, Commissioners for executing the office of Keeper of the Queen's Privy Seal, to you by Her Majesty committed, not leaving or eschewing so to do for affection, love, meed, doubt or dread

* The words within brackets are introduced, under the authority of an Order in Council of 21st July 1855, when the Oath is administered to a Roman Catholic, who must have previously taken and subscribed the Oath appointed by, and set forth in, the Act 10 Geo. 4, c. 7, at the times and in the manner required by that Act.

 PRIVY COUNCIL—*continued.*

dread of any person or persons. And you shall take especial regard that the said Privy Seal, in all places where you shall direct unto, may be in such substantial wise used and safely kept, and that no other person without the Queen's special commandment, or your assent or knowledge, shall move, seal, or imprint anything with the same. And generally you shall observe, fulfil, and do all and everything which to the office of Keeper of the Queen's Privy Seal, Commissioners for executing the Office of Keeper of the Queen's Privy Seal, duly belongeth and appertaineth.

So help you God, and by the contents of this book.

OATH required to be taken by a Secretary of State.

YOU shall swear to be a true and faithful servant unto the Queen's Majesty, as one of the Principal Secretaries of State. You shall not know nor understand of any manner of thing to be attempted, done, or spoken against Her Majesty's person, honour, Crown, or dignity royal, but you shall let and withstand the same to the uttermost of your power, and either reveal, or cause to be revealed, either to Her Majesty herself, or to the Privy Council. You shall keep secret all matters revealed and committed unto you, or that shall be secretly treated of in council. And if any of the said treaties or councils shall touch any of the councillors, you shall not reveal the same unto him, but shall keep the same until such time as by the consent of Her Majesty, or of the council, publication shall be made thereof. You shall to your uttermost bear faith and allegiance unto the Queen's Majesty, and shall assist and defend all jurisdictions, pre-eminences, and authorities granted to Her Majesty, and annexed to the Crown by Act of Parliament or otherwise, against all foreign princes, persons, prelates, states or potentates. And generally in all things you shall do as a faithful and true servant ought to do to Her Majesty.

So help you God, and the holy contents of this book.

OATH required to be taken by the Clerk of the Council in Ordinary.

YOU shall swear to be a true and faithful servant unto the Queen's Majesty, in the exercise of the functions of the Clerk of the Privy Council in Ordinary. You shall not know or understand of any manner of thing to be attempted, done, or spoken against Her Majesty's person, honour, Crown, or dignity royal, but you shall let and withstand the same to the uttermost of your power, and either do or cause to be revealed, either to Her Majesty herself or to the Privy Council. You shall keep secret all matters committed and revealed unto you, or that shall be treated of secretly in council. And if any of the said treaties or councils shall touch any of the councillors, you shall not reveal it unto him, but shall keep the same until such time as, by the consent of Her Majesty, or by the council, publication shall be made thereof. You shall, to your uttermost, bear faith and allegiance to the Queen's Majesty, and shall assist and defend all jurisdictions, pre-eminences, and authorities granted to Her Majesty, and annexed to the Crown by Act of Parliament or otherwise, against all foreign princes, persons, prelates, states or potentates. And generally in all things you shall do as a faithful and true servant and subject ought to do to Her Majesty.

So help you God, and by the holy contents of this book.

OATH required to be taken by a Constable or Lieutenant of the Tower.

YOU shall swear that you shall well and truly serve the Queen's Majesty in the office of {Constable } of the Tower of London. And the same Tower you shall faithfully and safely keep to the behalf of Her Majesty; and the profit of the Queen you shall do and advance in all things that to you as {Constable } of the Tower belongeth. And the rights and privileges of the Tower that to the same lawfully appertain you shall keep and preserve. You shall hear nothing that may be hurtful to the Tower or prejudicial to Her Majesty, but that, with all convenient speed, you shall disclose to some of the Privy Council. In these and all other things that to a {Constable } of the Tower belongeth to do, well and faithfully you shall, according to your best power and knowledge, perform, fulfil, and keep.

So help you God, and the holy contents of this book.

 PRIVY COUNCIL—*continued*.

OATH required to be taken by a Keeper of the Council Chamber.

YOU shall swear to be a true and faithful servant to the Queen's Majesty as one of the Keepers of the Council Chamber; and if by reason of your attendance there you shall hear of any business of secrecy treated of in council, you shall not divulge the same.

So help you God, and the holy contents of this book.

OATH required to be taken by a Witness before the Privy Council.

YOU shall true answer make to all such questions as shall be put unto you touching the matter now depending before this Committee: and you shall speak the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth.

So help you God.

AFFIRMATION by a Quaker.

I, A. B., being one of the people called Quakers, do solemnly, sincerely, and truly declare and affirm that I will true answer make to all such questions as shall be put unto me touching the matter now depending before this Committee: and I will speak the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth.

AFFIRMATION by a Moravian.

I, A. B., being one of the United Brethren called Moravians, do solemnly, sincerely, and truly declare and affirm that I will true answer make to all such questions as shall be put unto me touching the matter now depending before this Committee: and I will speak the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth.

OATH required to be taken by an Interpreter.

YOU shall well and truly interpret unto the witness the questions and demands which shall be made to him by this Committee, touching the matter now depending before the said Committee: and you shall also well and truly interpret to this Committee the answers which the said witness shall thereunto give.

So help you God.

RETURN of all OATHS and DECLARATIONS that have been Abolished or Altered since the 1st day of January 1829.

THE Oaths of Allegiance, Supremacy, and Abjuration.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

OATHS.

Principal Secretary of State:—Administered at the Privy Council Office, and returned by that Department.

OATH taken by Members of the Home Secretary of State's Department acting as Commissioners of Income Tax for that Department.

I, _____ do swear that I will truly, faithfully, impartially, and honestly, according to the best of my skill and knowledge, execute the powers and authorities vested in me by an Act passed in the 5th and 6th years of the reign of Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act for granting Duties on Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices," and that I will exercise the powers entrusted to me by the said Act in such manner only as shall appear to me necessary for the due execution of the same; and that I will judge and determine upon all matters and things which shall be brought before me under the said Act without favour, affection, or malice; and that I will not disclose any particulars contained in any schedule or statement delivered with respect to any duties charged under the provisions and regulations relating to Schedule (E) of the said Act, or any evidence or answer given by any person who shall be examined, or shall make affidavit, deposition, or affirmation respecting the same, in pursuance of the said Act, excepting in such cases and to such persons only who shall be sworn to the due execution of this Act, and where it shall be necessary to disclose the same for the purposes of the said Act, or to the Commissioners of Stamps and Taxes, or in order to or in the course of a prosecution for perjury, committed in such examination, affidavit, deposition or affirmation.

So help me God.

OATH taken by Assessors as aforesaid.

I, _____ do swear that in the execution of an Act passed in the 5th and 6th years of the reign of Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act for granting Duties on Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices," I will in all respects act diligently and honestly, and without favour or affection, to the best of my knowledge and belief, and that I will not disclose any particular contained in any statement or schedule delivered to me in the execution of the said Act, with respect to any duties charged under the provisions and regulations relating to Schedule (E) of the said Act, except in such cases and to such persons only who shall be sworn to the due execution of the said Act, and where it shall be necessary to disclose the same for the purposes of the said Act, or in order to or in the course of a prosecution for perjury, committed in any matter relating to such statement or schedule.

So help me God.

OATH taken by the Collectors and Officers for receipt.

I, _____ do swear that in the execution of an Act passed in the 5th and 6th years of the reign of Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act for granting Duties on Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices," I will not disclose any assessment, or the amount of any sum paid, or to be paid, by any individual under the said Act, or the books of assessment which shall be delivered to me in the execution of the said Act, with respect to any duties charged under the provisions and regulations relating to Schedule (E) of the said Act, except in such cases and to such persons only who shall be sworn to the due execution of the said Act, and where it shall be necessary to disclose the same for the purposes of the said Act, or to the Commissioners of Stamps and Taxes, or in order to or in the course of a prosecution for perjury, committed in relation to the said duties.

So help me God.

OATH taken by a Clerk or Clerk's Assistant to the Commissioners aforesaid.

I, _____ do swear that I will diligently and faithfully execute the office of a clerk (or assistant clerk, as the case may be), according to an Act passed in the 5th and 6th years of the reign of Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act for granting Duties on Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices," to the best of my knowledge and

HOME DEPARTMENT—*continued.*

judgment; and that I will not disclose any particular contained in any statement, declaration, or schedule, with respect to the duties charged under the provisions and regulations relating to Schedule (E) of the said Act, or any evidence or answer given by any person who shall be examined, or shall make affidavit, deposition, or affirmation respecting the same, except in such cases and to such persons only who shall be sworn to the due execution of the said Act, and where I shall be directed so to do by the regulations of the said Act, or any two or more of the Commissioners under whom I act, or of the Commissioners of Stamps and Taxes, or in order to and in the course of a prosecution for perjury, committed on such examination, affidavit, deposition, or affirmation.

So help me God.

DECLARATIONS, as substituted for Oaths by the Act 4 Will. 4, c. 8.

Principal Secretary of State and Under Secretary of State, on rendering the Account of Monies expended on Secret Service.

I, this accountant, do solemnly and sincerely declare that the above account is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, just and true.

And I make this solemn Declaration, conscientiously believing the same to be true.

QUEEN'S Messengers, on Appointment.

I, do solemnly and sincerely declare that I will be a true servant unto our Sovereign Lady Victoria, by the grace of God Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Defender of the Faith, &c. &c. &c.; that if I should know anything that may in any wise be hurtful or prejudicial to Her Majesty's Royal person, state, Crown, or dignity, I will, as far as may be in my power, hinder it, and with all possible speed reveal the same to Her Majesty, or to some of Her Most Honourable Privy Council; that I will serve Her Majesty truly and faithfully in the place to which I am appointed as messenger in ordinary to Her Majesty; and that I will be obedient to the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, and their Secretaries.

Whitehall, 13 April 1865.

H. W. Waddington.

FOREIGN OFFICE.

Sir,

Foreign Office, 23 March 1865.

HAVING laid your letter of the 15th instant before Earl Russell, I am directed by his Lordship to transmit to you the enclosed Return to an Address presented to Her Majesty in pursuance of a Resolution of the Honourable the House of Commons, dated the 13th of March 1865, for "A Return of each Oath now required to be taken by any of Her Majesty's subjects in the United Kingdom, stating by what classes or individuals each such Oath is required to be taken, and of all Oaths that have been abolished or altered since the 1st day of January 1829." Also the like information as regards "Declarations," so far as relates to the office of Her Majesty's Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs.

I am, &c.

Thomas G. Baring, Esq., M. P.,
&c. &c. &c.

E. Hammond.

No OATHS are taken by Members of the Foreign Office.

DECLARATIONS, as substituted for Oaths by Act 5 Will. 4, c. 8 (12 June 1835), are made by the Queen's Messengers on appointment instead of the Oaths formerly administered to them on being sworn into office.

G. Lenox Conyngham,
Chief Clerk.

Foreign Office, 23 March 1865.

COLONIAL OFFICE.

Colonial Office, Downing-street,
10 April 1865.

Sir,

WITH reference to your letter of the 15th instant, I am directed by Mr. Secretary Cardwell to transmit to you, to be laid before Secretary Sir George Grey, the Return of Oaths and Declarations therein referred to, and required by a Resolution of the House of Commons, so far as relates to this department, and to those of the Colonial Land and Emigration Commissioners, and of the Crown Agents for the Colonies acting under the authority of this department.

I am, &c.

Frederic Rogers.

T. G. Baring, Esq., M. P.,

Home Office.

OATHS taken by Members of the Colonial and Emigration Offices.

Oath prescribed by Act 43 Geo. 3, c. 99, Schedule (A.).

Taken by Members of the Colonial Secretary of State's Department acting as Commissioners of Income Tax for that department, and the Office of the Colonial Land and Emigration Commissioners.

I, do swear that I will truly, faithfully, impartially, and honestly, according to the best of my skill and knowledge, execute the several powers and authorities reposed in me as a Commissioner by an Act passed in the 43d year of the reign of his late Majesty George the Third, intituled, "An Act for consolidating certain of the provisions contained in any Act or Acts relating to the Duties under the management of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes, and for amending the same," or by any other Act or Acts granting to Her Majesty any duties to be assessed under the regulations of the said Act, and that I will judge and determine upon all appeals, and all other matters and things which shall be brought before me as a Commissioner under the said Acts, or any of them, without favour or affection.

So help me God.

OATH prescribed by Act 21 & 22 Vict. c. 48, in lieu of the Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy formerly administered to and taken by Commissioners of Income Tax.

Taken by the Commissioners of Income Tax aforesaid.

I, A. B., do swear that I will be faithful and bear true allegiance to Her Majesty, Queen Victoria, and will defend her to the utmost of my power against all conspiracies and attempts whatever which shall be made against her person, Crown, or dignity; and I will do my utmost endeavour to disclose and make known to Her Majesty, her heirs and successors, all treasons and traitorous conspiracies which may be formed against her or them. And I do faithfully promise to maintain, support, and defend, to the utmost of my power, the succession of the Crown, which succession, by an Act, intituled, "An Act for the further Limitation of the Crown, and better securing the Rights and Liberties of the Subject," is and stands limited to the Princess Sophia, Electress of Hanover, and the heirs of her body, being Protestants, hereby utterly renouncing and abjuring any obedience or allegiance unto any other person claiming or pretending a right to the Crown of this Realm; and I do declare that no foreign prince, person, prelate, state, or potentate hath or ought to have any jurisdiction, power, superiority, pre-eminence, or authority, ecclesiastical or spiritual, within this Realm. And I make this declaration upon the true faith of a Christian.

So help me God.

 COLONIAL OFFICE—*continued.*

OATH prescribed by Act 16 & 17 Vict. c. 34, taken in lieu of the Oath prescribed by the Act 5 & 6 Vict. c. 35.

Taken by a Member of the Colonial Secretary of State's Department, acting as Clerk to the Commissioners of Income Tax aforesaid.

I, _____ of _____ do [swear or affirm, as the case may be] that I will diligently and faithfully execute the office of _____, according to an Act passed in the 17th year of the reign of Queen Victoria, intituled, "An Act for granting to Her Majesty Duties on Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices," to the best of my knowledge and judgment. And that I will not disclose any particular contained in any statement, declaration, or schedule, with respect to the duties charged under the provisions and regulations relating to Schedule (D.) of the said Act, or any evidence or answer given by any person who shall be examined, or shall make affidavit deposition, or affirmation, respecting the same, except in such cases and to such persons only who shall be sworn to the due execution of the said Act, and where I shall be directed so to do by the regulations of the said Act, or any two or more of the Commissioners under whom I act, or of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, or in order to and in the course of a prosecution for perjury committed on such examination, affidavit, deposition, or affirmation.

So help me God.

OATH prescribed by an Act 43 Geo. 3, c. 99, Schedule (B).

Taken by a Member of the Colonial Secretary of State's Department, and a Member of the Colonial Land and Emigration Office acting as Assessors of Income Tax under the authority of the Commissioners aforesaid.

I, _____ do swear, that I will diligently execute the office of an Assessor, to which I am appointed by authority of an Act passed in the 43d year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled, "An Act for consolidating certain of the Provisions contained in any Act or Acts relating to the Duties under the management of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes, and for amending the same," and that in the assessment which I am required to make by any other Act or Acts granting to Her present Majesty any duties to be assessed under the regulations of the said Act, I will faithfully and honestly act, without favour or affection, according to the best of my skill and knowledge.

So help me God.

OATH prescribed by the Statutes of the Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, under the Statutes of that Order, dated 31 January 1851.

Taken by the Chief Clerk of the Colonial Secretary of State's Department, acting *ex officio* as Secretary and Registrar of the Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George.

I WILL yield obedience to the Sovereign, and also to the Grand Master of the Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, in such things as appertain to the Order. I will not disclose the secrets of the Order; and I will be diligent and faithful in the execution of my office.

DECLARATIONS made by Members of the Colonial and Emigration Offices, and by the Crown Agents for the Colonies.

Declaration substituted for an Oath under Act 5 & 6 Will. 4, c. 62.

Made by the Chief Clerk of the Colonial Secretary of State's Department periodically before one of the Barons of the Court of Exchequer as to the truth and correctness of his annual accounts of receipts and expenditure on account of the office contingencies.

I, _____, do solemnly and sincerely declare that the several and respective items in this account now by me delivered are just and true, according to the best of my knowledge and understanding.

COLONIAL OFFICE—*continued.*

DECLARATION substituted for an Oath under Act 5 & 6 Will. 4, c. 62.

Made by Her Majesty's Messengers on appointment to Office.

I, _____, do solemnly and sincerely declare, that I will be a true servant unto our Sovereign Lady Victoria, by the Grace of God Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Defender of the Faith, &c. &c. &c.; that if I should know anything that may in anywise be hurtful or prejudicial to Her Majesty's Royal person, state, Crown, or dignity, I will, as far as may lie in my power, hinder it; and with all possible speed reveal the same to Her Majesty, or to some of her most Honourable Privy Council; that I will serve Her Majesty truly and faithfully in the place to which I am appointed, as messenger in ordinary to Her Majesty; and that I will be obedient to the Lords of Her Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council, Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State and their secretaries.

DECLARATION substituted for an Oath under Act 5 & 6 Will. 4, c. 62.

Made by a Member of the Office Establishment of the Colonial Land and Emigration Commissioners (acting as their accountant) before one of the Commissioners of Audit.

I, A. B., do solemnly and sincerely declare, that this account is just and true, according to the best of my knowledge and belief; and I make this solemn Declaration, conscientiously believing the same to be true.

DECLARATION substituted for an Oath, under Acts 39 Geo. 3, c. 83, s. 13; 5 & 6 Will. 4, c. 62, s. 2, 3, 4, and Treasury Warrant of 18 July 1836.

Made by the Crown Agents for the Colonies before one of the Commissioners of Audit.

We _____, do solemnly and sincerely declare that this account is just and true, according to the best of our knowledge and belief, and we make this solemn declaration, conscientiously believing the same to be true.

WAR OFFICE.

(35,125—1.)

Sir,

War Office, 2 May 1865.

IN compliance with the request contained in your letter of the 15th March last, I am directed by Earl de Grey and Ripon to transmit to you herewith copies of the oaths and declarations now administered to officers, &c. of the Army and of the War Department in the United Kingdom; together with copies of those which have been altered or abolished since the year 1829.

I am, &c.

Edward Lugard.

The Under Secretary of State,
Home Office.

WAR OFFICE—continued.

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LIST of OATHS and DECLARATIONS altered since 1829.

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FORM of OATH of Judge Advocate.

I, _____, do swear that I will not, upon any account whatsoever, disclose or discover the vote or opinion of any particular member of the court martial, unless required to give evidence thereof as a witness by a court of justice, or a court martial, in a due course of law.

So help me God.

The following addition made in the Mutiny Act and Articles of War, 1844.

And that I will not, unless it be necessary for the due discharge of my official duties, disclose the sentence of the court until it shall be duly approved.

So help me God.

Same at the present time.

All persons who give evidence before any Court Martial are to be examined upon OATH, in the following words :—

THE evidence which you shall give before this court shall be the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth.

So help you God.

Same at the present time. First printed in the Articles of War, 1831.

WAR OFFICE—continued.

FORM of OATHS to be taken by Members of Courts Martial.

You shall well and truly try and determine, according to the evidence, in the matter now before you.

So help you God.

Same as at present.

I, _____, do swear that I will truly administer justice, according to the rules and articles for the better government of his Majesty's forces, and according to an Act now in force for the punishment of mutiny and desertion, and other crimes therein mentioned, without partiality, favour, or affection; and if any doubt shall arise which is not explained by the said Articles or Act, according to my conscience, the best of my understanding, and the custom of war in the like cases: and I further swear that I will not divulge the sentence of the court until it shall be duly approved; neither will I, upon any account, at any time whatsoever, disclose or discover the vote or opinion of any particular member of the court martial, unless required to give evidence thereof as a witness by a court of justice, or a court martial, in a due course of law.

So help me God.

Slight verbal alterations, such as commencing with "You shall duly, &c.," and after the word "Act," line 9, the word "then" is introduced.

In other respects the same now.

DECLARATION by Board recommending Wounded Officers for Pension.

I, A. B., do declare, upon my honour, that I will duly and impartially inquire into and give my opinion on the case of the officer now before this Board, according to the true spirit and meaning of his Majesty's Orders and Regulations, and the instructions issued by his Majesty's Orders on this head; and I further declare upon my honour, that I will not, on any account or at any time, disclose or discover my own vote or opinion, or that of any particular member of the Board, unless required to do so by competent authority.

First introduced into Mutiny Act and Articles of War in 1830.

The same now.

DECLARATION by Board recommending Soldiers for Pension on Discharge.

I, A. B., do declare, upon my honour, that I will duly and impartially inquire into the matters to be brought before this Board, according to the Rules and Regulations of His Majesty's service; and, if any doubt shall arise, according to my conscience, the best of my understanding, and the custom of the service in like cases.

First introduced into Mutiny Act and Articles of War in 1830.

The same now.

FORM of DECLARATION of Attestation of a Barrack Master's Accounts.

I, _____, barrack master of the _____ barracks at _____ do hereby solemnly and sincerely declare, that I have charged myself in this account with the several sums drawn for or received by me on imprests, or for rents, damages, and deficiencies, washing sheets, or for any other article or service; that they are just and true, and include every sum for which I am accountable during the period stated.

I also solemnly declare, that I have not, directly or indirectly, received any profit, fee, emolument, or advantage whatever from or on account of the purchase or issue of any of the articles for the service of the said barracks, nor have I any property in lands, houses, tenements, or any article used or employed in the service of the War Department; and I further solemnly declare that the several sums of money for which I have taken credit as disbursements in this account, amounting to _____, have been actually and *bonâ fide* paid

WAR OFFICE—continued.

paid by me for the respective services, without any deductions, to the several persons entitled to the same, and that the receipts which accompany this account have been actually signed and witnessed by the persons stated therein; and I make this declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true.

Same at the present time.

First printed in the Mutiny Act and Articles of War, 1859.

FORM OF DECLARATION of Attestation of a Paymaster's Accounts.

I, _____ do solemnly and sincerely declare, that the foregoing pay-list of the _____ regiment of _____ for the period ended 185____, contains charges of pay for only such non-commissioned officers, drummers, fifiers, buglers, and privates as were effective and entitled to pay during, and regularly mustered at, the periods set against their names; that all those men who were not present at the respective musters taken by me on the _____ the _____ and the _____ have the true reasons of their absence stated against their names; and that every absence affecting the pay or allowances of such men which occurred between the respective musters is properly accounted for.

Also, that the list of commissioned officers prefixed to the said pay-list contains a true and just statement of the names of all the commissioned officers who have been effective and entitled to pay as belonging to the said regiment for the periods therein set down against their respective names; also, that all the remarks opposite to their names on the muster-roll have been correctly copied therein; and that the sum debited in the general state of this pay-list for the pay of officers has been actually received by me and paid to them respectively. Also, that the whole of the sums debited in this pay-list and account, amounting to _____, have been actually and *bonâ fide* disbursed by me in conformity with the established Regulations, and that the total sum received, drawn for, or required to be remitted for the several services therein charged, including every receipt whatever for which I am required to give credit in these accounts, is _____

Also, that the statement at the foot of this page contains a full and correct list of all abstracts of examination, and of all decisions on abstracts of examination, of the pay-list of this regiment received between the _____ of 185____ (the date of the last pay-list transmitted to the War Office being that for the period ended the _____ 185____), and the _____ of 185____, the date of this pay-list.

Also, that the total amount of the sums disallowed in the said decisions is credited in this pay-list, in conformity with Article 21 of the Explanatory Directions, dated the 1st July 1848.

Also, that to the best of my knowledge and belief, both my sureties are now living; that the property of each is at least double that for which he is surety; and that they respectively reside at the places under mentioned.

NAMES OF SURETIES.

PLACES OF RESIDENCE.

Same at the present time.

First printed in the Mutiny Act and Articles of War, 1859.

FORM OF DECLARATION of Attestation of a Storekeeper's Accounts.

I, _____, storekeeper at _____, do hereby solemnly and sincerely declare, that I have charged myself in this account with the several sums drawn for or received by me on imprests, or for rents, sale of old stores, or for any other article or service; that they are just and true, and include every sum for which I am accountable during the period stated.

I also solemnly declare, that I have not, directly or indirectly, received any profit, fee, emolument, or advantage whatever beyond my salary and authorised allowances, except the trifling advantage which may have arisen in respect to the fractional parts of a penny in the totals of the pay-lists, as sanctioned by the Regulations of 19 December 1832, S.—1176 (See Article 246, at page 65 of Home Regulations); and I further solemnly declare, that the several sums of money for which I have taken credit as disbursements in this account,

WAR OFFICE—continued.

amounting to , have been actually and *bonâ fide* paid by me for their respective services, without any deductions, to the several persons entitled to the same; and that the receipts which accompany this account have been actually signed and witnessed by the persons stated therein, and I make this declaration, conscientiously believing the same to be true.

Same at the present time.

First printed in the Mutiny Act and Articles of War, 1859.

FORM of DECLARATION of Attestation of the Accounts of a Military Accountant.

I hereby solemnly and sincerely declare, that this account, comprised in folios, is just and true, according to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief; and I make this declaration, conscientiously believing the same to be true.

Same at the present time.

First printed in the Mutiny Act and Articles of War, 1860.

OATH taken by President of Court of Requests.

I, swear, that I will duly administer justice, according to the evidence, in the matters that shall be brought before me.

So help me God.

Same at the present time.

First printed in the Mutiny Act and Articles of War, 1863.

FORM of OATH of Attestation of a Commissary's Accounts.

I, do hereby make oath that I have not applied any money, or stores, or supplies under my care or distribution, to my own use, or to the private use of any other person by way of loan to such person, or otherwise, or in any manner applied them, or knowingly permitted them to be applied, to any other than public purposes, and according to the duty of my office.

Changed into a DECLARATION in the Mutiny Act and Articles of War, 1837 :—

"I do solemnly and sincerely declare, that &c."

And the following addition made :—

* And I make this solemn declaration, conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by virtue of the provisions of an Act passed in the fifth and sixth years of the reign of His Majesty King William the Fourth, c. 62, "for the Abolition of unnecessary Oaths, and for substituting Declarations in lieu thereof."

* This part omitted in 1859.

This is also the same as the declaration now made by Purveyors.

DECLARATION OF RECRUIT.

I, do hereby acknowledge, that the under-mentioned notice has been read over to me, and that I was strictly questioned by * whether I did or did not belong to the militia, and that I answered that I did not; and I also hereby declare, that I did not then, and do not now, belong to the militia.

Notice referred to above.

Any man who is enrolled in the militia, and who, upon offering to enlist in the army, denies that he belongs to the militia, is liable, upon conviction before a magistrate, to be committed to prison for six months, over and above any other penalty or punishment which he may thereby incur for obtaining money on false pretences.

Discontinued as a separate declaration in 1830, when the questions in this notice (and others) were embodied in the declaration now made by a recruit on attestation (see page 17).

* This blank to be filled up by the name of the non-commissioned officer or man who actually enlisted the recruit.

WAR OFFICE—continued.

OATH to be taken by Recruit on Enlistment.

I, _____, do make oath that (I am, or have been, as the case may be, state occupation if any, or state if none), and to the best of my knowledge and belief, was born in (state county, parish, place, &c.), and that I am of the age of _____ years; that I do not belong to the militia or to any other regiment, or to his Majesty's Navy or Marines; and that I will serve his Majesty, his heirs and successors (if for unlimited service) until I shall be legally discharged (if for limited service) then for the period of _____ (This blank to be filled up by the justice, with seven years for infantry, 10 years for cavalry, and 12 years for the artillery, if the person enlisting is of the age of 18 years or upwards; but if under 18 years of age; then the difference between his age and 18 to be added to such 7, 10, or 12 years, as the case may be) years, provided his Majesty should for so long require my service, and also for such further term not exceeding six months, as shall be directed by the Commanding Officer on any foreign station, and not exceeding three years, as shall be directed by any proclamation of his Majesty; such additional period in the latter case to determine whenever six months of continued peace, to be reckoned from the ratification of any definitive treaty, shall have elapsed subsequent to the expiration of the said (7, 10, or 12, as the case may be) years.

This oath was changed to a declaration in 1860, and is shown on page 17 of this return.

DECLARATION to be made by Recruit on Attestation.

I, _____, now residing in the parish of _____, in the county of _____, do solemnly and sincerely declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief I was born in the parish of _____ (a), in or near the town of _____ (b), in the county of _____ (c), and am _____ years of age; that I am of the trade and calling of _____ (or of no trade or calling, as the case may be); that I am not an apprentice; that I am not married; that I am not a widower; that I am a widower, and that I have (or have not) children; that I do not belong to the Militia or to the Naval Coast Volunteers, or to any portion of Her Majesty's land or sea forces; that I have never served Her Majesty by land or sea in any military or naval employment whatsoever, except _____; that I have never been marked with the letter D; that I have never been rejected as unfit for Her Majesty's service on any previous enlistment; that I was enlisted at _____ on the _____ day of _____ 186____, at _____ o'clock _____, by _____ of _____, and that I have read (or had read to me) the notice then given to me, and understood its meaning; that I enlisted for a bounty of _____ and a free kit, and have no objection to make to the manner of my enlistment; that I am willing to be attested to serve in the _____ regiment of _____ (instead of the words "in the regiment," any words may be substituted which are applicable to the case, in or for whatever part of Her Majesty's dominions the enlistment may be made) for the term of (the blank after the words "term of" to be filled up with 10 years for infantry and 12 years for cavalry, or artillery, or other Ordnance corps, if the person enlisted is of the age of 18 years or upwards; but if under that age, then the difference between his age and 18 is to be added to such 10 or 12 years, as the case may be), provided Her Majesty should so long require my services, and also for such further term, not exceeding two years, as shall be directed by the Commanding Officer on any foreign station.

Signature of Recruit.

Signature of Witness.

Same at the present time.

Note (a), (b), (c). These blanks need not be filled up if the recruit is unable to give the requisite information.

OATH of Allegiance and Fidelity.

I SWEAR that I will be faithful and bear true allegiance to his Majesty, his heirs and successors; and that I will, as in duty bound, honestly and faithfully defend his Majesty, his heirs and successors, in person, Crown, and dignity, against all enemies; and will observe and obey all orders of his Majesty, his heirs and successors, and of the generals and officers set over me.

So help me God.

WAR OFFICE—*continued.*

In 1830, when certain questions were put to the recruit before taking this oath, it commenced as follows :

" I, _____, do make oath that the above questions have been separately put to me; that the answers thereto have been read over to me; and that they are the same that I gave, and are true.

" I do also make oath, that I will be faithful, &c. &c. (as above)."

The introductory portion is no longer part of the oath, which is now the same as shown above; and the questions are embodied in the declaration made by recruits (*see page 17*).

DECLARATION to be made by a Soldier renewing his Service.

I, _____, Number _____, do declare that I am at present (or was, as the case may be), _____ in Captain _____ Company, in the _____ Regiment; that I enlisted on the _____ day of _____ for a term of _____ years; that I am of the age of _____ years; and that I will serve Her Majesty, her heirs and successors [or in the forces of the East India Company, as the case may be] for a further term of _____ years [to be filled up with 11 years in the infantry, and 12 in the cavalry or artillery, or other Ordnance corps, and in the case of a soldier about to embark for foreign service, with such number of years as shall be required to complete a total service of 21 years in the infantry, or 24 in the cavalry or artillery, or other Ordnance corps], provided my services should so long be required, and also for such further term, not exceeding two years, as shall be directed by the Commanding Officer on any foreign station.

Introduced in the Mutiny Act and Articles of War for 1848, the Act for limiting the time of service having been passed in the previous year.

The declaration is still the same, but the term of years in the artillery and engineers has been altered to nine years for the second period of service. This makes the total service for these corps 21 years, as in infantry regiments.

VOLUNTEERS.

OATH to be taken by Adjutants and Quartermasters of Volunteers and Yeomanry to entitle them to the receipt of their Half Pay. Act 44 Geo. 3, c. 54, s. 41. (5 June 1804.)

" I, A. B., do swear that I had not, between the _____ and the _____, any place or employment of profit, civil or military, under his Majesty, besides my allowance of half pay as a reduced _____ in _____ late regiment of _____ save and except my pay as adjutant or quartermaster (as the case may be) for serving in the _____ corps of _____ yeomanry or volunteers of the _____ (as the case may be)."

DECLARATION to be made by Adjutants of Volunteers before receiving their Commissions. (Volunteer Regulations, 19 January 1861, Art. 132.)

" I do hereby declare, upon my honour as an officer and a gentleman, that, in order to obtain the appointment of an adjutant in the _____, I have not given, paid, received or promised, and that I do not believe that any one for me has given, paid, received, or promised, directly or indirectly, any recompense, reward, or gratuity to any person or persons whatever."

Witness (C. D.)

(signed) (A. B.)

OATH to be taken by all Officers on receiving their Commissions, and by all Volunteers on Enrolment in the Muster Roll of their Corps. Volunteer Act, 1863. 26 & 27 Vict. c. 65. (21 July 1863.)

" I, A. B., do sincerely promise and swear that I will be faithful and bear true allegiance to Her Majesty Queen Victoria, and that I will faithfully serve Her Majesty in Great Britain for the defence of the same against all her enemies and opposers whatsoever, according to the conditions of my service."

WAR OFFICE—continued.

OATH to be taken by Serjeant Instructors of Volunteers.

I, _____ do sincerely promise and swear that I will be faithful and bear true allegiance to Her Majesty Queen Victoria, her heirs and successors, and that I will faithfully serve Her Majesty in any part of Great Britain for the defence of the same, against all her enemies and opposers whatsoever, according to the conditions of my service.

Witness my hand,

_____ Signature of the Serjeant Instructor.

_____ Witness present.

OATH of Assessor of Income Duty.

I, _____ do swear that I will diligently execute the office of an Assessor, to which I am appointed by authority of the several Acts passed in the reign of Her present Majesty, for granting to Her said Majesty duties on profit arising from property, profession, trades, and offices, and in the assessment which I am required to make by the said Acts I will faithfully and honestly act without favour or affection according to the best of my skill and knowledge.

So help me God.

[Still in use.]

OATH of Commissioner of Income Duty.

I, _____ do swear that I will truly, faithfully, impartially, and honestly, according to the best of my skill and knowledge, execute the several powers and authorities vested in me as a Commissioner, by an Act passed in the 18th year of the reign of Her present Majesty, entitled, "An Act for granting to Her Majesty an increased rate of Duty on Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices," and that I will judge and determine upon all appeals, matters, and things, which shall be brought before me, as a Commissioner under the said Act, without favour or affection.

So help me God.

[Still in use.]

FORM required for placing a General Officer's Widow on the Pension List.

I, _____ do solemnly and sincerely declare that I was lawfully married at* _____ on the _____ day of _____ to _____ late a general in Her Majesty's service, who † _____; that ever since his decease I have continued a widow, and am so at this present time; that I have no pension, allowance, or provision from Government, and that the marginal statement of our respective ages is correct. And I make this solemn declaration, conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by virtue of the Act 5 & 6 Will. 4, c. 62.

Ages when Married.

Years.

Of officer - _____

Of widow - _____

Difference - _____

* Annex the certificate of marriage, or a copy thereof, certified by the minister of the parish in which the ceremony was performed.

† Insert when and where the officer died or was killed, and his age; and if not killed, the cause of his death.

FORM required for placing on the Pension List the Widow of an Officer who died on Full Pay, under the rank of Major General.

I, _____ do solemnly and sincerely declare that I was lawfully married at* _____ on the _____ day of _____ to _____ late a _____ in the _____ Regiment of _____ who died at _____ on the _____ day of _____ aged _____ years; that ever since his decease I have continued a widow, and am so at this present time; that I have no pension, allowance, or provision from Government, and that the marginal statement of our respective ages is correct. And I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by virtue of the provisions of the Act 5 & 6 Will 4, c. 62.

Ages when Married.

Years.

Of officer - _____

Of widow - _____

Difference - _____

* Annex the certificate of marriage, or a copy thereof, certified by the minister of the parish in which the ceremony was performed.

WAR OFFICE—*continued.*

FORM required for placing on the Pension List the Widow of an Officer, who died on Half-Pay, or Retired Full Pay.

Ages when Married.		I,	do solemnly and sincerely declare that I was lawfully married* at			
			on the	day of	to	late a
			on	of the	Regiment of	who died at
		Years.	the	day of	aged	years ;
Of officer -			that ever since his decease I have continued			
Of widow -			a widow, and am so at this present time ; that I have no pension, allowance, or provision			
Difference -			from Government, and that the marginal statement of our respective ages is correct. And			
			I make this solemn declaration, conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by			
			virtue of the provisions of the Act 5 & 6 Will. 4, c. 62.			

* Annex a certified copy of the parochial register of the marriage. Certificates of the officer's age, and the date and cause of his death, should also be annexed.

FORM required for placing on the Pension List the Mother of a Deceased Officer.

I, do solemnly and sincerely declare that I was lawfully married* at
 on the day of to father of
 the late late a in the Regiment of
 who died at on the day of aged years ; that
 ever since my said husband's decease I have continued a widow, and am so at this present
 time ; that I have no pension, allowance, or provision from Government ; ~~that I am in~~
~~distressed circumstances,~~† and was mainly dependent upon my said son for support, who
 has not left either a widow or legitimate child. And I make this solemn declaration, con-
 scientiously believing the same to be true, and by virtue of the provisions of the Act
 5 & 6 Will. 4, c. 62.

† Omitted by sanc-
 tion of Royal War-
 rant, dated 24
 February 1865.

* Annex the certificate of marriage, or a copy thereof, certified by the minister of the parish in which the ceremony was performed.

FORM required for placing on the Pension List the Sister of a Deceased Officer.

I, do solemnly and sincerely declare that I am the sister* of the
 late late a in the Regiment of
 who died at on the day of aged years ; that
 he left neither widow, legitimate child, nor mother ; that I am an orphan, having no parent
 or surviving brother ; that I have no pension, allowance, or provision, from Government ;
~~that I am in distressed circumstances,~~† and was mainly dependent upon my said brother for
 support, and that I have never been married. And I make this solemn declaration,
 conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by virtue of the provisions of the Act
 5 & 6 Will. 4, c. 62.

† Omitted by sanc-
 tion of Royal War-
 rant, dated 24
 February 1865.

* Annex the certificate of marriage of the parents, or a copy thereof, certified by the minister of the parish in which the ceremony was performed ; together with a baptismal certificate of the sister or sisters applying for relief.

FORM required from the Widow of an Officer as to Means of Support.

Statement of the means of support possessed by
 ; made for the purpose of enabling the Secretary of State for
 War to determine whether he can with propriety submit to the Queen her claim to Pension
 as widow of (particulars to be inserted in the blank space).

I, solemnly and sincerely declare that the above is a correct
 statement of my means of support, and I make this solemn declaration, conscientiously
 believing the same to be true, and by virtue of the provisions of the Act 5 & 6 Will. 4,
 c. 62.

WAR OFFICE—*continued.*

FORM applicable to Marriages in Scotland only.

We, the subscribing parties, viz. :*—
and †

hereby declare, and do certify to the Secretary-at-War, that we are lawfully married persons, and that our respective ages at the time of our marriage are correctly stated in the margin.

Signature of Officer _____

Signature of the Lady _____

Ages when Married.

	Years.
Of officer	-
Of wife	-
Difference	-

* Here mention the name of the officer, his rank, and the regiment to which he belongs.

† Here give the lady's designation.

FORM required to be completed by the Widow of an Officer applying for the Money actually Paid for the Purchase of her Husband's Commissions in the Army, under the Provisions of the Royal Warrant of the 1st March 1856, in consequence of his having been killed in Action, or having died of his Wounds within Six Months.

I, _____ do solemnly and sincerely declare, that I was lawfully married at *
on the _____ day of _____ to _____ late a
in the _____ Regiment of _____ † who was killed in
action at _____ † or who died of his wounds received on the _____ day of
aged _____ years; that ever since his decease I have continued a widow, and am
so at this present time; that I have no pension, allowance, or provision from Government,
and that the marginal statement of our respective ages is correct. And I make this solemn
declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by virtue of the provisions of
the Act 5 & 6 Will. 4, c. 62.

Ages when Married.

	Years.
Of officer	-
Of widow	-
Difference	-

* Annex the Certificate of Marriage or a copy thereof, certified by the minister of the parish in which the ceremony was performed.

† The words "who was killed in action at" or "who died of his wounds received" are to be left in or ruled through, according to the circumstances of the case.

FORM required to be completed by the Father of an Officer applying for the Money actually paid for the Purchase of his Son's Commissions in the Army, under the Provisions of the Royal Warrant of the 1st March 1856, in consequence of his having been killed in Action, or having died of his Wounds within Six Months.

I, _____ do solemnly and sincerely declare, that the late *

late a _____ in the _____ Regiment of _____
† who was killed at _____ † or died of wounds received on the _____
day of _____, was my legitimate Son, and that I was lawfully married to his
Mother at * _____ on the _____ day of _____ 18 _____;
that I have no pension, allowance, or provision from Government; ~~that I am in dis-~~
~~tressed circumstances, †~~ and that my said son has not left either a widow or legitimate child.
And I make this solemn declaration, conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by
virtue of the provisions of the Act 5 & 6 Will. 4, c. 62.

† Omitted by sanction
of Royal Warrant
dated 24 February
1865.

* Annex the Certificate of Marriage, or a copy thereof, certified by the minister of the parish in which the ceremony was performed, together with a baptismal certificate of the deceased officer.

† The words "who was killed at" or "died of wounds received" are to be left in or ruled through, according to the circumstances of the case.

WAR OFFICE—continued.

FORM required to be completed by the Mother of an Officer applying for the Money actually paid for the purchase of her Son's Commissions in the Army, under the Provisions of the Royal Warrant of the 1st March 1856, in consequence of his having been killed in Action, or having died of his Wounds within Six Months.

I, _____ do solemnly and sincerely declare, that the late*

late a _____ in the _____ Regiment of
 † who was killed at _____ † or died of wounds received on the
 day of _____ 185 _____, was my legitimate Son, and that I was lawfully married
 to his Father at* _____ on the _____ day of _____ 18 _____;
 that ever since my said husband's decease I have continued a widow, and am so at this
 present time; that I have no pension, allowance, or provision from Government; ~~that I am in distressed circumstances,~~ † and was mainly dependent upon my said son for support,
 who has not left either a widow, legitimate child, or father. And I make this solemn
 declaration, conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by virtue of the provisions of
 the Act 5 & 6 Will. 4, c. 62.

† Omitted by sanction
 of Royal Warrant
 dated 24 February
 1865.

* Annex the Certificate of Marriage, or a copy thereof, certified by the minister of the parish in which the ceremony was performed, together with the baptismal certificate of the deceased officer.

† The words "who was killed at" or "died of wounds received" are to be left in or ruled through, according to the circumstances of the case.

FORM required to be completed by the Sister of an Officer applying for the Money actually paid for the Purchase of her Brother's Commissions in the Army, under the Provisions of the Royal Warrant of the 1st March 1856, in consequence of his having been killed in Action, or having died of his wounds within Six Months.

I, _____ do solemnly and sincerely declare, that I am
 the Sister* of the late* _____ late a _____
 in the _____ Regiment of _____ † who was killed in action
 at _____ † or died of his wounds received on the _____ day of _____
 _____, aged _____ years; that he left neither widow, legitimate child, father,
 nor mother; that I am an orphan, having no parent nor surviving brother; that I have no
 pension, allowance, or provision from Government; ~~that I am in distressed circum-~~
~~stances,~~ † and was mainly dependent upon my said brother for support, and that I am not
 married. And I make this solemn declaration, conscientiously believing the same to be
 true, and by virtue of the provisions of the Act 5 & 6 Will 4, c. 62.

† Omitted by sanction
 of Royal Warrant
 dated 24 February
 1865.

* Annex the Certificate of Marriage of the parents, or a copy thereof, certified by the minister of the parish in which the ceremony was performed, together with a baptismal certificate of the sister applying for relief, as well as that of the deceased officer.

† The words "who was killed in action at" or "died of his wounds received" are to be left in or ruled through, according to the circumstances of the case.

FORM required to be completed by the Sisters of an Officer applying for the Money actually paid for the Purchase of their Brother's Commissions in the Army, under the Provisions of the Royal Warrant of the 1st March 1856, in consequence of his having been killed in Action, or having died of his Wounds within Six Months.

We, _____ do solemnly and sincerely declare, that we are
 the Sisters* of the late* _____ late a _____
 in the _____ Regiment of _____
 † who was killed in action at _____ † or died of his wounds received
 on the _____ day of _____, aged _____ years; that he left neither widow,
 legitimate child, father, nor mother, that we are orphans, having no parent nor surviving
 brother, that we have no pension, allowance, or provision from Government; ~~that we~~
~~are in distressed circumstances,~~ † and were mainly dependent upon our said brother for
 support, and that we are neither of us married. And we make this solemn declaration,
 conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by virtue of the provisions of the Act
 5 & 6 Will. 4, c. 62.

† Omitted by sanction
 of Royal Warrant
 dated 24 February
 1865.

* Annex the Certificate of Marriage of the parents, or a copy thereof, certified by the minister of the parish in which the ceremony was performed; together with baptismal certificates of the sisters applying for relief, as well as that of the deceased officer.

† The words "who was killed in action at" or "died of his wounds received" are to be left in or ruled through, according to the circumstances of the case.

WAR OFFICE—continued.

FORM required from Relatives of Deceased Officers, on Application for Compensation under Royal Warrant.

STATEMENT of the means of support possessed by _____; made for the purpose of enabling the Secretary of State for War to determine whether he can with propriety submit to the Queen a claim for compensation under the terms of the Royal Warrant of the 1st March 1856.

(Particulars to be inserted in the blank space.)

I, _____, solemnly and sincerely declare, that the above is a correct statement of my means of support. And I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by virtue of the provisions of the Act 5 & 6 Will. 4, c. 62.

FORM required to be completed by Persons claiming the Half-pay, or Pension, due to a Deceased Officer, or Widow, who has not made a Will, or to whose Effects Administration has not been taken out.

I, * _____, do solemnly and sincerely declare, that I am the lawful † of, and of nearest kin to ‡ _____, who died on the _____ without leaving any will, as I have reason to believe, and I claim accordingly the sum which remains due on account of the § _____ of the said ‡ _____ as || _____; and I make this solemn declaration, conscientiously believing the same to be true.

If the officer or widow left a will, it should be sent, or a probate thereof, for the Secretary at War's inspection, and the words "without leaving any will," should in that case be erased.

- * Insert the name of the claimant.
- † The degree of relationship.
N.B.—If the claim be preferred by a child, a brother, or a sister, it should be explained whether there are or are not, others of the same degree; and if there are, their written consent to the payment to the person making a claim should accompany this document.
- ‡ The name of the deceased.
- § Half-pay or pension, as the case may be.
- || Who or what the deceased was.

DECLARATION to be made on, or immediatly after, the 1st January and 1st July in each Year, by Widows of Non-commissioned Officers or Soldiers who have been Granted Pensions by the East India Company out of Lord Clive's Fund, and to be delivered at the time of payment to the Staff Officer of Pensioners for the District in which they respectively reside.

I, _____, do solemnly and sincerely delare that I was the lawful wife of _____, late a _____ in the East India Company's service, and that I have not contracted marriage with any other person since the death of my aforesaid husband, and I make this solemn declaration, conscientiously believing the same to be true.

DECLARATION required from Widows, on Application for Pension from the Merchant Seamen's Fund.

I, _____, residing at _____, do hereby declare that I am the widow of _____, in whose right I have obtained a pension from the Merchant Seamen's Fund, that I have not been married to any other person since his death, and that the child _____ named below, on whose account I receive _____, now living and reside at the place stated; viz. :—

	Christian Name.	Surname.	Now residing at
1			
2			
3			
4			

WAR OFFICE—*continued.*

DECLARATION of an Out-Pensioner, Chelsea Hospital.

came before me, one of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace, and solemnly declared that he is the individual who was admitted an out-pensioner from the regiment of _____ under the above name, and that he is in receipt of a pension from Chelsea Hospital of _____ per day, and is not in the receipt of any other pay or pension but the above rate.

DECLARATION of an Out-Pensioner, Greenwich Hospital.

Pensioner's Number, _____.

came before me, one of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace, and solemnly declared that he is the individual who was admitted an out-pensioner under the above name, and that he is in receipt of a pension from Greenwich Hospital of £. _____ per annum, and is not in the receipt of any other pay or pension but the above rate.

DECLARATION required to be made by Staff Officer of Pensioners on passing Accounts.

I, _____, do solemnly and sincerely declare that the foregoing Pay List of the out-pensioners of the _____ district under my superintendence, for the quarter ending _____, contains a true and accurate statement of all the payments made by me during that period, amounting to _____. That all sums therein stated were actually disbursed or remitted, and all the pensioners therein named seen and identified by me in course of the quarter, except such as are noticed in the remarks opposite their respective names; also, that the total sum received, drawn for, or required to be remitted by me for the several services therein charged, is _____; and that the balance due _____ on the disbursements and receipts for the current quarter amounts to _____; also that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, my sureties are now living, that the property of each is at least double that for which he is surety, and that they respectively reside at the places set against their names, as follows:—

And I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true.

DECLARATION to be made by the Mother or Guardian of a Queen's Scholar.

* Name in full.

† Insert mother or guardian.

‡ The scholar's name in full.

§ The father's name in full, and rank.

|| His regiment.

¶ The scholar's name.

I, _____, do solemnly and sincerely declare, that I am entitled to an allowance of 10*l.* for the past quarter, as the † _____ of ‡ _____ the legitimate child of § _____, late of the || _____, and that ¶ _____ has been maintained and educated at my expense during the whole of that period; and I make this solemn declaration, conscientiously believing the same to be true.

N.B.—In the event of the death of a Queen's Scholar, the parent or guardian is requested to give early notice thereof to the Secretary of State for War.

DECLARATION to be taken by the President and Members of Medical Boards.

A DECLARATION is taken by the President and Members of Medical Boards when examining officers, &c. for wounds, &c., in accordance with section 3, Art. 168, page 85, of the Mutiny Act and Articles of War, 1864, to the following effect, viz.:

"I, A. B., do declare upon my honour that I will duly and impartially inquire into and give my opinion on the case of the officer now before this Board, according to the true spirit and meaning of Her Majesty's orders on this head: And I further declare, upon my honour, that I will not, on any account or at any time, disclose or discover my own vote or opinion, or that of any particular member of the Board, unless required to do so by competent authority."

There have been no declarations or oaths altered or abolished since 1829.

WAR OFFICE—continued.

FORM of DECLARATION of Attestation of a Commissary's or Purveyor's Accounts.

I, _____, do solemnly and sincerely declare that I have not applied any monies or stores or supplies under my care or distribution to my own use, or to the private use of any other person by way of loan to such person or otherwise, or in any manner applied them, or knowingly permitted them to be applied, to any other than public purposes, according to the duty of my office. See p. 16.

The above declaration is taken by purveyors in military accountants' districts, rendering provision and dry store accounts, and also by the Commissariat officer at Chatham, to his provision and dry store account, required by "The Mutiny Act, 1864," page 174. But the Commissariat officers at Aldershot and the Curragh take the following oath:

"I do hereby solemnly and sincerely declare that the above statement of remains of provisions, forage, fuel and light, in Her Majesty's Commissariat magazine at _____ on the _____ day of _____, is correct and true, to the best of my knowledge and belief, and I make this solemn declaration, conscientiously believing the same to be true."

DECLARATION of Purveyor.

I, _____, do solemnly and sincerely declare that the foregoing pay list of the detachment of the Army Hospital Corps in the _____ purveying district for the period ended _____ 186____, contains charges of pay for only such non-commissioned officers and privates as were effective and entitled to pay during, and regularly mustered at, the periods set against their names; that all those men who were not present at the respective musters have the true reasons of their absence stated against their names; and that every absence affecting the pay or allowances of such men which occurred between the respective musters is properly accounted for.

Also, that the whole of the sums credited in this pay list and account, amounting to _____, have been actually and *bonâ fide* disbursed by me in conformity with the established regulations; and that the total sums received, drawn for, or required to be remitted for the several services therein charged, including every receipt whatever for which I am required to debit myself in these accounts, is _____.

* Also, that to the best of my knowledge and belief, both my sureties are now living; that the property of each is at least double that for which he is surety, and that they respectively reside at the places under-mentioned.

Names of Sureties.

Places of Residence.

* In those instances in which an assignment of money or the security of a Guarantee Association has been accepted, this part of the declaration will require to be altered, or wholly erased, according to the circumstances of each case; and when the bond of the association has been accepted, the following addition must be made:

"Also, that the annual premium of _____ £. required to be paid to the Guarantee Association in consideration of their bond of security for me, on the _____ day of _____ in each year, has been actually paid to the latest date for which it is due."

I further do solemnly and sincerely declare that I have not applied any monies or stores or supplies under my care or distribution to my own use, or to the private use of any other person by way of loan to such person or otherwise, or in any manner applied them, or knowingly permitted them to be applied, to any other than public purposes, according to the duty of my office.

DECLARATION of the Accountant.

I, _____, Accountant of the Royal Clothing Establishments, do hereby solemnly and sincerely declare that I have charged myself in this account with the several sums drawn for or received by me on imprests, sale of old stores, or for any other article or service; that they are just and true, and include every sum for which I am accountable during the period stated. I also solemnly declare that I have not, directly or indirectly, received any profit, fee, emolument, or advantage whatever beyond my salary and authorised allowances, except the trifling advantage which may have arisen in respect to the fractional parts of a penny in the totals of the pay lists, as sanctioned by the Regulations

WAR OFFICE—*continued.*

lations of 19th December 1832 $\frac{s}{1176}$ (*see* Art. 246, at page 65, of Home Regulations); and I further solemnly declare that the several sums of money for which I have taken credit as disbursements in this account, amounting to _____, have been actually and *bonâ fide* paid by me for the respective services, without any deductions, to the several persons entitled to the same, and that the receipts which accompany this account have been actually signed and witnessed by the persons stated therein; and I make this declaration, conscientiously believing the same to be true.

DECLARATION of the Cashier.

I, _____, Cashier of the _____ do hereby solemnly and sincerely declare that I have charged myself in this account with the several sums drawn for or received by me on imprests, or for rents, sale of old stores, or for any other article or service; that they are just and true, and include every sum for which I am accountable during the period stated. I also solemnly declare that I have not, directly or indirectly received any profit, fee, emolument, or advantage whatever beyond my salary and authorised allowances, except the trifling advantage which may have arisen in respect to the fractional parts of a penny in the totals of the pay lists, as sanctioned by the Regulations of 19th December, 1832 $\frac{s}{1176}$ (*see* Art. 246, at page 65, of Home Regulations); and I further solemnly declare that the several sums of money for which I have taken credit as disbursements in this account, amounting to _____, have been actually and *bonâ fide* paid by me for the respective services, without any deductions, to the several persons entitled to the same, and that the receipts which accompany this account have been actually signed and witnessed by the persons stated therein; and I make this declaration, conscientiously believing the same to be true.

DECLARATION of Claim for Remission of Income Duty on the sum of 60 *l.*, to be made by an officer or other person stationed or residing in the United Kingdom, if his whole Income for the year has been less than 200 *l.*, and has been wholly derived from Army Funds.

[Persons resident or serving in the United Kingdom, whose incomes, including separate incomes of their wives, are not derived solely from Army Funds, are to prefer their claims for rebate to the Local Commissioners of the districts in which they respectively reside or serve.]

I DECLARE that the whole of my income, from every source whatever, for the year ending 5th April, 186____, having been derived entirely from Army Funds, was less than 200 *l.*, and I therefore give notice that I am entitled to, and I do hereby claim, in respect of such income, remission of Income Duty to the extent of such duty on 60 *l.* of my said income.

First used, 1864. Still in use.

DECLARATION of Claim for Exemption from Income Duty to be made by an officer or other person stationed or residing in the United Kingdom, whose whole Income from every source for the year is or was less than 100 *l.*

I declare that the whole of my income, from every source whatever, for the year ending 5th April, 186____, * less than 100 *l.*, and I therefore give notice that I am entitled to, and I do hereby claim, exemption from Income Duty in respect of my income from Army Funds.

* Here insert "is" or "was."

First used, 1864. Still in use.

WAR OFFICE—continued.

INCOME DUTY.—Command or Table Allowance.

DECLARATION under the Act 16 and 17 Vict. cap. 34.

I HEREBY declare that of the total sum of £.

paid to me as *

186 the sum of £.

and necessarily expended by me in the performance of my duties as †

allowance for the year ended 5th April

has been wholly, exclusively,

* Here state
"Command" or
"Table."

† Here state the
Office in regard to
which the allow-
ance is issued.

and I therefore claim repayment of the amount of Income Duty charged on the said amount.

First used, 1861. Still in use.

INCOME DUTY.

DECLARATION of Profits on Payments made under the control of the Secretary of State for War.

I do hereby declare, that*

the whole of my profits derived from the total sum of £.

control of the Secretary of State for War, for †

is the full and true amount of
paid to me, under the

* Here state the
sum in words.

† Here state the
service.

‡ Here state the
sum in words.

for the year ended 5th April last, and that ‡

is the full and true average annual amount of the whole of my profits derived from all payments made to me, under the control of the Secretary of State for War, for the like service for the three consecutive years ended 5th April last.

Still in use.

DECLARATION to be made by persons stationed or residing in the United Kingdom claiming abatement on the ground of their Income being less than 150 l. per annum, and derived entirely from the Pay and Allowances received by them from the War Department.

IN pursuance of Act 16 and 17 Vict. cap. 34, I do hereby declare that the whole of my income for the year ending 5th April 186 , is less than 150 l., and is derived entirely from the pay and allowances which I receive from the War Department as *

* Here state the
description of office,
&c., in which em-
ployed.

and I hereby give notice that I am entitled to, and I do hereby claim, abatement in respect of such income.

Abolished 1863.

NOTICE and DECLARATION to be made by persons stationed or residing in the United Kingdom, claiming abatement on the ground of their Income being less than 150 l. per annum, and not derived entirely from the Pay and Allowances received by them from the War Department.

IN pursuance of the Act 16 and 17 Vict. cap. 34, I do hereby declare that the whole of my income for the year ending the 5th April 186 , is less than 150 l., and is not derived entirely from the pay and allowances I received from the War Department as *

* Here state the descrip-
tion of office under War
Department in which
employed.

My sources of income are as under :

Annual amount of pay, allowance, &c. - -

Private income † - - - -

TOTAL Income - - - £.

£. s. d.

† If married, the income
of the husband and wife
must be included.

I ‡ a claim for abatement in respect of my private income to the General Commissioners for the district in which I reside; and I, therefore, give notice that I am entitled to, and do hereby claim, abatement in respect of my official income.

‡ Here state "have
made," or "intend to
make," as the case may
be.

Abolished 1863.

WAR OFFICE—*continued.*

NOTICE and DECLARATION of Claim for Exemption, or Abatement, to be made by an Officer stationed or residing in the United Kingdom, if his whole Income for the year is less than 100 £, or less than 150 £, as the case may be, and is derived entirely from his Military Pay, Allowances, and Emoluments.

In pursuance of the Act 16 & 17 Vict. c. 34, I hereby declare that the whole of my Income, for the year ending 5th April 185 , is less then one hundred * pounds, and is derived entirely from the pay, allowances, and emoluments which I receive as †

* Here insert "and fifty," if the income be not less than 100 £.

† Here specify the rank and capacity in which the pay, &c., are received.

‡ Here insert "exemption" or "abatement," as the case may be.

and I therefore give notice that I am entitled to, and I do hereby claim, ‡ in respect of such income.

Abolished 1864.

NOTICE and DECLARATION of Claim for Exemption, or Abatement; to be made by an Officer stationed or residing in the United Kingdom, if his whole Income for the year is less than 100 £, or less than 150 £, as the case may be, and is not derived entirely from his Military Pay, Allowances, and Emoluments.

In pursuance of the Act 16 & 17 Vict. c. 34, I hereby declare that the whole of my income, for the year ending 5th of April 185 , is less than one hundred * pounds, and is not derived entirely from the pay, allowances, and emoluments which I receive as †

* Here insert "and fifty," if the income be not less than 100 £.

† Here specify the rank and capacity in which the pay, &c. are received.

My sources of income are as under:—

Annual Amount of Military Pay, &c. - - - £.

‡ Private Income, viz. :—

‡ If the wife of the party making the declaration have a separate income, the amount must be included.

TOTAL - - - £.

§ "Have made," or "intend to make."

|| Here insert "exemption," or "abatement," as the case may be.

I § a claim for exemption or abatement in respect to my private income, to the general Commissioners for the district in which I reside; and I therefore give notice that I am entitled to, and I do hereby claim || in respect of my military income.

Abolished 1864.

NOTICE and DECLARATION of Claim for Exemption, or Abatement, to be made by an Out-Pensioner stationed or residing in the United Kingdom, or elsewhere, if his whole Income for the year is less than 100 £, or less than 150 £, as the case may be, and is derived entirely from his Military Pay, Allowances, and Emoluments.

In pursuance of the Act 16 & 17 Vict. c. 34, I hereby declare that the whole of my income, for the year ending 5th April 186 , is less than one hundred * pounds, and is derived entirely from the pay, allowances, and emoluments which I receive as an out-pensioner from the † at † per †

* Here insert "and fifty," if the income be not less than 100 £.

† Here insert the regiment, rate of pension, and day or year, as the case may be.

‡ Here insert "exemption" or "abatement," as the case may be.

And I, therefore, give notice that I am entitled to, and I do hereby claim ‡ in respect of such income.

Abolished 1864.

WAR OFFICE—continued.

NOTICE and DECLARATION of Claim for Exemption to be made by an Out-Pensioner stationed or residing in the United Kingdom or elsewhere, if his whole Income for the year is less than 100 £, and is not derived entirely from his Military Pay, Allowances, and Emoluments.

I hereby declare that the whole of my income, for the year ending 5th April 186 , is less than 100 £, and is not derived entirely from the pay, allowances, and emoluments which I receive as an out-pensioner from the at per*

* Here state the regiment, rate of pension, and day or year, as the case may be.

My sources of income are as under:—

Annual amount of military pay &c. - - - - £.

† Private income, viz.:—

TOTAL - - - £.

† If the wife of the party making the declaration have a separate income, the amount must be included.

I ‡ a claim for exemption in respect to my private income, to the General Commissioners of the District in which I reside; and I therefore give notice that I am entitled to, and do hereby claim, exemption in respect of my military income.

‡ "Have made," or "intend to make."

Abolished 1864.

NOTICE and DECLARATION of Claim for Abatement to be made by an Out-Pensioner stationed or residing in the United Kingdom or elsewhere, if his whole Income for the year is less than 150 £, and is not derived entirely from his Military Pay, Allowances, and Emoluments.

I hereby declare that the whole of my income for the year ending 5th April 186 , is less than 150 £, and is not derived entirely from the pay, allowances, and emoluments, which I receive as an out-pensioner from the at per*

* Here state the regiment, rate of pension, and day or year, as the case may be.

My sources of income are as under:—

Annual amount of military pay, &c. - - - - £.

† Private income, viz.:—

TOTAL - - - £.

† If the wife of the party making this declaration have a separate income, the amount must be stated.

I ‡ a claim for abatement in respect of my private income to the General Commissioners of the district in which I reside; and I therefore give notice that I am entitled to, and do hereby claim, abatement in respect of my military income.

‡ "Have made," or "intend to make."

Abolished 1863.

DECLARATION to be made by Persons stationed or residing in the United Kingdom, claiming Exemption on the ground of their Income being less than 100£. per annum, and derived entirely from the Pay and Allowances received by them from the War Department.

IN pursuance of Act 16 & 17 Vict. cap. 34, I do hereby declare that the whole of my income for the year ending 5th April 186 is less than 100£, and is derived entirely from the pay and allowances which I receive from the War Department as* and I hereby give notice that I am entitled to, and I do hereby claim, exemption in respect of such income.

* Here state the description of office, &c., in which employed.

Abolished 1864.

WAR OFFICE—continued.

NOTICE and DECLARATION to be made by Persons stationed or residing in the United Kingdom, claiming Exemption on the ground of their Income being less than 100*l.* per annum, and not derived entirely from the Pay and Allowances received by them from the War Department.

In pursuance of Act 16 & 17 Vict. cap. 34, I do hereby declare that the whole of my income for the year ending the 5th April 186*6*, is less than 100*l.*, and is not derived entirely from the pay and allowances I receive from the War Department as*

* Here state the description of office under War Department in which employed.

My sources of income are as under :

† If married, the income of the husband and wife must be included.

	£.	s.	d.
Annual amount of pay, allowance, &c. - - - - -			
† Private income - - - - -			
TOTAL INCOME - - - - - £.			

‡ Here state "have made," or "intend to make," as the case may be.

I‡ a claim for exemption in respect of my private income to the General Commissioners for the district in which I reside ; and I therefore give notice that I am entitled to, and do hereby claim, exemption in respect of my official income.

Abolished 1864.

DECLARATION of Claim for Remission of Income Duty on the sum of 60*l.*, to be made by an Officer or other Person stationed or residing in the United Kingdom, if his whole Income for the Year has been less than 200*l.*, and has been wholly derived from Army Funds.

In pursuance of the Act 26 Vict. cap. 22, I declare that the whole of my income, from every source whatever, for the year ended 5 April 186*6*, was less than 200*l.*, and I therefore give notice that I am entitled to, and I do hereby claim, in respect of such income, remission of Income Duty to the extent of such duty on 60*l.* of my said income.

My sources of income were as under:—

	£.	s.	d.
Annual amount of Military pay, &c., as in the			
Regiment of Foot - - - - -			
Civil Salary, as , in the - - - - -			
Pension, if a pensioner, from the Regiment of ,			
at a day - - - - -			
Any income otherwise derived from Army Funds (the nature thereof to be specified) - - - - -			
TOTAL - - - - - £.			

I further declare that I have not made, and will not make, any other claim to remission of the Income Duty assessed upon 60*l.* of my said income.

Claimant's signature,
Claimant's rank, regiment, office, &c.,
District (if a pensioner),

First used 1863—abolished 1864.

INDIA OFFICE.

Sir,

India Office, S.W., 24 March 1865.

In reply to your letter of the 15th instant, calling for a "return of each oath now required to be taken by any of Her Majesty's subjects in the United Kingdom, stating by what classes or individuals such oath is required to be taken," I am directed to inform you that no oath or declaration is required from any of Her Majesty's subjects in connection with the office of Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, nor has any oath or declaration been in operation since the formation of that department of Her Majesty's Government.

The Under Secretary of State, Home Office.

I am, &c.
(signed) *Herman Merivale.*

ADMIRALTY.

Sir,

Admiralty, 2 May 1865.

WITH reference to your letter of 15th March, I am commanded by my Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty to transmit a return relative to oaths and declarations required to be taken by officers employed under this department, in order that it may be embodied in the Return ordered by the House of Commons on 13th March last.

The Under Secretary of State, Home Office.

I am, &c.
(signed) *C. Paget.*

DECLARATIONS required to be made by Officers employed under the Admiralty.

1. THE superintendent, and all the other officers, and clerks and other persons belonging to the dock and victualling yards, make declaration that they will receive no fees, gratuities, rewards or perquisites, and that they will have no concern whatever in the purchase or hire of any vessel for the service of the Government, or in the purchase or sale of any stores for the Government.

2. Paymasters in charge of stores in Her Majesty's ships, and storekeepers in the dock and victualling yards, barrackmasters and lieutenants, and quartermasters of the Royal Marines, and officers acting in either of the foregoing capacities, make declarations on passing their accounts.

OFFICE OF COMMITTEE OF PRIVY COUNCIL FOR TRADE.

(E. 41.)

Office of Committee of Privy Council for Trade,
Whitehall, 21 March 1865.

Sir,

I AM directed by the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 15th instant, asking my Lords to furnish a return, so far as relates to this Board, of each oath now required to be taken, and of all oaths that have been abolished or altered since the 1st January 1829.

In reply, I am to acquaint you, for the information of Secretary Sir George Grey, that there are no oaths required by any law in the conduct of the business of this Board, or of any of the departments under their control, with the exception of the declarations required for the registration, transfer, and mortgage of ships, marked B. C. F. G. H. L. in the schedules to the Merchant Shipping Act, 1854 (17 & 18 Vict. c. 104.)

The Under Secretary of State, Home Office.

I have, &c.
(signed) *James Booth.*

DEPARTMENT OF THE COMPTROLLER GENERAL OF HER MAJESTY'S EXCHEQUER.

My Lords,

Exchequer, 23 March 1865.

I ENC herewith to transmit to your Lordships returns relating to any oath or declaration now required in this department, or that may have been abolished or altered since 1st January 1829, in obedience to your Lordships' letter of yesterday's date.

To the Lords Commissioners of
Her Majesty's Treasury.

I have, &c.
(signed) *Monteagle,*
Comptroller General.

No oath is now required to be taken by any officer of this department.

This office was established in 1834, under the Act 4 & 5 Will. 4, c. 15, in lieu of the several offices of Auditor, and of each of the four Tellers of the Exchequer, and of the Clerk of the Pells, abolished by the Act.

DEPARTMENT OF THE COMPTROLLER GENERAL OF HER MAJESTY'S EXCHEQUER—*contd.*

Under section 5 of the Act 8 & 9 Will. 3, c. 28, for the better observation of the course anciently used in the receipt of exchequer, it was enacted "That the first clerk in the offices of the Auditor of the Receipt, the Clerk of the Pells, and of the four Tellers aforesaid, and every of them, shall be sworn and take their corporal oaths, for the due, just, and faithful performance of all matters and things to be done and performed by such clerks in the said offices respectively; and the oaths to that effect shall and may be administered by the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any of them, or by the Treasurer or under Treasurer of the Exchequer, or by the Barons of the Court of the Exchequer, or any of them, for the time being."

The Act 8 & 9 Will. 3, c. 28, was repealed from 10th October 1834, by section 36 of the Exchequer Act, 4 & 5 Will. 4, c. 15.

There were also certain oaths required by ancient custom to be taken, upon their appointment, by the Auditor of the Exchequer, as Tally Writer, by the Tellers, and by the Clerk of the Pells. These oaths were administered to the respective officers by the Keeper of the Records in the Chapter-house. The forms of these oaths are contained in the Black Book of the Exchequer, supposed to have been written in the reign of King Edward the First, and now kept at the Public Record Office; they are also shown in the Appendix to the First Report on Public Records, printed in 1800, page 232, under the head of "Oaths of Office." These oaths were also abolished in 1834, when the several offices were abolished.

In pursuance of the "Rules to be observed in rendering Accounts to the Audit Office," directed by the Audit Board in their circular dated September 1853, the following declaration to the accuracy of the Annual Abstract Account Current of the Contingent Expenses of the Exchequer is required to be made by the chief clerk of this department, as the Accountant of the Contingent Expenses, "before either a Commissioner of the Audit Board, a Baron of the Court of Exchequer, or a Commissioner duly authorised by that Court to administer declarations, in the following form:

"I, do solemnly and sincerely declare that this account is just and true, according to the best of my knowledge and belief, and I make this declaration, conscientiously believing the same to be true."

(signed) *Monteagle,*
Comptroller General.

AUDIT OFFICE.

Audit Office, Somerset House, London,
3 April 1865.

2. **MY LORDS,**
IN accordance with the directions conveyed in Mr. Hamilton's letter of the 22d ult., we have the honour to transmit herewith the returns required by the Addressers from the House of Commons, so far as relates to any oath or declaration now required in this department, or that may have been abolished or altered since 1st January 1829.

We have, &c.
(signed) *Edw. Romilly,*
W. Maberly.

The Lords Commissioners of
Her Majesty's Treasury,
&c., &c., &c.

OATHS now required to be taken.

No special oath is now required to be taken in connection with any business conducted by the Commissioners for Auditing the Public Accounts, but (under Act 25 Geo. 3, c. 52, s. 12), the Commissioners are empowered to examine upon oath, accountants whom they shall find occasion to call before them and other persons whom they shall think fit to examine touching the accounts, and all other matters necessary for the due execution of the powers vested in the said Commissioners by this Act.

OATHS that have been abolished or altered since 1 January 1829.

1. Oath formerly administered to public accountants by the Commissioners for Auditing the Public Accounts (under the powers vested in them by Act 39 Geo. 3, c. 83, s. 13, and other Acts).

"This accountant maketh oath and saith, that this his account is just and true, according to the best of his knowledge and belief."

2. Oath which the Commissioners for Auditing the Public Accounts were formerly authorised to administer to their officers and clerks (under Act 25 Geo. 3, c. 52, s. 8, and Act 39 Geo. 3, c. 83, s. 12), for their true and faithful demeanour in all things relating to the due performance of the trust reposed in them.

"I, _____ do swear that, according to the best of my knowledge and power, I will truly and faithfully demean myself in all things relating to the due performance of the trust reposed in me by virtue of my employment under the Commissioners for Auditing the Public Accounts; and that I will not take or receive any reward or gratuity, directly or indirectly, other than my salary, or what shall be allowed me from the Crown for any service done, or to be done, in the execution of my said employment on any account whatsoever."

3. Oath formerly taken by the Commissioners for Auditing the Public Accounts before the Chancellor of the Exchequer (25 Geo. 3, c. 52, s. 4, and 45 Geo. 3, c. 91, s. 2).

" I, _____ do swear that, according to the best of my skill and knowledge, I will faithfully, impartially, and truly execute the several powers and trusts vested in me by an 'Act for better Examining and Auditing the Public Accounts of this Kingdom.'

“ So help me God.”

4. Oath formerly taken by foreign ministers and others, on their return to this country, in respect of secret service money (22 Geo. 3, c. 82, s. 26), in order that they might be acquitted thereof.

" I, _____ do swear that I have disbursed the money entrusted to me for Foreign Secret Service, faithfully, according to the intent and purpose for which it was given, according to my best judgment, for his Majesty's service.

“ So help me God.”

5. Oath formerly taken by secretaries of state, in respect of secret service money (22 Geo. 3, c. 82, s. 27).

" I, _____ do swear that the money paid to me for Foreign Secret Service (or for secret service in detecting, preventing, or defeating treasonable or other dangerous conspiracies against the State) has been *bonâ fide* applied to the said purpose, or purposes, and to no other; and that it hath not appeared to me convenient to the State that the same should be paid abroad.

“ So help me God.”

DECLARATIONS now required to be taken.

1. **DECLARATION** to be taken by public accountants (39 Geo. 3, c. 83, s. 13; 5 & 6 Will. 4, c. 62; Gazette, 19th July 1836).

" I, _____ do solemnly and sincerely declare that this account is just and true, according to the best of my knowledge and belief; and I make this solemn declaration, conscientiously believing the same to be true."

2. Declaration to be taken by foreign ministers and others on their return to this country, in respect of secret service money (22 Geo. 3, c. 82, s. 26 ; 5 & 6 Will. 4, c. 62).

" I, _____ do solemnly and sincerely declare that I have disbursed the money entrusted to me for foreign secret service faithfully, according to the intent and purpose for which it was given, according to my best judgment, for Her Majesty's service; and I make this solemn declaration, conscientiously believing the same to be true."

3. Declaration to be taken by under secretaries of state, in respect of secret service money (22 Geo. 3, c. 82, s. 27, and 5 & 6 Will. 4, c. 62).

"I, _____ do solemnly and sincerely declare that the money paid to me for Foreign Secret Service (or for secret service in detecting, preventing and defeating treasonable and other dangerous conspiracies against the State) has been *bonâ fide* applied to the said purpose, or purposes, and to no other, and that it hath not appeared to me convenient to the State that the same should be paid abroad; and I make this solemn declaration, conscientiously believing the same to be true."

4. Declaration to be taken by the Commissioners for Auditing the Public Accounts
(25 Geo. 3, c. 52, s. 4; 45 Geo. 3, c. 91, s. 2; 5 & 6 Will. 4, c. 62; Gazette, 28th June, 1836 (Oaths of Office)).

" I, do solemnly and sincerely declare that, according to the best of my skill and knowledge, I will faithfully, impartially, and truly execute the several powers and trusts vested in me by an ‘ Act for better Examining and Auditing the Public Accounts of this Kingdom.’ ”

5. Declaration which the Commissioners for Auditing the Public Accounts are authorised to administer to their officers and clerks (25 Geo. 3, c. 52, s. 8 ; 39 Geo. 3, c. 83, s. 12 ; Gazette, 28th June 1836).

“ I, do solemnly and sincerely declare that, according to the best of my abilities, I will faithfully execute the duties of my office, and be obedient to the orders of my superiors; and I further declare, with reference to the directions contained in two Treasury Warrants, dated the 1st of June 1849—one for the regulation and conduct of the business of the Audit Office, the other for the establishment of the Audit Office, of which copies have been furnished to me, that I will not take or receive any reward or gratuity, directly or indirectly, other than my salary, or what shall be allowed to me from the Crown, for any service done or to be done in the execution of my said employment on any account whatsoever; and I further declare that I am not now engaged, nor will I hereafter engage without the consent of my superiors, in any professional or commercial occupation, and that I will true allegiance bear to our Sovereign Lady the Queen, and her successors.

DECLARATIONS that have been abolished or altered since 1 January 1829.

DECLARATION formerly administered by the Commissioners for Auditing the Public Accounts to their officers and clerks.

"I, _____ do solemnly and sincerely declare that, according to the best of my abilities, I will faithfully execute the duties of my office, and be obedient to the orders of my superiors; and I further declare, with reference to the directions contained in a Treasury Warrant of 19th July 1822, and a Treasury Letter of 19th March 1836, which have been communicated to me, that I am not now engaged, and will not engage whilst employed in this office, in any commercial or other professional occupation; and that I do not belong to any Orange lodge, or other political society of that description."

GENERAL POST OFFICE.

— Nil. —

C U S T O M S .

RETURN of each OATH now required to be taken in the Department of the Customs, stating by what Classes or Individuals each such Oath is required to be taken, and of all Oaths that have been Abolished or Altered since the 1st day of January 1829.

No.	OCCASION OF OATH.	F O R M .	By Whom taken.	Authority.	When and by what Authority Abolished or Altered.
1	On appointment to office	I [A. B.] do swear to be true and faithful in the execution, to the best of my knowledge and power, of the trust committed to my charge and inspection in the service of His Majesty's Customs, and that I will not require, take, or receive any fee, perquisite, gratuity or reward, whether pecuniary or of any sort or description whatever, either directly or indirectly, for any service, act, duty, matter or thing, done or performed in the execution or discharge of any of the duties of my office or employment on any account whatever, other than my salary, and what is or shall be allowed me by law or by any special Order of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being. So help me God.	Officer appointed	6. Geo. 4, c. 106, s. 11; 3 & 4 Will. 4, c. 51, s. 10.	Declaration substituted under 5 & 6 Will. 4, c. 62, s. 2; and Treasury Warrant, 27 June 1836.
	Ditto - - - -	Proof of age in lieu of certificate of baptism. No statutory form.	- - ditto	Board's Minute.	
	On exchange of offices by officers.	No statutory form	Officers	Board's Minute, 17 January 1748.	
2	On examinations and inquiries before Surveyors General, Inspectors General, and Collectors and Comptrollers, for ascertaining the truth of facts relative to the Customs, or the conduct of officers or persons employed therein.	The evidence you shall give touching the [examination or inquiry, as the case may be], shall be truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth. So help you God.	Witness	6 Geo. 4, c. 106, s. 31; 3 & 4 Will. 4, c. 51, s. 29; 8 & 9 Vict. c. 85, s. 38; 16 & 17 Vict. c. 107, s. 38. The Acts prior to the last Act have been repealed.	
3	In cases where master or owner of vessel, or merchant, feels aggrieved at determination of Commissioners of Customs, or have any ground of complaint against officers of Customs, and an open court of inquiry is directed.	Same form	Complainant or witness.	16 & 17 Vict. c. 107, s. 34.	
4	Upon master reporting his vessel.	No statutory form	Master	8th section of the Act 6 Geo. 4, c. 107.	
5	Upon the importer taking out bill of sight.	- - ditto	Importer	23d section of the Act 6 Geo. 4, c. 107.	
6	On claim for abatement of duties on goods damaged during voyage.	- - ditto	Master or importer.	28th section of the Act 6 Geo. 4, c. 107.	
7	On survey after such claim to determine amount to be abated.	- - ditto	Referees	29th section of the Act 6 Geo. 4, c. 107.	
8	Upon taking out bill of store for returned goods.	- - ditto	Proprietor, exporter, importer or agent.	32d section of the Act 6 Geo. 4, c. 107.	
9	On entry of produce from the West Indies and Mauritius.	- - ditto	Master	35th section of the Act 6 Geo. 4, c. 107.	
10	Upon entry of sugar from the East Indies.	- - ditto	- ditto	36th section of the Act 6 Geo. 4, c. 107. (Abolished per Act 18 & 19 Vict. c. 97).	
11	Upon entry of wine from the Cape of Good Hope.	- - ditto	- ditto	37th section of the Act 6 Geo. 4, c. 107.	
12	Upon entry of produce from Guernsey and Jersey.	- - ditto	- ditto	39th section of the Act 6 Geo. 4, c. 107.	Declarations substituted for oaths per Act 5 & 6 Will. 4, c. 62, s. 2; and Treasury Warrant, 11 July 1836.

CUSTOMS—continued.

No.	OCCASION OF OATH.	FORM.	By Whom taken.	Authority.	When and by what Authority Abolished or Altered.
13	Upon entry of fish of British taking.	No statutory form - -	Master - -	42d section of the Act 6 Geo. 4. c. 107. (Abolished per Act 16 & 17 Vict. c. 106.)	Abolished per Act 16 & 17 Vict. c. 106.
14	Upon entry of blubber and train oil, British taken, and imported from British possessions.	- - ditto - -	Master and importer.	43d section of the Act 6 Geo. 4. c. 107. (Abolished per Act 8 & 9 Vict. c. 12.)	Abolished per Act 8 & 9 Vict. c. 12.
15	Upon entry of similar goods, taken by British crews and ships, or of Channel Islands.	- - ditto - -	- ditto - -	44th section of the Act 6 Geo. 4. c. 107. (Abolished per Act 8 & 9 Vict. c. 12.)	Abolished per Act 8 & 9 Vict. c. 12.
16	Upon registry of British ship after foreign repairs.	- - ditto - -	Master - -	6th section, 6 Geo. 4. c. 110.	Abolished per Act 12 & 13 Vict. c. 29, s. 1.
17	Upon importation of flax and wood goods from New Zealand.	- - ditto - -	- ditto - -	10th section, 6 Geo. 4. c. 111.	Abolished per Act 8 & 9 Vict. c. 12.
18	On delivery of marine lists to collectors of customs.	- - ditto - -	- ditto - -	4th section, 7 Geo. 4. c. 48.	Declarations substituted for Oaths, per Act 5 & 6 Will. 4. c. 62; and Treasury Warrant, 11 July 1836.
19	Upon vessels arriving under quarantine.	- - ditto - -	- ditto - -	10th section, 7 Geo. 4. c. 48. (Order in Council, 19th July 1825.)	
20	In cases when vessels have duly performed quarantine.	- - ditto - -	- ditto - -	6 Geo. 4. c. 78, s. 23.	
21	In cases where goods in lazarettes have duly performed quarantine.	- - ditto - -	Officers of lazarettes.	6 Geo. 4. c. 78, s. 24.	
22	In cases where goods have been received on board in foreign ports in free pratique.	- - ditto - -	Master - -	Order in Council, 27th August 1827.	
23	On obtaining certificate for removal of boats.	- - ditto - -	Master or owner	29th section, 6 Geo. 4. c. 108.	
24	On entry of goods as being the produce of New South Wales.	- - ditto - -	Person making entry.	28th section, 6 Geo. 4. c. 106.	
25	On entry of goods with passengers' baggage.	- - ditto - -	- ditto - -	28th section, 6 Geo. 4. c. 106.	
26	On books and maps reimported by passengers, having before paid duty.	- - ditto - -	Passengers -	Treasury Order of the 3d October 1818.	
27	Upon importation of sketches and drawings having been executed by themselves for amusement and not profit.	- - ditto - -	- ditto - -	Board's Order, 5th August 1817. (Abolished by 24 Vict. c. 20.)	
28	In cases of errors in reports of masters of vessels.	- - ditto - -	Masters - -	28th section, 6 Geo. 4. c. 106.	
29	Upon loss of license of vessels or boats.	- - ditto - -	Master or owner	31st section, 6 Geo. 4. c. 108.	
30	Upon importation of presents from the West Indies, without certificates of clearance.	- - ditto - -	Proprietor -	Minute of Board, 6th August 1829.	
31	In cases of goods irregularly imported.	- - ditto - -	- ditto - -	Order of Board in each case.	
32	On importation of books, printed in this country and reprinted abroad, not being more than one copy, for private use.	- - ditto - -	Person importing book.	Treasury Order, 29th June 1830.	
33	On applications of proprietors of mines to recover drawback of duties on coals used therein.	- - ditto - -	By parties making such applications.	11th section, 6 Geo. 4. c. 113. (Abolished per Act 5 & 6 Vict. c. 47, s. 58.)	
34	On applications of purser, agent, or captain to recover drawback of duties on deals and timber used therein.	- - ditto - -	- ditto - -	13th section, 6 Geo. 4. c. 113. (Abolished per Act 5 & 6 Vict. c. 47, s. 58.)	
35	By persons by whom such deals and timbers were supplied.	- - ditto - -	- ditto - -	14th section, 6 Geo. 4. c. 113. (Abolished per Act 5 & 6 Vict. c. 47, s. 58.)	

CUSTOMS—continued.

No.	OCCASION OF OATH.	FORM.	By Whom taken.	Authority.	When and by what Authority Abolished or Altered.
36	On the shipment of rum as stores.	No statutory form - -	Masters - -	16th section, 57 Geo. 4, c. 123. (Altered by Act 5 & 6 Vict. c. 47, s. 56.)	Declarations substituted for oaths, per Act 5 & 6 Will. 4, c. 62, and Treasury Warrant, 11 July 1836.
37	On applications for return of duty by over-entry certificates.	- - ditto - -	Applicants - -	28 section, 6 Geo. 4, c. 107.	
38	On application for the delivery of goods which have been detained.	- - ditto - -	- ditto - -	By direction of the Board or act of the parties concerned.	
39	In cases of masters accounting for not delivering documents before unloading.	- - ditto - -	Masters - -	28th section, 6 Geo. 4, c. 106.	
40	In cases of masters accounting for deficiencies in cargoes.	- - ditto - -	- ditto - -	Board's Minute, 6th August 1829.	
41	In cases of masters on claiming property picked up at sea.	- - ditto - -	Parties finding the goods.	28th section, 6 Geo. 4, c. 106. (Altered by 17 & 18 Vict. c. 104, s. 450.)	
42	In proof of fair dealing of parties transferring shares of vessels in the absence of the owners.	- - ditto - -	Parties applying	44th section, 6 Geo. 4, c. 110.	
43	On repayment of duties	- - ditto - -	- ditto - -	Board's Order, 30th October 1830.	
44	Of tide-waiter, to his day-pay bill.	- - ditto - -	Tide-waiter	Board's Order - -	
45	On certificates as to identity of sundry goods as the produce of certain places.	- - ditto - -	Importer or agent	28th section, 6 Geo. 4, c. 106.	
46	Relative to excess of foreign seamen on board British vessels.	- - ditto - -	Master - -	19th section, 6 Geo. 4, c. 109.	
47	Of agent, on admission of old wearing apparel.	- - ditto - -	Agent - -	Board's Orders, 20th January 1818, and 21st July 1826.	
48	As to lists of crews	- - ditto - -	Master - -	15th section, 53 Geo. 3, c. 155; and 11th section, 4 Geo. 4, c. 80.	
49	Of masters, that they have not on board any foreign sails, cordage, &c.	- - ditto - -	Masters - -	Board's Order, 16th September 1820.	
50	On payment of drawback on barilla used in bleaching.	- - ditto - -	Persons applying for drawback.	40th section, 7 Geo. 4, c. 48. (Abolished per Act 5 & 6 Vict. c. 47, s. 46, and 8 & 9 Vict. c. 12.)	
51	Collectors, to the truth of their account for the carriage of parcels.	- - ditto - -	Collectors - -	Board's Order - -	
52	On Remittance Bills as to identity of person. (Navy, Army, and Greenwich Bills.)	- - ditto - -	Persons having knowledge of the fact.	47 Geo. 3, s. 2, c. 25; 7 & 8 Geo. 4; 11 Geo. 4, c. 20.	
53	Of collectors, to the truth of their account of incidents.	- - ditto - -	Collectors - -	Their instructions - -	
54	Of collectors, to the truth of their postage accounts.	- - ditto - -	- ditto - -	- ditto - -	
55	Of collectors, to the truth of their coal metage account.	- - ditto - -	- ditto - -	- ditto - -	
56	Of the exporter of duty-free goods.	- - ditto - -	Exporter - -	68th section of the Act 6 Geo. 4, c. 107.	
57	Of the master, to the ship's content.	- - ditto - -	Master - -	73d section of the Act 6 Geo. 4, c. 107.	
58	Of the master, to the fact of a vessel sailing in ballast.	- - ditto - -	- ditto - -	75th section of the Act 6 Geo. 4, c. 107. (Abolished by Act 16 & 17 Vict. c. 107, s. 145.)	
59	Of the exporter, on a debenture for drawback and bounty goods.	- - ditto - -	Exporter - -	82d section of the Act 6 Geo. 4, c. 107.	

CUSTOMS—continued.

No.	OCCASION OF OATH.	FORM.	By Whom taken.	Authority.	When and by what Authority Abolished or Altered.
60	Of the press packer of goods entitled to drawback or bounty.	No statutory form - -	Press packer -	88th section of the Act 6 Geo. 4, c. 107.	Declarations substituted for oaths, per Act 5 & 6 Will. 4, c. 62, and Treasury Warrant, 11 July 1836.
61	Of the shipper of wine on board Her Majesty's ships of war.	- - ditto - -	Shipper - -	92d section of the Act 6 Geo. 4, c. 107.	
62	Of ownership on the registry of a vessel.	- - ditto - -	Owner - -	14th section of the Act 6 Geo. 4, c. 110.	
63	Of identity upon the builders' certificate.	- - ditto - -	Person applying for registry.	25th section of the Act 6 Geo. 4, c. 110.	
64	Of the loss of a certificate of registry.	- - ditto - -	Master of vessel	26th section of the Act 6 Geo. 4, c. 110.	
65	Of identity upon the judge's certificate.	- - ditto - -	Owner - -	29th section of the Act 6 Geo. 4, c. 110.	
66	Of qualification to serve as a British mariner.	- - ditto - -	Person employed	23d section, 7 Geo. 4, c. 48.	
67	On the exportation from the warehouse of foreign beef and pork.	- - ditto - -	Master - -	24th section, 7 & 8 Geo. 4, c. 56. (Abolished by Act 5 & 6 Vict. c. 47, sect. 49.)	
68	On the exportation of silver plate for drawback.	- - ditto - -	Person entitled to drawback.	64th section, 6 Geo. 4, c. 107.	
69	On the exportation of manufactured tobacco for drawback.	- - ditto - -	Exporter - -	64th section, 6 Geo. 4, c. 107.	
70	On a debenture for drawback and bounty goods.	- - ditto - -	Agent - -	83d section, 6 Geo. 4, c. 107.	—
71	Of proprietor in respect to the manufacture of cordage exported for the bounty.	- - ditto - -	Proprietor -	8th section, 6 Geo. 4, c. 113.	
72	On transhipment of coals to foreign parts.	- - ditto - -	Exporter or agent	67th section, 6 Geo. 4, c. 107.	
73	On arrival of a coasting ship from Ireland in Great Britain, and <i>vice versa</i> with excise goods.	- - ditto - -	Master - -	105th section, 6 Geo. 4, c. 107.	
74	On the exportation of silver plate to Ireland for drawback.	- - ditto - -	Exporter - -	82d section, 6 Geo. 4, c. 107.	
75	On delivery from colliers of less coals than are cocketed.	- - ditto - -	Masters - -	28th section, 6 Geo. 4, c. 106.	
76	On removal coastwise, and exportation of cinders made from duty-paid coals.	- - ditto - -	Exporter - -	55 Geo. 3, c. 174.	
77	On discharge of coast bonds -	- - ditto - -	Remover of goods	106th section, 6 Geo. 4, c. 107.	
78	On authenticating coal certificates.	- - ditto - -	Applicant -	(Repealed, 1 & 2 Will. 4, c. 16.) 28th section, 6 Geo. 4, c. 106. (Repealed 1 & 2 Will. 4, c. 16.)	
79	Oath or affidavit on obtaining certiorari or habeas corpus to remove proceedings or bring up prisoner.	- - ditto - -	Defendant in suit	16 & 17 Vict. c. 107, s. 290.	
80	Oath or affidavit to plead in form <i>pauperis</i> .	- - ditto - -	Defendant in suit	16 & 17 Vict. c. 107, s. 297.	—
81	On claims for seized goods and ships under Customs laws.	- - ditto - -	Owner or his attorney.	6 Geo. 4, c. 108, s. 89; 3 & 4 Will. 4, c. 53, s. 100; 8 & 9 Vict. c. 87, s. 114 - - 16 & 17 Vict. c. 107, s. 309.	

The Statutes have been repealed by, and re-enacted in, the 16 & 17 Vict. c. 107.

CUSTOMS—continued.

RETURN of each DECLARATION now required to be taken by any of Her Majesty's Subjects in the United Kingdom, stating by what Classes each such Declaration is required to be taken, and of all Declarations that have been Abolished or Altered since the 1st January 1829.

No.	Occasion of Declaration.	F O R M.	By whom Made.	Authority.	When Abolished or Altered.
1	On admission to office -	I [A. B.] do declare that I will be true and faithful in the execution to the best of my knowledge and power of the trust committed to my charge and inspection in the service of Her Majesty's Customs, and that I will not require, take, or receive any fee, perquisite, gratuity or reward, whether pecuniary or of any sort or description whatever, either directly or indirectly, for any service, act, duty, matter or thing, done or performed in the execution or discharge of any of the duties of my office or employment, on any account whatever, other than my salary and what is or shall be allowed me by law, or by any Special Order of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, or the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Customs for the time being.	The officer or appointee.	16 & 17 Vict. c. 107, s. 4.	—
	Ditto - - -	Proof of age in lieu of certificate of baptism.	The officer or appointee.	Board's Minute, 14 June 1861.	
	Ditto - - -	That officer is free from pecuniary embarrassment. No statutory form.	- ditto - -	Board's Minute, 14 June 1861, 45	
2	List of books wherein copyright shall be subsisting, and as to which proprietor or agent shall have given notice; and when copyright expires. Declaration that the contents of such notice are true.	No statutory form - - -	The person giving such notice.	16 & 17 Vict. c. 107, s. 46; 18 & 19 Vict. c. 96, s. 40.	—
3	Report of master on arrival of ship in port upon entry at Custom-house.	I declare that the entry above written is a just report of my ship, and of her lading, and that the particulars therein inserted are true to the best of my knowledge, and that I have not broken bulk, or delivered any goods out of my said ship since her departure from , the last foreign place of loading [except, if so, at , stating where].	The master -	16 & 17 Vict. c. 107, s. 50.	—
4	On entry of goods for duties at landing.	I, [Name of Importer or Agent], of [place of abode], do hereby declare that I am [the Importer or Agent duly authorised by the Importer] of the goods contained in this bill of entry, and that I enter the same goods therein stated as goods charged at value at the sum of [Money in words at length].	Importer or agent of goods.	16 & 17 Vict. c. 107, s. 55.	—
			N.B.—No <i>ad valorem</i> duties of Customs are now payable, the same having been repealed by 23 Vict. c. 22, s. 5.		
5	On entry of goods by bill of sight, where Importer or Agent unable from want of full information to enter them otherwise.	I, , the Importer [or Agent to the Importer] of the goods above mentioned, do hereby declare that I have not [if Importer], or that to the best of my knowledge he has not [if Agent], received sufficient invoice, bill of lading, or other advice, from whence the quality, quantity, or value of the goods above mentioned can be ascertained.	Importer of goods, or agent.	16 & 17 Vict. c. 107, s. 61.	—
6	On bill of store for British returned goods.	In the , Master from , I, Importer of the goods above mentioned, do hereby declare that [I was, or we were] the proprietor or proprietors thereof at the time of exportation and importation, that the goods have not been sold or disposed of to any other person, that the value thereof does not exceed 50 <i>l.</i> , and that they were exported from the United Kingdom within 10 years previous to the arrival of the vessel above named.	Importer or proprietor.	16 & 17 Vict. c. 107, s. 65; Board's Minute, 16 August 1861; General Order, 56	—

CUSTOMS—continued.

No.	Occasion of Declaration.	F O R M.	By whom Made.	Authority.	When Abolished or Altered.
7	On bill of store for British returned goods.	In the , Master, from I do hereby declare that the British books above mentioned were taken by me from this country on a former occasion, that no drawback was received thereon, and that they were and still are my property.	Importer or proprietor.	16 & 17 Vict. c. 107, s. 65.	Virtually abolished on passing of 24 Vict. c. 20, s. 4.
8	On bill of store for British returned goods.	In the , Master, from I do hereby declare that the British plates above mentioned was taken out by me from this country, that the property remains unchanged, and that no drawback was received thereon.	Importer or proprietor.	16 & 17 Vict. c. 107, c. 65 ; Board's General Order, 56 52.	—
9	On entry of sugar from British possessions in East Indies.	I, A. B., Master of the , do hereby declare that this certificate was received by me at , where the goods were taken on board, and that the goods imported in my vessel are the same as are mentioned therein.	Importer - -	16 & 17 Vict. c. 107, s. 80.	Discontinued on equalisation of sugar duties, 16 & 17 Vict. c. 106.
10	On exportation of goods entitled to drawback.	I claim drawback on , and I declare the quantity and description of the goods above mentioned to be correctly stated, and the value of the same to be	Exporter or agent	16 & 17 Vict. c. 107, s. 121.	—
11	On exportation of British manufactures or foreign goods free of duty.	I declare the value of the British goods above described to be	Exporter or agent	16 & 17 Vict. c. 107, s. 125.	22 & 23 Vict. c. 37, s. 4.
12	Upon export of goods entitled to drawback.	I, , do hereby declare that the goods specified in this debenture have been actually shipped to be consumed as stores* on board the above-named ship, and have not been re-landed, and are not intended to be re-landed in any part of the United Kingdom, and that at the time of entry and shipping, and continue to be entitled to the drawback thereon. * N.B.—Where the sugar is shipped as "Merchandise," that word is substituted for ship's stores.	Exporter or agent	16 & 17 Vict. c. 107, s. 131.	—
13	On entering wine for officers of Navy on board Her Majesty's ships for drawback.	I hereby declare that the quantity now claimed, together with such other quantities as may have been shipped at this or other ports within the space of one year, does not exceed gallons, being the quantity to which the said mess is entitled for that period under the 134th section of the 16 & 17 Vict. c. 107.	Person entering the wine.	16 & 17 Vict. c. 107, s. 135.	Abolished on and after 1st January 1861, by 23 Vict. c. 22, s. 2.
14	On clearance outwards from the United Kingdom with goods shipped.	I do declare that the above content is a true account of all goods shipped or intended to be shipped on board the above-named ship, and correct in all other particulars.	Master of ship -	16 & 17 Vict. c. 107, s. 142.	—
15	On coasting ship touching at foreign place. Declaration that he has touched at such place.	No statutory form - - -	Master of ship -	16 & 17 Vict. c. 107, s. 152.	—
16	On shipment from Isle of Man to Great Britain of goods produce of Isle of Man.	No statutory form - - -	Exporter or shipper.	16 & 17 Vict. c. 107, s. 349.	—
17	On shipment of goods for exportation. That quantity and description of goods in shipping bill are correctly stated.	No statutory form - - -	Exporter or his agent.	22 & 23 Vict. c. 37, s. 4. (See No. 11.)	—

CUSTOMS—continued.

No.	Occasion of Declaration.	FORM.	By whom Made.	Authority.	When Abolished or Altered.
18	Claims for allowance on wine in stock of dealers. Quantity and description of stock true.	No statutory form - - -	Dealer - - -	23 Vict. c. 22, s. 8 -	Expired.
19	Claims of drawback on exportation of timber and wood goods.	I, , do hereby declare that the goods mentioned in this debenture have been actually exported, and have not been reloaded in any part of the United Kingdom, and that they are of foreign or colonial produce, as the case may be, at the time of entry and shipping, and continue to be entitled to the drawback thereon.	Person claiming drawback.	23 Vict. c. 22, s. 12 -	Virtually repealed and re-enacted by 23 & 24 Vict. c. 110.
20	On exportation of goods. That specification of goods is true.	No statutory form - - -	Exporter or agent.	23 Vict. c. 22, s. 22 -	—
21	On shipment of goods for exportation. That manifest contains a true account of such goods.	No statutory form - - -	Person delivering such manifest, also master or agent.	23 Vict. c. 22, s. 26 -	—
22	On taking lands for use of Customs.	I, A. B., do solemnly and sincerely declare that I will faithfully, impartially and honestly, according to the best of my skill and ability, execute the duty of making the valuation hereby referred to me.	Surveyor and valuator.	8 Vict. c. 18, s. 60; 8 Vict. c. 19, s. 58. Incorporation into 16 & 17 Vict. c. 107, s. 338.	—
23	On registry of ship at custom house of any British Port. This declaration is required by the Act referred to, but is varied according to the several circumstances stated in <i>italics</i> in the form of declaration here given.	I, the undersigned , now residing at , declare as follows :— I am [<i>a natural-born subject, denizen, or naturalized, and taken the oath of allegiance to Her Majesty, partner in a firm carrying on business in the United Kingdom or British Possessions; representative of a deceased owner; member of a corporation; representative of a bankrupt, or by marriage, whether born subject or not, as the case may be.</i>] The above general description of the ship is correct, whose certificate of competency or service is No. ; is the master of the said ship. I am entitled to be registered as owner of shares in the said ship. To the best of my knowledge and belief no person or body of persons other than such persons or bodies of persons as are, by "The Merchant Shipping Act, 1854," qualified to be owners of British ships, is entitled as owner to any interest whatever, either legal or beneficial, in the said ship; and I make this solemn declaration, conscientiously believing the same to be true.	Person seeking to have ship placed on registry.	17 & 18 Vict. c. 104, ss. 38, 39, 40.	—
24	On importation of goods with British marks.	No statutory form - - - That the form whose goods are so marked are the owners and importers.	Owner and importer.	Treasury Order, 17 August 1853.	—
25	On exchange of offices by officers.	No statutory form - - - That no pecuniary or other consideration has passed or is to pass on account of the exchange.	Officers - - -	Board's Minute, 6 February 1844, and 17 January 1748.	—

8 May 1865.

F. J. Hamel,
Solicitor for the Customs.

OATHS AND DECLARATIONS.

RETURN of each OATH now required to be taken by any of HER MAJESTY'S SUBJECTS in *England* and *Wales*, and of all Oaths that have been Abolished or Altered since 1st January 1829.

(*Mr. Monsell.*)

RETURN of each DECLARATION now required to be taken by any of HER MAJESTY'S SUBJECTS in *England* and *Wales*, and of all Declarations that have been Abolished or Altered since 1st January 1829.

(*Mr. Collins.*)

*Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
9 May 1865.*

266.

Under 8 oz.

OATHS AND DECLARATIONS.

FURTHER RETURN to Two Addresses by Order of the Honourable the House of Commons,
dated 13 and 16 March 1865;—*for*,

(ADDRESS, 13 March 1865.)

“RETURN of each OATH now required to be taken by any of HER MAJESTY’S
SUBJECTS in the UNITED KINGDOM, stating by what Classes or Individuals each
such Oath is required to be taken; and of all Oaths that have been Abolished or
Altered since the 1st day of January 1829.”

(*Mr. Monsell.*)

(ADDRESS, 16 March 1865.)

“THAT there be added to the Return relative to Oaths, addressed for on the 13th day
of this instant March, a RETURN of each DECLARATION now required to be taken
by any of HER MAJESTY’S SUBJECTS in the UNITED KINGDOM, stating by what
Classes each such Declaration is required to be taken; and of all Declarations that
have been Abolished or Altered since the 1st day of January 1829.”

(*Mr. Collins.*)

[So far as relates to Public Officers and Departments in *Scotland*.]

Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
9 May 1865.

SCOTLAND.

RETURN of each OATH and DECLARATION now required to be taken by any of HER MAJESTY'S SUBJECTS in *Scotland*, stating by what Classes or Individuals each such Oath or Declaration is required to be taken; and of all Oaths and Declarations that have been Abolished or Altered since the 1st day of January 1829.

FORMS OF OATHS.

1. Oath of Allegiance.

"I do sincerely promise and swear that I will be faithful and bear true allegiance to Her Majesty Queen Victoria.

So help me God."

2. Oath of Assurance.

"I do, in the sincerity of my heart, assert, acknowledge, and declare that Her Majesty Queen Victoria is the only lawful and undoubted Sovereign of this Realm, as well *de jure*, that is of right, Queen, as *de facto*, that is, in the possession and exercise of the Government; and therefore I do promise and swear that I will with heart and hand, life and goods, maintain and defend her right, title and Government against the descendants of the person who pretended to be Prince of Wales during the life of the late King James and since his decease pretended to be and took upon himself the style and title of King of England by the name of James the Third, or of Scotland by the name of James the Eighth, or the style and title of King of Great Britain, and their adherents and all other enemies who, either by open or secret attempts, shall disturb or disquiet Her Majesty in the possession and exercise thereof.

3. Oath of Supremacy.

"I, A. B., do swear that I do from my heart abhor, detest, and abjure as impious and heretical that damnable doctrine and position that Princes excommunicated or deprived by the Pope or any other authority of the See of Rome may be deposed or murdered by their subjects or any other whatsoever; and I do declare that no Foreign Prince, Person, Prelate, State or Potentate, hath or ought to have any jurisdiction, power, superiority, pre-eminence, or authority, ecclesiastical or spiritual, within this Realm.

So help me God."

4. Oath of Abjuration.

"I, A. B., do truly and sincerely acknowledge, profess, testify, and declare, in my conscience, before God and the world, that our Sovereign Lady Queen Victoria is lawful and rightful Queen of this Realm, and of all other Her Majesty's dominions and countries thereunto belonging; and I do solemnly and sincerely declare that I do believe in my conscience that not any of the descendants of the person who pretended to be Prince of Wales during the life of the late King James the Second, and since his decease pretended to be and took upon himself the style and title of King of England by the name of James the Third, or of Scotland by the name of James the Eighth, or the style and title of King of Great Britain, hath any right or title whatsoever to the Crown of this Realm, or any other the dominions thereunto belonging; and I do renounce, refuse, and abjure any allegiance or obedience to any of them; and I do swear that I will bear faith and true allegiance to Her Majesty Queen Victoria, and Her will defend to the utmost of my power against all traitorous conspiracies and attempts whatsoever which shall be made against Her person, Crown, or dignity; and I will do my utmost endeavour to disclose and make known to Her Majesty and Her successors all treasons and traitorous conspiracies which I shall know to be against Her

Her or any of them; and I do faithfully promise to the utmost of my power to support, maintain, and defend the succession of the Crown against the descendants of the said James, and against all other persons whatsoever, which succession, by an Act intituled 'An Act for the further limitation of the Crown and better securing the Rights and Liberties of the Subject,' is and stands limited to the Princess Sophia, Electress and Duchess Dowager of Hanover, and the heirs of her body, being Protestants; and all these things I do plainly and sincerely acknowledge and swear according to these express words by me spoken, and according to the plain and common sense and understanding of the same words, without any equivocation, mental evasion, or secret reservation whatsoever; and I do make this recognition, acknowledgment, abjuration, renunciation and promise, heartily, willingly, and truly, upon the true faith of a Christian.

So help me God."

5. Oath substituted by Act 21 & 22 Vict. c. 48, 23 July 1858, for the Oaths of Allegiance, Supremacy, and Abjuration.

"I, A. B., do swear that I will be faithful and bear true allegiance to Her Majesty Queen Victoria, and will defend Her to the utmost of my power against all conspiracies and attempts whatever which shall be made against Her person, Crown, or dignity; and I will do my utmost endeavour to disclose and make known to Her Majesty, Her heirs and successors, all treasons and traitorous conspiracies which may be formed against Her or them; and I do faithfully promise to maintain, support, and defend, to the utmost of my power, the succession of the Crown, which succession, by an Act intituled 'An Act for the further limitation of the Crown and better securing the Rights and Liberties of the Subject,' is and stands limited to the Princess Sophia, Electress of Hanover, and the heirs of her body, being Protestants, hereby utterly renouncing and abjuring any obedience or allegiance unto any other person claiming or pretending a right to the Crown of this Realm; and I do declare that no Foreign Prince, Person, Prelate, State, or Potentate, hath or ought to have any jurisdiction, power, superiority, pre-eminence, or authority, ecclesiastical or spiritual, within this Realm, and I make this declaration upon the true faith of a Christian.

So help me God."

Note.—In the cases of Quakers, or of other persons permitted by law to make affirmations or declarations instead of taking an oath, the Act 21 & 22 Vict. c. 48, provides that the words "solemnly and sincerely and truly declare and affirm" may be substituted in the above form for the word "swear;" and that the words, "and I make this declaration upon the true faith of a Christian, so help me God," may be omitted.

6. Roman Catholic Oath.

"I, A. B., do sincerely promise and and swear that I will be faithful and bear true allegiance to Her Majesty Queen Victoria, and will defend her to the utmost of my power against all conspiracies and attempts whatever which shall be made against Her person, Crown, or dignity; and I will do my utmost endeavour to disclose and make known to Her Majesty, Her heirs and successors, all treasons and traitorous conspiracies which may be formed against Her or them; and I do faithfully promise to maintain, support, and defend to the utmost of my power the succession of the Crown, which succession, by an Act intituled 'An Act for the further limitation of the Crown, and better securing the Rights and Liberties of the Subject,' is and stands limited to the Princess Sophia, Electress of Hanover, and the heirs of her body, being Protestants, hereby utterly renouncing and abjuring any obedience or allegiance unto any other person claiming or pretending a right to the Crown of this Realm; and I do further declare that it is not an article of my faith, and that I do renounce, reject, and abjure the opinion that Princes excommunicated or deprived by the Pope or any other authority of the See of Rome may be deposed or murdered by their subjects or by any person whatsoever; and I do declare that I do not believe that the Pope of Rome or any other Foreign Prince, Prelate, Person, State, or Potentate hath or ought to have any temporal or civil jurisdiction, power, superiority or pre-eminence, directly or indirectly, within this Realm. I do swear that I will defend to the utmost of my power the settlement of property within this Realm as is established by the laws; and I do hereby disclaim, disavow, and solemnly abjure any intention to subvert the present Church Establishment as settled by law within this Realm; and I do solemnly swear that I never will exercise any privilege to which I am or may become entitled, to disturb or weaken the Protestant Religion or Protestant Government in the United Kingdom; and I do solemnly, in the presence of God, profess, testify, and declare that I do make this declaration and every part thereof in the plain and ordinary sense of the words of this oath without any evasion, equivocation, or mental reservation whatsoever.

So help me God."

7. Declaration against Popery, now abolished by 10 Geo. 4 c. 7 (Roman Catholic Relief Act).

"I, A. B., do solemnly and sincerely, in the presence of God, profess, testify, and declare, that I do believe that in the Sacrament of the Lords Supper, there is not any transubstantiation of the elements of bread and wine into the Body and Blood of Christ, at or after the consecration thereof by any person whatsoever; and that the invocation or adoration of the Virgin Mary or any other Saint, and the sacrifice of the Mass as they are now used in the Church of Rome, are superstitious and idolatrous; and I do solemnly, in the presence of God, profess, testify, and declare, that I do make this declaration and every part thereof in the plain and ordinary sense of the words read unto me as they are commonly understood by English Protestants, without any evasion, equivocation, or mental reservation whatsoever, and without any dispensation already granted me for this purpose by the Pope or any other authority or person whatsoever, or without any hope of any such dispensation from any person or authority whatsoever, or without thinking that I am or can be acquitted before God or man or absolved of this declaration or any part thereof, although the Pope or any other person or persons or power whatsoever should dispense with or annul the same, or declare that it was null and void from the beginning."

8. Oath administered to Jurors on Criminal Trials.

"You fifteen swear by Almighty God, and as you shall answer to God at the Great Day of Judgment, you will the truth say and no truth conceal in so far as you shall pass upon this assize."

9. Oath administered to Witnesses.

"I swear by Almighty God, and as I shall answer to God at the Great Day of Judgment, I will tell the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth."

10. Affirmations allowed to be taken by Quakers and Moravians, 3 & 4 Gul. 4, c. 49.

"I, A. B., being one of the people called Quakers (*or one of the persuasion of the people called Quakers, or of the United Brethren called Moravians, as the case may be*) do solemnly, sincerely, and truly declare and affirm."

11. Affirmation to be taken by Separatists, 3 & 4 Gul. 4, c. 82.

"I, A. B., do, in the presence of Almighty God, solemnly, sincerely, and truly affirm and declare that I am a member of the religious sect called Separatists, and that the taking of any oath is contrary to my religious belief, as well as essentially opposed to the tenets of that sect; and I do also in the same solemn manner affirm and declare."

12. Affirmation allowed to be taken by Witnesses who refuse to be sworn from alleged conscientious motives (26 & 27 Vict., c. 85).

"I, A. B., solemnly, sincerely, and truly affirm and declare that the taking of any oath is, according to my religious belief, unlawful; and I do also solemnly, sincerely, and truly affirm and declare."

13. Commissary Office, Edinburgh.

"I swear by Almighty God, and as I shall answer to God at the Great Day of Judgment, I will tell the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth."

14. Declaration taken by Persons employed in the Post Office.

"I, _____, do solemnly and sincerely declare that I will not wittingly or willingly open or delay, or cause or suffer to be opened or delayed, contrary to my duty, any letter or anything sent by post, which shall come into my hands or custody by reason of my employment relating to the Post Office, except by the consent of the person or persons to whom the same shall be directed, or by an express warrant in writing under the hand of one of the Principal Secretaries of State for that purpose, or except in such cases where the party or parties to whom such letter or anything sent by the post shall be directed, and who is or are chargeable with the payment of the postage thereof, shall refuse or neglect to pay the same; and except such letters or anything sent by the post as shall be returned for want of true directions, or when the party or parties to whom the same shall be directed cannot be found; and that I will not in any way embezzle any such letter or anything sent by the post as aforesaid; and I make this solemn declaration, conscientiously intending to fulfil and obey the same, and by virtue of the provisions of an Act passed in the first year of the reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled 'An Act for the management and regulation of the Post Office.'"

15. Oaths by Commissioners of General Board of Lunacy.

"I, A. B., do swear that I will discreetly, impartially, and faithfully execute all the trusts and powers committed to me by virtue of an Act of Parliament passed in the twenty-first year of the reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled (title of Act to be inserted) and that I will keep secret all such matters as shall come to my knowledge in the execution of my office, except when required to divulge the same by legal authority, or so far as I shall feel myself called upon to do so for the better execution of the duty imposed upon me by the said Act.

So help me God."

16. Oath by Secretary, Clerk, or Medical or District Inspector of said Board of Lunacy.

"I, A. B., do swear that I will faithfully execute all such trusts and duties as shall be committed to my charge as Secretary (or as Clerk, or as Medical or District Inspector, as the case may be), to the Board of Lunacy for Scotland, and that I will keep secret all such matters as shall come to my knowledge in the execution of the duties of the said office, except when required by legal authority to divulge the same.

So help me God."

17. Oath taken by the Commissioners of the Board of British White Herring Fishery, pursuant to the Act 48 Geo. 3, c. 110; 55 Geo. 3, c. 94; 10 & 11 Vict. c. 91; and 23 & 24 Vict. c. 92.

"I, _____, do swear that I will faithfully and honestly, according to the best of my skill and judgment, execute the several powers and trusts reposed in me (according to the terms and purports of the above Acts), and that I am not, directly or indirectly, concerned as an adventurer in the White Herring Fishery, or as a curer of herrings, nor will I so long as I shall continue to act as a Commissioner under the said Acts, be concerned, either directly or indirectly, as an adventurer in the said fishery, or as a curer of herrings.

So help me God."

18. Oath taken by the Secretary, Clerks, and Officers of the said Board of Fishery under the Acts 48 Geo. 3, c. 110; and 55 Geo. 3, c. 94.

"I, _____, do swear that I will faithfully and honestly, according to the best of my skill and judgment, execute the office and trust committed to me of _____, and that I am not directly or indirectly concerned as an adventurer in the White Herring Fishery, or in any other fishery, or as a curer of fish; nor will I so long as I shall continue to act as _____ be concerned, either directly or indirectly, as an adventurer in the said fishery, or as a curer of fish.

So help me God."

19. Oath taken by the Naval and other Superintendents of the said Fishery Board, under the Acts 48 Geo. 3, c. 110; 55 Geo. 3, c. 94; and 23 & 24 Vict. c. 92.

"I, _____, do solemnly swear that I am not directly or indirectly concerned as an adventurer in the White Herring Fishery, or in any other fishery, or as a curer of fish, and that I will not be concerned therein, either directly or indirectly, during the time I shall act as superintendent of the White Herring Fishery.

So help me God."

20. Declaration by Officers of said Fishery Board.

"I, _____, officer of the fishery for the district _____, do solemnly and sincerely declare that the above account is just and true in every particular to the best of my knowledge and belief; that the different sums therein stated were actually paid by me for the service of the Fishery, and for the purposes specified in the said account, and that the total amount thereof is £. (in words); and I make this solemn declaration, conscientiously believing the same to be true.

Declared and subscribed at _____, on the _____ day of _____, before me, _____, Justice of the Peace."

21. Declaration by Secretary of said Fishery Board to the Annual Abstract of the Board's Accounts furnished to the Audit Office.

"I, _____, Secretary to the Commissioners of the Herring Fishery in Scotland, do solemnly and sincerely declare that this account is just and true, according to the best of my knowledge and belief; and I make this solemn declaration, conscientiously believing the same to be true."

22. Board of Trustees for Manufactures, Fisheries, &c., in Scotland.—Oath appointed by Letters Patent of 1727.

"I do solemnly promise and swear that I will be faithful and impartial in the execution of the trust committed to me; and that, to the utmost of my skill and judgment, I will, in the discharge of my office, promote the fisheries and the linen and hempen manufactures in Scotland.

So help me God."

23. Oath of Office attached to each Commission of Peace for the County of Edinburgh.

"Ye shall swear that, as Justice of Peace within the County of Edinburgh, in all articles in the Queen's Commission to you directed, ye shall do equal right to the poor and to the rich after your cunning, wit, and power, and after the laws and customs of this realm, and statutes thereof made; and ye shall not be of council with any person in any quarrel hanging afore you; and that ye hold your sessions after the forms and statutes thereof made, and the issues, fines, and amerciaments which shall happen to be made, and all forfeitures which shall fall before you ye shall truly cause to be entered without any concealment or embezzling, and truly send them to the Queen's Exchequer; ye shall not let for gift or other cause, but well and truly ye shall do your office of Justice of Peace in that behalf, and that ye take nothing for your office of Justice of Peace to be done, but of the Queen and fees accustomed and costs limited by the statute; and ye shall not direct, or cause to be directed, any warrant by you to be made to the parties; but ye shall direct them to the bailiffs of the said county, or other the Queen's officers or ministers, or other indifferent persons, to do execution thereof.

So help you God."

24. Declaration in use to be taken in Justice of Peace, Clerk's Office, for the City of Edinburgh.

"I, _____, do solemnly and sincerely declare that, &c.; and I make this solemn declaration, conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by virtue of the provisions of the Act of Parliament 5 & 6 Gul. 4, c. 62, for the abolition of unnecessary oaths."

NUMBER of Oaths and Declarations.
N.B.—The particular Oath is indicated by the corresponding Number.

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.	24.
1	2	-	4	5	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1	2	-	4	5	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1	2	-	4	5	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1	2	-	4	5	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PUBLIC OFFICES AND DEPARTMENTS.

1. Lord Clerk Registers Department:

The oaths required to be taken in this Department are Nos. 1, 2, 4, 5, and 6; Nos. 1, 2, and 4 are taken by persons qualifying for offices in the Lord Clerk Registers Department; No. 5, by Peers of Scotland, qualifying to vote at the election of Representative Peers; and No. 6, by Peers of Scotland professing the Roman Catholic Religion at the election of Representative Peers -

2. Court of Session (Inner House):

The oaths required to be taken in the Inner House are Nos. 1, 2, and 4. These three oaths are taken by the Judges of the Court, the Lord Clerk Register, the principal Clerks of Court, the Lord Advocate and Solicitor General, and the Solicitor for the Crown in Tythes -

Court of Session (Outer House):

The oaths Nos. 1, 2, and 4 are administered in the Outer House of the Court, and are required to be taken by Lords Lieutenant, Sheriffs Principal, Advocates, Solicitors before the Supreme Courts, Notaries Public, Depute Clerks of Session, Assistant Clerks of Session, Principal Extractor of the Court of Session, Auditor of the Court of Session, Clerk of Bills, Assistant Clerk of Bills, Clerks in the Bill Chamber, Director of Chancery, Sheriff of Chancery, Presenter of Signatures, Sheriff Clerk of Chancery, and Clerk to the Presenter of Signatures, Lord Clerk Register, Deputy Clerk Register, Deputy Keeper of Records, Principal Keeper of the General Register of Sasines, &c., and of the particular Register of Sasines for Edinburgh, Haddington, and Linlithgow, Principal Keeper of the Register of Deeds, Assistant Keeper of Deeds, Her Majesty's Advocate and Solicitor for Plantation of Kirks and Valuation of Tainds, Solicitor of Tythes in Scotland, Keeper of the Records in the Teind Office, Registrar of Friendly Societies, and Macers in the Court of Session

RETURN relative to OATHS required to be taken by any of Her Majesty's Subjects in Scotland, &c.—continued.

		NUMBER of Oaths and Declarations.																								
		N.B.—The particular Oath is indicated by the corresponding Number.																								
		1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.	24.	
PUBLIC OFFICES AND DEPARTMENTS—continued.																										
3. High Court of Judiciary :																										
The oaths required to be taken are Nos. 1, 2, and 4, and are administered to the officials of the Court, consisting of seven Judges, the Lord Advocate, the Solicitor General, the Depute Advocates, the Clerk of Court, and his Deputies, the three Circuit Clerks, and three Macers ; also Nos. 8 and 9 are administered to Jurors and Witnesses		1	2	-	4	-	-	-	8	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4. Exchequer Department :																										
Nos. 1, 2, and 4 are taken by the principal officers in Exchequer		1	2	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
5. Sheriffs' Department, County of Edinburgh :																										
The oaths administered to parties who make application to take oaths are Nos. 2 and 5. The parties who in general apply to take these oaths are the Directors of the Bank of Scotland and Royal Bank of Scotland, Patrons of Parishes and Presentees, and Sheriffs and Sheriff Substitutes. Besides the above, the oaths and affirmations Nos. 8, 9, 10, 11, and 12 are also administered		-	2	-	-	5	-	-	8	9	10	11	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Note.—It is understood that the same forms of oaths and affirmations are administered to parties who require to take these in all Sheriffs' Courts in Scotland.																										
6. Commissary Office, Edinburgh :																										
By Act 48 Geo. 3, c. 149, s. 38 and 21, and 22 Vict. c. 56, s. 11, relative to oaths and affirmations on inventories of personal estates ; No. 13 is administered to all parties giving up inventories in this court. Nos. 1, 2, and 4 are taken by the Sheriff Commissary and Sheriff Deputies as Commissary Deputies and Commissary Clerk on their appointment		1	2	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
7. Post Office Department :																										
The Declaration No. 14 is made by all persons employed in this department		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
8. Board of Supervision for Relief of the Poor :																										
The only oath administered is the oath <i>de fidei administratione officii</i> , and is required to be taken by the Commissioners in terms of the Act 8 & 9 Vict. c. 83, s. 3, and by general superintendents of the poor appointed in terms of the Act 19 & 20 Vict. c. 117, s. 1		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

OATHS AND DECLARATIONS.

FURTHER RETURN.

RETURN of each OATH now required to be taken by any of HER MAJESTY'S SUBJECTS in *Scotland*, and of all Oaths that have been Abolished or Altered since 1st January 1829.

(*Mr. Monsell.*)

RETURN of each DECLARATION now required to be taken by any of HER MAJESTY'S SUBJECTS in *Scotland*, and of all Declarations that have been Abolished or Altered since 1st January 1829.

(*Mr. Collins.*)

*Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
9 May 1865.*

COURTS OF PROBATE (LONDON AND DUBLIN).

AN ACCOUNT of the ANNUAL SALARIES of the JUDGES, the REGISTRARS, DEPUTY REGISTRARS, CLERKS, and all Others holding Offices in the COURTS of PROBATE in *London* and *Dublin*, together with an Account of all FEES and MONIES received in the Year ended 31 December 1864; also, an ACCOUNT of all FEES received by the DISTRICT REGISTRARS of the said COURTS in *England* and *Ireland*, and the DISBURSEMENTS thereout, and the SALARIES paid to them respectively,—

ALSO,

A RETURN of all COMPENSATIONS payable under the Authority of the PROBATE ACTS for *England* and *Ireland* respectively, on the 31st December 1864.

(*Presented pursuant to Acts 20 & 21 Vict. c. 77 & 79.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
27 April 1865.

COURT OF PROBATE, PRINCIPAL REGISTRY.

RETURN of the **ANNUAL SALARIES** of the **JUDGE** of the **COURT of PROBATE**, and of the **REGISTRARS, CLERKS, and all** others holding Office in the said Court, and attached to the Principal Registry, London, 31st December 1864 (made pursuant to the 114th section of the 20 & 21 Vict. c. 77).

N A M E.	APPOINTMENT.	Salary.	N A M E.	APPOINTMENT.	Salary.
	As Judge of the Court of Probate (20 & 21 Vict. c. 77, s. 9).	£. 4,000	James Ford	Senior Calendar Keeper	£. 400
Right Honourable Sir James Plaisted Wilde, Knight	As Judge Ordinary of the Court for Divorce and Matrimonial Causes (20 & 21 Vict. c. 85, s. 65).	1,000	George Clement	First Assistant ditto	200
Augustus Frederic Bayford		1,800	Edward Biddell	Second Assistant ditto	100
Charles John Middleton	Registrars	1,500	Walter George Vincent	Third Assistant ditto	100
Edward Francis Jenner		1,500	Thomas Charlton Chadwick	Superintendent, Printed Calendar	350
Henry Linwood Strong		1,000	George Frederick Billinge	First Assistant ditto	250
Edward Archer Wilde	Secretary to the Judge	300	George Frederick Stubbs	Second Assistant ditto	200
William Cresswell		300	William John Berry	Sealer	300
Reginald W. E. Lewin	Clerks to the Registrars	300	Robert Simons	Clerk to cancel Stamps	150
Thomas W. H. Oakley		300	James Robert Roper Askey	First Clerk in the Divorce and Matrimonial Causes Department.	450
John Toke Faussett		300	Henry Charles Edwards	Second Clerk in ditto	300
Alexander George Middleton	Second Clerk to Senior Registrar	200	Joseph George Ely	Third Clerk in ditto	150
William Kitching		700	William Thomas Tingle	Fourth Clerk in ditto	100
Frederick Kruckenberg		700	Samuel William Shaw	Superintendent of Copies of Wills, Inland Revenue Department.	350
Samuel Chadwick	Principal Clerks of Seats	700	John Saggars	First Assistant to ditto	200
John Powell		700	Thomas William Simons	Second Assistant to ditto	150
William Samuel Berry		700	Francis Barlow	Examiners of Copies of Wills for Probate	300
Henry Alfred Boulton	Principal Clerk, Correspondence Department.	700	Samuel Elliott		250
Charles Desborough Bedford		700	Charles Murray Scott	First Reader to ditto	150
John Beams		450	William Henry M'Alpine	Second Reader to ditto	150
Henry Culverhouse Watts		450	William L. Ives	Clerk for issuing Receipts	150
George Daniel Chadwick	First Assistant Clerks of Seats	450	Thomas Hobbs	First Examiner of Copies of Wills for Inland Revenue Department.	300
George Middleton		450	Samuel Robert Dunn	Second Examiner of ditto	250
Montagu Herbert Jenner		450	Thomas Burder Wilson	Third Examiner of ditto	250
Joshua Earles		450	Charles Groom	Fourth Examiner of ditto	250
David Henry Owen	First Assistant Clerk, Correspondence Department.	450	Thomas Hutchinson	First Reader to Examiners	150
Edward Bames Heathfield		250	James Green	Second Reader to ditto	150
George Thomas Dennis		250	Richard Bickerton	Third Reader to ditto	150
Seymour Montagu Leslie	Second Assistant Clerks of Seats	250	John William Seton	Fourth Reader to ditto	150
Thomas Pritchard		250		First Examiner of Registered Wills.	300
Thomas Howard Montague		250	Robert Ford	Second Examiner of ditto	250
William Henry Timbrell	Second Assistant Clerk, Correspondence Department.	250	William Michael Payne	First Reader to Examiners	150
Rose Fuller		250	William Robert Hall	Second Reader to ditto	150
Herbert Francis Lascelles		150	William Rawood	Clerk of Searches	200
William Charles Butler		150	Redmond Carroll	Superintending Clerks of Searches	150
John G. Douglas Willan	Third Assistant Clerks of Seats	150	Richard Powell		100
William Horace Fleming		150	Lancelot Charles Irons		100
William Gambler Middleton		150	Frederick Neville		100
Herbert A. R. Jenner		150	George Frederick Jiggins		100
Edwin Tom Rogers	Third Assistant Clerk, Correspondence Department.	150	Alfred Wallis	Assistant Clerks of Searches	100
Henry Pickering Clarke	First Clerk, Personal Application Department.	600	Edward James		100
Henry Roberts Howard	Second Clerk, ditto	450	Ernest Heathfield		80
Frederick R. B. Walton	Third Clerk, ditto	250	Amyatt Edmund Ray		80
Henry M. Chapman	Fourth Clerk, ditto	120	James Martin Dreaper	General Assistant Clerks	100
John Smith	Record Keeper and as Accountant	600	George Edward Taplin		100
Joseph Frederick Coleman	Record Keeper and as Clerk of Notations	600	William James Heard	Book Showers	150
William Brooks		350	William Gough Walbancke		150
Henry Smith		200	William Westbrook		
David Theodore Stephens		150			
John Mumford		150			
William Edward Mackrill	Assistants to Record Keepers	100			
Joseph Murray		100			
Arthur Henry Mead		100			
John C. C. Smith		80			
Charles Crozier		80			
Charles Augustus Este Wells		80			
George Hook Rodman	Assistant to Record Keepers, more particularly for superintending, indexing, and arranging Ancient Records.	300			
Frederick Cope	Assistant to Record Keepers, more particularly for Irish and Scotch Grants.	150			
Thomas Clifton Paris	Superintendent of Literary Enquiries.	300			
George William Whitaker	Examiner of District Accounts	300			
Robert Simons, jun.	First Assistant to ditto	200			
Oswald William Fuller	Second Assistant to ditto	100			
Thomas Cresswell	Clerk for counting folios	150			
George Jarvis Foster	Clerk of the Papers	500			
Charles Frederick Ford	First Assistant to ditto	250			
James Berwick Davison	Second Assistant to ditto	150			

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£. 41,590

COURT OF PROBATE, PRINCIPAL REGISTRY—*continued.*

An ACCOUNT of all Incidental Expenses relating to the said Court, for the Year ended 31st December 1864.

	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
Amount paid to clerks for copies furnished to the Inland Revenue Office - - -	2,474	1	3			
Amount paid to clerks for registering wills - - - - -	746	16	10			
Amount paid to clerks for copying for the public - - - - -	1,202	2	3			
				4,423	-	4
Amount paid for housekeeping - - - - -	355	19	5			
Amount paid for incidental expenses - - - - -	80	10	3			
Amount paid for petty cash - - - - -	48	8	5			
				484	18	1
	£.			4,907	18	5

RETURN for the Year ended 31st December 1864, of all FEES and MONIES levied in such Year, under the Authority of 20 & 21 Vict. c. 77.

Amount of Fees :										£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	
On grants of probate, &c.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	37,865	8	3	
For office copies, Inland Revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	* Nil.			
For office copies, for the public	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,955	8	6				
For journeies and attendances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	118	10	-				
For collating office copies, &c.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	341	6	9				
										4,415	5	3				
Less the amount for office copies, journeies, and collating, received by the record keepers on account of the Court for Divorce and Matrimonial Causes										520	10	-				
													3,894	15	3	
34,888 searches made by the public	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,744	8	-	
Amount of Fees :																
For exemplifications of probates, &c.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	380	17	-				
For reading to and searching for the public	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	31	-	-				
For registering commissions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26	5	-				
For sealing Irish probates and administrations, Scotch confirmations, office copies, deposits of wills, &c. &c.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	803	-	-				
For filing notices, district registrars	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Nil.	-				
Received for correspondence for searches and examinations										£.	s.	d.				
										223	14	7				
Less amount paid for office copies										£.	s.	d.				
										131	19	6				
Less amount returned in excess										-	-	-	5	6	10	
Paid for postage										-	-	-	8	7	6	
										<hr/>			145	13	10	
													77	-	9	
													1,318	2	9	
For correspondence department	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,671	4	-	
For department for personal applications	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,518	1	-	
For clerk of the papers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,891	13	6	
For Court for Divorce and Matrimonial Causes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,988	5	6	
For receipts on deposits of papers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	468	2	-	
On oaths administered by registrars, on de bonis grants, administrations, &c.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	31	13	-	
													£.	55,891	13	3

* Under recent regulations a copy of every will, and an abstract of every administration, is furnished gratis to the Inland Revenue Office. These copies used to be paid for, and yielded an income of between 7,000 £. and 8,000 £. per annum to the registry.

A. F. Bayford, Registrar.

DISTRICT REGISTRARS, ENGLAND AND WALES.

RETURN of SALARIES of the DISTRICT REGISTRARS of the COURT of PROBATE, in *England and Wales*, in the Year ended 31st December 1864.

REGISTRY.	REGISTRAR.	Amount Paid in 1864.	REMARKS.	REGISTRY.	REGISTRAR.	Amount Paid in 1864.	REMARKS.
		£. s. d.				£. s. d.	
Bangor -	H. B. Roberts -	400 - -		Manchester -	J. Burder -	1,200 - -	
Birmingham -	J. Doherty -	950 - -		Newcastle -	M. L. Jobling -	600 - -	
Blandford -	E. A. Smith and	300 - -		Northampton -	W. B. Gats -	300 - -	
	F. F. Johns.			Norwich -	J. Kitson -	850 - -	
Bodmin -	J. B. Collins -	600 - -		Nottingham -	B. Hawkrigge -	500 - -	
Bristol -	C. J. Clarke -	700 - -		Oxford -	M. Davenport -	600 - -	
Bury -	C. Wodehouse -	250 - -		Peterborough -	H. P. Gates -	500 - -	
Canterbury -	W. H. Cullen -	400 - -		St. Asaph -	C. W. Wyatt and	400 - -	
Carlisle -	G. G. Mounsey -	850 - -			R. S. Sisson.		
Carmarthen -	V. Davis -	500 - -		Salisbury -	F. Macdonald -	400 - -	
Chester -	C. T. W. Parry -	950 - -		Shrewsbury -	W. Cope -	600 - -	
Chichester -	E. W. Johnson -	250 - -		Taunton -	R. A. Kinglake -	400 - -	
Derby -	J. J. Simpson -	700 - -		Wakefield -	J. B. Langhorne -	1,400 - -	
Durham -	J. Davison -	600 - -		Wells -	J. J. Roche -	400 - -	
Exeter -	C. H. Turner -	1,200 - -		Winchester -	C. Wooldridge -	600 - -	
Gloucester -	T. Holt -	700 - -		Worcester -	J. H. Clifton and	600 - -	
Hereford -	T. Evans -	400 - -			A. C. Hooper.		
Ipswich -	C. Steward -	600 - -		York -	W. Hudson and J.	900 - -	To 30 Sept. 1864.
Lewes -	B. H. Hunt -	400 - -			Buckle.		
Lancaster -	J. Sharp -	850 - -			W. Hudson (Ex-	76 12 7	1 Oct. to 16 Nov. 1864.
Leicester -	G. H. & T. Nevinsom	000 - -			ecutors).		
Lichfield -	W. Fell -	950 - -			J. Buckle -	223 7 5	From 1 Oct. to 31 Dec. 1864.
Lincoln -	J. Swan -	850 - -					
Liverpool -	C. R. Ogden -	1,100 - -					
Llandaff -	T. Huckwell -	400 - -			TOTAL -	£. 26,050 - -	

RETURN of the Sums paid to the REGISTRARS of the under-mentioned District Registries, in repayment of Amounts disbursed by them for various purposes, in the Year 1864.

Name of Registry.	For Binding Registers of Wills.	For Copying, &c.	For Sorting Wills, &c.	TOTAL.	Name of Registry.	For Binding Registers of Wills.	For Copying, &c.	For Sorting Wills, &c.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Bangor -	1 5 6			1 5 6	Manchester -	5 10 -	78 9 4		83 19 4
Birmingham -	2 12 6	40 10 9		43 3 3	Newcastle -	1 1 -			1 1 -
Bodmin -	2 4 9			2 4 9	Norwich -	2 12 -	73 17 1		76 9 1
Bristol -	2 17 -			2 17 -	Nottingham -	2 - -			2 - -
Carlisle -	1 - -			1 - -	Oxford -	6 15 -		34 10 -	41 5 -
Carmarthen -	1 6 -			1 6 -	Peterborough -	2 14 6			2 14 6
Chichester -	1 10 -			1 10 -	St. Asaph -	1 18 6			1 18 6
Derby -	1 10 -	79 13 4		81 3 4	Salisbury -	2 15 -			2 15 -
Exeter -		131 18 8		131 18 8	Shrewsbury -	1 19 -			1 19 -
Gloucester -	2 15 -			2 15 -	Wakefield -	14 5 -	351 7 8		365 12 8
Hereford -	22 1 6			22 1 6	Wells -	1 5 -			1 5 -
Ipswich -	2 5 -			2 5 -	Winchester -	1 12 6			1 12 6
Lancaster -	6 12 -			6 12 -	York -	2 16 6			2 16 6
Leicester -	5 5 -			5 5 -					
Lichfield -	4 12 -	148 5 4		152 17 4					
Llandaff -	1 10 -			1 10 -					
					£.	106 10 3	904 2 2	34 10 -	1,045 2 5

RETURN of SALARIES of CLERKS to DISTRICT REGISTRARS of the COURT of PROBATE, in *England and Wales*, in the Year ended 31st December 1864.

REGISTRY.	CLERK'S NAME.	Sum Paid in 1864.	REMARKS.	REGISTRY.	CLERK'S NAME.	Sum Paid in 1864.	REMARKS.
		£. s. d.				£. s. d.	
Bangor -	J. D. Watkins -	150 - -		Bristol -	R. Robjant -	180 - -	
	J. Jones -	70 - -			R. D. Robjant -	130 - -	
	O. Edwards -	26 - -			A. B. Cornish -	25 1 1	From 1 Jan. to 31 May 1864 at 60 l.
Birmingham -	C. Leach -	250 - -			C. R. Owen -	30 - -	
	J. F. Cooper -	140 - -			A. P. Cornish -	34 18 11	From 1 June to 31 Dec. at 60 l. per annum.
	G. Floyd -	70 - -		Bury -	J. W. Leonard -	120 - -	
	G. Rabbett -	5 1 1	At 60 l. per annum from 1 December. To 31 March. Paid per folio since. From 1 Jan. to 30 Sept. at 120 l.		E. Matthews -	70 - -	
				Canterbury -	W. H. Cullen -	150 - -	
Blandford -	A. Amory -	15 - -			J. M. Pilcher -	100 - -	
	W. James -	70 - -					
	W. Pitt -	90 - -		Carlisle -	T. Bulman -	180 - -	
Bodmin -	F. E. Coom -	150 - -			W. Wright -	100 - -	
	R. Burrow -	100 - -			J. Lowry -	70 - -	
	T. George -	80 - -			C. J. Jones -	50 - -	

RETURN of Salaries of Clerks to District Registrars of the Court of Probate in *England and Wales, &c.*—*continued.*

REGISTRY.	CLERK'S NAME.	Sum Paid in 1864.	REMARKS.	REGISTRY.	CLERK'S NAME.	Sum Paid in 1864.	REMARKS.
		£. s. d.				£. s. d.	
Carmarthen	J. J. Jones	150		Manchester	R. W. Wright	400	
	H. Leakey	70			H. T. Cutler	210	
	W. Evans	60			R. D. Wright	195	
Chester	W. Heppell	250			W. Jones	80	
	C. Foden	120			R. Green	75	
	C. Turner	100			C. A. Wright	70	
	G. Cotgreave	78			W. T. Smith	70	
	J. Jones	65		Newcastle	W. Seddon	20 16	
	J. Joynton	65			W. Bell	150	
	H. Greave	39			D. N. Ridley	66 13 1	At 65 l. to 2 Nov. and at 75 l. from 3 Nov.
	C. T. Moulson	39		Northampton	E. Jobling	60	
	G. Spencer	13			G. Cattle	150	
Chichester	G. Holmes	150			W. Bell	100	
	H. Heather	60		Norwich	W. T. Bensley	140	
Darby	G. Eason	200			T. B. Butter	140	
	W. H. Burton	150			T. P. Edwards	66 13 6	At 60 l. to 30 April, at 70 l. from 1 May.
Durham	H. A. Peele	159		Nottingham	R. Goose		The rate of this salary is 60 l., but no claim has been made since Dec. 1863.
	W. Jackson	75			T. Harrison	150	
	R. Medd	78 16	At 75 l. from 1 Jan. to 31 March, and at 80 l. afterwards.		G. Russell	80	
Exeter	J. B. Gould	300			B. Stumbles	70	
	G. Way	150			H. Smith	40	
	J. G. Greenalade	100		Oxford	J. Davis	150	
	C. H. Pyne	80			C. H. Harris	80	
Gloucester	T. Woodward	150			G. W. Barker	80	
	F. H. Stephens	80		Peterborough	H. Green	160	
	W. Woodward	50			H. Blake	120	
	A. Brewer	50			H. English	50	
Hereford	T. Lane	150		St. Asaph	R. Roberts	140	
	W. Earle	76 5	At 65 l. to 31 March, and at 80 l. from 1 April.		D. Pugh	80	
	C. Arnold	41 5	At 30 l. to 31 March, and at 45 l. from 1 April.	Salisbury	R. Gerard	50	
Ipswich	H. Chamberlain	150			R. Yarham	150	
	C. Hobart	80			H. Young	80	
	G. W. Hubbard	50		Shrewsbury	T. Young	50	
Lancaster	W. Winder	150			J. Rabnett	160	
	W. H. Winder	80			H. Stevens	85 7 1	At 80 l. to 17 June, and at 90 l. from 18 June.
	E. E. Wilcock	52			G. Rabnett	55	
	W. Rainford	52		Taunton	W. Upham	150	
Leicester	W. Southey	150			E. Oxley	109	
	R. G. Britton	75			F. B. Murray	50	
	F. F. Jackson	50		Wakefield	W. Williamson	450	
Lewes	E. Battersby	150			W. B. Alderson	200	
	J. G. Coles	90			T. Leng	140	
	I. Vinal	45 15 9	At 50 l. to 30 Nov.		B. Wales	120	
Lichfield	J. Bown	200			P. W. Paver	80	
	W. Austin	120			E. Hodgson	35	Resigned 24 July 1864.
	W. Wheatley	35			T. Smith	75	
Lincoln	J. Wilson	250		Wells	W. J. Heptonstall	30 8 8	From 25 July.
	H. Scott	110			L. Ellicott	150	
	E. Coulson	70			H. Oxley	100	
	R. Wilson	70		Winchester	F. Gould	50	
Liverpool	H. Lewis	220			C. Woodridge	150	
	W. Hignett	150			W. Brooks	90	
	H. Jones	90			E. Griffin	50	
	J. Newbold	90		Worcester	J. Davis	130	
	W. Fleming	80			T. Wilson	80	
	J. R. Dilworth	70			A. E. Davis	40	
	A. Humble	60		York	J. Todd	250	
Llandaff	R. Clarke	145	At 130 l. to 31 March, and at 150 l. from 1 April.		J. Simpson	140	
	J. Wilkes	54 12			C. C. Birks	90	
	T. C. Thomas	70			J. Hollins	70	
					R. Bulmer	60	
					TOTAL	£. 15,240 11 2	

RETURN of the Amount of Fees received "by way of Stamps" from each DISTRICT REGISTRAR in *England and Wales*, from 1st January to 31st December 1864, inclusive.

	£. s. d.		£. s. d.		£. s. d.
Bangor	547 9	Gloucester	1,883 3	Nottingham	910 10 6
Birmingham	2,237 14 6	Hereford	934 4	Oxford	1,644 7
Blandford	613 15	Ipswich	1,455 17	Peterborough	1,026 13 9
Bodmin	1,206 6	Lancaster	1,939 1 6	St. Asaph	716 16 9
Bristol	1,630 8 6	Leicester	1,373 11 6	Salisbury	840 2 6
Bury St. Edmunds	535 8 6	Lewes	864 18 9	Shrewsbury	1,471 3
Carlisle	1,739 13 6	Lichfield	2,041 12 9	Taunton	914 10 6
Carmarthen	690 11	Lincoln	1,710 17	Wakefield	5,765 15 3
Canterbury	987 14 3	Liverpool	3,465 16	Wells	674 2 9
Chester	3,111 3 6	Llandaff	783 2	Winchester	1,359 6 3
Chichester	402 15 3	Manchester	3,987 7 6	Worcester	1,345 13 3
Derby	1,365 4 9	Newcastle	1,081 13 9	York	2,746 11 9
Durham	1,271 2 9	Norwich	1,945 9 3		
Exeter	2,050 13 9	Northampton	734 1 3		
				TOTAL	£. 62,918 - 6

COURT OF PROBATE, IRELAND.

RETURN, for the Year ended the 31st December 1864, of all FEES and MONIES levied in such Year, under the Authority of the PROBATE ACT, *Ireland*, in the Principal and also in certain District Registries of the Court of Probate; also, a RETURN of the ANNUAL SALARIES of the JUDGE of the COURT of PROBATE in *Ireland*; and of the REGISTRARS, CLERKS, and all others holding Office in said Court in *Dublin*; with an Account of the Incidental Expenses relating to the said Court; whether such Salaries and Expenses be defrayed out of Fees, or out of any other Monies.

Salaries of the Judge and Officers of the Court.		From what Fund the said Salaries are defrayed.	Return of the Fees and Monies levied, for the Year ended 31 December 1864.	Incidental Expenses for the Year ended 31 December 1864.
	£. s. d.			
The Judge of the Court of Probate -	3,500 - -	The Consolidated Fund The Monies voted by Parliament for such purpose. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	Received by way of Stamps : Principal Registry 8,197 8 7	810 <i>l.</i> 5 <i>s.</i> defrayed from the monies voted by Par- liament for such purpose.
Judge's Secretary - - - -	300 - -			
Two Registrars, 1,000 <i>l.</i> each - -	2,000 - -			
Two Registrar's Clerks, 250 <i>l.</i> each -	500 - -			
A Chief Clerk, and Clerk of the Rules and Pleadings.	600 - -			
Assistant Clerk, and Clerk of the Seal -	300 - -			
Clerk of the Seat - - - -	450 - -			
Assistant Clerk of the Seat - - - -	350 - -			
Clerk of the Records - - - -	450 - -			
Assistant Clerk of the Records - - -	250 - -			
Superintendent of the Public Office and Accountant.	300 - -			
First Clerk of the Entries - - - -	250 - -			
Second Clerk of the Entries - - - -	200 - -			
General Clerk - - - -	175 - -			
Second General Clerk - - - -	120 - -			
Crier - - - -	120 - -			
Usher - - - -	75 - -			
Messenger - - - -	60 - -			
Court and Office Keeper - - - -	70 - -			
Court Keeper and Messenger of the New Court of Probate, Four Courts.	65 - -			
£.	10,135 - -			

19 January 1865.

M. Keatings, Registrar.

DISTRICT REGISTRARS, IRELAND.
(not yet placed on Salaries).

AN ACCOUNT of the Amount of all FEES received by such of the DISTRICT REGISTRARS of the COURT of PROBATE in *Ireland*, as have not yet been placed on Salaries, in the Year 1864; together with the DISBURSEMENTS therefrom in the same Year, and the Net Amount remaining after deducting such Disbursements.

Places of District Registries.	Names of District Registrars (not yet placed on Salaries).	Gross Amount of Fees received.	Disbursements out of the Gross Amount on account of		Net Amount of Fees received, after deducting Salaries and Expenses.
			Salaries of Clerks.	Incidental Expenses.	
		£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Limerick - - - -	J. M'Mahon - - - -	507 16 7	70 - -	17 13 6	420 3 1
Kilkenny - - - -	H. Semple - - - -	186 3 7	28 - -	49 5 -	110 18 7
Ballina - - - -	S. Stock - - - -	37 13 9	20 - -	2 - -	15 13 9
Tuam - - - -	B. J. Clarke - - - -	89 16 7	20 ⁰ - -	3 16 9	65 19 10
Cavan - - - -	F. Dwyer - - - -	90 - -	- - -	- - -	90 - -
Mullingar - - - -	J. Grier - - - -	72 - -	- - -	- - -	72 - -
	TOTAL (Year 1864) - £.	963 10 6	136 - -	72 15 3	774 15 3

 Whitehall, Treasury Chambers, }
 March 1865.

F. Peel.

RETURN of SALARIES and ALLOWANCES paid to DISTRICT REGISTRARS of the COURT of PROBATE in *Ireland*, and also to the CLERKS to District Registrars in *Ireland*, for the Year ended 31st December 1864.

N A M E.	O F F I C E.	Annual Amount.	Amount paid in the Year.	REMARKS.
		£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
J. M. Higginson - - -	District Registrar, Belfast - - -	{ 600 - - } *100 - - }	700 - -	{ * Additional allowance personal to these Registrars only. Died, 15 October 1864. Commenced, 2 Nov. 1864. T. L., 14 Nov. 1864.
W. C. Bennett - - -	District Registrar, Cork - - -	{ 350 - - } *50 - - }	316 6 1	
H. Richardson - - -	- ditto - - ditto - - -	350 - -	57 1 3	
R. Riddall - - -	District Registrar, Armagh - - -	{ 300 - - } *50 - - }	350 - -	
J. L. Hickey - - -	District Registrar, Waterford - - -	{ 250 - - } *50 - - }	300 - -	
J. E. Nesbitt - - -	District Registrar, Londonderry - - -	{ 250 - - } *50 - - }	300 - -	
		Total - - £.	2,023 7 4	
CLERKS TO DISTRICT REGISTRARS:				
Archibald M'Afee - - -	First Clerk to District Registrar, Belfast - - -	100 - -	100 - -	
Thomas Cooper - - -	Second ditto - - - ditto - - -	80 - -	80 - -	
Thomas Marshall - - -	Third ditto - - - ditto - - -	70 - -	70 - -	
Henry Ferguson - - -	Fourth ditto - - - ditto - - -	50 - -	50 - -	
Richard Dowman - - -	First Clerk to District Registrar, Cork - - -	100 - -	100 - -	
Richard Connor - - -	Second ditto - - - ditto - - -	45 - -	45 - -	
George Hughes - - -	First Clerk to District Registrar, Armagh - - -	80 - -	80 - -	
Arthur Nelson - - -	Second ditto - - - ditto - - -	40 - -	14 - -	Resigned, 15 May 1864.
Lewis H. Mills - - -	Second ditto - - - ditto - - -	40 - -	25 1 1	Commenced, 16 May 1864. T. L., 15 July 1864.
James Skelton - - -	First Clerk to District Registrar, Waterford - - -	70 - -	70 - -	
Josiah Shearman - - -	Second ditto - - - ditto - - -	55 - -	55 - -	
William Glendinning - - -	First Clerk to District Registrar, Londonderry - - -	75 - -	75 - -	
Andrew Glendinning - - -	Second ditto - - - ditto - - -	40 - -	15 1 1	Resigned, 16 May 1864.
James Glendinning - - -	Second ditto - - - ditto - - -	40 - -	24 18 10	Commenced, 17 May 1864. T. L., 15 July 1864.
		Total - - £.	804 1 -	

Paymaster General's Office, Dublin Castle,
28 January 1865.

For the Accountant,
Rob. Gregg.

RETURN of the AMOUNT of FEES received by way of STAMPS, for the Year ended 31st December 1864, in the undermentioned DISTRICT REGISTRIES of the COURT of PROBATE in *Ireland*.

	£. s. d.
ARMAGH - - - - -	589 2 3
BELFAST - - - - -	1,586 6 6
CORK - - - - -	820 4 1
LONDONDERRY - - - - -	470 8 3
WATERFORD - - - - -	675 19 6
TOTAL - - - £.	4,148 - 7

19 January 1865.

M. Keatinge, Registrar.

COURTS OF PROBATE, LONDON AND DUBLIN, AND DISTRICT REGISTRIES.

AMOUNT Expended by the BOARDS of WORKS in *England* and *Ireland*, respectively, on account of the PROBATE COURTS in *London* and *Dublin*, and the DISTRICT REGISTRIES in *England* and *Ireland*, in the Year 1864.

	£. s. d.
In ENGLAND and WALES - - - - -	14,020 7 2
In IRELAND - - - - -	948 8 3
TOTAL Expended in 1864 - - - - £.	14,968 15 5

COMPENSATION ALLOWANCES.

COMPENSATION ALLOWANCES payable to PROCTORS and other Officers of the late ECCLESIASTICAL and PREROGATIVE COURTS, on the 31st December 1864.

The Compensations to Proctors and Officers of the late Courts are detailed in the Parliamentary Papers, No. 133, Sess. 1861, No. 132, Sess. 1862, No. 187, Sess. 1863, and No. 124, Sess. 1864, and the amount payable on the 31st December 1863, was - - - - -		£.	s.	d.
				107,292 17 11
Add,—The following Compensations :		£.	s.	d.
Buckle, Joseph, Deputy Registrar (one moiety of 927 <i>l.</i> 13 <i>s.</i> 4 <i>d.</i> , hitherto paid to "Hudson & Buckle," but which ceased on the death of W. Hudson) - - - - -		463	16	8
Buckle, Joseph, Proctor (reverted to him on the death of W. Hudson) - - - - -		201	9	2
Morris, Rev. E., Surrogate (new grant) - - - - -		18	10	-
Rees, Rev. E., Surrogate (new grant) - - - - -		2	13	4
Williams, Rev. M., Surrogate (increased compensation) - - - - -		2	4	4
				688 13 6
TOTAL - - - £.				107,981 11 5
Deduct,—The following Compensations, which ceased in 1864, on the death of the parties, viz. :		£.	s.	d.
Boswell, J., Proctor - - - - -		31	8	-
Carpenter, Rev. H., Clerical Surrogate - - - - -		28	3	2
Clough, Rev. C. B., Chancellor - - - - -		25	8	8
Cookson, Rev. F. T., Clerical Surrogate - - - - -		35	-	-
Dean, R., Apparitor - - - - -		2	9	7
Douglas, J. E. M., Registrar - - - - -		135	4	3
Drake, G. H., Proctor - - - - -		33	15	8
Edmunds, Rev. E., Surrogate - - - - -		20	-	-
Haines, T., Clerk in Registry - - - - -		60	-	-
Hanson, Rev. W. C., Clerical Surrogate - - - - -		10	6	3
Hollingsworth, Rev. A. G., Surrogate - - - - -		5	12	6
Hudson & Buckle, Messrs., Deputy Registrars (one moiety reverted to Joseph Buckle, as shown above) - - - - -		927	13	4
Hudson, W., Proctor - - - - -		688	17	11
Hudson, W. (reverted to Joseph Buckle, as shown above) - - - - -		201	9	2
Huffington, W., Proctor - - - - -		29	11	9
Huson, T., Apparitor - - - - -		2	1	11
Lowe, Rev. T. H., Registrar - - - - -		72	6	-
Phipps, Rev. B., Registrar - - - - -		324	16	9
Pitcher, J. H., Proctor - - - - -		513	4	7
Quartly, F. C., Clerk in Registry - - - - -		10	19	8
Rawlins, T., Registrar - - - - -		13	11	7
Rothery, W., Proctor - - - - -		1,342	1	5
Rowley, Rev. J., Clerical Surrogate - - - - -		13	11	2
Trevor, Rev. J. W., Chancellor - - - - -		29	15	-
Whiteside, Rev. J. W., Clerical Surrogate - - - - -		27	8	6
TOTAL ceased in 1864 - - - - -				4,584 16 10
GROSS AMOUNT of Compensations payable on the } 31st December 1864 - - - - -		-	-	£. 103,396 14 7

COURTS OF PROBATE (LONDON AND DUBLIN).

RECAPITULATION of the foregoing Returns.

	£.	s.	d.
Annual Salaries of the Judge and other Officers of the Court of Probate in London, p. 2 - - - - -	41,590	-	-
Annual Salaries of the Judge and other Officers of the Court of Probate in Dublin, p. 6 - - - - -	10,135	-	-
Incidental Expenses of the Court of Probate in London, p. 3 - - - - -	4,907	18	5
Incidental Expenses of the Court of Probate in Dublin, p. 6 - - - - -	810	5	-
Salaries of the District Registrars in England and Wales, p. 4 - - - - -	26,050	-	-
Amount paid for Copying, &c. to the District Registrars in England and Wales, p. 4 - - - - -	1,045	2	5
Salaries of the Clerks to the District Registrars in England and Wales, p. 5 - - - - -	15,240	11	2
Salaries of the District Registrars in Ireland, p. 7 - - - - -	2,023	7	4
Salaries of the Clerks to the District Registrars in Ireland, p. 7 - - - - -	804	1	-
Amount Expended by the Board of Works in England and Ireland, respectively, on account of Probate Courts and District Registries, in the year 1864, p. 7 - - - - -	14,968	15	5
TOTAL Salaries and Expenses - - - £.	117,575	-	9
Annual Amount of Compensations to Proctors and Officers of the late Courts, p. 8 - - - - -	103,396	14	7
TOTAL Annual Charge - - - £.	220,971	15	4
Deduct,—Amount of Fees received in the year 1864 (by way of Stamps), viz.:			
London, p. 8 - - - - - £.55,391 18 3			
Dublin, p. 6 - - - - - 8,197 8 7			
District Registries, England, &c., p. 5 - - - 62,918 - 6			
District Registries, Ireland, p. 7 - - - - 4,148 - 7			
	130,655	2	11
Deficiency - - - - - £.	90,316	12	5

Whitehall, Treasury Chambers,
7 March 1865.

F. PEEL.

COURTS OF PROBATE
(LONDON AND DUBLIN).

ACCOUNT of the ANNUAL SALARIES of the JUDGES, the REGISTRARS, DEPUTY REGISTRARS, CLERKS, and all Others holding Offices in the COURTS of PROBATE in *London* and *Dublin*, together with an Account of all FEES and MONIES received in the Year ended 31 December 1864, &c.:—Also, a RETURN of all COMPENSATIONS made PAYABLE under the Authority of the PROBATE ACTS for *England* and *Ireland* respectively, in the Year ended 31 December 1864.

(*Presented pursuant to Acts 30 & 31 Vict. c. 77 & 78.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
27 April 1865.

230.

Under 2 oz.

TEWKESBURY BOROUGH MAGISTRATES.

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons,
dated 27 July 1864;—for,

“COPY of all CORRESPONDENCE relating to the Appointment of Additional
MAGISTRATES for the Borough of *Tewkesbury* since January 1864, including
all Representations and Applications to the Lord Chancellor on the
subject.”

E. Holland, Esq., M. P., to the Hon. H. G. Campbell.

Sir,

The Union Club, S.W., 7 July 1864.

MY neighbours at Tewkesbury have requested me to join their Member, Mr. J. Martin, and the High Steward of the Borough, Lord Sudeley, in praying for the appointment of additional magistrates for the borough of Tewkesbury. At present the bench there has “collapsed,” either from deaths or from age, or from distance of residence, they have a difficulty in getting together at any time two magistrates, and remands have constantly to be made. Three gentlemen have been named to us as eligible for recommendation to the Lord Chancellor, all resident in Tewkesbury, viz. :—James Francis Prosser, Gentleman ; George Blizard, Corn Merchant ; Philip Thomas, Auctioneer. These three person are well known to Lord Sudeley, to Mr. Martin, and myself ; and from personal experience we can recommend them as fit and proper persons for being placed in commission.

What I have now to request is the favour of being informed as to the manner or proceeding so as to bring these names before the Lord Chancellor.

I have, &c.
(signed) *Ed. Holland, M. P. for Evesham.*

Lord Sudeley to the Lord High Chancellor.

My Lord,

Toddington, 10 July 1864.

I HAVE the honour to inform your Lordship, as High Steward of Tewkesbury, that I consider that an addition is much required to be made in the number of borough magistrates in that town, many of the present magistrates being prevented by various causes from attending to their duties. I believe that both Mr. Prosser and Mr. Thomas, whose names I am informed have been submitted to your Lordship, are fit and proper gentlemen to be selected for this honour.

I am, &c.
(signed) *Sudeley.*

J. Martin, Esq., M. P., to the Hon. H. G. Campbell.

My dear Sir,

Lombard-street, 11 July 1864.

WITH reference to the conversation I had with you on Friday last I have the pleasure of handing you the enclosed memorial which I have this morning received from my friends at Tewkesbury, and trust that the request it contains may be granted.

I am, &c.
(signed) *James Martin.*

(Enclosure.)

To the Right Honourable Baron *Westbury*, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain.

The dutiful Memorial of the undersigned Gentlemen, Tradesmen and others of the Borough of Tewkesbury, in the County of Gloucester.

YOUR Memorialists humbly sheweth unto your Lordship that there are now nine magistrates for the aforesaid borough, inclusive of the mayor, who is annually elected by the corporate body, Samuel Healing, Thomas Weaver, Robert Bolding, Nathaniel Chandler, Ferdinand Eyston, James Blount Lewis, George Ruddle, Frederick James Prior and Charles Porter, Esquires, that the said Samuel Healing, is now and for some time past, has been unable (through illness) to attend the magisterial bench; that the said Thomas Weaver has been one of the most regular attendants, but is now unfortunately suffering from illness, of a nature which leaves little or no hope of his ever being able to again attend to his magisterial duties; that Nathaniel Chandler is now of the advanced age of 82 years; that the said Ferdinand Eyston resides at a distance of nearly seven miles from the borough, and seldom attends the magistrates' meetings of the borough, he being a magistrate for the county of Worcester; that the said George Ruddle being in the habit of travelling is but occasionally in the neighbourhood; that the said Charles Porter but seldom attends, and James Blount Lewis never attends, as he has a private pique against the clerk of the magistrates, thus there is only, Robert Bolding, Nathaniel Chandler, and Frederick James Prior, to be relied upon for attendance; the said Frederick James Prior being a surgeon, his duties frequently call him away, and prevent his attendance when required; that great inconvenience has upon several occasions occurred, to both complainants, defendants, and witnesses, in consequence of the non-attendance of two magistrates to hear and adjudicate upon cases arising in the borough, and from the foregoing facts and circumstances, your Memorialists humbly ask your Lordship to appoint two more magistrates for the borough of Tewkesbury, they do so from the fact of being well acquainted with the position of affairs in the borough, and their experience of the very great inconvenience arising from not having a sufficient number of acting magistrates for the borough, and also thinking the appointment highly necessary, and request, for the benefit of the town, and due administration of the magisterial law; and furthermore, your Memorialists consider that Mr. Philip Thomas, auctioneer, and James Francis Prosser, gentlemen, both most respectable inhabitants of the borough, are highly fit and proper persons for the appointment of magistrates, and strongly recommend them to you for such appointment.

And your Memorialists will ever pray, &c.

George Blizard, Tewkesbury, merchant, member of the Town Council.
William Osborne, Tewkesbury, tea dealer.
Thomas Chandler, Tewkesbury, shoe manufacturer.
John Garrison, Tewkesbury, printer and publisher.
George Watson, borough treasurer.
William Turner, Tewkesbury, gentleman.
W. Winterbotham, clerk of the peace, Tewkesbury.
Francis Thomas, auctioneer, Tewkesbury.
E. R. Heane, corn merchant, Tewkesbury.
J. Nind, wine merchant, Tewkesbury, J. P., Aberdeenshire.
James P. Sargeant, Tewkesbury Park, member of the Town Council.
Edward Thomas, engineer, Tewkesbury.
William Harris, house decorator.
Charles Harris, plumber, &c.
Joseph Holder, Tewkesbury, tailor and draper.
Richard Rice, Tewkesbury, merchant, member of the Town Council.
William Rice, jun., Tewkesbury, corn and seed merchant.
Robert Graham, tea dealer, grocer, &c., Tewkesbury.
G. A. Pollock, grocer, &c., Tewkesbury.
William Rice, senior, merchant, Tewkesbury.
George Corfield, coal merchant, Tewkesbury.

C. W. Moore, Esq., to the Honourable *H. G. Campbell*.

Public Offices, Tewkesbury,
13 July 1864.

Sir,

I HAVE the honour of acknowledging the receipt of your letter of the 12th instant, with respect to the appointment of additional magistrates for this borough, and beg to inform you that the Mayor will convene a special meeting

of the council for Monday next (being the earliest day on which it can be legally held) for the purpose of laying your communication before the council, as desired by the Lord Chancellor.

I am, &c.
(signed) *Charles W. Moore,*
Town Clerk.

C. W. Moore, Esq. to the Honourable H. G. Campbell.

Public Offices, Tewkesbury,
18 July 1864.

Sir,

I AM desired by the Mayor to forward to you a copy of the resolution adopted at the meeting of the council of the borough held this day, and to request that you will be pleased to lay the same before the Lord Chancellor.

I have, &c.
(signed) *Charles W. Moore,*
Town Clerk.

(Enclosure.)

THAT the Mayor be requested to convey the following Resolution of the Corporation of Tewkesbury to the Lord Chancellor.

Resolved, That the Corporation begs to express to the Lord Chancellor its extreme surprise at his Lordship's communication relative to an increase of the magistrates for the borough, and being quite ignorant of the grounds upon which he proposes to make such an increase respectfully seeks from his Lordship the reasons given to him for the contemplated appointments. The Corporation also respectfully submits for the consideration of the Lord Chancellor that the number of magistrates is already ten for a population of under 6,000, making with the Mayor eleven magistrates.

E. Holland, Esq., M.P., to J. Martin, Esq., M.P.

My dear Martin,

19 July 1864.

You have heard, of course, of Mr. Prosser being appointed a town councillor after a severe contest at Tewkesbury.

On Friday a letter was received from Mr. Campbell, the Lord Chancellor's Secretary of Commissions, and the nature of the resolution passed by the town council upon the receipt thereof, will show the nature of the letter.

The resolution professes ignorance, on the part of the town council, of there being any necessity for appointing additional magistrates. Herewith is a document (marked A.) showing that necessity exists. It gives the names of all the magistrates; it gives the number of meetings each has attended; it states, likewise, the number of petty sessions held in the course of the year; and shows the number of meetings adjourned, in consequence of the necessary number of magistrates not being brought together. Out of the six magistrates who have attended (and who are likely to attend), one is an octogenarian, and three are above 70 years of age, leaving two only who can be constantly relied upon, viz., those two who have, during the year, attended most frequently; in short, an addition is absolutely required to the Borough Bench, and no two more efficient men, in every respect, could be named to the Lord Chancellor than the two named in the memorial, viz., Mr. Thomas and Mr. Prosser, the latter of whom not only has just been returned, after a contest, as town councillor, but has, also, after a contest, been appointed a guardian of the Tewkesbury Union. The Paper (B.) is similar in its contents to the one you have already given in to Mr. Campbell. I enclose it as being useful, perhaps, to you for further reference.

And having given you all this data, let me urge you to see Mr. Campbell on this business as speedily as possible. If, through him, the Lord Chancellor

thinks it necessary to make any reply to the memorial which certain members of the town council may have forwarded in favour of leaving things as they are, he will find in the document (A.) a reliable statement of facts upon which to form his own opinion as to the propriety of appointing additional magistrates.

The resolution, a copy of which is enclosed, was passed at a meeting of the town council on Monday (yesterday), when 11 were present, nine of whom voted, five in favour of the resolution, and four against it; the two who did not record their votes being the mayor (the chairman) and Mr. Porter, who, being a magistrate for the borough, thought that he ought not to vote.

Will you communicate with Mr. P. Thomas as soon as you have seen Mr. Campbell. Sergeaunt of the Lodge has brought me over all this information, and I am thus at once sending it on to you.

Very truly, &c.
(signed) *Ed. Holland.*

Enclosure (A).

STATEMENT showing the Number of Justices of the Peace for the Borough of Tewkesbury, in the County of Gloucester; the Number of Petty Sessions held, the Number Attended by each Magistrate, and the Number of Meetings adjourned for the want of Magistrates, from the 1st July 1863 to 1st July 1864.

AGES.	Names and Addresses of Magistrates.	Number of Meetings Attended.
About 70 years	Samuel Hitch, Esq. (the Mayor) Southwick Park, Tewkesbury.	11
„ 70 „ - -	Thomas Weaver, Esq., Tewkesbury - - -	42
„ 50 „ - -	Robert Bolding, Esq., Tewkesbury - - -	39
„ 83 „ - -	Nathaniel Chandler, Esq., Tewkesbury - - -	31
„ 45 „ - -	F. J. Prior, Esq., Tewkesbury - - -	11
„ 75 „ - -	Charles Porter, Esq., The Mythe, Tewkesbury -	2
„ — „ - -	George Ruddle, Esq., Walton House, Ashchurch -	1
„ 60 „ - -	Samuel Healing, Esq., Tewkesbury - - -	—
„ 70 „ - -	J. B. Lewis, Esq., Tewkesbury - - -	—
„ — „ - -	F. Eyston, Esq., Overbury, six miles from the borough.	—

Number of petty sessions held during the year - - - - - 73

Number of petty sessions during the year, adjourned for want of magistrates - 4

Enclosure (B).

Sir,

Tewkesbury, 25 June 1864.

WE are feeling considerable inconvenience here for want of acting magistrates; the bench is composed as follows:—

Mr. Porter, rarely present.

Mr. Eyston lives six miles off, is on the commission for Worcestershire, and attends the Pershore justice meetings, but not the Tewkesbury ones.

Mr. Healing never attends, and is, in fact, incapacitated.

Mr. Lewis has a pique against the clerk, and has declared he will not again attend.

Mr. Prior, surgeon, with a large private practice, and the most important district of the Union, does not often attend.

Mr. Ruddle, being on the county commission, attends to county business when at home, but is very seldom indeed at the borough petty sessions.

Mr. Chandler, 83 years old, will not be troubled often.

Mr. Weaver, till lately the most active member of the bench, breaking up in constitution, very ill indeed, and not expected to recover.

Mr. Bolding, the only magistrate who can be fully relied upon when wanted.

On several late occasions business has been suspended for want of a second magistrate, and a fortnight ago the hearing of the cases of six defendants was adjourned for a week, and it transpired at the end of that term that three of them were innocent.

Such being the state of things (and it can be verified by Mr. S. P. Brookes, the magistrates' clerk), I am desired to ask you to be kind enough to place the matter before Lord Sudeley, and to hope that his Lordship, as high steward of the borough, will be pleased to lend his aid, in conjunction with Mr. Martin, to obtain from the Lord Chancellor the placing upon the roll of borough magistrates for Tewkesbury, the names of the following gentlemen:—

Mr. Francis James Prosser, gentleman; Mr. Philip Thomas, auctioneer; Mr. George Blizard, corn merchant, all of Tewkesbury, and all of them fitted by ability and position for this honour.

E. Holland, Esq., M. P.

I remain, &c.
(signed) *John Garrison.*

TEWKESBURY BOROUGH MAGISTRATES.

**COPY of all CORRESPONDENCE relating to the
Appointment of Additional MAGISTRATES for
the Borough of *Tewkesbury* since January 1864,
including all Representations and Applications
to the Lord Chancellor on the subject.**

(*Mr. Lygon.*)

***Ordered by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
13 February 1865.***

BOX MONEY (IRELAND).

RETURN to an Order of the Honourable The House of Commons,
dated 1 May 1865 ;—for,

A RETURN “ of the Nature of the FEES now received in the COURT of CHANCERY in *Ireland*, under the name of ‘ BOX MONEY ;’ the Amount in respect thereof received for each of the Years 1862, 1863, and 1864 ; and, the Object and Purpose to which the ‘ Box Money’ is applied.”

THE Box Fund of the Court of Chancery is a charitable fund at the disposal of the Lord Chancellor, arising from Fees received in the following Offices :—

1. The Lord Chancellor's Secretary's Office :—On each Petition (except Petitions in Lunacy), and for the appointment of Commissioners and Masters Extraordinary, a Fee of One shilling.
2. Registrar's Office :—On each Order, a Fee of One shilling.
3. Affidavit Office :—On each Affidavit filed, a Fee of One shilling.
4. Rolls Office :—On each Affidavit filed, a Fee of One shilling.

						£.	s.	d.
Total Amount of Fees received in the Year 1862	-					464	15	6
Ditto	-	-	ditto	-	-	1863	470	9 9
Ditto	-	-	ditto	-	-	1864	440	4 6

The persons receiving pensions from the Fund are for the most part destitute Widows or Orphans of Solicitors, selected by the Lord Chancellor as most deserving objects of the charity.

8 May 1865.

John Hatchell,
Secretary to the Lord Chancellor.

BOX MONEY (IRELAND).

RETURN of the Nature of the Fees now received in the COURT of CHANCERY in *Ireland* under the Name of "Box Money"; the Amount in respect thereof received for each of the Years 1862, 1863, and 1864; and the Object and Purpose to which the "Box Money" is applicable.

(*Sir Colman O'Loghlen.*)

*Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
17 May 1865.*

JUDGMENT OFFICE (IRELAND).

RETURN to an Order of the Honourable The House of Commons,
dated 7 April 1865;—for,

RETURNS “ showing the Number of JUDGMENTS of the SUPERIOR COURTS, Registered, Re-registered, and Re-docketed, in the Office of the Registrar of Judgments, *Ireland*, during each of the Years 1860, 1861, 1862, 1863, and 1864 :”

“ The Number of Common Searches made, of Negative Searches made and Recorded, of Requisitions for Liberty to search made by the Public, and of Attested Copies of Recorded Searches issued in the said Office, in each of such Years respectively :”

“ And, the Amount of REVENUE derived from the DUTIES on STAMPS paid for and in respect of the several Instruments, Matters, and Things used, filed, registered, recorded, or issued, pursuant to the Provisions of the Statutes 7 & 8 Vict. c. 90, and 13 & 14 Vict. c. 74 ; also, the Amount of FEES for the Registry or Re-entry of any Judgment or Revival Decree, Rule, Order, Crown Bond, Recognizance, or Lis Pendens, or of any Satisfaction, Vacate, or Quietus, pursuant to the Provisions of 13 & 14 Vict. c. 70, s. 10, and Disbursements out of same, in the said Office in each of such Years respectively.”

(*Sir Edward Grogan.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
5 May 1865.

RETURNS showing the Number of JUDGMENTS of the SUPERIOR COURTS Registered and Re-registered in the OFFICE of the REGISTRAR of JUDGMENTS in *Ireland*, during each of the Years 1860, 1861, 1862, 1863, and 1864; the Number of REVIVALS registered during each of said Years; the Number of COMMON SEARCHES made; the Number of NEGATIVE SEARCHES made and recorded; the Number of SEARCHES made by the Public, and the Number of attested Copies of Recorded Searches issued in each of said Years; the Amount of REVENUE derived from the DUTIES on STAMPS paid for and in respect of the several Instruments, Matters, and Things used, filed, registered, recorded, or issued pursuant to the Provisions of the Statutes 7 & 8 Vict. c. 90, 11 & 12 Vict. c. 120, and 13 & 14 Vict. c. 74, in each of said Years; the Amount of FEES received in the said Office for Certificates of the Registry and Re-entry of Judgments, Revivals, Decrees, Rules, Orders, Crown Bonds, Recognizances, Lites Pendentes, Satisfactions, Vacates, and Quietus, pursuant to the Provisions of the Statute 13 & 14 Vict. c. 74, s. 10, and Disbursements out of same during each of said Years.

	1860.	1861.	1862.	1863.	1864.
Number of Judgments registered	4,526	5,258	5,687	5,004	4,892
Number of Judgments re-registered	9,063	731	647	598	620
Number of Judgments revived registered.	142	101	75	61	32
(Judgments not redocketed subsequent to November 1844.)					
Number of Common Searches made.	540	500	499	591	613
Number of Negative Searches made and recorded.	1,958	1,954	1,763	1,923	1,799
Number of Requisitions for liberty to search made by public.	5,770	3,375	4,742	3,483	2,711
Number of attested copies of recorded Searches issued.	21	32	48	19	17
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Amount of Fees received by Registrar, pursuant to the provisions of 13 & 14 Vict. c. 70, s. 10 - - - - -	455 6 6	228 6 -	236 19 -	214 8 9	194 3 3
Disbursements out of same:—To the Registrar, two-thirds; to the Chief Clerk, one-third; amount of last - - - - -	151 15 6	76 2 -	78 19 8	71 9 7	64 14 5

Mark Perrin,
Registrar of Judgments.

RETURN showing the Amount of REVENUE derived in *Ireland* during each of the Years 1860, 1861, 1862, 1863, and 1864, from the DUTY on STAMPS paid for and in respect of the several Instruments, Matters, and Things used, filed, registered, recorded, or issued pursuant to the Provisions of the Statutes 7 & 8 Vict. c. 90, and 13 & 14 Vict. c. 74.

	Year ended 31 December 1860.	Year ended 31 December 1861.	Year ended 31 December 1862.	Year ended 31 December 1863.	Year ended 31 December 1864.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Gross amount of Duty -	4,412 7 8	3,958 11 10	3,958 14 4	3,979 16 -	3,507 4 2
Discount allowed - -	51 17 -	40 19 7	51 7 5	55 7 2	47 19 4
NET PRODUCE -	4,360 10 8	3,912 12 3	3,907 6 11	3,924 8 10	3,459 4 10

Inland Revenue Stamps, Dublin, }
27 April 1865.

John S. Gairdner,
Controller of Stamp Duties (Ireland).

JUDGMENT OFFICE (IRELAND).

RETURNS showing the Number of Judgments of the Superior Courts Registered, Re-registered, and Re-docketed, in the Office of the Registrar of Judgments, *Ireland*, during each of the Years 1860, 1861, 1862, 1863, and 1864; the Number of Common Seals made, of Negative Seals made and recorded; &c.

(*Sir Edward Grogan.*)

*Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
5 May 1865.*

258.

Under 1 oz.

CALENDAR OF PATENT AND CLOSE ROLLS (IRELAND).

RETURN to an Order of the Honourable The House of Commons,
dated 16 February 1865;—for,

COPY “ of the REPORT of Messrs. *Brewer* and *Hardy*, laid before the Treasury
by the Master of the Rolls, in reference to the Publication of the CALENDAR
of the PATENT and CLOSE ROLLS of *Ireland*.”

Treasury Chambers,
17 February 1865.

Sir,

Rolls House, 4 October 1864.

IN conformity with your instructions, we left London on Thursday the 28th of July. On our arrival at Dublin the next day, we proceeded at once to the Rolls Office. We informed Mr. Morrin of the purpose of our visit, and requested him to furnish us with the documents necessary for the due prosecution of our inquiry.

We were informed by Mr. Morrin that he had already been apprised by the Master of the Rolls in Ireland of our intended visit, and had received instructions to remain in Dublin during the investigation, in order that he might afford any explanation or assistance we should require. The Master of the Rolls in Ireland also directed Mr. Morrin to produce before us all the original documents connected with his calendars, and to remain in the office during the whole time we were there, even after the termination of the regular official hours.

We are bound to state that not only the Master of the Rolls and his Deputy Keeper, Mr. Reilly, but even Mr. Morrin, appeared equally anxious for the fullest investigation of the charges adduced against the Irish Calendars. We had no obstacle to complain of; we were allowed the most unrestricted liberty in examining the office and its arrangements, in consulting and taking down the records contained in it, all of which we found in excellent order; and, as the labour of our examination was very considerable, and necessarily occupied many hours of the day beyond the usual official attendance, we had to trespass on much of the leisure time both of Mr. Morrin and the Deputy Keeper for several weeks successively; and in the case of Mr. Morrin particularly, to keep him constantly employed in producing the documents we required, necessarily very numerous, considering how wide and various was the extent of our inquiry.

We feel it incumbent on us to state, that Mr. Morrin's assistance in these respects was most readily conceded to us, as was that of every other gentleman connected either with the Rolls Office or any other Record Office in Dublin which we had occasion to visit, as your Honor will see in the sequel, for the adequate execution of our task.

We were specially instructed to inquire into the accuracy of certain allegations contained in a pamphlet, entitled “ Record Revelations,”* in which the Irish Calendar of Mr. Morrin is severely criticised for its inaccuracies, omissions, and mistakes. These charges are numerous; they are characterised by great ability, and have evidently been drawn up by an author acquainted with his subject. In fact we do not remember to have seen, in England or in Ireland, any work of the same nature in which so much critical knowledge of this kind has been displayed, or which indicates a greater familiarity with archæological studies. The ability with which this pamphlet has been written, the deep interest it has
excited

excited everywhere in Ireland, the masterly and yet popular way in which the topics in it have been handled, the stringent criticisms to which it has subjected every page of Mr. Morrin's work, are an evidence of the keenness with which these subjects are pursued in Ireland. They are also a proof of the importance attached to works of this nature by Irish scholars, and in some respects are an evidence that, in determining upon the publication of a Calendar of the Irish Patent Rolls, the Government was justified in supposing that the execution of such a work would be of the highest value and interest to the Irish historian.

At the same time it was obvious that the charges brought against Mr. Morrin's work could not be lightly disposed of. The author of the pamphlet professed to speak in the name of Irish archivists in general. He had not contented himself with a general condemnation of the work, but had entered on specific charges, sometimes embracing points of the utmost importance, at others descending to *minutiae* of spelling or involving the translation of obscure terms, respecting which the most careful scholars were not always agreed. At one time Mr. Morrin's judgment was arraigned as to the general plan and execution of his work; at another time his ability to comprehend the documents with which he was dealing, or to express their meaning accurately and perspicuously, was brought in question.

We felt, therefore, that such charges as these could not be disposed of in a summary manner—that justice both to the accuser and the accused required us to enter most minutely, carefully and impartially, not only on the examination of every one of the charges alleged by Mr. Morrin's critic, but of Mr. Morrin's work. Nothing less than this would satisfy the public and the Government, and nothing short of this, we felt, was expected of us by the Master of the Rolls in Ireland, and by the Treasury, which had sanctioned this inquiry.

But, in doing this, as your Honor will immediately perceive, the labour imposed upon us was scarcely less than if we had been instructed to compose the work entirely anew. We had to examine every roll separately, to gather the meaning of each document apart, and then ascertain whether Mr. Morrin's description of it might be considered as a fair and exact summary of its contents. We had further to ascertain whether names and dates, whether minute and technical descriptions in the Calendars coincided exactly with the originals; whether Mr. Morrin was justified in omitting certain clauses, and describing others in greater or less detail (for this, it must be remembered, was a charge strongly insisted on by Mr. Morrin's accuser); in short, we had to subject his work to the most strict and searching scrutiny, involving every point of its plan, design, and execution.

In this conviction we collated every one of the entries in Mr. Morrin's Calendar, word for word with the originals, extending our inquiries in this way to 300 pages and more in the first volume, to 230 pages in the second, and 200 pages in the third. Besides this, we have examined most minutely into every charge, whatever its nature, brought against Mr. Morrin in the pamphlet already referred to; and we have given a general examination to the whole work besides. The results of our inquiries we now propose to submit to your Honor, and the suggestions we shall have the honour to make are founded upon a careful and precise examination of the contents of Mr. Morrin's Calendar.

But before submitting a summary of these results to your Honor, under the different heads embraced by our Report, there are two points on which we think it indispensable to insist, both from their intrinsic importance, and the prominence given to them by the author of the pamphlet in question. We have stated already, that the interest excited by these criticisms, and the keenness and ability displayed in them, might be considered as an indication of the value attached to these public documents by eminent Irish scholars. With their judgment our own, after most careful examination, entirely agrees. No class of records is of more importance to Irish history than the Irish Patent Rolls. "Amid the vast heap of records and muniments," observes a most eminent Irish antiquarian, "which is to be found in the public archives of the country, none justly stand in higher estimation than the Patent Rolls of Chancery, whether considered in respect to the antiquity, utility, or variety of the documents with which they abound."* They are, in fact, the appropriate repertory for "the receipts and disbursements of the King's Irish Government, its legislative enactments,

* Dr. Erck, in his Preface to the Patent Rolls of James I.

ments, appointments of high officers of State, grants of privileges, tithes, territories."* On these Rolls were entered the letters directed from the Imperial Government in England to the Deputy and Council of Ireland, for the management of that kingdom, State papers, letters of privy seal, pardons, royal licences for manufactures, for mines, for exports and imports, the appointments of bishops, ministers, Irish and English officers to places of trust, distribution of patronage, lay and ecclesiastical, inquisitions, grants of lands, of naturalization, of English liberty; in short, almost every sort of document which tends to throw light on the social condition of Ireland from the earliest period since its conquest by England, the mode in which it was governed, and the various efforts made at successive intervals by its English rulers to awe or entice it into submission.

Independently of the interest which such a subject naturally offers to Englishmen as well as to Irishmen, as an integral portion of the history of the two kingdoms, it must be evident that, regarded merely as records of a most momentous period in the life of the two nations, such documents cannot be regarded with indifference; without them the true history of Ireland never can be written; with the aid of them it has been reserved for some future historian to give the world a narrative of events surpassed by none in tragic interest or political significance. Hitherto it has been a universal complaint that no history of Ireland, worthy of that name, has been possible. The labours of the most diligent inquirers have been frustrated by the insuperable difficulty of arriving at the genuine sources of Irish history. Irish scholars and antiquarians have prosecuted, with a praiseworthy and patriotic zeal, almost all other branches of their national literature and antiquities; but history proper, for the reasons already stated, has been comparatively neglected. Now, with the fresh aids afforded by the Government, and the access given by Calendars and Catalogues to the public muniments of the country, there is reason to hope that the future efforts of Irish scholars will be as much distinguished in the successful cultivation of this as it has been in other branches of their literature.

On this point, as it seems to us, public opinion is unanimous. None of those who have condemned with the greatest severity Mr. Morrin's work, or Mr. Morrin's appointment, have ventured either to question the propriety of having such Calendars compiled at the national expense, or to deny that preference should be given, in the first instance, to the Patent and Close Rolls. The resolution of the Government in this respect has been thankfully regarded by all parties alike, as a great "public benefit;" and whatever differences of opinion may exist as to the way in which the task has been executed, no one doubts that the Master of the Rolls in Ireland has exercised a most sound discretion in selecting the Patent and Close Rolls as the primary object on which the Imperial funds entrusted to him should be expended. We presume that no competent scholar in Ireland would venture to arraign his Honor's decision in this respect. After a careful examination of these and other Irish records, and many years' study of diplomatic and historical muniments, we do not know of ourselves what wiser decision could have been made by the Master of the Rolls, nor have we heard or seen it anywhere stated that a different selection of documents would have been more useful or more acceptable to the public. It is needless to waste words on this subject, on which all seem to be agreed, or to justify the judgment of the Master of the Rolls, which no one with any knowledge of these subjects has yet ventured to call in question.

Mr. Morrin was appointed by the Master of the Rolls, in Ireland, to carry this work into execution. At the period of his appointment Mr. Morrin held the office of "Clerk of the Enrolments," and by virtue of his official position he had not only superior opportunities for becoming intimately acquainted with the nature of these records, the special information contained in them, and the purposes for which they were searched by different classes of inquirers, but it was part of his duty to make himself master of their contents. Had he been urged by no higher motive than this, it would have been scarcely possible for him to avoid obtaining a greater amount of useful knowledge, in connection with these documents, than ordinarily falls to the lot of any other person not so situated. Necessarily, too, Mr. Morrin was continually brought into contact with legal, literary, historical, and archæological inquirers, and his attention was continually directed to

* "Record Revelations," p. 2.

to these records, and to their special bearings. But long before his official connection with the Record Office, Mr. Morrin's studies had been turned in this direction; and to his reputation as a record scholar he was, in fact, indebted for his official appointment. For 25 years prior to that appointment there were very few great legal cases, we believe, involving research among the public records, and demanding this kind of experience, in which Mr. Morrin had not been engaged. As a record agent he was employed by the Crown solicitor in all cases where the Crown was concerned. In consequence of the Statute of Limitations, 3 & 4 Will. IV., c. 27, he was retained in more than a hundred advowson cases. In the Galway, Limerick, Loughfoyle, Moy, Ballyshannon, and other fishery trials, he had to prosecute very extensive inquiries among the English and Irish records; to translate them for the solicitors employed in these trials; to be examined at bar as to the nature, meaning, and interpretation of these documents. It cannot, therefore, be said that Mr. Morrin was appointed to the task of calendaring these documents as an unknown man, or an untried scholar; in fact, it may be doubted whether the Master of the Rolls in Ireland, could have selected any editor whose qualifications for deciphering and translating records had been more frequently and more publicly tested than Mr. Morrin's.*

Nor was this all. When the labours of the late Irish Record Commissioners had been abruptly brought to a close by the revocation of its powers in 1830, among the works left by them in an unfinished state was a Calendar of the Patent Rolls of James I. It will be sufficient to state that this work was prepared and sent to the press under the superintending care of an eminent archæologist,† whose labours have received the highest commendations from Irish scholars, and not the least from the author of the pamphlet so frequently referred to.‡ That volume deservedly enjoys a high reputation; but it was completed and finished (as we are informed) from page 372 to page 596 by Mr. Morrin and Mr. Hatchell, at that time Clerk of Enrolments, without any remuneration for their services. It cannot therefore be said, with any degree of justice, that Mr. Morrin had given no proof of his acquaintance with the documents he was appointed to calendar, or with the correct method of making such a Calendar. The pages added by Mr. Morrin and Mr. Hatchell will stand comparison with those prepared and published by Mr. Hardiman for the Record Commission. We think, therefore, that the stigma thrown out against Mr. Morrin, as "a clerk in one of the Dublin Law Courts, totally unknown in the world of letters,"§ and other expressions of obloquy applied to Mr. Morrin and his appointment by the Master, are scarcely justified by the facts of the case.

It also seems to us that, in the pamphlet referred to, statements are made of a nature to confuse the public mind, and disparage Mr. Morrin's qualifications for his task, by insisting upon his ignorance of the ancient Irish tongue, and it is assumed, more than once, that none but "competent Irish scholars"¶ are fitted to deal with public rolls and records.¶ Now the documents upon which Mr. Morrin was employed are written exclusively in the Latin or English language, as used in official documents of this class in the reign of Henry VIII. and his successors. We have not been able to discover a single roll in which either the Irish language was used, or for the correct translation or interpretation of which a knowledge of the Irish language was indispensable. That some acquaintance

* These facts seem to us to justify entirely the statement of the Secretary of the Treasury, which the author of the pamphlet endeavours to assail,—that the Editor (Mr. Morrin) "was well known for his skill and knowledge in connexion with this particular branch of his duties." See "Record Revelations," p. 96.

† Hardiman.

‡ "Record Revelations," pp. 3, 93, 121.

§ *Ib.*, p. 10.

¶ *Ib.*, p. 7.

¶ "On all questions connected with the ancient Public Records of Ireland there are two bodies pre-eminently qualified to pronounce authoritatively—the Royal Irish Academy and the Irish Archæological Society."—"Record Revelations," p. 8. There is an ambiguity in the author's use of this word *records*. If it be applied to ancient manuscripts and historical documents *written in the Irish tongue*, the assertion is so obvious that no one would venture to dispute it. If, on the other hand, it means—the only sense in which it is applicable to Mr. Morrin's labours and Mr. Morrin's appointment—"records," such as the Patent and Close Rolls preserved in the Rolls Office in Dublin, we doubt much whether these learned societies would accept the honour thus claimed for them. Hitherto, at all events, amongst all their services to the literature of Ireland, they have never come forward as experts in this kind of record lore.

acquaintance with the ancient Irish is a great acquisition, we do not deny; but for the translation or deciphering of the Patent Rolls, it is no otherwise valuable than a knowledge of Anglo-Saxon is to the student of mediæval Latin or of State papers written in the reign of Henry VIII. or Queen Elizabeth. As might have been expected; for these documents emanated, in both countries, either from the English sovereign or from his council in Ireland. Irish language was the very last they would have employed.* In fact, precisely the same qualifications, and no others, are required for calendaring the Patent Rolls of Ireland as are required for calendaring the English Patent Rolls of the same period. And if this author, by insisting on Mr. Morrin's ignorance of the Irish language wished his readers to infer that those Rolls were written in Irish, or contained Irish phrases, for the correct interpretation of which a knowledge of Irish was indispensable, he has led them into a grave error.

The charges against Mr. Morrin's Calendar are summed up in the following passage from the pamphlet entitled "Record Revelations:"—"I shall proceed to demonstrate that the Prefaces to these two volumes, although purporting to be the result of lengthened original documentary researches, are, in the main, abstracted verbatim, without acknowledgment, from previously published works; that the portions of the Prefaces not so abstracted are replete with errors; that the annotations are of the same character with the Prefaces; that the Prefaces evince ignorance even of the nature of Patent and Close Rolls; that the Calendar or body of the work, as here edited, is, in general, unsatisfactory, and defective for either historical or legal purposes; that the title-pages are incorrect, as the volumes do not include a single *Close Roll*; that, although now given to the world as an *original* work, portions of these Calendars were *before printed*, and the *entire* prepared for the press by the Irish Record Commission, more than thirty years ago."†

These are the charges which the author of the pamphlet in question undertakes to demonstrate; and they are, it must be admitted, of so grave a nature that we have preferred, to avoid all possibility of mis-statement, to give them in the exact words of the author.

The accusation, it will be seen, falls under two main heads: the one affects the prefaces and annotations, the other the Calendar or main body of the work; and it is under these two heads that we propose to range our observations, taking the latter head, as the more important, in the first place. The question of the prefaces is, we presume, a mere literary question, involving points of authorship and literary honesty, but not necessarily affecting the use or accuracy of the Calendar itself. Supposing that the charges against the prefaces were fully substantiated, the Calendar, as a repertory and index of the Patent and Close Rolls, which is the essential point, might be perfectly sufficient for all the purposes contemplated by the Government in undertaking the work. But if the body of the work be as replete with errors, deficiencies and omissions as is stated in the pamphlet, then it must be allowed that the work itself is entirely useless; and it would be superfluous to enter on the minor consideration of the literary merit or good faith displayed in the prefaces.

The charges, then, affecting the main body of the work—that is, the text as contradistinguished from the notes and prefaces—are as follow:—

1. That it is unsatisfactory and defective for either historical or legal purposes. Under this head must be reckoned omissions of a "vast number of important grants," for which, the pamphlet states, "no justification can be offered."‡
2. That the title pages are incorrect, "as the volumes do not include a single *Close Roll*."
3. That "portions of these Calendars were *before printed*, and the *entire* prepared for the press by the Irish Record Commission more than thirty years ago."

* It was a special point with the Crown, when making certain grants, that the grantee should never use the Irish language, or permit any of his family or servants to use it.

† "Record Revelations," p. 11.

‡ *Ib.* p. 142.

I. *Omissions affecting the Body of the Work.*

In confirmation of this charge of omission, which the author of the pamphlet rightly considers as the most formidable, for, if established, the value of these Calendars would be entirely destroyed, he produces four examples of grants made to Spenser, the poet, which he accompanies with the following remark:—“The serious disservice done to *English* literary history by the imperfect mode in which the Calendars have been put forth is strongly illustrated by the foregoing omissions in connection with so eminent a writer.”* He reiterates this charge still more positively, a few lines after, in reference to Lewis Bryskett, “an intimate friend of Spenser,” whose grant of the office of Registrar of the Chancery of Ireland in 1577 Mr. Morrin is accused of omitting from his Calendar.† The accusation is frequently repeated in different phrases, *e.g.*, “important patents . . . passed under the Great Seal are entirely omitted in the Calendars;” “a complete catalogue of these omitted patents would occupy an extent nearly equal to that of the so-called ‘Calendars’;” “it will suffice to mention here (p. 137) the following specimens of the numerous similar grants unnoticed in these volumes, which have been *officially* certified as ‘quite complete and without any omissions.’” It is impossible, we think, to deny that the plain and obvious purpose of these remarks is to charge Mr. Morrin with having been guilty of unpardonable neglect and carelessness in omitting from his Calendars entries of great importance found upon the Rolls.

We have to state that we could discover no foundation for these statements. We cannot find that Mr. Morrin has been guilty of any one of the omissions of which he is here so positively and repeatedly accused. Not one of the grants, which the archivist asserts exist upon the Rolls, is to be found upon the Rolls. We have examined the Rolls with great care and minuteness, and we repeat, that there are no such documents to be found on the Chancery Rolls as is here asserted by the author of “Record Revelations.”‡ As we cannot suppose that the writer would be guilty of a wilful perversion of the truth, we are driven to believe—strange as it may seem—that he has never examined the original Rolls, but has satisfied himself with condemning Mr. Morrin solely on presumption. He has assumed that these omissions existed, without having taken the precaution to ascertain the fact by reference to the Rolls themselves. Assertions so precipitately made and repeated imply not only an absence of that caution with which accusations of so grave a nature ought to be brought forward, and a want of what is due to literary justice in a matter deeply affecting individual character, but they betray very considerable ignorance on a subject which he criticises so freely, not to say hastily. The grants mentioned by him do indeed exist, but not on the Patent Rolls; and his blunder consists in the assumption that all grants *must* have been enrolled which *ought* to have been enrolled. To persons well acquainted with records of this nature it is well known that many grants are not found enrolled even in England, where the practice of enrolment and the preservation of such records were more strictly observed than in Ireland. A little attention to Mr. Morrin’s prefaces, condemned by this writer in no measured terms, might have saved him from

* “Record Revelations,” p. 140.

† “Likewise omitted from these so-called Calendars of the *Chancery* records,” p. 142.

‡ On this point the language of the pamphlet appears studiously ambiguous. Thus, at page 145, it is stated:—“The entries (in the Calendar) which purport to be full of abstracts of enrolments will, *when tested*, be for the most part found to omit important lands and other hereditaments *enumerated on the original roll*;” and then follows an “abstract of grant as printed in the Calendars,” compared with what professes to be a “correct abstract of grant *as on the Roll*” (p. 145 *sq.*). The obvious inference from such language is, that the author of the pamphlet had examined Mr. Morrin’s Calendar with the original Rolls, and founded his charges on this examination. And yet we find it stated at p. 61 of the same pamphlet:—“The most conclusive mode of testing the accuracy of the entries in the Calendars would be by collating them with the original Rolls, of which they are alleged to be abstracts; but such a course is precluded by the official intimation quoted at p. 6, that the *paid* keepers of these documents ‘*have not time to attend to*’ *historical inquiries*;” and we then learn that these charges of omissions brought by the pamphlet against Mr. Morrin are made on the authority of some third person or persons (“independent sources”)—charges which the author of the pamphlet had not substantiated by personal examination. We have found no instance in which access was denied to literary inquirers wishing to consult the records. That they were ever prevented from collating the abstracts with the originals is, we are assured, simply untrue.

from this mistake. "It must not be supposed," says Mr. Morrin, in his preface to his second volume, "that the Patent and Close Rolls contain *all* the records transmitted for preservation and enrolment to Chancery during the period those Rolls embrace; on the contrary, they contain a *very small portion* of those invaluable documents. From the beginning of the reign of Henry VIII. to the end of the reign of Elizabeth, 6,625 royal *fiats** or warrants reached the Rolls Office for enrolment and preservation. Very few of those were then, or at all, as they should have been, copied on the roll." We may add that grants involving money payments would be, for obvious reasons, recorded in the Exchequer, even when no notice of them was preserved on the Chancery Rolls. It was from ignorance of this distinction that Mr. Morrin's critic, finding probably such notices in the books of the Exchequer, jumped to the erroneous conclusion that they must have been enrolled, and fell into the serious mistake of charging Mr. Morrin with omitting from his pages patents which "would occupy an extent nearly equal to that of the so-called Calendars." Such accusations detract greatly from the credit of the archivist, and from the merits of his pamphlet; and we regret to state that this is not the only instance of grave error, as we shall have to show hereafter.

Closely connected with this charge is another,† in which Mr. Morrin is somewhat inconsistently condemned for entering upon his Calendars notices of appointments actually occurring on the Rolls. "The mere dates of important official appointments in Ireland (says the archivist) having been long before the world in printed books, it was superfluous to reproduce them, unless accompanied by the patents detailing the extent and nature of the offices conferred." But, without noticing the fact that it is often of the utmost importance to ascertain the authority for statements made in printed books, and that any such omission, as proposed by the archivist, would entirely obliterate the means of tracing their authority, we must observe that Mr. Morrin was not at liberty to omit any entries found upon the Rolls, or adopt a principle of selection. As an official repertory, his Calendar would have been worthless; as a literary work it would have exposed him to greater obloquy than any omissions of subordinate denominations of estates and townships which have called down upon him the severe denunciations of the archivist. We must add that, whenever such appointments do occur on the original Rolls, they are correctly described in Mr. Morrin's Calendar: he has not withheld the necessary details, provided that they existed on the Rolls; and it is not just to prejudice the public against Mr. Morrin for withholding information when such information is not found in the original record.

At page 164 the archivist thus sums up his objections to the text of Mr. Morrin's Calendar, which we prefer, for convenience sake, to consider here before we pass on to the other two heads of the subject: "That a large portion of the 'text,' purporting to be the result of original research, is composed of plagiarisms from printed books; and that no conclusive evidence has been adduced to show that the remainder of the so-called 'text' has not been abstracted from the Calendar of the same Patent Rolls, formerly prepared at the public expense."

This is, in fact, two charges under one head; but as the archivist has chosen to place them in this form, we are under the necessity of adopting the same arrangement.

With regard, then, to the former part of this statement, "that a large portion of the text" had been plagiarised from printed books, we must call your Honour's attention to the facts as stated by the archivist himself.

Mr. Morrin's Calendars consist of three volumes: the first contains 560 pages of text; the second, 640 pages; the third, 658; or 1,858 pages in all. For this assertion, "that a *large* portion of the text" of these volumes is composed of plagiarisms,

* This title, taken from the first word on the document, ought strictly to be written *fiant*; *sc.*, "*Fiant literæ patentes*:" but the singular, *fiat*, as equivalent to warrant, has become so naturalised in the English language, that it seems needless pedantry to insist on retaining the plural, still more to found upon the disuse of it a charge of ignorance, as the archivist has done at p. 45. We may observe, in passing, that what is stated by this writer of the nature of these documents is not free from error, nor is his assertion strictly accurate that a Calendar of them was made by the Irish Record Commission.

† "Record Revelations," p. 64.

plagiarisms, the archivist is satisfied with comparing half a page at the commencement of the first volume with an imperfect Calendar of Henry VIII., prepared by the Irish Commissioners in the year 1830. In relation to the rest of Mr. Morrin's first volume, he brings no proof whatever of the accuracy of his assertion; none to the second or the third. Admitting, by way of argument, that the charge was proved in relation to this half-page of the first volume, we think that the archivist was not justified on so slender a proof in his sweeping assertion "that a *large* portion of the text" was plagiarised. We think also that a writer anxious to do justice to his opponent, or conduct a controversy within the ordinary bounds of fairness, would have hesitated before pronouncing such a decision, until he had further tested the truth of his assertion, or enabled his readers to do so by precise indications of such plagiarisms in the general body of a work extending to many hundreds of pages. To have substantiated his charge he was bound to show that similar appropriations might be detected elsewhere beyond that of a solitary fragment.

But upon examining more minutely into the subject, it will be found that these so-called plagiarisms consist of similarity of words and phrases used in describing the contents of a few formal and unimportant documents of no great length; where, if rightly described, it would hardly be possible for any two calendarers to vary much in their modes of expression; nay, more, in proportion as they understood their work, and epitomised such documents accurately, both would proceed in the same manner, and adopt the same formal expressions, as such expressions are determined by the essential clauses of the document. If there were any great variation between them, the one would be right and the other wrong. But we need go no further than the specimen produced by the archivist himself to disprove his statement. It will be seen by that specimen that there are clauses, and not merely accidental expressions, in Mr. Morrin's abstracts not to be found in the Calendar of the Irish Record Commissioners, and which could not, by any possibility, have been taken by Mr. Morrin except from the Rolls themselves. These additions are numerous and important, as we can testify after a strict and verbal collation of the two Calendars with the original Rolls. Whatever use, therefore, Mr. Morrin may have made of the unfinished Calendar of the Irish Record Commissioners, it is certain that he has not merely reproduced it, but that his work is based upon original research. Either, therefore, these facts, so important for a fair judgment of the whole case, were known to the archivist and suppressed, or he has made this charge without due examination of the subject.

In summing up this head of his accusation the archivist complains "that no conclusive evidence has been adduced to show that *the remainder* of the so-called text has not been abstracted from the Calendar of the Patent Rolls formerly prepared at the public expense;" in other words, he has charged Mr. Morrin with abstracting the contents of his three volumes from a Calendar which he assumes was prepared by the Irish Record Commissioners in 1830. This charge, equally injurious to Mr. Morrin, the Government, and the Master of the Rolls, is repeated again and again under various forms of insinuation or positive assertion. Thus, at p. 70, he says:—"Why the country should have been taxed for this *alleged* new examination and epitomising (by Mr. Morrin) appears inexplicable, since *all the Rolls included in these two volumes were translated and calendared more than thirty years ago, under the superintendence of James Hardiman, for the Irish Record Commission, at the cost of the nation.*" A little further on it is stated, that "*the printing of this Calendar (i.e., by the Irish Commissioners), commencing with Henry VIII., was actually executed in 1830, to the end of the reign of Edward VI., including every roll contained from p. 1 to p. 299 of the newly produced Calendar.*"* And still more positively and precisely, at p. 72, the archivist adds:—"Whether the unacknowledged appropriation of the compilation of 1830 is the key to the wonderfully rapid execution of the Calendars of 1861-2; why a defective and inaccurate work like the latter should have been preferred to that executed under so eminent a scholar as Hardiman; and why the public funds should have been expended to reproduce in an imperfect and comparatively valueless mode that which had been at the cost of the nation previously

* The Italics are the author's. He has tacitly withdrawn this part of his statement in his second edition, but without any other acknowledgment of his error! In the copy sent to the Treasury the charge stands as in the text.

viously compiled in a superior and satisfactory form, and even partly printed, are questions which will no doubt receive your Lordships' serious attention."

1. In these passages it is unequivocally asserted: that the Irish Record Commissioners had produced and partly printed a Calendar co-extensive with Mr. Morrin's.

2. That that Calendar was executed in a superior and satisfactory manner, as compared with Mr. Morrin's.

3. That it was reproduced by Mr. Morrin in an imperfect and comparatively valueless mode.

It will, we think, scarcely be credited that the archivist, who speaks so minutely and so decisively of this manuscript Calendar, and unhesitatingly asserts that it was copied by Mr. Morrin, had never compared a single page of it with Mr. Morrin's work,—had, in fact, never seen it, and—what is more startling—did not so much as know where it was to be found! Yet, of a work he had never seen, he does not scruple to state that it was "compiled in a superior and satisfactory form," and to institute a comparison between it and the labours of Mr. Morrin. Extraordinary as this will appear, it is certain, from his own involuntary admission, that the archivist had not seen this Calendar, or had any personal knowledge of its existence; for he says, at p. 72:—"The remainder of the Calendar of 1830, including all the Rolls of which abstracts are given in the *new* Calendar (*i.e.*, Mr. Morrin's), from the beginning of the reign of Mary to the end of that of Elizabeth, was not printed, in consequence of the breaking up of the Irish Record Commission; and the manuscript of it, extending to upwards of 12,000 pages, with indices occupying 5,412 pages, *continues, as public property, no doubt, in safe and responsible custody.*" We have ventured to italicise the last sentence, as furnishing conclusive proof that the archivist did not know, of himself, of the existence of this manuscript, or the place where it was deposited; otherwise he would at once have preferred, in confirmation of his charges, to have referred his readers to the original manuscript and the place of its custody, and not employed the vague expression, indicative of his own uncertainty and ignorance—"continues, no doubt, in safe and responsible custody."

There is sufficient reason for believing, as we shall show presently, that no such catalogue ever existed as that to which the archivist refers; but, supposing that there had been, before he ventured to charge Mr. Morrin with reproducing it "in an imperfect and comparatively valueless mode," the archivist ought at all events to have taken the requisite means for substantiating his assertion by an actual comparison of this Calendar with Mr. Morrin's; otherwise the charge assumes the nature of a calumny. Without such examination, how could the archivist have possibly known in what state the manuscript had been left? How was it possible for him to know whether it had been reproduced by Mr. Morrin? or whether Mr. Morrin, so far from reproducing the manuscript, had even seen it? For these assertions, repeated with all the confidence of ocular demonstration, we cannot find a scintilla of evidence: more than this, as we have already stated, so far from Mr. Morrin plagiarising its contents, there is the strongest reason for believing that Mr. Morrin could never have consulted it. No trace of its existence is to be found in any of the public offices in England or in Ireland. No officer of any of these establishments and no archæologist in Ireland has ever seen such a manuscript. It is superfluous to say that it was never in the hands of Mr. Morrin.

The accusation appeared to us of such grave importance,—if true, to warrant the censures applied by the archivist to Mr. Morrin's work, and, if untrue, to detract so much from his credit,—that we resolved to give it our best attention, and spare no labour to investigate it thoroughly. For this purpose we called upon Sir Bernard Burke, Keeper of the Records of the Birmingham Tower, where the Irish Commissioners were accustomed to carry on their labours, and where all their papers were deposited on the breaking up of the Commission. We explained the nature of our visit to Sir Bernard, who expressed his willingness to assist us in our inquiry. On proceeding to the room which had been occupied by the Commissioners, we found that all the papers, left by them in great disorder, had been carefully arranged, tied up in brown paper bundles and labelled, under the direction of Sir Bernard Burke. Upon a careful examination of these bundles, we found a variety of transcripts or copies from the Patent Rolls, ranging from Henry VI. to George III., containing in all about 2,693

pages, partially corrected, as if for press, in red ink. The transcripts were in the original language of the rolls themselves, and had been made by some clerk in the employment of the Record Commissioners, as it seemed to us, with a view to their publication *in extenso* for a work they had proposed, entitled *Acta Regia*, similar in its contents to Rymer's *Fœdera*. There was no Calendar; and the only manuscript which in any degree approached to this description was a voluminous index, extending to many thousand pages of names and places occurring in the patent rolls of Edward VI., Philip and Mary, and Elizabeth. We repeated our search at a subsequent period, examining the memoranda, agenda, and correspondence of the Commissioners, of which several bulky packages are preserved in the same Record Tower, but with no other result. An independent examination was made by Sir Bernard Burke, and the whole contents of the muniment room carefully turned over, but with no better success. The result of his search will be found in his letter appended to this Report. "I have," says Sir Bernard, "made personally the minutest search, and examined, myself, all the documents and manuscripts of the Commissioners; and I can report, with positive certainty, that no such manuscript Calendars are in my charge." It is not to be found in the Rolls Office, or in any of the record offices in Dublin, all of which we visited and examined. It had never been seen by Mr. Hardinge or any other record officer, so far as we were able to ascertain. By Mr. Hatchell, Mr. Morrin's predecessor in office, who was contemporary with the Commissioners, we were positively assured that no such Calendar had ever been prepared. We also received a letter to the same effect from Mr. Hatchell, which we here insert, in consequence of the important testimony contained in it.

"Rolls Office, Chancery, Dublin,
"26 August 1864.

"Gentlemen,

"Referring to my conversation with you relative to the Calendar of the Patent and Close Rolls of Chancery, I beg to inform you that no Calendar was ever made by the late Commissioners of Public Records to those rolls, subsequent to the 24 pages of the reign of Henry VIII. (proof-sheets of which, as well as I can recollect, were printed), save a portion of the reign of James I.

"I filled the office of Clerk of Enrolments for many years before the suspension of the late Record Commission in 1830, and it was not possible for any person to have access to the rolls of Edward VI., Philip and Mary, and Elizabeth, for the purpose of making a Calendar to them, without my knowledge.

"I beg further to observe that no such Calendar could have been in existence without my knowledge, as my official occupations rendered me very familiar with all that had been done by the Record Commissioners.

"I am, &c.
"(signed) Geo. Hatchell.

These testimonies appear to us decisive; and, in fact, the error of the archivist seems to have arisen from a misunderstanding of the statements made by the Irish Commissioners. In the report of their labours, circulated for public use, and dated in 1829, the Commissioners use the following words:—"The printing of the Calendar of the reign of Henry VIII. completed; and the collation and revision of the Calendar of the succeeding reign proceeded on." This language would not necessarily imply any more than that the *manuscript* was under revision, and not that any sheets, or any portion of it, had been committed to press; still less, as the archivist assumes, that "the printing of this Calendar, commencing with Henry VIII., was actually executed in 1830, to the end of the reign of Edward VI., including every roll contained from page 1 to page 299 of the first volume of the newly produced calendar." It is clear, from a statement made by the secretary, Mr. Shaw Mason, on 24th June 1830, and ordered by the House of Commons to be printed, that this assumption is erroneous. The Calendar of these Commissioners never advanced beyond the reign of Henry VIII. Mr. Shaw Mason says:—"The manuscript materials for this volume has (*sic*) been prepared for press; the text of the calendar of the reign of Henry VIII. has been printed off, and the sub-commissioner is now engaged on that of Edward VI.;" language incompatible with the assertion of the archivist that the printing of the Calendar had been actually executed to the end of the reign of Edward VI., including

including every roll contained in the corresponding portions of Mr. Morrin's volume.

The labours of the Irish Record Commissioners ceased with this Report,* and none of their works advanced any further. And we cannot think it probable that, when they were desirous of setting forth in the most favourable light the extent of their labours, they would have failed to take credit (as they might have justly done) for the completion and printing of so "important and superior" a work with which the archivist, in his anxiety to depreciate Mr. Morrin's labours, is willing to credit them. If such a work had been completed, how is it that no trace of it, in the shape of draft, memoranda, or revised sheets, is to be found among their papers?

But whatever may be the facts in regard to the preparation of this Calendar, it is certain that, so far as Mr. Morrin is concerned, it is the same as if it had never existed. It is not in the Rolls Office or in the Birmingham Tower, or in any record repository. Mr. Morrin assures us that he had never seen it; nor can we find any one who has. In dealing with such serious accusations as those produced by the archivist, we wish to avoid all asperity; but it is not easy to pass over without some comment his unjustifiable insinuation, "that the unacknowledged appropriation [by Mr. Morrin] of the compilation of 1830 is the key to the wonderfully rapid execution of the Calendars of 1861-2." So odious a charge as this ought never to have been made, except on the clearest and most unexceptionable evidence.† The completion by Mr. Morrin of three volumes of Calendars in so short a period is a remarkable fact; but the rapidity of his progress is not due to the labours of others; and we regret that a writer of so much ability as the archivist should have attempted to disparage the work of another by a charge of dishonesty founded solely on his own misapprehension.

We have thus disposed of the two substantial objections made by the archivist to the text of Mr. Morrin's Calendars, one referring to omissions of grants, the other to the appropriation of the labours of the Commission of 1830; both of which we consider are fully disproved. His other objections apply to matters of details or differences of opinion as to the plan and execution of the work. In many of his remarks we agree with him, and cannot but regret the tone in which his remarks have been made, and his obvious anxiety to push his advantage to the uttermost, and to produce an impression upon his readers that, in consequence of partial errors and defects, Mr. Morrin's whole work is valueless. "Composed of plagiarisms"—"defective and valueless"—"defective and useless"—"defective and inaccurate"—"chaotic combination of errors, defects, and omissions"—"unsatisfactory and defective for either historical or legal purposes"—these and similar phrases are scattered broadcast throughout the pages of the archivist. Not a single word of acknowledgment is to be found in his animadversions of Mr. Morrin's industry, not a solitary expression of gratitude to the Master of the Rolls for his efforts in rendering accessible to Irish scholars and historians the
most

* 5th July 1830. The Report was ordered by the Commons to be printed 7th July the same year.

It will be seen that Mr. Shaw Mason states that "the manuscript materials for this volume has (sic) been prepared for press." We have not been able to find any trace of those materials, nor have they been seen by any one in the Record Offices in Dublin, as far as we could discover. The assertion of Mr. Hatchell that no such manuscript ever existed is substantiated by Mr. Groves, one of the sub-commissioners, in the evidence given by him before a Committee of the House of Commons, in 1836. Mr. Groves states (p. 479):—"The volume between Henry VII. and Elizabeth was merely commenced; I believe there were about three or four sheets printed."

† Mr. Morrin's assurance, that he had never seen the Calendar referred to by the archivist, will scarcely be required after what we have already stated. It is due to him, however, that it should be as publicly recorded here as the accusation has been publicly circulated. "This charge," says Mr. Morrin, "would be a very serious one, if true; but the fact is, no portion of the Calendars contained in my volumes were ever heretofore printed, save 24 pages of the reign of Henry VIII. If further or other Calendars were prepared by the late Record Commissioners, they are not now in existence, so far as I know or can learn: if in existence, they should properly be found in this office. No person here has ever seen them. The Record Commission was suddenly suspended about 30 years ago, and the papers which the sub-commissioners then had in their possession became dispersed, and some of the sub-commissioners retained the papers (not the originals) on which they were engaged. I have never seen these alleged manuscript calendars, or any portion of them, and I have been unable to find any person acquainted with their existence. As a matter of fact, every line of the Calendars, including the 24 pages which had been printed, was taken down by me and compared with the original rolls, and was not derived from any existing Calendar or other source. This can be proved by all the gentlemen in the office, who saw me employed at the work, and assisted me in correcting the proofs."

most valuable class of records in his keeping. Such a book, compiled from authentic and original documents, hitherto little known, must either be bad indeed, or the mind of the critic most unhappily constituted, which can discover nothing but one universal blot in three volumes of 1,800 pages. Some allowance ought to have been made for differences of judgment, and some indulgence conceded to errors in a work so long and so laborious:—"heavy (as this writer terms it) with the dulness of the past."* Words occur in these ancient and obscure documents as to the exact deciphering of which differences of opinion exist among the most experienced archæologists. There are technical and obsolete terms not to be found in any glossary or dictionary; exceptional phrases for the precise interpretation of which no help whatever exists. If such works are not entirely free from errors, a candid judge would consider whether the errors existed in such number and proportion as to neutralize the value of the whole, and destroy its trustworthiness. There are weak points in every book; on certain subjects an editor is better informed than on others: to overlook all that is excellent, and fasten only on defects, still more, to represent those defects as a type and specimen of every page, is uncandid. Yet this is the ordeal to which Mr. Morrin's Calendars have been subjected with unsparing severity.

Passing, then, from the charges of plagiarism and omission, we come to the third head, viz.: "That the grants of *titles* and *offices* given in these volumes are defective and valueless, as they omit the important clauses of the patents."† This charge appears to us to have been made by the archivist without consulting the original rolls. He assumes that the originals, of which the abstracts are given by Mr. Morrin, contained "numerous clauses of the highest interest," omitted by that gentleman, and brings three instances to prove his assumption. His instances and his assumptions are equally unfortunate. In the first of the three instances alleged by him the patent had been already set forth in detail by Mr. Morrin (Calendar I., p. 370), and it would have been unpardonable in Mr. Morrin to have repeated it; of the second (16 & 17 Eliz.) Mr. Morrin had informed his readers (p. 554) that the original roll did not exist, but that the deficiency had been supplied by him from an old official Calendar; the same remark applies to the third. We must report, therefore, that this charge, like the former, is without any foundation.

The next charge is "that the grants of *pardons* as here published are defective and useless, because the Calendars, for the most part, do not specify the causes or offences for which the pardons were granted."‡ The assertion as thus set forth, without any qualification, is incorrect. So far from Mr. Morrin's Calendar not stating "for the most part" the causes for which the pardons were granted, he has rarely omitted to specify them *whenever* such specifications appeared upon the roll.§ And before the archivist was in a condition to prefer such a charge, he ought to have examined the originals, and stated specifically in what instances Mr. Morrin had been guilty of the omissions with which he is taxed. It is very true, as this critic observes, that "had the precise nature of each pardon been accurately specified, such information might have furnished important links of the highest value to historical investigators;"|| but either he is ignorant of the fact that pardons were frequently granted in general terms for no specific offence, as in numerous instances given in Mr. Morrin's Calendar, or, knowing the fact, he did not allow it due weight. So far as our own observations have extended,—and they are founded upon a close comparison of Mr. Morrin's abstracts with the originals,—we have found the instances very rare in which Mr. Morrin has omitted the causes of the pardon, whenever such causes were recorded in the roll.

And here we cannot but express our regret at the remarkable inconsistency into which the archivist has suffered himself to be betrayed by his animosity
against

* "The justice of my remarks on this point will be admitted when I mention that the ancient and obscure records given in these [two] volumes, as having been separately deciphered, translated and epitomised in the most careful manner, amount to the enormous number of 5,291."—"Record Revelations," p. 69.

† "Record Revelations," pp. 164 and 64.

‡ Ibid., p. 165.

§ See Vol. I., pp. 41, 70, 101, 109, 110, 111, 115, 116, 129, 131, 139, 163, 205, 235, 237, 239, 375, 416, &c. With these and other instances before him, it is difficult to understand how the archivist could have ventured on the assertion that the precise nature of each pardon had not "been accurately specified" in Mr. Morrin's Calendar.

|| "Record Revelations," p. 67.

against Mr. Morrin. He has continually held up the superiority of the Calendar "executed under so eminent a scholar as Hardiman"* for the Irish Record Commission, as compared with "the defective and inaccurate work" put forth by Mr. Morrin. And yet, in the only fragment of this Calendar, of the reign of Henry VIII., as printed and published by that Commission, these special pardons are frequently omitted, whilst they are supplied in the corresponding pages of Mr. Morrin's work.† In the same breath he condemns Mr. Morrin for omitting to do that which he applauds the Record Commissioners for leaving undone. For a very slight examination of the two Calendars might have convinced him that there is no important information given in the one which is not to be found in the other; and if one is executed in a scholar-like manner, Mr. Morrin's Calendar, which in fact supplies important information omitted by the former, is so far entitled to the same commendation.

We pass on to the next accusation, viz.,‡ "That the grants of *lands* as here given are defective, misleading, and may be prejudicial to the public, because, in the majority of cases, the Calendars do not mention all the lands granted, and seldom specify the counties or localities of those enumerated." This charge is open to the same objection as most of the other charges brought forward by the archivist. It is vague and indefinite. The archivist has taken no pains to determine how far the defective information of which he complains is chargeable upon Mr. Morrin, and how far it is due to Mr. Morrin's materials. He says that "in the majority of cases the Calendars do not mention all the lands granted, and seldom specify the counties." Is he prepared to say, by actual examination of the originals, that the lands and counties are always specified in the rolls? If he is not, what is the worth of such an accusation? By what right is Mr. Morrin charged with these deficiencies? If he is, we think it would not be difficult to refer him to instances of such grants where the counties *are not* mentioned in the rolls. At the same time we agree with him in thinking that wherever localities and sub-denominations are found in the originals they ought to appear in the abstracts. Such notices of lands and their occupiers are of the utmost importance to the topographer, the historian, and the lawyer; and if omitted are apt, as the archivist justly observes, "to mislead the public."

But it must be remembered that, though the insertion of so many minute details adds greatly to the value of a Calendar, it adds also to the bulk of it; and editors convinced quite as much as the archivist himself of the importance of such *minutiæ* have often been deterred by this and similar considerations from inserting such detailed information in their Calendars. It is only of late years, under your Honor's directions, and by a better understanding of this subject, that a more definite and systematic method of calendaring has been adopted. Until then editors were allowed to act upon their own discretion; no rules were given them. Some followed the shorter and more jejune method justly condemned by the archivist, some the more detailed: and not unfrequently, from the absence of clear and precise principles, the same editor oscillated between the two methods, now following one and then the other, misleading his readers, as the archivist observes, and conveying to them inadequate and erroneous notions of his originals. But it must be remembered that in their primary purpose these Calendars served to no higher use than as official repertories; they were compiled solely for the benefit of record officers, at a time when a very limited access to the originals was granted to the public on the payment of fees, and there was no desire to communicate to readers any information beyond the mere existence of the rolls. Government has of late years adopted a more generous and enlightened policy: it has permitted free and gratuitous access to the public muniments; it has thrown open to the historian, the biographer, the antiquarian, and the topographer the most precious materials for their several pursuits, materials which, in former years, could scarcely have been obtained at any cost, and were certainly unattainable by any but a favoured few. To give effect and validity to this inestimable boon, the full value of which we are not yet in a condition to appreciate, the Government has ordered Calendars to be compiled, not merely, as before, for the exclusive benefit of certain individuals, who had a pecuniary

* "Record Revelations," pp. 72-3.

† See pp. 2, 6, 7, 8, 9, 29.

‡ "Record Revelations," p. 165. Special instances are given at p. 144.

pecuniary interest in these papers, but for all classes of readers to whom the information contained in them could be of use. Without such Calendars free access to the records would be no better than a dead letter. And as from changes in the law the mere legal value of these documents diminishes every day, the expense incurred in the preservation of them can only be justified on the supposition of their utility to other classes of inquirers than the lawyer and the record agent. The Government has unconsciously become the custodian of historical papers, in comparison with which the most costly collections of manuscripts sink into insignificance as to number and interest. Henceforth no history can be written, general or particular, local or otherwise, affecting this or indeed any other country,—no investigations into the politics, finance, taxation, population, or colonization, of the United Kingdoms can be deemed satisfactory in which the authentic and definite information to be found among the national records was overlooked. But that information can only be made available by Calendars; and, so far, the language of the archivist may be considered as the expression of Irish scholars and of historians in general, that without just and accurate Calendars the public records, even with the freest access, “are as a sealed book and comparatively useless.”*

We think, therefore, that in this respect Mr. Morriu's work does not come up to the requirements of modern scholars, and that, either from a dread of being too minute, or from an absence of definite directions on the subject, or through a rigid adherence to the specimen of the Calendar of Henry VIII. left by the Record Commissioners, Mr. Morriu injudiciously omitted, in certain instances, specifications of lands and localities which are found in the original rolls. We regret this the more, because in so doing Mr. Morriu seems to us to have departed from that earlier and sounder judgment by which he was guided when engaged with Mr. Hatchell in completing the unfinished Calendar of the Patent Rolls of James I. In that case, so far as we have been able to ascertain, not only were all the specifications of lands and localities found upon the rolls accurately given by Mr. Hatchell and Mr. Morriu, but important omissions of the earlier Calendar were supplied. Happily the error is not without a remedy, and we have suggested that remedy at the close of our Report.

There yet remains another charge to be dealt with before we close this division of our subject. The archivist objects, “that the *charters, royal letters, ecclesiastical and municipal documents* on the Patent Rolls, as presented in these volumes, are defective and unreliable, because the Calendar-versions omit various important portions of them, give incorrect decipherments of some, and inaccurate translations of others.”†

In support of this assertion he has produced instances of erroneous abstracts in two charters, one connected with the cathedral of St. Patrick (Cal. I. 152), the other with the church of St. Audoën (Ib. I. 331), and he points out erroneous translations of certain obsolete terms in the charter of Clonmel (Ib. II. 210).‡ The misreadings noticed in his pamphlet at p. 162 we will consider afterwards. Now, how far on such premises as these the archivist was justified in drawing the general conclusion, that all “the charters, royal letters, ecclesiastical and municipal documents, as presented in these volumes, are defective and unreliable,” because he discovered errors in three instances in nearly 2,000 pages, we need not decide. If he had shown any reluctance in entering on this inquiry, or greater moderation in his method of conducting it; if he had not caught at every opportunity of rendering his opponent odious and ridiculous, we might have assumed that the instances produced by him were no more than specimens of errors in Mr. Morriu's work, by which the whole might be tested, not occasional blots; but from the temper in which his pamphlet is written, we cannot doubt that, had other instances as flagrant presented themselves to the archivist, he would have referred to them, and strengthened his case by producing them. As it is, we must consider that, more like an advocate than a judge, he has made out the worst indictment

* “Such omissions may entail serious pecuniary losses to individuals, since legal investigators, accepting these volumes as faithful indices to the Rolls, will be misled into concluding lands to have clear titles, although, in reality, subject to heavy reversionary claims, the entries of which on the Rolls are at present inaccessible to the public, in consequence of the defective mode in which the so-called ‘Calendars’ have been compiled.”—“Record Revelations,” p. 148.

† Ib. p. 166.

‡ Ib. pp. 150, 152, 153.

indictment he could against Mr. Morrin. In reality his case amounts to little more than this, viz. : that in two charters, out of several thousand abstracts, Mr. Morrin has erroneously described the purport of one paragraph in each, and by a common error has misread II. for 11, in one, and Ardry for Andrew in another.*

The mis-translations to which the archivist refers are taken exclusively from one charter, that of the town of Clonmell, and relate to the tolls allowed to be taken by the corporation in the reign of Edward III. These tolls are expressed in obscure and barbarous Latin, the exact meanings of which have been much controverted. In reference to this charter, it is stated in the Reports upon the Municipal Corporations in Ireland, that "a great portion of the imports are specified in antiquated terms, difficult to be understood, and of the meaning of which the toll-collectors acknowledge their ignorance."† This, then, is a peculiar document, affording no fair specimen of those which constitute the main body of Mr. Morrin's work; and a sound archæologist might easily fall into mistakes as to the meaning of some of the terms employed in so obscure and intricate a subject.‡ In a list of articles exceeding 70 in number, and embracing all descriptions of merchandise, and their peculiar measures and packages, Mr. Morrin is charged with the following errors:—

1. "*De quolibet bolt de Eylesham*," § i.e., "for every bolt of Eylesham or Aylsham" (a manufacturing town in Norfolk), Mr. Morrin has, "for every bolt of Isinglass."||

2. "*De*

* Whilst the archivist is so unsparing in his censure of the errors of others, he ought to have been more careful of his own; thus at p. 150 he represents Mr. Morrin as using the name Sir Anthony Scutleger, whereas it ought to be *Sentleger*, as given correctly by Mr. Morrin. In another quotation from the same charter, the archivist prints the paragraph thus:—"Shall make out true and perfit inventori." In the original it is:—"one true and perfit," &c. Ten lines after he prints the words "by bill *indeutid*;" it ought to be *indentid*. Similar inaccuracies occur in his specimens of what a Calendar ought to be, specimens intended to challenge criticism, and therefore prepared with more than ordinary attention. Thus at p. 145 of what he calls a "correct abstract" as compared with Mr. Morrin's, after the words "manor of Kyll," he omits "county of Kildare;" he prints "98½ of land" for "98½ acres of land;" he inserts words as on the roll which are not on the roll, e.g., "Artreston, otherwise *Arthurston*, otherwise *Artoreston*;" after "68 acres" he omits the word "arable;" "Baronraghe" he prints "Baronsraghe, otherwise *Baronrathe*;" "40 acres arable" he reads "10 acres arable." He mis-translates the simple expression "all of which extend" into "all which were extended," and then glosses his mis-translation by another blunder, adding in brackets "[surveyed]," as if that had been the meaning of the original. The word "altarages" (altar dues) he renders "alterages." In the next specimen of "correct abstract" he misreads "Travers" for "Travers;" translates "*dapifer*" usher instead of *sewer*; reads "Tyrhill" for "Fyrhyll," and subjoins, as if it occurred on the roll, "Tyrtyll." The words "in a grett and Little Newton," he prints "in Agrett and Little Newton." He omits the names of the tenants "Christopher Ewstace, William Kellye, and Robert Hussy;" transforms "Cornyllys" into "Cornelle's;" writes "Carlow co." for "Dublin co.;" omits, after the word "Baltnglas," the important clause "which mill and 80 acres now or late in the possession of Alice Ewstace, widow;" and leaves out, from the date of the document, the word "Dublin." In the next instance, after the word "Donbrodi," he omits "county of Wexford;" translates the word "weir" into "fishing-stream;" leaves out the name of the tenant "Stephen Deverex;" and the description, "pasture and wood" after "20 acres." In the specification of towns "Ballymadder" is entirely unnoticed, and "Knockansawne" appears as "Knockansowne."

In his latest effort in the same direction (Appendix, 2d edition, p. 197), where he has returned to similar attacks on Mr. Morrin, the abstracts of the archivist are not more free from errors, e.g., "alterages" for "altarages;" "6 s. 8 d." for "6 s.;" "Bronkar" for "Brounkar;" "Ballygillecheine" for "Ballygillocheime;" still worse, for "three acres of meadow," he gives "three acres country measure," misreading "prat," i.e., *prati*, for *patriæ*. In the next "Coolcharbuzee" appears as "Coolcharond," "Kiltegin" as "Keltevan," and "Graigmossalevally" is transformed into "Graignose, Levally" (*sic*). "Kilmartyn, Balingarry," is misprinted by him "Kilmart, in Balingarry," with many more of the same kind.

In other instances, he taxes Mr. Morrin with committing blunders where he himself is wrong and Mr. Morrin is right; thus, at p. 201 (2d edition), he condemns Mr. Morrin for spelling the word Aghmacartie, adding "*sic*" as if to draw attention to the fact, and spells the word in his own abstract four times Aghmacarte, adding a note that the name is incorrectly styled Aghmacartie in the Calendar, whereas in all these instances he is wrong, and the reading in the original is exactly as Mr. Morrin has given it!

If to magnify slight errors of this kind into a charge of incompetency, ignorance and "chaotic blunders" would be unjust to this writer, as all candid men will allow, with what feelings must the archivist regret his own attempt to exaggerate into such disproportionate importance similar errors when committed by Mr. Morrin?

† "Record Revelations," p. 844.

‡ This charter will be found in the Calendar, II. 210.

§ The observations of the archivist on this and other obscure terms in this charter display much research and acuteness.

|| Mr. Morrin's explanation of this extraordinary mistake may be seen at p. 16 (*postea*).

2. "*De qualibet pecia panni de flegis*" (on the Roll, *legis*), "for every piece of cloth, *de flegis*" (the exact meaning of which is not known), Mr. Morrin reads, "every piece of cloth of flys (or flegs)." The archivist, who misquotes Mr. Morrin's words, represents him as saying "pieces of flys" (p. 155), and asserts that this "is, in the original, pieces of cloth from Flegg, in Norfolk, articles also frequently mentioned in Anglo-Irish documents of the 14th century." For this assertion he produces no authority; here, at all events, it is dubious, as in the original it is not *flegis*, but *legis*, or perhaps *legia*.*

3. "*De quolibet capite syndonis*," Mr. Morrin translates "for every head of yarn." The archivist contends it should be, "for every 10 ells of fine linen."

4. "*De omnibus generibus de averio ponderis*," "for all goods weighed by avoirdupois,"† Mr. Morrin has translated "for all kind of haberdashery."

5. "*De quolibet fraiello de bateria*," "for every frail of hardware" (hammered goods), Mr. Morrin translates, "for every frail of batter," using the word *batter* in a sense not now applied to it. The archivist contends that it should be translated, "basket of kitchen ware." We may observe, that in a charter granted 8 Edw. II. to the City of London *bateria* is thus paraphrased:—"*De qualibet centena ponderis bateria; sc. bacinorum, potellarum, ollarum, et potteriorum.*"

6. "*De qualibet sella*," Mr. Morrin has translated "*seal*," instead of saddle,—a grave mistake.

7. "*De quolibet crannoco brasie*," i.e., "crannock of malt," not "load of hay," as rendered by Mr. Morrin.

8. "Lambfelts" and "woolfelts" are evident misprints for lambfells and woolfells; and so are the Anglo-Saxon terms quoted by the archivist at p. 162.

We have thought it due to all parties to give in detail these mistakes of Mr. Morrin, and allow them their full weight. We are equally anxious that the skill with which the archivist has illustrated some of these obscure terms should not be deprived of its just commendation. The terms are confessedly difficult; the best glossaries afford very little help towards their elucidation; and the true meaning of them has been missed or misrepresented by able scholars. So much greater is the praise due to the archivist for working out their true solution, as he has done in a variety of instances. But we must altogether demur to his conclusion that Mr. Morrin's failures in this respect prove his general incompetence to perform the task entrusted to him, and vitiate all the rest of his book.‡

We

* *Flys* is the old form of *fleece*, or wool; therefore Mr. Morrin's interpretation "piece of cloth of flys," or woollen, is not so absurd as the archivist would make it appear. His own suggestion, that the words should be "pieces of cloth from Flegg in Norfolk," needs confirmation. East and West Flegg are not the names of any town or village, but of two obscure hundreds in Norfolk. Meanwhile, as we have said, the original is *legis* or *legia*, the *s* and *a* in the document being written so much alike that they are not easily distinguished. *Panni de Legia*, then, would be cloth of Leyden or Liege, this being the old Latin name for both places. We forbear, however, to dogmatize on so obscure a subject.

† See the remarks of the archivist, p. 157.

‡ As this is a matter chiefly of literary criticism, we think it is only just to Mr. Morrin that we should give his own explanation of these obscure points in a letter addressed by him to the Master of the Rolls in Ireland:—

"At pp. 153 and 154 of pamphlet, it is alleged that I have mistranslated the word 'Eylesham,' in the sentence '*de qualibet bolt de Eylesham*,' by using the word 'Isinglass.' During the existence of the late Record Commission, a glossary was compiled in MS. by the late Rev. E. Groves (who was employed as one of the sub-commissioners): that glossary I have now in my possession, having purchased it from him. I have always used it in making translations of our old records, considering it a work of great ability; and the word will be found there translated, 'for every bolt of Isingham,' which I followed, the latter word being one of the aliases of Eylesham; but, by an error of the press, the word was printed Isinglass, and not Isingham. I may observe that the word is printed with a capital *I*, as proof that the word was given as a proper name in my MS.

"At p. 155, it is alleged that 'for every piece of cloth of flys or flegs' is a mistranslation of '*de qualibet pecia panni de legis*.' These words I translated in the Calendar on the authority of Groves. Archivist (p. 155) mis-states the translation, omitting the words 'of cloth' and 'flegs,' which render the translation correct. The word 'flege' or 'fleg,' to this day, will be found in the Drogheda schedule of tolls; and at page 845 of the Report of the Commissioners of Municipal Corporations in Ireland, in the schedule of Drogheda, it is translated 'flege.' The report, at page 844, states:—'A great portion of the imposts are specified in antiquated terms, difficult to be understood, and of the meaning of which the toll collectors acknowledge their ignorance, and which, of course, do not afford any practical guidance, either to them or to the public, in the exaction of tolls.'

We proceed to the last charge, of "incorrect decipherments," or, in other words, mistakes made by Mr. Morrin in reading the language of the originals. We must call your Honour's attention to the facts, of which you are well aware, that these rolls are written in a very difficult hand, the complete mastery of which is comparatively a rare accomplishment; that this difficulty is increased by the use of contractions, and often by mutilations and stains, to which these rolls have been exposed in a long series of years. Like most of the formal documents of that period, the sense is obscured and perplexed by interminable parentheses and tedious reiterations, for the distinguishing of which there existed none of the modern mechanical contrivances of stops and capitals (at least in the sense now recognised). The very form of the roll, written in long lines, closely packed, imposes the need of increased vigilance on the reader, and prevents him from catching the sense of a paragraph as in modern printing; and the sense itself, often suspended in a sentence of 20 lines or more, and modified by intercalations scarcely less long, demands an amount of patience and skill, if it is to be accurately represented by the editor, of which very few are aware who have not attempted it. Perhaps if our modern Acts of Parliament were written in crabbed Latin, in a kind of mediæval short-hand, and an editor were appointed to condense the sense of them into 10 or 12 lines of readable English, from which no essential clause, no names of places or persons should be omitted, a fair notion might be formed of the difficulties to be grappled with in framing an accurate Calendar of the Patent and Close Rolls. But with these differences: in the former case the epitomiser would be dealing with modern subjects, modern ideas, familiar names; he would have all the advantages which three centuries have effected in clearness of arrangement, in printing, and the mechanical contrivances of modern types; he would have an unsullied page placed before him. With the decipherer of these ancient records the reverse of all this is the case. But there is another difficulty with which the editor of a Calendar has to contend besides those already mentioned, besides the ambiguity of handwriting and peculiarity of contractions, upon which we have not insisted. These Patent and Close Rolls were copied by scribes from the original letters close and patent; if the scribe were careless, he committed blunders, especially in names and words little known. In more than one instance where the archivist has accused Mr. Morrin of blundering, the blunder (if it be such) is not Mr. Morrin's but the original scribe's; and these unfounded charges are a proof to us that, whilst the archivist apparently professes to correct Mr. Morrin's supposed errors from the originals, he never consulted the originals; or, if he did, he has misread them in numerous instances, and fallen into errors for which he condemns Mr. Morrin.

It

"At the same page it is alleged, that 'a head of yarn' is a wrong translation for '*capite de syndonia*.' Syndon, sindon or cindon, *per se*, means linen; but, preceded by 'caput,' I have been accustomed to translate it 'head of yarn,' on the authority of Groves.

"At page 157, it is alleged that 'haberdashery' is a mistranslation of the words '*averio de ponder*' or '*avoir de pois*.' In a charter of Henry IV. I find the word written '*aver de pays*;' in the charter of Drogheda, '*aver de paues*,' and in the charter of Galway, '*aver de pis*,' placed in a manner precisely similar to the words '*aver de ponder*,' in the charter of Clonmel, in the Calendar, namely, after the word 'scroffe.' The words '*aver de paues*' are translated in Groves's glossary '*haberdashery*,' and the word I used as conveying, what I considered, a correct translation, relying on the authority of the glossary. In the charter of Galway the words '*aver de pis*' are translated 'goods' by Hardiman. The quotation in the pamphlet—

'Hail be ye marchans, with your great packes
Of draperie, avoir de peise, and yor wol sackes,'—

shows it cannot mean '*avoir du pois*,' but must mean some kind of goods or 'haberdashery.' The derivation of the word 'haberdashery' seems not to be accurately known; but Richardson, in his Dictionary, suggests that it comes from a corruption of the French '*avoir*,' and shows that '*avoir du pois*' was formerly '*haber du pois*.' Holyoak's Dictionary gives a 'haberdasher of small wares,' and '*haber du pois*, a pound weight.' It is very probable that haberdashery may originally have meant small wares sold by '*haber du pois*.'

"At pages 157, 158, it is alleged that 'batter' is a mistranslation of the word '*batri*,' in the following instance: '*de quolibet fraiello de batri*;' and it is said that '*bateria*' is a Latin form of '*batterie de cuisine*.' These words I translated 'frail of batter,' on the authority of Groves's glossary. The word will be found thus written in a charter of 49 Edward III.: '*de qualibet centena cujuscunque bateria, aris vel cupri, operati vel non operati*.' *Bateria*, or *batri*, is, I believe, a monkish Latin word signifying plates of metal, formed by being beaten.' The translation, given on the authority of Groves, is as good as can be found: it does not necessarily mean the modern word 'batter,' 'a fluid beaten substance, so called because it is formed by being beaten.'"

It was on the presumption of the superior skill of the archivist, and his superior fidelity in consulting the originals, that his criticisms gained credit among Irish scholars. They would have attached much less importance to his censures had they been aware that these criticisms were in a great degree based on presumptive evidence only, and that the archivist, in accusing Mr. Morrin of unfaithfulness to his originals, had never consulted those originals himself.

Thus at page 162 of his pamphlet he says: "At page 426 of Vol. I. we read at the close of a deed relating to Kenlis in Ossory, witnesses 'the Lord *Ollor Bishop*.' This prelate, 'translated' by the Calendars into the ranks of the Irish hierarchy, was never before heard of;" and he adds, "the name so deciphered being, in the original, 'Domino Episcopo Ossoriensi;'" whereas in the original it is precisely as Mr. Morrin has given it.

Again, he treats the Calendar with contempt for the following signatures: "Thomas Dar;" "Jenico, Viscount of G.;" "Oliver, P. B. of Louth," and a variety of others.* We have carefully examined the originals of all these instances produced by the archivist, and find them to have been faithfully represented by Mr. Morrin. At page 162 the archivist remarks: "Saints Cuan and Brogan are deciphered into 'Koam and Borgam.'" The original is "Koam et Borgam," or more probably "Koani et Borgani;" but as in both forms these words would be written precisely alike in the manuscript, the point cannot be decided. "Defalcation of the priests," a quotation in a note by Mr. Morrin, taken from another book, is a misprint for "prests," as the sense shows; but, in order to take advantage of this slip, the archivist has the bad faith to print the passage "*defalcations of imprests*,"† instead of the true reading, "defalcation of the prests." A little further he is facetious on Mr. Morrin for transforming St. Nuan into *Nogan*, "a name applied in Ireland to a wooden milk-vessel!" (page 163). It is St. Nogan in the original. Elsewhere, for writing "*Le Hogges*" in the more modern form of "*Hoggs*," he says he is reminded by Mr. Morrin of the *pugna porcorum*.

We notice these things with great reluctance. We regret to see criticism descending to such trivialities where a grave book is concerned, and in which not only the personal credit of more than one person is involved, but the efforts of the Government to render Irish records accessible to Irish scholars, and give those who desire it an opportunity of studying the history of that country in the only satisfactory manner in which it can be studied, are treated with so little regard to truth, moderation and candour. Our object is simply to pronounce on the facts of the case, without inculcating the archivist or defending Mr. Morrin. We admit that the latter has been guilty of errors which we would gladly have seen avoided; we admit also that the archivist has done good service to the cause of historical literature in pointing out those errors. At the same time, we cannot see without pain and regret his anxiety to crush Mr. Morrin at all hazards, and indifference as to the means employed for accomplishing this purpose. He (we use the singular for convenience only, not knowing whether there be one or more authors of the pamphlet in question) has, with the same unsparing severity hurled every kind of charge against the Calendars, whether they were true or false, weighty or trivial, and has throughout shown himself more hasty to prefer than able to substantiate his accusations. Such methods of attack may triumph for a time, but that triumph is dearly bought which brings lasting discredit upon the author; and we trust, after the careful examination we have made of Mr. Morrin's Calendars and the charges of his opponent, all of which we have most minutely examined with the originals, that Irish scholars will be better able and more willing to do justice to both parties.

The archivist sums up his labours in these words:‡ "Thus these Calendars have not only failed to fulfil any *one* of the objects for which works of this class are recorded, but also, as defective and inaccurate abstracts of original records, they may, in the words of a late English palæographer, prove 'equally dangerous to truth, property, and to liberty itself.'"

Commentary on such language is superfluous.

* P. 163.

† His words are, "is in the original, '*defalcations of imprests*.'" Whether such assertions result from carelessness or bad faith, we cannot determine. They are equally fatal to the case of the archivist and the charge he brings.

‡ P. 165.

2. *Objections to Prefaces and Notes.*

We have, we believe, noticed all the objections brought by the archivist against the *text* of Mr. Morrin's Calendar, and have now only to confine our remarks to the prefaces and the notes. The prefaces of the two volumes, for Mr. Morrin was requested by the Government to add no preface to the third volume, extend to 117 pages. If it is intended that this restriction shall remain in force, we do not see that we are called upon to interpose our judgment between Mr. Morrin and his opponent; the Government has, in effect, already decided the question.* At best it is a literary question; it has nothing to do with the substance of Mr. Morrin's book; it does not affect his accuracy or ability as a calendarer of records. With the latter, as a question of facts, we feel ourselves competent to deal; on the other, so far as it is a matter of opinion, we do not propose to enter. The facts, as stated by the archivist,† are these: that of the prefaces, occupying 117 pages of these two volumes, seven-eighths there given as the result of original labour and research have been abstracted verbatim, without the slightest acknowledgment, from previously printed books; and the remainder is composed of partly admitted quotations and inaccurate original observations. In substantiating this charge, the archivist prints several extracts, amounting in all to 10 pages, or somewhat less, of the 117, in which Mr. Morrin has adopted the ideas, and generally the very words, of other archivists, without any direct acknowledgment. Mr. Morrin's answer to this charge will be found in the Appendix. As the archivist is not always exact in his statements, we do not know, in the absence of proof, how far we are to accept as literally true his assertion that "seven-eighths" of Mr. Morrin's prefaces are "extracted verbatim" from previously-printed books. So far as the extracts themselves are concerned, they do not appear to us to possess any great merit, either of originality or fine writing. They are such as would have occurred, we suppose, to most men who possessed an ordinary familiarity with records; and but for the labours of the archivist in pointing them out, we should never have detected them as rising above the general pitch of Mr. Morrin's observations or style of writing. Our only surprise is that he should have borrowed from others what he could just as well have written himself. But we prefer leaving Mr. Morrin's explanation to Mr. Morrin. As regards notes, we think your Honor has wisely imposed restrictions in this respect upon the editors employed by you in England, and that where notes are allowed, they should be confined to the briefest explanations of difficulties as to dates, or readings or meanings of words, or occasional references to important documents, necessary for the elucidation of the text. They should not expand into archæological disquisitions only incidentally connected with an editor's work. In some instances of this kind Mr. Morrin seems to have been more generous than prudent.

Finally, as to the charge of the archivist that Mr. Morrin is ignorant of the distinction of Patent and Close Rolls, and that in prefixing this title to his book, which does not contain a single Close Roll, he has given indisputable indications of his incompetency, we have only to observe that, if the critic had studied the originals, he would have discovered that this title is found on the Roll itself, 5 Edw. VI., viz., "*Rotulus Clausus Patentium Cancellar. Hibern. de anno R. Edwardi Sexti quinto.*" His dissertation on the differences of the Close and Patent Rolls, and the inference he endeavours to establish to the prejudice of Mr. Morrin, are inapplicable. True in theory and as applied to the more regular practice prevailing in England, in Ireland the essential distinction between Close and Patent Rolls was disregarded, and the series edited by Mr. Morrin continued to be known and called by the name of "Close and Patent Rolls," even when no letters close were entered upon them.

3. *Suggestions.*

It now only remains for us to consider two points: 1st, in what way the omissions and errors of Mr. Morrin's Calendar may best be remedied; and, 2dly,

* Mr. Peel stated in the House of Commons, 16th July 1863, "that the text was the only part of Mr. Morrin's work for which he had received any remuneration; for the Treasury had refused to pay for the prefaces, they being no part of the work engaged for." We have accordingly thought it no part of our commission to enter upon any of the discussions raised by the archivist touching these prefaces, beyond the simple fact of plagiarism.

† P. 11.

2dly, what rules should be adopted in the volumes intended for publication herereafter.

In regard to the former, we see no great difficulty. The main substantial objection affecting the utility of Mr. Morrin's Calendars is the omission of localities and subdenominations of lands mentioned in the Rolls. We therefore propose that Mr. Morrin should compile a complete index of all names of persons and places mentioned *in the Rolls*, whether found in his Calendars or not; in other words, a perfect Index Nominum et Locorum, from the reign of Henry VIII., where his work begins, to the end of the reign of Charles I.; this index to be made applicable to the volume, page, and number of the entry of Mr. Morrin's own Calendars. Such an index will be of incomparable advantage: it will at once supply all the omissions of which the archivist complains; it will form a complete repertory of names, the like of which is greatly needed and does not exist; it will not only add much to the value of Mr. Morrin's work, but make it, without question, the most valuable by far of any Calendar compiled from public papers. Such a work will, no doubt, impose much labour on Mr. Morrin, and we therefore recommend that he should have aid in its compilation if he require it, and that the remuneration should be on a scale commensurate with the arduousness of the task.

For the ordinary blunders of misreading, or mistranslations, or errors in date, it will be sufficient for Mr. Morrin to add a table of *corrigenda*, especially where these corrections cannot be made, as we anticipate many of them can be made, in the index we propose. We may observe that such an index as we have here suggested, though somewhat unusual, is not without precedent. The University of Oxford, in one of its latest catalogues of a large collection of its MSS., has sanctioned the compilation of an index of names, &c., not referring to the calendar or catalogue, but to the MSS. themselves from which the catalogue is compiled. If what is here expressed be not sufficiently intelligible, we shall be happy at any time to explain our meaning in greater detail to your Honor.

It will be seen by these remarks that we fully anticipate that Mr. Morrin will be directed to complete his volumes, including the reign of James I.; and in so doing we think it desirable that Mr. Morrin should follow the *modus operandi* adopted by himself and Mr. Hatchell in their continuation of the Calendar published by the Irish Record Commissioners,* with these additional cautions:—

1. In all cases where it is not obvious from the abstract itself, it should be stated in what language each document is written.
2. The full date, and the place from which it is dated, should always be given.
3. All names of persons and places which occur in the originals must appear in the abstracts.
4. The spelling of all names should be preserved as in the original roll; and, if the spelling varies, the editor is to follow the variation, without attempting to reduce the spelling to consistency.
5. Where obsolete words occur, as to the interpretation of which there is a doubt, the original Latin should be given in brackets, thus [], and the English meaning subjoined.
6. Needless circumlocution, such as "lordship or manor," "rights and members," "tenements and cottages," "fortresses and castles," and all formal phrases employed in the conveyance of land, are to be avoided. We consider, for the purposes of a calendar, that the words, "manor, with appurtenances in A., B., C.," &c., will be sufficient; and that it is not necessary to specify the extent or description of acreage of the several dependencies. Not that such information is not valuable; but regard must be had to space, and the main duty of a calendarer is to compile such an abstract, or rather such an index, to the materials contained in the Rolls as shall guide, not supersede, the search of the inquirer. It is enough for the lawyer, topographer, or antiquarian to learn that information
of

* Of this Calendar it will be sufficient to state that no copies are accessible to the public. It was never completed by the Commissioners, and from the very first was defective in one most important particular, by omitting all charters of corporate towns and cathedrals, state papers, proclamations, commissions, &c., all of which were reserved for future volumes. In fact, it was from the outset a calendar of certain documents which appeared on the Rolls, and not of all.

of which he is in quest is to be found in such and such documents; and this information ought to be conveyed in the briefest possible manner consistent with correctness. That is all most inquirers either wish or require. No abstract, however detailed, will satisfy all classes of inquirers. We think also that space might be gained by using single letters for words of ordinary recurrence, as m., manor; co., county of; s. h., son and heir; wardship and m., wardship and marriage; and in liveries of lands we recommend the condensed form employed in the English State Paper Calendar of Henry VIII.

7. Royal letters, whether addressed to the Privy Council in Ireland or not, ought to be abridged, like other documents. We think they are given needlessly *in extenso* by Mr. Morrin.

The measures we have proposed will remedy the deficiencies and omissions complained of in Mr. Morrin's Calendars, but will not remedy the defects of the Patent Rolls themselves. For that purpose something more is required; and although the archivist is not justified in visiting upon Mr. Morrin errors and defects not chargeable on him, but on his materials, he is justified in complaining that "the Patent Rolls themselves" are "incredibly defective in their contents;"* and we search them in vain "for various important Irish grants passed during the reigns of Henry VIII., Edward VI., Mary, and Elizabeth." Of such grants passed under the Great Seal the archivist has published a long list,—omitted, not, as he says, "in the Calendars," but, as he ought to have said, from the Rolls themselves, "and embodying information of the most important nature to investigators of almost every class" (p. 64). Mr. Morrin, as will be seen, had called attention to this important fact in his prefaces. Of 6,625 royal fiats or warrants, many were never enrolled. These fiats, or fiant, constituted the form and authority of letters patent issued by the Chancellor, and were retained in the Chancery as the authority for the letters patent being issued. But from carelessness, irregularity, or other causes, in engrossing the patents on the Rolls, these fiants remain at the present day as the only evidence in the Rolls Office of important events, and would, under more favourable circumstances, and ought to have appeared upon the Rolls. To the Rolls, calendared by Mr. Morrin these fiants are, in their nature, an essential supplement; and it is only by an accident, such as we have described, that no trace of their contents is now found on the Rolls. This has been a fertile source of disappointment undoubtedly to many inquirers, as it has been the main cause of the errors and confusion into which the archivist has more than once fallen. And not the archivist only. We, therefore, suggest to your Honor that it would be very desirable to have a calendar made of these fiants to supply the deficiencies of the Patent Rolls. It may be sufficient to observe that in this class of records curious notices are preserved of eminent men of both countries. The archivist has mentioned no less than four such instances referring to the poet Spenser alone, and another to the poet's intimate friend, Lodwick Bryskett, disclosing facts unknown to former biographers.† The first of these we have given at length in our Appendix, as a specimen of this class of records. It contains an interesting memorandum at its close, which appears to have escaped the notice of the archivist.

We have only to add, in conclusion, that it ought to be a subject of congratulation to Irish scholars that the cause of historical literature has not suffered by this controversy. For, putting aside the temper in which it has been sometimes conducted, and its occasional transgression of the fair limits of literary controversy, it cannot be denied that it has elicited much acuteness of reasoning, no little research, and considerable information of the bearings of these documents upon history, law and antiquities. It will also serve as a warning against careless and perfunctory methods of calendaring. That mode which was formerly confined to a brief and vague description of documents, owing to the searching criticism it has received in this pamphlet, has now become impossible. To your Honour, who has always been opposed to that method, it will be no novel thing to hear it stigmatised as worse than inefficacious and unreliable; or to be told that public opinion demands that these official Calendars—if they are to be worthy of the patronage under which they are issued, and justify the expense bestowed

bestowed upon them—must present accurate and faithful abstracts of the documents they profess to describe. Whatever indulgence may be extended to occasional inaccuracies, to which all books are subject, to errors of omission, if we may judge from this pamphlet, no toleration will be given; and in that judgment, for our part, we are inclined to concur with the archivist, his readers, and many eminent Irish scholars.

If we have not been sufficiently explicit in our remarks on any of the topics touched upon in this Report, we shall be glad of the opportunity of affording your Honour, or the Lords of the Treasury, such fuller information as may be deemed desirable; and we have the honour to be,

Yours, &c.

The Right Hon.
Sir John Romilly, Master of the Rolls,
&c. &c. &c.

T. Duffus Hardy.
J. S. Brewer.

APPENDIX (A).

Record Tower, Dublin Castle,
26 August 1864.

My dear Sir,

Among the papers which were left in the Record Tower by the late Record Commissioners, at the termination of their commission, I cannot discover any manuscript Calendar of the Patent Rolls, prepared by them, in addition to or in continuance of those which were printed and published. I have made personally the minutest search and examined, myself, all the documents and MSS. of the Commissioners, and I can report, with positive certainty, that no such manuscript Calendars are in my charge.

I have, however, found a very voluminous manuscript collection, apparently extending to many thousand pages, of what appears to be a repertory of names and places occurring in the Patent Rolls of the reigns of Edward VI., Philip and Mary, and Elizabeth. I annex a specimen of these manuscript entries.

I avail myself of this opportunity to send you a list of the unpublished MSS. of the late John Lodge.

All these MSS. are of infinite public utility, but especially the "Records of the Rolls," a work which seems to me as near perfection as any production of the kind can be. Is it not a grievous pity that, possessing as we do such a repertory, we do not print and publish it in its integrity? I venture to suggest that if this were done, if Lodge's great work were given to the public, the greatest service would be rendered to all those interested in the history of Ireland, the transmission of her lands, and the preservation of her genealogy.

There are also in this office Repertories to the Inquisitions of Munster and Connaught (Ulster and Leinster have been already published) which ought certainly to be printed; they appear to have been prepared for that purpose by the Commissioners, and in fact are indexed in their Eighth Report, p. 475.

T. Duffus Hardy, Esq.

I am, &c.
(signed) *J. Bernard Burke*, Ulster.

APPENDIX (B).

Rolls Office, Chancery, Dublin,
27 August 1864.

Gentlemen,

In reply to your inquiry touching certain passages which appear in my prefaces to the Calendars of the Irish Patent Rolls, and alleged to be taken from eminent archaeologists without due acknowledgment, I have to state that I have already notified to my Lords, through the Master of the Rolls, the circumstances under which these papers were given to the public.

I had in the course of many years' study collected into a common-place book, without any idea of publication at the time, a variety of passages, sometimes the result of my own observation, sometimes the suggestion of others, which tended to throw light upon the numerous record cases in which I feel interested or in which I was employed.

After a long interval it naturally became difficult for me to determine how many of these remarks were my own, and for how much I was indebted to others; and when I came to mould them into form, I had in some instances lost all trace of the sources from which my information was derived, but whenever I was able to do so, I have carefully acknowledged my obligation, and I regret that I should not on all occasions by a more specific acknowledgment have been thought to have done full justice to the labours of my predecessors. I believe that in the great majority of these extracts I have specified the sources to which I was indebted for information, and whenever I have omitted to do so I am quite willing to make the requisite acknowledgment in whatever way you may consider will best meet the merits of the case; in some instances I have been unjustly accused of copying passages

from reports of the Commissioners of words and translations of grants and charters, when in fact I have only adopted the phraseology unavoidable where independent inquirers are drawing from the same common source.

In all cases where I have omitted to give suitable acknowledgments, I now desire to express my great regret for the omission; my only object was to place before the reader all the information I could collect, without any desire to appropriate the labours of others.

Messrs. Hardy and Brewer,
&c. &c.

I have, &c.
(signed) *James Morrin.*

APPENDIX (C).

"A. Grey.

"Fiant literæ Domine Regine patentes in debita forma sequente:—Elizabeth Dei gratia Angliæ, Franciæ et Hiberniæ, &c., omnibus, &c. Sciatis quod nos, de gratia nostra speciali, ac ex certa scientia et mero motu nostris, de assensu prædilecti et fidelis consiliarii nostri, Arthuri Grey, præclari ordinis Garterii nostri militis, Domini Grey de Wilton, ac Deputati nostri Generalis regni nostri Hiberniæ, dedimus et concessimus, ac per præsentem damus et concedimus, dilecto subdito nostro Edmundo Spenser, generoso; secretario prædicti Deputati nostri regni nostri Hiberniæ, officium Registrarii sive officium Clerici nostri in Cancellaria nostra, ad facultates infra regnum nostrum Hiberniæ prædictum secundum formam cujusdam actus sive statutus Parliamenti xxvij. anno regni charissimi Patris nostri, Domini Henrici Octavi, apud Dublin in regno nostro Hiberniæ tenti atque editi; ac ipsum Edmundum registrarium sive clericum nostrum prædictum fecimus, constituimus, et ordinavimus, ac per præsentem facimus, constituimus et ordinamus: Habendum, gaudendum, exercendum et occupandum officium prædictum præfato Edmundo Spenser, quamdiu se bene gesserit, per se ipsum, vel per deputatum suum sufficientem, aut deputatos suos sufficientes; percipienda, levanda, et annuatim recipienda eidem Edmundo Spenser et assignatis suis, quamdiu se bene gesserit, omnia talia feoda, vadia, regarda, commoditates, emolumenta et advantagia, et omnia alia præfata eidem officio, ratione dicti statuti, aut aliquo alio modo, pertinentia, spectancia, sive incumbencia. Eo quod expressa mentio de vero valore annuo, aut de certitudine præmissorum, seu eorum alicujus, aut de aliis donis sive concessionibus per nos vel per aliquem progenitorum nostrorum eidem Edmundo Spenser ante hæc tempora factis, in præsentibus minime facta existit, aut aliquo alio statuto, actu, ordinatione, sive provisione, aut aliqua alia re, causa, vel materia quacunque, in aliquo non obstante. In cujus rei testimonium, &c. Teste, &c.

3103.

"1580.

"Deliberatum fuit in Cancellariam Hiberniæ xxij. die Marcij, anno regni Regine nostræ Elizabeth vicesimo tertio, ad exequendum.

"Given free from the Seale to Mr. Spencer in respect he ys secretaire to the Right Honorable the L. Deputy."

CALENDAR OF
PATENT AND CLOSE ROLLS (IRELAND).

COPY of the REPORT of Messrs. Brewer and Hardy, laid before the Treasury by the Master of the Rolls, in reference to the Publication of the CALENDAR of the PATENT and CLOSE ROLLS of Ireland.

(Sir Colman O'Loghlen.)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
21 February 1865.

RECORDER OF GALWAY.

RETURN to an Order of the Honourable The House of Commons,
dated 31 March 1865;—for,

COPY “ of PAPERS on the subject of the EMOLUMENTS of the OFFICE of
Mr. *Michael Morris*, Recorder of *Galway*.”

Treasury Chambers, }
8 April 1866. }

F. PEEL.

— No. 1. —

Mr. *Michael Morris* to the Secretary of the Treasury.

22, Lower FitzWilliam-street, Dublin,
6 April 1863.

Sir,

REFERRING to the interview you favoured me with on the 27th ult., I desire to state the twofold claim I make; viz. :—

- 1st. For the amount of compensation in lieu of fees due to me since my appointment.
- 2d. For some reasonable salary for the judicial duties discharged by me as a criminal judge.

With respect to the first, no objection was ever made; it was always admitted, but remained over, while the second was considered. Your predecessor, Mr. Laing, as appears by the letter of Mr. Deasy to me (which letter I handed the Attorney General, to be laid before you), was willing to allow me, from the date of my appointment, a sum of 200*l.* per annum, in lieu of all claims; and the matter was to have been so carried out. I annex my application on the subject in the year 1859, which was laid by the Treasury solicitor before Judge Fitzgerald and Baron Deasy, the then Attorney and Solicitor General, and their opinion at foot. I also annex a further statement, called for by Mr. O'Hagan in 1861, and which I understood was for your information. I cannot add anything further.

Statement No. 1,
made in 1859.

Statement No. 2,
made in 1861.

I have now been obliged to apply to three successive Attorney Generals, each of whom has considered my claim, and agreed that it should be complied with. I have discharged the duties satisfactorily to the public, on the understanding that my claim was fully recognised. I have twice gone to London, at considerable loss of time and money, on this matter. It has been before the Treasury for four years; and, while my claim has been always substantially conceded, I have never received anything. May I trust that at your hands the matter will receive a final determination.

I remain, &c.

To Right Hon. F. Peel, M.P.,
Secretary to the Treasury.

(signed) *Michael Morris*,
Recorder of Galway.

Enclosures in No. 1.

CLAIM of the RECORDER OF GALWAY, submitted by the Treasury Solicitor, *Thomas Mostyn*, Esq., for the consideration of the Attorney General and Solicitor General, in the Year 1859.

STATEMENT OF CLAIM.

I HAD the honour of being appointed to the office of Recorder of Galway by his Excellency Lord Carlisle, on the 13th of October 1857, in the place of Mr. O'Hara, resigned.

Date of appointment.

188.

A

14 & 15 Vict. c. 57,
ss. 150 & 160.

By the provisions of the Act regulating civil bill courts, the fees theretofore payable were abolished, and stamps on the proceedings substituted.

The recorders' courts are put on the same footing with the assistant barristers' as to abolition of fees, substitution of stamps, and compensation awarded for abolition of fees.

My predecessor, Mr. O'Hara, made a claim, as prescribed by the statute, and the annual sum of 80*l.* was allotted by the Treasury for the fees abolished; that sum Mr. O'Hara received annually up to the time of his resignation and my appointment.

14 & 15 Vict. c. 57,
sect. 160.

I subsequently applied at the Treasury offices in Dublin for payment as Mr. O'Hara's successor, and was requested to bring my warrant of appointment for identification. Having done so, I was then informed that the Treasury considered the amount was not payable to me as successor to Mr. O'Hara. While I admit, from the loose way in which the section is worded, it may be so contended, still, looking to the intention of the Act, and that while the fees payable to the judge of the court are abolished, and the revenue gains the advantage by the substitution of stamps, I hold that the compensation is payable to the holder of the office for the period he continues to hold, and then to his successors. As well might the assistant barrister appointed subsequently be related back to the original salary. Considering that, upon the legal and equitable construction of the section, I am entitled to the annual sum of 80*l.* so allotted for compensation, I have to call your attention to the matter, and request your official interference.

14 & 15 Vict. c. 57,
sect. 160.

As to Salary.

Having been obliged to address you on this matter of right, I beg to refer to the inadequacy of remuneration for the performance of the duties of my office. Except this compensation of 80*l.*, there are no fees or salary for the duties, which are considerable and responsible. Over the county of the town of Galway, extending for a circle of about five miles, I exercise every jurisdiction of an assistant barrister, except "insolvency." The entire criminal business is exclusively cognisable before me. I am obliged by the statute to hold four quarter sessions in each year for the trial of all offences too serious to be disposed of before magistrates at petty sessions; also to hear appeals from the petty sessions court.

3 & 4 Vict. c. 106.

There are but three other recorders in Ireland; viz. Dublin, Cork, and Derry, whose salaries I believe to be 2,000*l.*, 500*l.*, and 150*l.* per annum respectively. In consequence of the abolition of a corporation in Galway, the salary theretofore payable to a recorder ceased, and there is no power to pay out of any corporate fund. I need scarcely suggest that a judicial office as mine should be adequately remunerated or abolished. The latter would require the repealing of Acts of Parliament, and would entail the necessity of dividing the county of Galway into two ridings, as it would be hardly fair to throw in an amount of business nearly equal to some third-class counties upon the assistant barrister of Galway, the second largest county in Ireland.

(signed) *Michael Morris.*

OPINION of ATTORNEY GENERAL and SOLICITOR GENERAL.

STATEMENT on foregoing Case :

"WE are of opinion that the construction adopted by the Treasury of the '14 & 15 Vict. c. 57, s. 160,' is correct. The 160th section was obviously framed under a misapprehension. The framer of the section appears to have lost sight of the fact, that the office of Recorder of Galway was to be continued; we can suggest no remedy for this admitted grievance and defect in the law, save by legislation, and we think that Parliament should be asked to pass a Bill on the subject.

"5 November 1859."

(signed) "*J. D. Fitzgerald.*
"*R. Deasy.*"

FURTHER STATEMENT of CLAIM sent by RECORDER of *Galway* to Right Honourable *T. O'Hagan*, to be submitted to Right Honourable *Frederick Peel*, M. P., in the year 1861.

Date of appointment,
13 Oct. 1857.

As stated in my letter to the Right Honourable J. D. Fitzgerald, when Attorney General, and which was submitted in a case by the Treasury solicitor to him and the Solicitor General; I was appointed by his Excellency Lord Carlisle by warrant, bearing date 13th October 1857, unto all powers, privileges, &c. of my predecessor.

14 & 15 Vict. c. 57,
sect. 22.

The fees payable on Civil Bill Proceedings in "Recorders' Courts" were abolished by 14 & 15 Vict. c. 57, s. 159. The same Act abolished fees to "assistant barristers," and gave them fixed salaries in lieu. By the 22d section the amount to be paid to the Recorders of Dublin and Cork, in lieu of fees, was fixed and agreed on.

14 & 15 Vict. c. 57,
sect. 160.

The Recorder of Galway, not being satisfied with the amount that was offered to him, it was provided that the amount to be paid to all other recorders (except Dublin and Cork) should be ascertained upon the average of their fees for seven years. It was so ascertained in the case of the Recorder of Galway, at 80*l.* per annum, and was regularly paid to the then recorder, Mr. O'Hara, to the period of his resignation. The Treasury held that upon the literal construction of the 160th section the amount of 80*l.*, so ascertained, was not payable to me as successor of Mr. O'Hara, although it could not be so contended in the cases of the recorders of Dublin or Cork. The law officers of the

14 & 15 Vict. c. 57,
sect. 160.

14 & 15 Vict. c. 57,
sect. 22.

Crown agreed that such was the strict construction of the section, but state it was a mistake, and desire that it should be remedied.

See their opinions
at foot of State-
ment, page 2.

That I should be placed in the position to receive the 80*l.* per annum, since my appointment is not, I presume, controverted in any quarter.

I desire, however, to state the reasons submitted by me to your predecessor, Mr. Deasy, why a salary of 200*l.* should be granted, in which he concurred, and had the approval of Mr. Laing the Secretary to the Treasury.

I have no salary whatever, as all other recorders have; there is no corporate body in Galway, nor no fund from which to pay a salary. The duties are as important as those of a county chairman. The number of sessions to be holden are the same, and the amount of business not much under that of some chairmen, the lowest of whose salaries is 600*l.* per annum.

Reasons for salary.

During the three years since my appointment, the "Civil Business" has steadily increased, thus:—

In 1858 were tried	-	-	127 civil bills	-	-	4 ejectments.
1859	"	-	170	"	-	17
1860	"	-	203	"	-	32
			<hr/>			
TOTAL	-	-	500 Civil Bills	-	-	53 Ejectments.

For the previous three years before my predecessor, viz., 1855, 1856, and 1857, were tried 422 civil bills, 40 ejectments.

The entire "Criminal Business" of the county of the town of Galway, is only cognisable by me, as the Chairman of the county has no jurisdiction. During the years 1858, 1859, 1860, there were before me "60 cases," all of which have to be disposed of by the intervention of a "grand jury" and petty jury, and during the same period there were "44 cases" of appeals from the "Petty Sessions Court." The sole judge of a criminal court invested with the jurisdiction of trying all offences except "treason, murder, and rape," and the court of appeal, from the decision of magistrates at petty sessions, should have some salary, and I submit that the decision of Mr. Laing and Mr. Deasy as a very moderate one; that 100*l.* per annum should be allowed as the compensation for fees abolished and stamps substituted; that 100*l.* should be allowed for the responsible parties in criminal cases, without the exercise of which cases would remain over untried until each assizes, attended with great inconvenience and injustice, and very considerable expense to the public revenue, in their trial at assizes; the granting of publicans' licenses, acknowledgment of bonds by public collectors, and appeals against the Government valuation, &c., become impracticable.

28 May 1861.

Michael Morris.

— No. 2. —

(No. 5250*—'63.)

COPY OF TREASURY MINUTE, dated 6 April 1864.

WRITE to Mr. Morris that my Lords have fully considered the claims he has advanced with reference to his situation as Recorder of Galway, to which office he was appointed on the 13th October 1857.

This claim is twofold:—

1st. For compensation in lieu of the fees formerly payable upon proceedings by civil bill, in the Recorder's Court of Galway.

2d. For a salary in respect of the judicial duties discharged by him as a criminal judge.

State that my Lords cannot admit that the Recorder of Galway has any claim to be paid out of public funds any salary as a criminal judge, or generally as recorder. My Lords do not find that either before or since the passing of the Municipal Corporation Act, Ireland (3 & 4 Vict. c. 108), the recorder has been so paid, and it appears to my Lords that it was the plain intention of that Act, that where the office of recorder in any borough in Ireland shall be retained or created, the salary shall be paid out of municipal funds.

It appears, however, that by the Civil Bill Act, 1851 (14 & 15 Vict. c. 57), abolishing the recorder's fees upon proceedings by way of civil bill, the emoluments of the Recorder of Galway were to some extent interfered with, and that, in consequence, the recorder then in office was awarded compensation under the 160th section of that Act; but that the right to receive compensation was,

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according

according to the construction put by the law officers of the Crown upon the clauses restricted to the recorder then in office; so that his successor, Mr. Morris, has received, since his appointment, neither fees nor compensation. It appears, moreover, that the same Act imposed certain stamps on civil bill forms and proceedings, the proceeds of which are payable into the Exchequer.

Under these circumstances, my Lords are of opinion that Mr. Morris has an equitable claim, limited as a maximum to the compensation paid to his predecessor, to receive payment according to the amount of civil bill business transacted by him annually since his appointment; their Lordships therefore request to be furnished by him with an exact return for each year since his appointment of the civil business done by him under and according to the 159th section of the Act of 1851, which relates to the jurisdiction of borough recorders, together with such particulars regarding the several civil bills or other civil proceedings as may enable this Board to ascertain the amount actually paid into the Exchequer for stamps, in respect of them.

Request, further, that Mr. Morris will inform my Lords whether any fees have been paid to him in respect of any of the civil bills or proceedings to be included in the Return, or in respect of any other civil business of the Recorder of Galway, and, if any, to what amount, and under what authority.

— No. 3. —

(No. 5250*—'63.)

Mr. *Michael Morris* to the Secretary of the Treasury.

22, Lower FitzWilliam-street, Dublin,
11 April 1864.

Sir,

IN reply to your letter numbered as at head, and dated the 6th instant, I confess I feel very much disappointed at the resolution come to by "The Lords Commissioners of the Treasury" in respect of my claim, and I especially object respectfully to the statement that for compensation under the "14 & 15 Vict. c. 57, sect. 160," their Lordships were of opinion I should be limited to the amount paid to my predecessor, while they suggest a return, the effect of which (if it were possible to procure it in the mode desired) would be to show I ought to be paid an increased amount.

In one of my various letters of application on this subject, dated the "28th of May 1861," you will find that for the three years previous to my appointment, viz., "1855, 1856, and 1857," there were tried before my predecessor 422 ordinary and 40 ejectment civil bills. That for the three first years I acted, viz., "1858, 1859, and 1860," there were tried 500 ordinary and 53 ejectment civil bills; the annual subdivision is stated in the letter. I have now ascertained for the three subsequent years, viz., "1861, 1862, and 1863," there were tried 654 ordinary and 47 ejectment civil bills subdivided annually thus:—

In 1861	-	-	-	206 ordinary and	-	18 ejectment civil bills.
In 1862	-	-	-	205 ordinary civil bills	16	" "
In 1863	-	-	-	243 " "	13	" "
TOTAL for 1861, 1862, } and 1863 - - - }				- 654 Ordinary Civil Bills. 47 Ejectment Civil Bills.		

Treating my case equitably as the Lords Commissioners have determined, I should be paid at all events such sum over 80 *l.*, the amount paid to my predecessor annually, as the business on the civil bill proceedings done by me exceeds that of my predecessor. It is wholly impossible to make any reasonable approximation to the amount paid into the Exchequer for stamps. The most important item, viz., the 6 *d.* stamp affixed to every ordinary civil bill and copy served, and the 2 *s.* 6 *d.* stamp on ejectment civil bills, are purchased in stock as receipt stamps, would be at the stamp distributors. Original and copy is filled up and served by the party, and for one which is entered for trial (the first time I can know anything on the matter), twenty are settled or abandoned. With respect to the final query in your letter, I have to state I never received one penny as fees, or in any shape, for or in respect of civil bill proceedings, or in respect of any other civil business, or in respect of any criminal business, or at all in respect

respect of anything of any nature, kind, or description whatsoever connected with the discharge of the duties of Recorder of Galway, and I should certainly expect the Lords Commissioners, in now directing a bulk payment of the annual sums which ought to have been paid to me half yearly since my appointment, will recollect I should have received the amount in that manner, and that through no default of mine I have hitherto not been so paid.

(signed) *Michael Morris.*

— No. 4. —

(No. 5725.)

COPY of TREASURY MINUTE, dated 19 April 1864.

WRITE to Mr. Morris that the statements furnished in his letter of 11th instant, and in his former communication respecting the number of civil bills tried before him in each year since his appointment, are of so general a nature that their Lordships would have no means of estimating therefrom the amount of compensation to be awarded to him in respect of the loss of fees on civil bill proceedings; and if, as stated by him, the stamps on the several proceedings are purchased in stock for the stamp distributor, and no record is kept, except of those processes that are entered for trial, it does not appear that any exact information on the subject could be obtained from the Inland Revenue Department. My Lords observe, however, that by the 19th section of the Act of 14 & 15 Vict. c. 57, the officer appointed for the service of process is directed to keep a book in such form as shall show the name of the plaintiff or defendant by or against whom any process shall be issued, the cause of action, and particulars as to the date of service, &c., and this book is to be produced at each sessions, and to be evidence as to the truth of the matters entered therein.

My Lords presume that a book of this nature must have been kept by the process-server appointed for the civil bill business of Mr. Morris' court, and if so it would appear from the terms of the section that it should give particulars of every process issued, and not of those only which came to trial. My Lords, therefore, request to be informed whether it will not be in Mr. Morris' power to furnish them with an extract from this book, certified or declared to in the usual manner, stating the several processes issued in each year since his appointment, under the different heads in respect of which stamps are imposed, and also of the number of notices of renewal and recognizances entered into on appeal.

— No. 5. —

(No. 5725.)

Mr. *Michael Morris* to the Secretary of the Treasury.

22, Lower FitzWilliam-street, Dublin,

25 April 1864.

Sir,

IN reply to your letter dated the 19th instant, and numbered as at top, I have caused inquiry to be made to the present process-servers in my court, who are four in number, two of whom were in office at the time of my appointment, and two were appointed to fill vacancies caused by death since my appointment. I learn they never kept any book or record such as that pointed out by 14 & 15 Vict. c. 57, s. 19, referred to in your letter, and state they never did so during the time of my predecessor, or at all. I perceive the section only applies to process-servers of chairmen of counties, and that the process-servers of my court would rather come under the 14 & 15 Vict. c. 57, s. 159. The mode of proof of service which I found as the practice and since followed, was by the examination on oath of the process-server, who referred to his entry on the back of the original civil bill entered for trial as to the date, mode of service, &c., of the copy on the defendant. While I am most anxious to afford or procure every information for the Lords Commissioners, I would call attention to the admitted fact that I received my appointment on the faith

of being paid at the court the compensation or amount paid to my predecessor, and that I have always been led to suppose I would be paid at a much higher rate. I have been steadily applying on the subject since "April 1858" to the present, as the various documents which have sprung up evidence—my claim has been always admitted—the practical difficulty I experienced was "to get paid." I should certainly expect that, as the records of my court show, the entries for trial of "'55, '56, and '57" (my predecessor's three last years of office), were 422, excluding ejectments, &c.; during "'58, '59, and '60, my first three years, were 500; and during "'61, '62, and '63," the next three years, were 654. It would be perfectly clear that the loss of fees, &c., to me was, for the first three years, nearly one-fourth more than to my predecessor, and for the next three years was fully one-half more. I have already called attention to the fact that I ought to have been paid half-yearly, and that through no default of mine my money has been so long withheld. I presume there can be no objection to estimate the difference to which I am entitled in consequence thereof.

I have, &c.
(signed) *Michael Morris.*

— No. 6. —

(No. 6614.)

COPY of TREASURY MINUTE, dated 4 May 1864.

WRITE to the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, that my Lords are desirous of ascertaining the extent of the business done by the Recorder of Galway in respect of proceedings in his court by civil bill in each year since his appointment, in order that they may be enabled to decide upon a claim which has been preferred by the Recorder to a continuation of the compensation awarded to his predecessor under the 160th section of 14 & 15 Vict. c. 57. The present Recorder was appointed to his office on 13th October 1857. He has furnished a statement of the total number of ordinary civil bills, and ejectment on civil bills tried before him in the years 1858, 1859, 1860, 1861, 1862, and 1863, but adds that it is not possible to give any statement of all civil bill processes issued, but only of those that come to trial, and that the number issued and settled or abandoned before they are heard, is in the proportion of about twenty to one that comes to trial. My Lords observe, however, that by the 62d section of the Act above mentioned, certain stamp duties payable to her Majesty are imposed on different forms of civil bill process, and they request to be informed whether it will be in the power of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue to furnish them with a return for the years referred to of the stamps issued under all, or any of the heads specified in the section in respect of civil bill business transacted in the Recorder's Court at Galway, with a view of ascertaining the amount actually paid into the Exchequer for stamp duties on such business.

— No. 7. —

The Commissioners of Inland Revenue to the Lords Commissioners
of the Treasury.

Inland Revenue, Somerset House,
13 May 1864.

May it please your Lordships,

WE have had the honour to receive Mr. Peel's letter of the 5th instant, requesting that your Lordships may be informed whether it is in our power to furnish a return for the years from 1858 to 1863 of stamps issued in respect of civil bill processes in Ireland, with a view to assist your Lordships in deciding upon a claim made by the Recorder of Galway for the continuation of the compensation awarded to his predecessor.

In reply, we beg leave to state that it is not possible for us to supply such a return as is required.

The accounts at our office in Dublin, and in the several stamp districts in Ireland, record the civil bill stamps sold at each rate, but such stamps may be used in any civil bill court, and there is no means of distinguishing the use to which they are subsequently applied, or even of inferring the proportion that may have been used in the business of any one court.

The civil bill forms, which are officially printed, are of general application; but it is also open to any attorney to have forms printed for his own use. Even these last are not so printed as to be limited to a particular court, but only to a particular solicitor.

There are eight civil bill courts in the county of Galway, and attorneys resident in the county town practise at all or any of them; hence even the sale of civil bill stamps in the town of Galway would be no criterion of civil bill business in the Recorder's Court, inasmuch as such sale on the one hand would be inclusive of stamps used for cases in other courts, and on the other would be exclusive of those procured by Galway attorneys at our Dublin office.

To the Lords Commissioners of
Her Majesty's Treasury.

We have, &c.
(signed) *W. H. Stephenson.*
Alfred Montgomery.
Alex. Duff Gordon.

— No. 8. —

COPY OF TREASURY MINUTE, dated 23 May 1864.

WRITE to Mr. Morris with reference to the correspondence which has passed between himself and this Board on the subject of his application for an allowance in lieu of the fees formerly payable on civil bill proceedings in the Recorder's Court at Galway, that my Lords are willing, subject to the necessary provision being made by Parliament, to authorise the payment to him, so long as he may act as Recorder, and transact the civil bill business of the Galway Court, of such allowance, not exceeding 80 *l.* per annum, to commence with the present financial year, as the returns of that branch of the business of his court may appear to authorise. For this purpose it will be necessary that accurate accounts should be kept for the future of the civil bill processes issued, in the manner pointed out by the 19th sect. of 14 & 15 Vict. cap. 57, and that the same should be rendered to this Board at the close of each year, the first return to be made for the year ending 31st March 1865.

It was stated in Mr. Morris' letter of 25th ultimo that the requirements of this section appeared to apply only to process-servers to chairmen of counties and assistant barristers, and not to the process-servers of his court, who have never, as he states, hitherto kept any such returns, the court being one of those referred to in the 159th section of the Act. My Lords would observe, however, that this section prescribes that proceedings by civil bill before recorders shall be, as nearly as circumstances will permit, in the same forms, and subject to the same provisions as are laid down by the Act for civil bills determined before chairmen and assistant barristers. It would seem, therefore, that the books directed by the 19th section should have been kept by the process-servers of Mr. Morris' Court, and it must be understood that these accounts cannot be dispensed with for the future.

The absence of any authentic record of the civil bill business of the court for the several years since Mr. Morris' appointment, and the inability of the Board of Inland Revenue to furnish any separate return for that court of the civil bill stamps issued for those years, have rendered it impossible for their Lordships to calculate the extent of the business transacted in respect of which stamp duties have been paid into the Exchequer. They will, however, be prepared to recommend in the next Estimates that may be presented to Parliament (those for the present financial year having been already laid before the House of Commons), that an allowance at a rate not exceeding 80 *l.* per annum should be granted to Mr. Morris for the period that has elapsed since the date of his appointment, to 31st March last; and, should Parliament approve the grant of such allowance, my Lords will then be ready to direct payment of the amount to Mr. Morris.

In thus communicating the decision to which their Lordships have arrived on the application preferred by Mr. Morris, they would observe that as by the 160th section of the Act the period for which an allowance from public funds was payable to the Recorder of Galway terminated with the resignation of his predecessor, it is only in consideration of the special circumstances of his case that they have felt themselves justified in proposing to continue a like charge upon the public during his tenure of office.

The same concession cannot, under any circumstances, be made to his successor, and my Lords have caused a communication to this effect to be addressed to the Irish Government.

Write to the Chief Secretary for Ireland, that the attention of the Board has been directed to the position of Mr. Morris, the present Recorder of Galway; and, as regards the office which he holds, some considerations have suggested themselves which my Lords are desirous should be submitted to his Excellency the Lord Lieutenant.

Mr. O'Hara, the predecessor of Mr. Morris, appears to have been awarded a compensation of 80*l.* a-year, under the 160th section of the 14 & 15 Vict. c. 57, in respect of the loss of fees sustained by him under that Act. On the retirement of Mr. O'Hara, Mr. Morris was appointed Recorder of Galway, on the 13th October 1857, but without any intimation or understanding, as far as my Lords can discover, with regard to the salary or emoluments of the office. A question having been raised at the Pay Office with regard to the construction of the 160th clause of the Act of 1851, the opinion of the then law officers of the Crown in Ireland, Messrs. Fitzgerald and Deasy, was given on the 5th November 1859, to the effect that the power of awarding compensation in lieu of fees, abolished by that Act, and commuted for stamp charges, is restricted, in the 160th clause, to the cases of the then existing recorders; and consequently Mr. Morris has been left in the position of holding a judicial office, having both civil and criminal functions, without salary or emoluments.

Mr. Morris states that the jurisdiction of the Recorder of Galway extends over an area comprised within a circle of five miles from the centre of the town; that he has, within that area, all the jurisdiction of an assistant barrister, except insolvency, while he has co-ordinate jurisdiction in the trial of civil bills; that all other civil business, ejectments, &c., appeals against valuations, publicans' licenses, and the entire criminal business, is exclusively cognizable by the recorder, who is obliged by the statute to hold four quarter sessions each year, for the trial of all offences within the county of the town of Galway which are too serious to be disposed of at petty sessions; and for hearing appeals from courts of petty sessions.

This Board, having regard more particularly to the substitution of stamps, the proceeds of which are payable into the Exchequer, for the fees formerly payable in respect of civil proceedings, is of opinion that Mr. Morris, under the circumstances, has, equitably, a claim for consideration in respect of his civil functions, to an extent depending upon the amount of his business, but not exceeding the compensation awarded to his predecessor; but my Lords cannot admit that, as recorder, he has any claim to be paid out of public funds any salary in respect of his functions as a judge in criminal proceedings.

Their Lordships enclose a copy of their communication to Mr. Morris, conveying their decision on this subject; and inasmuch as the allowance which my Lords propose has reference only to Mr. Morris' civil functions, and will be personal to himself, their Lordships submit, for the consideration of his Excellency, whether it would not be advisable to introduce a Bill, or propose a clause in any Bill before Parliament which may admit of such clause, extending the jurisdiction of the assistant barrister of the county of Galway in criminal matters, and in the other matters referred to by Mr. Morris, to the district of the county of the town of Galway, and thus, in effect, to provide that, on the next vacancy, the office of Recorder of Galway shall cease, unless a salary shall be provided from municipal funds, under the 163d section of the Irish Municipal Corporation Act, 3 & 4 Vict. c. 108.

RECORDER OF GALWAY.

COPY of PAPERS on the subject of the EMOLUMENTS of the OFFICE of Mr. Michael Morris, Recorder of Galway.

(*Mr. Peel.*)

*Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
5 April 1865.*

188. +

Under 1 oz.

REGISTRY OF DEEDS OFFICE (DUBLIN).

RETURN to an Order of the Honourable The House of Commons,
dated 31 March 1865;—for,

RETURNS, “showing the Number of MEMORIALS Untranscribed, and of TRANSCRIPTS requiring to be Compared or Examined with the Originals on the 1st day of March 1865:”

“Of the REQUISITIONS for NEGATIVE or COMMON SEARCHES in the REGISTRY of DEEDS OFFICE, DUBLIN, on the same Date:”

“Showing up to what Date the INDEXES of RECORDED NEGATIVE SEARCHES, pursuant to the Act 11 & 12 Vict. c. 120, have been completed, and the Number of RECORDED NEGATIVE SEARCHES in the Office on the 1st day of March 1865, which have not been entered in the Indexes:”

“Showing up to what Date the LANDS INDEX of the said RECORDED NEGATIVE SEARCHES, directed to be kept by the said Act, has been made; and up to what Time the said INDEXES have been Compared or Examined:”

“And, showing the Number of PERSONS at present Employed in the REGISTRY of DEEDS OFFICE, DUBLIN; the Number of Classes, and the Number of Persons Employed in each Class respectively, in said Office; the Maximum and Minimum SALARIES, with the Yearly Increase, if any, paid to the CLERKS in each Class; and the Total Annual Expense of said Office.”

THE number of Memorials untranscribed on the 1st day of March 1865 was 2,690. These have been all since transcribed, and, in addition, the Memorials since received are transcribed up to the latest possible time, viz., to within five days.

As to the number of Transcripts requiring to be compared or examined with the Originals on the 1st day of March 1865, it is mentioned in a Return made to the House of Commons from this office on 9th April 1863, that a prior Return made to the House on the 25th July 1861 contained the following statement:

It cannot be stated with certainty whether the memorials were compared in earlier periods of the registry; but from the correct state in which the first 300 volumes of transcripts appear, it is presumed these were compared; they contain 249,254 memorials, the last being registered 31st December 1785. From the latter date down to 14th September 1814, the number of memorials registered is 217,482, which would not appear to have been compared.

The comparison was taken up from September 1814 down to 30th June 1858, when the pressure of other business interfered.

In giving abstracts upon negative searches, these are checked against the verified abstract books; or where such do not exist in the earlier years, against the original memorials.

Of the transcripts from the above date, 30th June 1858, the number requiring to be compared or examined with the originals on the 1st day of March 1863 was 45,628.

In consequence of the pressure upon the office in other directions, but slight progress could be made with the comparisons of the transcripts. However, of the transcripts since 30th June 1858 to the 1st day of March 1865, amounting to 80,017, there have been compared 9,929, which leaves the number to be compared on the 1st March 1865, 70,088, in addition to the old memorials between 1785 and 1814, as above mentioned.

THE number of requisitions for negative searches in the office, on 1st March 1865, not in progress of being made, was 50.

Common searches, 23.

These searches have all since been made.

THE Indexes both on lands and names of the recorded negative searches are complete up to the present; and have latterly been kept entered up currently with the recording of the negative searches, or nearly so.

These Indexes are kept in the form authorised by the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, under the authority of the 3d section of the Act 11 & 12 Vict. c. 120. They were never compared, as it was not found necessary to do so.

The ESTABLISHMENT of the Office is as follows:—

One Registrar 1,200 *l.* per annum; no increment.

First Assistant Registrar 600 *l.* per annum, increasing by 25 *l.* per annum to 700 *l.* maximum.

Second Assistant Registrar 500 *l.* per annum, increasing by 25 *l.* per annum to 600 *l.* maximum.

Two First Class Clerks { Senior 300 *l.* per annum, increasing by 15 *l.* per annum to 360 *l.*, and thence by 20 *l.* per annum to 400 *l.*
Junior 300 *l.* per annum, increasing by 15 *l.* per annum to 360 *l.*

15 Second Class Clerks 150 *l.* per annum, increasing by 10 *l.* per annum to 250 *l.*

30 Third Class Clerks 80 *l.* per annum, increasing by 5 *l.* per annum to 130 *l.*

18 Transcribers 52 *l.* per annum, increasing by 2 *l.* 12 *s.* per annum to 78 *l.*

At present there are 13 temporary or occasional clerks employed engrossing the transcripts of memorials, and 10 making duplicate engrossments of the Consolidated Dictionary Names Index for the Decennial periods 1840-49, and 1850-59. These extra clerks are paid according to the work done by them.

The expenses of the office have averaged about 12,000 *l.* to 12,200 *l.* per annum.

For the last year, ended 31st March 1864, they were,—

	£.	s.	d.
For salaries - - - - -	10,626	6	3
Extra clerks transcribing memorials - - - - -	979	10	8
Care of apartments, servants, &c. - - - - -	115	12	8
Miscellaneous - - - - -	19	5	6
	11,740	15	1
Parchment, books, stationery, &c. - - - - -	475	-	10
£.	12,215	15	11

Registrar of Deeds Office, Ireland,
8 June 1865.

Morgan O'Connell,
Registrar.

REGISTRY OF DEEDS OFFICE
(DUBLIN).

RETURNS showing the Number of MEMORIALS Untranscribed, and of TRANSCRIPTS requiring to be Compared or Examined with the Original, on 1 March 1865; of the REQUISITIONS for NEGATIVE or COMMON SEARCHES in the Registry of DEEDS OFFICE, DUBLIN, on the same Date; showing up to what Date the INDEXES of RECORDED NEGATIVE SEARCHES have been Completed, and the Number of RECORDED NEGATIVE SEARCHES in the Office on 1 March 1865, which have not been entered in the Indexes; &c.

(*Sir Edward Grogan.*)

*Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
16 June 1865.*

378.

Under 1 oz.

REGISTER OF SASINES (EDINBURGH).

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons,
dated 30 March 1865 ;— *for*,

“RETURN of the State of the PARTICULAR REGISTER of SASINES kept in *Edinburgh* for the Three Lothians on the 1st day of June and the 1st day of December respectively, in each of the Years 1862, 1863, and 1864 ; showing, in a Tabulated Form, the Date to which the Register and Minute Book were made up on each of those Days ; the Number of Deeds Lodged up to each of those Days ; the Number remaining to be Recorded on each of those Days ; and the respective Dates to which the ABRIDGMENTS and INDICES had been made up on each of those Days.”

(*Mr. Edward Craufurd.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
25 April 1865.

RETURN of the State of the PARTICULAR REGISTER of SASINES kept in *Edinburgh*, for the Three Lothians, on the 1st day of June and 1st day of December respectively, in each of the Years 1862, 1863, and 1864; showing, in a Tabulated Form, the Date to which the Register and Minute Book were made up on each of those Days, the Number of Deeds lodged up to each of those Days, and the Number remaining to be recorded on each of those Days.

Year	Number of Writs lodged or Ingiven from					Date to which Register Volumes completely engrossed at 1 June.	Date of lodging or ingiving latest Writ engrossed in Register at 1 June.	Date to which Minute Book made up at 1 June.	Number of Writs remaining to be engrossed in Register Volumes at 1 June.	Number of Writs remaining to be Minuted at 1 June.	Date to which Register Volumes completely engrossed at 1 December.	Date of lodging or ingiving latest Writ engrossed in Register at 1 December.	Date to which Minute Book made up at 1 December.	Number of Writs remaining to be engrossed in Register Volumes at 1 December.	Number of Writs remaining to be Minuted at 1 December.	
	1 Jan. to 14 May.	15 May to 1 June.	2 June to 10 Nov.	11 Nov. to 1 Dec.	2 Dec. to 31 Dec.											
1862	814	645	1,023	279	223	2,984	5 May -	16 May -	17 May -	613	330	20 Oct. -	12 Nov. -	26 Nov. -	346	27
1863	946	622	956	241	221	2,986	22 April	15 May -	19 May -	745	261	6 Nov. -	20 Nov. -	26 Nov. -	169	30
1864	782	665	1,065	262	188	2,852	27 April	17 May -	21 May -	547	187	1 Nov. -	13 Nov. -	30 Nov. -	292	19

John C. Brodie,
Keeper of the Particular Register of Sasines, Edinburgh.

RETURN showing the State of the ABRIDGMENTS and INDICES of the PARTICULAR REGISTER of SASINES, &c., for *Edinburgh, Linlithgow, and Haddington*, on the 1st day of June and 1st day of December respectively, in each of the Years 1862, 1863, and 1864.

Note.—During the period embraced in this Return the Abridging Establishment was employed on the Seventh Series of the Abridgments, which had reference to all the Counties in Scotland, for the period from 1st January 1856 to 31st December 1860. The progress made with that Series, in so far as regarded the Counties of Edinburgh, Linlithgow, and Haddington, as at the respective dates mentioned in the above title, was as stated below; but it is to be noted that the formation of the Abridgments for the Three Lothians is, equally with the formation of the Abridgments for the other Counties in Scotland, dependent at all times on the advance made in Abridging the General Register of Sasines, because, until the General Register is Abridged and Collated, the printing of the Abridgment for each County, which embraces entries of Writs recorded as well in the General as in the Particular Register, cannot be commenced.

SEVENTH SERIES, 1856-1860.

A B R I D G M E N T S.				INDICES OF PERSONS.
DATE.	ABRIDGED.	COLLATED.	PRINTED.	DRAFTED, AND REFERENCES SUPPLIED AS FOLLOW—
EDINBURGH :				
1 June 1862 -	Seventh Series not commenced.	.		
1 Dec. 1862 -	At this date the Abridging was progressing in Two Sections. Sect. I.—1 January 1856 to 26 May 1856 - " II.—1 January 1859 to 7 January 1859	- -	- -	{ 1 June 1862 } Not commenced. 1 Dec. 1862 }
1 June 1863 -	At this date the Abridging was progressing in Two Sections. Sect. I.—18 December 1856 to 13 Feb. 1857 " II.—13 April 1859 to 3 May 1859	16 Aug. 1856	29 Jan. 1856.	1 June 1863 - to - 15 Jan. 1856.
1 Dec. 1863 -	At this date the Abridging was progressing in Two Sections. Sect. I.—11 July 1857 to 16 November 1857 " II.—20 May 1859 to 26 May 1859	13 Aug. 1857	27 July 1857.	1 Dec. 1863 - to - 27 June 1857. 1 June 1864 - to - 29 Sept. 1858.
1 June 1864 -	At this date the Abridging was progressing in Six Sections. Sect. I.—13 November 1858 to 30 Nov. 1858 " II.—10 December 1858 to 31 Dec. 1858 " III.—8 September 1859 to 4 October 1859 " IV.—1 November 1859 to 12 Nov. 1859 " V.—26 January 1860 to 9 February 1860 " VI.—1 April 1860 to 20 April 1860	10 Nov. 1858	11 Oct. 1858.	1 Dec. 1864 - to - 26 May 1859.
1 Dec. 1864 -	At this date the Abridging was progressing in Four Sections. Sect. I.—21 March 1860 to 31 March 1860 - " II.—23 September 1860 to 31 Oct. 1860 " III.—1 November 1860 to 22 Nov. 1860 " IV.—1 December 1860 to 6 Dec. 1860	9 Nov. 1859	29 Aug. 1859.	
LINLITHGOW :				
1 June 1864 -	The Abridging and Collating of Linlithgow and Haddington carried on simultaneously with Edinburgh.	-	To 30 Dec. 1856	Not commenced.
HADDINGTON :				
1 Dec. 1864 -	- - - - -	-	To 1 July 1857	Not commenced.

W. P. Dundas,
Deputy Clerk Register.

REGISTER OF SASINES (EDINBURGH).

RETURNS of the State of the PARTICULAR
REGISTER of SASINES kept in *Edinburgh* for
the Three Lothians on 1st June and 1st Decem-
ber respectively, in each of the Years 1862,
1863, and 1864; and of the State of the
ABRIDGMENTS and INDICES on those Days;
&c.

(*Mr. Edward Craufurd.*)

*Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
25 April 1865.*

ASSAULTS (METROPOLIS).

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable the House of Commons, dated 18 July 1864 ;—for,

A “ RETURN of the Number of ASSAULT CASES brought before each of the METROPOLITAN POLICE COURTS that have been punished by Fine; the Amount received for such Fines at each Office; the Number of Committals; and the Number Discharged, from June 1860 to June 1862 :”
“ And, similar RETURN from June 1862 to June 1864.”

P O L I C E C O U R T S.	June 1860 to June 1862.					June 1862 to June 1864.				
	* Total Number of Assault Cases brought before the Magistrates.	Number of Assault Cases punished by Fine	Amount received for such Fines.	Number of Committals.	Number Discharged.	* Total Number of Assault Cases brought before the Magistrates.	Number of Assault Cases punished by Fine.	Amount received for such Fines.	Number of Committals.	Number Discharged.
Bow Street Police Court	2,304	580	£. s. d. 787 18 6	820	947	2,459	655	£. s. d. 950 6 6	907	871
Clerkenwell Police Court	4,378	434	545 17 6	614	3,385	4,954	568	643 2 7	917	3,748
Lambeth Police Court	1,213	678	668 2 6	516	598	1,314	754	713 11 6	566	604
Marlborough Street Police Court	2,085	650	770 10 6	695	1,069	1,834	562	661 9 7	605	862
Marylebone Police Court	1,385	336	283 - -	200	759	1,693	374	275 6 -	418	901
Southwark Police Court	2,951	881	524 13 6	514	1,606	3,165	1,017	479 19 6	681	1,607
Thames Police Court	2,079	712	685 6 6	584	1,512	2,946	856	818 13 6	1,004	1,336
Westminster Police Court	1,278	161	258 6 -	218	932	1,516	250	232 11 -	272	1,019
Worship Street Police Court	2,786	949	618 - 4	627	1,210	3,432	1,273	681 9 -	607	1,602
Greenwich and Woolwich Police Courts :										
Greenwich	665	318	343 8 6	129	234	756	390	371 18 6	130	297
Woolwich	534	219	375 - 6	161	184	402	179	217 - -	89	164
Hammersmith Police Court	699	254	139 10 -	147	340	906	342	183 4 6	228	398
Wandsworth Police Court	337	183	84 19 6	47	151	450	222	113 14 6	116	206
TOTAL	23,354	6,356	6,074 13 10	5,362	12,927	25,907	7,442	6,342 6 8	6,540	13,615

* The total number of cases does not imply the number of persons, there being in some instances two or more persons included in one case.

ASSAULTS (METROPOLIS).

RETURN of the Number of Assault Cases brought before each of the METROPOLITAN Police Courts that have been punished by Fine; the Amount received for such Fines at each Office; the Number of Commitals; and the Number Discharged, from June 1860 to June 1862, and from June 1862 to June 1864.

(*Sir Morton Peto.*)

*Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
13 February 1865.*

D R U N K E N N E S S .

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons,
dated 25 July 1864;—for,

“ RETURN, for the Years 1862 and 1863, of the Number of PERSONS taken before the MAGISTRATES of the METROPOLIS for DRUNKENNESS, during the Days of each Week respectively, in a form that would give the Particulars enumerated beneath :—

	Convicted.		Discharged.		TOTAL.	
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
Monday - - - -						
Tuesday - - - -						
Wednesday - - - -						
Thursday - - - -						
Friday - - - -						
Saturday - - - -						

M E T R O P O L I T A N P O L I C E .

RETURN, for the Years 1862 and 1863, of the Number of PERSONS taken before the MAGISTRATES of the METROPOLIS for DRUNKENNESS, during the Days of each Week respectively.

	Drunk.				Drunk and Disorderly.				Drunkenness, accompanied by Assault.				Total Number of Persons Apprehended for foregoing Offences.				Total Number of both Sexes Apprehended.
	Convicted.		Discharged.		Convicted.		Discharged.		Convicted.		Discharged.		Convicted.		Discharged.		
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	
1862 :																	
Monday - -	469	242	864	924	1,271	697	737	675	834	225	321	141	2,574	1,164	1,922	1,740	7,400
Tuesday - -	319	131	561	671	740	617	452	557	526	199	184	101	1,585	947	1,197	1,329	5,058
Wednesday - -	331	124	477	548	574	455	351	502	398	127	136	90	1,303	706	964	1,140	4,113
Thursday - -	297	115	428	439	477	426	274	363	279	101	113	78	1,053	642	815	880	3,390
Friday - -	288	109	402	398	479	364	270	354	305	101	101	56	1,072	574	773	808	3,227
Saturday - -	387	127	583	521	638	461	430	432	498	149	180	72	1,523	737	1,193	1,025	4,478
TOTAL - -	2,091	848	3,315	3,501	4,179	3,020	2,514	2,883	2,840	902	1,035	538	9,110	4,770	6,864	6,922	27,666
1863 :																	
Monday - -	458	210	707	796	1,245	717	709	694	935	226	367	82	2,638	1,153	1,773	1,572	7,136
Tuesday - -	297	130	475	631	702	531	442	49	493	140	130	62	1,492	801	1,047	742	4,082
Wednesday - -	296	132	453	493	554	424	319	424	343	92	98	41	1,193	648	870	958	3,669
Thursday - -	311	131	392	402	531	399	268	329	264	79	88	35	1,106	609	748	766	3,229
Friday - -	271	123	325	352	465	381	221	292	281	78	74	3	1,017	582	620	647	2,866
Saturday - -	404	163	532	510	666	481	408	369	472	114	179	53	1,542	758	1,119	932	4,351
TOTAL - -	2,037	889	2,884	3,184	4,163	2,933	2,367	2,157	2,788	729	926	276	8,988	4,551	6,177	5,617	25,333

Metropolitan Police Office, }
9 September 1864.

Prepared from Superintendents' Returns.

Richard Mayne.

Thomas Kittle, Inspector.

C I T Y O F L O N D O N P O L I C E .

RETURN, for the Years 1862 and 1863, of the Number of PERSONS taken before the MAGISTRATES of the CITY of LONDON for DRUNKENNESS, during the Days of each Week respectively.

	Convicted.		Discharged.		TOTAL.	
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
1862 and 1863 :						
Monday - - - -	none - -	none - -	none - -	none - -	none - -	none.
Tuesday - - - -						
Wednesday - - - -						
Thursday - - - -						
Friday - - - -						
Saturday - - - -						

N. B.—In the City of London a drunkard is detained at the station till sober ; but not taken before a magistrate unless guilty of an act of indecency, or of an assault, or of violent or disorderly conduct, when the charge would be entered under one of these heads, and dealt with accordingly.

James Fraser, Colonel,
Commissioner of Police of the City of London.

DRUNKENNESS.

RETURN, for the Years 1862 and 1863, of the
Number of Persons taken before the MAGIS-
TRATES of the METROPOLIS for DRUNKEN-
NESS, during the Days of each Week respec-
tively; &c.

(*Mr. Somes.*)

*Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
13 February 1865.*

POACHING PREVENTION ACT (CASES REPORTED).

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons,
dated 20 February 1865;—for,

“RETURN of Number of CASES under the Provisions of the POACHING PREVENTION Act reported by the Constabulary of *England* and *Wales* in the Year ending September 1864, and the Number of CONVICTIONS recorded:”

“And, similar RETURN for *Ireland*.”

RETURN of the Number of CASES under the Provisions of the POACHING PREVENTION Act (25 & 26 Vict. c. 114), reported by the Constabulary of *England* and *Wales* in the Year ending September 1864, and the Number of CONVICTIONS recorded; and, similar RETURN for *Ireland*.

	ENGLAND AND WALES.	IRELAND.	TOTAL.
Number of Cases - - -	890	31	921
Number of Convictions - -	720	15	735

Whitehall, March 1865.

**POACHING PREVENTION ACT (CASES
REPORTED).**

RETURN of the Number of Cases under the Provisions of the POACHING PREVENTION ACT (26 & 26 Vict. c. 114) reported by the Constabulary of *England* and *Wales* in the Year ending September 1864, and the Number of Convictions recorded; and, similar RETURN for *Ireland*.

(Captain Archdall.)

*Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
25 April 1865.*

POACHING PREVENTION ACT (EXPENSES OF PROSECUTIONS).

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons,
dated 20 February 1865;—for,

“ RETURN of Expenses of PROSECUTIONS under the Provisions of the
POACHING PREVENTION ACT reported by the Constabulary of *England*
and *Wales* in the Year ending September 1864 :”

“ And, similar RETURN for *Ireland*.”

[So far as relates to *England* and *Wales*.]

(*Mr. William Edward Forster.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
25 April 1865.

RETURN of the EXPENSES of PROSECUTIONS under the Provisions of the POACHING PREVENTION ACT, reported by the Constabulary of *England and Wales*, in the Year ending September 1864.

C O U N T Y.	Number of Cases.	Total Amount of Expenses.	Amount by whom Paid.		
			By Defendants.	By County and Police.	By Complainant, and Unpaid.
ENGLAND :			£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Bedford - - - - -	4	2 11 -	- - -	1 8 -	1 3 -
Berks - - - - -	6	2 6 6	- - -	- 16 6	1 10 -
Bucks - - - - -	10	14 6 6	3 9 -	10 17 6	—
Cambridge - - - - -	- nil.				
Cornwall - - - - -	-	4 1 -	4 1 -	—	
Cumberland - - - - -	5	not stated	three cases	- - -	two cases.
Derby - - - - -	-	15 11 -	- - -	15 11 -	—
Devon - - - - -	17	7 2 8	5 12 8	- - -	1 10
Dorset - - - - -	- nil.				
Durham - - - - -	22	5 17 6	5 17 6	—	—
Essex - - - - -	12	5 17 -	2 17 6	2 6 -	- 13 6
Gloucester - - - - -	13	5 5 6	1 8 -	1 13 -	2 4 6
Herefordshire - - - - -	1	8 9 -	3 16 -	3 18 6	- 14 6
Hertfordshire - - - - -	3	2 18 -	1 4 -	- 14 -	1 - -
Huntingdon - - - - -	- nil.				
Kent - - - - -	14	5 13 6	3 5 6	2 8 -	—
Lancaster - - - - -	- cannot be stated -		- - -	* 6 8 5	—
Leicester - - - - -	-	10 18 10	8 8 3	2 10 7	—
Lincoln - - - - -	28	10 17 -	7 19 6	2 2 -	- 15 6
Monmouth - - - - -	1	- 12 10	- - -	- - -	- 12 10
Norfolk - - - - -	24	9 13 3	7 15 9	1 17 6	—
Northampton - - - - -	-	28 18 7	- - -	20 3 7	8 15 -
Peterborough, Liberty of - - - - -	- nil.				
Northumberland - - - - -	-	26 5 2	16 10 -	9 15 2	—
Nottingham - - - - -	- no means of stating		no expenses charged against the Police or County Rate.		
Oxford - - - - -	5	- - - no expenses incurred.			
Rutland - - - - -	- nil.				
Salop - - - - -	-	6 3 8	1 17 -	4 6 8	—
Somerset - - - - -	-	7 0 9	2 12 3	4 8 6	—
Southampton - - - - -	31	7 15 6	5 6 -	- - -	2 9 6
Stafford - - - - -	-	30 17 5	13 4 6	3 8 5	14 4 6
Suffolk, East - - - - -	11	6 7 6	2 3 -	3 5 6	- 19 -
Suffolk, West - - - - -	5	2 17 -	2 5 6	- 11 6	—
Surrey - - - - -	3	1 10 -	- - -	1 10 -	—
Sussex, East - - - - -	10	4 5 7	2 17 7	- - -	1 8 -
Sussex, West - - - - -	3	2 14 6	2 14 6	—	—
Warwick - - - - -	-	25 9 6	9 3 -	13 5 -	3 1 6
Westmoreland - - - - -	10	1 15 -	1 - -	- 15 -	—
Wilts - - - - -	15	6 12 -	5 - 6	1 11 6	—
Worcester - - - - -	26	14 17 8	11 7 2	3 10 6	—

* Expenses incurred by Police subsequent to conviction.

C O U N T Y.	Number of Cases.	Total Amount of Expenses.	Amounts by whom Paid.			
			By Defendants.	By County and Police.	By Complainant, and Unpaid.	
ENGLAND—continued.			£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
York, East Riding - - -	21	8 4 -	5 3 -	2 10 -	- 11 -	-
York, North Riding - - -	17	8 4 -	4 9 6	3 14 6	-	-
York, West Riding - - -	17	10 9 11	9 11 5	- 18 6	-	-
WALES.						
Anglesey - - - - -	- nil.					
Brecon - - - - -	3	1 7 -	-	-	-	-
Cardigan - - - - -	- nil.					
Carmarthen - - - - -	- nil.					
Carnarvon - - - - -	- nil.					
Denbigh - - - - -	-	4 1 6	3 1 6	1 - -	-	-
Flint - - - - -	- nil.					
Glamorgan - - - - -	2	Each fined 20s. and costs, paid by Defendants.				
Merioneth - - - - -	- nil.					
Montgomery - - - - -	1	- 8 -	- 8 -	-	-	-
Pembroke - - - - -	4	2 8 9	0 18 9	- - -	1 10 0	0
Radnor - - - - -	1	- 6 -	- 6 -	-	-	-
Blandford - - - - -	1	- 11 -	- 11 -	-	-	-
Bridgnorth - - - - -	3	1 13 6	- 8 6	1 5 -	-	-
Bristol - - - - -	- nil.					
Congleton - - - - -	7	3 12 6	1 7 6	- - -	2 5 -	-
Doncaster - - - - -	5	2 2 -	1 9 -	- 13 -	-	-
Hull - - - - -	1	- - -	Fine and costs.			
Kidderminster - - - - -	- nil.					
Laicester, Borough - - - - -	2	1 1 -	1 1 -	-	-	-
Leamington - - - - -	2	2 8 6	- - -	- - -	2 18 6	6
Lincoln, City - - - - -	3	1 13 -	-	1 13 -	-	-
Ludlow - - - - -	1	1 1 -	- - -	1 1 -	-	-
Macclesfield - - - - -	1	- 12 -	- 12 -	-	-	-
Nottingham, Borough - - - - -	- nil.					
South Molton - - - - -	1	- 15 6	- - -	- 15 6	-	-
Stamford - - - - -	1	- 7 -	- - -	- - -	- 7 -	-
Tunbridge Wells - - - - -	2	- amount not given.				
Warrington - - - - -	3	1 12 6	- - -	- - -	1 12 6	6
Warwick - - - - -	2	1 2 -	- - -	- - -	1 2 -	-
Wigan - - - - -	-	1 2 -	- - -	- - -	1 2 -	-
Wolverhampton - - - - -	1	- - -	Expense, paid by Borough.			

POACHING PREVENTION ACT
(EXPENSES OF PROSECUTIONS).

RETURN of EXPENSES of PROSECUTIONS under
the Provisions of the POACHING PREVENTION
Act reported by the Constabulary of *England*
and *Wales* in the Year ending September 1864.

(*Mr. William Edward Forster.*)

*Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
25 April 1865.*

205—1.

Under 1 oz.

M A R Y R Y A N.

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons,
dated 23 February 1865;—for,

“ COPY of OFFICIAL CORRESPONDENCE with Her Majesty's Government,
relative to the ABDUCTION of a NUN, named *Mary Ryan*.”

Whitehall,
25 February 1865. }

H. WADDINGTON.

— No. 1. —

Mr. *Davis* to Sir *G. Grey*.

Chapel Staircase, Lincoln's Inn,
12 September 1864.

Sir,

I HAVE the honour to inclose you an extract from the “*Leeds Mercury*,” dated September 12th instant, purporting to be a letter published in the “*Daily Telegraph*” by an eye-witness, of a forcible carrying off abroad of a young lady, and from English soil.

This appears to me so great an insult to every Englishman, that I think it my duty to lay the matter before you, that immediate steps may be taken for the recovery of the young lady, and punishment of the captain of the vessel and of all parties concerned.

I have, &c.
(signed) *Sackville Davis*.

Enclosure in No. 1.

EXTRACT from the “*Leeds Mercury*” of 12 September 1864.

A PAINFUL SIGHT.—A correspondent writes to the “*Daily Telegraph* :”—“ I witnessed what to me was a very painful sight on Wednesday night at Dover. I was taking an evening's walk on the pier when the mail arrived from London. The Calais and Ostend boats were about ready for starting, when everybody was alarmed by a loud shriek from some female. I made all haste to the place from whence the noise came, when, to my great surprise, I met two nuns carrying, by main force, a beautiful girl, of from 16 to 18, to the Ostend boat. She was dragged along by head and feet. When they had got her on board she shouted and screamed again. She was taken below as soon as possible, and I heard no more of her. I wondered if the girl was being taken against her wish to some dismal convent, which, if one may judge from the company she was in, seemed likely. Was she insane? The intelligence I saw in her countenance gave no indications of insanity. I shall be pleased if any person who was present can throw any light on so sad a picture, which I turned from with an aching heart.”

— No. 2. —

Mr. *Waddington* to the Mayor of Dover.

Sir,

Whitehall, 15 September 1864.

I AM directed by Secretary Sir George Grey to inform you that his attention has been called to a letter in the “*Daily Telegraph*” (of which a copy is inclosed),

closed), headed "A painful sight," and giving particulars of a young lady who was conveyed to Dover by the 10.15 train on the 7th instant, and conveyed along the pier and on board the Ostend boat; and I am to request that you will inquire into the circumstances alleged to have taken place, and report the results.

I am, &c.
(signed) *H. Waddington.*

— No. 3. —

Mr. Stilwell to Sir G. Grey.

Sir,

Dover, 16 September 1864.

By direction of the Mayor, I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your communication, dated yesterday, with reference to a letter headed "A painful sight," which appeared in the "Daily Telegraph," and to inform you that, at the instance of the Mayor, I have already made some inquiries as to the circumstances of the case mentioned in the letter, which, so far as I have been able to ascertain them, are as follows:—

About four or five minutes before the night mail left the London Bridge station of the South Eastern Railway, two persons dressed as Sisters of Mercy (the railway guard describes them as nuns) arrived on the platform, leading another female apparently about 17 years of age, with her head enveloped in a cloak, and got into a first-class carriage, the blinds of which were immediately pulled down.

On the arrival of the train at Staplehurst, the guard's attention was called to the carriage by screams. He looked in and saw the girl seated in the centre seat of the carriage; the two women dressed as Sisters of Mercy and another female holding her down, and endeavouring to prevent her screaming. He asked what was the matter, and was answered, "Nothing."

At the Dover station the same occurrences were noticed, and on the train arriving on the Admiralty Pier one of the railway porters, on opening the carriage door, was asked by one of the women dressed as a Sister of Mercy to assist an invalid out. He got into the carriage, and saw the girl, whom he describes as about the same age as stated by the railway guard, as he says holding the arm-rest of her seat, and calling out, "Don't let me go," and screaming. The porter assisted in getting her out of the carriage on to the platform, on reaching which she again called out, "Don't let me go," and "Murder."

A young man who was on the pier was then requested to assist, which he did, and two of the females carried her to the landing-place leading to the Belgian mail-packet, when a man residing at Dover, in the employ of the Agent for the Belgian mail packet, took her from the females, and carried her down the steps on board the boat. He carried her with his arms under her, and her head resting on his arm. Her face was uncovered, so that she could, if she wished it, have spoken to him. She did not, however, do so, and said nothing until arriving on the deck of the steamer, when she cried out, "Mamma! mamma!" two or three times, and screamed. This man says that he had great difficulty in carrying her, and that her legs were tied, and she had a straight jacket on. This, however, is not consistent with the statement of the railway porter, who says she had hold of the arms of the railway carriage seat.

The Belgian Vice-Consul here informs me that the captain of the Belgian mail-steamer states to him that he has been informed the girl was taken to a maison de santé at Bruges.

The Sisters of Mercy and the other female returned to Dover, and proceeded thence to London the following day.

I have taken written statements from the police-serjeant on duty at the Admiralty Pier, the railway guard and porter, and the man who carried the girl on board the boat; and copies shall be transmitted should you desire it.

I should be glad to hear if you wish me to make any further inquiries in this matter.

The ticket inspector at the London Bridge station would probably be able to give information as to the place for which tickets were taken by the party I have described.

I have, &c.
(signed) *James Stilwell*,
Clerk to the Magistrates.

— No. 4. —

Mr. *Stilwell* to Sir *G. Grey*,

Dover, 16 September 1864.
(Received 19 September).

Sir,

I HAVE the honour to inclose two letters, received by the Mayor this morning, with reference to the subject of my letter of yesterday.

If the lady mentioned in Dr. Millar's letter is the same as the person whose treatment has called forth the letters which have appeared in the "Daily Telegraph," the occurrence may probably receive a satisfactory explanation.

I have, &c.
(signed) *James Stilwell*,
Clerk to the Magistrates.

Enclosure 1, in No. 4.

Dr. *Millar* to the Mayor of Dover.

Bethnal House Asylum, Cambridge-road,
16 September 1864.

Sir

I HAVE seen for some days letters in the paper referring to the removal of a nun to the continent, in which the writers indulge in most unchristian comments; and I have refrained from making any communication to the papers in the hope that the matter might die away.

I beg now, for your information, to state that I was professionally called by the usual medical attendant of the lady in question to examine into her mental condition, and found her to be suffering from acute mania. As she was in a private house, where the proper means of treatment could not be provided, she was removed under the care of a female attendant whom I sent, to an establishment on the continent specially devoted to the care and treatment of nuns who have become insane, there being no establishment in England to which she could be sent, having due regard to her religious profession. Her removal and condition were no secret.

I am, &c.
(signed) *Jno. Millar*,
Medical Superintendent Bethnal House Asylum.

Enclosure 2, in No. 4.

Mr. *Ashwin* to the Mayor of Dover.

Custom House, West India Docks,
Limehouse, London, 16 September 1864.

Sir,

IN consequence of my attention being drawn to a letter directed to your Worship from the Priory School, Islington, I beg to mention the following circumstances:—

Passing down the Commercial-road one evening, I noticed a young lady placed in a cab by two women accompanied by a man; a great crowd of persons were there also.

The young girl appeared to be about the age of 17. She was pale and delicate; about 5 feet 3 inches in height, and dark complexioned. Her screams were heartrending; and feeling interested in so young a creature, I inquired of a man dressed in dark clothes, standing by the window of the cab, what was the matter. He said, "Fever." I replied it was no fever. At that time a policeman came up and dispelled the crowd, and the cab then drove away, and the man who was standing at the cab window went into the house opposite

CORRESPONDENCE RELATIVE TO

to the spot where this took place. I have since learnt that this house is the abode of "nuns," or "Sisters of Charity."

If your Worship instituted inquiries to be made at the railway station, Dover, it is possible to discover from what part of England the party mentioned in the letter came. The railway tickets would testify to the facts.

Should the party have come from London, I will make further inquiries upon the subject.

I remain, &c.
(signed) *Albert C. U. Ashwin.*

(These Papers were communicated by Mr. Baring to Mr. Lutwidge, a Commissioner in Lunacy, at an interview on 19 September.)

— No. 5. —

Mr. *Martin* to Mr. *Baring*, M.P.

Office of Commissioners in Lunacy,
19, Whitehall-place, 20 September 1863.

Sir,

By direction of the Commissioners in Lunacy, I herewith inclose, for the information of Secretary Sir George Grey, copies of a letter yesterday addressed to Dr. Millar, Medical Superintendent of Bethnal House, on the subject of the removal of the nun from London to the continent, and his reply of this day. The latter, as will be observed, was written at this office. Dr. Millar informed the Commissioners in attendance that the nurse whom he recommended to take charge of the patient, and who accompanied her to the continent, had no connection with Bethnal House. Her name is Taylor, and her address is 8, Prospect-place, Victoria-park. Dr. Millar has not seen her since her return to England, and does not know to what asylum the patient was taken.

The house, No. 1, Mercer's-place, Commercial-road East, is a Convent of Mercy. The patient having become much excited, was, as Dr. Millar has been informed, removed in the first instance to the hospital attached to a nunnery in Great Ormond-street.

The patient's family, whose name has not been communicated to Dr. Millar, are stated to reside in Ireland, and he is not aware whether or not they have been consulted upon the case, and sanctioned the proceedings.

Dr. Millar entertains no doubt that any further particulars would be readily furnished by the parties to whom he has referred in his letter.

I am, &c.
(signed) *Thos. Martin,*
(For the Secretary.)

Enclosure 1, in No. 5.

Mr. *Martin* to Dr. *Millar*.

Office of Commissioners in Lunacy,
19 Whitehall-place, 19 September 1864.

Sir,

THE Commissioners in Lunacy have received from Secretary Sir George Grey a copy of a letter addressed by you to the Mayor of Dover on the subject of the removal of a nun from London to the continent, with a request that they would obtain and furnish Sir George Grey with full particulars of the case to which it refers.

I am accordingly directed to state the desire of the Commissioners that you will at once enable them to supply the information required on the part of the Government, and that you will, *int. al.*, furnish following particulars:—

1. The name and last place of residence of the young lady referred to.
2. The name and residence of her nearest relatives.
3. The names and residences of the parties by whom you were called in to advise in the case.

4. The name and address of the young lady's usual medical attendant.
 5. Particulars of her mental state, and the duration of the present attack of insanity
- And,

Lastly. To what asylum she has been taken.

I am to request that you will add any further particulars which you may deem material.

I am, &c.
(signed) *Thos. Martin,*
(For the Secretary).

Enclosure 2, in No. 5.

Dr. Millar to Mr. Martin.

Office of Commissioners in Lunacy,
20 September 1864.

Sir,

IN reply to the communication from the Commissioners with reference to the removal of a nun to the Continent, I beg to state that, on the evening of 2d of September, I was applied to by Father Burke, a clergyman whom I had previously known, to see a nun, with Mr. Mahoney, her usual medical attendant. We called for Mr. Mahoney, and proceeded to No. 1, Mercers'-place, Commercial-road East. I there saw a lady in bed, who was introduced to me as Sister Theresa, and found her labouring under an attack of mania of recent duration. I was told by Mr. Mahoney that she had had an attack once before, and that there was a family predisposition to the disease. In consultation with Mr. Mahoney, I prescribed for her and left. On the 4th or 5th instant, I sent a nurse of considerable experience, on request, as she had become much worse. A few days afterwards I sent, on request, another, as the first had been up night and day with the patient; the second attendant, however, returned, stating that her services would not be required, as the patient was about to be sent to an asylum.

I heard no more of the lady until a notice of her removal appeared in a daily paper; and on Friday last, Father Kelly, of the Roman Catholic chapel in the Commercial-road East, called upon me to request that I would send a certificate to the Mayor of Dover, that I had been consulted about the case.

I do not know the lady's name, or that of her relatives, or the asylum she has been removed to.

L. F. Mahoney, Esq., of 20, Colet-place, Commercial-road East, is the medical attendant of the lady.

I am, &c.
(signed) *Jno. Millar.*

— No. 6. —

On the 21st September the Commissioner of Police was requested to make inquiry, and the following Report was received from him.

REPORT.

Metropolitan Police Office, Scotland Yard,
24 September 1864.

I BEG to report, in reference to the attached papers respecting the taking of a nun, alleged to be insane, to Belgium, that I have seen Dr. Mahoney, of 20, Colet-place, who states that he is the medical attendant of the Sisters of Mercy at No. 1, Mercer-place, Commercial-road East; that amongst the sisters was one who was called Sister Theresa. About a week before the 2d September he was called in to see her, when he found her suffering from mania and hysteria, but he hoped that in a few days, with rest, she would recover; but instead of that the disease developed itself into acute mania. On 2d September, having heard that there was insanity in Sister Theresa's family, he advised Dr. Millar being called in, and his opinion coincided. She gradually became worse, and became very violent, so much so that the nurse sent by Dr. Millar could not restrain her. On the evening of the 6th, she was, by Dr. Mahoney's consent, removed to No. 46, Great Ormond-street, Bloomsbury, another house of Sisters of Mercy and hospital, by the nurse sent by Dr. Millar and two Sisters of Mercy. No certificate was given by Dr. Mahoney until after Sister Theresa had left the country, and he then gave a certificate which was forwarded to Bruges.

Father Kelly, of the Roman Catholic chapel, Commercial-road East, states that Sister Theresa came over with seven others from Tullamore, King's County, in 1859, and went to No. 1, Mercer-place, Commercial-road East, which is an establishment of Sisters of Mercy who teach children. Before she came to England, he had been informed that she had had an attack of hysteria. She is now at the hospital of St. Julien, Bruges, which is a hospital devoted to the treatment of insane religious of both sexes. Father Kelly further informed me that it had been found necessary on two previous occasions to remove Sister Theresa to the hospital in Great Ormond Street, and on each occasion she returned to Mercer-place improved in health. The only part Father Burke appears to have taken in the matter was to fetch Dr. Millar by the desire of Dr. Mahoney and Father Kelly.

I have also seen the Reverend Mother of the Sisters of Mercy at No. 1, Mercer-place, and she informed me that the baptismal name of Sister Theresa is Mary Ryan; that about a week before she was seen by Dr. Millar she was under treatment by Dr. Mahoney; she was very violent at times. Miss Ryan is 28 years of age, is an orphan, but her guardian is a Mr. Gerrard, of No. 5, High-street, Dublin, and she has a brother at present with the Passionist Fathers at St. Ann's, Sutton, St. Helen's, near Liverpool; and a sister at No. 1, Bessboro' Buildings, Kingston, Ireland. I was shown letters from Mr. Gerrard and from Miss Ryan, approving of the course taken with regard to Sister Theresa.

Mrs. Taylor, of No. 8, Prospect-place, Cambridge Heath Gate, the nurse sent by Dr. Millar, states that on Sunday evening, 4th September, she was sent to No. 1, Mercer-place, Commercial-road East, by Dr. Millar to take charge of a patient; when she arrived there she found a young woman in bed, who was called Sister Theresa, in charge of two Sisters of Mercy; she was screaming and raving, and during the time she remained with her frequently attempted to strangle herself, and once, on the Wednesday, she nearly bit her finger off. On the evening of Tuesday, the 6th, she was removed in a cab to the hospital at No. 47, Great Ormond-street, one of the sisters and Mrs. Taylor accompanying her. Father Kelly and Mr. Mahoney assisted to place her in the cab. On arriving at Great Ormond-street, the Reverend Mother of the Commercial-road establishment was there to meet them, and Sister Theresa was placed in a room with Mrs. Taylor. Before leaving the Commercial-road East, a strait waistcoat was placed upon her by order of Dr. Mahoney. On Wednesday evening, 7th instant, Sister Theresa was taken by Mrs. Taylor and the Reverend Mother of the Ormond-street establishment to the South Eastern Railway, and by way of Dover to Bruges. Before leaving Ormond-street, Mrs. Taylor asked the Reverend Mother for the certificates, in case they should be stopped, and she said she was responsible—that they were always taken in that way.

Mrs. Taylor added, that she never saw a worse case of insanity than Sister Theresa's.

(signed) *Fredk. Williamson,*
Inspector.

— No. 7. —

Mr. Stilwell to Mr. Waddington.

Sir

Dover, 30 September 1864.

I AM directed by the Mayor, who receives numerous letters on the subject of your communication addressed to him on the 15th instant, to state that he would esteem it a favour if you could inform him of the result of any inquiries that may have been made by your direction into the circumstances which led to the removal of the young lady referred to in the letter published in the "Daily Telegraph," and inclosed with your letter, and whether the statements in Dr. Millar's letter, which I had the honour to enclose to you on the 16th instant, are borne out by any further information you may have obtained.

I have, &c.
(signed) *James Stilwell,*
Clerk to the Justices.

— No. 8. —

Mr. *Baring*, M.P., to the Clerk to the Justices, Dover.

Sir,

Whitehall, 1 October 1864.

I HAVE laid before Secretary Sir George Grey your letter of the 30th ultimo, requesting, on behalf of the Mayor of Dover, information as to the result of the inquiries with reference to the removal of the insane lady to the Continent from Dover, and I am to inform you that the statements contained in Dr. Millar's letter are correct, and that Sir G. Grey has the matter under his consideration.

I am, &c.
(signed) *T. G. Baring*.

— No. 9. —

Mr. *Baring*, M.P., to the Commissioners in Lunacy.

My Lord and Gentlemen,

Whitehall, 30 September 1864.

WITH reference to your letter of the 20th instant, I am directed by Secretary Sir George Grey to transmit to you the enclosed police report,* relative to the case of the nun who was removed from London to the Continent, and to request that, in returning the same, you will favour him with your opinion whether any of the provisions of the Lunacy Acts have been infringed in the case of the lady in question. • No. 6, p. 5.

I am, &c.
(signed) *T. G. Baring*.

— No. 10. —

Mr. *Martin* to Mr. *Baring*, M.P.

Office of Commissioners of Lunacy, 19, Whitehall-place,
4 October 1864.

Sir,

I AM directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 30th September ultimo, and its enclosure, relative to the case of a nun who was removed from London to the Continent, and in which you request that the Commissioners will favour Sir George Grey with their opinion whether any of the provisions of the Lunacy Acts have been infringed in the case of the lady in question.

The subject was fully considered at a Board held on Tuesday the 27th of September, in consequence of your previous communications, and the Commissioners were of opinion that there had been no violation of the Lunacy Law.

I inclose a copy of the Minute of the Board relative to this subject.

I am, &c.
(signed) *Thos. Martin*,
(For the Secretary.)

Enclosure in No. 10.

EXTRACT from Minutes.

Removal of an Insane Nun from London to the Continent.

Tuesday, 27 September 1864.

READ letter, dated 19th instant, from Mr. Baring, transmitting a copy of a letter from Dr. Millar, Medical Superintendent of Bethnal House, to the Mayor of Dover, on the subject of the removal of a nun from London to the Continent, and requesting, for the information of Secretary Sir George Grey, full particulars of the case to which it referred.

Read letter thereon to Dr. Millar, and his reply, and read and approved letter to Home Office, with copy of the latter.

Read further letter from Mr. Baring to Mr. Lutwidge, received during the sitting of the Board, inclosing a Report on the subject from the Commissioners of Police, and requesting an opinion whether any, and if any, what part of the law relating to the treatment of lunatics had been infringed.

Mr. Lutwidge, whose attendance at the Home Office had been requested by Mr. Baring, was authorised to convey to him the opinion of the Board that, so far as the Lunacy Acts extended, there had not been any infringement of their provisions.

The Commissioners desired to be understood as confining themselves to the consideration of the statutes.

— No. 11. —

Mr. Baring to Mr. Hammond.

Sir,

Whitehall, 11 October 1864.

THE attention of Secretary Sir George Grey having been called to the case of a nun named Mary Ryan, or Sister Theresa, suffering from an attack of insanity, who was removed from No. 1, Mercer-place, Commercial-road, on Wednesday the 7th ultimo, to the Hospital of St. Julien, Bruges, I am to request that you will move Earl Russell to cause information to be obtained as to the present state of health of the patient, and also as to the law of Belgium affecting the treatment of lunatics in such establishments.

I am, &c.

(signed) *T. G. Baring.*

— No. 12. —

Mr. Layard, M.P., to Mr. Baring, M.P.

Sir,

Foreign Office, 20 October 1864.

WITH reference to your letter of the 11th instant, I am directed by Lord Russell to transmit to you, to be laid before Secretary Sir George Grey, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Minister at Brussels, forwarding a Report on the case of Mary Ryan, who was removed from England to a lunatic asylum in Belgium.

I am, &c.

(signed) *A. H. Layard.*

Enclosure 1, in No. 12.

Lord Howard de Walden to Earl Russell.

My Lord,

Brussels, 17 October 1864.

I HAVE the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your Lordship's Despatch of the 15th instant, instructing me to make inquiries respecting a nun, by name Mary Ryan, who has been brought to Belgium suffering under insanity, and consigned to the Hospital of St. Julien, at Bruges.

On my notice being attracted to this case by a report which appeared in the English newspapers of the occurrence which took place at Dover, I at once requested Mr. Consul Curry to verify the circumstances attending the translation of Mary Ryan to this country.

I herewith enclose a copy of the letter which I then received from Mr. Curry on the subject, from which it appears that there was no cause for supposing that the treatment Mary Ryan was subjected to was in any respect improper or irregular.

The laws affecting the treatment of patients in lunatic asylums are very strict. I enclose copies of them for the information of Sir George Grey.

As regards foreigners, with a view to more special protection against abuse, formalities are required to be observed as indicated by the enclosed papers, a duplicate of which is communicated to the representative of the country of which a patient may be a native.

The local authorities are most ready at all times to afford information or assistance with a view to verify the condition of a patient whose case may be subject to representation.

The lunatic asylums in this country are considered to be very well conducted. That of St. Julien especially enjoys a high reputation. In the case of a foreigner the civil authorities would, upon suitable representation and precaution, at once facilitate the removal of patients to their own countries.

I have, &c.
(signed) *Howard de Walden and Seaford.*

Enclosure 2, in No. 12.

Consul Curry to Lord *Howard de Walden.*

(Extract.)

Ostend, 26 September 1864.

I HAVE been to the Asylum of St. Julien, at Bruges, in consequence of your note; and I find that the young woman alluded to therein is a Mary Ryan, of Dublin, 26 years of age, a Sister of Mercy in a religious establishment in the Commercial-road, London, and that she was removed under a certificate of a Dr. Mahoney, in London, of the 9th of September, and is now colloquée at St. Julien, under that certificate and one from Dr. Van Cueneghan, of Bruges, of the 17th instant.

— No. 13. —

Mr. *Layard*, M. P., to Mr. *Baring*, M. P.

Sir,

Foreign Office, 27 October 1864.

WITH reference to my letter of the 20th instant, I am directed by Lord Russell to transmit to you, to be laid before Secretary Sir George Grey, a copy of a further despatch from Her Majesty's Minister at Brussels, relative to the case of Mary Ryan, the nun, who is confined in a lunatic asylum in Belgium.

I am, &c.
(signed) *A. H. Layard.*

Enclosure 1, in No. 13.

Lord *Howard de Walden* to Earl *Russell.*

My Lord,

Brussels, 22 October 1864.

WITH reference to the case of Mary Ryan, the subject of your Lordship's Despatch of the 15th instant, I herewith enclose a copy of a letter I have received from Mr. Consul Curry, reporting to me, for the information of Sir G. Grey, the present state of health of that lady.

I have, &c.
(signed) *Howard de Walden and Seaford.*

Enclosure 2, in No. 13.

Consul Curry to Lord *Howard de Walden.*

My Lord,

Ostend, 21 October 1864.

I had the honour to receive your Lordship's letter of the 17th instant, by which your Lordship informs me that having received instructions from Earl Russell, at the desire of the Secretary of State of the Home Department, to ascertain the actual state of health of Mary Ryan, the nun who was brought last month from Dover to the Asylum of St. Julien, at Bruges, labouring under insanity, your Lordship desires I would make inquiries respecting the state of Mary Ryan, and add any particulars in addition to those I had already furnished, which I may deem useful respecting her case, and the treatment she meets with at the said asylum.

On the receipt of your Lordship's letter I went to the asylum at Bruges, and requested to see Mary Ryan. The director of the asylum was not within; but the matron, to whom I am very well known from having had such frequent visits to the asylum, immediately went and brought her. She was attended by a Sister of Charity, an Irish woman. I found

Mary Ryan in an alarmed, melancholy state, and could obtain no rational replies to any question I put to her or any observation I made. After some time passed in endeavouring to induce her to converse, I asked her if she would like to go with me to England. She said "no," and got up crying and frightened, and said she wanted to go to her room; and she left, attended by the Sister of Charity, in whom she appeared to have confidence. The matron informed me that on Mary Ryan's arrival last month, she was in a most furious state, and remained so for some time, most difficult to manage, but that a short time ago she became suddenly quite calm and collected, and had afterwards fallen into that melancholy state in which she then was.

I enclose copies of the certificates of Dr. Mahony (on which I presume she was placed under restraint in England), and a copy of the certificate of the Belgian physician, which authorised her being detained at the Asylum of St. Julien, which I obtained from the director of the asylum.

I do not know that I can add anything on the subject of the treatment she receives in the asylum, other than to say that she appeared to me to have no subject of complaint; but, on the contrary, to have confidence in and to be attached both to the matron and the Sister of Charity attending her; and that I have reason to believe that she receives most kind and considerate treatment.

I have, &c.
(signed) *Ed. T. Curry.*

Enclosure 3, in No. 13.

CERTIFICATES.

I certify that Sister Mary Theresa Ryan is suffering from acute mania, and requires to be placed under restraint.

(signed) *L. F. Mahoney.*

Commercial-road East, 9 September 1864.

Je soussigné, docteur en médecine demeurant à Bruges, déclare avoir examiné la nommée Marie Ryan, fille de André et de Catherine Byrne, âgée de 26 ans, religieuse, née à Dublin, domiciliée dernièrement à Londres, se trouvant depuis quelques jours à Bruges, laquelle est atteinte d'une maladie mentale consistant dans une aberration des facultés intellectuelles, des idées tristes, avec penchant au désespoir et accès de manie aiguë qui nécessite sa collocation dans une maison spéciale.

(signé) *M. van Caeneghan, M.D.*

Bruges, ce 17 Septembre 1864.

Le Médecin de l'Etablissement St. Julien confirme les deux certificats dont copie ci-contre en date du 25 Septembre 1864.

— No. 14. —

Case submitted to the Law Officers of the Crown, as to Removal to Belgium of an Insane Female.

Sir,

Whitehall, 12 October 1864.

I AM directed by Secretary Sir George Grey to transmit to you, herewith, various papers (a schedule of which is enclosed), relative to the removal to Belgium of a nun or Sister of Mercy, who, it is alleged, is insane. And I am to request that you will lay the same before the Attorney and Solicitor General, and move them to favour Sir George Grey with their opinion whether the removal of this person, being a British subject, out of the United Kingdom, was illegal, and whether all or any of the persons concerned in the removal are liable to be prosecuted; whether, if liable, they consider that it would be expedient to institute proceedings, and if so, to advise in what form proceedings should be taken.

J. Greenwood, Esq.
Solicitor to the Treasury.

I am, &c.
(signed) *T. G. Baring.*

— No. 15. —

Mr. *Waddington* to the Lady Superior.

Madam,

Whitehall, 9 November 1864.

As it appears from a Report which has been received by Secretary Sir G. Grey that you superintended the removal to Belgium of a British subject named Mary Ryan, otherwise Sister Theresa, a Sister of Mercy, from the hospital of St. John of Jerusalem and St. Elizabeth, No. 47, Great Ormond-street, Queen-square, I am directed to acquaint you, for your future guidance, that all the papers in the case have been submitted to the law officers of the Crown, who have given it as their opinion that the removal of the said lady from this country, under the circumstances mentioned, was illegal, and that all parties concerned in it are liable to an indictment for the offence of forcibly abducting her to parts beyond the seas. Inasmuch, however, as those concerned appear to have been actuated by no improper motive, Sir George Grey does not propose to institute legal proceedings in the present instance, but he thinks it his duty to warn you of the consequences of taking part in any similar case which may hereafter occur.

I am, &c.
(signed) *H. Waddington.*

The Commissioners in Lunacy, the Mayor of Dover, and Dr. Millar, were informed of the substance of this letter.

— No. 16. —

Mr. *Waddington* to Sir *R. Peel*, M.P.

Sir,

Whitehall, 24 November 1864.

It having been stated that Mary Ryan, who a short time since was removed when insane from this country to Belgium, and placed in an asylum at Bruges, was brought from Tullamore, in the King's County, to London, with seven other females, in the year 1859, when she became a Sister of Mercy at an establishment in the Commercial-road, I am directed by Secretary Sir George Grey to request that you will move his Excellency the Lord Lieutenant to cause inquiry to be made as to Mary Ryan's relations, and their position in life, and communicate the result to me for Sir George Grey's information.

I am, &c.
(signed) *H. Waddington.*

— No. 17. —

Sir *T. Larcom* to Mr. *Waddington*.

Sir,

Dublin Castle, 8 December 1864.

REFERRING to your letter of the 24th ultimo, relating to the removal of Mary Ryan from London to Belgium, I am directed by the Lord Lieutenant to transmit herewith, for the information of Secretary Sir George Grey, copy of a Report which has been received through the Inspector General of Constabulary respecting the relatives of the woman in question.

I am, &c.
(signed) *Thos. Larcom.*

Enclosure in No. 17.

REPORT.

King's County, Tullamore, 6 December 1864.

AFTER much inquiry I find that Mary Ryan left here in 1859, in company with six or seven other females, for the Commercial-road, and became a Sister of Mercy in the establishment there.

Her parents are dead some years. Her father's name was Andrew Ryan; he resided in Dublin; I cannot learn the address: said to be a woollen card maker. Her mother's name was Byrne, from Mount Argus, Harold's Cross. A Mrs. Gerard, wife to a coach factor in Dublin, was a near relation of hers. She had a brother a "passionist;" he may be found at Harold's Cross or Highgate.

— No. 18. —

Mr. Baring, M.P., to Mr. Layard, M.P.

Sir,

Whitehall, 29 November 1864.

WITH reference to your letters of the 20th and 27th ultimo and 5th instant, I am directed by Secretary Sir George Grey to request that you will move Earl Russell to obtain from Her Majesty's Ministers at Brussels a report of the present condition of Miss Mary Ryan, who was removed from this country to the Hospital of St. Julien, at Bruges. Sir George Grey has abstained from requesting that measures might be taken for bringing that lady back to England, in consequence of the report transmitted by Lord Howard de Walden from Mr. Consul Curry of his interview with her, and of the danger which there was reason to apprehend that her removal would again bring on the violent mental derangement which appears to have existed at the time of her removal from England. But if Miss Ryan should be now in a state fit to be removed without any such risk, it may be right to require that she should be brought back and placed under the care of her relatives, if they are willing to take charge of her; Lord Howard de Walden having stated in his letter of the 17th October, that in the case of a foreigner the civil authorities would, upon suitable representation and precaution, at once facilitate the removal of patients to their own countries.

I am, &c.
(signed) T. G. Baring.

— No. 19. —

Mr. Layard, M.P. to Mr. Baring, M.P.

Sir,

Foreign Office, 7 December 1864.

WITH reference to your letter of the 29th ultimo, I am directed by Earl Russell to forward, for the information of Sir George Grey, copy of a Despatch addressed to Lord Howard de Walden with respect to Mary Ryan.

Earl Russell is of opinion that before taking any step for the removal of Mary Ryan from the lunatic asylum at Bruges in which she is now confined, it would be well to ascertain from her relations whether they are willing to receive her, and his Lordship would suggest that Sir George Grey should direct inquiries to be made on the subject.

Earl Russell is further of opinion that the superiors of the convent from which Mary Ryan has been removed and taken abroad should be informed of the illegality of their conduct in this matter, and warned not to repeat their offence.

I am, &c.
(signed) A. H. Layard.

Enclosure in No. 19.

Earl Russell to Lord Howard de Walden.

My Lord,

Foreign Office, 7 December 1864.

I HAVE to instruct you to request the medical officers of the lunatic asylum at Bruges, in which Mary Ryan is confined as a lunatic, to inform you when she is sufficiently recovered to be removed without danger of an increase or return of her malady.

As Her Majesty's Government have been advised by the law officers of the Crown that the removal of Mary Ryan from England was illegal, and that all the parties concerned in it are liable to an indictment for the common law offence of forcibly abducting her to parts beyond the seas, I have further to instruct you to state to the directors of the lunatic asylum that they ought not in future to receive lunatics brought out of England in violation of law.

I am, &c.
(signed) Russell.

— No. 20. —

Mr. Waddington to Mr. Layard, M.P.

Sir,

Whitehall, 12 December, 1864.

I HAVE laid before Secretary Sir George Grey your letter of the 7th instant, and its enclosures, respecting the case of Mary Ryan; and I am to acquaint you, for the information of Earl Russell, that Sir George Grey had already desired that inquiries might be made through the Irish Government as to the relations of the above person, and has received a Report (of which a copy is enclosed*) from the Inspector General of constabulary.

* No. 17 and Enclosure.

I am further to state that all the persons concerned in her removal were long since informed of the illegality of their conduct, and warned not to repeat the offence, in accordance with the suggestions of the law officers of the Crown.

I am, &c.
(signed) H. Waddington.

— No. 21. —

Mr. Hammond to Mr. Waddington.

Sir,

Foreign Office, 17 December 1864.

I AM directed by Earl Russell to state to you that, as it appears from your letter, and its enclosures, of the 12th instant, that there are no relatives of Mary Ryan to whose charge she could be committed in case of her being re-transferred to this country, his Lordship would be glad to be informed of Sir George Grey's opinion as to what course should be adopted in the event of its being notified by the Belgian authorities to Her Majesty's Minister at Brussels that she is in a fit state to be removed from the asylum in which she is now confined.

I am, &c.
(signed) E. Hammond.

— No. 22. —

Mr. Waddington to Mr. Hammond.

Sir,

Whitehall, 21 December 1864.

I HAVE laid before Secretary Sir George Grey your letter of the 17th instant, in which you inquire what course should be adopted in the event of its being notified by the Belgian authorities to Her Majesty's Minister at Brussels that

Mary Ryan is in a fit state to be removed from the asylum in which she is now confined; and I am to acquaint you, for the information of Earl Russell, that the disposal of Mary Ryan, in the event of her removal from the asylum, must depend upon the state of her mind; if she is still insane when she arrives in this country, she must be taken before a magistrate and dealt with as a pauper lunatic. If, on the other hand, she is sane, there is no power to detain her, and she must be allowed to go where she pleases.

I am, &c.
(signed) *H. Waddington.*

— No. 23. —

Mr. Waddington to Mr. Layard, M.P.

Sir,

Whitehall, 11 January 1865.

I AM directed by Secretary Sir George Grey to request, with reference to Mr. Baring's letter of the 29th November, and your reply of the 7th December last, that you will move Earl Russell to inform him whether any report has been received from Lord Howard de Walden as to the present state of Mary Ryan, and as to her fitness to be removed to this country without danger.

I am, &c.
(signed) *H. Waddington.*

— No. 24. —

Mr. Layard to Mr. Waddington.

Sir,

Foreign Office, 17 January, 1865.

WITH reference to your letter of the 11th instant, I am directed by Earl Russell to transmit to you, to be laid before Secretary Sir George Grey, copies of a Despatch and its enclosures from Lord Howard de Walden, respecting the state of Mary Ryan.

I am, &c.
(signed) *A. H. Layard.*

Enclosure 1, in No 24.

Lord Howard de Walden to Earl Russell.

My Lord,

Brussels, 16 January 1865.

I HAVE the honour to transmit herewith a copy of a letter I have received from Mr. Consul Curry reporting that Mary Ryan is not yet in a state of health to allow of her transfer to England without danger.

I have, &c.
(signed) *Lord Howard de Walden and Seaford.*

Enclosure 2, in No. 24.

Consul Curry to Lord Howard de Walden.

My Lord,

Ostend, 14 January 1865.

ON the receipt of your Lordship's Despatch of the 8th ultimo, instructing me to request the medical officers of the asylum at Bruges, in which Mary Ryan is confined as a lunatic, to inform me as soon as she is sufficiently recovered to bear removal without danger of an increase of or return of her malady, I visited the hospital St. Julien, and saw Mary Ryan. I found her a little improved apparently, and I communicated the request to the medical officer of the asylum. I received a few days after a certificate from the physician of the

hospital, to the purport that she was not then in a state to bear removal. I enclose that certificate.

In consequence of your Lordship's Despatch of the day before yesterday, desiring to have a report as to the present state of Mary Ryan's health, and as to her fitness to be removed to England without danger, I went this morning to the Hospital St. Julien and saw Mary Ryan, whom I found in nearly the same state, though more nervous than when I last saw her. The director and her attendants informed me that for some few days she had been considerably agitated from some person having told her that it was in the newspapers that her friends in England were to be prosecuted on her account. I saw the physician to the hospital, Dr. Vandenabeeck, and he was of opinion that the present state of Mary Ryan's health did not admit of her removal, and he delivered to me a certificate to that effect, and which I enclose herewith to your Lordship.

I have, &c.
(signed) *Ed. T. Curry.*

Enclosure 3, in No. 24.

CERTIFICATES.

Je soussigné, Médecin-en-chef de l'Hospice d'Aliénés de St. Julien à Bruges, certifie que Mademoiselle Marie Ryan, colloquée au susdit hospice, est atteinte de manie, et que son état actuel ne permet pas son retour en Angleterre, la maladie mentale étant encore dans une période stationnaire, et pouvant être fortement aggravée par la cessation de la séquestration thérapeutique.

(signé) *Dr. Vandenabeeck.*

Bruges, le 14 Décembre 1864.

JE soussigné, Docteur en Médecine à Bruges, Médecin-en-chef de la même ville, certifie que Mademoiselle Mary Ryan est colloquée au susdit hospice par suite de lypémanie profonde qui a succédé à des surexcitations maniaques très prononcées.

Cette maladie persiste avec la même manifestation de symptômes et paraît tendu à la chronicité. Dans mon opinion tout transport de la malade hors de l'hospice déterminerait actuellement une recrudescence dans la maladie qui serait un véritable danger.

Je déclare avoir délivré le présent certificat à M. Curry, Consul de Sa Majesté Britannique à Ostende, qui est venu à l'hospice visiter Mademoiselle Mary Ryan.

(signé) *Dr. Vandenabeeck.*

Bruges, le 14 Janvier 1865.

— No. 25. —

Mr. Waddington to Mr. Hammond.

Sir,

Whitehall, 13 February 1865.

REFERRING to the correspondence which has taken place respecting the case of Mary Ryan, I am directed by Secretary Sir George Grey to transmit to you the enclosed copy of a letter, which has been placed in his hands by Mr. Whalley, M.P., describing the circumstances of a visit made to Mary Ryan by Mr. Collette. And I am to request that you will submit the same to Earl Russell, and state to his Lordship that a wish has been expressed that some person, competent to form an opinion on Mary Ryan's case, should be sent from hence to see her in the establishment at Bruges; and Sir George Grey wishes to be informed whether, if one of the Medical Commissioners in Lunacy should be willing to go to Bruges, Lord Russell sees any objection to his being requested to do so.

I am, &c.
(signed) *H. Waddington.*

Enclosure in No. 25.

Mr. Collette to Mr. Bird.

My dear Mr. Bird,

57, Lincoln's Inn Fields, 7 February 1865.

I PROCEEDED, as proposed on Monday night, from Lille to Bruges. I took occasion to make inquiries about the St. Julien establishment. I got but one opinion of it. As an establishment for the reception of mad patients, it was very well conducted; but every one seemed to hold it not only in suspicion, but in horror, and is notorious as being used for improper purposes—persons being sent there as mad who were not mad. I was told of a scandalous case of an Englishman named Nicholson, who was improperly detained there under a plea of madness.

Through the commissioner of the hotel I got admission without the usual permit, which I understood was troublesome to procure.

I went there on Tuesday about 10.30. I was shown into a private room, where a sister of charity came to me. I stated my request to see Mary Ryan. "Ha, ha," she said, in French, "the young person about whom so much had been said in the papers." She made no difficulty about the fact of my seeing the patient, but that any excitement might be serious, as she did not like to see any one, and much to this effect. She retired, and a priest came—the Chanoine P. T. Maes—who appears to be secretary of the establishment. He stated to the same effect as the Sister of Charity, and said that he would introduce the patient to his study; but it must appear that I was there only as his visitor. I was accordingly shown into the study, and shortly after Mary Ryan was brought in by the Sister. She is rather short and thick-set, and appears to have been good-looking, and of about 19 years old. M. Maes said she was "about 21." She appeared dull and heavy; her eyes very much swollen from crying. She was seated. The sister spoke to her in French, kindly and patronisingly; but she evidently did not understand. M. Maes then spoke to her in rather broken English, and asked her if she were comfortable, and similar questions. She answered, "Yes," but with evident repugnance, appearing as if she did not want to be troubled. I then spoke to her, and told her that I was an Englishman, and was glad to see her, &c. She looked up incredulously and with evident suspicion. I then asked her if she would like to go back to England. She said, "Yes; but I will only leave with those who brought me here." Here large tears rolled from her eyes. This answer was said in a way as if she suspected every one, and had a repugnance to be led into conversation. I then asked her if she came there of her own accord. She said, "They told me that they were about to take me to my friends; instead of that, they brought me here." She shuddered, and the tears dropped again, and she made an effort to leave the room; and I thought it prudent not to press any more questions or remarks.

My impression is, that she is not mad, but in a very low, desponding state indeed, and will eventually go melancholy mad if she is not removed back to her friends. There is no one to speak to her in her own language; she knows she is in a madhouse, and in a foreign country—circumstances in themselves sufficient to drive so highly a sensitive person out of her senses. She is now evidently suffering from the reaction from violent emotions.

I then had a long talk with M. Maes. He told me that the English Consul had been there twice, and left directions (which I read) from the Home Government, to the effect that the girl was to be brought back when her health was sufficiently re-established. She is sinking fast into melancholy, and, if they wait until she is re-established, she must die there. But her answers to me and to the priest were not such, in my opinion, as gave the slightest indication of insanity, properly so called. M. Maes told me that the superior of the convent in the Commercial-road telegraphed to him if he would receive an insane girl, to which he replied in the affirmative. The girl was then brought in charge of the superioress of this convent personally, with a nurse (as I understood, of a Dr. Wilson; but this must be a mistake) of Dr. Millar. He turned to his book for the name; but the name itself was not entered, but "the superioresse."

He told me that the girl was most violent, and screamed dreadfully on being brought to the door, and resisted with all her force. He said he never saw such a case, and this accounts, in my mind, for a great reaction.

He told me also that the case had created such a great scandal that he would be too happy to get rid of the patient as early as possible.

Yours faithfully,
(signed) C. H. Collette.

— No. 26. —

Mr. Hammond to Mr. Waddington.

Sir,

Foreign Office, 13 February 1865.

IN reply to your letter of this day's date, enclosing an account of Mr. Collette's interview with Mary Ryan, I am directed by Earl Russell to state to you that his Lordship quite concurs in Sir George Grey's proposal that one of the

Medical Commissioners in Lunacy, or some other competent person, should proceed to Bruges for the purpose of inquiring into the state of the alleged lunatic's health.

I am, &c.
(signed) *E. Hammond.*

— No. 27. —

Mr. *Baring* to the Commissioners in Lunacy.

My Lord and Gentlemen,

Whitehall, 14 February 1865.

With reference to previous correspondence on the subject of Mary Ryan, the nun, I am directed by Secretary Sir George Grey to inform you that a wish has been expressed that some person competent to form an opinion upon the case should be sent to see her in the establishment at Bruges.

Sir George Grey therefore requests that you will inform him whether one of the Medical Commissioners in Lunacy would be willing to undertake the mission, in which case he would be provided with letters from the Foreign Office to Lord Howard de Walden, or to the British Consul.

I am, &c.
(signed) *T. G. Baring.*

— No. 28. —

The Secretary to the Lunacy Commissioners to Mr. *Baring*, M.P.

Office of Commissioners in Lunacy, 19, Whitehall-place, S.W.,

Sir,

16 February 1865.

In reply to your letter of the 14th instant, inquiring by direction of Secretary Sir George Grey whether one of the Medical Commissioners in Lunacy would be willing to go to Bruges in order to ascertain the mental condition of Mary Ryan, I am desired by the Commissioners to state that the only medical Commissioner at present in town, owing to ill-health, occasioned by an accident, is unable to undertake the duty.

The other Medical Commissioners are absent on circuit in the north of England. I am desired therefore to ascertain whether the matter is of so pressing a nature as to require immediate communication with them on the subject.

I am, &c.
(signed) *W. C. Spring Rice*, Secretary.

— No. 29. —

Mr. *Baring*, M.P., to the Commissioners in Lunacy.

My Lord and Gentlemen,

Whitehall, 16 February 1865.

I HAVE laid before Secretary Sir George Grey Mr. Spring Rice's letter of this date, and I am directed to inform you that he thinks it very desirable that the visit of a Medical Commissioner to Bruges to ascertain the mental condition of Mary Ryan should be made with as little delay as possible.

I am, &c.
(signed) *T. G. Baring.*

— No. 30. —

The Secretary to the Lunacy Commissioners to Mr. *Baring*, M.P.

Office of Commissioners in Lunacy, 19, Whitehall-place, S.W.,

Sir,

17 February 1865.

ADVERTING to your letters of the 14th and 16th instant, in reference to the case of Mary Ryan, the nun, I am directed by the Commissioners in Lunacy to request you to move Secretary Sir George Grey to procure for Mr. James Wilkes such letters from the Foreign Office to Lord Howard de Walden, or the British Consul, which may be required to facilitate the inquiry which, at Sir George Grey's request, he is about to undertake in regard to this woman's state of mind.

I have, &c.

(signed) *W. C. Spring Rice*, Secretary.

— No. 31. —

Mr. *Waddington* to Mr. *Hammond*.

Sir,

Whitehall, 17 February 1865.

WITH reference to your letter of the 12th instant respecting the case of Mary Ryan, the nun, I am directed by Secretary Sir George Grey to request that you will move Earl Russell to furnish Mr. James Wilkes with such letters to Lord Howard de Walden, or the British Consul in Belgium, as may be required to facilitate the inquiry he is about to undertake in regard to this woman's state of mind.

I am, &c.

(signed) *H. Waddington*.

— No. 32. —

Mr. *Layard* to Mr. *Waddington*.

Foreign Office, 17 February 1865.

MR. LAYARD presents his compliments to Mr. Waddington, and is directed by Earl Russell to transmit to him, with reference to his letter to Mr. Hammond of this day's date, the accompanying despatches, addressed to Lord Howard de Walden and to Mr. Curry, Her Majesty's Consul at Ostend, with which Mr. Waddington requested that Mr. James Wilkes might be furnished.

— No. 33. —

Mr. *Waddington* to the Commissioners in Lunacy.

My Lord and Gentlemen,

Whitehall, 18 February 1865.

WITH reference to your letter of the 16th instant, I am directed by Secretary Sir George Grey to transmit to you the accompanying despatches, addressed to Lord Howard de Walden and Mr. Curry, Her Majesty's Consul at Ostend, with which Sir George Grey requested Mr. Wilkes might be furnished.

I am, &c.

(signed) *H. Waddington*.

— No. 34. —

The Secretary to the Lunacy Commissioners to Mr. *Baring*, M.P.

Office of Commissioners in Lunacy,

24 February 1865.

Sir,

IN compliance with the desire of Secretary Sir George Grey, as conveyed in your letter of the 14th instant, Mr. Wilkes, one of the Medical Commissioners in Lunacy, proceeded to Bruges for the purpose of inquiring into the case of Mary Ryan, an inmate of the Maison de Santé of St. Julien at that place. I am now directed to transmit, for the information of Sir George Grey, a copy of the Report made by him on the occasion of his visit.

I am, &c.

(signed) *W. C. Spring Rice*, Secretary.

Enclosure in No. 34.

REPORT.—Re *Mary Ryan*.

22 February 1865.

IN compliance with the request of Secretary Sir George Grey, I this day visited Mary Ryan, an inmate of the Maison de Santé of St. Julien, at Bruges, for the purpose of ascertaining her present mental condition.

M. le Chanoine Maes, the director of the institution, to whom I had a letter of introduction from Mr. Curry, the British consul at Ostend, was absent in England, and there is no resident physician in the establishment.

I proceeded to the corridor which Mary Ryan is stated to have occupied since her admission, and I found her in the sitting room, which is also used by six other patients. She was standing in a listless, vacant state, and conversed with evident reluctance, and at times would not reply to my questions at all, especially when the two sisters who were with me left the room; indeed she opposed my suggestion that the interview should be private. She replied, at first, coherently to my questions, but after a time she became more agitated and frequently burst into tears. When I referred to the period of her illness in London, and her subsequent removal to Bruges, her memory was on many points clear, but the false impressions she then had, to a great extent, still remain. She said that "something came over her" when in the convent in the Commercial-road, and that she was told there were evil spirits in it: though she recollected the circumstances of her removal, she said that she did not leave the railway carriage, although she knew that she was on the sea for some hours, and that her screams and resistance were caused by an impression she had that she was going to be drowned or injured in some way.

That she was labouring under a very acute attack of mania at this time there can be no doubt, and after her arrival at St. Julien she was in so exhausted a state from refusing to take food, that at one time her life was considered to be in danger.

The more acute symptoms seem after a few weeks to have subsided, and to have been followed by a state of great depression, which has continued, with little variation, up to the present time. She stated to me that nothing could again make her happy; that the enemy had taken possession of her, and wanted to overthrow the peace of the church; that life was a misery to her, and that she would destroy herself if she had the opportunity. She even now at times refuses to eat, and she is considered to be so decidedly suicidal, that a sister has always slept in the same room with her. She occasionally employs herself in sewing, but there is much difficulty in arousing her out of her apathetic state. Her general health is stated to be much improved, and she appears to be well nourished, and not to suffer from bodily disease.

I endeavoured to ascertain whether she was comfortable in her present position, or had any complaint to make as to her diet or treatment, but I could not elicit any from her. When I asked her whether she wished to return to England, she replied that she would like to do so if anyone she knew came for her; she is, however, suspicious and distrustful of everyone.

I examined her bed-room, which I found clean and comfortable, and she appears to be treated with great kindness and consideration by the Sisters.

The sum paid for her maintenance is very small, not being, as far as I could ascertain, more than 16*l.* a year.

In my opinion Mary Ryan is still of unsound mind, labouring under a very common form of melancholia, with a suicidal tendency. I also think that she is not in a state to be safely taken care of out of an asylum.

(signed) *James Wilkes*,
Commissioner in Lunacy.

MARY RYAN.

COPY of OFFICIAL CORRESPONDENCE with Her
Majesty's Government relative to the ABDUC-
TION of a Nun named *Mary Ryan*.

(*Mr. Cave.*)

*Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
28 February 1865.*

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES (METROPOLIS).

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons,
dated 27 June 1864;—for,

“RETURNS of the Number of PERSONS Convicted within the CITY of LONDON and POLICE DISTRICT of the METROPOLIS, of using, or having in their possession any false or unjust WEIGHTS, MEASURES, or BALANCES, for the Year ending the 25th day of March 1864; showing the Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy, the Business carried on by the Offender, and the Date when the Offence was Committed; distinguishing between Offences Committed in any Shop, Warehouse, or other Premises, and those Committed in the Public Streets, or on any Open Ground, Thoroughfare, or other Open Place; also the amount of the Penalty and Costs in each Case imposed, and whether any such Weights, Measures, or Balances were Seized and Condemned, and whether all or any portion of the said Penalties and Costs and Articles Condemned was given to the Informer who laid the Information, or other Persons engaged in enforcing the Law:”

“And, of the Amount of SALARY and other Remuneration given to the INSPECTORS of WEIGHTS and MEASURES (in continuation of Parliamentary Paper, No. 11, of Session 1864).”

(*Mr. Locke.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
17 February 1865.

LIST OF RETURNS.

	Number of Convictions.	Page.
METROPOLIS POLICE DISTRICT:		
Finsbury Division - - - - -	38	3
Holborn Division - - - - -	44	4
Kensington Division - - - - -	137	5
Newington Division - - - - -	192	12
Paddington Division - - - - -	Nil.	13
St. George, Hanover Square, Division - - - - -	Nil.	13
St. Marylebone Division - - - - -	77	14
St. Pancras Division - - - - -	41	15
Straud Division - - - - -	Nil.	16
Westminster, City of, Division - - - - -	290	16
Westminster, St. James's, Division - - - - -	Nil.	21
Wandsworth Division - - - - -	36	22
Blackheath Division - - - - -	19	23
Brentford Division - - - - -	35	25
Bromley Division - - - - -	Nil.	26
Cheshunt, Edmonton, and Waltham Abbey Divisions - - - - -	Nil.	26
Chipping Barnet, and South Mims Divisions - - - - -	Nil.	26
Croydon Division - - - - -	7	26
Dartford, Sutton-at-Hone Division - - - - -	Nil.	26
Edgeware or Gore Hundred Division - - - - -	13	27
Enfield Division - - - - -	Nil.	27
Epsom Division - - - - -	4	27
Hampstead Division - - - - -	Nil.	28
Highgate Division - - - - -	Nil.	28
Kingston and Elmbridge Division - - - - -	11	28
Kingston-upon-Thames (Borough of) Division - - - - -	6	29
Richmond Division - - - - -	4	29
Spelthorne Division - - - - -	26	30
Uxbridge Division - - - - -	10	30
TOTAL - - -	999	

LIST of DIVISIONS in default, from which no Returns have been made.

City of London.

Tower.

St. Anne, Soho.

Beacontree Half Hundred.

RETURNS of the Number of PERSONS Convicted within the POLICE DISTRICT of the METROPOLIS, of using, or having in their possession, any false or unjust WEIGHTS, MEASURES, or BALANCES, for the Year ending the 25th day of March 1864; showing the Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy, the Business carried on by the Offender, and the Date when the Offence was Committed; distinguishing between Offences Committed in any Shop, Warehouse, or other Premises, and those Committed in the Public Streets, or on any Open Ground, Thoroughfare, or other Open Place; also the Amount of the Penalty and Costs in each Case imposed, and whether any such Weights, Measures, or Balances were Seized and Condemned, and whether all or any portion of the said Penalties and Costs and Articles Condemned was given to the Informer who laid the Information, or other Persons engaged in enforcing the Law: And, of the Amount of SALARY and other Remuneration given to the INSPECTORS of WEIGHTS and MEASURES.

FINSBURY DIVISION—COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business Carried on.	Date of Offence.	Where Committed.	Penalty.	Costs.	If Seized and Condemned.
			1863 :		£. s. d.		
1	Unjust balance - - -	Butcher - - -	30 March	Shop -	- 10 -	- - -	No.
2	- ditto - - -	Cookshop keeper -	30 "	ditto -	- 10 -	- - -	No.
3	Three measures, from $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. to 1 oz. deficient.	Victualler - - -	30 "	Alehouse -	- - -	- - -	Seized and condemned.
4	Unjust balance - - -	Butcher - - -	1 April	Shop -	- 10 -	- - -	No.
5	Six light weights, small deficiency.	Fishmonger - - -	1 "	ditto -	- 10 -	- - -	Seized and condemned.
6	Unjust balance - - -	Cheesemonger - -	1 "	ditto -	- 10 -	- - -	No.
7	- ditto, and 4 light weights	Chandler - - -	1 "	ditto -	- 5 -	- - -	Yes.
8	Two unjust measures, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. deficient.	Victualler - - -	11 "	Alehouse -	- 10 -	- - -	Yes.
9	Two - ditto, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. deficient	- ditto - - -	11 "	ditto -	- - -	- - -	Yes.
10	Unjust balance - - -	Chandler - - -	21 Nov.	Shop -	- 10 -	- - -	No.
11	- ditto - - -	Butcher - - -	21 "	ditto -	1 - -	- - -	No.
12	- ditto; and 2 weights, $\frac{1}{2}$ dram light.	- ditto - - -	21 "	ditto -	- 10 -	- - -	Weights seized and condemned.
13	Unjust balance - - -	Ham dealer - - -	21 "	ditto -	- 10 -	- - -	No.
14	Four light weights, 1 dram to $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. light.	Chandler - - -	21 "	ditto -	- 10 -	- - -	Yes.
15	Unjust balance - - -	Butterman - - -	21 "	ditto -	- 10 -	- - -	No.
16	Six weights, from 1 dram to $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. light.	Cheesemonger - -	21 "	ditto -	1 - -	- - -	Yes.
17	Unjust balance - - -	Chandler - - -	21 "	ditto -	2 - -	- - -	No.
18	- ditto - - -	Butcher - - -	21 "	ditto -	1 - -	- - -	No.
19	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	21 "	ditto -	1 - -	- - -	No.
20	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	21 "	ditto -	2 - -	- - -	No.
21	- ditto - - -	Chandler - - -	21 "	ditto -	2 - -	none	No.
			1864 :				
22	Eight unjust measures, from $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. to 2 oz. deficient.	Victualler - - -	30 Jan.	Alehouse -	5 - -	- - -	Yes.
23	Unjust balance - - -	Chandler - - -	30 "	Shop -	- 5 -	- - -	No.
24	One weight, $\frac{3}{4}$ oz. light	Butcher - - -	30 "	ditto -	- 5 -	- - -	Yes.
25	Seven unjust measures, from $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. to 2 oz. deficient.	Victualler - - -	30 "	Alehouse -	2 - -	- - -	Yes.
26	Five ditto, from $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. to $\frac{3}{4}$ oz. deficient.	- ditto - - -	30 "	ditto -	2 - -	- - -	Yes.
27	Two ditto, $\frac{3}{4}$ oz. and 1 oz. deficient.	- ditto - - -	30 "	ditto -	- 10 -	- - -	Yes.
28	One ditto, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. deficient	- ditto - - -	30 "	ditto -	- 5 -	- - -	Yes.
29	Three weights, 3 oz. to 12 oz. light.	Coal dealer - - -	30 "	Shop -	1 - -	- - -	Yes.
30	Unjust balance - - -	Marine store dealer	30 "	ditto -	- 5 -	- - -	No.
31	Four unjust weights, 1 oz. to 4 oz. light.	Brazier - - -	30 "	ditto -	1 - -	- - -	Yes.
32	Six ditto, 14 oz. to 3 lbs. light	Iron founder - -	30 "	ditto -	1 10 -	- - -	Yes.
33	Ten ditto, 1 oz. to 7 oz. light	Lead dealer - - -	30 "	ditto -	2 10 -	- - -	Yes.
34	Unjust balance - - -	Coal dealer - - -	30 "	ditto -	1 - -	- - -	No.
35	- ditto - - -	Butcher - - -	30 "	ditto -	1 - -	- - -	No.
36	Two ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	30 "	ditto -	2 - -	- - -	No.
37	Eight unjust weights, 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ dram to 2 drams light.	Chandler - - -	30 "	ditto -	1 - -	- - -	Yes.
38	Two unjust weights, 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ and 3 drams light.	Marine store dealer	30 "	ditto -	- 10 -	- - -	Yes.

Application of Penalties:—Half the penalty to the Informer.

The Salary to the Inspector of Weights and Measures is 150 *l.* per annum.

HOLBORN DIVISION—COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business Carried on.	Date of Offence.	Where Offence Committed.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Weights, &c., Seized and Condemned.	Whether any portion was given to Informer.	To whom Penalty Paid.	
									County Treasurer.	Informer.
1	Balance, 1½ oz. against the purchaser; a coin concealed under scale plate.	Baker -	1863: 25 April	In a shop	£. s. d. 1 - -	none	no - -	- -	£. s. d. - 10 -	£. s. d. - 10 -
2	Measures:—6 quarts: 2 oz.; 1½ oz.; two, 1½ oz. each; 1½ oz., 7 drams short; & 1 pint, ½ oz. short.	Victualler -	28 April	ditto -	1 15 -	none	yes -	moiety	- 17 6	- 17 6
3	Weight, ½ lb., 11½ drams light -	Greengrocer -	28 April	ditto -	- 2 6	none	yes -	moiety	- 1 3	- 1 3
4	Measures:—2 quarts and 1 pint, 2½ oz., 1½ oz., and ¾ oz. short.	Victualler -	1 May	ditto -	- 10 -	none	yes -	moiety	- 5 -	- 5 -
5	Balance, 3 drams against the purchaser, caused by a coin under scale plate.	Chandler -	4 July	ditto -	- 5 -	none	no - -	- -	- 2 6	- 2 6
6	Balance, 2 lb. against the purchaser.	Coal dealer -	4 July	ditto -	- 5 -	none	no - -	- -	- 2 6	- 2 6
7	Balance, 6 drams against the purchaser.	Butterman -	4 July	ditto -	- 10 -	none	no - -	- -	- 5 -	- 5 -
8	Weights:—½ lb., 3½ drams light; ½ lb., 1 dram light; and ½ lb., ½ dram light.	Fruitseller -	10 July	In street	- 15 -	none	yes -	moiety	- 7 6	- 7 6
9	Weights:—½ lb., 2 oz. 1 dram light; ½ lb., 3 drams light; and 2 oz., ½ dram light.	- ditto -	10 July	ditto -	- 15 -	none	yes -	moiety	- 7 6	- 7 6
10	Balance, 1½ oz. against the purchaser.	Fruitseller -	10 July	ditto -	- 5 -	none	no - -	- -	- 2 6	- 2 6
11	Weight, ½ lb., 1 oz. against the purchaser.	- ditto -	10 July	ditto -	- 5 -	none	yes -	moiety	- 2 6	- 2 6
12	Weights:—1 lb., 2 drams light; ½ lb., 1 dram; ½ lb. and 2 oz., nearly ½ dram each light.	- ditto -	10 July	ditto -	- 10 -	none	yes -	moiety	- 2 6	- 5 -
13	Weights:—7 lb., ½ oz. light, and ½ lb., ½ oz. light.	Potato and coal dealer.	1 Sept.	In a shop	- 5 -	none	yes -	moiety	- 2 6	- 2 6
14	Measures:—Quart, 1 oz. short; and pint, 7 drams short.	Victualler -	2 Sept.	ditto -	- 3 6	none	yes -	moiety	- 1 9	- 1 9
15	Measures:—2 quarts, 1 oz. each short.	Beer retailer -	2 Sept.	ditto -	- 5 -	none	yes -	moiety	- 2 6	- 2 6
16	Measures:—4 pints, unstamped and short.	Victualler -	2 Sept.	ditto -	1 10 -	none	yes -	moiety	- 15 -	- 15 -
17	Balances:—Two; one ½ oz., and one ¼ oz. against the purchaser.	Chandler -	5 Sept.	ditto -	- 15 -	none	no - -	- -	- 7 6	- 7 6
18	Balance, 1 lb. against the purchaser.	Potato dealer	5 Sept.	ditto -	- 10 -	none	no - -	- -	- 5 -	- 5 -
19	Measure, quart, 1 oz. short -	Victualler -	9 Sept.	ditto -	- 5 -	none	yes -	moiety	- 2 6	- 2 6
20	Measures:—2 quarts; one, 1 oz. short; and one, ¾ oz. short.	- ditto -	9 Sept.	ditto -	- 10 -	none	yes -	moiety	- 5 -	- 5 -
21	Measures:—2 quarts, 2½ oz. and 1½ oz. short.	- ditto -	15 Sept.	ditto -	- 10 -	none	yes -	moiety	- 5 -	- 5 -
22	Weight, 2 lb., ½ oz. light; and measures, 1 pint, an oz. short; and ½ gill, a dram short.	Grocer and cheesemonger.	15 Sept.	ditto -	- 15 -	none	yes -	moiety	- 7 6	- 7 6
23	Measures:—3 pints; one 1 oz. short; two, ½ oz. each short.	Victualler -	15 Sept.	ditto -	- 15 -	none	yes -	moiety	- 7 6	- 7 6
24	Measures:—Quart, 1½ oz. short; pint, 5 drams short; ½ pint, 7 drams short.	- ditto -	15 Sept.	ditto -	1 - -	none	yes -	moiety	- 10 -	- 10 -
25	Measures:—3 quarts, varying from 3 oz. to 1 oz. short; 7 pints, varying from ¾ to 3 drams short; and ½ pint, 3 drams short.	- ditto -	15 Sept.	ditto -	3 - -	none	yes -	moiety	1 10 -	1 10 -
26	Weights:—1 lb., ½ oz. light; and 1 lb., 2 drams light.	Greengrocer -	15 Sept.	ditto -	- 10 -	none	yes -	moiety	- 5 -	- 5 -
27	Measures:—2 quarts, 1 oz. each short; and 1 pint, ½ oz. short.	Victualler -	16 Sept.	ditto -	- 15 -	none	yes -	moiety	- 7 6	- 7 6
28	Measures:—2 quarts, ¾ oz.; and 1 oz. respectively short.	- ditto -	16 Sept.	ditto -	- 12 6	none	yes -	moiety	- 6 3	- 6 3
29	Balance, 1 lb. against purchaser -	Coal dealer -	18 Sept.	ditto -	- 2 6	none	no - -	- -	- 1 3	- 1 3
30	Weights:—7 lb., ½ oz. light; 2 lb., 2 oz.; and 1 lb., 3 drams light.	- ditto -	18 Sept.	ditto -	- 7 6	none	yes -	moiety	- 3 9	- 3 9
31	Weight, 1 lb., 3 drams light -	Baker -	18 Sept.	ditto -	1 - -	none	yes -	moiety	- 10 -	- 10 -
32	Balance, 1½ oz. against the purchaser, caused by a penny and dough concealed under plate.	- ditto -	7 Nov.	ditto -	3 - -	none	no - -	- -	1 10 -	1 10 -
33	Balance, ½ oz. against purchaser -	Butterman -	7 Nov.	ditto -	- 10 -	none	no - -	- -	- 5 -	- 5 -
34	Weights:—Two 4 lb., three 1 lb., and two ½ lb., varying from 2 oz. to 1½ dram, light.	- ditto -	7 Nov.	ditto -	- 10 -	none	no - -	- -	- 5 -	- 5 -
35	Weights:—2 lb., 7 drams light; and ½ lb., 2 drams light.	Dried fish seller.	11 Nov.	ditto -	- 15 -	none	yes -	moiety	- 7 6	- 7 6
36	Balance, ¾ oz. against purchaser -	Butcher -	28 Nov.	ditto -	1 - -	none	no - -	- -	- 10 -	- 10 -
37	Balance, 11 oz. against purchaser	Coal dealer -	19 Dec.	ditto -	- 5 -	none	no - -	- -	- 2 6	- 2 6
38	Balance, ¾ lb. against purchaser -	- ditto -	19 Dec.	ditto -	- 5 -	none	no - -	- -	- 2 6	- 2 6
39	Balance, ½ lb. against purchaser -	Chandler -	19 Dec.	ditto -	- 7 6	none	no - -	- -	- 3 9	- 3 9
40	Measures:—2 quarts, each 2 oz. short; and gill, 1½ dram short.	Victualler -	22 Dec.	ditto -	- 15 -	none	yes -	moiety	- 7 6	- 7 6

HOLBORN DIVISION—County of Middlesex—continued.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business Carried on.	Date of Offence.	Where Offence Committed.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Weights, &c., Seized and Condemned.	Whether any portion was given to Informer.	To whom Penalty Paid.	
									County Treasurer.	Informers.
41	Measures:—3 pints; 1 oz., $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., and $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short; and half pint, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short.	Victualler -	1863; 22 Dec. -	In a shop	£. s. d. 1 - -	none	yes -	moiety	£. s. d. - 10 -	£. s. d. - 10 -
42	Measures:—2 quarts; one, $\frac{3}{4}$ oz. and one, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short	- ditto -	22 Dec. -	ditto -	- 10 -	none	yes -	moiety	- 5 -	- 5 -
43	Measures:—2 pints, one an oz. and the other 7 drams short.	- ditto -	22 Dec. -	ditto -	- 10 -	none	yes -	moiety	- 5 -	- 5 -
44	Measures:—2 quarts, each $1\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short; and 1 quart, $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. short.	- ditto -	22 Dec. -	ditto -	- 10 -	none	yes -	moiety	- 5 -	- 5 -

The Inspector of Weights and Measures, in addition to the moiety of the Penalties and Forfeitures, is paid a Salary of 150*l.* per annum.

Sessions House, Clerkenwell, }
7 February 1865. }

Charles Wright,
Clerk to the Justices.

KENSINGTON DIVISION—COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business of Offender.	Date of Conviction of Offence.	Where Offence Committed.	Penalty.		Costs.
					£. s. d.	s. d.	
1	Five unjust measures of capacity, viz.:—1 quart, $1\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short; 2 of 1 quart, $1\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short (1 leaks also); 1 pint, 3 drams short; 1 gill (for measuring), 1 dram short.	Licensed victualler	7 April 1863	In his house	1 5 -	6 6	
2	Three unjust measures of capacity, viz.:—1 quart, 5 drams short; 1 half pint (for spirits) $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short; 1 half pint (for spirits), 1 dram short.	- ditto -	7 " "	- ditto -	- 15 -	6 6	
3	An illegal weight of $3\frac{1}{2}$ lbs.	Baker and confectioner.	7 " "	In his shop	- 5 -	6 6	
4	Unjust weighing machine, to the extent of $2\frac{1}{2}$ oz.	Grocer	7 " "	- ditto -	- 10 -	6 6	
5	Three unjust measures of capacity, viz.:—1 quart, $2\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short; 1 quart, $1\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short; 1 quart, 1 oz. 1 dram short.	Retailer of beer	7 " "	- ditto -	- 15 -	6 6	
6	Six unjust weights, viz.:—7 lb., about $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. light; 4 lb., about 3 drams light; 2 lb., about 3 drams light; 1 lb., about 2 drams light; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., about 1 dram light; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., about $\frac{1}{2}$ dram light.	Butcher	7 " "	- ditto -	1 10 -	6 6	
7	Unjust weighing machine, to the extent of 6 drams, caused by fat concealed and attached to under side of scale plate.	- ditto -	7 " "	- ditto -	- 10 -	6 6	
8	5 unjust weights, viz.:—7 lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. light; 4 lb., $2\frac{1}{2}$ drams light; 2 lb., $3\frac{1}{2}$ drams light; 2 lb., 3 drams light; 1 lb., 1 dram light.	Baker	7 " "	- ditto -	1 5 -	6 6	
9	Unjust weighing beam and scales, to the extent of $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. cleaned scale plate.	Grocer	7 " "	- ditto -	- 10 -	6 6	
10	One unjust weight, viz.:—1 lb., 3 drams light.	Baker	7 " "	- ditto -	- 5 -	6 6	
11	Two unjust measures of capacity, viz.:—1 quart, 1 oz. 7 drams short; 1 quart, $1\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short.	Retailer of beer	7 " "	- ditto -	- 10 -	6 6	
12	Three unjust weights, viz.:—4 lb., $6\frac{1}{2}$ drams light; 2 lb., $5\frac{1}{2}$ drams light; 1 lb., $3\frac{1}{2}$ drams light.	Fishmonger	7 " "	- ditto -	- 15 -	6 6	
13	Five unjust weights, viz.:—7 lb., 14 drams light; 4 lb., 13 drams light; 2 lb., 7 drams light; 1 lb., 5 drams light; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 2 drams light.	- ditto -	7 " "	- ditto -	1 5 -	6 6	
14 } 15 }	Three unjust weights, viz.:—4 lb., 5 drams light; 2 lb., 3 drams light; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $1\frac{1}{2}$ dram light; 1 unstamped weight of 1 lb.	Flour and corn merchants.	7 " "	- ditto -	1 - -	6 6	
16	Six unjust weights, viz.:—7 lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. light; 4 lb., $3\frac{1}{2}$ drams light; 4 lb., $4\frac{1}{2}$ drams light; 2 lb., 5 drams light; 1 lb., $3\frac{1}{2}$ drams light; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $2\frac{1}{2}$ drams light.	Fishmonger	7 " "	- ditto -	1 10 -	6 6	
17	Unjust balance, to the extent of 1 lb.	Coal dealer	7 " "	- ditto -	- 10 -	6 6	

KENSINGTON DIVISION—County of Middlesex—continued.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business of Offender.	Date of Conviction of Offence.	Where Offence Committed.	Penalty.	Costs.
19	Seven unjust weights, viz.:—28 lb., 2 lb. light; 28 lb., 2 oz. light; 7 lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. light; 7 lb., 2 drams light; 4 lb., 1 dram light; 2 lb., 1 dram light; 1 lb., 1 dram light.	Coal dealer - -	7 April 1863	In his shop	£. s. d. 1 15 -	s. d. 6 6
19	Four unjust measures of capacity, viz.:—2 of 1 quart each, 1 oz. short; 2 of 1 pint each, $\frac{3}{4}$ oz. short.	Retailer of beer -	7 „ „	- ditto -	1 - -	6 6
20	Two unjust weights, viz.:—2 oz., 2 drams light; 1 oz., full $\frac{1}{2}$ dram light.	Grocer - - -	21 „ „	- ditto -	- 10 -	6 6
21	Five unjust measures of capacity, viz.:—1 quart, $3\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short; 1 quart, $2\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short; 1 quart, 2 oz. 3 drams short; 1 quart, 2 oz. short; 1 quart, 1 oz. 3 drams short.	Licensed victualler	21 „ „	In his house	1 5 -	6 6
22	Unjust weighing beam and scales, to the extent of $1\frac{1}{2}$ oz.	Marine store dealer	21 „ „	In his shop	- 10 -	6 6
23	Three unjust weights, viz.:—28 lb., $1\frac{1}{2}$ oz. light; 4 lb., 7 drams light; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $2\frac{1}{2}$ drams light.	- ditto - -	21 „ „	- ditto -	- 15 -	6 6
24	Six unjust weights, viz.:—14 lb., 2 oz. 2 drams light; 2 lb., 3 drams light; 1 lb., $3\frac{1}{2}$ drams light; 1 lb., 3 drams light; 1 lb., $2\frac{1}{2}$ drams light; 1 lb., 2 drams light.	Coal and potato dealer.	21 „ „	- ditto -	1 10 -	6 6
25	Unjust weighing beam and scales, to the extent of 6 drams, caused by bacon being attached to underside of scale plate.	Grocer - - -	21 „ „	- ditto -	1 - -	6 6
26	Fifteen unjust weights, viz.:—56 lb., $3\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short; 28 lb., 1 oz. 6 drams short; 7 lb., 9 oz. 9 drams short; 7 lb., 7 drams short; 4 lb., about 4 drams short; 2 of 4 lb. each, $2\frac{1}{2}$ drams short; 4 lb., 2 drams short; 2 lb., $2\frac{1}{2}$ drams short; 2 lb., $1\frac{1}{2}$ dram short; 1 lb., 2 drams short; 1 lb., about $1\frac{1}{2}$ dram short; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 1 dram short; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ dram short; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ dram short.	Potato and coal dealer.	21 „ „	- ditto -	3 15 -	6 6
27	Eleven unjust measures of capacity, viz.:—1 quart, $1\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short; 1 quart, 7 drams short; 1 pint, $1\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short; 1 pint, $1\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short; 1 pint, 1 oz. 1 dram short; 2 of 1 pint each, 1 oz. short; 2 of 1 pint each, $\frac{3}{4}$ oz. short; 2 of $\frac{1}{2}$ pint each, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short.	Licensed victualler	21 „ „	In his house	3 15 -	6 6
28	Seven unjust weights, viz.:—2 lb., 3 drams light; 1 lb., $2\frac{1}{2}$ drams light; 1 lb., 2 drams light; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., about 1 dram light; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., nearly $\frac{1}{2}$ dram light; 2 oz., $\frac{1}{2}$ dram light; 1 oz., light.	Fruiterer - -	21 „ „	In his shop	1 15 -	6 6
29	Four unjust measures of capacity, viz.:—1 quart, 1 gill short; 1 quart, $\frac{1}{2}$ gill and 5 drams short; 1 pint, $\frac{3}{4}$ oz. short; 1 half-pint, $\frac{3}{4}$ oz. short.	- ditto - -	21 „ „	- ditto -	1 - -	6 6
30	Unjust weighing beam and scales, to the extent of 1 dram, caused by paper between scale plate and framing; $1\frac{1}{2}$ dram contra without the paper.	Grocer - - -	21 „ „	- ditto -	- 10 -	6 6
31	Nine unjust weights, viz.:—56 lb., about $3\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short; 56 lb., $2\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short; 56 lb., $2\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short; 28 lb., $1\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short; 7 lb., 2 oz. 9 drams short; 4 lb., 5 drams short; 4 lb., 3 drams short; 2 lb., 2 drams short; 1 lb., $3\frac{1}{2}$ drams short.	Coal and potato dealer.	21 „ „	- ditto -	2 5 -	6 6
32	Nine unjust weights, viz.:—4 lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. light; 2 lb., $4\frac{1}{2}$ drams light; 1 lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. light; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 2 drams light; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $1\frac{1}{2}$ dram light; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 1 dram light; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ dram light; 2 oz., nearly $\frac{1}{2}$ dram light; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., nearly $\frac{1}{2}$ dram light.	Chandler - -	21 „ „	- ditto -	2 5 -	6 6
33	Four unjust weights, viz.:—2 lb., 3 drams light; 1 lb., nearly 6 drams light; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 2 drams light; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $4\frac{1}{2}$ drams light.	Butcher - -	21 „ „	- ditto -	1 - -	6 6
34	Five unjust weights, viz.:—4 lb., 1 oz. light; 2 lb., 9 drams light; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $1\frac{1}{2}$ dram light; 1 oz., nearly $\frac{1}{2}$ dram light; 1 oz., light.	Chandler and coal dealer	21 „ „	- ditto -	1 5 -	6 6

KENSINGTON DIVISION—County of Middlesex—continued.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business of Offender.	Date of Conviction of Offence.	Where Offence Committed.	Penalty.	Costs.
					£. s. d.	s. d.
35	Two unjust weighing machines:—Coal machine, to the extent of 2 lb ; potato machine, to the extent of 3½ oz.	Chandler and coal dealer.	21 April 1863	In his shop	1 - -	6 6
36	Four unjust weights, viz.:—4 lb., 6 drams light; 2 lb., 5 drams light; 2 lb., 2 drams light; ½ lb., 1 dram light.	Baker - - -	21 „ „	- ditto -	1 - -	6 6
37	Four unjust measures of capacity, viz.:—1 quart, 2½ oz. short; 1 quart, 2 oz. 5 drachms short; 1 quart, 2 oz. (leaks) short; 1 quart, 1½ oz. short.	Licensed victualler	21 „ „	In his house	1 - -	6 6
38	Unjust weighing machine, to the extent of ½ lb., caused by iron, &c. being suspended from frame supporting the coal shoot; contra 2 oz. without the iron.	Coal dealer - -	21 „ „	In his shop	- 10 -	6 6
39	Unjust weighing machine, to the extent of 2 lb. 2 oz.	- ditto - -	21 „ „	- ditto -	- 10 -	6 6
40	Unjust weighing beam and scales, to the extent of 14 drams, caused by a piece of fat attached to under side of scale plate (concealed).	Pork butcher -	21 „ „	- ditto -	1 - -	6 6
41	Four unjust weights, viz.:—7 lb., ½ oz. light; 4 lb., 5 drams light; 2 lb., 2½ drams light; 1 lb., 2½ drams light.	Baker - - -	21 „ „	- ditto -	1 - -	6 6
42	Unjust weighing machine, to the extent of ½ oz., caused by paper concealed between scale plate and framing; 1 dram without ditto.	Eating house keeper	21 „ „	In her shop	1 - -	6 6
43	An unjust weight, viz.:—2 lb., 6½ drams light	Chandler - -	21 „ „	In his shop	- 5 -	6 6
44	Two unjust weights, viz.:—56 lb., 3½ oz. light; 56 lb., 3½ oz. light.	Coal merchant	21 „ „	On his premises.	- 10 -	6 6
45	Three unjust weights, viz.:—56 lb., 8½ oz. light, and unstamped; 56 lb., 8½ oz. light; 56 lb., 6 oz. light.	- ditto - -	21 „ „	- ditto -	- 15 -	6 6
46	Three unjust measures of capacity, viz.:—1 quart, 2½ oz. short; 1 quart, 1½ oz. short; 1 pint, 1½ oz. short.	Licensed victualler	26 May 1863	In his house	- 15 -	6 6
47	One unjust and unstamped weight:—2 lb., 4½ drams light; 1 unjust weight, 2 oz., ½ dram light.	Baker - - -	26 „ „	In his shop	- 10 -	6 6
48	Two unjust measures of capacity, viz.:—1 pint, ½ oz. short; 1 half-pint nearly ½ oz. short (both for measuring).	Licensed victualler	26 „ „	In his house	- 10 -	6 6
49	Five unjust measures of capacity, viz.:—1 quart (for measuring), 1 oz. short; 1 quart, 2 oz. 1 dram short; 1 quart, 1½ oz. short; 1 pint (for measuring), 7 drams short; 1 pint, 1 oz. short.	- ditto - -	26 „ „	- ditto -	1 5 -	6 6
50	Three unjust measures of capacity, viz.:—1 quart, 2 oz. short; 1 quart, 1½ oz. short; 1 quart, 1½ oz. short.	- ditto - -	26 „ „	- ditto -	- 15 -	6 6
51	Four unjust weights, viz.:—4 lb., 4½ drams light; ½ lb., 2 drams light; ½ lb., 1 dram light; ½ lb., 1 dram light.	Chandler - -	26 „ „	In his shop	1 - -	6 6
52	Unjust weighing machine, to the extent of ½ lb., caused by coal dust on the machine, under the shoot.	Coal dealer - -	26 „ „	- ditto -	- 10 -	6 6
53	Unjust balance, to the extent of 1½ lb. - -	Licensed victualler and coal dealer.	6 Oct. 1863	In his house	- 10 -	6 6
54	Unjust balance, to the extent of ½ oz. - -	Grocer - -	6 „ „	In his shop	- 10 -	6 6
55	Seven unjust weights, viz.:—4 lb., 1 dram light; 2 lb., ½ dram light; ½ lb., 9 drams light; ½ lb., ½ dram light; ½ lb., ½ dram light; 2 oz., light; 1 oz., light.	- ditto - -	6 „ „	- ditto -	- 17 6	6 6
56	Three unjust weights, viz.:—7 lb., 2½ drams light; 4 lb., 2 drams light; 2 lb., 2½ drams light.	Pork butcher -	6 „ „	- ditto -	- 15 -	6 6
57	Four unjust measures of capacity, viz.:—1 quart (for measuring), 1 oz. short; 1 pint (for measuring), 1 oz. short; 2 of ½ pint, ½ oz. short each.	Licensed victualler	6 „ „	In her house	1 - -	6 6

KENSINGTON DIVISION—County of Middlesex—continued.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business of Offender.	Date of Conviction of Offence.	Where Offence Committed.	Penalty.	Costs.
58	Three unjust weights, viz.:—4 lb., 3½ drams light; 1 lb. (unstamped), 1½ dram light; ½ lb., 1 dram light.	Fruit and potato seller.	3 Nov. 1863	In his shop	£. s. d. — 10 —	s. d. 6 6
59	Unjust weighing beam and scales, to the extent of 3½ oz., caused by lead concealed between scale plate and framing.	Baker and chandler	3 " "	- ditto -	2 — —	6 6
60	Unjust weighing machine, to the extent of 1½ oz., caused by lead concealed under scale plate.	Butcher - -	3 " "	- ditto -	2 — —	6 6
61	Three unjust weights, viz.:—2 lb., about 1½ dram light; 1 lb., 1 dram light, both unstamped; ½ lb., 1 dram light.	Baker - - -	3 " "	- ditto -	— 15 —	6 6
62	Two unjust weights, viz.:—2 lb., ½ oz. light; 2 oz., full ½ dram light.	Butcher - -	3 " "	- ditto -	— 10 —	6 6
63	Unjust weighing machine, to the extent of ½ oz.	Baker - - -	3 " "	- ditto -	— 10 —	6 6
64	Three unjust weights, viz.:—4 lb., unstamped, 7 drams light; 2 lb., unstamped, 3 drams light; 1 lb., unstamped, 3 oz. light.	Coal and potato dealer.	3 " "	- ditto -	— 15 —	6 6
65	Two unjust weights, viz.:—4 lb., 2½ oz. light; 2 lb., 1 oz. light.	Baker - - -	3 " "	- ditto -	— 10 —	6 6
66	Unjust weighing beam and scales, to the extent of 7 drams, caused by two pieces of metal concealed between scale and framing.	Chandler - -	3 " "	- ditto -	2 — —	6 6
67	One unjust weight, viz.:—½ lb., 3½ drams light.	Beer retailer & vendor of cooked meat.	Summonses not served, Mr. — having left the premises and neighbourhood.			
68	Two unjust weights, viz.:—4 lb., 10 drams light; 1 lb. (unstamped), 2½ drams light.	Coal and potato dealer.	3 Nov. 1863	In his shop	— 10 —	6 6
69	Unjust weighing beam and scales, to the extent of 1 oz., caused by a penny concealed between scale.	Chandler - -	3 " "	- ditto -	1 10 —	6 6
70	Unjust weighing beam and scales, to the extent of ½ oz., caused by lard and paper attached to under side of scale plate.	- ditto - -	3 " "	- ditto -	1 10 —	6 6
71	Unjust weighing beam and scales, to the extent of ¾ oz.; ½ oz. with cleaned scale.	Butterman - -	3 " "	- ditto -	— 10 —	6 6
72	Unjust weighing machine, to the extent of 6 drams; ½ oz. with cleaned scale plate.	Butcher - -	3 " "	- ditto -	— 10 —	6 6
73	Unjust weighing beam and scales, to the extent of ½ oz., caused by putty concealed between scale plate and frame; ¾ oz. contra without the putty.	Baker - - -	3 " "	- ditto -	1 — —	6 6
74	Unjust weighing beam and scales, to the extent of 7 drams.	Butcher - -	1 Dec. 1863	- ditto -	— 10 —	6 6
75	Unjust weighing machine, to the extent of ¼ oz., caused by butter attached to under side of scale plate.	Chandler - -	1 " "	- ditto -	1 — —	6 6
76	Three unjust weights, viz.:—28 lb., 2 lb. 3½ oz. light; 28 lb., 8½ oz. light; 7 lb., about 1 oz. light.	Chandler and coal dealer.	1 " "	- ditto -	1 — —	6 6
77	Two unjust weights, viz.:—28 lb., 8½ oz. light; 28 lb., 3½ oz. light.	Coal dealer - -	1 " "	In Yeoman's row, Chelsea, while selling coals from a van.	— 10 —	6 6
78	Five unjust measures of capacity, viz.:—1 quart, 2 oz. 5 drams short; 1 quart, 1½ oz. short; 1 pint, 1 oz. short; 1 pint, 5 drams short; 1 pint, ½ oz. short.	Licensed victualler	1 " "	In his house	1 5 —	6 6
79 } 80 }	Three unjust measures of capacity, viz.:—1 quart, 1 oz. short; 1 pint, ½ oz. short; ½ pint, 5 drams short (all for measuring).	- ditto - -	1 " "	- ditto -	— 15 —	6 6
81 } 82 }	Six unjust measures of capacity, viz.:—1 quart (for measuring), 1½ oz. short; 1 quart, 1½ oz. short; 1 quart, 9 drams short; 1 pint (for measuring), 5 drams short; 1 pint, 7 drams short; ½ pint (for measuring), 7 drams short.	Licensed victuallers	1 " "	In their house	1 10 —	6 6
83	Three unjust weights, viz.:—2 of 4 lbs. each, 1 dram light; 1 lb., 2 drams light.	Grocer - - -	6 Oct. 1863	In his shop	— 15 —	6 6
84	Four unjust measures of capacity, viz.:—1 quart, ½ pint short; 1 pint, 1½ gill short; 1 pint, ½ gill short; ½ pint, ½ gill short. Two unjust weights, viz.:—1 lb., 3½ drams light; ½ lb., 2 drams light.	Vendor of fruit and vegetables.	3 Nov. 1863	In Marlborough road, Chelsea.	1 10 —	6 6

KENSINGTON DIVISION—County of Middlesex—continued.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business of Offender.	Date of Conviction of Offence.	Where Offence Committed.	Penalty.	Costs.
					£. s. d.	s. d.
85	Four unjust weights, viz.:—4 lb., 9 drams light; 1 lb., 6½ drams light; ½ lb., 1 dram light; 2 oz., ½ dram light.	Greengrocer -	3 Nov. 1863	In his shop	1 - -	6 6
86	Seven unjust weights and unstamped, viz.:—56 lb., 2½ oz. overweight; 56 lb., 2½ oz. overweight; two of 56 lb. each, 2 oz. overweight; 56 lb., 1½ oz. overweight; 56 lb., 1½ oz. overweight; 56 lb., ½ oz. overweight.	Coal merchants -	3 „ „	On their premises.	1 15 -	6 6
87						
88	Five unjust weights, viz.:—56 lb., 1 lb. 9½ oz. light; 56 lb., 2½ oz. light; two of 56 lb. each, 1 oz. 14 drams light; 56 lb., 1 oz. 5 drams light.	Coal merchants -	3 „ „	On their premises.	1 5 -	6 6
89						
90	One unjust weight, viz.:—14 lb., 13 oz. 7 drams light.	Coal and vegetable dealer.	3 „ „	In his shop	- 5 -	6 6
91	Three unjust measures of capacity, viz.:—1 quart, ½ gill short; 1 pint, ¾ oz. short; 1 half-pint, 3 drams short; all for measuring.	Licensed victualler	3 „ „	In his house	- 15 -	6 6
92	Unjust balance to the extent of ½ oz. 6 drams with scale-plate cleaned.	Grocer - -	3 „ „	In his shop	1 - -	6 6
93	Unjust weighing beam and scales to the extent of 6 drams, caused by halfpenny and butter concealed between frame and scale, 1 dram without ditto.	Chandler - -	3 „ „	In his shop	1 - -	6 6
94	Unjust weighing beam and scales to the extent of 5 drams; ¼ oz. with scale cleaned.	Grocer - -	3 „ „	In his shop	- 10 -	6 6
95	Unjust weighing machine to the extent of 2 drams, caused by paper concealed between scale-plate and framing.	Chandler - -	3 „ „	In his shop	- 10 -	6 6
96	Unjust weighing machine, to the extent of 3 drams, caused by paper concealed between scale-plate and framing; unjust weighing beam and scales, to the extent of 1 dram, caused by paper concealed as above, and after removal of paper the balance shifted.	Chandler - -	3 „ „	In his shop	1 - -	6 6
97	Unjust weighing machine, to the extent of 10 drams, caused by a hook concealed; 1 dram without the hook.	Butcher - -	3 „ „	In his shop	1 - -	6 6
98	Unjust weighing beam and scales, to the extent of ¼ oz. as found caused by meat attached to under side of scale; 6 drams clean scale.	Butcher - -	3 „ „	In his shop	- 10 -	6 6
99	Unjust weighing beam and scales, to the extent of 6 drams; 5 drams with cleaned scale.	Butterman - -	3 „ „	In his shop	- 10 -	6 6
100	Six unjust iron weights, viz.:—7 lb., 10 drams light; 4 lb., 7½ drams light; 2 lb., 4½ drams light; 1 lb., 4 drams light; ½ lb., 1½ drams light; ¼ lb., 1½ drams light.	Vendor of meat and vegetables.	3 „ „	In his shop	- 15 -	6 6
101	Three unjust weights, viz.:—56 lb., 7½ oz. light; 28 lb., 3½ oz. light; 14 lb., 9 oz. 7 drams light.	General dealer -	3 „ „	In his shop	- 15 -	6 6
102	Six unjust weights, viz.:—28 lb., 4½ oz. light; 7 lb., 2½ oz. light; 7 lb., 1 oz. 7 drams light; 4 lb., 15 drams light; 2 lb., 2½ drams light; 1 lb., 7½ drams light.	Coal and potato dealer.	3 „ „	In his shop	1 10 -	6 6
103	Four unjust measures of capacity, viz.:—1 quart, 2½ oz. short; 1 quart, 1½ oz. short; 1 quart, ¾ oz. short; 1 pint, 7 drams short.	Licensed victualler	1 Dec. 1863	In his house	1 - -	6 6
104	Four unjust measures of capacity, viz.:—1 quart, 1 oz. 7 drams short; 2 of 1 pint each, 1 oz. short; 1 pint, ¾ oz. short.	Licensed victualler	1 „ „	In his house	1 - -	6 6
105	Five unjust measures of capacity, viz.:—2 of 1 quart each, 9 drams short; 2 of 1 pint each, 7 drams short; 1 pint, ¼ oz. short.	Licensed victualler	1 „ „	In his house	1 5 -	6 6
106	Two unjust measures of capacity, viz.:—1 quart, 2 oz. short; 1 quart, 1 oz. 3 drams short.	Licensed victualler	1 „ „	In his house	- 10 -	6 6

KENSINGTON DIVISION—County of Middlesex—continued.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business of Offender.	Date of Conviction of Offence.	Where Offence Committed.	Penalty.		Costs.	
					£.	s. d.	s. d.	
107	Four unjust weights, viz.:—56 lbs., 14 $\frac{3}{4}$ oz. light; 56 lbs., 4 oz. light; 56 lbs., 3 $\frac{3}{4}$ oz. light; 56 lbs., 2 $\frac{3}{4}$ oz. light.	Coal merchant -	1 Dec. 1863	On his premises.	1	- -	6 6	
108	Eight unjust measures of capacity, viz.:—2 of 1 quart (for measuring) each 1 oz., 5 drams short; 2, of 1 quart each, 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short; 1 pint (for measuring), 1 oz. short; 1 pint, 1 oz., 5 drams short; 1 pint, 7 drams short; 1 half-pint (for measuring), 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short.	Licensed victualler	1 " "	In his house	2	- -	6 6	
109	Two unjust weights, viz.:—7 lbs., 4 oz. 15 drams light; 4 lbs., 4 oz. 2 drams light.	Millers -	1 " "	At their mills.	- 10	- -	6 6	
110		- - ditto -	1 " "	At his mill	- 5	- -	6 6	
111	One illegal weight:—5 lbs., contrary to the Statute.	- - ditto -	1 " "	- ditto -	- 10	- -	6 6	
112	Eight unjust weights, viz.:—56 lbs., 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. light; 56 lbs., 3 oz. light; 7 lbs., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. light; 4 lbs., 10 drams light; 4 lbs., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. light; 2 lbs., 5 drams light; 1 lb., 3 drams light; 1 lb., 3 drams light.	Coal merchant -	1 " "	On his premises.	2	- -	6 6	
113	Unjust weighing beam and scales to the extent of $\frac{1}{4}$ oz.	Butcher -	1 " "	In his shop	- 10	- -	6 6	
114	Unjust weighing beam and scales, to the extent of $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., with cleaned scale, 6 drams.	- - ditto -	1 " "	- ditto -	- 10	- -	6 6	
115	Unjust weighing beam and scales, to the extent of 3 drams, caused by paper concealed between scale and framing; 1 dram without the paper.	Baker -	1 " "	- ditto -	1	- -	6 6	
116	Unjust weighing machine (for coals), to the extent of the 3 $\frac{3}{4}$ lbs.	Coal and potato dealer.	1 " "	- ditto -	- 10	- -	6 6	
117	Unjust weighing beam and scales, to the extent of $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., caused by halfpenny concealed between scale and framing; correct without the coin.	Chandler -	1 " "	- ditto -	1	- -	6 6	
118	Unjust weighing beam and scales, to the extent of 5 drams, caused by fat attached to under side of scale; 1 dram without fat.	Cheesemonger -	1 " "	- ditto -	1	- -	6 6	
119	Unjust weighing machine, to the extent of 13 drams.	Chandler -	1 " "	- ditto -	- 10	- -	6 6	
120	Small tea scales, 1 dram unjust - - -	Grocer -	1 " "	- ditto -	1	- -	6 6	
121	Two unjust weights, viz.:—1 lb., 1 dram light; 1 oz., light.	- - ditto -	1 " "	- ditto -	- 10	- -	6 6	
122	Unjust balance, to the extent of $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., caused by two nails being placed under the plate of scales.	- - ditto -	1 " "	- ditto -	1 10	- -	6 6	
123	Six unjust weights, viz.:—7 lbs., 7 drams light; 4 lbs., 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ drams light; 2 lbs., 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ drams light; 1 lb., 2 drams light; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ drams short; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1 dram short.	Butcher -	16 Feb. 1864	- ditto -	1 10	- -	6 6	
124	Eight unjust measures of capacity, viz.:—1 quart (for measuring), 2 oz. short; 1 quart, 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short; 1 pint (for measuring), $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short; 2 of 1 pint each, $\frac{3}{4}$ oz. short; 1 half-pint (for measuring), $\frac{3}{4}$ oz. short; 1 half-pint (for measuring spirit), 1 oz. short; 1 half-pint (for measuring), $\frac{3}{4}$ oz. short.	Licensed victualler	16 " "	In his house	2	- -	6 6	
125	Three unjust measures of capacity, viz.:—1 quart, 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short; 1 quart, 1 oz. short; 1 half-pint (for measuring), $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short.	- - ditto -	16 " "	- ditto -	- 15	- -	6 6	
126	Three unjust measures of capacity, viz.:—1 pint (for measuring), 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short; 1 half-pint (for measuring), $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short; 1 half-pint, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short.	- - ditto -	16 " "	- ditto -	- 15	- -	6 6	
127	Six unjust measures, of capacity, viz.:—1 quart, 2 oz. short; 1 quart, 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short; 2 of 1 quart each, 9 drams short; 1 pint, 7 drams short; 1 pint, $\frac{3}{4}$ oz. short.	Beer retailer -	16 " "	In his shop	1 10	- -	6 6	
128	Unjust weighing beam and scales, to the extent of 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., caused by a hook on end of beam; correct without the hook.	Baker -	16 " "	- ditto -	4	- -	6 6	

KENSINGTON DIVISION—County of Middlesex—*continued.*

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business of Offender.	Date of Conviction of Offence.	Where Offence Committed.	Penalty.	Costs.
					£. s. d.	s. d.
129	Unjust weighing beam and scales, to the extent of $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., caused partly by a piece of lead under the scale; a faulty machine.	Chandler - -	16 Feb. 1864	In his shop	- 10 -	6 6
130	Five unjust measures of capacity, viz.:—2 of 1 quart, each $1\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short; 1 quart, 1 oz. short; 1 pint, 7 drams short; 1 pint, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short.	Licensed Victualler	16 " "	In his house	1 5 -	6 6
131	Two unjust measures of capacity, viz.:—1 quart (for measuring), $1\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short; 1 pint, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short.	- ditto - -	16 " "	- ditto -	- 10 -	6 6
132	Two unjust measures of capacity, viz.:—1 pint, 1 oz. short; 1 pint, $\frac{3}{4}$ oz. short; both for measuring.	- ditto - -	16 " "	- ditto -	- 10 -	6 6
133	Five unjust measures of capacity, viz.:—1 quart, $3\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short; 1 quart, $1\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short; 1 quart, $1\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short; 1 quart (for measuring), $1\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short; 1 half-pint (for spirits), 3 drams short.	- ditto - -	16 " "	- ditto -	1 5 -	6 6
134	Three unjust weights, viz.:—4 lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. light; 2 lb., $4\frac{1}{2}$ drams light.	Chandler - -	16 " "	In his shop	- 15 -	6 6
135	Unjust weighing machine, to the extent of $1\frac{1}{2}$ lb., caused by coal concealed on the frame, under shoot; correct without the coal.	Coal and Potato dealer.	16 " "	- ditto -	1 - -	6 6
136	Unjust weighing machine, to the extent of 2 oz., caused by a piece of lead concealed under scale; correct without the lead.	Fishmonger and poulterer.	16 " "	- ditto -	1 - -	6 6
137	Unjust weighing machine, to the extent of 1 lb.	Coal and potato dealer.	16 " "	- ditto -	- 10 -	6 6

Nos. 1 to 16, 20 to 52, 58 to 65, 68 to 82, 84 to 119, and 123 to 137, were Informations laid by Edward Morrison, Inspector of Weights and Measures for the 3d District of the County.

Nos. 17 to 19, 53 to 57, 83, and 120 to 122, were Informations laid by James Gregg, Inspector of Weights and Measures for the 4th District of the County.

Appropriation of Penalty :—One-half to the County Treasurer, and one-half to the Informant.

The Costs were all paid to the Clerk.

All the unjust weights and measures particularised in the foregoing cases were seized and condemned, and were sent to the Sessions House at Clerkenwell; but no part of the proceeds of the Sale thereof was paid to the County Inspectors, but the whole of it was received by the County Treasurer. The unjust Balances are not liable to seizure, and therefore remained in the possession of their respective owners.

The Clerk to the Justices does not know the amount of Salary paid to the Inspectors. It is fixed by the Justices, and paid by the County Treasurer.

Samuel Cornell,
Clerk to the Justices.

7 September 1864.

NEWINGTON DIVISION—COUNTY OF SURREY.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Weights, Measures, and Balances.	Business carried on by Offender.	Date when Offence Committed.	Amount of Penalty.	Number of Persons Convicted.	Weights, Measures, and Balances.	Business carried on by Offender.	Date when Offence Committed.	Amount of Penalty.
Offences committed in a Shop, Warehouse, or other Premises :					Offences committed in a Shop, Warehouse, or other Premises—contd.				
1	1 measure -	Victualler -	1863 : 16 March -	£. s. d. 5 - -	79	2 measures -	Retailer of beer -	1863 : 31 August -	£. s. d. 1 - -
2	1 ditto -	- ditto -	" -	1 - -	80	8 ditto -	- ditto -	2 Sept. -	2 15 -
3	2 ditto -	- ditto -	" -	10 - -	81	2 ditto -	- ditto -	" -	10 - -
4	5 ditto -	- ditto -	" -	2 10 -	82	3 ditto -	- ditto -	3 Sept. -	15 - -
5	1 ditto -	- ditto -	" -	5 - -	83	2 ditto -	- ditto -	" -	10 - -
6	4 ditto -	Retailer of beer -	25 March -	1 - -	84	6 weights -	Fruiterer and coal dealer -	24 August -	1 10 -
7	1 ditto -	- ditto -	" -	1 - -	85	4 ditto -	Grocer and cheesemonger -	" -	1 - -
8	5 ditto -	Victualler -	26 March -	2 10 -	86	1 balance -	- ditto -	" -	1 10 -
9	1 ditto -	- ditto -	" -	1 - -	87	4 weights -	Marine store dealer -	" -	10 - -
10	7 ditto -	- ditto -	30 March -	3 10 -	88	7 ditto -	Cheesemonger -	26 August -	2 10 -
11	1 balance -	Greengrocer and coal dealer -	28 February -	5 - -	89	1 balance -	- ditto -	" -	1 10 -
12	1 ditto -	Butcher -	" -	1 - -	90	1 ditto -	Chandler -	31 August -	1 - -
13	1 ditto -	- ditto -	" -	1 - -	91	4 weights -	Dairyman and chandler -	" -	10 - -
14	1 ditto -	Marine store dealer -	16 March -	2 - -	92	8 ditto -	Marine store dealer -	" -	10 - -
15	1 ditto -	Greengrocer -	" -	10 - -	93	1 balance -	Baker -	2 Sept. -	1 10 -
16	1 ditto -	Cheesemonger -	25 March -	1 - -	94	3 weights -	Marine store dealer -	" -	5 - -
17	5 weights -	Chandler -	26 March -	7 6 -	95	1 balance -	- ditto -	" -	10 - -
18	1 balance -	- ditto -	" -	10 - -	96	1 ditto -	Chandler -	" -	10 - -
19	1 ditto -	Provision dealer -	" -	2 - -	97	2 weights -	Baker -	" -	2 - -
20	6 weights -	Potato dealer -	" -	3 - -	98	1 balance -	- ditto -	" -	1 10 -
21	1 balance -	Marine store dealer -	" -	1 - -	99	1 ditto -	Coal dealer -	" -	1 - -
22	3 weights -	Greengrocer -	30 March -	10 - -	100	1 ditto -	Baker -	3 Sept. -	1 10 -
23	1 balance -	Coal dealer -	" -	10 - -	101	2 weights -	- ditto -	" -	10 - -
24	5 weights -	Marine store dealer -	" -	10 - -	102	5 ditto -	Greengrocer -	" -	10 - -
25	7 ditto -	Flock bedding manufacturer -	" -	3 - -	103	1 balance -	Chandler -	" -	1 10 -
26	8 ditto -	Potato dealer -	" -	1 - -	104	2 weights -	Marine store and coal dealer -	" -	5 - -
27	2 measures -	Retailer of beer -	7 May -	10 - -	105	1 measure -	Victualler -	11 Nov. -	5 - -
28	2 ditto -	Victualler -	11 May -	1 - -	106	4 ditto -	- ditto -	" -	3 - -
29	1 ditto -	- ditto -	" -	1 - -	107	1 ditto -	- ditto -	16 Nov. -	10 - -
30	3 ditto -	- ditto -	" -	1 10 -	108	1 ditto -	- ditto -	" -	10 - -
31	5 ditto -	- ditto -	13 May -	1 5 -	109	2 ditto -	Retailer of beer -	18 Nov. -	5 - -
32	1 ditto -	Retailer of beer -	14 May -	5 - -	110	2 balances -	Fruiterer and coal dealer -	11 Nov. -	1 - -
33	1 balance -	Chandler and coal dealer -	7 May -	5 - -	111	2 weights -	Fruiterer -	12 Nov. -	5 - -
34	2 ditto -	Pork butcher -	" -	2 - -	112	1 balance -	Cheesemonger -	" -	1 - -
35	3 weights -	Chandler -	" -	2 10 -	113	1 ditto -	Chandler -	" -	1 - -
36	2 balances -	Marine store dealer -	" -	1 10 -	114	1 ditto -	Marine store dealer -	" -	1 - -
37	1 ditto -	Coal dealer and fruiterer -	" -	10 - -	115	3 weights -	Greengrocer -	" -	10 - -
38	1 weight -	Greengrocer and coal dealer -	" -	1 - -	116	1 balance -	Chandler -	16 Nov. -	1 10 -
39	7 ditto -	Chandler -	11 May -	3 10 -	117	1 ditto -	Cheesemonger -	" -	1 - -
40	7 ditto -	Marine store dealer -	" -	1 15 -	118	1 ditto -	- ditto -	" -	1 - -
41	1 balance -	Butcher -	" -	2 - -	119	2 weights -	Fruiterer and coal dealer -	" -	5 - -
42	3 weights -	Marine store dealer -	" -	15 - -	120	2 balances -	Cheesemonger -	" -	2 - -
43	2 balances -	Cheesemonger -	13 May -	4 - -	121	1 ditto -	Chandler and potato dealer -	" -	1 - -
44	1 ditto -	Butcher -	" -	5 - -	122	1 ditto -	Corn and coal dealer -	" -	1 - -
45	3 weights -	Corn chandler and baker -	" -	15 - -	123	1 ditto -	Baker -	" -	5 - -
46	1 balance -	Marine store dealer -	" -	1 - -	124	1 ditto -	Chandler -	" -	10 - -
47	1 ditto -	Fishmonger -	" -	1 - -	125	1 ditto -	Coal and potato dealer -	18 Nov. -	10 - -
48	1 ditto -	Marine store dealer -	14 May -	2 - -	126	7 weights -	Chandler -	" -	17 6 -
49	2 weights -	- ditto -	" -	10 - -	127	1 balance -	- ditto -	" -	1 - -
50	1 balance -	Butcher -	" -	2 - -	128	1 weight -	- ditto -	" -	5 - -
51	2 measures -	Victualler -	25 June -	15 - -	129	1 balance -	Coal and potato dealer -	" -	10 - -
52	2 ditto -	- ditto -	" -	10 - -	130	1 ditto -	Chandler -	" -	10 - -
53	5 ditto -	- ditto -	" -	1 5 -	131	1 ditto -	Butcher -	" -	2 - -
54	2 ditto -	- ditto -	" -	15 - -	132	1 ditto -	Cheesemonger -	" -	1 10 -
55	7 ditto -	Retailer of beer -	" -	2 - -	133	5 measures -	Victualler -	10 Dec. -	1 15 -
56	2 ditto -	- ditto -	1 July -	1 - -	134	1 ditto -	- ditto -	14 Dec. -	5 - -
57	2 ditto -	Victualler -	" -	10 - -	135	3 ditto -	- ditto -	" -	1 - -
58	1 ditto -	Retailer of beer -	" -	10 - -	136	2 ditto -	- ditto -	" -	10 - -
59	4 ditto -	- ditto -	" -	1 - -	137	3 ditto -	Retailer of beer -	" -	1 5 -
60	1 balance -	Marine store dealer -	25 June -	2 - -	138	6 ditto -	Victualler -	" -	2 10 -
61	5 weights -	Baker -	" -	2 - -	139	2 ditto -	Retailer of beer -	16 Dec. -	10 - -
62	1 balance -	Grocer and cheesemonger -	" -	2 - -	140	2 ditto -	Victualler -	" -	10 - -
63	1 ditto -	Greengrocer -	" -	1 - -	141	2 ditto -	- ditto -	" -	1 - -
64	2 ditto -	Grocer and cheesemonger -	1 July -	3 - -	142	3 ditto -	- ditto -	" -	1 10 -
65	2 weights -	Grocer and greengrocer -	" -	10 - -	143	1 ditto -	- ditto -	" -	10 - -
66	5 ditto -	Grocer and cheesemonger -	" -	2 - -	144	5 ditto -	- ditto -	21 Dec. -	1 10 -
67	1 balance -	- ditto -	" -	3 - -	145	2 ditto -	Retailer of beer -	" -	1 - -
68	3 weights -	Marine store dealer -	" -	5 - -	146	2 ditto -	- ditto -	" -	15 - -
69	3 balances -	Chandler -	4 July -	1 10 -	147	4 ditto -	Victualler -	" -	1 - -
70	1 ditto -	Cheesemonger and porkman -	" -	5 - -	148	8 weights -	Oilman -	10 Dec. -	5 - -
71	1 ditto -	Ham dealer -	" -	2 - -	149	1 balance -	Butcher -	" -	3 - -
72	1 ditto -	Butcher -	" -	2 - -	150	1 ditto -	Coal dealer and chandler -	14 Dec. -	1 - -
73	3 measures -	Victualler -	24 August -	15 - -	151	4 weights -	Greengrocer -	" -	10 - -
74	3 ditto -	- ditto -	" -	15 - -	152	3 ditto -	Marine store dealer -	" -	10 - -
75	1 ditto -	Retailer of beer -	" -	10 - -	153	2 balances -	Cheesemonger -	16 Dec. -	4 - -
76	3 ditto -	- ditto -	" -	1 - -	154	1 ditto -	Corn and coal dealer -	" -	1 - -
77	1 ditto -	Victualler -	" -	10 - -	155	3 weights -	Greengrocer -	" -	15 - -
78	3 ditto -	Retailer of beer -	26 August -	1 10 -	156	1 balance -	Greengrocer and coal dealer -	" -	2 - -
					157	1 ditto -	butcher -	21 Dec. -	2 - -

NEWINGTON DIVISION—County of Surrey—continued.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Weights, Measures, and Balances.	Business carried on by Offender.	Date when Offence Committed.	Amount of Penalty.	Number of Persons Convicted.	Weights, Measures, and Balances.	Business carried on by Offender.	Date when Offence Committed.	Amount of Penalty.
Offences committed in a Shop, Warehouse, or other Premises—contd.					Offences committed in a Shop, Warehouse, or other Premises—contd.				
158	1 balance -	Grocer and Porkman -	1863 ; 21 Dec. -	£. s. d. 2 - -	177	1 balance -	Marine store dealer -	1864 : 28 January -	£. s. d. - 10 -
159	5 weights -	Marine store dealer -	" -	1 5 -	178	2 weights -	Butcher - - -	" -	2 - -
160	1 balance -	Grocer and cheesemonger -	" -	2 - -	179	1 balance -	Grocer - - -	" -	1 - -
161	2 measures -	Retailer of beer -	" -	- 15 -	180	1 ditto -	Marine store dealer -	" -	2 - -
					181	2 ditto -	Dealer in coals and bread.	30 January -	1 - -
162	7 ditto -	Retailer of beer -	1864 : 11 January -	2 10 -	182	1 ditto -	Coal dealer - - -	" -	- 10 -
163	2 ditto -	Victualler - - -	" -	- 15 -	183	8 weights -	Greengrocer and coal dealer.	" -	1 - -
164	1 ditto -	- ditto - - -	" -	- 10 -	184	1 balance -	Ironfounder - - -	" -	1 - -
165	5 ditto -	- ditto - - -	28 January -	1 5 -	185	1 ditto -	Coal and potato dealer -	1 February -	1 - -
166	2 ditto -	- ditto - - -	" -	1 - -	186	1 ditto -	Eating-house keeper -	" -	2 - -
167	3 ditto -	- ditto - - -	30 January -	1 15 -	187	1 ditto -	Butcher - - -	" -	2 - -
168	4 ditto -	- ditto - - -	1 February -	1 10 -	188	2 weights -	Greengrocer and coal dealer.	" -	- 10 -
169	5 ditto -	Retailer of beer -	30 January -	1 15 -	189	1 balance -	Marine store dealer -	" -	1 - -
170	1 balance -	Baker and Butterman -	11 January -	- 5 -	190	1 ditto -	Grocer and cheesemonger -	" -	2 - -
171	1 ditto -	Coal dealer - - -	" -	1 - -					
172	1 ditto -	Dairyman and chandler -	" -	- 10 -	Offences committed in Public Streets : 1863:				
173	3 weights -	Marine store dealer -	" -	- 15 -	191	1 balance* -	Costermonger - - -	4 July -	- 2 6
174	2 ditto -	Grocer - - -	28 January -	2 - -	192	1 ditto* -	Greengrocer - - -	3 Sept. -	- 5 -
175	5 ditto -	Greengrocer and coal dealer.	" -	1 5 -					
176	1 ditto -	Marine store dealer -	" -	- 5 -					

No record is kept of the nature or extent of the inaccuracy in the weights, measures, or balances.

No costs were imposed.

All the above-mentioned weights and measures were seized and condemned, they were afterwards sold, and the proceeds thereof paid to the Treasurer of the County of Surrey.

The unjust balances in the cases marked thus * only were seized, the 22d & 23d Vict. c. 56 giving authority to an Inspector to seize any beams, scales, and balances in the possession of any person selling goods in any street ; but an inspector has not any authority whatever to seize any unjust beams, scales, balances, or weighing machines, which he may find in any shop, store, warehouse, stall, or yard.

The information in each case was laid by John Cresswell Wade, the Inspector of the Division, to whom one moiety of the penalty in each case was ordered to be paid, the other being payable to the Treasurer of the County of Surrey.

The salary of the Inspector is 300 l. per annum.

No convictions have taken place within the Newington Division against any persons for using false or unjust weights, measures, or balances.

Geo. Ware,
Clerk to the Justices.

PADDINGTON DIVISION—COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

— Nil, —

Sessions House, Clerkenwell, E. C.
13 February 1865.

Charles Wright,
Clerk to the Justices.

ST. GEORGE, HANOVER SQUARE, DIVISION—COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

No conviction for false or unjust weights, measures, or balances, for the year ending 25th March 1864, has taken place in this Division.

Board Room, Mount-street,
30 July 1864.

T. R. Chappell,
Clerk.

ST. MARYLEBONE DIVISION—COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business Carried on.	Date of Offence.	Place where Offence Committed.	Penalty.	Costs.	To whom Penalties Paid.
					£. s. d.		
1	Balance, 6 drams defective	Butcher	4 May 1863	Shop	1 - -	none	
2	Balance, 5 drams defective	- ditto	4 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
3	8 measures defective	Licensed victualler	4 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
4	1 weight $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. defective	General dealer	4 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
5	3 weights $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. defective	- ditto	4 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
6	Balance defective	- ditto	4 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
7	2 weights defective	Grocer	4 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
8	4 weights defective	Tobacconist	4 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
9	1 balance defective	Goldsmith	4 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
10	1 balance $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. defective	General dealer	4 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
11	1 balance $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. defective	Cheesemonger	4 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
12	Ditto - ditto	Dairyman	4 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
13	Ditto - ditto	Butcher	4 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
14	Ditto - ditto	- ditto	4 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
15	7 lb. weight, 10 oz. defective	Coal dealer	4 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
16	3 weights defective	Cheesemonger	4 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
17	Balance, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. defective	Grocer	4 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
18	2 weights defective	Confectioner	4 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
19	Balance defective	Chemist	8 Aug. 1863	ditto	- 10 -	none	
20	3 weights defective	Confectioner	3 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
21	4 weights defective	Grocer	3 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
22	2 weights defective	Tobacconist	3 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
23	7 weights defective	Tallow chandler	3 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
24	3 weights defective	General dealer	3 - -	Open street	- 10 -	none	
25	2 weights defective	Butcher	3 - -	Shop	- 10 -	none	
26	Ditto - ditto	Cheesemonger	3 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
27	3 weights defective	Tobacconist	3 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
28	2 weights defective	General dealer	3 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
29	Balance, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. defective	Oilman	3 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
30	2 measures defective	Licensed victualler	3 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
31	2 weights defective	Butcher	3 - -	ditto	1 - -	none	
32	3 weights defective	Cheesemonger	3 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
33	2 measures defective	Licensed victualler	3 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
34	Ditto - ditto	- ditto	3 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
35	1 measure defective	- ditto	3 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
36	1 weight defective	Mercers	3 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
37	3 measures defective	Licensed victualler	3 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
38	4 weights defective	Confectioner	3 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
39	Ditto - ditto	Ironmonger	3 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
40	3 measures defective	Licensed victualler	3 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
41	Balance defective	Greengrocer	3 - -	ditto	1 - -	none	
42	Ditto - ditto	General dealer	3 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
43	Ditto - ditto	Butcher	3 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
44	Balance and 4 weights	Fishmonger	3 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
45	Balance defective	Grocer	3 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
46	Ditto - ditto	Victualler	3 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
47	Ditto - ditto	Cheesemonger	3 - -	ditto	2 - -	none	
48	2 measures defective	Licensed victualler	2 Nov. 1863	ditto	- 10 -	none	
49	1 balance defective	Butcher	2 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
50	Ditto - ditto	General dealer	2 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
51	Ditto - ditto	Dairyman	2 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
52	1 balance and 3 weights	Cheesemonger	2 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
53	4 weights defective	- ditto	2 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
54	3 weights defective	Butcher	2 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
55	2 weights defective	General dealer	2 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
56	3 weights defective	Butcher	2 - -	ditto	1 - -	none	
57	1 weight defective	- ditto	2 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
58	3 weights defective	General dealer	2 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
59	1 balance defective	Cheesemonger	2 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
60	Ditto - ditto	- ditto	2 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
61	Ditto - ditto	- ditto	2 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
62	Ditto - ditto	- ditto	2 - -	ditto	1 - -	none	
63	3 weights defective	- ditto	2 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
64	2 balances defective	- ditto	2 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
65	1 balance defective	Butcher	2 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	

Vestry.

ST. MARYLEBONE DIVISION—County of Middlesex—continued.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Place where Offence Committed.	Penalty.	Costs.	To whom Penalties Paid.
					£. s. d.		
66	2 weights defective	Mercers	2 Nov. 1863	Shop	- 10 -	none	Vestry.
67	2 measures defective	Licensed victualler	2 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
68	Ditto - ditto	ditto	2 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
69	3 weights defective	Oilman	2 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
70	2 weights defective	Cheesemonger	2 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
71	1 balance defective	ditto	2 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
72	1 balance defective and 4 weights	Greengrocer	2 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
73	4 weights defective	Baker	22 Feb. 1864	ditto	- 10 -	none	
74	3 weights defective	Grocer	22 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
75	3 measures defective	ditto	22 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
76	2 balances and weights	ditto	22 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	
77	3 weights defective	ditto	22 - -	ditto	- 10 -	none	

* Information laid by Inspectors appointed by Vestry. No salary; their services required by Act of Parliament.

In the majority of cases, the defective weights, &c., were seized by the Inspectors, and balances destroyed.

12 January 1865.

W. E. Greenwell,
Clerk to Justices.

ST. PANCRAS DIVISION—COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Occupation.	Date of Offence.	Sums Amereed.	First, Second, or Third Offence.
				£. s. d.	
1	2 Unjust weights	Marine store dealer	1 April 1863	- 2 6	
2	4 Unjust weights and balance	ditto - ditto	1 - -	1 - -	
3	Unjust balance	ditto - ditto	1 - -	- 2 6	
4	Unjust weights and balance	Coal dealer	1 - -	- 5 -	
5	Unstamped weights	Ham and beef shop	1 - -	- 2 6	
6	Unjust balance	Oil and colourman	1 - -	- 5 -	
7	Ditto - ditto	Coal dealer	1 - -	- 2 6	
8	Ditto - ditto	Greengrocer	1 - -	- 2 6	
9	4 Unstamped weights	Grocer*	2 - -	- 5 -	
10	Ditto - ditto	ditto	2 - -	- 2 6	
11	Unstamped weights	ditto	2 - -	- 5 -	
12	Defective balance, and a piece of copper wire affixed to scale.	Grocer and oilman	14 - -	- 2 6	First.
13	4 balances defective	Greengrocer	14 - -	- 5 -	ditto.
14	Defective balance	Grocer	8 June 1863	- 5 -	
15	2 half quarter measures defective	Licensed victualler	8 - -	- 2 6	
16	Unjust balance	Butcher	10 - -	- 10 -	First.
17	Ditto - ditto	Coal dealer	10 - -	- 2 6	ditto.
18	Unjust balance, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb.	ditto	11 - -	- 10 -	Second.
19	Ditto - ditto	Marine store dealer	11 - -	- 5 -	First.
20	5 weights short, three 2 oz. weights, and two 1 oz. weights.	Cheesemonger	9 July 1863	- 10 -	
21	Scale wrong, balance and 4 weights short	Marine store dealer	9 - -	- 2 6	
22	1 lb. weight and 2 scales out of order	Greengrocer	13 Aug. 1863	- 5 -	First.
23	1 quart, beer measure, and $\frac{1}{2}$ quarter spirit measure, defective, destroyed.	Licensed victualler	18 - -	- 2 6	ditto.
24	Unjust balance	Marine store dealer	10 Sept. 1863	- 10 -	Third.
25	$\frac{1}{2}$ lb. weight under scale	Coal dealer	10 - -	- 2 6	First.
26	2 unjust balances	Marine store dealer	10 - -	- 5 -	ditto.
27	Unjust balance	ditto - ditto	10 - -	- 2 6	ditto.
28	Ditto - ditto	ditto - ditto	10 - -	- 2 6	ditto.
29	Scales defective, and 4 short weights	Greengrocer	17 - -	- 5 -	Third.
30	Unjust balance	Fishmonger	8 Oct. 1863	- 5 -	First.
31	Unjust balance, and 4 weights unstamped	Greengrocer	8 - -	- 10 -	ditto.
32	Scale $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. against purchaser	ditto	8 - -	- 10 -	ditto.

* Magistrate declined to enforce this conviction, weights being stamped out of the Parish.

ST PANCRAS DIVISION—County of Middlesex—*continued.*

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Occupation.	Date of Offence.	Sums Amended.	First, Second, or Third Offence.
				£. s. d.	
33	Balance, 2 oz. defective - - -	Marine store dealer -	13 Oct. 1863	- 5 -	First.
34	Scales and 2 weights unjust - - -	Greengrocer - - -	29 - - -	- 5 -	
35	2 deficient scales - - - - -	Cheesemonger - - -	10 Dec. 1863	- 2 6	
36	Deficient scales - - - - -	Pork butcher - - -	10 - - -	- 5 -	Second.
37	Coal scale 2 lbs. against purchaser - -	Greengrocer - - -	17 - - -	1 - -	
38	Unjust balance - - - - -	Chandler's shop keeper -	24 Feb. 1864	- 2 6	
39	2 unjust weights - - - - -	Coal dealer - - -	24 - - -	- 2 6	
40	1 unjust weight - - - - -	- ditto - - -	24 - - -	- 2 6	
41	Unjust weights - - - - -	Chandler's shop keeper -	24 - - -	- 5 -	

The defective weights, measures, and balances are either destroyed by the Inspectors, or removed by them, if the owners consent to their removal.

The several penalties within mentioned when paid were placed to the credit of the poor rate of the parish of St. Pancras aforesaid, and the respective offences were committed at the abodes of the persons convicted, as set forth in this Return.

No salary or other remuneration is given to the Inspectors of Weights and Measures, they being appointed annually under the 34th section of the above-mentioned Act.

Fras. Plaw,
Vestry Clerk.

STRAND DIVISION—COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

— Nil. —

John H. Isaacson,
Clerk to the Justices.

CITY OF WESTMINSTER.

COURT OF BURGESSES, WESTMINSTER.

RETURN, so far as relates to the City and Liberty of *Westminster*, and the Informations of the Inspector appointed by 24 & 25 Vict. c. 78, for the year ending 25th March 1864.

By the Acts of 29 Geo. 2, and 24 & 25 Vict. c. 78, the High Bailiff is entitled to, and receives for his own use, one moiety of the fines recovered, and the other moiety is applied by the Court of Burgesses towards the necessary charges and expenses attending the execution of the said Acts.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date of Offence.	Where Offence Committed.	Penalty.	Costs.
					£. s. d.	
1	Counter scale with brass ball as a shifting balance.	Eating-house keeper	30 Mar. 1863	Eating house	- 15 -	none.
2	2 weights deficient - - - - -	Marine store dealer	30 - - -	Shop	- 5 -	none.
3	Counter scale 8 drams deficient, partly caused by lead.	Butcher - - -	6 April 1863	ditto	- 1 -	none.
4	Counter scale 8 drams draught, adjusted with a halfpenny and farthing.	- ditto - - -	6 - - -	ditto	- 1 -	none.
5	Counter scale 6 drams deficient, caused by 1 oz. weight being attached.	Grocer - - -	6 - - -	ditto	- 15 -	none.
6	Weight deficient - - - - -	Coal dealer - - -	6 - - -	ditto	- 5 -	none.
7	Counter scale 6 drams draught against purchaser.	Butcher - - -	6 - - -	ditto	- 10 -	none.
8	2 pair of counter scales with brass balls as shifting balances.	Grocer - - -	6 - - -	ditto	- 10 -	none.
9	Scale adjusted with 3½ oz. of lead - -	Fishmonger - -	6 - - -	ditto	- 1 -	none.
10	2 pair of counter scales with brass balls as shifting balances.	Grocer - - -	6 - - -	ditto	- 10 -	none.
11	Counter scale 6 drams draught against purchaser.	Baker - - -	13 - - -	ditto	- 10 -	none.

CITY OF WESTMINSTER—Court of Burgesses, Westminster—continued.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business Carried on.	Date of Offence.	Where Offence Committed.	Penalty.	Costs.
					£. s. d.	
12	Counter scale with 1 oz. draught adjusted with 2 penny pieces.	Butcher - -	15 April 1863	Shop -	1 0 0	none.
13	Counter scale 12 drams draught against purchaser, caused by lead attached.	Baker - -	20 - -	ditto -	1 0 0	none.
14	Counter scale 4 drams draught against purchaser.	Cheesemonger -	27 - -	ditto -	0 10 0	none.
15	Beam scale $\frac{3}{4}$ oz. draught against purchaser -	Marine store dealer	27 - -	ditto -	1 10 0	none.
16	Counter scale 4 drams draught against purchaser.	Chandler - -	29 - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
17	Counter scale 3 drams draught against purchaser, caused by fat underneath.	- ditto - -	29 - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
18	Counter scale with brass ball as shifting balance.	- ditto - -	29 - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
19	Weight deficient - - - -	Greengrocer -	4 May 1863	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
20	Counter scale 4 drams deficient - - -	Pork butcher -	4 - -	ditto -	- 7 6	none.
21	$\frac{1}{4}$ lb. weight very defective - - -	Leather seller -	4 - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
22	Counter scale 8 drams deficient - - -	Tripe seller -	4 - -	ditto -	- 10 -	none.
23	2 weights deficient - - - -	Greengrocer -	4 - -	ditto -	- 7 6	none.
24	Counter scale 4 drams deficient - - -	Chandler - -	4 - -	ditto -	- 7 6	none.
25	Ditto - - ditto - - - -	Grocer - -	11 - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
26	Weight deficient and unstamped - - -	Greengrocer -	11 - -	ditto -	- 10 -	none.
27	3 weights unstamped - - - -	Tobacconist -	18 - -	ditto -	- 10 -	none.
28	Coal scale adjusted with 4 lb. weight -	Coal dealer -	18 - -	ditto -	- 15 -	none.
29	Weight deficient - - - -	Marine store dealer	18 - -	ditto -	- 2 6	none.
30	Potato scale $1\frac{1}{2}$ oz. against purchaser, and ditto $1\frac{1}{2}$ oz. against seller.	Greengrocer -	18 - -	ditto -	- 7 6	none.
31	Counter scale with brass ball as shifting balance.	Grocer - -	18 - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
32	Pint measure with false bottom - - -	Costermonger -	18 - -	Street -	- - -	none.
33	Coal scale adjusted with $2\frac{3}{4}$ lbs. of lead -	Coal dealer -	25 - -	Shop -	- 15 -	none.
34	Counter scale 5 drams deficient, caused by pieces of iron.	Chandler - -	25 - -	ditto -	- 7 6	none.
35	Weight deficient - - - -	Greengrocer -	25 - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
36	3 weights deficient - - - -	- ditto - -	25 - -	ditto -	- 10 -	none.
37	Counter scale with brass ball as shifting balance.	Grocer - -	25 - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
38	4 weights deficient - - - -	Oilman - -	27 - -	ditto -	- 12 6	none.
39	Counter scale 6 drams draught against purchaser	General dealer	27 - -	ditto -	- 10 -	none.
40	2 weights deficient - - - -	Grocer - -	27 - -	ditto -	1 10 -	none.
41	3 weights deficient - - - -	Baker - -	27 - -	ditto -	- 10 -	none.
42	3 weights deficient - - - -	Confectioner -	1 June 1863	ditto -	- 10 -	none.
43	Beam scale 1 oz. against purchaser - -	Butcher - -	1 - -	ditto -	1 - -	none.
44	Counter scale with brass ball as shifting balance.	Cheesemonger -	1 - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
45	Pint measure plugged - - - -	Costermonger -	1 - -	Street -	- - -	none.
46	Coal machine adjusted with 2 lb. weight, and a 2 lb. weight deficient.	Greengrocer -	8 - -	Shop -	- 15 -	none.
47	Machine scale 6 drams against purchaser, and counter scale with brass ball as shifting balance.	Cheesemonger -	8 - -	ditto -	- 15 -	none.
48	Counter scale with brass ball as shifting balance.	Grocer - -	8 - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
49	6 weights deficient - - - -	Greengrocer -	8 - -	ditto -	1 5 -	none.
50	3 weights deficient - - - -	Marine store dealer	8 - -	ditto -	- 10 -	none.
51	Measure plugged - - - -	Costermonger -	15 - -	Street -	- - -	none.
52	2 weights very deficient - - - -	- ditto - -	15 - -	ditto -	- - -	none.
53	4 weights deficient - - - -	Greengrocer -	15 - -	Shop -	- 12 6	none.
54	1 weight deficient - - - -	Oilman - -	15 - -	ditto -	- 1 -	none.
55	Counter scale 7 drams against purchaser, lead being attached.	Butcher - -	15 - -	ditto -	1 10 -	none.
56	Counter scale 6 drams against purchaser (two former convictions).	- ditto - -	15 - -	ditto -	3 - -	none.
57	2 weights deficient - - - -	Baker - -	15 - -	ditto -	- 15 -	none.
58	3 weights deficient - - - -	Oilman - -	15 - -	ditto -	- 10 -	none.
59	3 weights plugged - - - -	Costermonger -	15 - -	Street -	- - -	none.
60	Counter scale 6 drams deficient, and weight ditto.	Chandler - -	17 - -	Shop -	- 15 -	none.
61	2 weights deficient - - - -	- ditto - -	17 - -	ditto -	- 7 6	none.
62	4 weights deficient - - - -	Greengrocer -	17 - -	ditto -	- 10 -	none.

CITY OF WESTMINSTER—Court of Burgesses, Westminster—continued.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business Carried on.	Date of Offence.	Where Offence Committed.	Penalty.	Costs.
					£. s. d.	
63	Coal machine, 1 lb. deficient - - -	Coal dealer - -	17 June 1863	Shop -	- 5 -	none.
64	8 weights deficient - - - - -	Greengrocer - -	17 - - -	ditto -	1 5 -	none.
65	Coal machine adjusted with $\frac{3}{4}$ lb. of lead, and 2 weights deficient.	Coal dealer - -	17 - - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
66	Counter scale, with brass ball as shifting balance.	Cheesemonger - -	17 - - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
67	Weight plugged - - - - -	Costermonger - -	17 - - -	Street -	- - -	none.
68	5 weights deficient - - - - -	Coal dealer - -	17 - - -	Shop -	- 15 -	none.
69	4 weights plugged, and weighing machine deficient.	Costermonger - -	22 - - -	Street -	- - -	none.
70	Counter scale deficient, lead under scale -	Butcher - -	29 - - -	Shop -	2 - -	none.
71	7 weights deficient - - - - -	Greengrocer - -	29 - - -	ditto -	1 - -	none.
72	7 weights and 2 measures plugged and deficient.	Costermonger - -	29 - - -	Street -	- - -	none.
73	Weight plugged - - - - -	- ditto - -	29 - - -	ditto -	- - -	none.
74	Counter scale with brass ball as shifting balance.	Baker - -	29 - - -	Shop -	- 5 -	none.
75	Scale 14 drams against seller, and 4 weights deficient.	ditto - -	20 July 1863	ditto -	- 10 -	none.
76	Counter scale, 7 drams against purchaser -	Chandler - -	20 - - -	ditto -	- 10 -	none.
77	3 weights and measure plugged - - -	Costermonger - -	22 - - -	Street -	- - -	none.
78	Coal machine $1\frac{1}{2}$ lb. against seller - - -	Greengrocer - -	22 - - -	Shop -	- 2 6	none.
79	2 weights deficient - - - - -	Potato salesman -	22 - - -	ditto -	- 7 6	none.
80	1 weight deficient - - - - -	- ditto - -	22 - - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
81	Ditto - ditto - - - - -	Fruiterer - -	22 - - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
82	2 weights deficient - - - - -	Fruit seller - -	22 - - -	ditto -	- 10 -	none.
83	Ditto - ditto - - - - -	- ditto - -	22 - - -	ditto -	- 7 6	none.
84	Measure deficient - - - - -	Costermonger - -	22 - - -	Street -	- - -	none.
85	5 weights deficient - - - - -	Tobacconist - -	27 - - -	Shop -	- 15 -	none.
86	2 weights deficient - - - - -	Oilman - -	29 - - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
87	Counter machine 5 drams deficient - -	Butcher - -	29 - - -	ditto -	1 - -	none.
88	Counter scale 14 drams deficient, iron under scale.	Fishmonger - -	29 - - -	ditto -	2 - -	none.
89	2 weights deficient - - - - -	Salesmen - -	3 Aug. 1863	ditto -	- 10 -	none.
90	7 weights unstamped - - - - -	Confectioner - -	3 - - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
91	4 weights deficient - - - - -	Cheesemonger - -	10 - - -	ditto -	- 12 6	none.
92	Weight deficient - - - - -	Butcher - -	10 - - -	ditto -	- 7 6	none.
93	3 weights deficient - - - - -	Baker - -	12 - - -	ditto -	- 15 -	none.
94	Counter scale 4 drams draught against purchaser.	Cheesemonger - -	12 - - -	ditto -	- 10 -	none.
95	Counter scale adjusted with lead - - -	Chandler - -	12 - - -	ditto -	- 10 -	none.
96	Counter scale deficient and adjusted with lead.	- ditto - -	17 - - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
97	4 weights deficient - - - - -	Fruiterer - -	19 - - -	ditto -	- 12 6	none.
98	Weight deficient - - - - -	- ditto - -	19 - - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
99	2 weights deficient - - - - -	Butcher - -	24 - - -	ditto -	- 7 6	none.
100	Counter scale 5 drams against purchaser -	Chandler - -	24 - - -	ditto -	- 10 -	none.
101	Weight plugged and deficient - - -	Greengrocer - -	24 - - -	ditto -	- 7 6	none.
102	5 weights deficient - - - - -	Cheesemonger - -	24 - - -	ditto -	- 15 -	none.
103	Weight deficient - - - - -	Chandler - -	31 - - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
104	5 weights deficient - - - - -	Grocer - -	31 - - -	ditto -	2 - -	none.
105	Scale $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce against purchaser, fat being placed underneath.	Cheesemonger - -	31 - - -	ditto -	5 - -	none.
106	7 weights deficient - - - - -	Confectioner - -	31 - - -	ditto -	1 - -	none.
107	2 weights deficient - - - - -	Greengrocer - -	31 - - -	ditto -	- 7 6	none.
108	5 weights deficient - - - - -	Chandler - -	2 Sept. 1863	ditto -	1 - -	none.
109	Weight deficient - - - - -	Tobacconist - -	7 - - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
110	Ditto - ditto - - - - -	Cheesemonger - -	7 - - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
111	4 weights deficient, and 1 weight too heavy	Marine store dealer	7 - - -	ditto -	1 - -	none.
112	2 weights deficient - - - - -	Greengrocer - -	7 - - -	ditto -	- 7 6	none.
113	Ditto - ditto - - - - -	Cheesemonger - -	7 - - -	ditto -	- 7 6	none.
114	Ditto - ditto - - - - -	Greengrocer - -	7 - - -	ditto -	- 7 6	none.
115	Counter scale 8 drams against purchaser, a date being affixed.	Chandler - -	7 - - -	ditto -	1 - -	none.
116	6 weights plugged - - - - -	Costermonger - -	9 - - -	Street -	- 10 -	none.
117	Beam scale $1\frac{1}{2}$ oz. against purchaser -	Butcher - -	9 - - -	Shop -	- 10 -	none.
118	Counter scale adjusted with $\frac{3}{4}$ oz. of putty	Oilman - -	9 - - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
119	3 weights deficient - - - - -	Marine store dealer	14 - - -	ditto -	- 10 -	none.
120	4 weights deficient - - - - -	Butcher - -	14 - - -	ditto -	1 - -	none.
121	3 weights deficient - - - - -	Chandler - -	14 - - -	ditto -	- 10 -	none.

CITY OF WESTMINSTER—Court of Burgesses, Westminster—continued.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business Carried on.	Date of Offence.	Where Offence Committed.	Penalty.	Costs.
					£. s. d.	
122	3 weights deficient - - - - -	Greengrocer -	14 Sept. 1863	Shop -	- 10 -	none.
123	3 weights deficient - - - - -	Eatinghouse keeper -	16 - - -	ditto -	- 10 -	none.
124	1 weight deficient - - - - -	Coal dealer -	16 - - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
125	3 weights plugged - - - - -	Costermonger -	21 - - -	Street -	- - -	none.
126	Beam scale 1½ oz. against purchaser, lead being attached.	Butcher -	21 - - -	Shop -	1 - -	none.
127	4 weights deficient, and 2 ditto unstamped -	Greengrocer -	21 - - -	ditto -	- 15 -	none.
128	7 weights deficient - - - - -	Butcher -	21 - - -	ditto -	1 - -	none.
129	Counter scale 8 drams deficient with penny attached.	Cheesemonger -	21 - - -	ditto -	1 - -	none.
130	Beam scale with brass ball as shifting balance.	- ditto -	21 - - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
131	Beam scale adjusted with halfpence and lead	Butcher -	23 - - -	ditto -	- 10 -	none.
132	3 weights plugged - - - - -	Costermonger -	23 - - -	Street -	- 5 -	none.
133	6 weights deficient - - - - -	Confectioner -	23 - - -	Shop -	- 15 -	none.
134	3 weights plugged - - - - -	Costermonger -	23 - - -	Street -	- - -	none.
135	5 weights deficient - - - - -	Greengrocer -	23 - - -	Shop -	- 15 -	none.
136	3 weights deficient - - - - -	Costermonger -	23 - - -	Street -	- - -	none.
137	Weight deficient - - - - -	Potato dealer -	5 Oct. 1863	Shop -	- 2 6	none.
138	3 weights deficient - - - - -	Marine store dealer -	5 - - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
139	Weight unstamped - - - - -	Corn chandler -	5 - - -	ditto -	- 2 6	none.
140	4 weights deficient (fined before) - - -	Marine store dealer -	5 - - -	ditto -	1 - -	none.
141	5 weights deficient - - - - -	Greengrocer -	7 - - -	ditto -	- 15 -	none.
142	2 weights plugged - - - - -	Costermonger -	12 - - -	Street -	- - -	none.
143	Pint pot deficient - - - - -	Licensed victualler -	12 - - -	Bar -	- 5 -	none.
144	Quart pot deficient - - - - -	- ditto -	12 - - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
145	3 pint pots deficient - - - - -	- ditto -	12 - - -	ditto -	- 15 -	none.
146	4 pots deficient - - - - -	- ditto -	12 - - -	ditto -	1 10 -	none.
147	3 pint pots deficient - - - - -	- ditto -	19 - - -	ditto -	- 7 6	none.
148	2 pint pots deficient - - - - -	- ditto -	19 - - -	ditto -	1 - -	none.
149	4 pots deficient - - - - -	- ditto -	21 - - -	ditto -	1 - -	none.
150	Pint pot deficient - - - - -	- ditto -	21 - - -	ditto -	- 10 -	none.
151	1 quart pot and pint pot deficient - - -	- ditto -	21 - - -	ditto -	1 - -	none.
152	2 pint pots deficient - - - - -	- ditto -	21 - - -	ditto -	- 15 -	none.
153	Measuring pot deficient - - - - -	- ditto -	21 - - -	ditto -	- 7 6	none.
154	Ditto - ditto - - - - -	- ditto -	21 - - -	ditto -	- 15 -	none.
155	3 measuring pots deficient - - - - -	- ditto -	26 - - -	ditto -	1 5 -	none.
156	Quart pot deficient - - - - -	- ditto -	26 - - -	ditto -	- 10 -	none.
157	3 pots deficient - - - - -	- ditto -	2 Nov. 1863	ditto -	- 10 -	none.
158	Ditto - ditto - - - - -	- ditto -	2 - - -	ditto -	- 15 -	none.
159	Measuring pot deficient - - - - -	- ditto -	2 - - -	ditto -	- 7 6	none.
160	Ditto - ditto - - - - -	- ditto -	2 - - -	ditto -	- 7 6	none.
161	Scale with brass ball as shifting balance	Ham and beefseller -	2 - - -	Shop -	- 5 -	none.
162	½ pint measure deficient - - - - -	Licensed victualler -	9 - - -	Bar -	- 7 6	none.
163	2 pots deficient - - - - -	- ditto -	9 - - -	ditto -	- 15 -	none.
164	Quart pot deficient - - - - -	- ditto -	9 - - -	ditto -	- 7 6	none.
165	2 pots deficient - - - - -	- ditto -	9 - - -	ditto -	- 15 -	none.
166	Quart pot deficient - - - - -	- ditto -	11 - - -	ditto -	gone away	none.
167	4 pots deficient - - - - -	- ditto -	11 - - -	ditto -	1 - -	none.
168	Quart pot deficient - - - - -	- ditto -	11 - - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
169	Scale 2 drams deficient, lead being attached -	Grocer -	14 - - -	Shop -	- 5 -	none.
170	Balance 7 drams deficient, peas pudding attached.	Pork butcher -	14 - - -	ditto -	- 10 -	none.
171	Balance 12 drams deficient, fat attached -	Cheesemonger -	14 - - -	ditto -	1 - -	none.
172	Balance 6 drams deficient, fat attached -	Butcher -	14 - - -	ditto -	1 - -	none.
173	Balance 6 drams deficient, penny attached -	Cheesemonger -	14 - - -	ditto -	1 - -	none.
174	Balance 12 drams deficient, lead attached -	Butcher -	14 - - -	ditto -	1 - -	none.
175	Pint pot deficient - - - - -	Licensed victualler -	23 - - -	Bar -	- 5 -	none.
176	Quart pot deficient - - - - -	- ditto -	23 - - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
177	Pint pot deficient - - - - -	- ditto -	23 - - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
178	2 pots deficient - - - - -	- ditto -	23 - - -	ditto -	- 15 -	none.
179	Ditto - ditto - - - - -	- ditto -	25 - - -	ditto -	- 15 -	none.
180	Pint pot deficient - - - - -	- ditto -	25 - - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
181	Ditto - ditto - - - - -	- ditto -	25 - - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
182	Ditto - ditto - - - - -	- ditto -	25 - - -	ditto -	- 2 6	none.
183	2 pots of no standard measure - - - - -	- ditto -	30 - - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
184	2 pots deficient - - - - -	- ditto -	30 - - -	ditto -	1 - -	none.
185	Quart pot deficient - - - - -	- ditto -	30 - - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
186	2 pots deficient - - - - -	- ditto -	7 Dec. 1863	ditto -	- 15 -	none.

CITY OF WESTMINSTER—Court of Burgesses, Westminster—*continued.*

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business Carried on.	Date of Offence.	Where Offence Committed.	Penalty.	Costs.
					£. s. d.	
187	2 pots deficient - - - - -	Licensed victualler	7 Dec. 1863	Bar -	- 12 6	none.
188	3 pots deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	7 - - -	ditto -	1 - -	none.
189	Pint pot deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	7 - - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
190	Quart pot deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	14 - - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
191	2 quart pots deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	14 - - -	ditto -	- 15 -	none.
192	2 pots deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	14 - - -	ditto -	Gone away	none.
193	2 pint pots deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	14 - - -	ditto -	- 10 -	none.
194	2 pots deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	16 - - -	ditto -	1 - -	none.
195	4 quart pots deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	16 - - -	ditto -	- 12 6	none.
196	2 pots deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	16 - - -	ditto -	- 15 -	none.
197	Pint pot deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	16 - - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
198	2 pint pots deficient - - - - -	Beer seller	16 - - -	ditto -	- 10 -	none.
199	2 pots deficient - - - - -	Licensed victualler	16 - - -	ditto -	- 15 -	none.
200	Quart pot deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	28 - - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
201	Ditto - ditto - - - - -	- ditto - - -	28 - - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
202	Pint pot deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	28 - - -	ditto -	- 2 6	none.
203	Quart pot deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	28 - - -	ditto -	- 10 -	none.
204	3 quart pots deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	28 - - -	ditto -	- 10 -	none.
205	6 pots deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	28 - - -	ditto -	1 7 6	none.
206	2 pots deficient - - - - -	Beer seller	30 - - -	ditto -	- 15 -	none.
207	Pint pot deficient - - - - -	Licensed victualler	30 - - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
208	2 pots deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	30 - - -	ditto -	- 15 -	none.
209	3 pots deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	30 - - -	ditto -	1 - -	none.
210	6 quart pots deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	30 - - -	ditto -	- 17 6	none.
211	Counter scale 6 drams deficient, and machine 5 drams deficient.	Chandler	30 - - -	Shop	- 10 -	none.
212	4 pots deficient - - - - -	Licensed victualler	4 Jan. 1864	Bar -	- 12 6	none.
213	2 spirit measures deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	4 - - -	ditto -	- 15 -	none.
214	2 pots deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	4 - - -	ditto -	- 10 -	none.
215	Quart pot deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	4 - - -	ditto -	- 12 6	none.
216	2 pots deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	4 - - -	ditto -	- 15 -	none.
217	Ditto - ditto - - - - -	- ditto - - -	4 - - -	ditto -	- 17 6	none.
218	3 pots deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	11 - - -	ditto -	1 - -	none.
219	Quart pot deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	11 - - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
220	5 pots deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	11 - - -	ditto -	- 15 -	none.
221	Quart pot deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	11 - - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
222	2 quart pots deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	11 - - -	ditto -	- 7 6	none.
223	Quart pot deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	11 - - -	ditto -	- 12 6	none.
224	Ditto - ditto - - - - -	- ditto - - -	15 - - -	ditto -	- 10 -	none.
225	Ditto - ditto - - - - -	- ditto - - -	15 - - -	ditto -	- 10 -	none.
226	Pint pot deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	15 - - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
227	Quart pot deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	15 - - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
228	2 pots deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	15 - - -	ditto -	- 15 -	none.
229	Ditto - ditto - - - - -	- ditto - - -	15 - - -	ditto -	- 7 6	none.
230	Quart pot deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	15 - - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
231	2 pots deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	15 - - -	ditto -	- 15 -	none.
232	Quart pot deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	18 - - -	ditto -	1 - -	none.
233	Ditto - ditto - - - - -	- ditto - - -	18 - - -	ditto -	- 12 6	none.
234	2 pint pots deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	18 - - -	ditto -	- 7 6	none.
235	2 pots deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	18 - - -	ditto -	- 15 -	none.
236	Pint pot and 2 spirit measures deficient	- ditto - - -	25 - - -	ditto -	- 10 -	none.
237	2 pots deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	25 - - -	ditto -	- 15 -	none.
238	Quart pot deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	25 - - -	ditto -	- 12 6	none.
239	2 pots deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	25 - - -	ditto -	- 17 6	none.
240	Quart pot deficient - - - - -	Beer seller	27 - - -	ditto -	- 7 6	none.
241	3 pots deficient - - - - -	Licensed victualler	27 - - -	ditto -	1 - -	none.
242	3 pint pots deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	27 - - -	ditto -	- 10 -	none.
243	2 pint pots deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	27 - - -	ditto -	- 15 -	none.
244	2 pots deficient - - - - -	Beer seller	27 - - -	ditto -	- 7 6	none.
245	Ditto - ditto - - - - -	Licensed victualler	1 Feb. 1864	ditto -	- 15 -	none.
246	4 pots deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	1 - - -	ditto -	1 5 -	none.
247	2 pots deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	1 - - -	ditto -	2 - -	none.
248	Ditto - ditto - - - - -	- ditto - - -	1 - - -	ditto -	2 - -	none.
249	Quart pot deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	8 - - -	ditto -	- 10 -	none.
250	Ditto - ditto - - - - -	- ditto - - -	8 - - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
251	Pint pot deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	8 - - -	ditto -	- 10 -	none.
252	3 quart pots deficient - - - - -	Beer seller	8 - - -	ditto -	- 10 -	none.
253	4 weights plugged - - - - -	Costermonger	10 - - -	Street	- 5 -	none.
254	Weight plugged - - - - -	- ditto - - -	10 - - -	ditto -	- 1 -	none.
255	2 pots deficient - - - - -	Licensed victualler	10 - - -	Bar -	1 - -	none.

CITY OF WESTMINSTER—Court of Burgesses, Westminster—*continued.*

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business Carried on.	Date of Offence.	Where Offence Committed.	Penalty.	Costs.
					£. s. d.	
256	2 pots deficient - - - - -	Licensed victualler	10 Feb. 1864	Bar -	- 7 6	none.
257	3 pots deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	10 - - -	ditto -	1 - -	none.
258	2 pots deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	10 - - -	ditto -	- 15 -	none.
259	2 quart pots deficient - - - -	Beer seller - -	10 - - -	ditto -	- 7 6	none.
260	Pint pot deficient - - - - -	Licensed victualler	15 - - -	ditto -	- 10 -	none.
261	2 pots deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	15 - - -	ditto -	- 15 -	none.
262	1 weight light and 3 weights plugged	Costermonger -	17 - - -	Street -	- 5 -	none.
263	2 pots deficient - - - - -	Licensed victualler	22 - - -	Bar -	1 - -	none.
264	3 pots deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	22 - - -	ditto -	1 - -	none.
265	Quart pot deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	22 - - -	ditto -	- 10 -	none.
266	3 quart pots deficient - - - -	- ditto - - -	22 - - -	ditto -	- 10 -	none.
267	2 pots deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	22 - - -	ditto -	- 7 6	none.
268	4 pots deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	22 - - -	ditto -	1 5 -	none.
269	2 pots deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	24 - - -	ditto -	1 - -	none.
270	3 pots deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	24 - - -	ditto -	1 - -	none.
271	2 pint pots deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	24 - - -	ditto -	- 7 6	none.
272	Pint pot deficient - - - - -	- ditto - - -	24 - - -	ditto -	- 10 -	none.
273	3 pots deficient - - - - -	Beer seller - -	24 - - -	ditto -	- 15 -	none.
274	2 pots deficient - - - - -	Licensed victualler	24 - - -	ditto -	1 - -	none.
275	6 weights deficient - - - - -	Ham and beef seller	7 Mar. 1864	Shop -	- 15 -	none.
276	5 weights deficient - - - - -	General shop -	7 - - -	ditto -	- 10 -	none.
277	Machine scale 12 drams deficient against purchaser, and machine scale 12 drams against seller.	Greengrocer -	7 - - -	ditto -	- 10 -	none.
278	Scale incorrect - - - - -	Grocer - - -	7 - - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
279	Beam scale 12 drams deficient - -	Butcher - - -	12 - - -	ditto -	- 10 -	none.
280	Scale 6 drams deficient, fat being attached	Grocer - - -	12 - - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
281	Scale 1½ oz. deficient, ¼ lb. weight being hung on.	Costermonger -	12 - - -	Street -	- 5 -	none.
282	Scale having 10 drams draught, lead being attached, and beam scale having 10 drams draught.	Provision dealer -	12 - - -	Shop -	1 - -	none.
283	Counter scale 8 drams deficient - -	Pork butcher -	12 - - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
284	Counter scale 5 drams deficient, penny under plate.	Cheesemonger -	12 - - -	ditto -	1 - -	none.
285	Counter scale 12 drams deficient, penny and halfpenny under plate.	Butcher - - -	12 - - -	ditto -	1 10 -	none.
286	Scale 1 oz. deficient, lead being attached	- ditto - - -	12 - - -	ditto -	1 10 -	none.
287	Scale adjusted with iron and lead -	- ditto - - -	14 - - -	ditto -	2 - -	none.
288	2 weights deficient - - - - -	Tobacconist - -	14 - - -	ditto -	- 7 6	none.
289	Scale 1 oz. against seller - - - -	- ditto - - -	14 - - -	ditto -	- 2 6	none.
290	Weight deficient - - - - -	Coal dealer - -	14 - - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
291	Counter machine adjusted with soap -	Dairyman - - -	14 - - -	ditto -	- 10 -	none.
292	2 weights deficient - - - - -	Baker - - -	14 - - -	ditto -	- 7 6	none.
293	Beam scale 3½ oz. against purchaser -	Greengrocer - -	14 - - -	ditto -	1 - -	none.
294	Scale 4 drams against purchaser - -	Dairyman - - -	16 - - -	ditto -	- 10 -	none.
295	Counter scale having brass ball as shifting balance.	Wine and beer seller	16 - - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
296	Counter scale 4 drams draught against purchaser.	Chandler - - -	16 - - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.
297	Beam scale adjusted with 4½ oz. of lead -	Greengrocer - -	16 - - -	ditto -	1 10 -	none.
298	2 weights deficient - - - - -	Chandler - - -	23 - - -	ditto -	- 7 6	none.
299	Counter machine 6 drams against purchaser	Baker - - -	23 - - -	ditto -	- 5 -	none.

No portion of the penalties and articles condemned were given to the Inspector who laid the informations; but all weights, measures, and balances seized are sold, and the proceeds applied towards the charges and expenses attending the execution of the said Acts.

All false and unjust weights, measures, and balances are seized and condemned pursuant to the provisions of the 24 & 25 Vict. c. 78.

The amount of Salaries given to the two Inspectors appointed by the said Court are respectively 70*l.* and 50*l.* per annum.

31 Abingdon-street, Westminster,
28 January, 1865.

W. M. Trollope, Town Clerk.

WESTMINSTER—ST. JAMES'S DIVISION—COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

THE whole of the business relating to Weights and Measures for the City and Liberties of Westminster is conducted by the Court of Burgesses, at the Guildhall, Westminster, and the Petty Sessional Divisions have nothing whatever to do with it.

George Buzzard,
John William Allen, } Joint Clerks.

WANDSWORTH DIVISION—COUNTY OF SURREY.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business of Offender.	Date of Offence.	Where Committed.	Penalty.	Costs.
			1863 :		£. s. d.	£. s. d.
1	Measures:—3 quarts, 3 oz. each deficient; 2 pints, 1 oz. each deficient; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. deficient. (Two measuring pots).	Beer retailer - -	27 March -	In a shop -	- 10 -	- 2 -
2	Measures:—6 pints, 1 oz. each deficient; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, $\frac{3}{4}$ oz. deficient.	- ditto - -	11 April -	- ditto -	- 10 -	- 2 -
3	Measures:—3 quarts, 2 oz. each deficient.	Licensed victualler -	27 March -	- ditto -	- 10 -	- 2 -
4	Balance, 6 drams deficient - -	Butcher - -	11 April -	- ditto -	- 10 -	- 2 -
5	Balance, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. deficient - -	Grocer - -	27 March -	- ditto -	- 5 -	- 2 -
6	Balance, with a movable ball, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. deficient	Cheesemonger -	11 April -	- ditto -	1 - -	- 2 -
7	Measure, 1 pint, $1\frac{1}{2}$ oz. deficient -	Licensed victualler -	24 April -	- ditto -	- 2 6	- 2 -
8	Weights:—7 lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. deficient; 2 lb., 1 dram deficient.	Fruiterer and coal dealer.	25 April -	- ditto -	- 5 -	- 2 -
9	Weights:—14 lb., $2\frac{3}{4}$ oz. deficient; 7 lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. deficient; 14 lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. over weight; 4 lb., 2 drams over weight; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $2\frac{1}{2}$ drams over weight.	Marine store dealer (buys and sells).	25 April -	- ditto -	- 5 -	- 2 -
10	Weights:—Three 14 lb., 1 oz. each deficient; 7 lb., 2 drams deficient; 4 lb., 2 drams deficient; 1 lb., 1 dram deficient.	- ditto - -	11 July -	- ditto -	- 5 -	- 2 -
11	Weights:—7 lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. deficient; 4 lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. deficient; 2 lb., $2\frac{1}{2}$ drams deficient; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 1 dram deficient.	Fruiterer - -	11 July -	- ditto -	1 - -	- 2 -
12	Weights:—4 lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. deficient; 2 lb., $\frac{3}{4}$ oz. deficient; 1 lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. deficient.	- ditto - -	11 July -	Public street -	- 5 -	- 2 -
13	Weights:— $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. deficient; 2 oz., $1\frac{1}{2}$ dram deficient.	- ditto - -	11 July -	- ditto -	- 10 -	- 2 -
14	Balance, 2 lb. deficient - -	Coal dealer - -	11 July -	- ditto -	2 - -	- 2 -
15	Balance, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. deficient - -	Grocer - -	11 July -	In a shop -	- 5 -	- 2 -
16	Balance, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. deficient - -	Butcher - -	11 July -	- ditto -	- 5 -	- 2 -
17	Balance, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. deficient - -	- ditto - -	11 July -	- ditto -	- 2 6	- 2 -
18	Balance, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. deficient - -	- ditto - -	11 July -	- ditto -	- 2 6	- 2 -
19	Measures:—7 quarts, 2 oz. each deficient; 5 pints, 1 oz. each deficient.	Beer retailer - -	11 July -	- ditto -	- 10 -	- 2 -
20	Measures:—4 pints, 1 oz. each deficient.	Licensed victualler -	11 July -	- ditto -	- 5 -	- 2 -
21	Measures:—4 quarts, 2 oz. each deficient; 2 pints, $1\frac{1}{2}$ oz. each deficient.	- ditto - -	24 Oct. -	- ditto -	1 - -	- 2 -
22	Measures:—4 quarts, 2 oz. each deficient.	- ditto - -	24 Oct. -	- ditto -	- 15 -	- 2 -
23	Measures:—2 quarts, $2\frac{1}{2}$ oz. each deficient; 4 pints, $1\frac{1}{2}$ oz. each deficient.	Beer retailer - -	24 Oct. -	- ditto -	1 - -	- 2 -
24	Balance, $\frac{3}{4}$ oz. deficient - -	Butcher - -	25 Sept. -	- ditto -	- 5 -	- 2 -
25	Balance, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. deficient - -	Grocer - -	24 Oct. -	- ditto -	- 5 -	- 2 -
26	Balance, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. deficient - -	- ditto - -	10 Oct. -	- ditto -	- 5 -	- 2 -
27	Balance, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. deficient - -	- ditto - -	17 Dec. -	- ditto -	- 5 -	- 2 -
28	Balance, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. deficient - -	Butcher - -	11 Dec. -	- ditto -	- 5 -	- 2 -
29	Measures:—2 quarts, 2 oz. each deficient; 1 pint (measuring pot) 11 oz. deficient.	Licensed victualler -	17 Dec. -	- ditto -	- 15 -	- 2 -
30	Measures:—2 quarts, 2 oz. each deficient; 3 pints, 1 oz. each deficient. (1 quart measuring pot, 1 pint measuring pot).	Beer retailer - -	11 Dec. -	- ditto -	1 5 -	- 2 -
31	Balance, $\frac{3}{4}$ oz. deficient (a piece of fat being placed between the iron framework and the delf platter).	Butcher - -	27 Feb. -	- ditto -	5 - -	- 2 -
32	Balance, $\frac{3}{4}$ oz. deficient - -	- ditto - -	4 March -	- ditto -	5 - -	- 2 -

WANDSWORTH DIVISION—County of Surrey—*continued.*

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business of Offender.	Date of Offence.	Where Committed.	Penalty.	Costs.
			1864 :		£. s. d.	£. s. d.
33	Balance, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. deficient - - -	Chandler - - -	27 Feb. -	In a shop -	- 5 -	- 2 -
34	Balance, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. deficient - - -	- ditto - - -	27 Feb. -	- ditto -	- 5 -	- 2 -
35	Weights:—14 lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. deficient; 4 lb., 2 drams deficient; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ dram deficient; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ dram deficient; 7 lb., 3 drams over weight; 2 lb., 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ dram over weight.	Marine store dealer -	27 Feb. -	- ditto -	1 - -	- 2 -
36	Weights:—4 lb., 2 drams deficient; 2 lb., 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ dram deficient; 1 lb., 1 dram deficient; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ dram de- ficient.	- ditto - - -	27 Feb. -	- ditto -	1 - -	- 2 -

The weights, measures, and balances were seized and condemned in all cases.

One moiety of the penalties in each case, with the costs actually incurred, was paid over to Mr. John Dart, the Inspector of Weights and Measures for the Croydon District of the County of Surrey, who in all cases laid the information, and also took possession of the articles condemned.

Amount of Salary given to the Inspector of Weights:—Not known.

Alfred Taylor,
Chief Clerk.

BLACKHEATH DIVISION—COUNTY OF KENT.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy	Business of Offender.	Date when Offence Committed.	Where Offence Committed.	Amount of Penalty.	Amount of Costs.	
						Justices Clerks' Fees.	Constable's Fees.
			1863 :		£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
1	Measures:—2 quarts, $\frac{3}{4}$ gill each deficient; 5 quarts, $\frac{1}{2}$ gill each deficient.	Beer retailer -	22 May -	Open shop -	- 10 -	- 8 -	- 2 6
2	Weights:—7 lb., 13 drams deficient; 4 lb., 4 drams deficient; 2 lb., 4 drams deficient; 1 lb., 1 dram deficient; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 2 drams deficient; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ drams deficient.	Baker - - -	25 May -	- ditto -	3 - -	- 8 -	- 2 6
3	Weights:—7 lb., 11 drams deficient; 2 lb., 8 drams deficient; 1 lb., 3 drams deficient; 1 lb., 2 drams deficient; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 2 drams deficient.	Greengrocer -	25 May -	- ditto -	- 15 -	- 8 -	- 2 6
4	Measures:—2 quarts, $\frac{3}{4}$ gill each deficient; 3 quarts, $\frac{1}{2}$ gill each deficient; 1 pint, $\frac{1}{4}$ gill deficient.	Victualler - -	26 May -	- ditto -	1 - -	- 8 -	- 2 6
5	Measures:—1 quart, $\frac{1}{2}$ gill deficient; 5 quarts, $\frac{3}{4}$ gill each deficient; 4 pints, $\frac{1}{4}$ gill each deficient; 2 pints, $\frac{3}{4}$ of $\frac{1}{2}$ a gill each deficient.	- ditto - -	3 June -	- ditto -	2 - -	- 8 -	- 2 6
6	Measures:—4 quarts, $\frac{3}{4}$ gill each deficient; 1 pint, $\frac{1}{2}$ of $\frac{1}{2}$ a gill deficient.	- ditto - -	3 June -	- ditto -	1 - -	- 8 -	- 2 6

BLACKHEATH DIVISION—County of Kent—*continued.*

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business of Offender.	Date, when Offence Committed.	Where Offence Committed.	Amount of Penalty.	Amount of Costs.					
						Justices Clerks' Fees.			Constable's Fees.		
7	Measures:—2 quarts, $\frac{3}{4}$ gill each deficient; 4 quarts, $\frac{1}{2}$ gill each deficient; 1 quart, $\frac{1}{2}$ gill deficient.	Beer retailer -	1863 : 5 June -	Open shop -	£. s. d. 1 - -	£. s. d. - 8 -	£. s. d. - 2 6				
8	Measures:—1 quart, $\frac{1}{2}$ gill deficient; 1 quart, $\frac{1}{2}$ gill deficient.	Victualler - -	5 June -	- ditto -	- 2 6	- 8 -	- 2 6				
9	Weight, 1 lb., 5 drams deficient.	Grocer - -	5 June -	- ditto -	- 2 6	- 8 -	- 2 6				
10	Weights:—7 lb., 8 drams deficient; 4 lb., 2 oz. deficient; 2 lb., 4 drams deficient; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $1\frac{1}{2}$ dram deficient.	Grocer and cheesemonger.	5 June -	- ditto -	1 - -	- 8 -	- 2 6				
11	Measures:—1 quart, $\frac{1}{2}$ gill deficient; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, $\frac{1}{2}$ gill deficient.	Victualler - -	5 June -	- ditto -	- 5 -	- 8 -	- 2 6				
12	Weights:—4 lb., 7 drams deficient; 2 lb., 4 drams deficient; 1 lb., 3 drams deficient; 1 lb., 2 drams deficient; 1 lb., 2 drams deficient; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 1 oz. 3 drams deficient; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 3 drams deficient.	Fishmonger -	26 June -	- ditto -	- 2 6	- 8 -	- 2 6				
13	Weights:—7 lb., 10 drams deficient; 2 lb., 11 drams deficient; 1 lb., 7 drams deficient; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 5 drams deficient.	Provision dealer -	22 June -	- ditto -	- 1 -	- 8 -	- 2 6				
14	Measures:—5 quarts, $\frac{1}{2}$ gill each deficient.	Victualler - -	30 June -	- ditto -	- 1 -	- 8 -	- 2 6				
15	Weights:—7 lb., 12 drams deficient; 4 lb., 4 drams deficient.	Grocer - -	15 July -	- ditto -	- 5 -	- 8 -	- 2 6				
16	Weights:—56 lb., 6 oz. deficient; 28 lb., 1 oz. deficient; 14 lb., 6 oz. 8 drams deficient.	Greengrocer and coal dealer.	17 July -	- ditto -	- 10 -	- 8 -	- 2 6				
17	Measures:—1 quart, $\frac{1}{2}$ gill deficient; 1 quart, $\frac{2}{3}$ of $\frac{1}{2}$ gill deficient.	Victualler - -	17 July -	- ditto -	- 1 -	- 8 -	- 2 6				
18 } 19 }	Measures:—1 quart, 1 gill deficient; 9 quarts, $\frac{1}{2}$ gill each deficient; 2 quarts, $\frac{2}{3}$ gill each deficient; 3 pints, $\frac{1}{2}$ gill each deficient; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, $\frac{1}{2}$ gill deficient.	Victuallers - -	15 July -	- ditto -	3 - -	- 8 -	- 2 6				

The Informations were laid by John William Farmer, Inspector of Weights and Measures.

The Costs were paid to the Clerks to the Justices and Constable respectively.

N.B.—The whole of the Penalties and Costs and proceeds of the Articles condemned are paid to the County Treasurer.

Amount of Salary and other remuneration of Inspectors:—Salary of two Inspectors, 80 *l.* Remuneration for additional expenses, 18 *l.* 5 *s.*

Croom's Hill, Greenwich,
December 1864.

Smith, Tucker & Smith,
Clerks to the Justices.

BRENTFORD DIVISION—COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business of Offender.	Date of Offence.	Where Offence Committed.	Penalty.	Costs.	Amount of Penalty paid to Informer.
			1863:		£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
1	Balance (coal machine), $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. against purchaser.	Coal dealer - -	5 August -	Shed, North Hyde -	- 12 -	- 8 -	- 6 -
2	4 measures:—1 quart, $1\frac{1}{2}$ oz.; 2 quarts, 1 oz. each; 1 pint, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., short.	Beer seller - -	5 „ -	Shop, Twickenham -	1 12 -	- 8 -	- 16 -
3	4 measures:—1 quart, $1\frac{1}{2}$ oz.; 2 quarts, 1 oz. each; 1 pint, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., short.	Licensed victualler -	5 „ -	House, Twickenham -	1 2 -	- 8 -	- 11 -
4	3 measures:—1 quart, 1 oz.; 2 quarts, $1\frac{1}{2}$ oz. each, short.	Beer seller - -	5 „ -	- ditto - -	1 2 -	- 8 -	- 11 -
5	7 weights:—1 lb., $2\frac{1}{2}$ drams; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 2 drams; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 2 oz., 1 oz., and $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., light, and not according to standard.	Chemist - -	18 April -	- ditto - -	1 12 -	- 8 -	- 16 -
6	Balance (coal machine), $\frac{3}{4}$ lb. against purchaser.	Coal and potato dealer	24 September -	Shop, Ealing -	- 12 -	- 8 -	- 6 -
7	4 weights:—14 lb., $2\frac{1}{2}$ oz.; 7 lb., 7 drams; 4 lb., 12 drams; 2 lb., 3 drams, light.	- ditto - -	24 „ -	- ditto - -	- 12 -	- 8 -	- 6 -
8	Balance (coal machine), 3 lb. and $\frac{1}{4}$ against purchaser.	- ditto - -	24 „ -	- ditto - -	- 10 -	- 8 -	- 5 -
9	5 weights:—7 lb., 1 dram; 4 lb., 2 drams; 2 lb., 4 drams; 1 lb., 1 dram; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ dram, light.	- ditto - -	24 „ -	- ditto - -	- 2 -	- 8 -	- 1 -
10	Balance, $\frac{3}{4}$ oz. against purchaser	Butcher - -	24 „ -	- ditto - -	- 12 -	- 8 -	- 6 -
11	Balance, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. against purchaser	- ditto - -	24 „ -	- ditto - -	- 12 -	- 8 -	- 6 -
12	5 weights:—7 lb., 2 drams; 1 lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ dram; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 2 drams; 1 oz., 3 drams; 2 oz., light.	General dealer -	24 „ -	- ditto - -	- 1 -	- 8 -	- 6 -
13	3 measures:—1 quart, $1\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short; 2 quarts, 1 oz. short, each.	Beer seller - -	19 „ -	Shop, Hounslow -	- 2 -	- 8 -	- 1 -
14	4 weights:—7 lb., 4 drams; 2 lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ dram; 1 lb., 1 dram; 2 oz., light.	Greengrocer - -	24 „ -	Shop, Ealing -	- 2 -	- 8 -	- 1 -
15	Balance, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. against purchaser	Eatinghouse keeper	24 „ -	- ditto - -	- 2 -	- 8 -	- 1 -
16	3 weights:—2 lb., 1 dram; 1 lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ dram; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., $\frac{1}{2}$ dram, light.	- ditto - -	24 „ -	- ditto - -	- 10 -	- 8 -	- 5 -
17	3 measures:—1 quart, $1\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short; 1 pint, 1 oz.; 1 pint, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., short.	Beer seller - -	19 „ -	Shop, Hounslow -	- 2 -	- 8 -	- 1 -
18	Balance, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. against purchaser	Grocer - -	17 December -	- ditto - -	- 2 -	- 8 -	- 1 -
19	3 weights:—14 lb., 1 oz.; 1 lb., 1 dram; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 3 drams, light.	Miller - -	12 „ -	Warehouse, Brentford	- 12 -	- 8 -	- 6 -
20	5 weights:—7 lb., 2 drams; 4 lb., 1 dram; 2 lb., 1 dram; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ dram; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ dram, light.	Grocer - -	5 „ -	Shop, Hounslow -	- 12 -	- 8 -	- 16 -
21	5 weights:—7 lb., 4 drams; 4 lb., $2\frac{1}{2}$ drams; 2 lb., 3 drams; 1 lb., 1 dram; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ dram, light.	Conectigner - -	12 „ -	Shop, Brentford -	- 17 -	- 8 -	- 8 6
22	3 weights:—14 lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.; 2 lb., 3 drams; 1 lb., 1 dram, light.	Cheesemonger - -	12 „ -	- ditto - -	- 7 -	- 8 -	- 3 6
23	2 weights:—2 lb., 4 drams; 1 lb., 1 dram, light.	Greengrocer - -	17 „ -	Shop, Ealing -	- 1 -	- 8 -	- 6 -
24	3 weights:—2 lb., $4\frac{1}{2}$ drams; 1 lb., 4 drams; 1 oz., light; and unjust balance, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. against purchaser.	Eatinghouse keeper	17 „ -	- ditto - -	- 12 -	- 8 -	- 6 -
25	4 measures:—1 pint, $\frac{3}{4}$ oz.; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.; two $\frac{1}{4}$ pints, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short, each.	Beer seller and grocer	19 „ -	Shop, Brentford -	- 2 -	- 8 -	- 1 -
26	2 weights:— $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ dram; 1 oz., light.	- ditto - -	19 „ -	- ditto - -	- 2 -	- 8 -	- 1 -
27	2 weights:—14 lb., $1\frac{1}{2}$ oz.; 7 lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., light.	Coal dealer - -	19 „ -	Shed, Brentford -	- 7 -	- 8 -	- 3 6
28	6 weights:—4 lb., 2 drams; 2 lb., 6 drams; 1 lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ dram; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ dram; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ dram; and 2 oz., light.	Tobacconist - -	19 „ -	Shop, Brentford -	- 2 -	- 8 -	- 1 -
29	8 weights:—4 lb., 4 drams; 2 lb., 2 drams; 2 lb., $1\frac{1}{2}$ dram; two $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $1\frac{1}{2}$ dram each; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 2 drams; 1 lb., 2 drams; 1 lb., $1\frac{1}{2}$ dram, light.	Fishmonger - -	31 „ -	Shop, Hanwell -	- 2 -	- 8 -	- 1 -
30	Balance, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. against purchaser	Grocer and baker	31 „ -	Shop, Southall -	- 12 -	- 8 -	- 6 -
31	7 measures:—1 quart, 2 oz.; 2 pints, 1 oz. each; 2 pints, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. each; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., short.	Beer seller - -	31 „ -	Shop, North Hyde -	- 12 -	- 8 -	- 6 -
32	Balance, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. against purchaser	Butcher - -	15 „ -	Shop, Brentford -	- 2 -	- 8 -	- 1 -
33	2 weights:—14 lb., $1\frac{1}{2}$ oz.; 4 lb., 4 drams, light.	General dealer -	21 November -	Shop, Hounslow -	- 1 -	- 8 -	- 6 -
34	4 measures:—1 quart, 1 oz.; 1 quart, $\frac{3}{4}$ oz.; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, $\frac{3}{4}$ oz.; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., short.	Beer seller - -	21 „ -	- ditto - -	- 1 -	- 8 -	- 6 -
35	9 weights:— $\frac{1}{2}$ cwt., 1 oz.; $\frac{1}{4}$ cwt., 2 oz.; 14 lb., $1\frac{1}{2}$ oz.; 14 lb., 1 oz.; 7 lb., 4 drams; 4 lb., 12 drams; 2 lb., 3 drams; 1 lb., 1 dram; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ dram.	Marine store dealer	12 December -	Shop, Brentford -	- 12 -	- 8 -	- 6 -

All Weights and Measures seized and condemned; Balances not seized.
Salary of Inspector:—£. 150, and half of all fines.

BROMLEY DIVISION—COUNTY OF KENT.

No convictions in the year ending 25th March 1864. Salary of Inspector (paid by County), 12*l.* per annum.

26 January 1865.

R. B. Latter,
Clerk to the Justices.

CHESHUNT, EDMONTON, AND WALTHAM ABBEY DIVISIONS—COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

There have been no convictions for the year ending 24th March last.

Waltham Abbey, Essex,
10 September 1864.

J. F. Jessopp,
Clerk to the Justices.

CHIPPING BARNET AND SOUTH MIMS DIVISIONS—COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

— Nil. —

6 August 1864.

Stanley Harris,
Clerk to the Magistrates.

CROYDON DIVISION—COUNTY OF SURREY.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business of Offender.	Date of Offence.	Where Committed.	Penalty.	Costs.	How Articles Seized disposed of.	How Penalty disposed of.
			1863 :		<i>£. s. d.</i>	<i>£. s. d.</i>		
1	Four bulged measures, varying from 1 to 2 oz. deficient.	Beer retailer -	26 March -	Beerhouse -	- 10 -	- 7 4	Given to in- former.	Moiety to in- former.
2	Weighing machine, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. against purchaser.	Butcher -	30 March -	Shop -	- 5 -	- 8 6	-	- ditto.
3	Weighing machine, imperfect -	Coal dealer -	10 June -	Shed -	1 - -	- 9 -	-	- ditto.
4	Five bulged measures, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. to 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. deficient.	Beer retailer -	10 June -	Beerhouse -	- 10 -	- 9 -	Given to in- former.	- ditto.
5	Weighing machine, about $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. against purchaser.	Butcher -	25 Nov. -	Shop -	- 2 6	- 11 -	-	- ditto.
6	Weighing machine, about $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. against purchaser.	Grocer -	25 Nov. -	Shop -	- 2 6	- 11 -	-	- ditto.
7	Five bulged measures, from 1 to 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. deficient.	Victualler -	20 Nov. -	lan -	- 5 -	- 11 -	Given to in- former.	- ditto.

John Drummond,
Clerk to the Justices.

DARTFORD—SUTTON-AT-HONE DIVISION—COUNTY OF KENT.

— Nil. —

The Inspector receives a salary of 14*l.* per year from the County of Kent for the above Division, which comprises 20 Parishes; three of them, namely, East Wickham, Crayford, and Erith, being within the Police District of the Metropolis.

J. Hayward,
Clerk to the Justices.

EDGWARE OR GORE HUNDRED DIVISION—COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business Carried on.	Date.	Where Committed.	Penalty.	Costs.	Whether Condemned.	Portion of Penalty Paid to Informer.
1	Measures:—1 quart, 2 oz.; 1 pint, 1 oz., short.	Licensed victualler	1863 : 26 Sept.	In a house	£. s. d. - 5 -	£. s. d. - 7 6	yes - -	Moiety.
2	Measures:—1 quart, 1½ oz.; 1 quart, 1 oz.; 1 pint, ½ oz.; 3 pints, ½ oz. each, short.	- ditto - -	14 Aug.	- ditto -	- 10 -	- 7 6	yes - -	Moiety.
3	Measures:—1 quart, 1½ oz.; 1 pint, 2 oz.; 1 pint, 1 oz.; 1 pint, ½ oz., short.	- ditto - -	26 Sept.	- ditto -	- 14 6	- 7 6	yes - -	Moiety.
4	Weights:—2 lb., 1 dram; two 1 lb., 1 dram each; ½ lb., 2½ drams, light.	Greengrocer	14 Aug.	In a shop	- 4 -	- 7 6	yes - -	Moiety.
5	Weights:—14 lb., 2 oz.; 7 lb., ½ oz., light.	Coal dealer	14 „	- ditto -	- 4 -	- 7 6	yes - -	Moiety.
6	Weights:—2 lb., 1 dram; 1 lb., 1 dram; ½ lb., ½ dram, light.	Grocer	14 „	- ditto -	- 3 -	- 7 6	yes - -	Moiety.
7	Weights:—4 lb., 1 dram; 1 lb., 1 dram; ½ lb., ½ dram, light.	Butcher	14 „	- ditto -	- 6 -	- 7 6	yes - -	Moiety.
8	Beam and scales, ½ oz.	- ditto - -	14 „	- ditto -	- 5 -	- 6 6	yes - -	Moiety.
9	Weights:—56 lb., 7½ oz.; 28 lb., 6 oz., light.	Baker	14 „	- ditto -	- 10 -	- 6 6	yes - -	Moiety.
10	Measures:—1 quart, 1½ oz., 1 quart, ½ oz.; 2 pints, 1½ oz. each, short.	Licensed victualler	14 „	In a house	1 10 -	- 7 6	yes - -	Moiety.
11	Weights:—7 lb., ½ oz.; 4 lb., 5 drams; 2 lb., 5 drams; 1 lb., 1 dram; ½ lb., 1 dram; ¼ lb., ½ dram, light.	Butcher	18 Sept.	In a shop	- 12 -	- 7 6	yes - -	Moiety.
12	Weights:—1 lb., 1½ dram; ½ lb., 1 dram; ¼ lb., 1½ dram; 2 oz., ½ dram; 1 oz., ½ dram, light.	Grocer	18 „	- ditto -	- 10 -	- 7 6	yes - -	Moiety.
13	Measures:—1 quart, 1½ oz.; 1 pint, 7 drams; 1 pint, ¾ oz., short.	Beerseller	11 Aug.	- ditto -	- 15 -	- 7 6	yes - -	Moiety.

The Inspectors of Weights and Measures are appointed by the Justices in Quarter Sessions.

Wm. S. Tootell,
Clerk of Petty Sessions.

ENFIELD DIVISION—COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

— Nil. —

10 January 1865.

E. Letchworth,
Clerk.

EPSOM DIVISION—COUNTY OF SURREY.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business Carried on.	Place in which Offence Committed.	Penalty.	Costs.	Person to whom Penalty Paid.	Person to whom Costs Paid.
1	Weighing machine, ½ oz. incorrect.	Butcher	Open shop	s. d. 5 -	s. d. 7 6	In every case half the penalty paid to the Informer and the other half to the Treasurer of the Metropolitan Police.	Magistrates' Clerk, and to Police, for exact amount of railway fare (if any) incurred by them in serving the summons and attending to prove the service.
2	Weights:—14 lb., ½ oz.; 7 lb., 8 drams; 7 lb., ½ oz.; 4 lb., 7 drams, deficient.	Miller	- ditto -	7 6	7 6		
3	Weights:—Two 2 lb., ½ dram; three 1 lb., ½ dram; three ½ lb., ½ dram; two ¼ lb., ½ dram, deficient.	Grocer	- ditto -	10 -	10 -		
4	Balance, 1½ oz. deficient	Butcher	- ditto -	5 -	7 6		

The Informations were laid by the Inspector of Weights and Measures for the District.

Henry T. Aveline,
Clerk to the Justices.

HAMPSTEAD DIVISION—COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

— Nil. —

8 October 1864.

Thomas Toller,
Clerk to the Justices.

HIGHGATE DIVISION—COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

— Nil. —

Salary to Inspector of Weights and Measures for the District in which the Petty Sessions Division
is included, 150 *l.* per annum.John S. Shaife,
Clerk.

KINGSTON AND ELMBRIDGE DIVISION—COUNTY OF SURREY.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business Carried on.	Date of Offence.	Where Committed.	Amount of Penalty.	Amount of Costs.	To whom Paid.
1	Measure, 1 to 8 oz. short -	Beer seller - -	1863 : 25 March -	East Moulsey	£. s. d. 1 7 6	£. s. d. - 12 6	Clerk to Jus- tices.
2	Weights:—56 lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. light; 28 lb., 1 oz. light; 14 lb., 10 drams light.	Coal dealer - -	28 April -	Kingston-on- Thames.	- 7 6	- 12 6	- ditto.
3	Weighing machine, 1 oz. against purchaser.	Grocer - -	28 „ -	- - -	- 7 6	- 12 6	- ditto.
4	Weights:—2 lb., 1 dram light; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ dram light; 1 lb., 1 dram light; 2 oz., $\frac{1}{2}$ dram light.	Oilman, &c. -	28 „ -	Kingston-on- Thames.	- 17 6	- 12 6	- ditto.
5	Weights:—56 lb., 5 oz. light; 56 lb., $4\frac{1}{2}$ oz. light; 26 lb., 12 drams light; 4 lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. light; 2 lb., $4\frac{1}{2}$ drams light; 1 lb., 7 drams light; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ dram light. Weighing machine, 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. against purchaser.	Innkeeper - -	21 May -	Ham -	- 7 6	- 12 6	- ditto.
6	Measures:—Four $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, $\frac{1}{2}$ pint deficient.	Innkeeper, &c. -	25 June -	Stoke D' Abernon.	- 5 -	1 - -	Clerk to Jus- tices and Constable.
7	Weights:—4 lb., 1 dram light; 2 lb., 1 dram light; and ba- lance, 7 drams against the purchaser.	General dealer in provisions.	9 July -	West Moul- sey.	1 7 6	- 12 6	Clerk to Jus- tices.
8	Scales, 7 oz. against pur- chaser.	Grocer - -	28 Nov. -	Kingston-on- Thames.	- 7 6	- 12 6	- ditto.
9	Scales, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. against pur- chaser.	- ditto - -	1864 : 2 January	- ditto -	- 2 6	- 12 6	ditto.
10	Weights:—2 lb., 4 oz. against purchaser; 2 oz., 1 dram against purchaser; 2 oz., $\frac{1}{2}$ dram against purchaser.	Ironmonger -	22 „	Esher -	- 7 -	- 18 -	- ditto.
11	Measures:— $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, 1 oz. short; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short.	- - - -	2 March -	Ham -	1 7 6	- 12 6	- ditto.

The Informations were laid by William Cook; except Nos. 6 and 10, which were laid by Charles Hollington.
Half the Penalty paid to Informer, and the other half to the County Treasurer.

Salary of Inspector not known.

James Bell,
Clerk to the Justices.

KINGSTON-UPON-THAMES (BOROUGH OF) DIVISION—COUNTY OF SURREY.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Date of Conviction.	In what Place the Offence was Committed.	Amount of Penalty Imposed.	Amount of Costs Paid to Clerk.	What portion of the Penalties Paid to Informer.	What portion of Penalties Paid to County Treasurer.	To whom Condemned Articles were given up.
		1863:		£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
1	Balance, 11 drams against purchaser.	24 June	At a stall in market-place.	- 10 -	- 12 -	- 5 -	- 5 -	Not given up.
2	1 lb. weight, 2 drams deficient -	24 June	- ditto - -	- 5 -	- 12 -	- 2 6	- 2 6	- ditto.
3	Balance, $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. against purchaser -	29 July	In a shop - -	- 10 -	- 12 -	- 5 -	- 5 -	- ditto.
4	Weight, 7 lb., $2\frac{1}{2}$ drams deficient	29 July	- ditto - -	- 5 -	- 12 -	- 2 6	- 2 6	- ditto.
5	Weights:—2 lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ dram deficient; 1 lb., 1 dram deficient; two $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ dram each deficient; 1 oz., $\frac{1}{2}$ dram deficient.	5 Aug.	- ditto - -	- 5 -	- 12 -	- 2 6	- 2 6	To informer.
		1864:						
6	Balance, 6 drams against purchaser.	9 March	- ditto - -	- 15 -	- 12 -	- 7 6	- 7 6	Not given up.

Amount of Salary not known to the Clerk to this Division, the Inspector being appointed and paid by the County of Surrey.

15 July 1864.

Walter M. Wilkinson,
Clerk to the Justices.

RICHMOND DIVISION—COUNTY OF SURREY.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business Carried on.	Date.	Where Committed.	Fine.	Costs.	TOTAL.
			1863:		£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
1	Scale, $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. against the purchaser, and an ounce weight, nearly $\frac{1}{2}$ dram light.	Baker - -	11 May -	In a shop -	1 3 6	- 16 6	2 - -
2	Weights:—2 lb., $2\frac{1}{2}$ drams light; 1 lb., 3 drams light.	Costermonger -	12 Aug. -	In a public thoroughfare.	- - 6	- 8 6	- 9 -
3	Weights:—1 lb., $3\frac{1}{2}$ drams light; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 5 drams light.	- ditto - -	12 „ -	- ditto -	- - 6	- 14 6	- 15 -
4	Weights:—2 lb., $2\frac{1}{2}$ drams short; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $1\frac{1}{2}$ dram short; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1 dram light.	- ditto - -	12 „ -	- ditto -	- - 6	- 9 6	- 10 -

Half the penalty in each case to the Informer, William Cook, Inspector of Weights and Measures.

Fines paid to Messrs. Chapman & Smith, Clerks to the Justices.

Chapman & Smith,
Clerks to the Justices.

SPELTHORNE DIVISION—COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business Carried on.	Date of Offence.	Place of Commission of Offence.	Penalty.	Costs.	Moisty of Penalty paid to Informer.
					£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
1	Not recorded - -	Beer seller - -	18 April 1863:	House, shop, or warehouse.	- 12 -	- 8 -	- 6 -
2	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	18 " "	- ditto - -	- 10 -	- 8 -	- 5 -
3	- ditto - - -	General dealer - -	20 " "	- ditto - -	- 10 -	- 8 -	- 5 -
4	- ditto - - -	Farmer - - -	20 " "	- ditto - -	- 8 -	- 8 -	- 4 -
5	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	20 " "	- ditto - -	- 10 -	- 8 -	- 5 -
6	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	20 " "	- ditto - -	- 5 -	- 8 -	- 2 6
7	- ditto - - -	Victualler - - -	22 " "	- ditto - -	- 10 -	- 8 -	- 5 -
8	- ditto - - -	Beer seller - - -	22 " "	- ditto - -	- 8 -	- 8 -	- 4 -
9	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	22 " "	- ditto - -	- 12 -	- 8 -	- 6 -
10	- ditto - - -	Mustard mills - -	22 " "	- ditto - -	- 8 -	- 8 -	- 4 -
11	- ditto - - -	Victualler - - -	22 " "	- ditto - -	- 2 -	- 8 -	- 1 -
12	- ditto - - -	Beer seller - - -	22 " "	- ditto - -	- 8 -	- 8 -	- 4 -
13	- ditto - - -	Victualler - - -	22 " "	- ditto - -	- 6 -	- 8 -	- 3 -
14	- ditto - - -	Grocer - - -	24 " "	- ditto - -	1 10 -	- 8 -	- 15 -
15	- ditto - - -	Beer seller - - -	24 " "	- ditto - -	- 10 -	- 8 -	- 5 -
16	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	24 " "	- ditto - -	- 5 -	- 8 -	- 2 6
17	- ditto - - -	Victualler - - -	11 Sept. 1863	- ditto - -	- 5 -	- 8 -	- 2 6
18	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	11 " "	- ditto - -	- 14 -	- 8 -	- 7 -
19	- ditto - - -	Grocer - - -	11 " "	- ditto - -	- 5 -	- 8 -	- 2 6
20	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	11 " "	- ditto - -	1 -	- 8 -	- 10 -
21	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	11 " "	- ditto - -	- 5 -	- 8 -	- 2 6
22	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	20 Nov. 1863	- ditto - -	- 10 -	- 8 -	- 5 -
23	- ditto - - -	Pork butcher - -	20 " "	- ditto - -	- 5 -	- 8 -	- 2 6
24	- ditto - - -	Grocer - - -	20 " "	- ditto - -	- 10 -	- 8 -	- 5 -
25	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	10 Dec. 1863	- ditto - -	- 8 -	- 8 -	- 4 -
26	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	10 " "	- ditto - -	- 10 -	- 8 -	- 5 -

Salary of Inspector of Weights and Measures not known.

Staines, 17 August 1864.

Randolph Henry Horne.

UXBRIDGE DIVISION—COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

Number of Persons Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business Carried on.	Where Offence Committed.	Amount of Penalty and Costs.	To whom Penalty Paid.
				£. s. d.	
1	1 lb. weight, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. light	Currier - - -	In a shop - -	- 10 6	One half of penalty to Informer; the other half of penalty to the Police Receiver.
2	3 weights - - -	Greengrocer - -	- ditto - -	- 18 -	
3	1 balance - - -	Coal merchant - -	- ditto - -	- 13 -	
4	1 ditto, and 6 weights	Greengrocer, &c. -	- ditto - -	1 16 -	
5	1 ditto - ditto	- ditto - - -	- ditto - -	1 5 6	
6	8 unjust measures	Beerhouse keeper -	In a house - -	1 8 -	
7	5 - ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - -	1 - 6	
8	1 balance - - -	Coal dealer - -	In a shop - -	- 13 -	
9	1 measure - - -	Beerhouse keeper -	In a tap-room -	- 10 6	
10	3 measures - - -	- ditto - - -	In a house - -	- 15 6	

The Informations were laid by James Gregg, Inspector of Weights and Measures.

Woodbridge & Sons,
Clerks to Justices.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES (METROPOLIS).

RETURN of the Number of Persons Convicted, within the Police District of the METROPOLIS, of using FALSE or UNJUST WEIGHTS, MEASURES, or BALANCES, for the Year ending 25 March 1864, &c.—(In continuation of Parliamentary Paper, No. 11, of Session 1864).

(Mr. Locke.)

*Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
17 February 1865.*

56.

Under 4 oz.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES (METROPOLIS).

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons,
dated 27 June 1864;—for,

“RETURNS of the Number of PERSONS Convicted within the CITY of LONDON and POLICE DISTRICT of the METROPOLIS, of using, or having in their possession any false or unjust WEIGHTS, MEASURES, or BALANCES, for the Year ending the 25th day of March 1864; showing the Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy, the Business carried on by the Offender, and the Date when the Offence was Committed; distinguishing between Offences Committed in any Shop, Warehouse, or other Premises, and those Committed in the Public Streets, or on any Open Ground, Thoroughfare, or other Open Place; also the Amount of the Penalty and Costs in each Case Imposed, and whether any such Weights, Measures, or Balances were Seized and Condemned; and whether all or any portion of the said Penalties and Costs and Articles Condemned was given to the Informer who laid the Information, or other Persons engaged in enforcing the Law:”

“And, of the Amount of SALARY and other Remuneration given to the INSPECTORS of WEIGHTS and MEASURES (in continuation of Parliamentary Paper, No. 11, of Session 1864).”

[So far as relates to the CITY of LONDON.]

CITY OF LONDON.

Number of Convictions.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date when Offence Committed.	Where Offence Committed.	Penalty.
			1863:		£. s. d.
1	2 lb. weight, 6 drams light - - -	Provision dealer -	5 March -	Shop - -	—
2	$\frac{1}{4}$ lb. weight, $8\frac{1}{2}$ drams light - -	Tripe seller - -	14 „ -	- ditto - -	—
3	Machine, 6 drams draught - - -	General dealer -	14 „ -	- ditto - -	- 5 -
4	Quart measuring pot, $1\frac{1}{4}$ oz. short; $\frac{1}{2}$ gill spirit measure, 2 drams short; $\frac{1}{2}$ gill spirit measure, 1 dram short.	Publican - -	26 „ -	Public-house -	- 5 -
5	$\frac{1}{2}$ pint spirit measure, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short; 1 gill spirit measure, 2 drams short.	- ditto - -	26 „ -	- ditto - -	- 5 -
6	Two quart measuring pots, each $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. short; 1 quart measuring pot, 1 oz. short; 1 quart measuring pot, $1\frac{1}{4}$ oz. short; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint measuring pot, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short; 1 pint pot, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short.	- ditto - -	31 „ -	- ditto - -	- 7 -
7	Unjust pint pot - - - -	Costermonger -	2 April -	Street - -	- 1 -
8	Small beam and scale, 6 drams draught	Provision dealer -	11 „ -	Shop - -	- 10 -
9	Quart measuring pot, 1 oz. short; pint measuring pot, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint measuring pot, 3 drams short.	Publican - -	17 „ -	Public-house -	—
10	Quart measuring pot, 1 oz. short; pint measuring pot, $\frac{3}{4}$ oz. short; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint measuring pot, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short.	- ditto - -	24 „ -	- ditto - -	—
11	Pint measuring pot, $\frac{3}{4}$ oz. short; pint measuring pot, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short.	- ditto - -	28 May -	- ditto - -	- 2 -
12	Quart measuring pot, $2\frac{1}{2}$ ozs. short; pint measuring pot, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint measuring pot, $\frac{3}{4}$ oz. short.	- ditto - -	28 „ -	- ditto - -	- 2 -
13	Two weighing machines, each $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. draught.	Butcher - -	18 June -	Shop - -	- 5 -
14	Quart measure, 1 oz. short - - -	Publican - -	18 „ -	Public-house -	—
15	Quart measure, $1\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint measure, 3 drams short.	- ditto - -	16 „ -	- ditto - -	—

Number of Convicted.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date when Offence Committed.	Where Offence Committed.	Penalty.
			1863 :		£. s. d.
16	Pint measure, 1 oz. short - - -	Publican - - -	16 June -	Public-house -	- 2 6
17	Quart measure, 1½ oz. short; ½ gill spirit measure, 1 dram short.	- ditto - - -	16 „ -	- ditto - -	- 2 6
18	Quart measure, 2½ oz. short - - -	Greengrocer - - -	30 „ -	Shop - - -	- 10 -
19	Weighing machine, 8 oz. incorrect -	Oil and colorman - -	7 July -	- ditto - -	- 5 -
20	Large beam and scale, 4 oz. draught -	Salesman - - -	21 „ -	- ditto - -	- 5 -
21	½ lb. weight, 2 oz. 6 drams light - -	Costermonger - - -	11 „ -	Street - - -	- 3 -
22	Pint measuring pot, 1½ oz. short; ½ pint measuring pot, ¾ oz. short.	Publican - - -	3 Sept. -	Public-house -	1 - -
23	Pint spirit measure, ½ oz. short; ½ pint spirit measure, 3 drams short.	- ditto - - -	11 „ -	- ditto - -	1 - -
24	Two unjust weights - - - -	Salesman - - -	19 „ -	Shop - - -	- - -
25	Beam and scale, 1 oz. draught - - -	Butcher - - -	19 „ -	- ditto - -	- 10 -
26	Four unjust weights - - - -	Cheesemonger - - -	22 „ -	- ditto - -	- 10 -
27	Beam and scale, ¼ oz. draught - - -	Corn and flour dealer	25 „ -	- ditto - -	- 10 -
28	Quart measuring pot, 1½ oz. short; pint measuring pot, ¾ oz. short; ½ pint measuring pot, ½ oz. short; gill spirit measure, 2 drams short.	Publican - - -	26 „ -	Public-house -	2 10 -
29	Unjust weight - - - -	Costermonger - - -	17 „ -	Street - - -	- 2 6
30	Unjust machine - - - -	- ditto - - -	3 Oct. -	- ditto - -	- 2 6
31	Two pint pots, each ¾ oz. short; 1 pint pot, ½ oz. short; ½ pint pot, ½ oz. short.	Publican - - -	18 „ -	Public-house -	- 5 -
32	Beam and scale, 2 oz. draught - - -	Butcher - - -	26 Nov. -	Shop - - -	- 1 -
33	7 lb. weight, 3 drams light; 4 lb. weight, 5 drams light; 2 lb. weight, 4 drams light.	- ditto - - -	14 „ -	- ditto - -	1 - -
34	Beam and scale, 3 oz. draught - - -	Salesman - - -	26 „ -	- ditto - -	- 5 -
35	Weighing machine, ½ lb. draught - - -	- ditto - - -	26 „ -	- ditto - -	- 10 -
36	Machine, 1 lb. 5 oz. draught - - -	Coal dealer - - -	11 Dec. -	- ditto - -	- 2 6
			1864 :		
37	1 lb. weight, 7 drams light - - -	Leather dealer - -	12 Jan. -	- ditto - -	- 2 6
38	Machine, ¾ oz. draught; ¼ lb. weight, 5 drams light.	Butcher - - -	16 „ -	- ditto - -	- 5 -
39	56 lb. weight, 1 lb. 2 oz. light; 56 lb. weight, 2 oz. light; 28 lb. weight, ¾ oz. light; two 7 lb. weights, each ½ oz. light; 1 lb. weight, ¼ oz. light.	Marine store dealer -	28 „ -	- ditto - -	- 7 6
40	Beam and scale, 3 oz. draught - - -	Butcher - - -	29 Feb. -	- ditto - -	- 1 -
41	Beam and scale, 6 drams draught; 3 weights (¼ lb., 2 oz., and 1 oz.) light.	General dealer - -	1 Mar. -	- ditto - -	- 2 6
42	Beam and scale, 1½ oz. draught - - -	Butcher - - -	5 „ -	- ditto - -	- 1 -
			1863 :		
43	½ lb. weight, 8½ oz. light; ½ lb. weight, 3 oz. 15 drams light; ¼ lb. weight, 1 oz. 10 drams light.	Costermonger - - -	28 Feb. -	Street - - -	1 - -
44	One quart measure, 1½ oz. short; 1 quart measure, 1 oz. short; 1 pint measure, ¾ oz. short; ½ pint measure, ½ oz. short.	Publican - - -	16 Mar. -	Public-house -	- 10 -
45	½ lb. weight, 1 oz. light - - - -	Costermonger - - -	21 „ -	Street - - -	- 2 6

Number of Convictions.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date when Offence Committed.	Where Offence Committed.	Penalty.
			1863 :		£. s. d.
46	$\frac{1}{2}$ lb. weight, 4 oz. light; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. weight, 1 oz. 2 drams light; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. weight, 15 drams light.	Costermonger - -	24 March -	Street - -	- 1 -
47	$\frac{1}{2}$ lb. weight, 1 oz. 15 drams light - -	- ditto - - -	26 „ -	- ditto - -	- 5 -
48	One quart measure, $1\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short; 1 pint measure, $\frac{2}{3}$ oz. short; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint measure, 3 drams short.	Publican - -	27 „ -	Public-house -	- 2 -
49	One quart measure, $1\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short; 1 pint measure, 1 oz. short; two $\frac{1}{2}$ pint measures, each 1 oz. and $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short.	Dining-room keeper	27 „ -	Dining-rooms -	- 5 -
50	Two quart measures, each 1 oz. and 2 oz. short; 2 pint measures, each $\frac{2}{3}$ oz. short; 1 pint measure, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint measure, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short.	Publican - -	27 „ -	Public-house -	- 5 -
51	$\frac{1}{2}$ lb. weight, 2 drams light; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. weight, 14 drams light.	Costermonger - -	27 „ -	Street - -	- 1 -
52	$\frac{1}{2}$ lb. weight, 1 oz. 10 drams light - -	- ditto - - -	27 „ -	- ditto - -	- 2 -
53	Weighing machine, 10 oz. draught - -	Biscuit bakers - -	30 „ -	Shop - -	- 10 -
54	$\frac{1}{2}$ lb. weight, 4 oz. light - - -	Costermonger - -	21 „ -	Street - -	Condemned.
55	One quart measure, 1 oz. short; 3 pint measures, each $\frac{2}{3}$ oz., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., and 5 drams short; 4 half pint measures, each $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short.	Publican - -	24 „ -	Public-house -	1 - -
56	1 lb. weight, 8 oz. light; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. weight, 4 oz. light; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. weight, 2 oz. light.	Costermonger - -	24 „ -	Street - -	Condemned.
57	$\frac{1}{2}$ lb. weight, 1 oz. light - - -	- ditto - - -	24 „ -	- ditto - -	- ditto.
58	One pint measure, 5 oz. short - -	- ditto - - -	24 „ -	- ditto - -	- ditto.
59	One pint measure, 5 oz. short - -	- ditto - - -	27 „ -	- ditto - -	- ditto.
60	One pint measure, 5 oz. short - -	- ditto - - -	28 „ -	- ditto - -	- ditto.
61	Weighing machine, $\frac{2}{3}$ oz. draught - -	Perfumer - -	4 April -	Shop - -	- 2 6
62	One gallon measure, $2\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short; and using two unstamped measures after caution.	Milk dealer - -	14 „ -	- ditto - -	1 - -
63	Beam and scale, $5\frac{1}{2}$ oz. draught - -	Grocer - -	14 „ -	Warehouse -	Costs.
64	1 lb. weight, 15 drams light - - -	Baker - -	17 „ -	Shop - -	- 10 -
65	Two weighing machines, each 4 drams and 6 drams draught.	Fruiterer - -	1 May -	- ditto - -	- 10 -
66	One gill measure, $1\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short - -	Costermonger - -	28 „ -	Street - -	- 5 -
67	Weighing machine, $1\frac{1}{2}$ oz. draught - -	Butcher - -	29 „ -	Shop - -	- 10 -
68	One quart measure, 1 oz. short: 2 pints, each 1 oz. and $\frac{2}{3}$ oz. short.	Publican - -	29 „ -	Public-house -	- 2 6
69	Two quart measures, each $2\frac{1}{2}$ oz. and $1\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short.	- ditto - - -	15 June -	- ditto - -	- 10 -
70	One quart pot, 1 oz. short; 1 pint pot, 1 oz. short; 3 pint pots, each $\frac{2}{3}$ oz. short; half pint pot, 1 oz. short.	- ditto - - -	15 „ -	- ditto - -	- 10 -
71	$\frac{1}{2}$ lb. weight, 4 oz. light; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. weight, 2 oz. light.	Costermonger - -	16 „ -	Street - -	Condemned,
72	One pint measure unstamped; half pint measure, 1 oz. short, and unstamped.	Fruiterer - -	20 „ -	Leadenhall Market.	- 2 6
73	One quart measure, $1\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short; 2 pint measures, each 1 oz. short; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint measure, $\frac{2}{3}$ oz. short.	- ditto - - -	20 „ -	- ditto - -	- 5 -

Number of Convictions.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date when Offence Committed.	Where Offence Committed.	Penalty.
			1863:		£. s. d.
74	One pint glass, 1½ oz. short; 1 pint glass, 1½ oz. short; 4 pint glasses, ½ oz. short.	Publican - -	22 June -	Public-house -	- 10 -
75	One quart measure, 1 oz. short - -	- ditto - -	22 „ -	- ditto - -	- 5 -
76	One pint glass, 1½ oz. short; 1 pint glass, 1½ oz. short; 2 pint glasses, 1 oz. each short; 1 pint glass, ½ oz. short.	- ditto - -	22 „ -	- ditto - -	- 10 -
77	½ lb. weight, ½ oz. light - - -	Costermonger -	25 „ -	Street - -	Condemned.
78	½ lb. weight, 10 drams light - -	- ditto - -	26 „ -	- ditto - -	- 3 -
79	½ lb. weight, 1½ oz. light; ½ lb. weight, 1½ oz. light.	- ditto - -	3 July -	- ditto - -	Condemned.
80	½ lb. weight, 2 oz. light - - -	- ditto - -	3 „ -	- ditto - -	ditto.
81	Two quart measures, each 1 oz. short; 1 pint measure, 1 oz. short; 1 pint measure, ½ oz. short; ½ pint measure, ½ oz. short.	Publican - -	6 „ -	Public-house -	- 10 -
82	½ lb. weight, 3½ oz. light; ½ lb. weight, 1½ oz. light.	Costermonger -	6 „ -	Street - -	- 10 -
83	½ lb. weight, ½ oz. light - - -	- ditto - -	9 „ -	- ditto - -	- 3 -
84	½ lb. weight, 1 oz. 14 drams light -	- ditto - -	10 „ -	- ditto - -	Condemned.
85	½ lb. weight, ½ oz. light - - -	- ditto - -	18 „ -	- ditto - -	ditto.
86	½ lb. weight, 1 oz. 2 drams light -	- ditto - -	16 „ -	- ditto - -	- 5 -
87	Dial weighing machine, 3 lb. incorrect	Carriers - -	17 „ -	Booking office -	- 5 -
88	Weighing machine, 7½ oz. draught -	Fishmonger -	3 August -	Billingsgate Market.	- 10 -
89	½ lb. weight, 2 oz. light - - -	Costermonger -	7 „ -	Street - -	Condemned.
90	1 lb. weight, 1 oz. 5 drams light; 1 lb. weight, 5 drams light; ½ lb. weight, 4 oz. light.	Greengrocer -	3 July -	- ditto - -	- 5 -
91	4 lb. weight; 3 drams light; 2 lb. weight, 1 oz. 13 drams heavy; ½ lb. weight, illegal and unstamped.	Baker - -	6 October -	Shop - -	Costs.
92	Weighing machine, 10 drams draught -	Tripe sellers -	12 „ -	- ditto - -	- 2 6
93	Beam and scale, ½ oz. draught - -	Butcher - -	16 „ -	- ditto - -	- 2 6
94	2 lb. weight, 2 drams light; 1 lb. weight, 2½ drams light; ½ lb. weight, ½ oz. light; 2 ½ lb. weights, each 1 dram light; ½ lb. weight, 1 oz. light; 2 2 oz. weights, each 5 grains light; 1 oz. weight, 2 grains light; 2 ½ oz. weights, each 1 grain and 2 grains light.	Piece broker -	26 „ -	- ditto - -	- 10 -
95	Weighing machine, 4 oz. draught; 4 lb. weight, 3 drams light; 2 lb. weight, 1 dram light; ½ lb. weight, 3 drams light.	Provision dealer -	26 „ -	Warehouse -	- 10 -
96	Beam and scale, ½ oz. draught; 2 oz. weight, 5 grains light; 1 oz. weight, 2 grains light.	Butcher - -	6 Nov. -	Shop - -	1 - -
97	Beam and scale, 1 oz. draught - -	- ditto - -	6 „ -	- ditto - -	- 10 -
98	Beam and scale, 3 oz. draught. - -	- ditto - -	20 „ -	- ditto - -	- 10 -
99	Beam and scale, 9 drams draught -	- ditto - -	20 „ -	- ditto - -	- 10 -
100	Beam and scale, 3 oz. draught - -	- ditto - -	20 „ -	- ditto - -	2 - -
101	Beam and scale, 1 oz. draught - -	Marine store -	20 „ -	- ditto - -	1 - -
102	Half pint measure, 3 drams short; 1 gill measure, 1 dram short; ½ gill measure, 1 dram short.	Publican - -	23 „ -	Public-house -	2 - -

Number of Convictions.	Nature and Extent of each Inaccuracy.	Business carried on.	Date when Offence Committed.	Where Offence Committed.	Penalty.
103	7 lb. weight, 4 drams light, and unstamped; 4 lb. weight, 2 drams light, and unstamped; 1 lb. weight, 2 oz. heavy and unstamped; 2 56 lb. weights, each 3 oz. light and unstamped.	Marine store - -	1863 : 27 Nov. -	Shop - -	£. s. d. 2 - -
104	Five $\frac{1}{2}$ gill measures, each 1 dram short; 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ gill glasses, each 2 drams short; 1 gill glass, 3 drams short.	Publican - -	7 Dec. -	Public-house -	- 10 -
105	Beam and scale, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. draught - -	Cheesemonger - -	12 „ -	Shop - -	2 - -
106	One quart measure, 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short; 1 quart measure, 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint measure, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short.	Publican - -	17 „ -	Public-house -	- 10 -
107	Beam and scale, $\frac{3}{4}$ oz. draught - -	Butcher - -	12 „ -	Shop - -	1 - -
108	Beam and scale, 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. incorrect - -	Marine store - -	1864 : 11 Jan. -	- ditto - -	- 10 -
109	1 lb. weight, 4 oz. light; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. weight, 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. light.	Costermonger - -	16 „ -	Street - -	Condemned.
110	Beam and scale, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. draught - -	Cheesemonger - -	18 „ -	Shop - -	- 5
111	28 lb. weight, 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. heavy and unstamped; 14 lb. weight, 1 lb. 10 oz. heavy and unstamped.	Marine store - -	28 „ -	- ditto - -	3 - -
112	Beam and scale, 4 oz. draught - -	Butcher - -	1 Feb. -	- ditto - -	- 5 -
113	1 lb. weight, 5 oz. light; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. weight, 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. light; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. weight, 2 oz. light.	Costermonger - -	16 Jan. -	Street - -	- 10 -
114	7 lb. weight, 6 drams light; 4 lb. weight, 5 drams light; 4 lb. weight, 2 drams light; 2 lb. weight, 1 dram light; 1 lb. weight, 1 dram light.	Sponge merchant -	13 Feb. -	Warehouse -	- 5 -
115	Beam and scale, 10 drams draught -	Butcher - -	15 „ -	Shop - -	- 5 -
116	14 lb. weight, 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. light; 14 lb. weight, 1 oz. light; 7 lb. weight, 2 oz. 2 drams light; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. weight, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. light; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. weight, 6 grains; 2 oz. weight, 5 grains light.	Sponge merchant -	15 „ -	Warehouse -	3 - -
117	14 lb. weight, 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. light; 7 lb. weight, 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. light; 4 lb. weight, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. light; 2 lb. weight, 5 drams light; 1 lb. weight, 6 drams light.	Fishmonger - -	4 March -	Billingsgate Market.	- 10 -
118	Half bushel measure, 9 pints short -	Coke dealer - -	7 „ -	Street - -	- 2 6
119	$\frac{1}{2}$ lb. weight, 7 oz. 15 drams light; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. weight, 3 oz. 18 drams light; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. weight, 9 drams light; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. weight, 1 oz. 15 drams light.	Fishmonger - -	11 „ -	- ditto - -	- 5 -
120	One pint measure, 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. short - -	Costermonger - -	11 „ -	- ditto - -	- 5 -

Amount of Costs imposed in each case, 3 s.

All Weights and Measures were seized and condemned. Balances were not seized, except in the cases of persons exposing goods for sale in the public streets.

No portion of the penalties and costs and articles condemned was given to the Inspectors who laid the information, or other persons engaged in enforcing the law.

AMOUNT of SALARY and other Remuneration given to the INSPECTORS of WEIGHTS and MEASURES :

Senior Inspector - - - - -	{ Salary - - - Gratuity - - -	£. s.
		150 -
		52 10
		£. 202 10
Junior Inspector - - - - - Salary - - -		£. 150 -

F. Woodthorpe, Town Clerk.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES (METROPOLIS).

RETURN of the Number of Persons Convicted, within the City of London, of using FALSE or UNJUST WEIGHTS, MEASURES, or BALANCES, for the Year ending 25 March 1864, &c.—(In continuation of Parliamentary Paper, No. 11, of Session 1864.)

(*Mr. Locke.*)

*Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
17 February 1865.*

CAPITAL OFFENCES (IRELAND).

RETURN to an Order of the Honourable The House of Commons,
dated 6 April 1865 :—*for*,

RETURN “of the Number of Cases in *Ireland*, during the last Twenty Years, wherein PERSONS Accused of CAPITAL OFFENCES have been Remanded to Prison for Re-trial, or have been Set at Large, in consequence of the Inability of Juries to agree to a Verdict; specifying the Name of the Accused, the Crime Charged, the Year in which the Trial or Re-trial took place, and the Assize Town in which it had been held; the Return to be made up to the 31st day of March 1865.”

(*Mr. Torrens.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
12 June 1865.

SCHEDULE.

	PAGE		PAGE
Antrim, County - - - -	3	Leitrim, County - - - -	8
Armagh, County - - - -	3	Limerick, County - - - -	8
Carlow, County - - - -	5	Limerick, City - - - -	8
Carriekfergus, County Town - - -	5	Londonderry, County and City - -	8
Cavan, County - - - -	5	Longford, County - - - -	8
Clare, County - - - -	5	Louth, County - - - -	8
Cork, County - - - -	5	Mayo, County - - - -	8
Cork, City - - - -	5	Meath, County - - - -	9
Donegal, County - - - -	6	Monaghan, County - - - -	9
Down, County - - - -	6	Queen's County - - - -	9
Drogheda, County Town - - -	6	Roscommon, County - - - -	10
Dublin, County - - - -	6	Sligo, County - - - -	10
Dublin, City - - - -	6	Tipperary, North Riding and South Riding - - - -	10
Fermanagh, County - - - -	6	Tyrone, County - - - -	11
Galway, County - - - -	6	Waterford, County - - - -	12
Galway, Town - - - -	7	Waterford, City - - - -	12
Kerry, County - - - -	7	Westmeath, County - - - -	13
Kildare, County - - - -	7	Wexford, County - - - -	13
Kilkenny, County - - - -	7	Wicklow, County - - - -	13
Kilkenny, City - - - -	7		
King's County - - - -	7		

RETURN of the Number of Cases in *Ireland*, during the last Twenty Years, wherein PERSONS accused of CAPITAL OFFENCES have been Remanded to Prison for Re-trial, or have been Set at Large, in consequence of the Inability of Juries to agree to a Verdict; specifying the Name of the Accused, the Crime Charged, the Year in which the Trial or Re-trial took place, and the Assize Town in which it had been held; the Return being made up to the 31st March 1865.

COUNTY OF ANTRIM.

22 March 1849.—At an assizes held this day in the town of Carrickfergus for the county of Antrim, Hugh Thompson was tried for the murder of Jane Thompson; and the jury having retired at 5 o'clock p.m., to deliberate on their verdict, remained in confinement till 12.30 next day, when, being unable to agree to a verdict, they were discharged, and prisoner ordered to remain in custody for re-trial.

27 July 1849.—On this day prisoner was re-tried in Carrickfergus for said crime, when he was acquitted.

23 July 1862.—At an assizes held this day in the town of Belfast, in and for the county of Antrim, Agnes Connor was tried for the murder of William Paul; and the jury having retired to deliberate on their verdict at 3.40 p.m., remained confined till 9.40 same evening, when, being unable to agree to a verdict, they were discharged, and prisoner left for re-trial under rule of bail, which she was unable to procure.

3 March 1863.—On this day prisoner was re-tried in Belfast aforesaid for said crime, when she was acquitted.

17 March 1865.—At an assizes held this day at Belfast aforesaid, Robert Davison was tried for the murder of John Murdock; and the jury having retired at 4.45 p.m., to deliberate on their verdict, remained in confinement till 10 o'clock next morning, when, being unable to agree to a verdict, they were then discharged, and prisoner left for re-trial under rule of bail, which he procured.

18 March 1865.—At an assizes held this day at Belfast aforesaid, Henry Lavery was tried for the murder of John Gorman; and the jury having retired at 6 o'clock p.m., to deliberate on their verdict, remained in confinement till 11.40 same night, when, being unable to agree to a verdict, they were then discharged, and prisoner left for re-trial under rule of bail, which he procured.

26 April 1865.

J. K. Jackson, Dep. Clerk of the Crown.

COUNTY OF ARMAGH.

Assize Town where Trial held.	Year of Trial or Re-trial.	Name of Accused.	Crime Charged.	Number of Cases remanded for Re-trial.	Number of Cases wherein Persons were set at large from Jury not agreeing to Verdict.
Armagh -	1846 : Spring -	Peter Magill - - -	Murder of Christopher Jordan.	1	—
	Ditto -	Robert Stothers and William Stothers.	Murder of James Patten -	1	—
	Ditto -	Henry Close - - -	Murder of Charlotte Close by poison.	1	—
	Ditto -	Joseph Brown - - -	Manslaughter of Patrick M'Ilheron.	1	—
	Summer -	Peter Magill - - -	Murder - - - -	1	—
Ditto -	1847 : Spring -	Hugh Quin and James Shoulder	Murder of George M'Clean	1	—
Ditto -	1848 : Summer -	Mary Ann Murphy -	Murder of Elizabeth O'Berry	1	—
Ditto -	1849 - -	- - nil - -	—		

COUNTY OF ARMAGH—*continued.*

Assize Town where Trial held.	Year of Trial or Re-trial.	Name of Accused.	Crime Charged.	Number of Cases remanded for Re-trial.	Number of Cases wherein Persons were set at large from Jury not agreeing to Verdict.
Armagh -	1850: Spring -	Mary Brown - - -	Child murder - - -	1	—
	Summer -	John M'Atavey and Patrick M'Nally.	Murder of Mr. Mauleverer -	1	—
	Ditto -	William Graham and William Campbell.	Stabbing, with intent to murder Michael Roche.	1	—
Ditto -	1851: Spring -	John M'Atavey and Patrick M'Nally.	Murder of Mr. Mauleverer -	1	—
	Ditto -	James Johnston - -	Manslaughter - - -	1	—
	Summer -	Said James Johnston -	- ditto - - - -	1	—
Ditto -	1852: Spring -	James M'Gahan - -	Manslaughter of Owen Short	1	—
	Ditto -	Francis Barry and John Maginnis.	Attempt to murder Meredith Chambre.	1	—
	Summer -	Said John Maginnis -	- - ditto - - -	1	—
	Ditto -	Said James M'Gahan -	Manslaughter - - -	1	—
Ditto -	1853 -	- - nil - -	—		
Ditto -	1854 -	- - nil - -	—		
Ditto -	1855 -	- - nil - -	—		
Ditto -	1856: Spring -	Bryan Muckian - -	Murder of Bryan Grant -	1	—
	Ditto -	Robert Hall - - -	Shooting at David Muldrew	1	—
	Summer -	Bryan Muckian - -	Murder - - - -	1	—
Ditto -	1857 -	Robert Morrison and Thomas Callaghan.	Manslaughter of James M'Corry.	1	—
		Susan Cole - - -	Administering poison - -	1	—
Ditto -	1858 -	Elizabeth Magrath, <i>alias</i> Baird.	Child murder - - -	1	—
Ditto -	1859 -	John Henry Alexander -	Arson - - - -	1	1
Ditto -	1860 -	- - nil - -	—		
Ditto -	1861 -	Thomas Humfrey and William Humfrey.	Murder of Thomas Murphy	1	—
		John Webb - - -	Shooting at, with intent to murder.	1	—
Ditto -	1862 -	- - nil - -	—		
Ditto -	1863 -	Mary Sleeth - - -	Murder of David Sleeth -	1	—
Ditto -	1864 -	Stephen M'Anally - -	Murder of Christopher Heron	1	—
Ditto -	1865 -	Patrick Collins - -	Shooting at, with intent to murder.	1	1

4 May 1865.

Leonard Dobbin, Clerk of the Crown.

COUNTY OF CARLOW.

— Nil. —

22 May 1865.

Thos. Jameson, Clerk of the Crown.

COUNTY OF THE TOWN OF CARRICKFERGUS.

1847.—At an assizes held in the town of Carrickfergus on the 2d day of August in this year, James Boyle was indicted for the murder of his wife, Jane Boyle; jury not agreeing to a verdict (although locked up all night), were discharged, and prisoner admitted to bail for his appearance at following assizes to take his trial for said murder.

1848.—At the following assizes in said town, on the 8th day of March in this year, a *nolle pros* was entered by Crown on the indictment for murder, and prisoner indicted for manslaughter, but acquitted thereof, and convicted of an assault.

26 April 1865.

J. K. Jackson, Deputy Clerk of the Crown.

COUNTY OF CAVAN.

Name of Accused.	Crime Charged.	Year in which Trial or Re-trial took place.	Set at large in consequence of Inability of Jury to agree.	Assize Town.	
Terence Reilly, John Smith, and John Farrelly.	Murder of Thomas Burns.	Re-tried at Summer Assizes, 1847.	- -	Cavan -	On re-trial the jury was discharged in consequence of the illness of one of them. The prisoners were discharged on bail, and do not appear to have been tried again.
Patrick Brady and Mary Woods.	Murder of Margaret Reilly.	Re-tried at Summer Assizes, 1850.	- -	Cavan -	Prisoners acquitted on re-trial.

26 April 1865.

Henry J. Rae, Clerk of the Crown.

COUNTY OF CLARE.

Number of Cases.	Names of Accused.	Crimes Charged.	Year in which Trial took place.	Year in which Re-trial took place.	Assize Town
1	Thomas Stackpoole -	Murder -	1854; remanded to prison for re-trial, jury having disagreed.	Not re-tried; prisoner having died in gaol before the following assizes, at which he was to be re-tried.	Ennis.

Jno. Sampson, Clerk of the Crown.

COUNTY OF CORK.

No case has occurred in the county of Cork during the last 20 years wherein any person accused of a capital offence has been remanded to prison for re-trial, or has been set at large in consequence of the inability of juries to agree to a verdict.

24 April 1865.

Richard Donovan, Clerk of the Crown.

COUNTY OF THE CITY OF CORK.

I do not find that any person has been accused of capital offences, or remanded to prison for re-trial during the last 20 years in the county of the city of Cork.

Robt. Johnson, Clerk of the Crown.

COUNTY OF DONEGAL.

Name of Accused.	Crime Charged.	Year of Trial or Re-trial.	Assize Town.
Patrick Connolly - - -	Murder - - -	1857 - - -	Lifford.
Francis Bradley - - -	Ditto - - -	1863 - - -	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto - - -	1864 - - -	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto - - -	1865 - - -	Ditto.

26 May 1865.

Vesey Daly, Clerk of the Crown.

COUNTY OF DOWN.

Name of Accused.	Crime Charged.	Assize Town and Year.	Remarks.
William Locke and Hugh M'Garry.	Murder -	Downpatrick, at July Assizes, 1845; remanded to gaol, jury having disagreed as to verdict.	The accused were re-tried at Spring Assizes, 1846, and acquitted.

R. Ross Todd, Clerk of the Crown.

COUNTY OF THE TOWN OF DROGHEDA.

— Nil. —

20 May 1865.

Patrick Jas. Byrne, Clerk of the Crown.

COUNTY OF DUBLIN.

No case of a capital offence was tried at any of the several sittings of the Court of Commission of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery for the county of Dublin, for the last 20 years, in which the jury did not agree to a verdict.

12 May 1865.

Edward Seale, Clerk of the Crown.

COUNTY OF THE CITY OF DUBLIN.

No case of a capital offence was tried at any of the several sittings of the Court of Commission of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery for the county of the city of Dublin, for the last 20 years, in which the jury did not agree to a verdict.

12 May 1865.

Edward Seale, Clerk of the Crown.

COUNTY OF FERMANAGH.

No case of a capital offence was tried at the Court of Assizes and General Gaol Delivery holden in the county of Fermanagh, for the last 20 years, in which the jury disagreed to a verdict.

16 May 1865.

Cheyne Brady, Clerk of the Crown.

COUNTY OF GALWAY.

Name of the Accused.	Crime.	Year in which Trial or Re-trial took Place.	Assize Town.	Observations.
Mary Conry -	Murder -	Summer Assizes, 1847; re-tried, Spring Assizes, 1848.	Galway -	Verdict; not guilty.
John Glynn -	Ditto -	Summer Assizes, 1849; re-tried, Spring Assizes, 1850.	Ditto -	Ditto.

Alex. Bates, Clerk of the Crown.

COUNTY OF THE TOWN OF GALWAY.

Name of the Accused.	Crime.	Year in which Trial or Re-trial took Place.	Assize Town.	Observations.
John Walsh -	Murder -	Spring Assizes, 1853; re-trial, Summer Assizes, 1853.	Galway -	Withdrew former plea; pleaded guilty of manslaughter; sentenced to be imprisoned 12 calendar months from committal, and hard labour.

Alex. Bates, Clerk of the Crown.

COUNTY OF KERRY.

— Nil. —

R. C. Mason, Deputy Clerk of the Crown.

COUNTY OF KILDARE.

— Nil. —

Wm. Lewis, Clerk of the Crown.

COUNTY OF KILKENNY.

No case of a capital offence was tried at the Court of Assizes and General Gaol Delivery held in and for the county of Kilkenny, for the last 20 years, in which the jury did not agree to a verdict.

12 May 1865.

William Smartt, Deputy Clerk of the Crown.

COUNTY OF THE CITY OF KILKENNY.

No case of a capital offence was tried at the Court of Assizes and General Gaol Delivery held in and for the county of the city of Kilkenny, for the last 20 years, in which the jury did not agree to a verdict.

12 May 1865.

William Smartt, Deputy Clerk of the Crown.

KING'S COUNTY.

Name of Accused.	Crime Charged.	Remanded to Prison for Re-trial.		Assize Town.	Set at large in consequence of Inability of Jury to agree.
		Year of Trial.	Year of Re-trial.		
Jehn Keys -	Murder -	Spring, 1850; jury disagreed.	Summer, 1850; found guilty of manslaughter.	Tullamore -	—
Patrick Moylan -	Shooting at -	Summer, 1851; jury disagreed.	Spring, 1852; acquitted.	Ditto -	—
Thomas Byrne -	Ditto -	Summer, 1856; jury disagreed.	Spring, 1857; acquitted.	Ditto -	—

Daniel Treacy, Clerk of the Crown.

COUNTY OF LEITRIM.

— Nil. —

Carrick-on-Shannon,
15 May 1865.*P. M'Kiernan*, Clerk of the Crown.

COUNTY OF LIMERICK.

— Nil. —

23 May 1865.

Wm. Lane Joyut, Clerk of the Crown.

COUNTY OF THE CITY OF LIMERICK.

— Nil. —

2 May 1865.

Thomas Fagan, Clerk of the Crown.

CITY AND COUNTY OF LONDONDERRY.

— Nil. —

24 April 1865.

John Martin, Clerk of the Crown.

COUNTY OF LONGFORD.

— Nil. —

22 April 1865.

John E. O. Ferrall, Clerk of the Crown.

COUNTY OF LOUTH.

Name of Accused.	Crime Charged.	Year in which Trial or Re-trial took place.	Assize Town where Trial held.	Remanded for Re-trial.
Patrick Kieran - -	Murder - -	1851 - - -	Dundalk - -	Remanded, jury having disagreed.

Dundalk, 18 May 1865.

Patrick James Byrne, Clerk of the Crown.

COUNTY OF MAYO.

Name of Accused.	Crime Charged.	Year in which Trial took place.	Remanded to Prison for Re-trial.	Re-trial took place.	Assize Town in which Trial took place.	Number of Persons set at large in consequence of Inability of Jury to agree to a Verdict.
James Gibbons -	Murder -	March 1847 -	Same; on another charge of felony.	August 1847; then acquitted.	Castlebar -	None.
Michael Morrisson	Ditto -	March 1864; jury disagreed.	Same - -	July 1864; convicted.	Ditto -	None.

1 May 1865.

J. Wm. Browne, Clerk of the Crown.

COUNTY OF MEATH.

— Nil. —

12 May 1865.

John J. Stanford, Clerk of the Crown.

COUNTY OF MONAGHAN,

Number Remanded for Re-trial.	Number Set at Large in consequence of inability of Juries to agree to a Verdict.	Names of the Accused.	Crime Charged.	Year in which Trial or Re-trial took place.	OBSERVATIONS.
1	-	Francis Kelly -	Murder of T. D. Bateson, esq., agent to Lord Templeton.	1852-53 -	Tried twice at Special Commission in January 1853 (issued for that purpose), when juries not having agreed to a verdict the accused was remanded, and discharged by consent of the Crown at Lent Assizes 1853.
2	-	Bryant Grant and Patrick Coomey.	Murder; conspiracy to murder said T. D. Bateson, esq.	1853 -	Tried at Summer Assizes 1853, when jury not having agreed to a verdict the accused were remanded for re-trial; again tried, and convicted (together with one Neal Quin) at Lent Assizes 1854.
2	2	William McAnale and Edward Magennis.	- - ditto -	1854-55	Tried at Lent and Summer Assizes 1854, and again at Lent Assizes 1855, when juries not having agreed on verdicts the accused were discharged by consent of Crown on entering into their own recognisances to appear and abide trial if called on by notice.

T. D. Bourne, Clerk of the Crown.

QUEEN'S COUNTY.

MARYBORO' ASSIZES.

Lent, 1846.—Timothy Lalor, tried for attempt to murder. Jury disagreed. Prisoner ordered to remain in custody, to abide his trial at next assizes.

Summer, 1846.—Denis Kennedy, Dorry Carroll, Michael Treahy, James Scully, and Timothy Lalor, tried for conspiracy to murder, when jury disagreed, and prisoners, with the exception of Timothy Lalor, discharged from custody. Timothy Lalor ordered to remain in custody until next assizes.

Lent, 1847.—Timothy Lalor, tried for the above offence, acquitted, and discharged from custody.

Lent, 1848.—James M'Evoy, tried for soliciting to murder. Jury disagreed. Prisoner ordered to remain in custody until next assizes. Case not proceeded with in summer, 1848, and prisoner discharged from custody.

George Pilkington, Clerk of the Crown.

COUNTY OF ROSCOMMON.

Name of Accused.	Crime charged.	Year.	Assize Town.	Remanded for Trial, or Set at Large.
Martin Healy -	Murder - -	1845	Roscommon -	Remanded for trial.
Patrick Flynn -	- ditto - -	1847	- ditto - -	- ditto.
James Commins -	Conspiracy to murder.	1848	- ditto - -	- ditto.

22 April 1865.

John James, Deputy Clerk of the Crown.

COUNTY OF SLIGO.

Year of Trial.	Name of Accused.	Crime charged.	Year of Re-trial.	OBSERVATIONS.
1848	Matthew Gara -	-	Summer assizes 1848, and Spring 1849.	Jury discharged at first and second trials, in consequence of illness of jurors. At last trial a verdict of not guilty.
1861	Matthew Phibbs -	- ditto -	Summer assizes same year (1861), and convicted.	Executed, 19th August 1861.

J. Davys, Deputy Clerk of the Crown.

COUNTY OF TIPPERARY (NORTH RIDING).

Name of Accused.	Crime charged.	Year in which the Trial took place.	Place where Court held.
William Cormack - -	Murder - - -	1858 - -	Nenagh.

16 May 1865.

Pedder & Carmichael, Clerks of the Crown.

COUNTY OF TIPPERARY (SOUTH RIDING).

Name of the Accused.	Crime charged.	Year in which Trial took place.	Year in which Re-trial took place.	Assize Town in which Trial was held.
John Brien (Ardy) - -	Murder - -	1847 - -	1848 - -	Clonmel.
Patrick Griffin, William Farrell, and Michael English.	Shooting at -	1848 - -	1848 - -	- ditto.
Michael Maher, Edward Hart, Edward Burke, Honora Nagle, and Michael Neale.	Murder - -	1848 - -	- -	- ditto.
James Phillips - -	- ditto - -	1850 - -	1851 - -	- ditto.

Pedder & Carmichael, Clerks of the Crown.

COUNTY OF TYRONE.

Name of the Accused.	Crime charged.	Year in which Trial took place.	Year in which Re-trial took place.	Assize Town	OBSERVATIONS.
John Hamilton - -	Murder -	1845 - -	- -	Omagh -	Found insane; to remain to abide the Lord Lieutenant's pleasure.
Jane Patterson and William Loy.	- ditto -	1847 - -	- -	- ditto -	Trial postponed, on application of the Crown, at Summer Assizes, 1846; they to remain in custody. Tried and convicted at Spring Assizes, 1847, and sentenced to be hanged.
Arthur M'Cort - -	- ditto -	1847 - -	- -	- ditto -	Trial postponed, on application of the prisoner, at Spring Assizes, 1847; he to remain in custody. Tried and convicted at Summer Assizes, 1847, and sentenced to be hanged.
John Morris - - -	- ditto -	1847 - -	- -	- ditto -	Trial postponed, on application of the prisoner, at Spring Assizes, 1847; he to be bailed. Tried at Summer Assizes, 1847, and acquitted.
1. Michael Lynn - - 2. John Lynn - - 3. Patrick Lynn - - 4. Felix Lynn - - 5. Peter Lynn - -	- ditto -	1848 - -	- -	- ditto -	Trial of Nos. 2 and 4 postponed, on application of the Crown, at Spring Assizes, 1848; they to be bailed. The others not amenable. At Summer Assizes, 1848, Nos. 2 and 4 ordered to be discharged, and not to attend without getting 14 days' notice.
Owen Kelly - - -	- ditto -	1850 - -	- -	- ditto -	Tried at Spring Assizes, 1850, when jury disagreed; he to remain in custody. Tried at Summer Assizes, 1850, and convicted of manslaughter, and sentenced to 18 months' imprisonment and hard labour.
Mary Anne Trimble - -	- ditto -	1852 - -	- -	- ditto -	Bound in recognizance at Summer Assizes, 1851, to appear for trial for having administered poison, when trial postponed, on application of the Crown; she to be bailed. Indicted for murder at Spring Assizes, 1852, when trial again postponed, on application of the Crown. Tried at Summer Assizes, 1852, and acquitted.
Thomas Graham - -	Soliciting to murder.	1854 - -	1855 - -	- ditto -	Tried at Summer Assizes, 1854, when jury disagreed; he to be bailed. Tried at Spring Assizes, 1855, and acquitted.
William Tate - - -	Murder -	1854 - -	- -	- ditto -	Found insane; to remain to abide the Lord Lieutenant's pleasure.
Bernard M'Avry, the younger, and James M'Avry.	- ditto -	1856 - -	1857 - -	- ditto -	Tried at Spring Assizes, 1856, when jury disagreed. Tried at Summer Assizes, 1856, when jury disagreed. Tried at Spring Assizes, 1857, and acquitted.
1. Solomon Baxter - - 2. James Baxter - - 3. Stewart Drugan - - 4. James Niblow - - 5. John Anderson - - 6. Robert Neely - - 7. John Baxter - -	Murder and conspiracy, and soliciting to murder.	- -	- -	- ditto -	At Spring Assizes, 1856, Nos. 1, 2, 3 ordered to remain in custody; the others to be bailed. At Summer Assizes, 1856, trial of Nos. 1, 2, 3 postponed, on application of the Crown; they to be bailed. At Spring Assizes, 1857, their trial again postponed, on application of the Crown; they to remain out on recognizances. At Summer Assizes, 1857, No. 3 discharged by proclamation.

COUNTY OF TYRONE—*continued.*

Name of the Accused.	Crime charged.	Year in which Trial took place.	Year in which Re-trial took place.	Assize Town.	OBSERVATIONS.
John Holden - - -	Murder -	1860 - -	- - -	Omagh -	Trial postponed, on application of the prisoner, at Spring Assizes, 1860. Tried at Summer Assizes, 1860, convicted, and sentenced to be hanged.
Isabella Dickson - - -	- ditto -	1860 - -	- - -	- ditto -	Trial postponed, on application of the Crown, at Spring Assizes, 1860. Tried at Summer Assizes, 1860, and acquitted.
Peter Nugent, Michael Nugent, and Stephen Gorman.	- ditto -	1863 - -	- - -	- ditto -	Trial postponed, on application of the Crown, at Spring Assizes, 1863; they to remain in custody. Tried at Summer Assizes, 1863, when Peter Nugent and Stephen Gorman convicted of manslaughter, Michael Nugent acquitted.
William M'Nickle - - -	- ditto -	1864 - -	1865 - -	- ditto -	Trial postponed at Spring Assizes, 1864, on application of the Crown. Tried at Summer Assizes, 1864, when jury disagreed. Tried at Spring Assizes, 1865, when jury disagreed.

David Fitzgerald, Clerk of the Crown.

COUNTY OF WATERFORD.

Name of Accused.	Crime charged.	Year in which Trial or Re-trial took place.	Assize Town in which Trial had been held.
John Cody, James Carthy, and John Cody, jun.	Conspiracy to murder -	1851 - -	Waterford.

1 May 1865.

W. J. Dennehy, Clerk of the Crown.

COUNTY OF THE CITY OF WATERFORD.

— Nil. —

1 May 1865.

W. J. Dennehy, Clerk of the Crown.

COUNTY OF WESTMEATH.

Year.	Number of Cases.	Crime.	Name of Accused.	Assize Town.	OBSERVATIONS.
1846	1	Attempt to murder.	Bryan Seery -	Mullingar -	The prisoner was tried twice at a special commission held at Mullingar on the 20th day of January 1846. In consequence of the jury first empanelled having disagreed, he was put on his trial a second time at the same commission, before another jury, by whom he was convicted.
1863	1	Murder -	John Bodkin -	ditto -	The prisoner was remanded to prison at the Summer Assizes, 1863, for re-trial, owing to the jury having disagreed; he was again tried, and acquitted, at the following assizes.

19 May 1865.

Wm. Mooney, Clerk of the Crown.

COUNTY OF WEXFORD.

— Nil. —

John Edmond Roach, Clerk of the Crown.

COUNTY OF WICKLOW.

— Nil. —

6 May 1865.

J. M'Mahon, Clerk of the Crown.

CAPITAL OFFENCES (IRELAND).

RETURN of the Number of Cases in *Ireland*, during the last Twenty Years, wherein Persons accused of CAPITAL OFFENCES have been Remanded to Prison for Re-trial, or have been set at large, in consequence of the inability of Juries to agree to a Verdict; &c.

(*Mr. Tortens.*)

*Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
12 June 1865.*

PATRICK DONOHUE AND EDWARD BURKE.

ABSTRACT

OF

RETURN to an Order of the Honourable The House of Commons,
dated 14 February 1865;—for,

COPIES of "WARRANT or other ORDER for the Arrest of *Patrick Donohoe*, on the 21st day of June 1864:"

"Of the INFORMATIONS or STATEMENTS on which that Arrest was Ordered, and the Name of the Magistrate by whose Order, if not by Warrant, that Arrest was made:"

"Of NOTICE or LETTER summoning any Magistrates to meet at Granard Petty Sessions Courthouse on Wednesday the 22d day of June, and Names of Magistrates to whom sent; if the Summoning was Verbal, to be so stated, as well as Name of the Person by whom such Notice was given:"

"Of any RECORD of the PROCEEDINGS of the MAGISTRATES in the Case of *Donohoe* at Granard, on the 22d day of June 1864:"

"Of the INFORMATIONS Sworn there, and of the Committal to Longford Gaol founded on those Informations, and of all Endorsements on such Committal, or entry in the Records of the Gaol showing how it was Discharged, and a Statement whether the Proceedings of the 22d day of June were Public or Secret, in Open Court or within Closed Doors:"

"Of any INFORMATIONS Sworn against *Patrick Donohoe* or *Edward Burke* on the 21st or 22d day of June 1864:"

"Of any ORDER made by the Lord Lieutenant or other Authorities in *Ireland* for the Discharge of *Donohoe*:"

"Of any ORDER or WARRANT for the Arrest of *Edward Burke*, on the 21st day of June 1864:"

"Of the STATEMENT or INFORMATION on which he was Arrested, and by whose Order:"

"Of any RECORD of the PROCEEDINGS of the MAGISTRATES on the 22d day of June 1864, in the Case of *Edward Burke*, or of their Order for his Discharge:"

"And, of the Order of the Court of Queen's Bench in *Ireland*, quashing the Conviction and Committal of *Patrick Donohoe*."

(*Mr. O'Reilly.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
19 May 1865.

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PAPERS RELATING TO THE CASES OF PATRICK DONOHUE
AND EDWARD BURKE.

— No. 1. —

STATEMENT of Petty Sessions Clerk.

Sir, County of Longford, Granard, 24 February 1865.

HAVING been recently appointed to the office of petty sessions clerk for the districts of Granard and Ballinalee, in room of Mr. Simpson, who resigned in January 1865, I am directed by the magistrates to reply to the queries, and furnish the returns called for by Order of the House of Commons, and your letter of 16th instant, so far as I am able to do.

I have carefully looked over the papers left me by the former petty sessions clerk, and cannot find a copy of warrant or order for the arrest of Patrick Donohoe on 21st June 1864, except the deposition of Constable William Teate, a copy of which I attach to this paper.

A notice in writing was sent to Henry Dopping, Esq., by William St. Laurence Tyrrell, Esq., sub-inspector constabulary, Granard, as directed by county inspector of constabulary.

Said county inspector suggested to John E. Thompson, Esq., the necessity of holding an investigation on the matter. Mr. Thompson said he would attend; and also said he would ask Mr. Webb when on his way home.

As Lieutenant Colonel Keogh is removed from this county, I cannot say how he received notice.

[Here follows an Extract of the proceedings in the case of Patrick Donohoe, from the Order Book.—See copy in the return to the writ of *certiorari*].

I examined all the informations and papers given to me by the late clerk one by one, and cannot find information sworn against Patrick Donohoe or Edward Burke on 21st or 22d June 1864, except the aforesaid deposition of Constable Teate.

The Court, as far as I can ascertain, was an open one on the 22d June 1864; it is so stated to me by the sub-inspector constabulary, Granard.

Record in Order Book of proceedings in the case of Edward Burke:

Defendants, in the month of June 1864, threatened and used intimidating language towards complainant, deterring his working in Mr. Thompson's employment at Clonfin.

Order.—Edward Burke, discharged; Patrick Donohoe, ordered to be imprisoned in Longford Gaol for three calendar months, with hard labour.

I believe the reason the magistrates assembled in Granard 22d June 1864, was the very disturbed state this neighbourhood was in at the time.

Chief Secretary's Office,
Dublin Castle.

I have, &c.
(signed) William Thompson,
Petty Sessions Clerk, Granard.

County of Longford, to wit.

THE deposition of William Teate, constable at Tully, in this county, who being duly sworn, saith: I was present when Michael Dolan, of Graffogue, whose house was burned maliciously last night, 20th, or morning of 21st June 1864, when Michael Dolan said on his oath, that Patrick Donohoe, of Prucelstown, and Edward Burke, of Willsbrook, in this county, came into his house about a fortnight since, and Patrick Donohoe told him not to return to Mr. Thompson's employment; and that he believes it was on account of his having returned was the cause of his house having been burned.

Constable Teate therefore requests that the said Donohoe and Burke be detained for further examination.

21 June 1864.

William Teate, Con. 6/711.

— No. 2. —

STATEMENT of Sub-Inspector *Tyrrell*.

My dear Sir,

Granard, Tuesday Evening, 21 June 1864.

MIGHT I request your attendance at Granard Court-house, to-morrow, 22d instant, to meet Mr. Webb and Mr. Thompson, for the purpose of investigating a serious case of burning a house whilst the inmates were asleep, on night of 20th instant; I have two men in custody. The attendance of as many magistrates as could possibly attend, would show the country their determination to put down crime of such a barbarous nature.

This is the second case within a few days of each other; but fortunately, the inmates in each case escaped. If I thought Major Hepenstal was at home, I would also beg of him to attend; should he be, will you kindly drop him a line by the bearer.

I am, &c.

(signed) *Wm. St. Lawrence Tyrrell*,
Sub-Inspector of Constabulary.

H. Dopping, Esq., J.P.

(A true copy.)

(signed) *W. Brownigg*,
Inspector General of Constabulary.

Constabulary Office, Dublin Castle,
24 March 1865.

County of Longford, Granard, 9 March 1865.

THERE was no warrant or written order for the arrest of Patrick Donohoe on the 21st June 1864.

I attach a copy of the deposition of Constable Teate, sworn before John E. Thompson, Esq., J.P., on 21st June 1864, and I am not aware of any information or further statement, or that any magistrate gave orders for the arrest.

Edward Burke was arrested under the same circumstances as Donohoe.

There was no notice or letter actually summoning any magistrate to meet at Granard Petty Sessions Court-house on 22d June 1864, except that attached, which is a copy, and a line from me to Colonel Keogh, R.M., from the scene, mentioning that magistrates were about to meet on 22d June 1864. Please see explanation. When the meeting was suggested to John E. Thompson, Esq., by the county inspector, he (Mr. Thompson) said he would attend, and that he would on his way home ask Mr. Webb to attend also.

Copy of record of proceedings of the magistrates I have also attached.

The clerk of petty sessions informs me that he has no record of the information sworn then. That there was an information sworn in the court-house on 22d June 1864 by Michael Dolan, whose house was burned on night of 20th June 1864, I am aware.

I called upon the governor of the Longford Gaol, yesterday, who informs me that he furnished to the Government copy of committal, all endorsements on such committal, entry in the records of the gaol, showing how Donohoe was discharged, as also the Lord Lieutenant's or other authorities in Ireland for the discharge of Donohoe. The governor said he could not let me have, or take a copy of any of the public documents in his possession. I, of course, did not request him to do so, but ascertained from him if he could let me have such.

The proceedings, so far as I believe, were not secret, but in open court.

There was no warrant or written order for the arrest of Edward Burke on 21st June 1864. [See copy of deposition of Constable Teate attached.] I heard the county inspector give orders for the arrest of Donohoe and Burke without mentioning their Christian names.

(signed) *Wm. St. L. Tyrrell*,
2d Sub-inspector.

The Inspector General.

— No. 3. —

LETTER from Colonel *Keogh* to the Under Secretary.

Sir,

Longford, 7 March 1865.

IN reply to your letter of the 3d instant, I have the honour to state that the only notice I received of the meeting of magistrates at Granard Court-house on the 22d June last, was a few lines from the sub-inspector at Granard, and which I did not keep.

The Under Secretary,
Dublin Castle.

I have, &c.
(signed) *John H. Keogh*, R.M.

— No. 4. —

WARRANT of COMMITTAL of *Patrick Donohoe*.(Stamp, *J. H. Keogh*.)

PETTY SESSIONS (IRELAND) ACT, 1851, 14 & 15 Vict. cap. 93.

FORM (E a.) WARRANT of EXECUTION (Summary Jurisdiction).

Petty Sessions District of Granard, County of Longford.

Michael Dolan, Complainant *v.* Patrick Donohoe, Defendant.

WHEREAS upon the hearing of a complaint that defendant in the month of June 1864 used intimidating language towards complainant, to prevent him working in Mr. Thompson's employment, an order was made on the 22d day of June 1864 by the justices present against the said Patrick Donohoe of Prucklistown, to the following effect, viz., defendant, Patrick Donohoe, ordered to be imprisoned in the county gaol for three calendar months with hard labour. And whereas the said order has not been complied with. This is to command you, to whom this warrant is addressed, to execute the said order against the said person as follows:—To lodge the said defendant, Patrick Donohoe, in the gaol at Longford for three calendar months with hard labour.

22 June 1864,
Sub-Inspector, Granard.

(signed) *J. H. Keogh*,
Justice of said County.

(A true copy.)

Longford Gaol,
28 February 1864.

(signed) *Arthur Rawlins*,
Governor.

— No. 5. —

LETTER from Major General Sir *Thomas A. Larcom*, to the High Sheriff of the County of Longford.

Sir,

Dublin Castle, 16 July 1864.

THE Lord Lieutenant has been pleased to commute the sentence passed on Patrick Donohoe, a prisoner in the gaol of the county of Longford, and it is his Excellency's desire that the said prisoner be discharged.

I have, &c.

The High Sheriff of the County
of Longford.

(signed) *Thos. A. Larcom*.

Crime:—Endeavouring to prevent M'Dolan from accepting employment.
Sentence:—Three months hard labour.

The Governor of the gaol is requested to acknowledge the receipt of this order by return of post.

(A true copy.)

Longford Gaol,
28 February 1865.

(signed) *Arthur Rawlins*,
Governor.

[Here follows formal proceedings in Queen's Bench on writ of *certiorari*.
Conviction quashed, 15th November 1864.]

— No. 6. —

MAGISTRATES' RETURN TO CERTIORARI.

County of Longford, to wit.

WE, John Henry Keogh, resident magistrate, and Henry Dopping, Esq., two of Her Majesty's justices of the peace in and for the said county of Longford, by virtue of the annexed writ, do hereby certify unto Her Majesty, in Her Court of Queen's Bench, the conviction of which mention is made in the same, together with the annexed copy information of Michael Dolan, sworn the 22d day of June in the year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and sixty-four. And we further certify that, pursuant to a request of the sub-inspector of police, on the 21st day of June 1864, we so attended at petty sessions court of Granard on said 22d day of June 1864, when Patrick Donohoe was brought before us in custody, charged for using of threats and intimidating language to force said Michael Dolan, a workman in the employment of John E. Thompson, to depart from his said work, and which said Patrick Donohoe, being then and there so duly brought before us, and having so duly appeared in said Court, we further certify that we having examined on oath the said Michael Dolan touching his said complaint and said charge as set forth in his information, in the presence of said Patrick Donohoe, and the said Patrick Donohoe not having offered any evidence, or tendered same, and not having offered bail to us for approval, or tendered same for his further appearance, we then and there convicted said Patrick Donohoe, which copy conviction is hereto annexed. And we further certify that on the same day the said John Henry Keogh made and entered in one of the books kept in and for the said petty sessions district of Granard, county of Longford, a copy of the substance of the said proceedings, which entry is initialed and signed by said John Henry Keogh, and a copy of which entry is hereto annexed. And we further certify we are unable to return the copy of the warrant for the committal of said Patrick Donohoe (the original of which warrant is in the hands and custody of the governor of the gaol of Longford). And we further certify that we have hereunto annexed a copy of the original sheets of the said petty sessions order book, and are ready to produce the original of said book when required; and we further certify that there does not exist any other document touching the said complaint or proceedings thereon. In witness, we the said John Henry Keogh and Henry Dopping have hereunto set our hands and seals at Longford, in the county of Longford, this 31st day of October, in the year of our Lord 1864.

John H. Keogh, R.M. (Seal.)

Henry Dopping, J.P. (Seal.)

SCHEDULE of DOCUMENTS referred to in annexed Return.

Petty Sessions, District of Granard, County of Longford.

Michael Dolan, Complainant; *Edward Burke* and *Patrick Donohoe*, Defendants.

THE information of Michael Dolan, of Graffogue, county Longford, who saith on his oath that, on Monday night, the 20th June 1864, my house was burned, at Graffogue; and about one fortnight previous I saw the two defendants, Edward Burke and Patrick Donohoe, a little bit from my house. Donohoe told me, stop at home for a few days until some settlement would be made. I had been in Mr. Thompson's work at Clonfin. I don't know who burned my house, unless some blackguards, to create disturbance in the country. I believe my house was burned in consequence of being or continuing in Mr. Thompson's employment. Patrick Donohoe told me stop at home until there would be a settlement made, and the rest of the men would return to their work. Patrick Donohoe came to me about a fortnight before my house was burned, and what he said to me on that occasion about returning to Mr. Thompson's employment was a friendly advice, fearing some bad consequence might happen to me. Donohoe called me out of the house to speak to me, in the hearing of Edward Burke. My house is not on Mr. Thompson's estate. Burke was in Mr. Thompson's employment at that time. Patrick Donohoe's father and brother were not then

then in Mr. Thompson's employment; they left in consequence of being asked to work on holidays. And the said informant binds himself to attend at _____, on the _____, to prosecute the said information for the said offence, or otherwise to forfeit to the Crown the sum of 10 l.

(signed) ^{his} *Michael x Dolan*, Informant.
mark

Taken before me this 22d day of June 1864, at Granard, in the said county.

J. H. Keogh, Justice of said County.

DATE of ORDER.	Name or Names of Justice or Justices by whom Order made.	Parties Complainant and Defendant.	Names of Witnesses Examined, and whether for Complainant or Defendant.	Cause of Complaint as set forth in Summons.	Particulars of Order or Dismissal.	Signature of Justices.
22 June 1864 -	Col. Keogh, Resident Magistrate; Henry Dopping, Esq.; John B. Thompson, Esq.; William Webb, Esq.	The Queen, Michael Dolan, v. Edward Burke, Patrick Donohoe.	Michael Dolan -	Defendants, in the month of June 1864, threatened and used intimidating lan- guage towards com- plainant, deterring him working in Mr. Thompson's employment, at Clonfin.	Edward Burke, dis- charged; Patrick Donohoe, ordered to be imprisoned in Longford gaol for three calendar months, with hard labour.	(stamp) <i>J. H. Keogh.</i>

PETTY SESSIONS, District of Granard, County of Longford.

The Queen and *Michael Dolan*, Complainant; *Edward Burke* and *Patrick Donohoe*, Defendants.

I CERTIFY, that upon the hearing of a complaint that defendants, in the month of June 1864, threatened and used intimidating language towards complainant, deterring him from working in Mr. Thompson's employment, at Clonfin, an order was made on the 22d day of June 1864, by the justices present, to the following effect, viz.:—Edward Burke to be discharged. Patrick Donohoe ordered to be imprisoned in Longford gaol for three calendar months, with hard labour.

(signed) *J. H. Keogh*, Justice of the said County,
this 22d day of June 1864.

County of Longford, to wit.

BE it remembered, that on the 22d day of June in the year of our Lord 1864, Patrick Donohoe is convicted before us, Henry Dopping and John Henry Keogh, two of Her Majesty's justices for the peace in and for the said county of Longford, of having, on the 5th day of June in the year of our Lord 1864, and before the complaint on oath on which this conviction is founded is made, at Graffogue, in the county of Longford, unlawfully, by threats, endeavoured to force Michael Dolan, a workman in the employment of John Edward Thompson, esquire, of Clonfin, in the county of Longford, to depart from his said work, contrary to the form of the Statute made in the sixth year of the reign of King George the Fourth, intitled, "An Act to repeal the Acts relating to the Combination of Workmen, and making other Provisions in lieu thereof;" and we, the said justices, do hereby order and adjudge the said Patrick Donohoe for the said offence to be committed to and confined in the common gaol of Longford, in the said county of Longford, for the space of three calendar months, then to be kept to hard labour for the space of three calendar months.

[So in document
returned.]

Given under our hands, at Longford, in the county of Longford, this 31st day of October, in the year of our Lord 1864.

John H. Keogh, R.M.
Henry Dopping, J.P.

COPY AFFIDAVITS grounding Rule Nisi for Writ of Certiorari.

AFFIDAVIT of *Patrick Donohoe*.

Queen's Bench, Crown Side.

PATRICK DONOHOE, late a prisoner in the county gaol of Longford, aged 22 years, maketh oath and saith, that he is a collector of poor rates for the Granard Union, and was arrested by a policeman, named Delahunty, on the evening of Tuesday the 21st day of June last, about the hour of seven o'clock in the evening, at his father's house, situate at Prucklistown, in the county of Longford, and was then brought to the residence of John E. Thompson, esq., justice of the peace of Clonfin, in the county of Longford, and then, while handcuffed, was taken, together with one Edward Burke, to the police barrack of Granard, a distance of three miles, and was kept all night in close confinement, without knowing what I was charged with. Deponent saith, that on the next morning, Wednesday, the 22d of June last, about 12 o'clock, a.m., deponent was brought, in charge of a body of police, to the court-house of Granard, and placed before four magistrates, namely, William Webb, Henry Dopping, John E. Thompson, esqrs., and Colonel Keogh, R.M., the only persons then in the court-house were a number of police, Michael Dolan, the complainant, and said Edward Burke. Deponent states, that Michael Dolan then said before the magistrates, "That about two o'clock on Sunday week, Patrick Donohoe (this deponent) and Edward Burke met him, Michael Dolan, at his house, and that Patrick Donohoe called him out, and told him not to go to work to Mr. Thompson for a few days, that the men were expecting a settlement, afraid of any accidents happening." Burke made answer, and said, he did not *here* Donohoe use the words he swore to. Deponent saith that, during this investigation, the doors of the court-house were kept closed, and that neither his father or any of his friends could get into said court-house at any time during said investigation, and deponent was then and there committed to gaol of the county of Longford for three months, with hard labour, as by an order made on the hearing of said matter *as will appear*. Deponent further saith, that the public were completely excluded from attending said investigation, and would not be permitted by the magistrates or police to enter said court during said investigation, or at any time until after deponent was committed; and deponent saith, that he is not in any way guilty of the charge preferred against him by the said Michael Dolan, and that he did not at the time, as stated by the said Michael Dolan, make use of any threats towards him to leave Mr. Thompson's employment, or any words to the like effect; nor did he at any other time make use of any threats or threatening language towards the said Michael Dolan, or any other person. Deponent states, that at the time he was brought before the magistrates he had not the remotest notion that they would finally determine the charge on that day; and deponent states, that both his father and two other persons came into the town of Granard, on Wednesday the 22d of June, for the purpose of bailing out deponent, if it should be necessary to do so; and deponent is informed, that deponent's father, and the said two men, made frequent attempts to get into the court during the time that deponent was within the said court, but the said parties were prevented from entering the said court by the directions of the said magistrates. Deponent saith, that if he had been allowed sufficient time he would have had the services of a professional man to defend him, as it was his intention to have one, and would have witnesses to refute the charge made by the said Dolan against him, but deponent was deprived of his defence, by reason of the magistrates having adjudicated on the charge on that day, which was not the petty sessions day for Granard, as regulated by the magistrates at quarter sessions; the proper day for holding the petty sessions in Granard would have been that day week, the 29th day of June. Deponent saith, that he would have respectable and credible witnesses to corroborate him in his defence, if he had been allowed an opportunity of doing so, but from the nature and manner in which the matter was brought forward, and the secret mode adopted by the magistrates in adjudicating on the charge made against him, he was taken by surprise and was not allowed to bring forward any evidence to rebut the charge. And deponent states, that he was discharged from prison on the 17th day of July last, by direction and order of His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, in consequence, as deponent believes, of the illegality of the proceedings and the illegal conduct of the said Colonel Keogh, R.M., making said order, and adjudicating in a summary manner in this matter with closed doors, and without giving deponent an opportunity of defending himself from the charge made against him. And deponent submits, under the circumstances aforesaid, that said order should *quashed* and set aside as contrary to law.

[So in original.]

[So in original.]

[So in original.]

Patrick Donohoe.

Sworn before me, this 6th day of August 1864, at Longford, in the county of Longford, a Commissioner of Her Majesty's superior Courts of Common Law in Ireland, by virtue of a Commission to me directed forth of Her Majesty's Court of Queen's Bench in Ireland, for taking affidavits in and for said county of Longford, and I know the deponent.

William Beatty, Commissioner.

Christopher Reynolds, Attorney, 48, Mountjoy-street, Dublin.

AFFIDAVIT of *Edward Burke.*

Queen's Bench, Crown Side.

EDWARD BURKE, of Willsbrook, in the county of Longford, labourer, aged 20 years, maketh oath and saith, that on Tuesday evening, the 21st day of June last, Serjeant Tate came to his house about six o'clock, and told him Mr. Thompson wanted him to the yard; he accompanied him up to the yard to Clonfin House, and when he got there Patt Donohoe was there before him, along with a few other boys; they were all brought into the laundry, and, after a space of about half an hour, both Donohoe and deponent were handcuffed by a serjeant of police, and then taken by a guard to Granard Barracks, and kept in the day room all night. Neither Donohoe nor deponent knew for what they were arrested, and the police told them they did not know for what; when they were brought to Mr. Thompson's he did not appear to them, nor no one but the police. On Wednesday morning, the 22d, being the next morning, deponent and Donohoe were both brought up to the courthouse in Granard about 12 o'clock, where there were four magistrates assembled, namely, William Webb, Henry Dopping, John E. Thompson, Esqrs., and Colonel Keogh, R.M., and after a few minutes both Donohoe and deponent were taken outside of the court, and the courthouse door shut; Michael Dolan, the complainant, was kept inside with magistrates, and after about a quarter of an hour the door was opened, and both were brought in, and upon Donohoe and deponent going inside of the court the door was closed, and no one allowed inside but the police, Donohoe, and deponent. The public were kept out and would not be let in; a policeman was placed on the door not to let any one in. When deponent got inside, we were told to stand forward to the Bench, and to hear what Dolan would say. Deponent states that the charge then made by Dolan against Donohoe was, "that Donohoe required Dolan not to go to work to Mr. Thompson's for a few days;" but deponent never saw or got the informations or warrant, if any existed, under which deponent was arrested. When deponent heard this statement of Dolan's, deponent told the magistrates that Patt Donohoe did not say so, nor was he with Donohoe as far as Dolan's. Deponent was then told by the magistrates to go away about his business. Deponent heard Colonel Keogh say to Donohoe, that "I will commit you for three months, with hard labour." Upon my going to the door the policeman on guard of it opened it for me and let me out.

his
Edward x Burke,
mark.

Sworn before me this 6th day of August 1864, at Longford, in the county of Longford, a Commissioner of Her Majesty's Superior Courts of Common Law in Ireland, by virtue of a Commission to me directed forth of Her Majesty's Court of Queen's Bench in Ireland, for taking Affidavits in and for said county of Longford; and I know the deponent. The above affidavit was truly read and explained to Edward Burke, before sworn.

William Beatty, Commissioner.

Christopher Reynolds, Attorney, 48, Mountjoy-street.

AFFIDAVIT of *Terence Donohoe.*

Queen's Bench, Crown Side.

TERENCE DONOHUE, of Prucklishtown, in the county of Longford, farmer, maketh oath and saith, that he is father of the late prisoner, Patt Donohoe; saith that he went into Granard to see after his son, and upon his son and the other boys being taken into court, deponent thought to get into the courthouse. The door was shut in deponent's face by a policeman, and deponent would not be let in; the door was kept closed the entire time the investigation was going on, and remained so until the case was concluded, and my son convicted and sentenced to three months' confinement, with hard labour; and deponent was told by the policeman that he could not get in, that it was no court-day, and that it was only a hearing for another day his son was going to get.

Terence Donohoe.

Sworn before me this 6th day of August 1864, at Longford, in the county of Longford, a Commissioner of Her Majesty's Superior Courts of Common Law in Ireland, by virtue of a Commission to me directed forth of Her Majesty's Court of Queen's Bench in Ireland, for taking Affidavits in and for said county of Longford; and I know the deponent.

William Beatty, Commissioner.

Christopher Reynolds, Attorney, 48, Mountjoy-street.

AFFIDAVIT of Patrick Feeny.

Queen's Bench, Crown Side.

PATRICK FEENY, of Tullybawn, in the county of Longford, farmer, maketh oath, and saith, that he went into Granard on the morning of Wednesday, the 22d day of June last, for the purpose of going bail for Patrick Donohoe, then a prisoner, to stand out until such time as he might get trial. Upon the magistrates assembling at the court, and upon Patt Donohoe, Edward Burke, and Michael Dolan being taken into court, the door was shut, and neither the public nor deponent would be allowed to go inside of it or the court. Deponent endeavoured to get in, with others, but were prevented, and was told by the police who was on guard at the door that there was no admittance for deponent or any other person. The door of the court during the trial or investigation was kept closed the entire time, and the public were excluded from being present.

Patrick Feeny.

Sworn before me, this 6th day of August 1864, at Longford, in the county of Longford, a Commissioner of Her Majesty's Superior Courts of Common Law in Ireland, by virtue of a Commission to me directed forth of Her Majesty's Court of Queen's Bench in Ireland, for taking Affidavits in and for said county of Longford; and I know the deponent.

William Beatty, Commissioner.

Christopher Reynolds, Attorney, 48, Mountjoy-street.

AFFIDAVIT of Bernard Cavanagh.

Queen's Bench, Crown Side.

[Repetition in original.] BERNARD CAVANAGH, of Ballinasraw, in the in the county of Longford, farmer, maketh oath, and saith, he went into Granard on the morning of Wednesday, the 22d day of June last, for the purpose of going bail for Patt Donohoe, to stand out until such times as he might be tried. Upon the magistrates assembling, and upon Patt Donohoe, Edward Burke, and Michael Dolan being taken into the court, the door was then shut, and deponent would not be allowed to go inside of it, although he endeavoured to get in, but was prevented, and told by the police that it was not a court-day, and that there was no admittance for him or any other person. The way to the court-house is through the market-house, and through a door or gate that is at the end of a staircase; this door was closed against the public and the friends of the prisoners, as well as the door at the top of the stairs.

Bernard Cavanagh.

Sworn before me, this 6th day of August 1864, at Longford, in the county of Longford, a Commissioner of Her Majesty's Superior Courts of Common Law in Ireland, by virtue of a Commission to me directed forth of Her Majesty's Court of Queen's Bench in Ireland, for taking Affidavits in and for said county of Longford; and I know the deponent.

William Beatty, Commissioner.

Christopher Reynolds, Attorney, 48, Mountjoy-street.

James Nagle, Clerk of the Crown.

The Crown Office (Ireland), Queen's Bench,
Dublin, 2 March 1865.

PATRICK DONOHUE AND EDWARD BURKE.

ABSTRACT RETURN.

P A P E R S

RELATING TO THE

CASES OF PATRICK DONOHUE
AND EDWARD BURKE.

(*Mr. O'Reilly.*)

*Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
19 May 1865.*

299.

Under 2 oz.

FINES AND PENALTIES (IRELAND).

AN ABSTRACT of the ACCOUNTS of all FINES and other PENAL SUMS accounted for under the Provisions of the Act 14 & 15 Vict. cap. 90, for the Year ending the 31st December 1863; showing the Total Amount imposed within said Period, the Proceedings had in respect thereto, and the Money received on Account thereof, as well as on Account of Arrear Cases, up to the Date of closing this Account.

(PRESENTED PURSUANT TO ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)

*Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
3 March 1865.*

No. 1.—AN ABSTRACT of the ACCOUNTS of all FINES and other PENAL SUMS accounted for under the Amount imposed within said Period; the Proceedings had in respect thereto, and the Money received

Note.—From one Court of Quarter Sessions the Accounts for the year have not been obtained, and of the Petty

COUNTIES.	AMOUNT IMPOSED.				AMOUNT ACCOUNTED for otherwise than by PAYMENT.			
	Fines, Penalties, and Forfeited Recognizances.	Compensation for Injuries in conjunction with Fines and Penalties.	Costs in conjunction with Fines and Penalties.	TOTAL.	Remitted or Reversed on Appeal before Parties Committed to Gaol.	For which Parties Committed to Gaol in default of Payment and not afterwards paid.	Not enforced up to Date of closing this Account, by reason of the Death or Absconding of the Parties, Legal Difficulties, &c.	For which Warrants issued to Sheriffs, being Fines upon Jurors, and for which they account before the Exchequer.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Antrim - - -	2,899 10 -	379 4 1	551 6 9	3,690 9 10	61 12 8	812 6 1	336 13 10	- - -
Armagh - - -	502 4 8	161 3 9	186 14 8	850 3 1	22 2 6	188 9 3	62 4 9	- - -
Carlow - - -	153 6 10	2 5 2	80 15 -	236 7 -	- - -	58 15 1	1 15 6	- - -
Cavan - - -	361 10 2	15 18 2	141 14 4	519 2 8	14 6 2	75 18 1	27 1 3	- - -
Clare - - -	480 17 3	15 16 3	327 4 6	723 18 -	155 19 6	75 8 5	13 18 3	- - -
Cork - - -	2,619 13 4	83 9 11	1,040 15 9	3,743 19 -	157 - 4	887 11 6	183 5 2	- - -
Donegal - - -	704 3 5	51 4 1	196 13 4	952 - 10	24 16 -	206 6 3	72 14 9	8 - -
Down - - -	992 15 7	81 16 1	324 - 4	1,398 12 -	67 5 -	299 11 2	49 10 9	- - -
Dublin - - -	606 10 6	6 8 5	166 16 9	779 15 8	199 2 6	19 7 6	14 17 2	- - -
Fermanagh - - -	260 9 9	18 14 1	63 3 7	342 7 5	11 10 -	74 19 5	26 1 2	- - -
Galway - - -	721 7 1	25 13 11	363 9 10	1,110 10 10	28 11 -	221 19 2	108 14 3	- - -
Kerry - - -	793 15 9	36 - 6	276 18 1	1,106 14 4	60 19 1	231 7 7	97 - 11	- - -
Kildare - - -	398 3 6	22 19 5	192 17 2	614 - 1	- - -	137 7 4	31 3 9	- - -
Kilkenny - - -	501 9 2	12 7 11	187 - 6	700 17 7	50 18 -	92 16 4	61 - 8	23 - -
King's - - -	289 - -	8 10 -	153 18 6	451 8 6	1 15 4	56 19 9	11 16 3	- - -
Leitrim - - -	293 6 8	5 18 -	93 13 7	392 18 3	10 4 -	87 9 1	59 7 6	- - -
Limerick - - -	999 6 5	44 3 1	461 9 7	1,504 19 1	54 15 3	229 12 6	271 6 2	- - -
Londonderry - - -	738 13 3	87 7 1	169 7 6	995 7 10	233 - -	87 14 4	53 2 6	28 - -
Longford - - -	296 14 11	2 18 1	88 1 6	387 14 6	14 5 6	43 17 -	56 - -	- - -
Louth - - -	252 19 11	2 3 -	91 4 3	346 7 2	80 8 -	27 19 9	12 4 6	10 - -
Mayo - - -	968 14 -	16 9 4	301 10 3	1,286 13 7	149 9 6	244 - 6	154 12 3	- - -
Meath - - -	427 1 10	15 10 7	228 16 1	671 8 6	7 16 -	78 7 8	17 7 -	- - -
Monaghan - - -	437 8 4	16 1 3	122 4 8	575 14 3	22 - -	182 17 8	29 16 5	- - -
Queen's - - -	441 3 7	12 19 -	248 16 7	702 19 2	50 14 -	97 - 4	43 11 9	- - -
Roscommon - - -	474 - 5	19 5 8	152 18 2	646 4 3	65 2 6	91 10 1	142 3 5	- - -
Sligo - - -	490 16 2	11 6 5	148 13 4	650 15 11	36 10 -	102 4 6	58 16 8	- - -
Tipperary - - -	1,065 10 5	23 19 1	448 14 3	1,538 3 9	126 17 6	316 6 10	59 1 4	25 - -
Tyrone - - -	670 16 -	96 18 7	191 6 11	959 1 6	17 16 -	197 13 -	158 8 8	- - -
Waterford - - -	466 13 6	10 4 10	152 5 9	629 4 1	22 11 -	98 17 4	101 17 3	- - -
Westmeath - - -	266 - 1	11 9 3	123 8 8	400 18 -	- - -	71 3 8	17 2 10	11 10 -
Wexford - - -	313 13 1	12 6 1	168 18 4	494 17 6	1 12 6	73 3 4	2 18 1	- - -
Wicklow - - -	314 4 11	8 4 5	131 5 -	453 14 4	4 - -	73 7 2	24 10 10	- - -
£.	21,002 9 6	1,318 15 6	7,476 3 6	29,797 8 6	1,742 19 10	5,542 7 8	2,360 5 7	105 10 -
Divisional Police Offices, Dublin Metropolis - - -	4,738 12 -	- - -	399 4 5	5,137 16 5	3 - -	1,398 15 6	218 5 7	- - -
£.	25,741 1 6	1,318 15 6	7,875 7 11	34,935 4 11	1,745 19 10	6,941 3 2	2,578 11 2	105 10 -

No. 2.—ABSTRACT in which the Total Amounts, as per Abstract No. 1, exclusive of the the Fines and other Penal Sums

Superior Courts, Dublin, Commis- sion Court, Dub- lin, and Assizes throughout Ire- land. - - -	603 5 6	- - -	- - -	603 5 6	410 - -	2 - -	120 - -	30 - -
Quarter Sessions -	822 2 -	5 - -	11 - -	838 2 -	407 12 6	135 - -	40 7 6	75 10 -
Petty Sessions -	19,577 2 -	1,313 15 6	7,465 3 6	28,356 1 -	925 7 4	5,405 7 8	2,199 18 1	- - -
£.	21,002 9 6	1,318 15 6	7,476 3 6	29,797 8 6	1,742 19 10	5,542 7 8	2,360 5 7	105 10 -

Provisions of the Act 14 & 15 Vict. c. 90, for the Year ending 31 December 1863, showing the Total on Account thereof, as well as on Account of Arrear Cases, up to the date of closing this Account.

Sessions Courts there are six, as to which the Accounts are deficient for different broken Periods of the Year.

AMOUNT PAID.			APPLICATION OF AMOUNT PAID.							
On Account of Fines, &c., imposed within Period above stated.	On Account of Fines, &c., imposed prior to Commence- ment of Period above stated.	TOTAL.	To Treasurers of Boroughs, Public Officers, and Private Parties.	To Constabulary, for Reward Fund.	To any Parties as Costs.	Postage and Money Orders in transmission of Fines, &c.	Balances chargeable against Officers of Courts at the Date of closing this Account.	Lodged in Bank of Ireland to Credit of Receivers of Constabulary and Dublin Police Force respectively, in Fines and Penalties Account.		
£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
2,429 17 3	56 17 2	2,486 14 5	1,392 9 -	85 17 2	443 7 3	2 2 8	201 15 2	361 3 2		
587 6 7	3 9 6	590 16 1	140 13 3	42 - 9	170 9 -	- 11 8	- - -	237 1 5		
175 16 5	43 1 -	218 17 5	6 9 1	11 15 9	65 3 -	- 11 3	- - -	134 18 4		
391 17 2	1 9 -	393 6 2	29 11 2	30 4 8	122 1 9	1 9 9	- - -	209 18 10		
478 11 10	5 4 -	483 15 10	52 17 2	24 2 3	210 4 9	1 9 3	- - -	195 2 5		
2,516 2 -	30 4 7	2,546 6 7	647 14 8	152 12 5	900 7 6	4 2 1	- - -	841 9 11		
640 3 10	7 18 6	648 2 4	84 7 7	61 5 11	178 18 11	3 13 6	6 11 -	313 5 5		
982 5 1	4 18 5	987 3 6	65 16 10	51 12 2	292 14 -	2 19 7	- - -	574 - 11		
546 8 6	13 2 -	559 10 6	25 13 2	60 13 1	163 5 8	1 2 11	- - -	308 15 8		
229 16 10	- 12 6	230 9 4	22 8 5	24 11 3	54 2 10	- 18 7	- - -	128 8 3		
751 6 5	16 1 11	767 8 4	65 7 8	15 17 6	307 15 7	2 3 2	2 10 -	373 14 5		
717 6 9	23 5 6	740 12 3	187 19 11	67 5 9	233 3 9	1 18 6	- - -	250 4 4		
445 9 -	- 7 10	445 16 10	29 12 -	28 8 7	159 1 10	- 18 9	- - -	227 15 8		
473 2 7	1 15 6	474 18 1	38 3 2	28 3 -	175 18 -	1 1 5	- - -	231 12 6		
380 17 2	14 11 6	395 8 8	18 18 7	42 16 6	141 4 -	1 2 9	- - -	191 6 10		
235 17 8	- - -	235 17 8	17 16 5	27 4 1	80 9 8	1 - 3	- - -	109 7 3		
949 5 2	11 16 11	961 2 1	85 2 11	42 14 -	414 7 7	1 10 10	- - -	417 6 9		
593 11 -	28 10 6	622 1 6	229 6 2	28 19 5	152 5 5	1 9 -	- - -	210 1 6		
273 12 -	2 14 6	276 6 6	21 18 8	38 13 8	80 15 9	- 10 6	- - -	134 7 11		
215 14 11	- - -	215 14 11	17 1 11	20 13 4	85 16 3	- 5 10	- - -	91 17 7		
738 11 4	0 15 4	745 6 8	44 3 -	83 16 2	250 15 9	2 3 8	- - -	364 8 1		
567 17 10	- 13 -	568 10 10	34 15 1	26 6 11	215 6 6	1 2 6	- - -	290 19 10		
341 - 2	5 - 8	346 - 10	82 10 2	34 17 8	102 16 6	- 12 11	- - -	125 3 7		
511 13 1	2 12 4	514 5 5	21 19 1	44 5 11	216 1 3	1 9 1	- - -	230 10 1		
347 8 3	2 9 9	349 18 -	15 7 8	18 3 1	135 8 9	1 6 9	- - -	179 11 9		
453 4 9	- 16 3	454 1 -	52 10 -	63 18 7	138 7 -	- 15 10	- - -	198 9 7		
1,010 18 1	9 5 2	1,020 3 3	52 4 1	80 - -	378 12 6	1 15 2	- - -	507 11 6		
585 3 10	7 - -	592 3 10	113 6 11	70 10 2	144 17 6	2 6 3	- - -	261 3 -		
405 18 6	4 2 -	410 - 6	70 8 8	30 11 11	133 18 11	1 3 7	2 8 7	171 8 10		
301 1 6	7 6 1	308 7 7	18 5 9	15 11 8	117 16 8	1 4 6	- - -	155 9 -		
417 3 7	6 12 -	423 15 7	28 18 6	54 11 1	159 5 -	- 13 -	- - -	180 8 -		
351 16 4	- 16 7	352 12 11	13 7 1	- 16 8	120 14 -	- 19 6	- - -	216 15 8		
20,046 5 5	319 10 -	20,365 15 5	3,727 3 9	1,409 1 1	6,545 12 10	46 15 -	213 4 9	8,423 18 -	To credit of Receiver of Constabulary Force.	
3,517 15 4	- - -	3,517 15 4	321 2 4	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	3,186 13 -	To credit of Receiver of Metropolitan Police Force	
23,564 - 9	319 10 -	23,883 10 9	4,108 6 1	1,409 1 1	6,545 12 10	46 15 -	213 4 9	11,560 11 -		

Divisional Police Offices of Dublin Metropolis, are divided according to the Courts at which were respectively imposed.

41 5 6	- - -	41 5 6	10 - -	- - -	- - -	- 5 3	- - -	31 - 3
179 12 -	62 - 6	241 12 6	21 6 8	- - -	6 - -	- 13 -	- - -	213 12 10
19,825 7 11	257 9 6	20,082 17 5	3,695 17 1	1,409 1 1	6,539 12 10	45 16 9	213 4 9	8,179 4 11
20,046 5 5	319 10 -	20,365 15 5	3,727 3 9	1,409 1 1	6,545 12 10	46 15 -	213 4 9	8,423 13 -

No. 3.—ABSTRACT of ACCOUNTS rendered by Constabulary Receiver, of all SUMS lodged to his Credit the Bank of Ireland, in the "COUNTIES' FINES and PENALTIES ACCOUNT," for the Year ending the 31st December 1863.

D E B I T.			C R E D I T.		
	£.	s. d.		£.	s. d.
To Balance on foot of Abstract, ending 31st December 1862 - - - - -	78,049	14 11	By Amount transferred to credit of Registrar of Petty Sessions Courts, for the purposes of the Fines and Petty Sessions Clerks Acts :		
				£.	s. d.
To Amount as per preceding Abstract, No. 1 - - -	8,423	18 -	To Fines Act Account	1,200	- -
To Amount recovered out of balances due by officers of courts from former years -	33	- 11	To Petty Sessions Clerks Act Account - -	8,183	9 5
	8,456	18 11			9,383 9 5
Add Amount lodged in bank in 1863, on foot of fines, &c. imposed prior to 1st January of that year - - -	2,529	18 8	By Balance on 31st December 1863 :—		
	10,986	17 7		£.	s. d.
Deduct Amount lodged in bank in 1864, on foot of fines, &c. imposed in 1863, and of arrears from former years -	2,200	6 6	In Counties' Fines and Penalties Account -	4,003	13 1
	8,786	11 1	Invested in the New Three per Cent. Government Stock, to the credit of the "Fines Act Investment Fund," in the joint names of the Chief and Under Secretaries for Ireland, and the Receiver of the Constabulary Force, all for the time being	63,056	11 10
To Amount lodged in bank, being dividends payable on the sum invested in the New Three per Cent. Government Stock to the credit of the "Fines Act Investment Fund," in the joint names of the Chief and Under Secretaries for Ireland, and the Receiver of the Constabulary Force, all for the time being, less 67 <i>l.</i> 12 <i>s.</i> 9 <i>d.</i> Income Tax -	1,961	11 5	Invested in the New Three per Cent. Government Stock, to the credit of the "Petty Sessions Clerks Act Investment Fund," in the joint names of the Chief and Under Secretaries for Ireland, the Receiver of the Constabulary Force, and the Registrar of Petty Sessions Courts, all for the time being	12,754	12 5
To Amount lodged in bank, being dividends payable on the sum invested in the New Three per Cent. Government Stock, to the credit of the "Petty Sessions Clerks Act Investment Fund," in the joint names of the Chief and Under Secretaries for Ireland, the Receiver of the Constabulary Force, and the Registrar of Petty Sessions Courts, all for the time being, less 13 <i>l.</i> 16 <i>s.</i> 2 <i>d.</i> Income Tax - - - - -	400	9 4			79,814 17 4
	£.	89,198 6 9		£.	89,198 6 9

No. 4.—ABSTRACT of ACCOUNTS rendered by the Receiver of the *Dublin* Metropolitan Police District, of all SUMS lodged to his Credit in the Bank of *Ireland*, in the "DUBLIN FINES AND PENALTIES ACCOUNT," for the Year ending 31st December 1863.

D E B I T.			C R E D I T.		
	£.	s. d.		£.	s. d.
To Balance on foot of Abstract, ending 31st December 1862 - - - - -	2,716	6 1	By Amount transferred from Dublin Fines and Penalties Account to General Account of the Receiver towards defraying the expenses of the Police Establishment - - - - -	4,000	- -
	£.	s. d.			
To Amount as per preceding Abstract, No. 1 - - - - -	3,136	13 -	By Balance in bank on 31st December 1863 - - - - -	1,854	15 1
Add Amount lodged in bank in 1863, on foot of fines imposed in 1862 - - - - -	75	3 -			
	3,211	16 -			
Deduct Amount lodged in bank in 1864, on foot of fines imposed in 1863 - - - - -	73	7 -			
	3,138	9 -			
	£.	5,854 15 1		£.	5,854 15 1

Dublin Castle, 26 January 1865.

William Cruise, Registrar.

(Approved.)

26 January 1865.

Robert Peel, Chief Secretary.

FINES AND PENALTIES (IRELAND).

ABSTRACT of the ACCOUNTS of all FINES and other
PENAL SUMS accounted for under the Provisions of the
Act 14 & 15 Vict. cap. 90, for the Year ending the
31st day of December 1863; showing the Total
Amount imposed within said Period, the Proceedings
had in respect thereto, and the Money received on
Account thereof, as well as on Account of Arrear
Cases, up to the Date of closing this Account.

(Presented pursuant to Act of Parliament.)

*Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
3 March 1865.*

GAME CERTIFICATES (IRELAND).

RETURN to an Order of the Honourable The House of Commons,
dated 3 April 1865 ;—for,

RETURNS “ of the Number of the GAME CERTIFICATES issued in *Ireland* during
the Years 1862, 1863, and 1864 :”

“ And, of the Number of CONVICTIONS for SHOOTING without a GAME CERTIFICATE
in *Ireland*, and the Number of Cases in which information was given to the Excise
of such Offence and no Prosecution instituted, during the Years 1862, 1863, and
1864.”

Year ended 31st December.	Number of Game Certificates Issued.	Number of Convictions for Shooting without a Game Certificate.	Number of Cases in which Information was Given to the Excise and no Prosecution Instituted.
1862 - -	3,576	28	14
1863 - -	3,471	24	32
1864 - -	3,349	40	18

Inland Revenue Office, }
28 April 1865. }

W. M. Mason,
Chief Accountant.

GAME CERTIFICATES (IRELAND).

RETURN of the Number of the GAME CERTIFICATES issued in *Ireland*, during the years 1862, 1863, and 1864; and, of the Number of CONVICTS for SHOOTING without a GAME CERTIFICATE in *Ireland*, and the Number of Cases in which information was given to the Excise of such Offence and no Prosecution instituted, during the Years 1862, 1863, and 1864.

(*Sir Hervey Bruce.*)

*Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
5. May 1865.*

ILLICIT DISTILLATION (IRELAND).

RETURN to an Order of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 23 February 1865;—for,

RETURN “ of the DETECTIONS of, and CONVICTIONS for, ILLICIT DISTILLATION in *Ireland*, from the 1st day of April 1864, to the 31st day of March 1865, both inclusive ; specifying the DETECTIONS and CONVICTIONS in each County, and in each Month of the Year respectively.”

COUNTIES.		1864.												1865.												
		April.		May.		June.		July.		August.		September.		October.		November.		December.		January.		February.		March.		
		Detections.	Convictions.	Detections.	Convictions.	Detections.	Convictions.	Detections.	Convictions.	Detections.	Convictions.	Detections.	Convictions.	Detections.	Convictions.	Detections.	Convictions.	Detections.	Convictions.	Detections.	Convictions.	Detections.	Convictions.	Detections.	Convictions.	Detections.
Antrim	3	4	6	9	5	10	3	1	1	1	2	3	3	3	3	6	1	5	2	1	1	2	2	1	7	1
Armagh	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Carlow	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cavan	4	6	4	2	2	2	4	1	3	1	5	3	-	5	9	6	1	2	2	1	1	2	1	4	2	
Clare	-	-	8	2	8	4	54	-	4	58	4	67	8	94	7	89	3	111	18	14	153	11	144	10	10	
Donegal	68	18	49	13	65	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Down	-	-	1	2	-	-	3	1	1	1	2	1	-	1	-	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Fermanagh	-	-	3	1	1	1	2	2	-	36	1	35	2	40	1	59	1	68	2	38	1	54	7	51	2	
Galway, E. R.	3	1	24	1	33	2	29	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	1	1	1	2	1	2	2	3	3	3	
Galway, W. R.	35	1	2	1	1	-	-	-	1	2	1	4	2	-	-	1	1	1	-	1	1	5	5	5	2	
Leitrim	1	2	1	-	2	-	2	-	1	1	-	-	-	5	-	1	-	6	-	6	1	5	-	-	-	
Londonderry	3	3	1	-	1	1	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	
Longford	-	-	2	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Mayo	77	4	96	5	88	8	52	3	3	69	1	50	5	66	2	92	-	167	5	103	1	121	-	165	2	
Meath	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	
Monaghan	-	-	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Roscommon	-	-	2	-	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	5	-	2	-	7	-	2	2	3	-	3	1	
Sligo	31	4	35	1	29	3	21	1	1	21	2	30	-	27	-	30	-	40	-	32	1	34	-	38	1	
Tipperary, N. R.	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Tyrone	8	1	8	6	7	1	8	3	3	3	1	4	5	7	-	9	-	21	1	7	3	18	-	15	5	
Wexford	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	

Inland Revenue Office,
19 April 1865.

W. M. Moxon, Chief Accountant.

ILLICIT DISTILLATION (IRELAND).

**RETURN of the DETECTIONS of, and CONVIC-
TIONS for, ILLICIT DISTILLATION in Ireland,
from 1 April 1864 to 31 March 1865, both
inclusive; specifying the Detections and Con-
victions in each County, and in each Month
of the Year respectively.**

(Mr. Vance.)

*Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
25 April 1865.*

LUNATICS (IRELAND).

RETURN to an Order of the Honourable The House of Commons,
dated 29 May 1865;—for,

RETURN “of the Number of DANGEROUS LUNATICS committed to COUNTY GAOLS in *Ireland* in 1864; and the Number of INSANE PERSONS confined in 1864 in each DISTRICT ASYLUM, and the Number each such DISTRICT ASYLUM is capable of holding.”

RETURN of the Number of DANGEROUS LUNATICS Committed to COUNTY GAOLS in *Ireland*, in 1864.

GAOL.	Number Committed.			GAOL.	Number Committed.		
	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.		Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Armagh - - - -	23	13	35	Limerick County - - -	18	17	35
Belfast - - - -	13	9	22	Londonderry - - - -	14	5	19
Carlow - - - -	-	5	5	Longford - - - -	4	3	7
Carrick-on-Shannon - - -	-	-	-	Maryborough - - - -	2	5	7
Castlebar - - - -	20	32	52	Monaghan - - - -	11	9	20
Cavan - - - -	15	16	31	Mullingar - - - -	9	2	11
Clonmel - - - -	8	2	10	Naas - - - -	9	4	13
Cork City - - - -	1	-	1	Nenagh - - - -	15	6	21
Cork County - - - -	23	16	39	Omagh - - - -	4	-	4
Downpatrick - - - -	29	10	39	Richmond Bridewell - -	54	-	54
Drogheda - - - -	2	1	3	Roscommon - - - -	13	10	23
Dundalk - - - -	10	4	14	Sligo - - - -	4	1	5
Ennis - - - -	12	2	14	Tralee - - - -	7	2	9
Enniskillen - - - -	8	4	12	Trim - - - -	18	3	21
Galway County - - - -	19	14	33	Tullamore - - - -	7	5	12
Galway Town - - - -	5	4	9	Waterford - - - -	5	1	6
Grangegorman - - - -	-	41	41	Wexford - - - -	21	6	27
Kilkenny - - - -	6	8	14	Wicklow - - - -	10	6	16
Kilmainham - - - -	19	10	29				
Lifford - - - -	23	16	39				
Limerick City - - - -	-	-	-	TOTAL - - -	460	292	752*

* The total of lunatics in gaols on the 31st December 1864, committed as dangerous, was 429. The average number daily during the year was 402; the difference between which and the aggregate, having been discharged or removed to asylums.

Dublin Castle, 6 June 1865.

John Nugent.

RETURN showing the Number of INSANE PERSONS Confined in 1864 in each DISTRICT ASYLUM, and the Number each such DISTRICT ASYLUM is capable of Holding.

ASYLUMS.	Number of Insane Persons Confined in 1864.				Number of Insane Persons which each District Asylum is capable of Holding.		
	Total Number of Persons under Treatment during the Year.			Average Daily Number of Persons throughout the Year.			
	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.		Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Armagh - - - -	95	87	182	145	72	72	144
Ballinasloe - - - -	212	191	403	344	185	167	352
Belfast - - - -	233	206	439	366	201	166	367
Carlow - - - -	135	124	259	205	111	95	206
Clonmel (Parent) - - -	95	88	183	118	60	60	120
Clonmel (Additional) - -	103	69	172	156	106	75	181
Cork - - - -	341	322	663	487	270	254	524
Kilkenny - - - -	99	88	187	161	86	86	172
Killarney - - - -	188	103	261	224	146	109	255
Limerick - - - -	269	273	542	439	224	218	442
Londonderry - - - -	138	152	290	232	120	110	230
Maryborough - - - -	117	116	233	185	99	90	189
Mullingar - - - -	193	183	376	296	150	141	291
Omagh - - - -	234	191	425	319	178	165	343
Richmond - - - -	396	467	863	696	325	390	715
Sligo - - - -	139	103	242	194	134	134	268
Waterford - - - -	96	98	194	154	80	80	160
TOTAL - - -	3,053	2,861	5,914	4,721	2,547	2,412	4,959*

* This total of 4,959 is not to be taken to represent the primitive accommodation to be found in asylums which are now, from the pressure on them in some districts, inconveniently overcrowded, and must continue so not only till the institutions already ordered in Council are constructed, but until some other additional provision is effected for the insane poor of Ireland.

Dublin Castle, 6 June 1865.

John Nugent.

LUNATICS (IRELAND).

**RETURN of the Number of DANGEROUS LUNATICS
committed to COUNTY GAOLS in *Ireland* in 1864;
and the Number of INSANE PERSONS confined
in 1864 in each DISTRICT ASYLUM, and the
Number each such DISTRICT ASYLUM is capable
of holding.**

(*Mr. MacEvoy.*)

***Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
13 June 1865.***

PROCESSIONS ACT, &c. (IRELAND.)

RETURN to an Order of the Honourable The House of Commons,
dated 23 February 1865 ;—for,

COPIES “ of any INSTRUCTIONS issued to the MAGISTRATES or CONSTABULARY
in *Ireland* relative to the PROCESSIONS ACT, between 1860 and 1864, both
inclusive : ”

“ And, of the COMMISSIONS of INQUIRY at *Belfast* in 1857 and 1864.”

THOS. A. LARCOM.

COPIES of INSTRUCTIONS issued to the MAGISTRATES in *Ireland* relative to the
PROCESSIONS ACT between 1860 and 1864, both inclusive.

Gentlemen,

Dublin Castle, 22 June 1861

IN calling your attention to the several statutes for restraining party processions in *Ireland*, his Excellency the Lord Lieutenant desires to express his earnest hope that it may not become necessary to put in force any of the penal provisions of those statutes, but that all persons will unite in discountenancing exhibitions which good sense condemns, and which have led to disastrous and fatal consequences.

His Excellency deems it his duty to issue the accompanying instructions for your guidance, in case any attempt shall be made to violate the law in your district, and relies on your co-operation in carrying out the law.

To
Magistrates at Petty Sessions.

I am, &c.
(signed) *Thomas A. Larcom.*

INSTRUCTIONS for the Guidance of MAGISTRATES in Suppressing PARTY PROCESSIONS.

THE Act of Parliament, 13 Vict. c. 2, points out in distinct terms the offences that fall within the provisions of that statute.

These offences are :—

That any body of persons meeting and parading together, or joining in procession, and who shall bear, wear, or have amongst them, any fire-arms, or other offensive weapons, or any banner, emblem, or flag, or symbol, the display whereof may be calculated or tend to provoke animosity between different classes of Her Majesty's subjects, or who shall be accompanied by any music of a like nature or tendency, shall be deemed to be an unlawful assembly, and every person present thereat shall be deemed to be guilty of a misdemeanour.

To come within the foregoing provision, parties must “ meet and parade, or join in procession.”

The parading need not be, however, in military array. Any meeting and placing of persons so met in ranks, or in any order of march, or procession, would be within the Act.

They (or some of the party) must either have arms or offensive weapons, or wear party colours or emblems, or have with them party flags or banners, &c.; or they must be accom-

panied by music "of a like nature and tendency," that is, playing party tunes or singing party songs.

An assembly of persons meeting and parading, or joining in procession under any one of the foregoing circumstances, falls within the meaning of the Act.

By Section 2 of the Act, any justice of the peace apprised of the assembly is bound to take proper assistance, and command such unlawful assembly of persons or procession to disperse, using the form of proclamation contained in the Act.

By the third section, persons refusing to disperse within one quarter of an hour from their being thus commanded so to do, may be apprehended, and punished by summary conviction before two magistrates; and all such parties, whether so commanded to disperse or not, and even though they should disperse on being commanded to do so, may be indicted for the misdemeanour, under the first section of the Act, and brought to trial for said offence at the sessions or assizes.

With respect to arches, flags, or banners erected on or over the public highway, and the display whereof may be calculated to provoke animosity between Her Majesty's subjects of different religious persuasions, they may be removed by the magistrates and constabulary under their control.

Sometimes the bases of these arches are erected on the premises of individuals, and not on the public highway, though the arches are afterwards made to cross the highway; but wherever such arches are extended over the highway they partake of the character of nuisances, and the magistrates have a right to remove the same, and, if it be necessary, to go upon the grounds of individuals for that purpose; and the constabulary, acting under the direction of a magistrate, may do so, taking care to do as little damage as possible, and to use no more force than is necessary for the purpose; and the same observation applies to the practice of extending lines or flags, or other party emblems, from one house to another, across the street, so as to make a species of arch or line under which the people must pass.

The exhibition of flags and party emblems in or from public-houses is effectually provided against by the 6 & 7 Will. 4, c. 38, ss. 8 & 9, and should be carefully suppressed accordingly. By the former of these sections, every person licensed to sell spirits by retail, who shall hang out or display, or suffer to be hung out or displayed from or out of his house, or place of business, any sign, flag, symbol, colour, decoration, or emblem whatsoever, except the known and usual and accustomed sign of such house or place of sale, is liable to a penalty of 2*l.*, and his license may not be renewed, or may be forfeited altogether; and by the latter section, any magistrate or chief constable, or any constable authorized by a magistrate or chief constable, may enter such house and remove and destroy all such flags, &c.

The justices of the peace should understand that it is their bounden duty, within their respective jurisdictions, to act upon the powers thus vested in them by law for the suppression of these illegal proceedings, against which the above statutes are directed, and that they will be held, collectively and individually, responsible for any violation of this law which may occur in their district, of which it shall be found that they have had notice; and where it shall appear that they have not made use of their authority and the means at their disposal to suppress such proceedings, and bring those concerned in them to justice.

In every case when the magistrates hear of a procession being formed in defiance of the Act, or when they have reasonable grounds to apprehend that such a procession may take place, they should be prepared with sufficient assistance to proceed to the spot, and should use the most prompt exertions to disperse the assemblage, and apprehend the principal parties engaged in it, and proceed against them in the manner provided by the statute.

In the case of small parties, not exceeding 20, and not having any arms, it may be sufficient to proceed in the course pointed out by the statute, to read the proclamation to disperse, which should be done in the following words, viz.:—

"Our Sovereign Lady the Queen chargeth and commandeth all persons being here assembled, immediately to disperse, and peaceably to depart, upon pain of fine or imprisonment, according to the Statute passed in the Thirteenth year of the Reign of Queen Victoria, to restrain party processions in Ireland."

The names of as many as can be identified in the procession should be ascertained and taken down as soon as possible.

If the parties really disperse on the proclamation being made, or within one quarter of an hour after, the object of its being made having been attained, no further proceedings need be taken at the time; but the names or descriptions of the parties identified should be reported for further directions as to the proceedings against them, if it shall be deemed expedient.

If the parties forming the procession do not disperse in the time prescribed after the proclamation has been read, the magistrates, with a view to proceeding on the summary powers of the third section, may apprehend the parties offending, on the spot, either with or without a warrant; or if that course cannot conveniently be taken, an information may afterwards be exhibited, on which the justice before whom it is exhibited may issue his warrant to apprehend the accused.

It will not be necessary, in proceeding on the summary jurisdiction, to make up at the time a formal conviction; but the minutes of the evidence, in each case, should be carefully preserved.

It is desirable that, in every case admitting its application, the summary power given by the third section of the Act should be put in force, and with the utmost possible expedition; and the magistrates should make such arrangements for their meeting and acting in concert as will enable them most speedily and effectually to exercise this jurisdiction.

A more prompt course should be taken in the case of processions formed of greater numbers, or having any arms. The parties assembled are guilty of a misdemeanour under the first section of the Act; the assembly is unlawful, and every person engaged in it is liable to prosecution by indictment. It is, therefore, competent to any magistrate at once to issue his warrant on the spot, to apprehend them, or any of them, with a view to their being made amenable to justice. Those with arms, or carrying banners or other emblems, or drums, should in such cases be at once arrested; the order to disperse should then be read to the others, and if the assembly show any sign of resistance, the Riot Act should be read also. The parties who may remain assembled, notwithstanding these steps, should be arrested if possible on the spot, and all the persons so apprehended should be dealt with as in ordinary cases; being detained in custody until brought before the magistrate for examination, when those who may be able to find sufficient security will be admitted to bail, those who may not, being committed to prison for trial at the next assizes.

It should also be the duty of the justices and chief constables to warn all licensed retailers of spirits in their respective districts of the provisions contained in the Spirit License Act, as above noticed, and to enforce them with vigilance.

The Act 23 & 24 Vict. c. 141, enlarges the provisions of the 13 Vict. c. 2.

The offences under that statute are the publicly exhibiting or displaying, or the wilfully permitting to be publicly exhibited or displayed, upon any building or place any banner, flag, or party emblem, or symbol; or the publicly meeting and parading with other persons; or the playing of any music, or discharging any cannon or fire-arms in any public street, road, or place. In order to constitute an offence, all the above acts must be done wilfully and knowingly, in such a manner as may be calculated or tend to provoke animosity between the different classes of Her Majesty's subjects, and lead to a breach of the peace.

The observations made as to offences under the Act 13 Vict. c. 2, apply to offences under this Act, and a similar course should be adopted.

If banners, flags, party emblems, or symbols be exhibited on buildings or houses, it is the duty of the magistrate, upon an information being sworn that such exhibition is likely to lead to a breach of the peace, to issue his warrant authorising the constable to enter such building or place, and to remove and detain the banner, flag, or party emblem, or symbol.

Without such sworn information, no house or building should be entered against the consent of the occupier.

(Submitted.)

Constabulary Office, Dublin Castle,
2 March 1865.

In pursuance of the Order of the House of Commons, dated 23d February 1865, I annex copies of Circular Orders and Instructions issued to the Constabulary in each year, from 1860 to 1864, both inclusive, relative to the "Party Processions Act."

In doing so, I would remark that prior to, as well as since the passing of the 23 & 24 Vict. c. 141, it has been customary to recall the attention of the constabulary from time to time to the law relating to party processions, in order to the enforcement of its provisions against such as could be identified as offending against the statute.

H. J. Brownrigg,
Inspector General.

COPIES of Instructions issued to the Constabulary in Ireland relative to the Processions Act, between 1860 and 1864, both inclusive.

1. On the 1st May 1860, the revised Code of Regulations was issued for the guidance of the constabulary generally, from which the following is an extract:—

PARTY PROCESSIONS AND DEMONSTRATIONS.

945. The attention of the constabulary is directed to the provisions of the Party Processions Act, 13 Vict. c. 2, an extract from which will be found in Appendix, No. 23.

946. The offence referred to in the first section is a misdemeanour, consequently all persons acting in violation of this provision of the Act, should be arrested on the view of the officer or constable, and brought before a magistrate, unless from any circumstances connected with such breach of the law, it shall be considered more desirable to refrain from making arrests at the moment; but in every case care should be taken to identify as many of the persons concerned as possible, with a view to their prosecution.

(Appendix, No. 23.)

13th Victoria, Cap. 2.

AN ACT to Restrain Party Processions in *Ireland*—12 March 1850.

(See Sec. 945.)

WHEREAS, numbers of persons have been in the practice of assembling and marching together in procession in Ireland in a manner calculated to create and perpetuate animosities between different classes of Her Majesty's subjects, and to endanger the public peace: Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, that from and after the passing of this Act, all assemblies of persons in Ireland who shall meet and parade together or join in procession, and who shall bear, wear, or have amongst them or any of them any fire-arms or other offensive weapons, or any banner, emblem, flag, or symbol, the display whereof may be calculated or tend to provoke animosity between different classes of Her Majesty's subjects, or who shall be accompanied by any person or persons playing music or singing any song which may be calculated or tend to provoke animosity between different classes of Her Majesty's subjects, shall be unlawful assemblies, and every person present thereat shall be guilty of a misdemeanour, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished accordingly.

2. And be it enacted, that any justice or justices of the peace shall proceed, with such assistance as in the judgment of such justice or justices may be necessary, to the place where any such assembly of persons hereby declared to be unlawful shall be held or take place, and such justice or one of such justices, or some other person by their or his order, shall then and there read or repeat aloud to the persons so assembled a command or notice to disperse, in the words or to the effect following (that is to say),—

“Our Sovereign Lady the Queen doth charge and command all persons being here assembled, immediately to disperse, and peaceably to depart, upon pain of fine or imprisonment, according to the Statute passed in the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of Queen Victoria, to restrain party processions in Ireland.

“God save the Queen.”

3. And be it enacted, that the persons so met and assembled together shall forthwith after such command or notice shall have been read or repeated aloud as aforesaid, disperse and depart; and if any one or more of the persons so met or assembled together as aforesaid, shall not disperse and depart within the space of one quarter of an hour from the time of such command or notice having been read or repeated aloud as aforesaid, such person or persons shall be guilty of a misdemeanour, and it shall be lawful for the justice or justices who shall have read or repeated, or who shall have ordered to be read or repeated, such command or notice, or for any other justice or justices of the peace, to seize, or by order to any constable or other person to cause to be seized and detained for the use of Her Majesty, any such fire-arms or other offensive weapon, and any such banner, emblem, flag, or symbol, and any musical instruments in the possession of any such persons, and to cause the person or persons so refusing or neglecting to disperse or depart to be apprehended, either with or without a warrant for that purpose, or to be summoned to answer for such offence; and such offender or offenders may thereupon be proceeded against in a summary way for such offence before any two justices of the peace before whom he or they may be brought or summoned to appear; and every person, being convicted thereof on the oath of one or more credible witness or witnesses, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding five pounds, and to imprisonment for any term not exceeding one calendar month, unless such penalty be sooner paid, or, at the discretion of the said justices, to be committed to any one of Her Majesty's common gaols or prisons in Ireland for a term not exceeding one calendar month, and for a second or any subsequent offence against the provisions of this Act to a penalty not exceeding ten pounds, and to imprisonment for any term not exceeding two calendar months, unless the same be sooner paid, or, in the discretion of the said justices, to be committed to any one of Her Majesty's common gaols or prisons in Ireland for a term not exceeding two calendar months.

4. And be it enacted, that all fire-arms or other offensive weapons which shall be borne, employed, or be in the personal possession of any person forming part of any assembly or procession declared unlawful under this Act, shall be forfeited to the use of Her Majesty, whether the command or notice under this Act provided shall have been read or repeated or not, or whether after the reading or repeating of the same such assembly or procession shall

shall have dispersed or not; and any such person who shall neglect or refuse to deliver up such arms or offensive weapons at any such meeting as aforesaid to any justice of the peace, when required so to do, shall for every such refusal or neglect be subject to the penalties in this Act already set forth, which penalties shall be recoverable in the same summary manner; and the party so offending shall be subject to imprisonment in like manner, as has already been provided in respect to the summary proceedings under this Act.

5. Provided always, and be it enacted, that no person who shall have been proceeded against in a summary way as aforesaid for not dispersing or departing within the space of one quarter of an hour from the time of such command or notice having been read or repeated aloud as aforesaid, shall likewise be indicted for a misdemeanour, for having been present at the unlawful assembly at which such command or notice shall have been so read or repeated: Provided also, that nothing herein contained shall prevent the prosecution by indictment for a misdemeanour of any person who shall be present at any such unlawful assembly as aforesaid, and who shall not have been proceeded against in a summary way as hereinbefore last mentioned.

6. And be it enacted, that this Act may be amended or repealed by any Act to be passed in this Session of Parliament.

In connection with the foregoing, the following extracts from the Spirit License Act (6 & 7 Wm. IV., c. 38) are here inserted.

8. And be it further enacted, that no person licensed to sell spirits by retail to be consumed on the premises, or otherwise, shall knowingly permit any body, union, society, or assembly of persons declared to be illegal or prohibited by any law in force at the time of the passing of this Act, or any body, union, society, or assembly of persons who shall require from persons about to be admitted, or being admitted thereto, or into the said body, union, society, or assembly, any oath, test, solemn declaration, or affirmation not expressly allowed or required by law, or who shall observe on the admission of members of any other proceeding any religious or other solemn mystery, rite, or ceremony, or seeming or pretended religious or other solemn mystery, rite, or ceremony not sanctioned by law, who shall wear, bear, or display on occasions of their meeting or assembling together any arms, flags, colours, symbols, declarations, or emblems whatsoever, to meet or assemble, or hold a meeting or assembly, on any occasion or pretence whatsoever, in the house or other place of sale of such person so licensed, nor shall on any occasion or pretence whatsoever hang out or display, or suffer to be hung out or displayed, on, from, or out of such house or other place of sale any sign, flag, symbol, colour, decoration, or emblem whatsoever, except the known and usual and accustomed sign of such house or other place of sale usually fixed thereto in the way of business; and if any such person shall knowingly permit any such body, union, society, or assembly to meet or assemble, or hold any meeting or assembly, on any occasion or pretence whatsoever in the house or place of such person, or shall hang out or display, or suffer to be hung out or displayed on, from, or out of such house or place of sale any such sign, flag, symbol, colour, decoration, or emblem whatsoever, except as aforesaid, any such person so offending shall forfeit and pay for every such offence the sum of two pounds, and the license of such person convicted of such offence shall not be renewed by the proper officer of Excise without the certificate of the justices at Quarter Sessions assembled, and of the assistant barrister attending said Quarter Sessions, that they consider such person to be, notwithstanding such conviction, a fit person to be licensed, on condition of his not again committing a like offence; and if any such person so convicted and obtaining a renewal of his license on said certificate shall be again convicted of a like offence, such license shall immediately on such second conviction become null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever, and such person shall not be capable at any time thereafter of obtaining such license: Provided, however, that nothing herein contained shall extend to any meeting of persons consisting exclusively of Freemasons or members of the society called the Friendly Brothers.

9. And be it further enacted, that it shall and may be lawful for any Justice of the Peace, or for any chief constable, or for any constable authorised for the purpose by any such justice or chief constable, within the limits of his jurisdiction, to enter into any house or place kept by any person selling or having a license to sell spirits, wine, or beer by retail, to be consumed on the premises or otherwise, in which such justice or chief constable shall from information on oath or otherwise, have reason to believe or suspect that any such body, union, society, or assembly is met or held, or on or from which any such sign, flag, symbol, colour, decoration, or emblem shall be hung out or displayed, and to remove from and put out of such house or place any person who shall be found, met, or assembled therein with or as members of or belonging to any such body, union, society, or assembly, and to remove and take away and destroy, if he shall think proper, any arms, banners, flags, colours, symbols, emblems, or decorations found on or with such persons, or hanging out or displayed on or from such house or other place, and to acquire every such person so found to state truly to him his name and place of abode, and to require the immediate inspection of and take possession of any book of proceedings or other book used at such meeting or brought thereto, and to detain such book for such time as he may think proper, not exceeding 14 days; and that if any such person shall not, when thereto required by such justice of the peace, chief or other constable as aforesaid, remove from and quit such house, or if any person whatsoever shall forcibly resist such justice or constable, it shall and may be lawful for any constable to apprehend and take into custody any person so offending,

offending, and to carry and convey, or cause to be carried and conveyed, every and any such person so apprehended before any justice of the peace within whose jurisdiction such house or place shall be situate, to be dealt with according to law; and every such person who shall so neglect or refuse to remove from or quit such house, or shall so forcibly resist such justice, constable, churchwarden, or overseer, or who shall refuse to state his name and place of abode, or shall not truly state the same, being duly convicted of such offence, shall thereupon, for every such offence forfeit any sum not exceeding 20 shillings, nor less than five shillings; and if any offender so convicted shall not forthwith pay the sum so forfeited, such offender shall be committed to the gaol, bridewell, or house of correction, for any time not exceeding one week.

II.—In June 1861, Circulars, of which the annexed are copies, were issued to the Constabulary :—

Circular, No. 42.

(Confidential.)

Constabulary Office, Dublin Castle,
28 June 1861.

COUNTY inspectors will be so good as to instruct the officers and men under their command that, in case any warrant shall be issued under the "Party Emblems Act," authorising them to enter any building or place for the purpose of removing a party flag or emblem, and that forcible resistance shall, in any such case, be offered to the discharge of such duty, they are not to proceed to extremities without the presence and directions of a magistrate; but, in the event of there being no magistrate, they are to take the names of the persons so obstructing them, summon them, and report the circumstances without loss of time to head quarters.

By Order,
J. Stewart Wood,
Deputy Inspector General.

Circular, No. 43.

(Confidential.)

Constabulary Office, Dublin Castle,
29 June 1861.

WITH reference to Confidential Circular, No. 42, county inspectors will further instruct the officers and men under their command, that when, in the cases referred to, a warrant is intrusted to them for execution, they are to call upon the clergyman, churchwardens, and sexton to remove, or assist the constabulary in removing, any flags or emblems that may be displayed; and, if a warrant has been obtained, they are to show it to them, and to require them to permit its being executed, and to assist in its execution.

Parties refusing or neglecting to assist, to be summoned.

By Order,
J. Stewart Wood,
Deputy Inspector General.

Circular, No. 44.

Constabulary Office, Dublin Castle,
6 July 1861.

THE accompanying placards are to be conspicuously posted, as usual, in the most eligible places, and the constabulary are to be guided by the directions therein contained.

Henry John Brownrigg,
Inspector General.

(COPY of Placard referred to in the foregoing Order.)

"CAUTIONARY NOTICE.

" By the 23d & 24th Vict. c. 141,

" ANY person who shall publicly exhibit or display upon any building or place, or who shall wilfully permit or suffer to be publicly exhibited or displayed, any banner, flag, party emblem or symbol, or who shall publicly meet and parade with other persons, or play any music, or discharge any cannon or firearms in any public street, road, or place, if such acts are done wilfully and knowingly, in such a manner as may be calculated to tend or provoke animosity between different classes of Her Majesty's subjects, and lead to a breach of the public peace, is guilty of a misdemeanour, punishable by fine and imprisonment.

" All persons are hereby cautioned to abstain from any breach or breaches of the above-recited Act. Strict orders have been given to the constabulary to take down the names and residences of all offenders, in order that they may be proceeded against as the law directs.

" All drums, fifes, banners, emblems or symbols, and fire-arms brought out and used on such occasions are liable to be seized.

" Henry John Brownrigg,

" Inspector General of Constabulary."

**" Constabulary Office, Dublin Castle,
" June 1861."**

In addition to the preceding orders, the explanatory instructions printed at pages 1 to 3, were also distributed in June 1861 amongst the officers of the constabulary, where party displays had usually taken place.

III.—In June 1862, the orders of the previous year were re-issued in a circular, of which the subjoined is a copy; and the cautionary notices were reprinted and posted as before:—

Circular, No. 77.

PARTY DISPLAYS.

(Confidential.)

Constabulary Office, Dublin Castle,
30 June 1862.

THE accompanying cautionary notices, whereof the subjoined is a copy, are to be conspicuously posted, as usual, in the most eligible places, and the constabulary are to be guided by the directions therein contained.

"CAUTIONARY NOTICE.

" By the 23d & 24th Vict. c. 141,

" ANY person who shall publicly exhibit or display upon any building or place, or who shall wilfully permit or suffer to be publicly exhibited or displayed, any banner, flag, party emblem or symbol, or who shall publicly meet and parade with other persons, or play any music, or discharge any cannon or fire-arm in any public street, road, or place, if such acts are done wilfully and knowingly, in such a manner as may be calculated or tend to provoke animosity between different classes of Her Majesty's subjects, and lead to a breach of the public peace, is guilty of a misdemeanour, punishable by fine and imprisonment.

" All persons are hereby cautioned to abstain from any breach or breaches of the above-recited Act. Strict orders have been given to the constabulary to take down the names and residences of all offenders, in order that they may be proceeded against as the law directs.

" All drums, fifes, banners, emblems or symbols, and fire-arms brought out and used on such occasions are liable to be seized.

" Henry John Brownrigg,

" Inspector General of Constabulary."

**" Constabulary Office, Dublin Castle,
" 30th June 1862."**

The constabulary are to observe that, in case any warrant shall be issued to them under the "Party Emblems Act," authorising them to enter any building or place for the purpose of removing a party flag or emblem, they are (if the place be a church) to call upon the clergyman, churchwardens, and sexton to remove, or assist the constabulary in removing, any flags or emblems that may be displayed; that is to say, they are to show the warrant, and require them to permit its being executed, and to assist in its execution; and parties refusing or neglecting so to assist are to be summoned.

If, however, forcible resistance is, in any of the cases above described, offered to the discharge of the duty in question, the constabulary are not to proceed to extremities without the presence and directions of a magistrate; and, in the event of there being no magistrate, they are to take the names of the persons so obstructing them, summon them, and report the circumstances without loss of time to head quarters.

Henry John Brownrigg,
Inspector General.

IV.—On the 26th June 1863, the circular and notices of the previous year were again reprinted, and issued, and posted as before.

V.—And lastly, a precisely analogous course was adopted on the 21st June 1864.

Constabulary Office, Dublin Castle,
2 March 1865.

H. J. Brownrigg,
Inspector General.

COPIES of the COMMISSIONS of INQUIRY at *Belfast* in 1857 and 1864.

By the Lord Lieutenant General and General Governor of Ireland.

Carlisle.

WE do hereby authorise and direct you, David Lynch and Hamilton Smythe, Esquires, two of Her Majesty's Counsel at Law, to hold a Court of Inquiry at Belfast, in the county of Antrim, on Monday, the 14th day of September instant, and the following days, to inquire into and investigate all matters connected with the origin and character of the riots and disturbances which commenced in Belfast on the 13th of July last, and continued therein and in its vicinity for several successive days, and were renewed on or about the 6th day of September instant, and continued for some days since, and the consequences which have resulted from such riots and disturbances. Also to inquire into the local arrangements for the preservation of peace and the suppression of riot and disorder in Belfast; the force usually available there for such purposes, and the adequacy of such provisions for the maintenance of peace, order, and tranquillity; and generally to make such inquiries in the premises as to you shall seem proper and expedient.

And for so doing, this shall be your Warrant.

Given at Her Majesty's Castle of Dublin, the 10th day of
September 1857.

By his Excellency's Command,

(signed) *Thos. A. Larcom.*

WARRANT appointing *Charles R. Barry* and *Richard Dowse*, Esquires, q.c., to hold an Inquiry into the Riots at Belfast.

By the Lords Justices General and General Governors of Ireland.

Maziere Brady, C.

G. Brown, General.

WHEREAS, certain riots and disturbances have recently taken place in the borough of Belfast, in the country of Antrim, which continued for a considerable period, and were productive of disastrous consequences, and for the suppression of which it became necessary to employ a large additional force of military and constabulary, and we deem it expedient that inquiry should be made in respect of the several matters hereinafter set forth, in order that such measures may be adopted as shall be found necessary for securing the future tranquillity of the said borough: We do hereby authorise and direct you, Charles Robert Barry and Richard Dowse, Esquires, two of Her Majesty's Counsel at Law, to hold a Court of Inquiry at Belfast aforesaid, on Saturday, the 12th day of November instant, and following days, to inquire into the existing local arrangements for the preservation of the peace in that borough, the magisterial jurisdiction exercised within it, and the amount, and constitution, and efficiency of the police force usually available there; the proceedings taken by the magistrates and other local authorities towards the prevention or suppression of the said riots and disturbances, and whether those authorities and the existing police force are adequate to the future maintenance of order and tranquillity within the borough, or whether any and what changes ought to be made in the local magisterial and police jurisdiction, arrangements, and establishment, with a view to the better preservation of the public peace, and the prevention or prompt suppression of riot and disorder.

And for so doing, this shall be your Warrant.

Given at Her Majesty's Castle of Dublin, this 3d day of November 1864.

By their Excellencies Command,

(signed) *Thos. A. Larcom.*

PROCESSIONS ACT, &c. (IRELAND.)

COPIES of any Instructions issued to the Magistrates or Constabulary in Ireland relative to the PROCESSIONS ACT, between 1860 and 1864, both inclusive; and, of the Commissions of Inquiry at Belfast in 1867 and 1864.

(Sir Hugh Cairns.)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
15 March 1865.

134.

Under 1 oz.

CRIMINAL OFFENDERS (SCOTLAND).

A B S T R A C T

OF

TABLES of CRIMINAL OFFENDERS for the Year 1864, reported by Her Majesty's Advocate for *Scotland*, in Terms of the Statute, 1 Gul. 4, c. 37 ; with Alterations and Additions, ordered and required by one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, in virtue of the Powers therein contained.

(Presented pursuant to Act of Parliament.)

*Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
27 March 1865.*

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ABSTRACT OF TABLES.

THE number of persons charged with offences in Scotland in 1864 (3,212) exhibits a decrease as compared with 1863 (3,404) of 192, or 5·640 per cent. The following counties show an increase, viz. :—

COUNTIES.	1863.	1864.	INCREASE.	COUNTIES.	1863.	1864.	INCREASE.
Argyll - - -	101	110	9	Kinross - - -	3	6	3
Ayr - - -	101	105	4	Linlithgow - - -	85	98	13
Berwick - - -	41	55	14	Selkirk - - -	12	27	15
Bute - - -	39	63	24	Sutherland - - -	9	10	1
Clackmannan - - -	17	38	16	Wigtown - - -	78	112	34
Dumbarton - - -	55	131	76		559	788	229
Haddington - - -	18	38	20				

TOTAL Increase in these Counties of—229, or 29 060 per cent.

The following Table exhibits the Total Number of Criminal Offenders in Scotland for the Years 1863 and 1864, distinguishing Males from Females, the Number brought to Trial, the Number Convicted under the aggravation of previous Convictions, and the Number sentenced to Death.

PERIOD.	Committed for Trial or Bailed.			Tried.	Total Convicted, Outlawed, or found Insane.	Convicted under aggravation of previous Convictions.	Sentenced to Death.	Executed.
	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.					
1863 -	2,481	923	3,404	2,729	2,461	842	—	—
1864 -	2,302	910	3,212	2,580	2,379	857	2	2

The proportion of convictions to committals in 1863 was 72·004 per cent.; in 1864 it was 74·066 per cent. The proportion of acquittals to committals in 1863 was 27·996 per cent.; in 1864 it was 25·933 per cent.

The subjoined Table exhibits the Classes of Offences, and the Number of Offenders in each Class :—

OFFENCES.						1863.	1864.
Offences against the person - - - - -	-	-	-	-	-	822	954
Offences against property committed with violence - - - - -	-	-	-	-	-	495	401
Offences against property committed without violence - - - - -	-	-	-	-	-	1,717	1,525
Malicious offences against property - - - - -	-	-	-	-	-	53	36
Forgery and offences against currency - - - - -	-	-	-	-	-	82	62
Other offences not included in the above classes - - - - -	-	-	-	-	-	235	234

In this Table it will be seen that offences against property committed with violence have decreased 18·989 per cent.; offences against property committed without violence, 11·182 per cent.; malicious offences against property, 32·075 per cent.; forgery and offences against the currency, 24·390 per cent. Other offences not included in the above classes, 420 per cent.; but offences against the person have increased 1·383 per cent.

The following Table shows the Number of Male and Female Offenders of all Ages who could neither Read nor Write, who could Read and Write imperfectly, who could Read and Write well, as also those who had received a Superior Education :—

PERIOD.	Could neither Read nor Write.		Could Read and Write imperfectly.		Could Read and Write well.		Had a Superior Education.	
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
1863 - - -	385	257	1,478	591	524	67	86	7
1864 - - -	406	284	1,292	533	508	83	85	6

The number of those committed in 1863 who could neither read nor write was 642; in 1864, 690; there is thus an increase of 48, or 6·956 per cent. The number of those committed in 1863 who could read and write imperfectly, was 2,069; in 1864, 1,825; there is thus a decrease of 244, or 11·793 per cent. The number of those committed in 1863 who could read and write well, was 591; in 1864, 591; there is thus the same in number; and of those committed in 1863 who had a superior education the number was 93; and in 1864, 91, showing a decrease of 2, or 2·150 per cent.

The results of the proceedings in the Commitments made this year are—

Discharged without trial - By Lord Advocate and his Deputes	-	-	-	-	468	
From other causes	-	-	-	-	163	
Discharged without Trial	-	-	-	-	-	681
Acquitted - Not guilty	-	-	-	-	37	
Not proven	-	-	-	-	165	
Acquitted on Trial	-	-	-	-	-	202
Insane - Found Insane on Arraignment	-	-	-	-	4	
" Trial	-	-	-	-	2	
Detained as Insane	-	-	-	-	-	6
Found Guilty - Sentenced to Death	-	-	-	-	2	
" Penal Servitude	-	-	-	-	197	
" Imprisonment	-	-	-	-	1,949	
" Detained in Reformatory	-	-	-	-	29	
" Whipping, Fine, and discharged on sureties	-	-	-	-	172	
" No Sentence	-	-	-	-	10	
Found Guilty	-	-	-	-	-	2,359
Outlawed	-	-	-	-	-	14
TOTAL Committed	-	-	-	-	-	3,212

The Sentences passed in 1864 are given in greater detail in the following Tables, and are compared with those in the nine preceding years :—

	1855.	1856.	1857.	1858.	1859.	1860.	1861.	1862.	1863.	1864.
Death	2	3	3	-	-	4	4	2	1	2
Transportation :										
For Life	9	4	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Above Fifteen Years	14	32	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fifteen and Fourteen Years	29	36	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Seven Years	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Periods	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Penal Servitude :										
For Life	-	-	1	4	1	1	4	2	2	1
Above Fifteen Years	-	-	2	13	2	2	3	-	2	3
Fifteen Years and above Ten	-	-	4	10	9	10	8	3	6	6
Ten Years and above Six	-	2	24	59	59	63	57	56	49	78
Eight Years and above Six	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Six Years and above Four	51	48	50	53	37	28	40	45	54	49
Four Years	120	152	132	123	83	92	97	72	76	45
Three Years	-	-	17	27	22	21	19	46	29	15
Imprisonment :										
Above Three Years	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Under Three Years and above Two	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
" Two Years and above One	109	120	132	111	132	70	118	104	140	106
" One Year and above Six Months	416	360	326	259	318	294	301	286	306	295
Six Months and above Three	1,608	1,688	1,877	440	428	415	401	427	431	373
Three Months and above One	-	-	-	672	570	519	513	588	514	517
One Month and under	-	-	-	704	661	637	666	778	553	658
Detained in Reformatory School	-	-	-	6	5	48	54	51	25	29
Whipped, fined, and discharged, on sureties	328	276	287	348	217	187	102	206	219	172

The Offenders committed for Trial in 1864 were tried or discharged by the following Courts :—

High Court of Justiciary	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	60
Circuit Court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	319
Sheriff :—								
With a Jury	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,006
Without a Jury	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,146
Burgh Magistrates	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	43
Justices or other Courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
								2,580

TABLE,

Comparing the CLASSIFICATION of OFFENCES in the CRIMINAL TABLES now in Use to be presented to Parliament for England, with the CLASSIFICATION of OFFENCES in the Annexed Tables for Scotland.

CLASSIFICATION OF OFFENCES IN ENGLISH TABLES.	CLASSIFICATION OF OFFENCES IN ANNEXED TABLES FOR SCOTLAND.
<p>No. 1.—Offences against the Person.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Murder; <i>see</i> 77. 2. Shooting at, stabbing, administering poison, &c. with intent to murder, maim, &c.; <i>see</i> 78. 3. Manslaughter; <i>see</i> 79. 4. Attempt to procure the miscarriage of women quick with child; <i>see</i> 80. 5. Ditto of women not quick with child; <i>see</i> 81. 6. Concealing the births of infants; <i>see</i> 82. 7. Sodomy; <i>see</i> 83. 8. — Assaults, with intent to commit, and other unnatural misdemeanors; <i>see</i> 84. 9. Rape, and carnally abusing girls under the age of 10 years; <i>see</i> 85. 10. Assaults, with intent to ravish and carnally abuse; <i>see</i> 86. 11. Carnally abusing girls between the age of 10 and 12 years; <i>see</i> 85. 12. Abduction; <i>see</i> 87. 13. Bigamy; <i>see</i> 88. 14. Child stealing; <i>see</i> 89. 15. Assaults; <i>see</i> 90. 16. — on peace officers in the execution of their duty; <i>see</i> 91. <p>No. 2.—Offences against Property, committed with Violence.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 17. Sacrilege; <i>see</i> 92. 18. Burglary; <i>see</i> 93, 95, and 96. 19. Housebreaking; <i>see</i> 93. 20. Breaking within the curtilage of dwelling-houses, and stealing; <i>see</i> 93. 21. — into shops, warehouses, and counting-houses, and stealing; <i>see</i> 93. 22. Misdemeanors, with intent to commit the above offences; <i>see</i> 97. 23. Robbery; <i>see</i> 98. 24. Assaults, with intent to rob, and demanding property with menaces; <i>see</i> 99. 25. Stealing in dwelling-houses, persons therein being put in fear; <i>see</i> 100. 26. Sending menacing letters to extort money; <i>see</i> 101. <p>No. 3.—Offences against Property, committed without Violence.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 27. Cattle stealing; <i>see</i> 102. 28. Horse stealing; <i>see</i> 103. 29. Sheep stealing; <i>see</i> 104. 30. Larceny, to the value of £.5 in dwelling-houses; <i>see</i> 105. 31. Larceny, from the person; <i>see</i> 105. 32. Larceny, by servants; <i>see</i> 105. 33. Larceny, simple; <i>see</i> 105. 34. Stealing from vessels in port, on a river, &c.; <i>see</i> 105. 35. Stealing goods in process of manufacture; <i>see</i> 106. 36. Stealing fixtures, trees, and shrubs growing, &c.; <i>see</i> 105. 37. Misdemeanors, with intent to steal; <i>see</i> 107. 38. Embezzlement; <i>see</i> 108. 39. Stealing letters from the Post Office by servants; <i>see</i> 109. 40. Receiving stolen goods; <i>see</i> 110. 41. Frauds, and attempts to defraud; <i>see</i> 111. <p>No. 4.—Malicious Offences against Property.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 42. Arson (capital); <i>see</i> 112. 43. Setting fire to crops, plantations, heaths, &c.; <i>see</i> 113. 44. Attempts to commit arson, set fire to crops, &c.; <i>see</i> 114. 45. Riot, and feloniously demolishing buildings, machinery, &c.; <i>see</i> 115. 46. Destroying silk, woollen, linen, or cotton goods in process of manufacture; <i>see</i> 116. 47. Destroying threshing machines; <i>see</i> 117. 48. Destroying hop-binds, trees, and shrubs growing, &c.; <i>see</i> 118. 49. Killing and maiming cattle; <i>see</i> 119. 50. Sending letters threatening to burn houses, &c.; <i>see</i> 120. 51. Other malicious offences; <i>see</i> 121. <p>No. 5.—Forgery and Offences against the Currency.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 52. Forging and uttering forged wills and powers of attorney for the transfer of stock or receipt of dividends; <i>see</i> 122. 53. — forged Bank of England notes; <i>see</i> 123. 54. — other forged instruments; <i>see</i> 124. 55. Having in possession, &c. forged Bank of England notes; <i>see</i> 125. 56. Counterfeiting the current gold and silver coin; <i>see</i> 126. 57. Having in possession, &c. implements for coining; <i>see</i> 127. 58. Buying and putting off counterfeit gold and silver coin; <i>see</i> 128. 59. Uttering and having in possession ditto; <i>see</i> 129. 60. Counterfeiting, buying, putting off, and uttering counterfeit copper coin; <i>see</i> 130. <p>No. 6.—Other Offences not included in the above Classes.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 61. Assembling armed, and to aid smugglers; <i>see</i> 131. 62. Assaulting and obstructing officers employed to prevent smuggling; <i>see</i> 132. 63. Deer stealing, and feloniously resisting deer-keepers; <i>see</i> 133. 64. Being out armed, &c. to take game by night, taking game by night, and assaulting gamekeepers; <i>see</i> 134. 65. Taking and destroying fish in enclosed water; <i>see</i> 135. 66. Being at large under sentence of transportation; <i>see</i> 136. 67. Prison-breaking, harbouring, and aiding the escape of felons; <i>see</i> 137. 68. Perjury, and subornation of perjury; <i>see</i> 138. 69. Administering unlawful oaths; <i>see</i> 139. 70. Conspiracy to raise the rate of wages; <i>see</i> 140. 71. Riot, breach of the peace, and pound-breach; <i>see</i> 141. 72. Rescue, and refusing to aid peace officers; <i>see</i> 142. 73. Keeping disorderly houses; <i>see</i> 143. 74. Indecently exposing the person; <i>see</i> 144. 75. Felonies, not included in the above denominations; <i>see</i> 146. 76. Misdemeanors, ditto; <i>see</i> 147. 	<p>No. 1.—Offences against the Person.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 77. Murder; <i>corresponding with</i> 1. 78. Shooting at, stabbing, administering poison, &c. with intent to murder, maim, &c. (under statute); <i>corresponding with</i> 2. 79. Culpable homicide; <i>corresponding with</i> 3. 80. Procuring, and attempts to procure, the miscarriage of women quick with child; <i>corresponding with</i> 4. 81. Ditto of women not quick with child; <i>corresponding with</i> 5. 82. Concealment of pregnancy; <i>corresponding with</i> 6. 83. Sodomy and bestiality; <i>corresponding with</i> 7. 84. — Assaults with intent to commit, and other unnatural minor offences; <i>corresponding with</i> 8. 85. Rape; <i>including</i> 9 and 11. 86. Assaults, with intent to ravish; <i>corresponding with</i> 10. 87. Abduction; <i>corresponding with</i> 12. 88. Bigamy; <i>corresponding with</i> 13. 89. Child stealing; <i>corresponding with</i> 14. 90. Assaults; <i>corresponding with</i> 15. 91. — on peace officers in the execution of their duty; <i>corresponding with</i> 16. <p>No. 2.—Offences against Property, committed with Violence.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 92. Sacrilege; <i>corresponding with</i> 17. 93. Theft by housebreaking; <i>including</i> 19, 20, and 21; and partly along with 95 and 96, <i>including</i> 18. 94. — by opening lockfast places; <i>additional, but partly included in</i> 33. 95. Housebreaking, with intent to steal; partly along with 93 and 96, <i>including</i> 18. 96. Violent invasion of houses, with intent to commit other high crimes than theft; partly along with 93 and 95, <i>including</i> 18. 97. Minor crimes, with intent to commit the above offences; <i>corresponding with</i> 22. 98. Robbery; <i>corresponding with</i> 23. 99. Assaults, with intent to rob, and demanding property with menaces; <i>corresponding with</i> 24. 100. Stouthrief (open, lawless, masterful depredation); <i>occasionally including</i> 25. 101. Sending menacing letters to extort money; <i>corresponding with</i> 26. <p>No. 3.—Offences against Property, committed without Violence.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 102. Cattle stealing; <i>corresponding with</i> 27. 103. Horse stealing; <i>corresponding with</i> 28. 104. Sheep stealing; <i>corresponding with</i> 29. 105. Thefts, simple, or not falling under any of the previous or subsequent denominations; <i>including</i> 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, and 36. 106. Stealing goods in process of manufacture; <i>corresponding with</i> 35. 107. Minor crimes, with intent to steal; <i>corresponding with</i> 37. 108. Embezzlement; <i>corresponding with</i> 38. 109. Stealing, &c. letters, &c. from Post Office by servants; <i>including</i> 39. 110. Reset of theft; <i>corresponding with</i> 40. 111. Frauds and attempts to defraud; <i>corresponding with</i> 41. <p>No. 4.—Malicious Offences against Property.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 112. Fire-raising (capital unless restricted); <i>corresponding with</i> 42. 113. Setting fire to heaths, furze, and other subjects where not capital; <i>analogous to</i> 43. 114. Attempts to commit arson, set fire to heaths, &c.; <i>corresponding with</i> 44. 115. Rioters feloniously demolishing buildings, machinery, &c.; <i>corresponding with</i> 45. 116. Destroying silk, woollen, linen, or cotton goods, in process of manufacture; <i>corresponding with</i> 46. 117. Destroying threshing-machines; <i>corresponding with</i> 47. 118. Destroying trees and shrubs growing, &c.; <i>corresponding with</i> 48. 119. Killing and maiming cattle; <i>corresponding with</i> 49. 120. Sending letters threatening to burn houses, &c.; <i>corresponding with</i> 50. 121. Other malicious offences; <i>corresponding with</i> 51. <p>No. 5.—Forgery and Offences against the Currency.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 122. Forging and uttering forged wills and powers of attorney for the transfer of stock or receipt of dividends; <i>corresponding with</i> 52. 123. — forged Bank of England notes; <i>corresponding with</i> 53. 124. — other forged instruments; <i>corresponding with</i> 54. 125. Having in possession, &c. forged Bank of England notes; <i>corresponding with</i> 55. 126. Counterfeiting the current gold and silver coin; <i>corresponding with</i> 56. 127. Having in possession, &c. implements for coining; <i>corresponding with</i> 57. 128. Buying and putting off counterfeit gold and silver coin; <i>corresponding with</i> 58. 129. Uttering and having in possession ditto; <i>corresponding with</i> 59. 130. Counterfeiting, buying, putting off, and uttering counterfeit copper coin; <i>corresponding with</i> 60. <p>No. 6.—Other Offences not included in the above Classes.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 131. Assembling armed, and to aid smugglers; <i>corresponding with</i> 61. 132. Assaulting and obstructing officers employed to prevent smuggling; <i>corresponding with</i> 62. 133. Deer-stealing, and feloniously resisting deer-keepers; <i>corresponding with</i> 63. 134. Being out armed, &c. to take game by night, taking game by night, and assaulting gamekeepers; <i>corresponding with</i> 64. 135. Taking and destroying fish in enclosed water; <i>corresponding with</i> 65. 136. Being at large under sentence of transportation; <i>corresponding with</i> 66. 137. Prison-breaking, harbouring, and aiding the escape of felons; <i>corresponding with</i> 67. 138. Perjury and subornation of perjury; <i>corresponding with</i> 68. 139. Administering unlawful oaths; <i>corresponding with</i> 69. 140. Conspiracy to raise the rate of wages; <i>corresponding with</i> 70. 141. Riot, breach of the peace, and breach of poindings; <i>corresponding with</i> 71. 142. Deforcement, and refusing to aid peace-officers; <i>corresponding with</i> 72. 143. Keeping disorderly houses; <i>corresponding with</i> 73. 144. Indecently exposing the person; <i>corresponding with</i> 74. 145. Hamesucken (the felonious seeking and invasion of a person in his dwelling-place); <i>additional.</i> 146. High crimes not included in the above denominations; <i>analogous to</i> 75. 147. Minor offences - - - ditto - - - ditto; <i>analogous to</i> 76.

TABLE, showing the Total Number of Persons Committed for TRIAL or BAILED, and the Result of the Proceedings.

OFFENCES.	CONVICTED.														EXECUTION OF CAPITAL SENTENCES, or COMMUTATION or PARDON.												
	CONVICTED.														Execution.	Penal Servitude, Life, and above 8 Years.	Penal Servitude, 8 Years and under.	Imprisonment.	Free Pardon.								
	CONVICTED.																										
	CONVICTED.																										
TOTAL NUMBER OF OFFENDERS.	CONVICTED.														Inmate; to be detained.	Acquitted on Trial.	Discharged without Trial.		TOTAL. Acquitted or Discharged.								
	CONVICTED.																By Lord Advocate and his Deputies.	From other Causes.									
No. 1. Offences against the Person.	CONVICTED.														Outlawed.	Found Inmate on Arraignment.	Found Inmate on Trial.	Not Guilty.	Not Proven.	By Lord Advocate and his Deputies.	From other Causes.	TOTAL. Acquitted or Discharged.	Execution.	Penal Servitude, Life, and above 8 Years.	Penal Servitude, 8 Years and under.	Imprisonment.	Free Pardon.
	CONVICTED.																										
No. 2. Offences against Property, committed without Violence.	CONVICTED.														Outlawed.	Found Inmate on Arraignment.	Found Inmate on Trial.	Not Guilty.	Not Proven.	By Lord Advocate and his Deputies.	From other Causes.	TOTAL. Acquitted or Discharged.	Execution.	Penal Servitude, Life, and above 8 Years.	Penal Servitude, 8 Years and under.	Imprisonment.	Free Pardon.
	CONVICTED.																										
No. 3. Offences against Property, committed with Violence.	CONVICTED.														Outlawed.	Found Inmate on Arraignment.	Found Inmate on Trial.	Not Guilty.	Not Proven.	By Lord Advocate and his Deputies.	From other Causes.	TOTAL. Acquitted or Discharged.	Execution.	Penal Servitude, Life, and above 8 Years.	Penal Servitude, 8 Years and under.	Imprisonment.	Free Pardon.
	CONVICTED.																										
No. 4. Offences against the Person.	CONVICTED.														Outlawed.	Found Inmate on Arraignment.	Found Inmate on Trial.	Not Guilty.	Not Proven.	By Lord Advocate and his Deputies.	From other Causes.	TOTAL. Acquitted or Discharged.	Execution.	Penal Servitude, Life, and above 8 Years.	Penal Servitude, 8 Years and under.	Imprisonment.	Free Pardon.
	CONVICTED.																										
No. 5. Offences against the Person.	CONVICTED.														Outlawed.	Found Inmate on Arraignment.	Found Inmate on Trial.	Not Guilty.	Not Proven.	By Lord Advocate and his Deputies.	From other Causes.	TOTAL. Acquitted or Discharged.	Execution.	Penal Servitude, Life, and above 8 Years.	Penal Servitude, 8 Years and under.	Imprisonment.	Free Pardon.
	CONVICTED.																										
No. 6. Offences against the Person.	CONVICTED.														Outlawed.	Found Inmate on Arraignment.	Found Inmate on Trial.	Not Guilty.	Not Proven.	By Lord Advocate and his Deputies.	From other Causes.	TOTAL. Acquitted or Discharged.	Execution.	Penal Servitude, Life, and above 8 Years.	Penal Servitude, 8 Years and under.	Imprisonment.	Free Pardon.
	CONVICTED.																										
No. 7. Offences against the Person.	CONVICTED.														Outlawed.	Found Inmate on Arraignment.	Found Inmate on Trial.	Not Guilty.	Not Proven.	By Lord Advocate and his Deputies.	From other Causes.	TOTAL. Acquitted or Discharged.	Execution.	Penal Servitude, Life, and above 8 Years.	Penal Servitude, 8 Years and under.	Imprisonment.	Free Pardon.
	CONVICTED.																										
No. 8. Offences against the Person.	CONVICTED.														Outlawed.	Found Inmate on Arraignment.	Found Inmate on Trial.	Not Guilty.	Not Proven.	By Lord Advocate and his Deputies.	From other Causes.	TOTAL. Acquitted or Discharged.	Execution.	Penal Servitude, Life, and above 8 Years.	Penal Servitude, 8 Years and under.	Imprisonment.	Free Pardon.
	CONVICTED.																										
No. 9. Offences against the Person.	CONVICTED.														Outlawed.	Found Inmate on Arraignment.	Found Inmate on Trial.	Not Guilty.	Not Proven.	By Lord Advocate and his Deputies.	From other Causes.	TOTAL. Acquitted or Discharged.	Execution.	Penal Servitude, Life, and above 8 Years.	Penal Servitude, 8 Years and under.	Imprisonment.	Free Pardon.
	CONVICTED.																										
No. 10. Offences against the Person.	CONVICTED.														Outlawed.	Found Inmate on Arraignment.	Found Inmate on Trial.	Not Guilty.	Not Proven.	By Lord Advocate and his Deputies.	From other Causes.	TOTAL. Acquitted or Discharged.	Execution.	Penal Servitude, Life, and above 8 Years.	Penal Servitude, 8 Years and under.	Imprisonment.	Free Pardon.
	CONVICTED.																										
No. 11. Offences against the Person.	CONVICTED.														Outlawed.	Found Inmate on Arraignment.	Found Inmate on Trial.	Not Guilty.	Not Proven.	By Lord Advocate and his Deputies.	From other Causes.	TOTAL. Acquitted or Discharged.	Execution.	Penal Servitude, Life, and above 8 Years.	Penal Servitude, 8 Years and under.	Imprisonment.	Free Pardon.
	CONVICTED.																										
No. 12. Offences against the Person.	CONVICTED.														Outlawed.	Found Inmate on Arraignment.	Found Inmate on Trial.	Not Guilty.	Not Proven.	By Lord Advocate and his Deputies.	From other Causes.	TOTAL. Acquitted or Discharged.	Execution.	Penal Servitude, Life, and above 8 Years.	Penal Servitude, 8 Years and under.	Imprisonment.	Free Pardon.
	CONVICTED.																										
No. 13. Offences against the Person.	CONVICTED.														Outlawed.	Found Inmate on Arraignment.	Found Inmate on Trial.	Not Guilty.	Not Proven.	By Lord Advocate and his Deputies.	From other Causes.	TOTAL. Acquitted or Discharged.	Execution.	Penal Servitude, Life, and above 8 Years.	Penal Servitude, 8 Years and under.	Imprisonment.	Free Pardon.
	CONVICTED.																										
No. 14. Offences against the Person.	CONVICTED.														Outlawed.	Found Inmate on Arraignment.	Found Inmate on Trial.	Not Guilty.	Not Proven.	By Lord Advocate and his Deputies.	From other Causes.	TOTAL. Acquitted or Discharged.	Execution.	Penal Servitude, Life, and above 8 Years.	Penal Servitude, 8 Years and under.	Imprisonment.	Free Pardon.
	CONVICTED.																										
No. 15. Offences against the Person.	CONVICTED.														Outlawed.	Found Inmate on Arraignment.	Found Inmate on Trial.	Not Guilty.	Not Proven.	By Lord Advocate and his Deputies.	From other Causes.	TOTAL. Acquitted or Discharged.	Execution.	Penal Servitude, Life, and above 8 Years.	Penal Servitude, 8 Years and under.	Imprisonment.	Free Pardon.
	CONVICTED.																										
No. 16. Offences against the Person.	CONVICTED.														Outlawed.	Found Inmate on Arraignment.	Found Inmate on Trial.	Not Guilty.	Not Proven.	By Lord Advocate and his Deputies.	From other Causes.	TOTAL. Acquitted or Discharged.	Execution.	Penal Servitude, Life, and above 8 Years.	Penal Servitude, 8 Years and under.	Imprisonment.	Free Pardon.
	CONVICTED.																										
No. 17. Offences against the Person.	CONVICTED.														Outlawed.	Found Inmate on Arraignment.	Found Inmate on Trial.	Not Guilty.	Not Proven.	By Lord Advocate and his Deputies.	From other Causes.						

[illegible]

Note.—Where a person has been convicted of more than one offence at the same Trial, the entries in the above Table are filled up under the highest denomination only. Where not convicted, and more than one offence has been charged under the same proceedings, the entries are filled up according to the same rule.

TABLE, showing the AGE, SEX, and DEGREE OF INSTRUCTION of the Total Number of PERSONS COMMITTED for TRIAL or BAILED.

OFFENCES.	Total Number of Offenders.		Aged 13 Years and under.		Aged 16 Years and above 12.		Aged 21 Years and above 16.		Aged 30 Years and above 21.		Aged 40 Years and above 30.		Aged 50 Years and above 40.		Aged 60 Years and above 50.		Aged above 60 Years.		Age could not be ascertained.		Neither Read nor Write.		Read, or Read and Write imperfectly.		Read and Write well.		Superior Education.		Instruction could not be ascertained.	
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
OFFENCES.																														
No. 1. Offences against the Person.																														
Murder	15	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Shooting at, Stabbing, Administering Poison, &c., with intent to Murder, Maim, &c. (under statute)	7	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Culpable Homicide	32	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Procuring, and attempts to procure, the Marriage of Women quick with Child	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Detention of Women not quick with Child	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Concealment of Pregnancy	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sodomy and Bestiality	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
and other unnatural minor offences	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rape	15	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assaults, with intent to Ravish	36	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Abduction	13	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bigamy	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Child Stealing	674	91	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assaults on Peace Officers in the Execution of their Duty	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total of No. 1	820	134	1	-	28	-	106	16	311	52	170	40	87	19	43	4	13	3	1	-	168	50	465	67	163	14	25	-	9	3
No. 2. Offences against Property, committed with Violence.																														
Sacrilege	230	48	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Theft, by Housebreaking	20	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Theft, by opening Lockfast Places	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Housebreaking, with intent to Steal	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Violent Invasion of Houses, with intent to commit other High Crimes than Theft	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Minor Crimes, with intent to commit the above offences	28	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Robbery	7	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assaults, with intent to Rob, and demanding Property with Menaces	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Southwicks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sending menacing Letters to extort Money	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total of No. 2	318	88	8	-	49	13	107	26	93	30	86	13	12	5	5	2	1	-	-	47	34	179	40	82	4	5	-	-	-	-
No. 3. Offences against Property, committed without Violence.																														
Cattle Stealing	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Horse Stealing	15	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sheep Stealing	750	592	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Thefts, simple, or not falling under any of the previous or subsequent denominations	27	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stealing Goods in process of manufacture	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Minor Crimes, with intent to Steal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Embezzlement	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stealing, &c., Letters, &c., from the Post Office, by Servants	19	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reset of Theft	61	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Frauds, and attempts to Defraud	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total of No. 3	888	637	29	5	80	23	207	114	267	310	160	149	70	83	63	37	17	11	1	148	183	510	307	200	53	29	3	1	1	1

No. 4. Malicious Offences against Real Property.	Fire-raising (capital unless restricted)	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
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TABLE, showing the Total Number of PERSONS TRIED in each COURT, the Total Number of the CONVICTS previously CONVICTED of Similar Offences, and the Total Number CONVICTED of other Offences at the same Trial, distinguishing the Sex in these and other Particulars.

OFFENCES.	COURT BY WHICH TRIED.																Convicted under the Aggravation of Previous Convictions.		Convicted, Outlawed, or Insane.		Convicted of other Offences at the same Trial.		Other Offences of which Convicted at same Trial.							
	Total Number of Persons Tried.			High Court of Justiciary.		Circuit Court of Justiciary.		Sheriff.				Borough Magistrates.		Justices or other Court.																
	Males.		Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Total.	With a Jury.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.											
No. 1. Offences against the Person.	Murder	10	4	14	3	7	4	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	4	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	Shooting at, Stabbing, administering Poison, &c., with intent to Murder, Maim, &c. (under Statute)	7	1	8	-	-	1	1	6	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	1	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	Culpable Homicide	16	5	21	1	2	8	2	10	7	2	9	-	-	-	-	8	3	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	Procuring, and attempts to procure the Miscarriage of Women quick with Child	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	Ditto of Women not quick with Child	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	Concealment of Pregnancy	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	Sodomy and Bestiality	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	Sodomy, assaults with intent to commit, and other unnatural minor offences	6	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	5	1	-	-	1	-	-	6	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Rape	5	-	5	-	-	-	-	4	1	-	-	-	7	-	-	4	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Assaults, with intent to Ravish	23	-	22	-	-	-	-	7	8	7	-	-	-	-	-	10	2	-	19	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Abduction	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Bigamy	9	1	10	1	1	7	1	8	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Child Stealing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Assaults	558	69	627	2	16	1	17	124	12	146	306	54	460	9	1	529	61	560	103	13	115	33	10	43	1	1	1	1		
Assaults on Peace Officers in the Execution of their Duty	19	-	19	-	-	-	-	-	12	13	6	-	6	1	-	16	2	-	16	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total of No. 1	638	92	744	7	40	18	67	174	17	191	411	54	485	10	1	505	81	676	166	13	119	34	10	44	-	-	-	-	-	
No. 2. Offences against Property, committed without Violence.	Sacrilege	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Theft by Housebreaking	194	36	230	8	36	5	41	121	26	147	29	5	34	-	-	174	35	209	79	16	95	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Theft by opening Lockfast Places	25	13	38	2	4	-	4	17	8	25	4	3	7	-	-	25	2	27	2	2	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Housebreaking, with intent to Steal	16	-	16	-	-	-	-	11	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	13	-	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Violent Invasion of Houses, with intent to commit other high Crimes than Theft	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Minor Crimes, with intent to commit the above offences	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Robbery	10	2	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	2	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Assaults with intent to Rob, and demanding Property with Menaces	4	5	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	5	7	-	-	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Stoutified	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Sending menacing Letters to extort Money	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total of No. 2	250	56	306	10	55	10	65	140	36	185	36	8	44	-	-	224	53	277	81	20	101	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
No. 3. Offences against Property, committed with Violence.	Cattle Stealing	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Horse Stealing	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Sheep Stealing	8	2	10	-	-	-	-	3	1	4	-	-	-	-	-	8	2	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Thefts, simple, or not falling under any of the previous or subsequent denominations	630	533	1,169	18	60	72	141	241	258	490	220	177	476	9	13	504	506	1,097	268	331	619	9	3	19	-	-	-	-	
	Stealing Goods in Process of Manufacture	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Minor Crimes, with intent to Steal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Embezzlement	20	1	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Stealing, &c. Letters, &c. from the Post Office by Servants	15	17	32	1	1	2	3	11	9	20	2	6	8	-	-	13	15	27	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	
	Reset of Theft	47	16	63	-	-	-	-	25	11	36	17	3	29	1	3	47	15	63	7	3	9	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Frauds, and attempts to Defraud	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total of No. 3	728	560	1,287	20	83	75	159	303	270	572	321	167	506	11	15	683	535	1,219	295	334	629	12	3	15	-	-	-	-	-	

TABLE showing, in each County collectively, the Age, Sex, and Degree of Instruction of the Total Number of Persons Committed for Trial or Bailed.

COUNTIES.	Total Number of Offenders.		Aged 13 Years and under.		Aged 16 Years and above 12.		Aged 21 Years and above 16.		Aged 30 Years and above 21.		Aged 40 Years and above 30.		Aged 50 Years and above 40.		Aged 60 Years and above 50.		Aged above 60 Years.		Age could not be ascertained.		Neither Read nor Write.		Read, or Read and Write imperfectly.		Read and Write well.		Superior Education.		Instruction could not be ascertained.		
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	
Aberdeen -	50	26	1	1	9	1	13	1	15	9	7	8	2	5	4	2	3	36	22	11	1	3	22	11	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Argyll -	87	23	1	1	7	1	15	3	37	7	14	5	9	3	5	3	6	42	12	28	5	6	42	12	5	4	4	4	2	2	
Ayr -	65	40	1	1	1	1	14	7	25	15	13	8	8	8	1	2	2	26	11	8	3	26	11	8	3	3	3	3	3	3	
Banff -	9	5	1	1	1	1	4	2	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	8	3	1	1	8	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Berwick -	43	12	1	1	3	1	6	2	24	2	7	5	2	2	1	1	1	19	9	15	2	19	9	15	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Bute -	59	4	1	1	1	1	18	2	20	1	11	1	4	1	2	1	6	30	2	3	1	30	2	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Caitness -	42	13	1	1	3	1	8	3	14	4	11	2	2	3	4	1	3	39	10	1	1	39	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Clackmannan -	27	6	1	1	1	1	3	1	8	3	10	2	4	1	2	1	1	3	3	23	3	1	3	23	3	3	3	3	3	3	
Dumbarton -	106	25	3	1	8	1	40	3	30	9	14	7	3	4	7	2	22	68	16	12	1	22	68	16	12	3	3	3	3	3	
Dumfries -	25	5	1	1	3	1	3	2	6	2	7	1	2	1	3	1	2	5	1	18	3	2	5	1	18	3	3	3	3	3	
Edinburgh -	282	144	11	1	10	4	56	20	90	58	50	35	30	20	14	7	45	184	87	32	4	45	87	32	4	4	4	4	4	4	
Edinburgh and Moray -	35	18	1	1	2	1	14	8	8	4	7	3	3	1	1	1	1	16	16	18	2	1	16	18	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Fife -	102	28	2	1	7	3	26	5	31	5	17	7	13	6	5	2	19	60	18	23	3	19	60	18	23	3	3	3	3	3	
Forfar -	167	55	5	1	19	2	35	4	40	16	40	19	16	9	5	5	33	114	41	13	4	114	41	13	4	7	7	7	7	7	
Glasgow -	32	6	1	1	1	1	7	1	10	2	9	2	2	1	2	2	5	24	4	2	1	5	24	4	2	1	1	1	1	1	
Haddington -	82	26	3	1	13	2	15	4	22	7	17	5	5	4	3	2	19	52	6	9	1	19	52	6	9	1	1	1	1	1	
Inverness -	12	3	1	1	2	1	5	1	1	1	4	1	1	1	1	1	1	8	3	4	1	1	8	3	4	1	1	1	1	1	
Kilcardine -	5	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	1	3	1	1	3	1	3	1	1	1	1	1	
Kilross -	6	5	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	3	2	2	1	1	1	1	4	5	2	1	1	4	5	2	1	1	1	1	1	
Kirkcubright -	465	269	4	1	39	9	154	67	164	106	53	50	34	27	11	9	84	186	142	175	46	78	142	175	46	16	2	2	2	2	
Leven -	74	24	1	1	5	4	11	2	25	6	17	8	13	3	3	1	25	39	15	10	1	25	39	15	10	1	1	1	1	1	
Linlithgow -	7	2	1	1	3	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	6	2	1	1	1	6	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Nairn -	45	8	1	1	5	1	16	1	9	1	7	2	4	2	1	1	4	20	3	16	3	4	20	3	16	3	3	3	3	3	
Orkney and Zetland -	9	14	1	1	7	1	2	3	5	1	2	3	5	1	1	1	1	3	13	5	1	1	3	13	5	1	1	1	1	1	
Peebles -	59	14	1	1	7	1	15	3	21	7	10	3	5	1	1	1	5	53	13	5	1	53	13	5	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Perth -	98	56	3	1	8	4	21	7	42	14	19	15	10	10	3	4	16	56	38	17	9	16	56	38	17	9	9	9	9	9	
Renfrew -	32	19	3	1	6	3	7	4	8	5	5	3	2	3	1	1	10	13	7	10	1	10	13	7	10	1	1	1	1	1	
Ross and Cromarty -	112	14	1	1	5	1	22	1	36	4	24	6	12	1	9	1	33	51	3	21	1	33	51	3	21	1	1	1	1	1	
Roxburgh -	24	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	7	2	11	8	3	1	1	1	10	5	2	9	1	10	5	2	9	1	1	1	1	1	
Saskirk -	70	25	1	1	3	1	4	5	28	5	17	8	7	3	1	1	5	48	15	14	1	5	48	15	14	1	1	1	1	1	
Spring -	9	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	5	1	2	1	2	1	1	1	2	5	1	1	1	2	5	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Strathclyde -	82	30	5	1	6	2	11	7	26	11	14	5	6	2	10	2	9	67	24	6	6	9	67	24	6	6	6	6	6	6	
Wigtown -	2,302	910	42	5	174	36	648	163	768	309	427	217	206	119	101	46	406	1,292	533	508	83	406	1,292	533	508	83	85	6	11	4	4

Fire-raiding (capital unless restricted)																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																	</
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Note.—Where a person has been convicted of more than one offence at the same trial, the entries in the above Table are filled up under the highest denomination only. Where not convicted, and more than one offence has been charged under the same proceedings, the entries are filled up according to the same rule.

COMPARATIVE TABLE, showing the SEX of PERSONS COMMITTED for TRIAL or BAILED in each of the last Ten Years, the Total in each of the Two Quinquennial Periods, and the Number in each County respectively.

COUNTIES.	1864.		1863.		1862.		1861.		1860.		TOTAL of Five Years, 1860-64.		1859.		1858.		1857.		1856.		1855.		Total of Five Years, 1855-59.	
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
Aberdeen -	50	26	86	19	79	36	56	14	61	31	332	136	61	38	48	21	53	41	54	39	90	45	393	189
Argyll -	87	23	77	24	85	22	108	29	97	30	454	198	118	34	117	27	128	38	147	22	147	45	657	186
Ayr -	65	40	71	30	61	35	64	25	71	32	332	103	69	23	97	23	75	27	80	28	79	30	400	131
Banff -	9	5	22	6	26	5	11	8	22	12	90	36	14	2	19	3	15	4	17	6	11	7	76	22
Berwick -	43	12	36	11	35	15	26	12	45	9	185	59	74	24	56	16	45	15	38	12	35	10	248	77
Bute -	59	4	25	14	36	9	29	2	13	8	162	37	17	6	9	-	15	5	10	6	12	2	63	19
Caitness -	42	13	44	16	42	6	28	4	23	3	179	42	18	8	30	3	38	5	39	14	17	2	142	32
Clackmannan -	27	6	14	3	14	6	6	4	12	6	73	25	12	1	11	4	11	0	16	7	12	7	63	25
Dumbarton -	106	25	40	15	37	16	58	19	51	8	292	83	42	25	86	21	81	21	83	18	71	20	363	105
Dumfries -	25	5	32	5	68	25	37	21	45	20	207	76	55	27	85	28	89	28	92	29	107	24	498	186
Edinburgh -	262	144	201	151	287	164	287	129	255	108	1,352	756	302	164	342	203	429	199	422	253	362	209	1,857	1,027
Elgin and Moray -	35	18	53	8	72	4	33	8	37	8	230	43	70	10	58	5	55	10	28	13	33	8	244	46
Fife -	102	28	134	29	120	29	89	25	72	20	517	131	90	17	134	28	127	51	76	22	75	23	492	141
Forfar -	167	55	164	53	162	59	171	67	165	82	849	316	156	81	172	78	108	92	150	81	173	78	819	410
Gaddington -	32	6	17	1	28	6	21	6	22	11	120	30	39	9	43	9	48	10	42	14	34	8	206	50
Inverness -	82	26	108	38	166	38	101	10	118	26	565	138	164	30	173	30	123	29	114	16	142	17	716	122
Kincaidine -	12	3	13	5	24	4	17	1	12	3	78	16	20	1	20	2	23	3	30	4	17	4	110	14
Kinross -	5	1	3	-	5	1	6	1	6	2	24	5	6	-	5	2	13	-	3	4	16	2	43	8
Kirkcubright -	6	5	23	5	9	4	13	2	20	4	71	20	20	8	39	6	24	8	31	16	11	4	125	42
Lanark -	405	209	514	260	505	256	457	200	455	259	2,394	1,334	411	258	432	245	440	243	430	230	428	212	2,141	1,188
Linlithgow -	74	24	68	17	63	28	62	24	64	19	331	112	64	34	56	24	63	25	33	8	49	25	265	110
Nairn -	7	2	14	3	6	1	3	4	9	2	39	12	5	-	6	6	14	1	6	3	8	4	39	14
Orkney and Zetland -	45	8	68	14	52	15	43	20	44	10	252	67	46	16	49	22	28	6	27	9	15	7	165	60
Peebles -	9	-	19	3	20	7	19	3	12	1	79	14	6	1	11	2	12	4	17	6	11	3	57	16
Perth -	59	14	80	20	66	22	59	21	68	23	332	100	58	23	74	27	57	22	59	25	56	28	304	125
Renfrew -	98	56	151	76	209	99	164	106	154	107	776	444	157	124	199	114	254	97	238	122	216	111	1,064	568
Ross and Cromarty -	32	19	60	15	40	8	30	8	51	12	213	62	43	9	73	13	51	0	41	13	63	13	201	54
Roxburgh -	112	14	127	19	153	19	132	31	121	13	645	96	87	20	108	32	99	23	83	12	75	32	452	119
Selkirk -	24	3	10	2	9	-	11	1	5	1	59	7	6	-	1	1	1	-	8	-	10	8	26	4
Stirling -	70	25	74	27	75	27	57	39	72	25	348	143	93	40	85	34	80	40	112	56	101	62	471	232
Sutherland -	9	1	9	-	7	1	7	7	4	1	36	10	3	1	8	2	12	1	7	1	11	1	41	6
Wigton -	82	30	44	34	76	30	52	32	102	25	356	157	76	30	82	34	72	37	58	33	101	31	389	171
TOTAL -	2,302	910	2,481	923	2,627	1,003	2,250	973	2,306	981	11,972	4,790	2,402	1,070	2,718	1,064	2,743	1,097	2,591	6,122	2,598	1,062	13,023	5,415

COMPARATIVE TABLE, showing the Number of PERSONS COMMITTED for TRIAL or BAILED in each of the last Ten Years, the Total in each of the Two Quinquennial Periods, and the OFFENCES with which the Persons stood Charged.

O F F E N C E S.												
No. 1. Offences against the Person.												
1864.	1863.	1862.	1861.	1860.	Total of Five Years, 1860-64.	1859.	1858.	1857.	1856.	1855.	Total of Five Years, 1855-59.	
Murder - - - - -	31	24	23	22	26	126	23	28	28	11	112	
Shooting at, Stabbing, Administering Poison, &c., with intent to murder, main, &c. (under Statute) - - - - -	8	16	22	13	8	67	15	9	16	11	64	
Culpable Homicide - - - - -	39	37	30	23	36	165	26	31	38	49	181	
Procuring, and attempts to procure, the Miscarriage of Women quick with Child - - - - -	-	-	1	3	2	6	2	4	1	-	7	
Ditto of Women not quick with Child - - - - -	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	
Concealment of Pregnancy - - - - -	18	12	17	14	16	77	14	15	8	20	84	
Sodomy and Bestiality - - - - -	4	5	3	1	7	20	2	4	3	1	14	
Sodomy, assaults with intent to commit, and other unnatural minor offences - - - - -	8	8	10	11	9	46	7	3	-	10	32	
Rape - - - - -	13	19	22	9	16	79	14	14	21	12	85	
Assaults, with intent to Ravish - - - - -	36	37	30	42	24	169	27	33	36	35	162	
Abduction - - - - -	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	4	4	
Bribery - - - - -	13	13	8	12	12	58	9	17	14	5	62	
Child Stealing - - - - -	-	2	-	5	1	5	1	-	3	7	7	
Assaults - - - - -	765	627	736	593	678	3,399	1,001	958	869	781	4,361	
Assaults on Peace Officers in the Execution of their Duty - - - - -	19	22	17	15	25	98	29	24	9	30	109	
Total of No. 1 - - - - -	954	822	919	761	860	4,316	1,171	1,140	1,046	972	5,285	
No. 2. Offences against Property, committed with Violence.												
Sacrilege - - - - -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Theft by Housebreaking - - - - -	278	350	372	300	232	1,532	295	286	275	277	1,329	
Theft by opening Lockfast Places - - - - -	45	43	50	47	35	220	54	47	50	45	234	
Housebreaking, with intent to Steal - - - - -	18	32	28	12	16	106	18	15	7	13	67	
Violent Invasion of Houses, with intent to commit other high crimes than Theft - - - - -	1	-	1	5	1	8	-	-	-	3	3	
Minor crimes, with intent to commit the above offences - - - - -	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	
Robbery - - - - -	47	60	39	37	59	242	69	49	44	30	250	
Assaults, with intent to Rob, and demanding Property with Menaces - - - - -	12	6	4	11	-	33	6	8	4	6	27	
Stouthrief - - - - -	-	-	-	2	-	2	-	2	-	2	4	
Sending menacing Letters to extort Money - - - - -	-	4	1	1	-	6	-	1	-	1	2	
Total of No. 2 - - - - -	401	495	495	415	343	2,149	440	408	390	377	1,918	
No. 3. Offences against Property, committed without Violence.												
Cattle Stealing - - - - -	4	2	-	5	2	13	4	2	3	3	23	
Horse Stealing - - - - -	3	6	2	8	3	22	10	5	8	7	42	
Sheep Stealing - - - - -	17	16	19	14	15	81	9	11	11	27	73	
Theft, simple, or not falling under any of the previous or subsequent denominations - - - - -	1,351	1,500	1,599	1,474	1,485	7,409	1,505	1,740	1,712	1,574	8,103	
Stealing Goods in Process of Manufacture - - - - -	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	2	3	
Minor Crimes, with intent to Steal - - - - -	-	-	1	2	1	4	-	-	-	3	3	
Embezzlement - - - - -	30	30	38	33	43	174	28	39	31	33	166	
Stealing, &c. Letters, &c. from the Post Office by Servants - - - - -	-	3	2	5	-	10	5	1	5	8	20	
Reset of Theft - - - - -	40	78	90	89	89	386	74	52	89	78	341	
Frauds, and attempts to Defraud - - - - -	80	82	90	88	94	434	99	93	83	101	464	
Total of No. 3 - - - - -	1,525	1,717	1,841	1,719	1,732	8,534	1,734	1,943	1,942	1,836	9,238	

No. 4. Malignant Offences against Property.	Fire-raising (capital unless restricted)	5	10	8	8	7	39	10	7	5	21	15	58
	Setting Fire to Heaths, Furze, and other subjects, where not capital	1	2	2	1	1	7	-	1	-	6	1	8
No. 5. Forgery and Offences against the Currency.	Attempts to commit Arson, set Fire to Heaths, &c.	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	3
	Rioters feloniously demolishing Buildings, Machinery, &c.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	1	-	6
No. 6. Other Offences not included in the above Classes.	Destroying Silk, Woollen, Linen or Cotton Goods, in Process of Manufacture	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Destroying Threshing Machines	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
No. 7. Forgery and Offences against the Currency.	Destroying Trees and Shrubs growing, &c.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Killing and maiming Cattle	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
No. 8. Other Offences not included in the above Classes.	Sending Letters threatening to burn Houses, &c.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Other Malignant Offences	98	41	56	36	34	195	83	37	42	51	60	273
Total of No. 4		36	53	66	47	43	245	93	47	53	79	78	350
No. 9. Forgery and Offences against the Currency.	Forging and uttering Forged Wills and Powers of Attorney for the Transfer of Stock or Receipt of Dividends	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Forging and uttering Forged Bank of England Notes	-	4	-	-	-	4	-	-	2	3	3	8
No. 10. Forgery and Offences against the Currency.	Forging and uttering other Forged Instruments	24	47	41	30	46	188	37	34	30	27	44	172
	Having in Possession, &c. Forged Bank of England Notes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
No. 11. Forgery and Offences against the Currency.	Counterfeiting the current Gold and Silver Coin	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Having in Possession, &c. Implements for Coining	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
No. 12. Forgery and Offences against the Currency.	Buying, and putting off counterfeit Gold and Silver Coin	-	30	32	41	35	174	54	40	57	53	77	281
	Uttering and having in Possession ditto	36	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Counterfeiting, buying, putting off, and uttering Counterfeit Copper Coin		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total of No. 5		62	82	73	71	81	369	91	80	89	85	124	469
No. 13. Forgery and Offences against the Currency.	Assembling armed, and to aid Smugglers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Assaulting and obstructing Officers employed to prevent Smuggling	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
No. 14. Forgery and Offences against the Currency.	Deer Stealing, and feloniously resisting Deerkeepers	-	-	-	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Being out armed, &c. to take Game by Night, taking Game by Night, and assaulting Gamekeepers	14	21	23	9	45	112	24	28	13	25	35	125
No. 15. Forgery and Offences against the Currency.	Taking and destroying Fish in enclosed Water	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Being at large under Sentence of Transportation	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
No. 16. Forgery and Offences against the Currency.	Prison-breaking, harbouring and aiding the Escape of Felons	2	3	-	1	3	9	1	1	-	2	4	8
	Perjury and Subornation of Perjury	9	14	16	15	14	68	12	14	16	10	14	66
No. 17. Forgery and Offences against the Currency.	Administering unlawful Oaths	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Conspiracy to raise the rate of Wages	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
No. 18. Forgery and Offences against the Currency.	Riot, Breach of the Peace, and Breach of Poindings	139	107	107	97	86	536	104	128	94	75	48	449
	Deforcement and refusing to aid Peace Officers	2	5	5	6	5	23	14	-	5	3	16	38
No. 19. Forgery and Offences against the Currency.	Keeping Disorderly Houses	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Indecently exposing the Person	2	3	4	6	5	20	6	8	4	1	5	24
No. 20. Forgery and Offences against the Currency.	Hameucken	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	High Crimes, not included in the above Denominations	25	37	28	27	19	136	21	-	15	3	16	99
No. 21. Forgery and Offences against the Currency.	Minor Offences, ditto	41	44	52	51	51	239	71	66	60	58	99	354
	Total of No. 6	234	235	236	216	228	1,149	253	293	207	181	243	1,177
GRAND TOTAL		3,212	3,404	3,630	3,299	3,287	16,762	3,782	3,472	3,840	3,713	3,630	18,437

COMPARATIVE TABLE, showing the Number of PERSONS COMMITTED for TRIAL or BAILED in each of the last Ten Years, the Total in each of the Two Quinquennial Periods, and the Number in each County separately.

COUNTIES.	1864.	1863.	1862.	1861.	1860.	Total of Five Years, 1860-64.	1859.	1858.	1857.	1856.	1855.	Total of Five Years, 1855-59.
Aberdeen -	76	105	115	70	92	458	99	69	94	98	110	465
Argyll -	110	101	107	137	127	582	152	144	166	169	192	823
Ayr -	105	101	96	89	103	424	92	120	102	108	109	531
Banff -	14	28	31	19	34	126	16	22	19	23	18	98
Berwick -	55	41	50	38	54	244	98	72	60	50	45	325
Bute -	63	39	45	31	21	199	23	9	20	16	14	82
Caithness -	55	60	48	32	26	221	26	33	43	53	19	174
Clackmannan -	83	17	20	10	18	98	13	15	17	23	19	87
Dumbarton -	131	55	53	77	59	375	67	107	102	101	91	468
Dumfries -	30	37	93	58	65	223	82	113	117	121	131	564
Edinburgh -	408	412	451	416	423	2,108	463	544	628	675	571	2,884
Elgin and Moray -	53	61	76	41	45	276	80	63	65	41	41	290
Fife -	130	163	149	114	92	648	107	152	178	98	98	633
Forfar -	222	237	221	238	247	1,165	237	250	260	231	251	1,229
Gaddington -	38	18	34	27	33	150	48	52	58	56	42	256
Inverness -	108	146	194	111	144	703	194	203	152	130	159	838
Kincardine -	15	18	28	18	15	94	21	22	26	34	21	124
Kirkcubright -	6	3	6	6	8	29	6	7	13	7	18	51
Lanark -	734	774	761	747	712	3,728	689	677	683	660	640	3,329
Linlithgow -	98	85	91	86	83	443	98	80	88	41	74	381
Nairn -	9	17	7	7	11	51	5	12	15	9	12	53
Orkney and Zetland -	53	82	67	63	64	319	62	71	34	36	22	225
Peebles -	9	22	27	22	13	93	7	13	16	23	14	73
Perth -	73	100	88	80	91	432	61	101	79	84	84	429
Renfrew -	154	227	308	270	261	1,220	281	313	351	360	327	1,082
Ross and Cromarty -	51	75	48	38	63	275	52	86	57	54	66	315
Roxburgh -	126	146	172	163	134	741	107	140	122	95	107	571
Saltirk -	27	12	9	12	6	66	6	2	1	8	13	30
Stirling -	95	101	102	96	97	491	133	119	120	168	163	703
Sutherland -	10	9	8	14	5	46	4	10	13	8	12	47
Wigton -	112	78	112	84	127	373	112	116	109	91	132	560
TOTAL -	3,212	3,404	3,630	3,229	3,287	16,762	3,782	3,472	3,840	3,713	3,630	18,437

CRIMINAL OFFENDERS (SCOTLAND).

ABSTRACT

OF

TABLES of CRIMINAL OFFENDERS for the Year 1864, reported by Her Majesty's Advocates for Scotland, in Terms of the Statute, 1 *Gul.* 4, c. 37; with Alterations and Additions, ordered and required by one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, in virtue of the Powers therein contained.

(Presented pursuant to Act of Parliament.)

*Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
27 March 1865.*

158.

Under 3 oz.

POLICE (COUNTIES AND BOROUGHES).

**REPORTS of the INSPECTORS of CONSTABULARY for the Year ending
29th September 1864, made to Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of
State, under the Provisions of the Statute 19 & 20 Vict. c. 69.**

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(PRESENTED PURSUANT TO ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)

***Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
13 February 1865.***

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Richmond - - - "	93
Scarborough - - - "	93
YORK, WEST RIDING - - - County	94
Bradford - - - Borough	94
Dewsbury - - - "	95
Doncaster - - - "	95
Halifax - - - "	95
Huddersfield - - - "	96
Leeds - - - "	96
Pontefract - - - "	97
Ripon - - - "	97
Sheffield - - - "	97
Wakefield - - - "	98
York - - - "	98

WALES:

ANGLESEY - - - County	66
Beaumaris - - - Borough	66
BRECON - - - County	149
Brecknock - - - Borough	150
CARDIGAN - - - County	150
CARMARTHEN - - - County	151
Carmarthen - - - Borough	152
CARNARVON - - - County	66
Bangor - - - Borough	66
Carnarvon - - - "	66
Pwllheli - - - "	67
DENBIGH - - - County	68
Denbigh - - - Borough	68
FLINT - - - County	69
Flint - - - Borough	69
GLAMORGAN - - - County	152
Cardiff - - - Borough	153
Neath - - - "	154
Swansea - - - "	154
MERIONETH - - - County	69
MONTGOMERY - - - County	70
Montgomery - - - Borough	70
Welchpool - - - "	70
PEMBROKE - - - County	155
Haverfordwest - - - Borough	156
Tenby - - - "	156
RADNOR - - - County	157

No. 1.
Eastern Counties,
Midland,
and North Wales
District.

No. 1.—EASTERN COUNTIES, MIDLAND, AND NORTH WALES DISTRICT.

EIGHTH REPORT of Lieutenant General *Cartwright*, Her Majesty's INSPECTOR of CONSTABULARY for the EASTERN COUNTIES, MIDLAND, and NORTH WALES DISTRICT, for the Year ending 30th September 1864.

To the Right Honourable Sir *George Grey*, Bart., Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department.

Sir,

I HAVE the honour to lay before you this my Eighth Annual Report of the state and efficiency of the Police in No. 1, or the Eastern Counties, Midland, and North Wales District.

Of the 25 counties under my inspection, I have to report the following efficient :—

COUNTIES.	Population, 1861.	COUNTIES.	Population, 1861.
ENGLAND:		ENGLAND—continued.	
1. Bedford - - - -	121,805	15. Salop - - - -	217,379
2. Bucks - - - -	160,022	16. Stafford - - - -	630,829
3. Cambridge, with Isle of Ely	140,675	17. Suffolk, East and West -	292,631
4. Derby - - - -	286,400	18. Warwick - - - -	193,123
5. Essex - - - -	291,924	19. Worcester - - - -	249,154
6. Hertford - - - -	141,209		
7. Huntingdon - - - -	64,250	NORTH WALES:	
8. Leicester - - - -	169,350	20. Anglesey - - - -	54,609
9. Lincoln - - - -	343,140	21. Carnarvon - - - -	92,776
10. Norfolk - - - -	317,295	22. Denbigh - - - -	104,316
11. Northampton, and the Li- berty of Peterborough.	190,509	23. Flint - - - -	69,849
12. Nottingham - - - -	207,691	24. Merioneth - - - -	38,888
13. Oxford - - - -	140,730	25. Montgomery - - - -	66,919
14. Rutland - - - -	21,867		

Of the Borough Forces under my inspection, I have to report the following efficient :—

EFFICIENT BOROUGHES.	Population, 1861.	EFFICIENT BOROUGHES.	Population, 1861.
1. Alban's, St. - - - -	7,675	19. Leicester - - - -	68,168
2. Banbury - - - -	4,055	20. Lichfield (City) - - - -	6,893
3. Bedford - - - -	13,412	21. Lincoln (City) - - - -	20,995
4. Birmingham - - - -	295,955	22. Ludlow - - - -	5,178
5. Boston - - - -	15,088	23. Newark - - - -	11,562
6. Cambridge - - - -	26,351	24. Northampton - - - -	32,813
7. Chesterfield - - - -	9,835	25. Norwich (City) - - - -	74,414
8. Colchester - - - -	23,730	26. Nottingham - - - -	74,531
9. Coventry - - - -	40,917	27. Stamford - - - -	8,044
10. Derby - - - -	43,081	28. Shrewsbury - - - -	23,000
11. Grantham - - - -	4,954	* 29. Sudbury - - - -	6,879
12. Great Grimsby - - - -	11,032	30. Walsall - - - -	37,762
13. Great Yarmouth - - - -	34,573	31. Warwick - - - -	10,589
14. Hertford - - - -	6,769	32. Wisbeach - - - -	9,218
15. Ipswich - - - -	37,719	33. Wolverhampton - - - -	60,858
16. Kidderminster - - - -	15,399	34. Worcester - - - -	32,000
17. King's Lynn - - - -	15,981		
18. Leamington (Town) - - - -	17,452	* Stratford-upon-Avon - - - -	3,672

which was about to consolidate with the county, but has not yet been confirmed.

BOROUGHs consolidated with Counties having Efficient Forces.

BOROUGHs.	Population, 1861.	BOROUGHs.	Population, 1861.
ENGLAND:		ENGLAND—continued.	
1. Beccles - - - -	4,266	*13. Stratford-on-Avon - -	3,672
2. Bury St. Edmund's - -	13,318	14. Tamworth - - - -	4,326
3. Evesham - - - -	4,680	15. Thetford - - - -	4,208
4. Eye - - - -	2,430	16. Wenlock - - - -	16,699
5. Godmanchester - -	2,438	NORTH WALES:	
6. Harwich - - - -	5,070	17. Bangor - - - -	6,738
7. Huntingdon - - - -	3,816	18. Beaumaris - - - -	2,558
8. Orford - - - -	948	19. Carnarvon - - - -	3,512
9. Oswestry - - - -	5,414	20. Denbigh - - - -	5,946
10. Retford - - - -	47,330	21. Flint - - - -	3,540
11. Saffron Walden - -	5,474	22. Montgomery - - - -	1,276
12. Stafford - - - -	12,532	23. Welshpool - - - -	5,004

* Which has not yet been confirmed.

The following Forces remain inefficient either as to number or discipline :—

BOROUGHs over 5,000 Population.

BOROUGHs.	Population, 1861.
1. Bridgenorth - - - -	6,087
2. Louth - - - -	10,468
3. Newcastle-under-Lyme - - - -	12,638
4. Oxford (City) - - - -	28,261

BOROUGHs with Inefficient Forces under 5,000 Population.

BOROUGHs.	Population, 1861.	BOROUGHs.	Population, 1861.
ENGLAND:		ENGLAND—continued.	
1. Bewdley - - - -	3,071	6. Southwold - - - -	2,032
2. Buckingham - - - -	3,847	7. Wycombe - - - -	4,222
3. Daventry - - - -	4,124	NORTH WALES:	
4. Droitwich - - - -	3,123	8. Pwllheli - - - -	2,795
5. Maldon - - - -	4,747		

GENERAL REPORT.

COUNTIES.

Counties.

THERE has been little change in the county forces during the year. The county of Nottingham, however, has been largely reinforced by the addition of 30 constables. The whole of the county forces are now reported efficient, although they vary in many degrees of efficiency, some being what may be termed first class forces; or, in other words, forces that through the liberal support which has been given to them by the magistrates, have reached a higher point of efficiency than others. Although these first class forces are more expensive to the ratepayers on account of their greater strength in number and higher scale of pay and classification than others, I invariably find them the most popular, as being in that state of efficiency which gives greater security to the public, and a due return to the ratepayer for the money expended. On the other hand, some forces are kept only just strong enough to pass the test of efficiency, by which I find difficulties and grievances often are created, which a small increase of expense would remove, and which would be of the greatest importance to the chief constable in the working of his force. In these remarks I allude more particularly to the establishment of a reserve, which I have so often reported upon, and throwing open to all constables the chance of reaching the upper classes, instead of limiting them to a certain number, by which the constables in the lower classes are deprived of their chance of obtaining the promotion they are fairly entitled to expect. If the limit is, however, carried out in the first class, I suggest the advantage of removing it from the second class, so that after a constable has been six months in the third or probation class, the chief constable should be empowered to promote him (if considered fit for such promotion) to the second class without waiting for a vacancy. This would not only give satisfaction and stimulate the recently appointed constables to exertion, but it would act as an encouragement to men to join the force, which is a point of vital importance throughout the whole district, as I find a great difficulty in recruiting the class of men likely to make efficient constables. Considering the necessary qualification to fill the very responsible situation a constable has to hold when placed at an out-station, also the hours of day and night duty, which must be regularly performed, and the strict discipline under which he has to act, I cannot help urging the justice of a commensurate scale of pay being given for their services by reducing the limit of classification.

The co-operation between the county and efficient borough forces is generally well carried out, and weak only where the difficulties arising from the head constable being given the title of chief constable, as before reported.

The extra duties are now very much assimilated throughout the district; the number of police constables appointed assistant relieving officers for vagrants is on the increase; the effect of this appointment continues to prove its advantage, and the total number of vagrants relieved during this year I find decidedly on the decrease. When the system becomes general, I feel confident it will prove highly beneficial, particularly as so large a proportion of crime is committed by the vagrant population.

I beg to bring the Superannuation Fund under your notice, as I find that in several of the old established forces the interest is not sufficient to meet the payments to be made, and consequently the capital is about to be brought into the support required. This is a very important question to the whole force, and as it is probable that a bill upon the subject for the county of Lincoln may be drawn, I should venture to suggest a clause for the County Forces Superannuation Fund similar to that for Boroughs in the 22d & 23d Vict. c. 32, s. 11, namely, "That any fee payable to any constable appointed for any borough for the performance of any act done in the execution of his duty as such constable, shall be received in such manner as the watch committee, subject to the approbation of the council, may direct, and shall be paid over to the superannuation fund."

At present, in counties the fees for the service of summonses and execution of warrants are paid to the credit of the police fund, and are spent as a part of the annual income of the county, but if a permissive clause was drawn up to allow the acting magistrate, when he may think fit, to place it to the credit of the superannuation fund, a main support would be given to the fund, whilst any abuse of its application might be checked. It may appear that, as the county is liable for its support under the 19th & 20th Vict. c. 69, there is no necessity for any alteration in the law, but it is not the same thing to have the fund kept intact or to reduce it to the lowest point, as in many cases the amount of gratuity or allowance will be often guided by the amount in hand. If, however, it should be thought objectionable to place these fees to the credit of the superannuation fund, there is another mode by which that fund may be protected; namely, by restricting the capital from being touched, and making the police rate liable for any sum required beyond the interest of the said fund. If the fees earned by the police are placed, as they now are, to the credit of the police rate, it appears only just to the ratepayers, in future years, that the demand upon the fund should be paid out of the annual income, and not by sale of any part of the capital.

I think it also right to bring under your notice a question which has been mooted as to the head constables of boroughs being bound to contribute, and entitled to the benefits of the Police Superannuation Fund, referring to sec. 2, 11 & 12 Vict. c. 14, and sec. 8, 22 & 23 Vict. c. 32, as a question of grave importance to those in command of borough forces.

BOROUGH FORCES.

VERY little alteration has been made during the year in any of the borough forces except in the borough of Flint, which has been consolidated with the county; and now the only borough in North Wales not consolidated is that of Pwllheli.

The forces in boroughs over 5,000 population which are reported inefficient belong to Bridgenorth, Louth, Newcastle-under-Lyme, and the City of Oxford. Bridgenorth remains with two constables, Louth with six; Newcastle has increased its force to eight, and the City of Oxford remains precisely in the same state as last year. I may, however, again observe that Louth, for the local payment of 7*l.* 10*s.* per annum, might be made efficient. Newcastle, with an addition of 47*l.* per annum, might have an increase of four constables, and thus be brought into a state of efficiency; and Oxford might, by consolidation, reduce its expenditure, and be also made efficient. The small boroughs under 5,000 population which have not consolidated remain in the same unsatisfactory state, with the exception of the boroughs of Banbury and Grantham, which have a sufficient number of constables to be reported efficient. If it were made imperative upon boroughs with small forces either to make them efficient as independent forces, or to consolidate with the county, much good might be effected.

EXTRA DUTIES.

THE borough police constables now generally act as inspectors of weights and measures, common lodging houses and nuisances, and in many cases as assistant relieving officers for vagrants. The returns of vagrants relieved in boroughs under the inspection of the police is generally reduced from the number relieved the preceding year; and I have every reason to repeat that this mode of relieving the casual poor has a very beneficial effect in boroughs as well as counties.

The change of constables in the borough forces has not been so large as in the preceding years, and I attribute this a good deal to the encouragement given to the constables to remain by throwing open the classes; this has been generally adopted with success, and I have endeavoured to assimilate all forces in this arrangement.

No superannuation fund has yet been established in Newcastle-under-Lyme or the city of Oxford, which I have twice reported.

GENERAL OBSERVATIONS.

THE circular which was issued relative to the private inquiry offices, I am happy to state has had the desired effect, and the system I believe to have been annihilated by the contempt with which these numerous communications have been treated by all in charge of the police forces throughout the district.

The Act relative to the ticket-of-leave men has so recently been put in force that I am unable to report upon any cases that have come under my notice ; but I have considered it my duty to instil into the minds of all the superior divisional officers, in both county and borough forces, the necessity of giving every assistance in their power to those men who become residents in their districts, with a view of their gaining an honest livelihood, and by every means in their power to befriend them on their first arrival in the district, so that they should be as speedily as possible employed ; and from every source I could obtain information, I have reason to believe that there will be not only on the part of the police, but also on that of the public, every opportunity given to the ticket-of-leave men to redeem their position in life if they are in earnest in so doing.

JUDICIAL STATISTICS.

THE forms sent out this year will give satisfaction to those interested in these Returns, as the column for non-prosecution will prove the number of cases which fail from that source, and also the number of offences which are not detected will be relieved from those cases which, although worked up by the police, have not been before the magistrates, and which hitherto have been returned as non-detected, and consequently have acted prejudicially to the force. The description also of the term, known thieves, is now so clearly defined that I can see no difficulty in obtaining satisfactory returns under this head. There still, however, appears so very great a discrepancy in the returns from some of the large boroughs that it is impossible to reconcile oneself to believe that they are kept upon the same system ; and in order to illustrate this point, I need only quote the indictable offences in the most important towns in England, from 1862 to 1863, "Judicial Statistics."

INDICTABLE OFFENCES.

	Crimes Committed.	Proportion to Population.	Apprehended.	Committed for Trial.	
				M.	FEM.
1. Sheffield - - -	374	1 in 495	323 Bailed - -	157 15	40 2
2. Bristol - - -	331	1 in 465½	291 Bailed - -	138 8	46 1
3. Leeds - - -	457	1 in 453	400 Bailed - -	194 22	75 4
4. Newcastle - -	302	1 in 361	83 Bailed - -	54 2	6 -
5. Birmingham - -	383	1 in 335½	600 Bailed - -	376 2	79 -
6. Bradford - - -	334	1 in 318	269 Bailed - -	100 7	53 -
7. Metropolitan District	12,824	1 in 242	4,984 Bailed - -	2,874 1	874 -
8. Salford - - -	793	1 in 129	171 Bailed - -	80 -	45 -
9. Liverpool - - -	4,490	1 in 98½	2,438 Bailed - -	690 28	437 6
10. London (City) - -	1,212	1 in 92½	783 Bailed - -	388 16	46 2
11. Manchester - - -	5,957	1 in 57	1,736 Bailed for trial -	454 49	183 5

The extraordinary proportion of indictable offences to population in some boroughs leads to the conclusion that the same system of making up the return is not carried out in all boroughs, and I have therefore thought it right to bring this point under your notice, as their value entirely depends upon their being systematically kept throughout all counties and boroughs, otherwise they only tend to mystify the real state of crime throughout England and Wales.

In consequence of the difficulty of obtaining recruits, and for the purpose of rewarding officers of long standing and merit, it has been proposed to raise their salary in some counties by a quinquennial increase of pay over the amount allowed by the rules (21 s. per week), but which cannot be done without an alteration in the rules laid down by the Secretary of State. Should such rules be altered, I venture also to suggest that, under the head of clothing, the allowance for the second pair of trousers should be annual, and also every third year an allowance for gaiters for the sergeants and constables, as being very beneficial to their health and comfort. At present, gaiters are only given to a few forces; and in answer to my recommendation to have them generally supplied, I am met with the fact of their not being entered in the allowance of clothing in the rules now in force.

Annexed will be found a Table showing a comparative statement of the strength of and numerical changes in each force; the number of indictable offences reported to the police, with the per-centage of persons apprehended and committed for the same; the number of known thieves and suspected persons, with their several proportions to population, area, and police in the different counties and boroughs having efficient forces, for the year ending 30th September 1864.

Also a Table of the number of public and beerhouses, with the amount of drunkenness, and their proportion to each other and the population. And also the number of public and beerhouses proceeded against, with the result, during the year ending September 30th, 1864.

(signed) *William Cartwright*, Lieut. General,
Her Majesty's Inspector of Constabulary for
District No. 1.

TABLE I.

GROUP 1.—ENGLISH AGRICULTURAL COUNTIES.

A COMPARATIVE STATEMENT of the Strength of, and Numerical Changes in, the Police Forces; the Number of "Table 4, Indictable Offences" Committed; the Numbers and Per-Centages of Offenders Apprehended and Committed for Trial for such Offences; and the Number of Bad Characters, with their several Proportions to Population, Area, and Police, in the undermentioned ENGLISH AGRICULTURAL COUNTIES having efficient Police Forces, for the Year ending 29th September 1864.

COUNTIES (ENGLISH AGRICULTURAL).	Population (Census 1861) and Area.	The Police Force.					Number of "Table 4, Indictable Offences" Committed.				Number of Offenders Apprehended and Committed for Trial for such Offences.		Number of known Thieves and Suspected Persons at large.		
		Total Strength.	Strength to 1,000 Population.	Strength to 1,000 Acres.	Total Number Resigned and Dismissed.	Change per Cent.	Total.	To 1,000 Population.	To 1,000 Acres.	To each Unit of Police Strength.	Total.	Number Committed for Trial for each 100 Indictable Offences Committed.	Total.	To each Unit of Police Strength.	To 1,000 Population.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.
Bedfordshire - - -	{Pop. 121,805 Area 281,211}	82	67	29	9	10.9	109	89	38	1.3	81	74.3	461	5.6	3.7
Buckinghamshire - -	{Pop. 160,022 Area 461,980}	120	75	25	19	15.8	225	1.4	48	1.8	119	52.8	625	5.2	3.9
Cambridgeshire - - -	{Pop. 85,356 Area 290,213}	70	82	24	15	21.2	50	65	19	.8	40	71.4	244	3.4	2.8
Ely, Isle of - - -	{Pop. 55,319 Area 221,029}	52	84	23	7	13.4	49	88	22	.94	46	93.8	352	6.7	6.3
Essex (with Harwich and Saffron Walden) - -	{Pop. 291,924 Area 984,633}	246	84	24	26	10.5	409	1.4	41	1.6	227	55.5	922	3.7	3.1
Hertfordshire - - -	{Pop. 141,209 Area 368,810}	99	65	24	-	-	191	1.3	51	2.0	136	71.2	1,237	13.4	8.7
Huntingdonshire, with Godmanchester and Huntingdon - - -	{Pop. 64,250 Area 224,418}	52	81	23	4	7.6	57	88	25	1.09	31	54.3	138	2.6	2.1
Leicestershire - - -	{Pop. 169,350 Area 510,204}	98	57	19	14	14.2	149	87	29	1.5	105	70.4	430	4.3	2.5
Lincolnshire - - -	{Pop. 343,140 Area 1,742,329}	268	78	15	47	17.5	459	1.3	26	1.7	317	69.0	1,365	5.09	3.9
Norfolk, with Thetford -	{Pop. 317,295 Area 1,333,440}	222	70	16	13	5.8	323	1.0	24	1.4	264	81.7	1,260	5.6	3.9
Northamptonshire - -	{Pop. 167,854 Area 575,763}	104	61	18	25	24.0	195	1.1	33	1.8	114	58.4	208	2.0	1.2
Oxfordshire - - -	{Pop. 140,730 Area 469,935}	95	67	20	8	8.4	124	88	26	1.3	93	75.0	731	7.6	5.1
Rutlandshire - - -	{Pop. 21,867 Area 104,568}	8	36	07	-	-	18	82	17	2.2	17	94.4	47	5.6	2.1
Shropshire, with Oswestry and Wenlock - - -	{Pop. 217,379 Area 842,928}	109	50	12	8	7.3	294	1.3	34	2.69	219	74.4	345	3.1	1.5
Suffolk, East, with Beccles, Eye, and Orford - - -	{Pop. 179,213 Area 589,212}	114	63	19	7	6.1	138	71	23	1.2	83	60.1	431	3.7	2.4
Suffolk, West, with Bury St. Edmunds - - -	{Pop. 113,418 Area 353,213}	88	77	24	3	3.4	134	1.1	37	1.5	90	67.1	324	3.6	2.6
Averages - - -	- - -	-	7	19	-	11.26	-	1.13	31	1.6	-	67.6	-	5.01	3.52

TABLE I.

GROUP 2.—MINING AND MANUFACTURING COUNTIES.

A COMPARATIVE STATEMENT of the Strength of, and Numerical Changes in, the Police Forces; the Number of "Table 4, Indictable Offences" Committed; the Numbers and Per-Centages of Offenders Apprehended and Committed for Trial for such Offences; and the Number of Bad Characters, with the several Proportions to Population, Area, and Police, in the undermentioned MINING and MANUFACTURING COUNTIES having efficient Police Forces, for the Year ending 29th September 1864.

COUNTIES (MINING AND MANUFACTURING).	Population (Census 1861) and Area.	The Police Force..					Number of "Table 4, Indictable Offences" Committed.				Number of Offenders Apprehended and Committed for Trial for such Offences.		Number of known Thieves and Suspected Persons at large.		
1.	2.	3. Total Strength.	4. Strength to 1,000 Population.	5. Strength to 1,000 Acres.	6. Total Number Resigned and Dismissed.	7. Change per Cent.	8. Total.	9. To 1,000 Population.	10. To 1,000 Acres.	11. To each Unit of Police Strength.	12. Total.	13. Number Committed for Trial for each 100 Indictable Offences Committed.	14. Total.	15. To each Unit of Police Strength.	16. To 1,000 Population.
Derbyshire - - -	{ Pop. 286,409 } { Area 623,992 }	161	56	25	32	19.8	205	71	32	1.2	162	79.0	1,111	6.9	3.6
Nottinghamshire, with Retford - - -	{ Pop. 207,691 } { Area 521,110 }	138	66	26	18	12.0	164	79	31	1.1	140	85.3	939	6.8	4.5
Staffordshire, with Stafford and Tamworth - -	{ Pop. 690,829 } { Area 706,463 }	421	66	59	62	14.7	943	1.4	1.3	2.2	542	57.4	2,317	5.5	3.6
Warwickshire - - -	{ Pop. 193,123 } { Area 546,665 }	171	88	31	33	19.3	275	1.4	5	1.6	159	57.8	630	3.1	2.7
Worcestershire, with Evesham - - -	{ Pop. 249,154 } { Area 431,553 }	168	67	38	35	20.8	459	1.8	1.06	2.7	276	60.1	678	4.0	2.7
Averages - - -	- - -	-	67	37	-	16.99	-	1.3	72	1.93	-	62.51	-	5.26	3.55

TABLE I.

GROUP 3.—WELSH COUNTIES.

A COMPARATIVE STATEMENT of the Strength of, and Numerical Changes in, the Police Forces; the Number of "Table 4, Indictable Offences" Committed; the Numbers and Per-Centages of Offenders Apprehended and Committed for Trial for such Offences; and the Number of Bad Characters, with their several Proportions to Population, Area, and Police, in the undermentioned WELSH COUNTIES having efficient Police Forces, for the Year ending 29th September 1864.

COUNTIES (WELSH.)	Population (Census 1861) and Area.	The Police Force.					Number of "Table 4, Indictable Offences" Committed.				Number of Offenders Apprehended and Committed for Trial for such Offences.		Number of known Thieves and Suspected Persons at large.		
1.	2.	3. Total Strength.	4. Strength to 1,000 Population.	5. Strength to 1,000 Acres.	6. Total Number Resigned and Dismissed.	7. Change per Cent.	8. Total.	9. To 1,000 Population.	10. To 1,000 Acres.	11. To each Unit of Police Strength.	12. Total.	13. Number Committed for Trial for each 100 Indictable Offences Committed.	14. Total.	15. To each Unit of Police Strength.	16. To 1,000 Population.
Anglesea, with Beaumaris	{ Pop. 54,609 } { Area 193,453 }	28	42	11	3	13.0	38	60	17	1.4	28	84.8	65	2.8	1.1
Carmarvonshire, with Bangor and Carmarvon - -	{ Pop. 92,776 } { Area 367,995 }	48	51	13	11	22.9	112	1.2	3	2.3	44	30.2	196	4.06	2.1
Denbighshire, with Denbigh	{ Pop. 104,316 } { Area 374,303 }	57	54	15	10	17.5	65	62	17	1.1	53	81.5	119	2.08	1.1
Flintshire, with Flint* -	{ Pop. 68,849 } { Area 185,264 }	37	53	19	4	10.8	62	38	33	1.6	50	80.6	72	1.9	1.03
Merionethshire - - -	{ Pop. 38,888 } { Area 383,581 }	26	59	05	2	8.6	47	1.2	12	2.04	24	51.06	47	2.04	1.2
Montgomeryshire, with Montgomery and Welchpool -	{ Pop. 66,919 } { Area 483,323 }	29	43	06	4	12.7	116	1.7	24	4.0	107	92.2	195	6.7	2.9
Averages - - -	- - -	-	5	10	-	15.66	-	1.02	21	2.0	-	70.34	-	3.19	1.62

* The borough of Flint force has been amalgamated with the county force this year.

TABLE I.

GROUP 4.—BOROUGHs, with Populations not exceeding 8,000.

A COMPARATIVE STATEMENT of the Strength of, and Numerical Changes in, the Police Forces; the Number of "Table 4, Indictable Offences" Committed; the Numbers and Per-Centages of Offenders Apprehended and Committed for Trial for such Offences; and the Number of Bad Characters, with their several Proportions to Population and Police in the undermentioned Boroughs, with Populations not exceeding 8,000, having efficient Police Forces, for the Year ending 29th September 1864.

BOROUGHs, with Populations not exceeding 8,000.	Population (Census 1861).	The Police Force.				Number of "Table 4, Indictable Offences" Committed.			Number of Offenders Apprehended and Committed for Trial for such Offences.		Number of known Thieves and Suspected Persons at large.		
		Total Strength.	Strength to 1,000 Population.	Total Number Resigned and Dismissed.	Change per Cent.	Total.	To 1,000 Population.	To each Unit of Police Strength.	Total.	Number Committed for Trial for each 100 Indictable Offences Committed.	Total.	To each Unit of Police Strength.	To 1,000 Population.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.
Banbury - - - -	4,055	5	1·2	-	-	13	3·2	2·6	15	115·3	5	1·0	1·2
Grantham - - - -	4,954	5	1·0	2	40·0	27	5·5	5·4	17	62·9	20	4·0	4·0
Hertford - - - -	6,769	6	·89	-	-	10	1·4	1·6	4	40·0	72	12·0	10·7
Lichfield - - - -	6,893	6	·88	3	50·0	6	·88	1·0	6	100·0	13	2·1	1·9
Ludlow - - - -	5,178	5	·98	3	60·0	9	1·7	1·8	7	77·7	13	2·6	2·5
St. Alban's - - -	7,675	7	·92	-	-	17	2·2	2·4	15	88·2	14	2·0	1·8
Stratford-on-Avon - -	3,672	4	1·1	1	25·0	7	1·9	1·7	7	100·0	19	4·7	5·2
Sudbury - - - -	6,879	6	·88	-	-	10	1·4	1·6	4	40·0	13	2·1	1·9
Averages - - - -	-	-	·95	-	20·45	-	2·1	2·25	-	75·75	-	3·8	3·6

TABLE I.

GROUP 5.—BOROUGHs, with Populations exceeding 8,000 and not exceeding 20,000.

A COMPARATIVE STATEMENT of the Strength of, and Numerical Changes in, the Police Forces; the Number of "Table 4, Indictable Offences" Committed; the Numbers and Per-Centages of Offenders Apprehended and Committed for Trial for such Offences; and the Number of Bad Characters, with their several Proportions to Population and Police in the undermentioned Boroughs, with Populations exceeding 8,000 and not exceeding 20,000, having efficient Police Forces, for the Year ending 29th September 1864.

BOROUGHs, with Populations exceeding 8,000 and not exceeding 20,000.	Population (Census 1861).	The Police Force.				Number of "Table 4, Indictable Offences" Committed.			Number of Offenders Apprehended and Committed for Trial for such Offences.		Number of known Thieves and Suspected Persons at large.		
		Total Strength.	Strength to 1,000 Population.	Total Number Resigned and Dismissed.	Change per Cent.	Total.	To 1,000 Population.	To each Unit of Police Strength.	Total.	Number Committed for Trial for each 100 Indictable Offences Committed.	Total.	To each Unit of Police Strength.	To 1,000 Population.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.
Bedford - - - -	13,412	13	·97	1	7·6	32	2·38	2·4	21	65·6	9	·60	·67
Boston - - - -	15,038	15	1·0	2	13·3	43	2·86	2·8	17	39·5	31	2·06	2·0
Chesterfield - - -	9,835	11	1·1	2	18·1	24	2·44	2·1	10	41·6	18	1·6	1·8
Great Grimsby - - -	11,032	10	·9	3	30·0	73	6·63	7·3	25	34·2	54	5·4	4·9
Kidderminster - - -	15,399	16	1·04	2	12·5	10	·65	·6	5	50·0	48	3·0	3·1
King's Lynn - - - -	15,981	19	1·19	1	5·2	22	1·38	1·1	8	36·3	7	·36	·44
Leamington - - - -	17,452	21	1·2	4	19·0	19	1·09	·9	16	84·2	51	2·4	2·9
Newark - - - -	11,562	11	·95	2	18·1	10	·86	·9	9	90·0	18	1·6	1·5
Stamford - - - -	8,044	10	1·25	3	30·0	15	1·87	1·5	9	60·0	27	2·7	3·3
Warwick - - - -	10,589	11	1·04	4	36·3	23	2·19	2·09	10	43·4	11	1·0	1·0
Wisbeach - - - -	9,218	11	1·19	-	-	14	1·52	1·2	9	64·2	60	6·2	7·5
Averages - - - -	-	-	1·07	-	16·2	-	2·07	1·92	-	46·77	-	2·31	2·49

TABLE I.

GROUP 6.—BOROUGHs, with Populations exceeding 20,000 and not exceeding 50,000.

A COMPARATIVE STATEMENT of the Strength of, and Numerical Changes in, the Police Forces; the Number of "Table 4, Indictable Offences" Committed; the Numbers and Per-Centages of Offenders Apprehended and Committed for Trial for such Offences; and the Number of Bad Characters, with their several Proportions to Population and Police in the undermentioned BOROUGHs, with Populations exceeding 20,000 and not exceeding 50,000, having efficient Police Forces, for the Year ending 29th September 1864.

BOROUGHs with Populations exceeding 20,000 and not exceeding 50,000.	Population (Census 1861).	The Police Force.				Number of "Table 4, Indictable Offences" Committed.			Number of Offenders Apprehended and Committed for Trial for such Offences.		Number of known Thieves and Suspected Persons at large.		
		Total Strength.	Strength to 1,000 Population.	Total Number Resigned and Dismissed.	Change per Cent.	Total.	To 1,000 Population.	To each Unit of Police Strength.	Total.	Number Committed for Trial for each 100 Indictable Offences Committed.	Total.	To each Unit of Police Strength.	To 1,000 Population.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.
Cambridge - - -	26,351	34	1·2	2	5·8	41	1·5	1·2	27	65·8	90	2·6	3·4
Colchester - - -	23,730	22	·92	1	4·5	100	4·2	4·5	20	20·0	72	3·2	3·0
Coventry - - -	40,917	36	·88	9	25·0	60	1·4	1·6	18	30·5	68	1·8	1·6
Derby - - -	43,081	43	1·0	13	30·2	73	1·69	1·7	40	54·7	131	3·0	3·0
Great Yarmouth - -	34,573	34	·98	2	5·8	66	1·9	1·9	33	50·0	75	2·2	2·1
Ipswich - - -	37,719	37	·98	1	2·7	113	3·0	3·0	37	32·7	72	1·9	1·9
Lincoln - - -	20,995	21	1·0	4	19·0	18	·86	·85	10	55·5	33	1·5	1·5
Northampton - - -	32,813	39	1·1	8	20·5	95	2·89	2·4	60	63·1	73	1·8	2·2
Peterborough (Liberty) -	22,655	18	·79	5	27·7	42	1·8	2·3	29	69·0	64	3·5	2·8
Shrewsbury - - -	23,000	23	1·0	3	13·0	43	1·8	1·8	21	48·8	37	1·6	1·6
Walsall - - -	37,762	30	·79	18	60·0	37	·98	1·2	19	51·3	177	5·9	4·69
Worcester - - -	32,000	31	·96	6	19·3	100	3·1	3·2	63	63·0	153	4·9	4·7
Averages - - -	-	-	·98	-	1·95	-	2·09	2·13	-	47·9	-	2·8	2·78

TABLE I.

GROUP 7.—BOROUGHs, with Populations exceeding 50,000.

A COMPARATIVE STATEMENT of the Strength of, and Numerical Changes in, the Police Forces; the Number of "Table 4, Indictable Offences" Committed; the Numbers and Per-Centages of Offenders Apprehended and Committed for Trial for such Offences; and the Number of Bad Characters, with their several Proportions to Population and Police in the undermentioned BOROUGHs, with Populations exceeding 50,000, having efficient Police Forces, for the Year ending 29th September 1864.

BOROUGHs, with Populations exceeding 50,000.	Population (Census 1861).	The Police Force.				Number of "Table 4, Indictable Offences" Committed.			Number of Offenders Apprehended and Committed for Trial for such Offences.		Number of known Thieves and Suspected Persons at large.		
		Total Strength.	Strength to 1,000 Population.	Total Number Resigned and Dismissed.	Change per Cent.	Total.	To 1,000 Population.	To each Unit of Police Strength.	Total.	Number Committed for Trial for each 100 Indictable Offences Committed.	Total.	To each Unit of Police Strength.	To 1,000 Population.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.
Birmingham - - -	295,955	377	1·2	94	24·9	752	2·5	1·9	431	57·3	1,731	4·6	5·8
Leicester - - -	68,168	75	1·1	21	28·0	200	2·9	2·6	68	34·0	149	2·0	2·1
Norwich - - -	74,414	88	1·1	8	9·0	155	2·0	1·7	77	49·6	211	2·4	2·8
Nottingham - - -	74,531	99	1·3	16	16·1	204	2·7	2·0	44	21·5	229	2·2	3·0
Wolverhampton - - -	60,858	68	1·1	15	22·0	58	·9	·8	46	79·3	430	6·3	7·0
Averages - - -	-	-	1·2	-	21·7	-	2·3	1·9	-	48·6	-	3·8	4·7

TABLE II.

GROUP 1.—ENGLISH AGRICULTURAL COUNTIES.

A STATISTICAL TABLE of the Numbers of Public Houses and Beer Houses, and the Amount of Drunkenness, with their Proportions to each other, and to Population; showing also their comparative Influence upon the Amount of the Indictable Crime Committed, and the Number of known Thieves and suspected Persons existing in the undermentioned ENGLISH AGRICULTURAL COUNTIES, for the Year ending 29th September 1864.

COUNTIES (ENGLISH AGRICULTURAL).	1.	2. Population (Census 1861).	3. Number of "Table 4," or Indictable Offences Committed, per 1,000 Population.	4. Number of known Thieves and suspected Persons per 1,000 Population.	L I C E N S E D H O U S E S.										D R U N K A N D D I S O R D E R L Y.								
					Total Number of Licensed Houses.		Total Number proceeded against for Offences against good Order.		Total Number Convicted.		11. Licences forfeited for Misconduct.	12. To 1,000 Population.	13. Number per Cent. Convicted of Offences against good Order.	14. Number per Cent. of Informations against Licensed Houses Dismissed.	15. Number per Cent. of Licences forfeited for Misconduct.	16. Total Number proceeded against.	17. Total Number Convicted.	18. Total Number Discharged.	19. Number proceeded against per 1,000 Population.	20. Number Convicted per 1,000 Population.	21. Number per Cent. proceeded against who were Discharged.	22. Number Convicted to each Licensed House.	23. Number Convicted to each Convicted of a Licensed House.
					Public Houses.	Beer Houses.	Public Houses.	Beer Houses.	Public Houses.	Beer Houses.													
Bedfordshire	-	121,805	·89	3·7	531	379	9	13	8	11	-	7·4	2·08	13·6	-	211	192	19	1·7	1·5	9·0	·31	10·1
Bedfordshire	-	160,922	1·4	3·9	818	485	28	44	22	31	-	8·2	4·03	26·3	-	334	272	62	2·08	1·7	18·5	·20	5·1
Cambridgeshire	-	85,256	·65	2·8	400	392	2	0	2	9	-	8·4	1·5	-	-	36	34	2	·42	·39	5·5	·04	3·69
Ely, Isle of	-	55,319	·88	6·3	254	313	5	11	3	10	-	10·2	2·2	18·7	-	122	110	12	2·2	1·9	9·8	·19	8·4
Essex, with Harwich and Saffron Walden	-	291,224	1·4	3·1	950	746	21	35	20	30	2	5·8	2·9	10·7	·11	389	255	34	·99	·87	11·7	·15	5·1
Hertfordshire	-	141,209	1·3	8·7	705	629	16	41	14	38	-	9·4	3·8	8·7	-	330	245	85	2·3	1·7	25·7	·18	4·7
Huntingdonshire, with Godmanchester and Huntingdon	-	64,250	·88	2·1	313	311	4	3	3	3	-	9·7	·96	14·2	-	105	78	27	1·6	1·2	25·7	·12	13·0
Leicestershire	-	169,350	·87	2·5	774	209	23	18	22	17	-	5·8	3·9	4·8	-	341	307	34	2·0	1·8	9·9	·31	7·8
Lincolnshire	-	343,140	1·3	3·9	1,091	573	48	37	41	32	3	4·8	4·3	14·1	·18	891	792	99	2·5	2·3	11·1	·47	10·8
Northamptonshire	-	317,295	1·0	3·9	1,206	549	26	38	23	36	2	5·5	3·3	7·8	·11	344	318	26	1·08	1·0	7·5	1·8	5·3
Northamptonshire	-	167,854	1·1	1·2	626	331	9	17	5	9	3	5·7	1·4	46·1	·31	348	310	38	2·0	1·8	10·9	·32	22·1
Oxfordshire	-	140,730	·88	5·1	610	359	15	19	12	17	-	6·8	2·9	14·7	-	326	235	91	2·3	1·6	27·9	·24	8·1
Rutlandshire	-	21,367	·82	2·1	80	62	2	5	1	3	1	6·5	2·8	42·8	·7	40	24	16	1·8	1·1	40·0	·16	6·0
Shropshire, with Oswestry and Wenlock	-	217,379	1·3	1·5	723	385	38	46	24	35	-	5·09	5·3	29·7	-	1,075	994	81	4·9	4·5	7·5	·89	16·8
Suffolk, East, with Beccles, Eye, and Orford	-	179,213	·71	2·4	500	240	8	10	5	8	-	4·1	1·7	27·7	-	166	135	31	·92	·75	18·6	·18	10·3
Suffolk, West, with Bury St. Edmund's	-	113,418	1·1	2·8	357	214	10	19	10	16	1	5·0	4·5	10·3	·17	150	144	6	1·3	1·2	·40	·35	5·5
Averages	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6·19	3·2	17·3	-	-	-	-	1·97	1·71	13·07	·37	8·5

TABLE II.

GROUP 2.—MINING AND MANUFACTURING COUNTIES.

A STATISTICAL TABLE of the Number of Public Houses and Beer Houses, and the Amount of Drunkenness, with their Proportions to each other, and to Population; showing also their comparative Influence upon the Amount of Indictable Crime Committed, and the Number of known Thieves and suspected Persons existing in the undermentioned Mining and MANUFACTURING COUNTIES, for the Year ending 29th September 1864.

COUNTIES (MINING AND MANUFACTURING).	Population (Census 1861).	Number of "Table 4," or Indictable Offences Com- mitted, per 1,000 Population.	Number of known Thieves and suspected Persons per 1,000 Population.	LICENSED HOUSES.										DRUNK AND DISORDERLY.								
				Total Number of Licensed Houses.		Total Number proceeded against for Offences against good Order.		Total Number Convicted.		Total Number of Licenses forfeited for Misconduct.	To 1,000 Population.	Number per Cent. Convicted of Offences against good Order.	Number per Cent. of Licensed Houses Dislicensed.	Number per Cent. of Licenses forfeited for Misconduct.	Total Number proceeded against.	Total Number Convicted.	Total Number Discharged.	Number proceeded against per 1,000 Population.	Number Convicted per 1,000 Population.	Number per Cent. proceeded against who were Discharged.	Number Convicted to each Licensed House.	Number Convicted to each Convicted of a Licensed House.
				Public Houses.	Beer Houses.	Public Houses.	Beer Houses.	Public Houses.	Beer Houses.													
				1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.
Derbyshire - - -	286,400	71	3.6	1,098	568	25	52	21	45	4	5.8	9.9	14.2	24	680	625	66	2.4	2.1	9.4	37	9.4
Nottinghamshire, with Retford - - -	307,691	79	4.5	739	254	90	79	69	65	3	4.7	13.4	20.7	3	706	576	130	3.4	2.7	18.4	58	4.3
Staffordshire, with Stafford and Tamworth - - -	650,829	1.4	3.6	1,976	2,198	179	491	153	420	8	6.6	13.7	14.4	19	3,306	2,656	650	5.2	4.2	19.6	63	4.6
Warwickshire - - -	193,123	1.4	2.7	790	384	28	41	23	32	2	5.8	4.8	21.7	17	410	348	62	2.1	1.8	15.1	3	6.4
Worcestershire, with Eves- ham - - -	248,164	1.8	2.7	1,015	576	56	50	38	36	2	6.3	4.7	28.3	12	518	349	168	2.0	1.4	6.2	41	4.5
Averages - - -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.09	9.45	17.2	19	-	-	-	3.69	2.9	19.11	47	5.04

No. 1.
Eastern Counties,
Midland,
and North Wales
District.

TABLE II.

GROUP 3.—WELSH COUNTIES.

A STATISTICAL TABLE of the Numbers of Public Houses and Beer Houses, and the Amount of Drunkenness, with their Proportions to each other, and to Population; showing also their comparative Influence upon the Amount of Indictable Crime Committed, and the Number of known Thieves and suspected Persons existing in the undermentioned Welsh Counties, for the Year ending 29th September 1864.

W E L S H C O U N T I E S.	1.	Population (Census 1861).	Number of "Table 4," or Indictable Offences Com- mitted per 1,000 Population.	Number of known Thieves and suspected Persons per 1,000 Population.	L I C E N S E D H O U S E S.										D R U N K A N D D I S O R D E R L Y.								
					Total Number of Licensed Houses.		Total Number proceeded against for Offences against good Order.		Total Number Convicted.		To 1,000 Population.	Number per Cent. Convicted of Offences against good Order.	Number per Cent. of Informations against Licensed Houses Dismissed.	Number per Cent. of Licenses forfeited for Misconduct.	Total Number proceeded against.	Total Number Convicted.	Total Number Discharged.	Number proceeded against per 1,000 Population.	Number Convicted per 1,000 Population.	Number per Cent. proceeded against who were Discharged.	Number Convicted to each Licensed House.	Number Convicted to each Conviction of a Licensed House.	
					Public Houses.	Beer Houses.	Public Houses.	Beer Houses.	Public Houses.	Beer Houses.													
		2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.
	Anglesea, with Beaumaris	54,609	6	1.1	968	11	9	-	4	-	-	5.1	1.4	55.5	-	81	58	23	1.4	1.06	28.3	2	14.5
	Carmarvonshire, with Ban- gor and Carnarvon	92,776	1.2	2.1	427	54	20	13	14	12	-	5.1	5.4	21.2	-	480	404	76	5.1	4.34	15.8	83	15.5
	Denbighshire, with Denbigh	104,316	6.2	1.1	441	96	9	21	7	21	1	5.1	5.2	6.6	1.8	372	281	91	3.5	2.6	24.4	53	10.0
	Flintshire	69,849	8.8	1.03	417	50	28	11	23	8	-	6.6	6.6	20.5	-	404	379	25	5.7	5.4	6.1	81	12.2
	Merionethshire	38,888	1.2	1.3	137	8	6	-	5	-	1	3.7	3.4	16.6	6.8	110	95	15	2.8	2.4	13.6	65	19.0
	Montgomeryshire, with Montgomery and Welch- pool	66,919	1.7	2.9	258	49	17	15	16	13	1	4.5	9.4	9.3	32	296	220	76	4.4	3.2	25.6	71	7.5
	Averages	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.18	5.55	17.4	-	-	-	-	4.07	3.36	17.55	84	11.6

* The borough of Flint is now amalgamated with the county.

TABLE II.

GROUP 4.—BOROUGHs, with Populations not exceeding 8,000.

A STATISTICAL TABLE of the Numbers of Public Houses and Beer Houses, and the Amount of Drunkenness, with their Proportions to each other, and to Population; showing also their comparative Influence upon the Amount of Indictable Crime Committed, and the Number of known Thieves and suspected Persons existing in the undermentioned Boroughs, with Populations not exceeding 8,000, for the Year ending 29th September 1864.

BOROUGHs, with Populations not exceeding 8,000.	1.	2.	Population (Census 1861).	Number of "Table 4," or Indictable Offences Com- mitted to 1,000 Population.	3.	Number of known Thieves and suspected Persons per 1,000 Population.	LICENSED HOUSES.										DRUNK AND DISORDERLY.									
							Total Number of Licensed Houses.		Total Number proceeded against for Offences against good Order.				Total Number Convicted.		12. To 1,000 Population.	13. Number per Cent. Convicted of Offences against good Order.	14. Number per Cent. of Informations against Licensed Houses Dismissed.	15. Number per Cent. of Licenses forfeited for Misconduct.	16. Total Number proceeded against.	17. Total Number Convicted.	18. Total Number Discharged.	19. Number proceeded against per 1,000 Population.	20. Number Convicted per 1,000 Population.	21. Number per Cent. proceeded against who were Discharged.	22. Number Convicted to each Licensed House.	23. Number Convicted to each Conviction of a Licensed House.
							Public Houses.	Beer Houses.	Public Houses.	Beer Houses.	Public Houses.	Beer Houses.														
						4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.	
	Banbury -	-	4,055	3.2	1.2	38	17	-	-	-	-	-	13.7	-	-	-	none	46	86	10	11.5	9.0	21.7	65	+	
	Grantham -	-	4,954	5.5	4.0	32	17	3	4	3	4	3	4	10.0	14.2	none	36	29	7	7.3	5.9	19.4	59	4.1		
	Hertford -	-	6,769	1.4	10.7	49	24	-	-	-	-	-	10.80	-	-	-	none	19	15	4	2.8	2.2	21.0	2.0	+	
	Lichfield -	-	6,893	8.8	1.9	66	5	10	1	10	1	1	none	10.4	15.49	none	101	80	21	14.8	11.7	20.7	1.1	7.2		
	Ladlow -	-	5,178	1.7	2.5	59	3	5	-	-	-	-	12.1	6.4	6.4	20.0	none	100	61	39	19.6	11.9	39.0	98	15.2	
	St. Alban's -	-	7,675	2.3	1.8	56	31	5	3	5	5	3	none	11.4	9.1	none	52	21	31	6.8	2.2	59.6	59.6	2.4	2.6	
	Stratford-on-Avon -	-	3,672	1.9	5.2	33	3	2	-	-	2	-	none	10.0	5.5	none	24	19	5	6.6	5.2	20.8	20.8	52	9.5	
	Sudbury -	-	6,879	1.4	1.9	19	21	-	3	-	-	1	none	5.8	2.5	66.6	none	10	8	2	1.4	1.1	20.0	2	8.0	
	Averages -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10.2	6.97	8.33	-	-	-	-	8.4	5.8	30.67	56	8.15	

* No informations laid.

† No licensed houses convicted.

No. 1.

Eastern Counties,
Midland,
and North Wales
District.

TABLE II.

GROUP 5.—BOROUGHs, with Populations exceeding 8,000, and not exceeding 20,000.

A STATISTICAL TABLE of the Numbers of Public Houses and Beer Houses, and the Amount of Drunkenness, with their Proportions to each other, and to Population; showing also their comparative Influence upon the Amount of Indictable Crime Committed, and the Number of known Thieves and suspected Persons existing in the undermentioned Boroughs, with Populations exceeding 8,000, and not exceeding 20,000, for the Year ending 29th September 1864.

1.	BOROUGHs, with Populations exceeding 8,000, and not exceeding 20,000.	Population (Census 1861).	Number of "Table 4," or Indictable Offences Com- mitted per 1,000 Population.	3.	4.	LICENSED HOUSES.										DRUNK AND DISORDERLY.							
						Total Number of Licensed Houses.		Total Number proceeded against for Offences against good Order.	Total Number Convicted.		11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.
						Public Houses.	Beer Houses.		Public Houses.	Beer Houses.													
Bedford	-	13,412	2.38	.67	43	64	1	9	1	4	7.98	4.6	50.0	none	34	14	20	2.5	1.0	58.8	.13	2.8	
Boston	-	15,038	2.86	2.0	44	38	6	3	6	3	5.4	10.9	-	none	124	68	56	8.2	4.5	45.1	.82	7.5	
Chesterfield	-	9,835	2.44	1.8	56	34	1	5	1	4	9.1	5.5	16.6	none	79	63	17	8.0	6.3	21.5	.68	12.4	
Great Grimaby	-	11,032	6.63	4.9	39	19	4	5	3	3	5.1	10.5	33.3	none	131	106	15	11.0	9.6	12.8	1.8	17.6	
Kidderminster	-	15,399	.65	3.1	93	29	3	-	1	-	7.9	.81	66.6	none	71	34	37	4.6	2.2	52.1	.27	34.0	
King's Lynn	-	15,981	1.38	.44	155	23	1	2	1	2	11.1	1.6	-	none	83	64	19	5.2	4.0	22.8	.35	21.3	
Leamington	-	17,452	1.00	2.9	81	5	2	-	-	-	4.9	-	100.0	none	54	22	32	3.1	1.2	59.2	.25	*	
Newark	-	11,562	.86	1.5	53	29	2	-	1	-	7.1	1.2	50.0	none	20	13	7	1.7	1.1	35.0	.15	13.0	
Stamford	-	8,044	1.87	3.3	67	8	3	1	3	1	9.3	5.3	-	none	61	11	50	7.6	1.3	81.9	.14	2.7	
Warwick	-	10,589	2.19	1.0	59	16	-	2	-	2	7.1	2.6	-	none	66	25	41	6.2	2.3	62.1	.33	12.5	
Walsbech	-	9,218	1.52	7.5	49	28	3	-	2	-	8.3	2.0	33.3	none	70	30	40	7.6	3.2	57.1	.38	15.0	
Averages	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.49	3.68	32.3	-	-	-	-	5.68	3.26	42.6	.43	11.81	

* No licensed houses convicted.

TABLE II.

GROUP 6.—BOROUGHs, with Populations exceeding, 20,000 and not exceeding 50,000.

A STATISTICAL TABLE of the Numbers of Public Houses and Beer Houses, and the Amount of Drunkenness, with their Proportions to each other, and to Population; showing also their comparative Influence upon the Amount of Indictable Crime Committed, and the Number of known Thieves and suspected Persons existing in the undermentioned Boroughs, with Populations exceeding 20,000, and not exceeding 50,000, for the Year ending 29th September 1864.

BOROUGHS, with Populations exceeding 20,000, and not exceeding 50,000.	Population (Census 1861).	L I C E N S E D H O U S E S.										D R U N K A N D D I S O R D E R L Y.										
		Number of "Table 4," or Indictable Offences Com- mitted per 1,000 Population.	Number of known Thieves and suspected Persons per 1,000 Population.	Total Number of Licensed Houses.		Total Number proceeded against for Offences against good Order.	Total Number Convicted.		Total Number of Licences forfeited for Misconduct.	To 1,000 Population.	Number per Cent. Convicted of Offences against good Order.	Number per Cent. of Licensed Houses Informations against Dismissed.	Number per Cent. of Licences forfeited for Misconduct.	Total Number proceeded against.	Total Number Convicted.	Total Number Discharged.	Number proceeded against per 1,000 Population.	Number Convicted per 1,000 Population.	Number per Cent. proceeded against who were Discharged.	Number Convicted to each Licensed House.	Number Convicted to each Conviction of a Licensed House.	
				Public Houses.	Beer Houses.		Public Houses.	Beer Houses.														
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.
Cambridge	26,351	1.5	3.4	215	36	4	5	4	5	-	9.5	3.5	-	-	86	50	36	3.2	1.9	41.8	.19	5.5
Colchester	23,730	4.2	3.0	105	86	-	3	-	2	-	5.9	1.4	33.3	-	54	22	32	2.2	.92	59.2	.15	11.0
Coventry	40,917	1.4	1.6	252	2	23	1	22	1	-	6.2	9.0	20.6	-	150	37	113	3.6	.9	75.3	.14	1.6
Derby	43,081	1.69	3.0	205	107	34	25	30	20	-	7.2	16.0	15.2	-	324	152	173	7.5	3.5	53.0	.48	3.0
Great Yarmouth	34,573	1.9	2.1	183	72	14	20	11	18	-	7.3	11.3	14.7	-	214	204	10	6.2	5.9	4.6	.80	7.0
Ipswich	37,719	3.0	1.9	140	118	5	7	3	2	2	6.8	1.9	58.3	.77	112	32	80	2.9	.84	71.4	.12	6.4
Lincoln	30,935	.86	1.5	99	44	9	3	6	1	1	6.8	4.8	41.6	.7	67	41	26	3.2	1.9	38.8	.28	5.8
Northampton	32,813	2.89	2.2	70	194	6	45	6	33	-	8.0	14.3	25.4	-	145	139	6	4.4	4.2	4.1	.52	3.6
Peterborough (Liberty)	22,655	1.8	2.8	93	74	1	4	-	3	-	7.3	1.79	40.0	-	23	18	5	1.0	.79	21.7	.10	6.0
Shrewsbury	23,000	1.8	1.6	154	32	11	6	9	6	-	8.0	8.0	11.7	-	261	206	55	11.3	8.9	21.0	1.1	13.7
Walsall	37,762	.98	4.69	163	113	10	3	6	2	-	7.4	2.8	38.4	-	140	84	56	6.7	9.2	40.0	.29	10.5
Worcester	32,000	3.1	4.7	174	68	16	11	13	11	-	8.3	8.98	11.1	-	256	122	134	8.0	3.8	53.3	.45	5.0
Averages	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.4	7.6	21.4	-	-	-	-	4.87	2.94	39.57	.39	5.19

TABLE II.

GROUP 7.—BOROUGHs, with Populations exceeding 50,000.

A STATISTICAL TABLE of the Numbers of Public Houses and Beer Houses, and the Amount of Drunkenness, with their Proportions to each other, and to Population; showing also their comparative Influence upon the Amount of Indictable Crime Committed, and the Number of known Thieves and suspected Persons existing in the undermentioned Boroughs, with Populations exceeding 50,000, for the Year ending 29th September 1864.

BOROUGHs, with Populations exceeding 50,000.	1.	Population (Census 1861).	2.	Number of "Table 4," or Indictable Offences, Com- mitted per 1,000 Population.	3.	Number of known Thieves and suspected Persons per 1,000 Population.	LICENSED HOUSES.										DRUNK AND DISORDERLY.								
							Total Number of Licensed Houses.		Total Number proceeded against for Offences against good Order.		Total Number Convicted.		11. Total Number of Licenses forfeited for Misconduct.	12. To 1,000 Population.	13. Number per Cent. Convicted of Offences against good Order.	14. Number per Cent. of Licensed Houses Dismissed.	15. Number per Cent. of Licenses forfeited for Misconduct.	16. Total Number proceeded against.	17. Total Number Convicted.	18. Total Number Discharged.	19. Number proceeded against per 1,000 Population.	20. Number Convicted per 1,000 Population.	21. Number per Cent. were Discharged.	22. Number Convicted to each Licensed House.	23. Number Convicted to each Conviction of a Licensed House.
							Public Houses.	Beer Houses.	Public Houses.	Beer Houses.	Public Houses.	Beer Houses.													
														5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.						
Birmingham -	-	285,955		2.5	5.8	673	1,091	121	338	98	266	none	5.9	20.6	20.6	none	1,373	365	1,008	4.6	1.2	73.4	.2	1.0	
Leicester -	-	68,168		2.9	2.1	295	120	14	19	11	16	none	6.1	6.5	18.1	none	350	318	32	5.1	4.6	9.1	.7	11.7	
Norwich -	-	74,414		2.0	2.8	606	30	19	-	13	-	none	8.5	2.0	31.5	none	118	52	66	1.5	.7	55.9	.08	4.0	
Nottingham -	-	74,531		2.7	3.0	240	192	7	14	6	14	none	5.8	4.6	4.7	none	111	90	21	1.4	1.2	18.9	.2	4.5	
Wolverhampton -	-	60,858		.9	7.0	214	215	39	106	34	96	none	7.0	30.3	10.3	none	385	293	92	6.3	4.8	23.8	.6	2.2	
Averages -	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.4	15.0	18.1	-	-	-	-	4.0	1.9	52.1	.3	2.0	

Note.—These Tables have been prepared with the assistance of Superintendent Young, of the Bedfordshire police, by permission of the Chief Constable for that county.

REPORTS upon the COUNTIES and BOROUGHs respectively.

COUNTY OF BEDFORD.

Population, 1861	-	-	-	121,805	Population to one constable	-	-	1,486	County of Bedford.
Area in acres	-	-	-	281,211	Area to one constable	-	-	3,429	
Strength of force	-	-	-	82	Date of inspection, 17 March.				

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.							Weekly Pay in Shillings.						
	Chief Constable.	Superintendents.					Inspectors.		Serjeants.		Constables.			
Number and Classes	1	1	1	2	2	1	-	-	2	7	22	8	31	4
Rates of Pay -	£. 350	£. 165	£. 125	£. 120	£. 110	£. 100	-	-	25	23	21	20	19	16

Chief constable's allowance for travelling, 50 l. per annum ; superintendents for horses, 50 l. per annum.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61	73	71	64	168	134	18
1861-62	105	81	74	242	198	19
1862-63	125	102	84	234	173	35
1863-64	109	100	81	211	156	36

	Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.
Public Houses and Beer Houses	531	9	8
	379	13	11

The police act as inspectors of weights and measures, of common lodging-houses, nuisances, and assistant relieving officers for vagrants, of whom 1,136 were relieved during the year, being a decrease from the year previous of 144. Eight constables resigned, and one was dismissed during the year : 238 known thieves and 223 suspected persons are reported to reside within the county. The station-houses are all in good order, that at Luton having received an addition of six cells. This force received last year an addition of one serjeant and four constables in the Luton district, which was necessary from the rapid increase of building and population ; in all other respects the force is in the same state as last year, and it is efficient.

BOROUGH OF BEDFORD.

Population, 1861	-	-	-	13,412	Strength of force	-	-	-	13	Borough of Bedford.
Area in acres	-	-	-	2,309	Population to one constable	-	-	-	1,031	
					Date of inspection, 17 March.					

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.		Weekly Pay in Shillings.			
	Head Constable.	Inspectors.	Serjeants.	Constables.		
Number and Classes	1	-	2	1	4	5
Rates of Pay -	£. 142	-	24 s.	21 s.	20 s.	19 s.

No. 1.
Eastern Counties,
Midland,
and North Wales
District.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 -	42	31	24	24	8	-
1861-62 -	22	23	17	35	12	6
1862-63 -	40	37	19	38	8	7
1863-64 -	32	24	21	34	9	5
			Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.	
Public Houses - - - -			43	1	1	
Beer Houses - - - -			64	9	4	

The head constable acts as inspector of weights and measures. One constable resigned during the year. Two known thieves and seven suspected persons are reported to reside within the borough. The station-house is in good repair, and the constables have the advantage of a library. This force, though small, might be benefited by occasional drill. The night-duty beats appeared not to be equally arranged, which I pointed out to the watch committee. In other respects the force was in order, and it is efficient.

COUNTY of BUCKS.

County of Bucks.

Population, 1861 - - -	160,022	Population to one constable - - -	1,333
Area in acres - - -	461,980	Area to one constable - - -	3,882
Strength of force - - -	120	Date of inspection, commenced	18 April.

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.							Weekly Pay in Shillings.				
	Chief Constable.	Superintendents.				Inspectors.		Serjeants.	Constables.			
Number and Classes	1	1	2	2	1	5	5	7	24	10	35	26
Rates of Pay -	£. 300	£. 130	£. 120	£. 115	£. 85	£. 85	£. 75	s. 23	s. 21	s. 20	s. 19	s. d. 17 6

Chief constable's allowance for travelling, 150*l.* Average expense of horses and carts found by the county, 44*l.* 10*s.* 7*d.*

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 -	248	146	118	230	146	-
1861-62 -	273	175	129	301	182	59
1862-63 -	254	160	128	334	217	54
1863-64 -	225	149	119	334	212	60
			Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.	
Public Houses - - - -			818	28	22	
Beer Houses - - - -			496	44	31	

The police act as inspectors of weights and measures, nuisances and common lodging-houses, and as assistant relieving officers for vagrants, of whom 4,374 were relieved during the year, being a decrease of 251 from those relieved the previous year. Seventeen constables resigned, and two were dismissed during the year: 84 known thieves and 541 suspected persons are reported to reside within the county. A new station-house is in the course of erection at Slough, and an improvement in the station at Stony Stratford, at the joint expense of this county and that of Northampton, has been voted. This force was inspected in four detachments, at Aylesbury, Winslow, Slough, and Wycombe, everything appearing in good order, although there had been rather numerous changes in the Wycombe division: an inspector has been appointed at the expense of Eton College. The force requires a reserve, which has been approved of by the last court of quarter sessions. It is efficient.

BOROUGH of BUCKINGHAM.

Population, 1861 - - - - 3,847 | Strength of force - - - - 4
 Area in acres - - - - 4,777 | Population to one constable - - - 960

Borough of
Buckingham.

RANKS.			Yearly Pay in £.		Weekly Pay in Shillings.	
			Head Constable.		Constables.	
Number and Classes - - -			1		3	
Rates of Pay - - -			£. 45		18 s.	

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 -	-	-	-	5	-	-
1861-62 -	9	9	8	8	2	2
1862-63 -	2	2	2	7	6	4
1863-64 -	1	1	1	3	1	2

			Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.
Public Houses and	-	-	29	1	1
Beer Houses -	-	-	3	1	1

No extra duties are performed by the police. This force remains precisely in the same state as last year. Only one indictable offence, and no known thieves or suspected persons are reported. The head constable continues to hold the offices of head constable and governor of the prison, which offices I consider incompatible with the efficiency of a force, and the area is too large to be perfectly watched by three constables. Therefore I report the force inefficient.

BOROUGH of CHIPPING WYCOMBE.

Population, 1861 - - - - 4,222 | Strength of force - - - - 3 Borough of Chip-
 Area in acres - - - - 120 | Population to one constable - - - 1,407 ping Wycombe.

Date of inspection, 18 June.

RANKS.			Yearly Pay in £.		Weekly Pay in Shillings.	
			Head Constable.		Constables.	
Number and Classes - - -			1		2	
Rates of Pay - - -			£. 90		18 s.	

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 -	25	20	17	15	-	-
1861-62 -	18	11	9	22	15	2
1862-63 -	11	9	9	23	8	9
1863-64 -	13	11	10	32	15	10

			Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.
Public Houses and	-	-	41	-	-
Beer Houses -	-	-	12	1	1

No extra duties are performed by the police. Ten known thieves and seven suspected persons are reported to reside within the borough. This force would

24. REPORTS OF INSPECTORS OF CONSTABULARY.

No. 1.
Eastern Counties,
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require another constable to be reported efficient. The head constable, as has been before reported, is an active and efficient officer, and his books are well kept; the two constables divide their duty, one taking it from 11 a.m. till 3 p.m., and from 7 p.m. till 5 a.m., the other from 10 p.m. till 4 a.m., so that the constables have either 10 hours' or 6 hours' night duty, without relief. The force is, from weakness, inefficient.

COUNTY OF CAMBRIDGE.

County of
Cambridge.

Population, 1861	-	-	-	85,256	Population to one constable	-	-	1,218
Area in acres	-	-	-	290,213	Area to one constable	-	-	4,146
Strength of force	-	-	-	70	Date of inspection, 26 April.			

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.						Weekly Pay in Shillings.			
	Chief Constable.	Superintendents.			Inspectors.		Serjeants.	Constables.		
Number and Classes -	1	1	1	2	2	2	4	17	19	21
Rates of Pay - -	£. 270	£. 140	£. 105	£. 95	£. 70	£. 65	£. 23	£. 21	£. 19	£. 17

Chief constable's allowance for travelling, 80 l. per annum; average expense of horses and carts to county, 52 l. 14 s. 10 d. The force is the same in number and classes as last year.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61	60	49	35	41	26	-
1861-62	66	69	60	54	38	4
1862-63	78	64	52	48	31	7
1863-64	56	45	40	36	31	3

	Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.
Public Houses	400	2	2
and Beer Houses	322	9	9

The police act as inspectors of weights and measures and common lodging-houses, and as assistant relieving officers for vagrants, of whom 948 were relieved during the year, being a decrease of 316 from those relieved the previous year. Eleven constables resigned, and four were dismissed during the year: 85 known thieves and 159 suspected persons are reported to reside within the county.

This force was inspected in a body at Cambridge, and appeared in excellent order; the changes in the force, however, have been above the average. The force is efficient.

BOROUGH OF CAMBRIDGE.

Borough of
Cambridge.

Population, 1861	-	-	-	26,351	Strength of force	-	-	-	34
Area in acres	-	-	-	3,470	Population to one constable	-	-	-	775
Date of inspection, 28 April.									

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.		Weekly Pay in Shillings.					
	Head Constable.	Inspectors.	Serjeants.		Constables.			
Number and Classes	1	3	3	1	7	8	7	5
Rates of Pay	£. 156	£. 75	£. 24	£. 23	£. 21	£. 20	£. 19	£. 17

The force remains nearly the same in classification as last year.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 -	51	27	20	43	30	—
1861-62 -	34	36	31	49	16	10
1862-63 -	47	46	41	90	40	10
1863-64 -	41	29	27	36	30	20
			Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.	
Public Houses -			215	4	4	
and Beer Houses -			36	5	5	

The police act as inspectors of common lodging-houses and nuisances, and assistant relieving officers for vagrants, of whom 1,249 were relieved during the year, being a decrease of 158 from those relieved the previous year. One constable resigned, and one was dismissed during the year; 43 known thieves and 47 suspected persons are reported to reside within the borough. The force on my inspection appeared in its usual good order, the station-house and cells were kept very clean, although they are not of the best description; the library for the men is well kept up, and much frequented by the constables. The inspectors took command of the parade, and put them through the common drill required, and the force is efficient.

ISLE of ELY.

Population, 1861 -	-	-	55,319	Population to one constable -	-	1,063	Isle of Ely.
Area in acres -	-	-	221,029	Area to one constable -	-	4,250	
Strength of force -	-	-	52	Date of inspection, 27 April.			

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.				Weekly Pay in Shillings.				
	Chief Constable.	Superintendents.		Inspectors.	Serjeants.	Constables.			
Number and Classes -	1	2	2	2	6	10	6	15	8
Rates of Pay - -	£. 250	£. 100	£. 90	£. 65	£. 23	£. 21	£. 20	£. 19	£. 17

The chief constable is allowed 50 *l.* per annum for travelling expenses; no horses are kept in this force.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 -	45	45	35	73	51	—
1861-62 -	51	46	39	142	102	14
1862-63 -	55	52	47	142	100	19
1863-64 -	49	50	46	122	89	21
			Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.	
Public Houses -			254	5	5	
and Beer Houses -			313	11	10	

The police act as inspectors of weights and measures and common lodging-houses, and as assistant relieving officers for vagrants, of whom 963 were relieved during the year, being a decrease of 153 from those relieved the previous year. Four constables resigned, and three were dismissed during the year: 82 known thieves and 270 suspected persons are reported to reside within the isle. The force is precisely the same in number and pay as last year; the appearance of the force is in its favour, and everything on inspection was in order; but I cannot approve of the diaries in use, which I have for several years reported without effect. An increase in the pay of the superintendents for length of good service appears desirable. The force is efficient.

No. 1.
Eastern Counties,
Midland,
and North Wales
District.

Borough of
Wisbeach.

BOROUGH of WISBEACH.

Population, 1861 - - - 9,218 | Strength of force - - - 11
Area in acres - - - 6,429 | Population to one constable - - 838
Date of inspection, 27 April.

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.		Weekly Pay in Shillings.			
	Head Constable.		Serjeants.		Constables.	
Number and classes -	1		1	2	4	3
Rates of Pay - -	£. 100		22 s.	21 s.	20 s.	18 s.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 -	28	33	21	54	12	-
1861-62 -	30	32	18	80	13	5
1862-63 -	17	16	14	72	12	13
1863-64 -	14	11	9	70	11	19

	Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.
Public Houses - - - -	49	3	2
Beer Houses - - - -	28	-	-

The head constable acts as assistant relieving officer for vagrants, of whom 997 were relieved during the year, being a decrease of 325 from the number relieved the previous year. Nineteen known thieves, and fifty suspected persons, were reported to reside within the borough. The force is efficient.

COUNTY of DERBY.

County of Derby. Population, 1861 - - - 286,400 | Population to one constable - 1,801
Area in acres - - - 623,990 | Area to one constable - - - 3,875
Strength of force - - - 161 | Date of inspection, commenced 21 July.

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.							Weekly Pay in Shillings.				
	Chief Constable.	Superintendents.					Inspectors.	Serjeants.		Constables.		
Number and Classes	1	1	4	4	3	3	13	17	11	40	30	34
Rates of Pay - -	£. 400	£. 150	£. 130	£. 120	£. 100	£. 90	£. 65	s. 23	s. 22	s. 21	s. 20	s. 18

The chief constable receives 100 l. per annum for travelling expenses, and the county find horses and carts at an average expense of 60 l. per annum for each superintendent.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 -	251	256	232	766	606	-
1861-62 -	256	217	192	845	677	102
1862-63 -	249	252	208	698	553	79
1863-64 -	205	182	162	690	547	78

	Number of.	Proceeded against.	Deprived of License.	Fined.
Public Houses - - - -	1,098	25	4	21
Beer Houses - - - -	568	52	-	45

No. 1.
Eastern Counties,
Midland,
and North Wales
District.

The police act as inspectors of weights and measures, common lodging houses, nuisances, and bridges; they act in three unions as assistant relieving officers for vagrants, of whom 2,996 were relieved during the year, being a large decrease from the previous year. Thirty constables resigned during the year, and two were dismissed; 349 known thieves, and 762 suspected persons are reported to reside within the county. The station-house at Alfretton still requires attention, and an increase to the reserve would add much to the efficiency of the force. The co-operation with the borough forces is well carried out, and the force is efficient.

BOROUGH of CHESTERFIELD.

Population, 1861 - - - - 9,835 | Strength of force - - - - 11 Borough of
Area in acres - - - - 450 | Population to one constable - - 894 Chesterfield.
Date of inspection, 22 July.

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.		Weekly Pay in Shillings.			
	Head Constable	Inspectors.	Serjeants.	Constables.		
Number and Classes - -	1	1	1	4	2	2
Rates of Pay - - - -	£. 100	£. 59 16.	22 s.	21 s.	20 s.	18 s.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 -	28	30	25	51	42	—
1861-62 -	23	29	24	55	42	—
1862-63 -	34	40	35	50	40	1
1863-64 -	24	25	10	79	48	14

	Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.
Public Houses - - - -	56	1	1
Beer Houses - - - -	34	5	4

The head constable acts as assistant relieving officer for vagrants, of whom 1,049 were relieved during the year, being an increase of 173 over the number relieved during the previous year. Two constables resigned during the year. Twelve known thieves and six suspected persons are reported to reside within the borough. The county station-house is at present used for the borough prisoners. There has been a change in the head constable, in consequence of a death vacancy. The force is efficient.

BOROUGH of DERBY.

Population, 1861 - - - - 43,081 | Strength of force - - - - 43 Borough of Derby.
Area in acres - - - - 1,660 | Population to one constable - - 1,002
Date of inspection, 21 July.

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.				Weekly Pay in Shillings.							
	Head Constable.	Inspectors.			Serjeants.			Constables.				
Number and Classes -	1	1	1	1	3	2	2	6	8	9	9	9
Rates of Pay - -	£. 175	£. 91	£. 70	£. 65	s. 24	s. 23	s. 22	s. 21	s. 20	s. 19	s. 18	s. 18

No. 1.
Eastern Counties,
Midland,
and North Wales
District.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 -	41	54	36	232	111	—
1861-62 -	43	48	32	253	106	42
1862-63 -	46	47	29	280	105	36
1863-64 -	73	82	40	324	105	47
			Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.	
Public Houses - - - -			205	34	30	
and Beer Houses. - - - -			107	25	20	

The head constable acts as inspector of weights and measures. Three constables were dismissed and 10 resigned during the year: 69 known thieves and 62 suspected persons are reported to reside within the borough. The new station-house is in good order. The library, which was one of the first established, is well supported. There appears a large number of changes in the force, but they are accounted for by being men who were only on probation, and did not prove efficient. The force is, as usual, working exceedingly well, co-operating heartily with the county, and in every respect efficient.

COUNTY of ESSEX, with HARWICH and SAFFRON WALDEN, and exclusive of the Metropolitan District.

County of Essex,
with Harwich and
Saffron Walden,
and exclusive of
the Metropolitan
District.

Population, 1861 - - - -	291,924	Population to one constable -	1,186
Area in acres - - - -	984,633	Area to one constable - -	4,002
Strength of force - - - -	246	Date of inspection, commenced 12 May.	

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.							Weekly Pay in Shillings.			
	Chief Constable.	Superintendents.			Inspectors.			Serjeants.	Constables.		
Number and Classes -	1	3	3	4	3	6	4	11	95	60	56
Rates of Pay - -	£. 450	£. 130	£. 115	£. 100	£. 85	£. 76	£. 65	£. 23	£. 21	£. 19	£. 17

The chief constable receives 160 *l.* per annum for travelling expenses, and the deputy chief constable has 50 *l.* per annum extra. Horses and carts are found by the county, at the average yearly expense of 46 *l.* 17 *s.* 5 *d.* each.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 -	490	267	212	145	92	—
1861-62 -	496	266	215	258	169	37
1862-63 -	517	257	228	258	169	51
1863-64 -	409	260	227	289	207	48
			Number of.	Proceeded against.	Deprived of License.	Fined.
Public Houses - - - -			950	21	2	20
and Beer Houses - - - -			746	35	—	30

The police act as inspectors of weights and measures, nuisances, and common lodging-houses, assistant surveyors of highways, and assistant relieving officers for vagrants, of whom 5,542 were relieved during the year, being an increase of 577 over the number relieved the previous year: 24 constables resigned, and two were dismissed during the year; 207 known thieves, and 715 suspected persons are reported to reside within the county. The station-

house at Orsett has received an increase of accommodation for two married constables. Two constables appointed under the 19th section, 3 & 4 Vict., c. 88, have been discontinued. It is very difficult to offer any suggestion for the improvement of this efficient force; at the same time, in support of the recommendation in my general report, I think it right to allude to the number of third-class constables, being nearly as large as the number in the second class, (if these classes are limited), a point which, I have no doubt, has been well considered by the experienced chief constable of this county. The annual statistics for the year show a large decrease of crime reported, and an increase of detection, and the force is, both in numbers and discipline, in a high state of efficiency.

BOROUGH of COLCHESTER.

Population, 1861 - - - - 23,730 | Strength of force - - - 22
Area in acres - - - - 11,770 | Population to one constable - 1,078
Date of inspection, 19 May. Borough of Colchester.

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.		Weekly Pay in Shillings.			
	Head Constable.		Serjeants.	Constables.		
Number and Classes -	1		3	6	6	6
Rates of Pay - -	£. 104		23 s.	20 s.	18 s. 6 d.	17 s.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61	75	63	33	56	18	—
1861-62 -	85	47	40	64	11	13
1862-63 -	89	46	33	53	18	8
1863-64 -	100	41	20	54	10	12

	Number of	Proceeded against.	Fined.
Public Houses - - - -	105	—	—
and Beer Houses - - - -	36	3	2

The head constable acts as inspector of common lodging-houses and assistant relieving officer for vagrants, of whom 1,346 were relieved during the year, being a decrease of 304 from the number relieved the previous year. One constable resigned during the year; 29 known thieves and 43 suspected persons are reported to reside within the borough. The force is precisely the same as to number and classification as last year. On my inspection, I brought under the consideration of the watch committee the advantage of throwing open the second class to all deserving constables, instead of restricting each class to the same number. A lady has presented the force with a small library; the station-house is in excellent order, and although the detections shown are below the average, I have every other reason for reporting the force efficient.

BOROUGH of MALDON.

Population, 1861 - - - - 4,747 | Strength of force - - - 2
Area in acres - - - - 3,508 | Population to one constable - 2,373½
Date of inspection, 1 June. Borough of Maldon.

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.	Weekly Pay in Shillings.
	Head Constable.	Constable.
Number of Classes - - - -	1	1
Rates of Pay - - - -	£. 65	20 s.

No. 1.
Eastern Counties,
Midland,
and North Wales
District.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 -	4	4	4	2	1	—
1861-62 -	1	1	1	6	2	1
1862-63 -	1	1	1	5	1	2
1863-64 -	3	3	3	2	1	1
			Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.	
Public Houses - - - -			22	—	—	
and Beer Houses - - - -			5	1	1	

Five known thieves and six suspected persons are reported to reside within the borough. The cells were so unfit for a prisoner, that I made a special report of them to the watch committee, who have had them improved; the force is inefficient.

COUNTY of HERTFORD.

County of
Hertford.

Population, 1861 - - -	141,209	Population to one constable - - -	1,534
Area in acres - - -	368,810	Area to one constable - - -	4,008
Strength of force - - -	92	Date of inspection, commenced 4 May.	

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.				Weekly Pay in Shillings.		
	Chief Constable.	Superintendents.		Inspectors.	Constables.		
Number and Classes	1	3	1	9	30	30	18
Rates of Pay - -	£. 500	£. 105	£. 95	£. 75	21 s.	19 s.	17 s.

The chief constable's allowance for travelling is included in the pay; and the carts and horses are found by the county, at the average expense of 37 l. 4 s. per annum.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 -	145	134	102	190	130	—
1861-62 -	151	146	110	275	190	42
1862-63 -	202	164	126	319	214	37
1863-64 -	191	153	136	330	210	35
			Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.	
Public Houses - - - -			705	16	14	
and Beer Houses - - - -			629	41	38	

The police act as inspectors of weights and measures, and in some cases as inspectors of common lodging-houses; but this appointment has not been generally given to the police. There have been no dismissals or resignations during the year, which, although it has occurred occasionally in this force, is a remarkable and satisfactory point. Five hundred and twenty known thieves and 717 suspected persons are reported to reside within the county. This is a large number of criminal population, but I have every reason to believe the return to be correct, as the chief constable has taken great pains to ascertain its correctness. A new station-house has been erected at Buntingford, and that at Stevenage is about to be improved.

Upon the recommendation of the chief constable at the last court of quarter sessions, an increase of pay to the superintendents and inspectors of 4 s. per week was voted, to which, for long and good services, they were fully entitled.

The force is in its usual good order, and efficient.

REPORTS OF INSPECTORS OF CONSTABULARY.

31

No. 1.
Eastern Counties,
Midland,
and North Wales
District.

BOROUGH of ST. ALBAN'S.

Population, 1861 - - - - 7,675 | Strength of force - - - - 7
Area in acres - - - - 434 | Population to one constable - - 1,096
Date of inspection, 9 May.

Borough of
St. Alban's.

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.			Weekly Pay in Shillings.		
	Head Constable,			Serjeants.	Constables.	
Number and Classes - -	1			2	2	2
Rates of Pay - - - -	£. 90			28 s.	20 s.	18 s.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 - -	18	13	7	43	27	—
1861-62 - -	17	13	12	37	22	3
1862-63 - -	29	17	15	40	13	2
1863-64 - -	17	15	15	52	12	9

				Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.
Public Houses - - - -				56	5	5
and Beer Houses - - - -				31	3	3

The head constable acts as inspector of weights and measures, common lodging-houses, and of nuisances. Five known thieves and nine suspected persons are reported to reside within the borough. The station-house is in good order; for a small force it is working well, and co-operating with the county; it is efficient.

BOROUGH of HERTFORD.

Population, 1861 - - - - 6,769 | Strength of force - - - - 6
Area in acres - - - - 3,350 | Population to one constable - - 1,128
Date of inspection, 11 May.

Borough of
Hertford.

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.		Weekly Pay in Shillings.		
	Head Constable.	Inspector.	Serjeant.	Constables.	
Number and Classes - - -	1	- -	1	3	1
Rates of Pay - - - -	£. 72. 16 s.	- -	25 s.	20 s.	18 s.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 - -	2	2	2	14	6	—
1861-62 - -	4	2	- -	15	10	—
1862-63 - -	11	6	2	43	24	6
1863-64 - -	10	7	4	19	10	5

				Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.
Public Houses - - - -				49	—	—
and Beer Houses - - - -				24	—	—

No. 1.
Eastern Counties,
Midland,
and North Wales
District.

The head constable acts as inspector of weights and measures, nuisances, and common lodging-houses; there have been no dismissals or resignations during the year; 37 known thieves and 35 suspected persons are reported to reside within the borough. The station-house, which was too small for the accommodation of the head constable, has been enlarged and much improved. This small force is well supervised, and efficient.

COUNTY of HUNTINGDON, with GODMANCHESTER and HUNTINGDON.

County of
Huntingdon, with
the Boroughs of
Godmanchester
and Huntingdon.

Population, 1861	-	-	-	64,250	Population to one constable	-	-	1,235
Area in acres	-	-	-	224,418	Area to one constable	-	-	4,674
Strength of force	-	-	-	52	Date of inspection, commenced	26 April.		

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.					Weekly Pay in Shillings.			
	Chief Constable.	Superintendents.			Inspector.	Serjeants.	Constables.		
Number and Classes	1	1	1	2	1	3	15	14	14
Rates of Pay	£. 180	£. 130	£. 105	£. 95	£. 70	s. 23	s. 21	s. 19	s. 17

The chief constable is allowed 70 l. for travelling expenses; the horses and carts are found by the county, at an average of 58 l. 15 s. per annum.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61	54	45	39	40	36	—
1861-62	63	54	48	110	85	12
1862-63	67	51	45	71	48	11
1863-64	57	40	31	105	41	37
			Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.	
Public Houses and Beer Houses			315	4	3	
			311	3	3	

The police act as inspectors of weights and measures, and common lodging-houses, and as assistant relieving officer for vagrants, of whom 2,959 were relieved during the year, being a decrease of 331 from the number relieved the previous year. One constable resigned, and three were dismissed during the year; 27 known thieves and 111 suspected persons are reported to reside within the county; an increase of four constables has taken place during the year. The station-houses are all in good order; the number of constables in the second and third classes are the same, which suggests the throwing open the second class, as stated in my general report.

In all respects the force is efficient.

COUNTY of LEICESTER.

County of
Leicester.

Population, 1861	-	-	-	169,350	Population to one constable	-	-	1,728
Area in acres	-	-	-	510,204	Area to one constable	-	-	5,206
Strength of force	-	-	-	98	Date of inspection, commenced	24 June.		

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.					Weekly Pay in Shillings.				
	Chief Constable.	Superintendents.			Inspectors.	Serjeants.		Constables.		
Number and Classes	1	1	2	3	3	11	2	30	30	15
Rates of Pay -	£. 450	£. 130	£. 120	£. 100	£. 75	s. 23	s. 22	s. 21	s. 19	s. 17

The chief constable is allowed 94 *l.* for travelling expenses ; the horses and carts are found by the county, and average 57 *l.* 13 *s.* per annum.

No. 1.
Eastern Counties,
Midland,
and North Wales
District.

County of
Leicester.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 -	212	165	128	221	187	—
1861-62 -	237	230	148	249	187	43
1862-63 -	191	161	130	291	196	62
1863-64 -	149	141	105	341	258	49

	Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.
Public Houses - - - -	774 .	23	22
and Beer Houses - - - -	209	18	17

The police act as inspectors of weights and measures and common lodging houses, and in three divisions, as high constables ; they also act as assistant relieving officers for vagrants, of whom 4,610 were relieved during the year, being an increase of 227 over the number relieved the previous year. Ten constables resigned and four were dismissed during the year : 138 known thieves and 292 suspected persons are reported to reside within the county. This force has been increased by the appointment of one constable at the last sessions ; the number, however, did not vary during the year. On my inspection I suggested to the Police Committee the advantage of a small reserve, and that of giving the chief constable the power to promote third-class constables to the second class when fit for such promotion, which subjects are to be brought before the next court of quarter sessions. A good library is kept at head quarters, and well supported. The station houses are all in good order ; that at East Norton having been enlarged by two rooms. The force was inspected in a body, and both the appearance and drill of the men was most satisfactory. The co-operation with the Borough of Leicester and adjoining counties is complete, and the force is in every respect efficient.

BOROUGH OF LEICESTER.

Population, 1861 - - - -	68,168	Strength of force - - - -	75	Borough of
Area in acres - - - -	3,000	Population to one constable - - - -	909	Leicester.

Date of inspection, 24 June.

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.		Weekly Pay in Shillings.						
	Head Constable.	Inspectors.	Serjeants.			Constables.			
Number and Classes -	1	1	2	8	2	23	11	13	14
Rates of Pay - -	£. 200	£. 111	s. 29	s. d. 26 6	s. d. 23 6	s. d. 21 6	s. d. 20 6	s. d. 19 6	s. d. 18 6

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 -	204	95	59	218	199	—
1861-62 -	241	135	72	267	151	73
1862-63 -	180	110	66	274	157	84
1863-64 -	200	121	68	350	211	107

	Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.
Public Houses - - - -	295	14	11
and Beer Houses - - - -	190	19	16

The police do not undertake any extra duties. Eleven constables were dismissed and 10 resigned during the year ; 109 known thieves and 40 suspected persons are reported to reside within the county.

suspected persons are reported to reside within the borough. The station-house is in good repair. This force, which has been increased by four constables, has received general encouragement by the increase of pay to all ranks, and an additional allowance as good conduct pay of 1 *d.* per day for five years, 2 *d.* per day for 10 years, 3 *d.* per day for 15 years, and 4 *d.* per day for 20 years. Although this addition may appear small, I have no doubt it will be much valued by the men as a testimonial of good conduct. The difficulty forces have to contend with when they are stationed in places where wages are very high is here exemplified, and the county force is exposed to this same temptation to leave the service for other employment, and has no power, according to the rules, to give an advance of pay equal to that given by this borough. The force is in excellent order and efficient.

COUNTY OF LINCOLN, comprising LINDSEY, KESTEVEN, and HOLLAND.

County of Lincoln, comprising Lindsey, Kesteven, and Holland.	Population, 1861	-	-	-	343,140	Population to one constable	-	-	1,304
	Area in acres	-	-	-	1,742,329	Area to one constable	-	-	6,500
	Strength of force	-	-	-	268	Date of inspection, commenced	16 August.		

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.					Weekly Pay in Shillings.				
	Chief Constable.	Superintendents.			Inspectors.	Serjeants.		Constables.		
Number and Classes	1	8	7	4	4	10	25	99	54	56
Rates of Pay -	£. 500	£. 110	£. 95	£. 85	£. 70	s. 25	s. 24	s. 21	s. d. 19 6	s. 18

Chief constable's allowance for travelling expenses, 200 *l.* For Lindsey, average expenses for horses and carts, found by county, 39 *l.* 17 *s.* per annum. In Kesteven and Holland, superintendents are allowed 50 *l.* per annum for horses.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61	410	372	323	766	687	—
1861-62	500	381	301	901	622	119
1862-63	471	364	272	741	489	130
1863-64	459	389	317	891	643	149

	Number of.	Proceeded against.	Deprived of License.	Fined.
Public Houses - - - -	1,091	48	3	41
Beer Houses - - - -	573	37	-	32

The police act as inspectors of weights and measures, common lodging-houses, and nuisances, and as high constables; 32 constables resigned, and 15 were dismissed during the year; 374 known thieves, and 991 suspected persons are reported to reside within the county. The station-houses at Market Rasen and Boston have been improved during the year, and that at Louth requires attention, as I consider it unfit for prisoners, and have stated that fact to the magistrates; there has been little change in this force during the year, except in the rank of the serjeants, four of whom have been promoted to the first class. A new system has been adopted by the selection of tried and trustworthy constables to be called qualified constables. The class at present amounts to 20 men; they are entrusted to work their beats at their own discretion, in any way they think best, at the same time being acquainted with the points to be made by adjoining constables; the test of this mode of independent action is well worthy of attention, and the result of a year's experience will prove of much value to the force generally, but at present it has been too short a time in operation further to be reported upon; the force was inspected in five divisions, when everything appeared in order, and it is efficient.

BOROUGH OF BOSTON.

Population, 1861 - - - 15,038 | Strength of force - - - 15
 Area in acres - - - 4,820 | Population to one constable - 1,000
 Date of inspection, 19 August.

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.		Weekly Pay in Shillings.					
	Head Constable.		Serjeants.			Constables.		
Number and Classes -	1		1	1	1	5	5	1
Rates of Pay - -	£. 120		s. 26	s. 24	s. 23	s. d. 21 6	s. d. 18 6	s. d. 17 6

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 -	35	39	32	136	75	—
1861-62 -	27	35	25	168	58	49
1862-63 -	52	57	40	133	50	40
1863-64 -	43	31	17	124	37	31

	Number of	Proceeded against.	Fined.
Public Houses - - - -	44	6	6
and Beer Houses - - - -	38	3	3

The head constable acts as assistant relieving officer for vagrants, of whom 1,008 were relieved during the year, being a decrease of 103 from the number relieved the previous year. One constable resigned during the year; 14 known thieves, and 17 suspected persons are reported to reside within the borough. The station-house is in very good order; the increase in the first class appeared to me to be worthy of consideration, and I accordingly left this point in the hands of the watch committee to discuss at their next meeting; this is the only force now in the district without tunics; the books are well kept, and the co-operation with the county force improved. The force is efficient.

BOROUGH OF GRANTHAM.

Population, 1861 - - - 4,954 | Strength of force - - - 5
 Area in acres - - - 350 | Population to one constable - - 991
 Date of inspection, 16 August.

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.		Weekly Pay in Shillings.	
	Head Constable.	Inspectors.	Serjeants.	Constables.
Number and Classes - - -	1	- -	1	3
Rates of Pay - - - -	£. 70	- -	22 s.	19 s.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 -	32	19	16	9	6	—
1861-62 -	8	5	5	7	5	—
1862-63 -	14	8	6	8	3	2
1863-64 -	27	21	17	36	26	3

	Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.
Public Houses - - - -	32	3	3
and Beer Houses - - - -	17	4	4

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The head constable acts as inspector of weights and measures, common lodging houses, and as assistant relieving officer for vagrants, of whom 1,603 were relieved during the year. One constable was dismissed and one resigned during the year. Eight known thieves and 12 suspected persons are reported to reside within the borough. The station-house is a part of the old prison, and kept clean. The pay of the constables has been increased to 19s. per week, and a serjeant has been appointed at 22s. per week. This small force is sufficient in number, and is efficient in discipline, but the population being 46 below 5,000, the certificate is lost to the borough until the next census is taken unless consolidated with the county. The force is efficient.

BGROUGH of GREAT GRIMSBY.

Borough of
Great Grimsby.

Population, 1861 - - - - 11,032 | Strength of force - - - - 10
Area in acres - - - - 1,518 | Population to one constable - - 1,067

Date of inspection, 18 August.

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.		Weekly Pay in Shillings.				
	Head Constable.		Serjeants.		Constables.		
Number and Classes - -	1		1	1	1	1	5
Rates of Pay - - - -	£. 100		s. 26	s. 25	s. 21	s. 20	s. 18

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 - -	47	19	19	76	68	—
1861-62 - -	48	37	28	60	35	13
1862-63 - -	43	24	24	97	65	15
1863-64 - -	73	41	25	121	74	32

	Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.
Public Houses - - - -	38	4	3
Beer Houses - - - -	19	5	3

The police do not undertake any extra duties. Three constables resigned during the year; 24 known thieves, and 30 suspected persons are reported to reside within the borough; the station-house is in the new town-hall, and very complete; on my inspection, I found that uniform for the serjeants had not been delivered out for the year, but an allowance for plain clothes was to be made in lieu of it; this I pointed out as not according to the Treasury grant, and particularly explained the danger of officers being employed too frequently in plain clothes. The return of crime in the year and that of drunkenness has largely increased, but the borough is rising in population and importance each year; the force is efficient.

CITY OF LINCOLN.

City of Lincoln.

Population, 1861 - - - - 20,995 | Strength of force - - - - 21
Area in acres - - - - 5,000 | Population to one constable - - 999

Date of inspection, 17 August.

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.		Weekly Pay in Shillings.				
	Head Constable.	Inspectors.	Serjeants.		Constables.		
Number and Classes	1	1	2	2	1	7	7
Rates of Pay -	£. 120	£. 72	s. 26	s. d. 24 6	s. 23	s. d. 21 6	s. d. 19 6

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 - -	28	22	18	38	14	—
1861-62 - -	25	18	13	64	16	3
1862-63 - -	39	40	30	88	24	15
1863-64 - -	18	13	10	67	22	19
			Number of.	Proceeded against.	Deprived of License.	Fined.
Public Houses - - - -			99	9	1	6
Beer Houses - - - -			44	3	- -	1

The head constable acts as inspector of weights and measures and common lodging-houses ; one constable was dismissed, and three resigned during the year ; three known thieves only, and 30 suspected persons are reported to reside within the city ; the station-house is in good order ; the head constable has received an increase of 20 l. per annum ; the annual criminal returns are low, and the force is efficient.

BOROUGH of LOUTH.

Population, 1861 - - - - 10,468 | Strength of force - - - - 6 Borough of Louth.
Area in acres - - - - 2,560 | Population to one constable - - - 1,744

Date of inspection, 18 August.

RANKS.		Yearly Pay in £.		Weekly Pay in Shillings.		
		Head Constable.	Inspectors.	Serjeants.	Constables.	
Number and Classes - -		1	- -	1	2	2
Rates of Pay - - - -		£. 123	- -	23 s.	20 s.	19 s.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 - -	41	32	15	28	28	—
1861-62 - -	20	15	5	17	14	—
1862-63 - -	35	26	12	46	25	—
1863-64 - -	20	17	16	29	21	—

				Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.
Public Houses - - - -				29	1	—
Beer Houses - - - -				16	—	—

The head constable acts as inspector of weights and measures and sanatory inspector: also, as assistant relieving officer for vagrants, of whom 859 were relieved during the year, being an increase of 12 over the number relieved the previous year. One constable was dismissed during the year. Ten known thieves and 18 suspected persons are reported to reside within the borough. The station house is in very good condition.

A library has been established for the constables ; the vacancy of a constable in the force was filled up by the appointment of a constable dismissed from the county force, which is, on principle, a very serious drawback to the discipline of the force, and must act very detrimentally to the county forces, who are prohibited taking any dismissed constable.

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The efficient boroughs, however, I find generally adopt that rule and work upon it, sending to me every quarter the names of constables dismissed, which return is quarterly circulated throughout the district. This force remains in the same state of weakness, and is therefore in numbers inefficient.

BOROUGH of STAMFORD.

Borough of
Stamford.

Population, 1861 - - - - 8,044 | Strength of force - - - - 10
Area in acres - - - - 1,711 | Population to one constable - - - 804
Date of inspection, 15 August.

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.		Weekly Pay in Shillings.			
	Head Constable.	Inspectors.	Serjeants.	Constables.		
Number and Classes - . . -	1	- - -	2	3	1	3
Rates of Pay - . . . -	£.100	- - -	25s.	21s.	20s.	18s.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 - -	9	9	4	78	18	7
1861-62 - -	17	19	6	90	14	4
1862-63 - -	14	12	9	65	15	8
1863-64 - -	15	14	9	61	5	6

	Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.
Public Houses - - - - -	67	3	3
Beer Houses - - - - -	8	1	1

The head constable acts as inspector of weights and measures, common lodging houses and nuisances, and as assistant relieving officer for vagrants of whom 1,996 were relieved during the year, being a decrease of 196 from the number relieved during the previous year. Three constables resigned during the year. Eleven known thieves and 16 suspected persons are reported to reside within the borough. The station-house is in very good order. The co-operation with adjoining forces is improved, and now satisfactory. The change in the force is the same as last year, viz., three constables, which is high for the small number in the force. The pay of the head constable has been increased by 10% per annum.

The force is efficient.

COUNTY of NORFOLK, with the BOROUGH of THETFORD.

County of Norfolk,
with the Borough
of Thetford.

Population, 1861 - - - - 317,295 | Population to one constable - - - 1,442
Area in acres - - - - 1,333,440 | Area to one constable - - - 6,006
Strength of force - - - - 222 | Date of inspection, commenced 9 June.

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.						Weekly Pay in Shillings.			
	Chief Constable.	Superintendents.				Inspectors.	Serjeants.	Constables.		
Number and Classes -	1	1	4	4	5	6	8	78	76	36
Rates of Pay - -	£. 400	£. 170	£. 190	£. 115	£. 100	£. 72	23	21	19	17

Chief constable's allowance for travelling, 175% ; average expense of horses and carts provided by the county, 41% per annum.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 - -	307	266	219	218	168	—
1861-62 - -	338	301	258	209	241	41
1862-63 - -	326	259	215	326	253	44
1863-64 - -	323	320	264	364	277	41

	Number of.	Proceeded against.	Deprived of License.	Fined.
Public Houses - - - -	1,206	26	2	23
Beer Houses - - - -	549	38	-	36

The police act as inspectors of weights and measures, and of common lodging houses in eight divisions, and of nuisances at Downham, Thetford, and Wells. Seventeen officers are appointed assistant relieving officers for vagrants, of whom 740 were relieved during the year, being a decrease of 344 from the number relieved the previous year. Nine constables resigned, and four were dismissed during the year. Five hundred and eleven known thieves and 749 suspected persons are reported to reside within the county. The station-houses are all in good order; that at Tenington still remains to be improved. Nothing can be working better than the force; but, taking the large area into consideration, and the number of out-stations, where vacancies must frequently occur, the question of a stronger reserve is of great importance, and I consider it again right to suggest it as a support due to the chief constable in the execution of his responsible duty in the prevention and detection of crime.

The force was inspected in two divisions at King's Lynn and at Norwich, and it is in a high state of efficiency.

BOROUGH of GREAT YARMOUTH.

Population, 1861 - - - - 34,573 | Strength of force - - - - 34 Borough of Great
Area in acres - - - - 4,135 | Population to one constable - - 1,016 Yarmouth.

Date of inspection, 10 June.

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.		Weekly Pay in Shillings.				
	Head Constable.	Inspectors.	Serjeants.		Constables.		
Number and Classes - -	1	-	3	3	10	9	8
Rates of Pay - - -	£. 150	-	25s.	21s.	20s.	18s. 6d.	17s. 6d.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 - -	104	53	38	112	92	—
1861-62 - -	136	58	37	116	103	2
1862-63 - -	100	56	34	216	173	13
1863-64 - -	66	49	33	214	187	17

	Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.
Public Houses - - - -	183	14	11
Beer Houses - - - -	72	20	18

The head constable acts as assistant relieving officer for vagrants, of whom 341 were relieved during the year, being a decrease of 11 from the number relieved in the year previous. Two constables resigned during the year. Thirty-eight known thieves and 37 suspected persons are reported to reside within the borough. The station-house is in good order. A library has been established for the constables. The indictable offences have been much less, and the detection higher, than in former years, and I have every reason to report the force efficient.

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Borough of
King's Lynn.

BOROUGH OF KING'S LYNN.

Population, 1861 - - - - 15,981 | Strength of force - - - - 19
Area in acres - - - - 2,620 | Population to one constable - - - 841
Date of inspection, 29 April.

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.		Weekly Pay in Shillings.		
	Head Constable.	Inspectors.	Serjeants.	Constables.	
Number and Classes - -	1	- -	3	8	7
Rates of Pay - - - -	£. 100	- -	23s.	20s.	18s.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 - -	51	35	25	31	14	—
1861-62 - -	41	30	18	71	27	20
1862-63 - -	39	33	13	56	21	12
1863-64 - -	22	16	6	83	40	24

	Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.
Public Houses - - - -	155	1	1
and Beer Houses - - - -	23	2	2

The head constable acts as assistant relieving officer for vagrants, of whom 578 were relieved during the year, being a decrease of 158 from the number relieved the previous year. One constable resigned during the year. Three known thieves, and four suspected persons, are reported to reside within the borough, which is an extraordinary low return. The station-house is kept clean, and in order; the men are keeping steadily to their work; the appearance and drill of the force is satisfactory, and I have every reason to report it efficient.

CITY OF NORWICH.

City of Norwich. Population, 1861 - - - - 74,414 | Strength of force - - - - 88
Area in acres - - - - 6,638 | Population to one constable - - - 818
Date of inspection, 12 June.

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.			Weekly Pay in Shillings.							
	Head Constable.	Super-intendents.	Inspectors.	Serjeants.			Constables.				
Number and Classes -	1	1	5	1	9	4	10	30	12	15	
Rates of Pay - -	£. 200	£. 104	£. 78	s. 25	s. 24	s. 23	s. 21	s. 20	s. 19	s. 18	

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 - -	279	147	64	138	46	35
1861-62 - -	182	166	104	140	47	34
1862-63 - -	164	140	81	130	38	17
1863-64 - -	155	113	77	118	40	12

	Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.
Public Houses - - - -	606	19	13
and Beer Houses - - - -	30	—	—

The police do not undertake any extra duties but under the fire brigade. Three constables were dismissed, and five resigned during the year; one serjeant died, and one was superannuated. One hundred and thirteen known thieves, and 98 suspected persons are reported to reside within the city. The station-house is in good order. Notwithstanding the large number of resident bad characters within the city the annual statistics are improved, inasmuch as fewer indictable offences are reported, and a high average of persons have been committed for them. The promotion from the third to the second class is also a satisfactory evidence of the encouragement given to the force by the authorities. The force is efficient.

COUNTY OF NORTHAMPTON.

Population, 1861	-	-	-	167,854	Population to one constable	-	-	1,629	County of Northampton.
Area in acres	-	-	-	575,763	Area to one constable	-	-	5,580	
Strength of force	-	-	-	104	Date of inspection, commenced	26 March.			

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.						Weekly Pay in Shillings.					
	Chief Constable.	Superintendents.			Inspectors.		Serjeants.		Constables.			
Number and Classes	1	2	2	1	4	6	10	-	16	15	-	15
Rates of Pay -	£. 300	£. 105	£. 100	£. 95	£. 85	£. 75	£. 23	-	s. 21	s. 20	s. 19	s. 17

Chief constable's allowance for travelling expenses, 110 l., and the superintendents are allowed 50 l. per annum to find and keep their horses.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61	211	120	108	188	128	40
1861-62	253	165	145	291	202	53
1862-63	230	134	130	295	191	54
1863-64	195	139	114	348	229	81

	Number of.	Proceeded against.	Deprived of License.	Fined.
Public Houses - - - -	626	9	3	5
and Beer Houses - - - -	331	17	-	9

The police act as inspectors of weights and measures and common lodging-houses, and at Oundle as inspector of nuisances; they also act as assistant relieving officers for vagrants, of whom 3,720 were relieved during the year, being a decrease of 25 from the number relieved the previous year. Nineteen constables resigned, and six were dismissed during the year, being above the common average of vacancies. One hundred and fourteen known thieves and only 94 suspected persons are reported to reside within the county. A new station-house at Little Bowden is just finished, that at Wellingborough is under the consideration of the magistrates, and a joint station-house with the county of Bucks is voted at Stony Stratford. The library for the force is much valued, and taken care of by the chief constable. This force requires a special report, as it is decidedly weak in number, particularly in the towns and reserve, which, after my inspection, I brought under the consideration of the police committee, and a notice for an increase of constables was given for the last quarter sessions by five magistrates. The discussion was postponed, finding that some constables had been appointed for the towns of Kettering and Wellingborough, under the Local Acts; in consequence of which a communication took place between the authorities with a view of bringing these constables either under the supervision of the chief constable or of superseding them, according to 3 & 4 Vict. c. 88, s. 20. No decision having been arrived at previous to the October quarter sessions,

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sessions, it was considered by the court advisable to postpone the question of increase of force till the January sessions. This force is comprised of some of the best officers in the service, and this year's statistics are favourable to them, although the detections in the heaviest offences are low in number. Feeling that it is the earnest intention of the magistrates to entertain the question of a small increase of force, I think it right to report the force efficient for the past year, with an understanding that the future report may depend upon the arrangement made with the towns, and upon a small increase of reserve for general duty.

BOROUGH OF DAVENTRY.

Borough of
Daventry.

Population, 1861 - - - - 4,124 | Strength of force - - - - 2
Area in acres - - - - 1,713 | Population to one constable - - 2,062

Date of inspection, 15 April.

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.			Weekly Pay in Shillings.		
	Head Constable.			Constable.		
Number and Classes - - -	1			1		
Rates of Pay - - - -	£. 60			20 s.		

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 -	5	5	4	11	8	-
1861-62 -	6	6	4	15	2	2
1862-63 -	12	12	10	30	16	8
1863-64 -	11	15	10	27	14	4

	Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.
Public Houses - - - -	28	-	-
and Beer Houses - - - -	2	-	-

The head constable is inspector of common lodging-houses and nuisances. Nine known thieves and seven suspected persons are reported to reside within the borough. The station-house is in good repair. The force is, from weakness, inefficient.

BOROUGH OF NORTHAMPTON.

Borough of
Northampton.

Population in 1861 - - - - 32,813 | Strength of force - - - - 39
Area in acres - - - - 1,520 | Population to one constable - - 841

Date of inspection, 18 July.

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.		Weekly Pay in Shillings.				
	Head Constable.	Inspectors.	Serjeants.		Constables.		
Number and Classes -	1	2	2	2	12	9	11
Rates of Pay - -	£. 200	£. 89	26 s.	24 s.	21 s.	19 s.	18 s.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61	56	38	31	80	75	—
1861-62	84	63	52	107	104	—
1862-63	86	66	55	135	135	—
1863-64	95	74	60	145	139	—
			Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.	
Public Houses			70	6	6	
and Beer Houses			194	45	32	

The inspector acts as inspector of weights and measures and common lodging-houses. Three constables were dismissed and five resigned during the year; 35 known thieves and 38 suspected persons are reported to reside within the borough; the station-house is kept clean, but it is a part of an old prison, and large and inconvenient. This force has been reinforced by six constables, and the first and second class have been largely promoted; the co-operation with the county force is well kept up; the return of beer-house convictions shows that the force looks actively after them, and in all respects the force is efficient.

LIBERTY OF PETERBOROUGH.

Population, 1861	-	-	-	22,655	Population to one constable	-	-	1,258	Liberty of Peterborough.
Area in acres	-	-	-	51,695	Area to one constable	-	-	2,871	
Strength of force	-	-	-	18	Date of inspection, 9 July.				

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.			Weekly Pay in Shillings.				
	Chief Constable.	Deputy Chief Constable.	Inspector.	Serjeants.	Constables.			
Number and Classes	1	1	1	2	3	4	4	2
Rates of Pay	£. 105	£. 100	£. 80	s. 23	s. 21	s. 20	s. 19	s. 17

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61	26	18	15	9	6	—
1861-62	48	46	43	16	10	—
1862-63	45	33	29	28	16	7
1863-64	42	29	29	23	10	8
			Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.	
Public Houses			93	1	—	
and Beer Houses			74	4	3	

The deputy chief constable acts as inspector of weights and measures and common lodging-houses, and assistant relieving officer for vagrants, of whom 1,613 were relieved during the year, being a decrease of 237 from the number relieved the previous year. Four constables resigned, and one was dismissed

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during the year; 33 known thieves and 31 suspected persons are reported to reside within the liberty; the station-house is in excellent order. This force is of much importance, as it covers a small area abutting upon five counties, and, therefore, co-operation with these different county forces is most desirable; this, I have every reason to believe, is carried out reciprocally with each county, and the night points are well kept. The library is well supported; the men are smart in their drill and appearance, and the force gives satisfaction and is efficient.

COUNTY OF NOTTINGHAM, with EAST RETFORD.

County of
Nottingham, with
East Retford.

Population, 1861	-	-	-	207,691	Population to one constable	-	-	1,505
Area in acres	-	-	-	521,110	Area to one constable	-	-	4,823
Strength of force	-	-	-	138	Date of inspection, commenced	3 August.		

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.						Weekly Pay in Shillings.			
	Chief Constable.	Superintendents.				Inspectors.	Serjeants.	Constables.		
Number and Classes	1	2	2	2	1	6	16	*101	-	-
Rates of Pay	£. 350	£. 115	£. 105	£. 90	£. 80	£. 70	s. 24	-	-	-

* In consequence of the large increase, the classification is not yet correctly returned.

The chief constable is allowed 150*l.* per annum for travelling expenses; each superintendent receives 50*l.* per annum to find and keep a horse.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61	235	207	155	474	290	—
1861-62	285	255	176	664	444	95
1862-63	211	229	170	669	481	72
1863-64	164	169	140	706	455	121

	Number of.	Proceeded against.	Deprived of License.	Fined.
Public Houses	739	90	3	69
and Beer Houses	254	79	-	65

The police act as inspectors of weights and measures, and common lodging-houses, but no longer as assistant relieving officers for vagrants. Seven constables resigned and 11 were dismissed during the year; 177 known thieves and 762 suspected persons are reported to reside within the county; the station-houses are all in good order. This force has received a reinforcement of 30 constables during the year, and three constables under the 19th section of 3 & 4 Vict. c. 88, have been taken off the strength of the force. The return of indictable offences committed is much reduced, and the detection increased during the year. The number of drunk and disorderly persons is on the increase. On my inspection the numbers had not been filled up, but the recruits taken to make the force complete, according to its present establishment, appeared very promising, being taken chiefly from agricultural employment, which, from experience, I find the best material for the service. The discipline of the force is well kept up, and the force is efficient.

REPORTS OF INSPECTORS OF CONSTABULARY.

45

BOROUGH of NEWARK.

Population, 1861 - - - - 11,562 | Strength of force - - - - 11
Area in acres - - - - 2,080 | Population to one constable - - 1,051

Date of inspection, 16 August.

No. 1.
Eastern Counties,
Midland,
and North Wales
District.

Borough of
Newark.

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.		Weekly Pay in Shillings.		
	Head Constable.	Inspector.	Serjeants.	Constables.	
Number and Classes -	1	- -	2	4	4
Rates of Pay - -	£. 180	- -	24 s.	20 s.	19 s.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 - -	17	17	11	28	13	—
1861-62 - -	14	13	13	28	10	8
1862-63 - -	14	17	17	27	11	6
1863-64 - -	10	9	9	20	9	4

	Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.
Public Houses - - - -	53	2	1
and Beer Houses - - - -	29	—	—

The head constable does not undertake any extra duties; one constable resigned and one was dismissed during the year; 12 known thieves and six suspected persons are reported to reside within the Borough; the station-house is clean and in good repair. This force though small is working well, both in itself and by co-operation, and is efficient.

BOROUGH of NOTTINGHAM.

Population, 1861 - - - - 74,531 | Strength of force - - - - 99 Borough of
Area in acres - - - - 2,600 | Population to one constable - - 752 Nottingham.

Date of inspection, 3 August.

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.			Weekly Pay in Shillings.					
	Head Constable.	Superintendent.	Inspectors.	Serjeants.		Constables.			
Number and Classes -	1	1	4	3	10	6	12	38	10 14
Rates of Pay - -	£. 250	£. 155	£. 80	s. 26	s. 24	s. 21	s. d. 20 6	s. 20	s. 19 18

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 - -	238	129	51	13	5	—
1861-62 - -	280	148	61	176	97	43
1862-63 - -	283	123	60	120	77	24
1863-64 - -	204	76	44	111	65	25

	Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.
Public Houses - - - -	240	7	6
and Beer Houses - - - -	192	14	14

No. 1.
Eastern Counties,
Midland,
and North Wales,
District.

Seven constables were dismissed and nine resigned during the year; 157 known thieves and 72 suspected persons are reported to reside within the borough; the station-house is kept very clean and in good order. This force is the same in number as last year, but it has received encouragement by the promotion into the higher classes, three constables having been appointed to the merit and six to the second class. The number of indictable offences is large in proportion to the detections, but it is much lower than the previous year; the force has shown improvement each year, having received many young men in the place of constables of long standing, unfit for work: it is well supported by the authorities, and, both in number and discipline, efficient.

COUNTY of OXFORD.

County of
Oxford.

Population, 1861	-	-	-	140,730	Population to one constable	-	1,480
Area in acres	-	-	-	469,935	Area to one constable	-	4,946
Strength of force	-	-	-	95	Date of inspection, commenced	9 March.	

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.						Weekly Pay in Sbillings.				
	Chief Constable.	Superintendents.			Inspectors.		Serjeants.	Constables.			
Number and Classes	1	Deputy Chief Constable.	3	3	2	2	10	10	14	24	25
Rates of Pay -	£. 375	£. 110	£. 105	£. 80	£. 75	£. 70	s. 23	s. 21	s. 20	s. 19	s. 17

Chief constable's allowance for travelling, 125*l.* Horses and carts found by county at an average expense of 36*l.* 4*s.* 3*d.* per annum.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61	174	116	85	235	145	52
1861-62	161	168	127	294	169	53
1862-63	147	147	108	251	131	49
1863-64	124	112	93	326	194	41

	Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.
Public Houses	610	15	12
and Beer Houses	359	19	17

The police act as inspectors of weights and measures, common lodging houses, and, in some unions, as assistant relieving officers for vagrants; but, as this latter duty has only been given to parts of the county this year, no return can be reported of any value as to the increase or decrease of vagrancy.

Five constables resigned and three were dismissed during the year: 285 known thieves, and 446 suspected persons are reported to reside within the county. The station houses are generally in good order, those at Henley and Deddington now being the only station houses which have not been improved or built within a few years. A library has been established for the men. This force is the same in number as last year. Five constables have been promoted to the merit class, and the third class is the most numerous, and this is one of the cases alluded to in my report as to the advantage of throwing open the second class. The force is working extremely well, and the statistics are very satisfactory; I however think it would assist the chief constable and the public to have a small reserve to fill up the vacancies as they occur. The force is efficient.

BOROUGH of BANBURY.

Population, 1861 - - - 4,055 | Strength of force - - - - 5
 Area in acres - - - 105 | Population to one constable - - 811

Date of inspection, 20 June.

No. 1.
 Eastern Counties,
 Midland,
 and North Wales
 District.

Borough of
Banbury.

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.		Weekly Pay in Shillings.	
	Head Constable.	Inspectors.	Serjeants.	Constables.
Number and Classes - - -	1	- -	1	3
Rates of Pay - - - -	£. 70	- -	20 s.	18 s.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 -	17	17	17	32	32	—
1861-62 -	18	16	14	28	16	6
1862-63 -	18	14	14	28	23	3
1863-64 -	18	*15	15	46	19	17

* Some double cases.

	Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.
Public Houses - * - - -	38	—	—
Beer Houses - - - - -	17	—	—

Of the 38 public houses and 17 beer houses within the borough, none were proceeded against, although the number of persons proceeded against as drunk and disorderly have considerably increased. Three known thieves, and only two suspected persons are reported to reside within the borough. The station house is in good order. In so small a force there cannot be much discipline, but in number the force is efficient.

CITY of OXFORD.

Population, 1861 - - - 28,261 | Strength of force - - - - 12 City of Oxford.
 Area - - - - about four miles. | Population to one constable - - 2,355

Date of inspection, 10 August.

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.		Weekly Pay in Shillings.	
	Head Constable.	Serjeants.	Constables.	
Number and Classes - - -	1	2	7	2
Rates of Pay - - - -	£. 80	22 s.	18 s.	15 s.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 -	64	36	28	29	27	—
1861-62 -	42	24	23	26	10	14
1862-63 -	62	37	37	15	11	3
1863-64 -	39	26	23	16	11	4

	Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.
Public Houses - - - - -	147	1	1
Beer Houses - - - - -	100	2	2

No. 1.
Eastern Counties,
Midland,
and North Wales
District.

The head constable acts as assistant relieving officer for vagrants, of whom 3,760 were relieved during the year, being an increase of 1,292 over the number relieved the previous year. Twenty-four known thieves and 64 suspected persons are reported to reside within the city. The cells are kept clean and in order. This force does day duty only, from five a.m., till nine p.m. The university police, amounting to 27, take the night duty, so that there are no less than 39 constables employed under the two authorities. This system of a divided force is very expensive, and contrary to the well-working of any force, and to all practical supervision. I can suggest no other remedy than an Act of Parliament for placing the University under the 14th section of the 3 & 4 Vic. c. 88, for the purpose of consolidation. The force is inefficient.

COUNTY OF RUTLAND.

County of
Rutland.

Population, 1861	-	-	-	21,867	Population to one constable -	-	2,733
Area in acres	-	-	-	104,568	Area to one constable -	-	13,071
Strength of force	-	-	-	8	Date of inspection, 20 August.		

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.			Weekly Pay in Shillings.			
	Chief Constable.	Superintendents.	Inspectors.	Serjeants.		Constables.	
Number and Classes	1	-	-	1	1	4	1
Rates of Pay	£. 250	-	-	24	23	21	19

The chief constable has no allowance for travelling expenses.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61	26	15	12	22	16	—
1861-62	14	14	14	27	15	5
1862-63	9	7	5	40	21	5
1863-64	18	21	17	40	13	6

In two cases, more than one prisoner was concerned.

	Number of.	Proceeded against.	Deprived of License.	Fined.
Public Houses	80	2	1	1
and Beer Houses	62	5	-	3

The police act as inspectors of weights and measures and common lodging-houses, and as high constables. There have been no dismissals or resignations during the year. Fourteen known thieves and 33 suspected persons are reported to reside within the county. The station house is in good order; a library is open to the constables, and well kept up by the chief constable. A small station house is much required at Uppingham, as last reported; but there appears a difficulty in obtaining land to build upon. A station would materially assist the working of the force; but, small as it is, I have every reason to believe it to be sufficient for the county; and it is efficient.

COUNTY of SALOP, with the BOROUGHs of WENLOCK and OSWESTRY.

Population, 1863	-	-	-	217,379	Population to one constable	-	-	-	1,985	County of Salop, with the Boroughs of Wenlock and Oswestry.
Area in acres	-	-	-	842,928	Area to one constable	-	-	-	7,733	
Strength of force	-	-	-	109	Date of inspection commenced	7	September.			

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.					Weekly Pay in Shillings.			
	Chief Constable.	Superintendents.			Inspector.	Serjeants.		Constables.	
Number and Classes	1	1	1	4	1	9	6	28	58
Rates of Pay	£. 300	£. 120	£. 100	£. 90	s. 70	s. 23	s. 22	s. 21	s. 19

Chief constable's allowance for travelling, 100*l.* per annum; the superintendents are allowed 39*l.* per annum to provide horses and keep.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61	310	223	181	818	650	73
1861-62	318	216	190	893	771	86
1862-63	342	263	234	1,004	770	73
1863-64	294	235	219	1,075	887	107

	Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.
Public Houses and Beer Houses	723	38	24
	385	46	35

The police act as inspectors of common lodging houses and nuisances. One serjeant and seven constables resigned during the year: 142 known thieves and 203 suspected persons are reported to reside within the county. A new station has been erected at Much Wenlock; that at Newport is under the consideration of the magistrates. The chief constable resigned, and Colonel Cureton has been appointed to that office at the last Court of Quarter Sessions. On my inspection, I found the force in good order, the office well kept, and the criminal statistics favourable. At the last Court of Quarter Sessions the third class was abolished. I have every reason to report the force efficient.

BOROUGH of BRIDGENORTH.

Population, 1861	-	-	-	6,087	Strength of force	-	-	-	2	Borough of Bridgenorth.
Area in acres	-	-	-	2,987	Population to one constable	-	-	-	3,043	

Date of inspection, 7 March.

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.	Weekly Pay in Shillings.
	Head Constable.	Constable.
Number and Classes	1	1
Rates of Pay	£. 65	20 <i>s.</i>

No. 1.
Eastern Counties,
Midland,
and North Wales
District.

YEARS	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61	24	11	5	61	52	-
1861-62	17	12	8	54	46	1
1862-63	4	3	2	50	43	2
1863-64	7	6	4	91	90	-

	Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.
Public Houses - - - -	52	4	4
and Beer Houses - - - -	17	3	2

The head constable acts as inspector of weights and measures. Ten known thieves and nine suspected persons are reported to reside within the borough. The station-house is in order. The force is in the same state of weakness as last year; there being only one constable and the head constable, to a population of 6,087. The number of indictable offences reported is few. The increase of drunk and disorderly persons is large. With this small force no system of day or night relief or co-operation with the county can be carried out: the force, from weakness, is inefficient.

BOROUGH OF LUDLOW.

Borough of
Ludlow.

Population, 1861 - - - 5,178 | Strength of force - - - 5
 Area in acres - - - 280 | Population to one constable - - 1,035
 Date of inspection, 9 September.

RANKS.	Yearly pay in £.		Weekly Pay in Shillings.		
	Head Constable.		Serjeant.	Constables.	
Number and Classes - -	1		1	1	2
Rates of Pay - - -	£. 20		20 s.	18 s.	16 s.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61	11	12	10	39	20	-
1861-62	8	7	6	37	26	-
1862-63	6	7	7	97	54	4
1863-64	9	9	7	100	59	2

	Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.
Public Houses - - - -	59	5	4
and Beer Houses - - - -	3	-	-

The head constable acts as inspector of weights and measures, and assistant relieving officer for vagrants, of whom 606 were relieved during the year, being a decrease of 372 from the number relieved the year previous. One constable was discharged from illness, and two were dismissed during the year. Five known thieves and eight suspected persons are reported to reside within the borough. The lock-up is the old prison, and in good order. This force has changed largely, and it will continue to do so unless the pay is assimilated to neighbouring forces; in fact it will become a recruiting force for others. The head constable's salary has been increased during the year 20 l., of which he is deserving. The men now in the force appear effective, and the number sufficient for the borough; therefore I consider the force to be efficient.

BOROUGH OF SHREWSBURY.

Population, 1861 - - - 23,000 | Strength of force - - - 23 Borough of
Area in acres - - - 5,600 | Population to one constable - - - 1,000 Shrewsbury.

Date of inspection, 8 September.

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.			Weekly Pay in Shillings.			
	Head Constable.			Serjeants.	Constables.		
Number and Classes - - -	1			3	4	6	9
Rates of Pay - - - -	£. 110			24 s.	21 s.	20 s.	18 s.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 -	52	45	31	285	165	-
1861-62 -	32	22	21	240	150	42
1862-63 -	48	32	32	219	156	18
1863-64 -	48	31	21	261	180	26

	Number of.	Proceeded against.	Deprived of Licence.	Fined.
Public Houses - - - -	154	11	- - -	9
Beer Houses - - - -	32	6	- - -	6

The head constable acts as inspector of weights and measures. One constable was dismissed, and two resigned during the year: 13 known thieves and 24 suspected persons are reported to reside within the borough. The station-house is in good order, the cells are dark, and require gas to be burnt whenever a prisoner is confined in them. This force is much the same as last year. Two constables have been promoted into the merit class; the second class is composed of six, and the third class of nine constables, which appears as if the second class was limited; if so, I should suggest its being thrown open, otherwise no vacancies may occur for years in so small a force, where the constables are steadily remaining in it; on my inspection I named this, and also the necessity for sending up the weights for verification. In all other respects the force is efficient.

COUNTY OF STAFFORD, with STAFFORD and TAMWORTH BOROUGHES.

Population, 1861 - - - 630,829 | Population to one constable - - - 1,498 County of
Area in acres - - - 706,463 | Area to one constable - - - 1,678 Stafford, with
Strength of force - - - 421 | Stafford and
County of
Stafford and
Tamworth
Boroughs.

Date of inspection, 5 August.

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.						Weekly Pay in Shillings.						
	Chief Constable.	Superintendents.			Inspectors.		Serjeants.			Constables.			
Number and Classes	1	3	8	2	6	5	32	11	10	167	100	69	7
Rates of Pay - -	£. 500	£. 145	£. 109	£. 100	£. 80	£. 70	s. 25	s. 24	s. 23	s. 21	s. 20	s. 19	s. 17

The chief constable has 150*l.* per annum for travelling expenses; and the superintendents receive 50 *l.* per annum for wear and tear and keep of horse.

No 1.
Eastern Counties,
Midland,
and North Wales
District.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 -	1,156	774	553	2,689	2,187	—
1861-62 -	1,167	775	562	2,932	2,187	222
1862-63 -	902	731	547	2,927	2,205	248
1863-64 -	943	743	542	3,306	2,397	259

	Number of.	Proceeded against.	Deprived of License.	Fined.
Public Houses - - - -	1,976	179	8	153
and Beer Houses - - - -	2,198	491	-	420

The police act as inspectors of common lodging houses and nuisances, and as assistant relieving officers for vagrants in five unions, of whom 10,487 were relieved, being a decrease of 926 from the number relieved the previous year in those unions; 56 constables resigned, and 8 were discharged during the year; 972 known thieves, and 1,345 suspected persons are reported to reside within the county. A station-house has been ordered to be built at Tipton, and those at Handsworth, Smethwick, and Leek have been repaired. In consequence of the serious illness of the chief constable the inspection, which was to have taken place of the whole force at Stafford, was postponed, and the force was inspected in three detachments at Stoke, West Bromwich, and Stone, where everything appeared in the best order. This force has been much harassed by the strike in the mining districts, where it was more or less on duty, attending at 3.30 a. m., the early meetings of the colliers, from about the 25th of August until the 20th of October. In order to show the manner in which the force executed this duty, I enter an extract from the county paper, containing a letter read at the last court of quarter sessions, by the chairman, the Earl of Lichfield, and received from Mr. Spooner, the stipendiary magistrate for the south of the county, relative to the conduct of the police, with his Lordship's remarks:—

“I write to call your attention to the services of Major M'Knight and the police force under him at Bilton, on the 23d of September last, when an attempt was made, while I was trying some cases of intimidation, riotously to force a way into the court from the outside, when some thousands of persons, many armed with heavy sticks, were collected, who had come to the court with the defendants, who were then on trial, and when the major, the superintendent, and the police at once, in the most prompt and determined manner, seized the ring-leaders, and by their bold and skilful measures, with a small force of 45 in all, cleared the street, and stopped what threatened to be a serious riot; and to ask you to consider whether some special notice might not be fairly taken of their very efficient services on the occasion in question.”

His Lordship said he had certainly much pleasure in taking that opportunity of stating, that, having watched the conduct of the police in the mining districts closely during the deplorable state of things going on there so long, and at the enormous meetings of the colliers on strike, he had no hesitation in saying that their conduct deserved the highest possible approval of the county for the judgment and decision they had shown under their very able leader, Major M'Knight.

I think it right to add that the chief constable gave every assistance in his power, considering his serious illness, during a great part of the strike.

The force is efficient.

CITY of LICHFIELD.

Population, 1861 - - - - 6,893 | Strength of force - - - - 6
 Area in acres - - - - 3,231 | Population to one constable - - - 1,149
 Date of inspection, 26 August.

No. 1.
 Eastern Counties,
 Midland,
 and North Wales
 District.

City of Lichfield.

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.		Weekly Pay in Shillings.		
	Head Constable.	Inspectors.	Serjeant.	Constables.	
Number and Classes -	1	- -	1	1	8
Rates of Pay - -	£.62	- -	21 s.	20 s.	18 s.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 -	18	16	13	34	26	—
1861-62 -	22	19	9	29	25	—
1862-63 -	8	10	7	62	48	—
1863-64 -	6	6	6	101	80	—

	Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.
Public Houses - - - -	66	10	10
and Beer Houses - - - -	5	1	1

No extra duties are performed by the police. Three constables were dismissed during the year. Seven known thieves and six suspected persons are reported to reside within the city; the cells have been improved, and are now used for temporary custody, instead of sending the prisoners to Stafford. In this force the change may be attributed to the low scale of pay, which, however, is to be considered by the watch committee. The co-operation with the county was in an unsatisfactory state; but new arrangements have been proposed by the chief constable of the county, and adopted by the watch committee, who appear anxious to attend to any suggestion for improvement. The force has its proper number of constables, and is efficient.

BOROUGH of NEWCASTLE-UNDER-LYME.

Population, 1861 - - - - 12,638 | Strength of force - - - - 8
 Area in acres - - - - 640 | Population to one constable - - - 1,579
 Date of inspection, 26 July.

Borough of
 Newcastle-under-Lyme.

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.		Weekly Pay in Shillings.			
	Head Constable.	Inspector.	Serjeant.	Constables.		
Number and Classes -	1	- -	1	2	3	1
Rates of Pay - -	£. 90	- -	21 s.	20 s.	19 s.	16 s.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 -	23	17	16	144	129	-
1861-62 -	24	19	15	150	136	8
1862-63 -	18	14	12	101	81	11
1863-64 -	19	13	12	166	144	13

	Number of	Proceeded against.	Fined.
Public Houses - - - -	63	4	4
and Beer Houses - - - -	49	10	10

No. 1.
Eastern Counties,
Midland,
and North Wales
District.

The head constable acts as inspector of common lodging houses and nuisances, and this year as assistant relieving officer for vagrants, of whom 1,743 were relieved. Two constables resigned during the year. Seven known thieves and 11 suspected persons are reported to reside within the borough. The station-house is in repair and kept clean. On my inspection, I laid before the watch committee a scheme for the improvement of the force, by which for the local expenditure of 47*l.* per annum, one serjeant and three constables might be added to the force, making it efficient in number. This scheme was, however, rejected, and it is in the same weak state as last year. No superannuation fund has been formed, and the force is inefficient.

BOROUGH OF WALSALL.

Borough of
Walsall.

Population, 1861 - - - 37,762 | Strength of force - - - 30
Area in acres - - - 8,000 | Population to one constable - - 1,258
Date of inspection, 1 August.

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.		Weekly Pay in Shillings.							
	Head Constable.	Inspectors.	Serjeants.			Constables.				
Number and Classes	1	-	1	4	1	2	2	3	10	6
Rate of Pay	£. 170	-	s. d. 26 6	s. 24	s. d. 23 6	s. 21	s. 20	s. 19	s. 18	s. 17

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61	34	23	19	107	55	10
1861-62	42	28	24	158	106	2
1862-63	57	42	53	128	64	10
1863-64	37	24	19	140	82	2

	Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.
Public Houses	168	10	6
Beer Houses	113	3	2

The head constable acts as inspector of weights and measures, nuisances, and common lodging-houses. Six constables were dismissed, and 12 resigned during the year. Eighty-two known thieves, and 95 suspected persons, are reported to reside within the borough; the station-house is in good order. The change in this force has again been large, and is not to be accounted for, as the pay is good, and there is everything to induce constables to remain in the force. The men who have joined during the year are effective, and the appearance of the force is favourable; the criminal statistics are also satisfactory, and everything appeared in good order, and the force is efficient.

BOROUGH OF WOLVERHAMPTON.

Borough of
Wolverhampton.

Population, 1861 - - - 60,858 | Strength of force - - - 68
Area in acres - - - 3,440 | Population to one constable - - 895
Date of inspection, 12 August.

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.					Weekly Pay in Shillings.							
	Head Constable.	Inspectors.				Serjeants.		Constables.					
Number and Classes	1	2	2	1	1	3	2	5	12	13	13	8	5
Rates of Pay	£. 350	£. 83	£. 80	£. 72	£. 67	s. 24	s. 23	s. 22	s. 21	s. 20	s. 19	s. 18	s. 17

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61	331	188	73	426	381	—
1861-62	105	78	42	437	337	65
1862-63	127	105	73	365	254	52
1863-64	58	54	46	385	234	59
				Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.
Public Houses and Beer Shops				214	39	34
				215	106	96

The police act as inspectors of common lodging houses; 2 constables were dismissed, and 13 resigned during the year; 213 known thieves, and 217 suspected persons are reported to reside within the borough. The station-house is kept clean and in order, but is very inferior. This force has received promotion in the first and second classes, and the pay of the head constable has been increased by 50 l. per annum. The indictable returns are highly satisfactory, both in the low number of indictable offences reported, and in the crime detected. This force has had a great deal of extra duty in consequence of the strike of colliers, and has acted in conjunction with the Staffordshire force, with whom the best understanding exists; and I have reason to believe it has given general satisfaction, and is in every particular efficient.

COUNTY OF SUFFOLK (EAST), with BECCLES, EYE and ORFORD BOROUGHES:

Population in 1861	-	-	-	179,213	Population to one constable	-	1,572
Area in acres	-	-	-	589,212	Area to one constable	-	5,168
Strength of force	-	-	-	114	Date of inspection commenced	8 June.	

County of Suffolk (East), with Beccles, Eye, and Orford Boroughs.

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.						Weekly Pay in Shillings.					
	Chief Constable.	Superintendents.		Inspectors.			Serjeants.	Constables.				
Number and Classes	1	3	3	1	3	5	6	30	10	24	12	16
Rates of Pay	£. 300.	£. 110.	£. 100.	£. 75.	£. 70.	£. 65.	£. 23.	£. 21.	£. 20.	£. 19.	£. 17.	£. 16.

Chief constable's allowance for travelling, 70 l. per annum; superintendents, for horses, wear and tear and keep, 50 l. per annum.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61	203	125	90	141	98	111
1861-62	152	125	107	194	157	15
1862-63	145	107	88	177	131	28
1863-64	138	100	83	154	119	16
				Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.
Public Houses and Beer Houses				500	8	5
				240	10	8

The police act as inspectors of weights and measures, common lodging houses, and in 10 unions as assistant relieving officers for vagrants, of whom 1,293 were relieved during the year, being a decrease from the previous year of 2,208, which

No. 1.
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which is a larger decrease than in any county reported this year. Two constables resigned, and two were dismissed during the year; 114 known thieves, and 317 suspected persons are reported to reside within the county. A station house at Halesworth and one at Saxmunham has been built. The force is the same in pay and classification as last year, and is in every respect efficient.

BOROUGH of IPSWICH.

Borough of
Ipswich.

Population, 1861 - - - 37,719 | Strength of force - - - 37
Area in acres - - - 8,450 | Population to one constable - - 1,047
Date of inspection, 8 June.

RANKS.	Yearly pay in £.		Weekly Pay in Shillings.			
	Head Constable.	Inspectors.	Serjeants.	Constables.		
Number and Classes - -	1	- -	5	16	7	8
Rates of Pay - - -	£. 130	- -	s. 24	s. 21	s. 19	s. 17

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 -	216	131	69	95	26	—
1861-62 -	166	99	50	141	46	8
1862-63 -	90	63	46	103	21	4
1863-64 -	113	49	37	112	28	4

	Number of.	Proceeded against.	Deprived of Licenses.	Fined.
Public Houses - - -	140	5	2	3
Beer Houses - - -	118	7	-	2

The head constable acts as assistant relieving officer for vagrants, of whom 903 were relieved during the year, being a decrease of 409. This reduction of vagrants corresponds with that in the eastern division, as reported, and is very striking as to the large proportion in this union. One constable was discharged during the year; 37 known thieves, and 42 suspected persons are reported to reside within the borough. The station-house is in good order, where a library is kept for the men. The number of indictable offences is high in proportion to the detections, otherwise the force is in good order, and efficient.

BOROUGH of SOUTHWOLD.

Borough of
Southwold.

Population, 1861 - - - | Strength of force - - -
Area in acres - - - | Population to one constable - -
Date of inspection,

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.		Weekly Pay in Shillings.	
	Head Constable.		Serjeants.	Constables.
Number and Classes - - -				
Rates of Pay - - -				

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 -						
1861-62 -						
1862-63 -						
1863-64 -						
			Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.	
Public Houses and Beer Houses -						

I have purposely left this return blank to show that I can obtain no information from this borough, which I consider sufficient to report it inefficient. I am happy to add that it is the only borough in the district declining to answer any inquiry or information as to its efficiency.

COUNTY OF SUFFOLK (WEST), with BURY ST. EDMUNDS BOROUGH.

Population, 1861 -	-	-	113,418	Population to one constable -	-	1,288	County of Suffolk (West), with Bury St. Edmunds (Borough).
Area in acres -	-	-	353,215	Area to one constable -	-	4,059	
Strength of force -	-	-	88	Date of inspection, commenced 30 April.			

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.				Weekly Pay in Shillings.			
	Chief Constable.	Super-intendents.	Inspectors.		Serjeants.	Constables.		
Number and Classes	1	5	1	9	3	21	7	30
Rates of Pay -	£. 470 *	£. 115	£. 85	£. 70	23 s.	21 s.	20 s.	19 s.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 -	205	110	100	100	66	—
1861-62 -	153	119	88	138	92	34
1862-63 -	144	120	99	155	100	33
1863-64 -	134	100	90	150	117	27
			Number of	Proceeded against.	Deprived of License.	Fined.
Public Houses and Beer Houses -			357	10	1	10
			214	19	—	16

* Including chief constable's allowance, for travelling, of 50 l. per annum. The superintendents are allowed 46 l. per annum for wear and tear and keep of horses.

The police act as inspectors of weights and measures and common lodging-houses, and as assistant relieving officers for vagrants, of whom 724 were relieved during the year, being an increase of 12 over the number relieved the year previous. Three constables resigned during the year; 166 known thieves and 158 suspected persons were reported to reside within the division: the station-houses are all in excellent order: this force is much the same as last year: a vacancy as superintendent has occurred and is filled up: at the inspection I stated to the police committee the large number I found in the third class who might be kept down by the second class being limited, and since that time I find 12 constables have been promoted: there has been but little change in the stations, and only three resignations during the year, which is creditable to the force. At the inspection at Bury St. Edmunds the mayor attended and expressed himself as perfectly satisfied with the working of the consolidated force, which is a testimony of much value, and is what I consider one of the most important steps that can be taken by the small boroughs, particularly as this borough is one of the largest under consolidation. The force is in good order, and efficient.

No. 1.
Eastern Counties,
Midland,
and North Wales
District.

Borough of
Sudbury.

BOROUGH of SUDBURY.

Population, 1861 - - - - 6,879 | Strength of force - - - - 6
Area in acres - - - - 1,968 | Population to one constable - - 1,146
Date of inspection, 30 April.

RANK.	Yearly Pay in £.		Weekly Pay in Shillings.		
	Head Constable.	Inspectors.	Serjeant.	Constables.	
Number and Classes - - -	1	- -	1	3	1 -
Rates of Pay - - - -	£.88	- -	23 s.	21 s.	17 s. -

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 -	14	6	5	8	8	-
1861-62 -	7	6	6	13	8	-
1862-63 -	7	6	3	14	8	-
1863-64 -	10	7	4	10	5	3

	Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.
Public Houses - - - -	19	-	-
and Beer Houses - - - -	21	3	1

The head constable acts as inspector of common lodging-houses and assistant relieving officer for vagrants, of whom 228 were relieved during the year, being a decrease of 26 from the number relieved the three quarters of the year previous, which was the first time the police undertook this duty. No known thieves, and 13 suspected persons are reported to reside within the borough. The station-house has been repaired and the cells heated.

The force is efficient.

COUNTY of WARWICK.

County of
Warwick.

Population, 1861 - - - - 193,123 | Population to one constable - - - 1,129
Area in acres - - - - 546,665 | Area to one constable - - - 3,234
Strength of force - - - - 171 | Date of inspection, commenced 23 February.

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.						Weekly Pay in Shillings.				
	Chief Constable.	Superintendents.				Inspectors.	Serjeants.	Constables.			
Number and Classes	1	1	1	2	1	1	10	14	19	20	66 35
Rates of Pay - -	£. 350	£. 110	£. 100	£. 95	£. 90	£. 80	£. 75	s. 23	s. 21	s. 20	s. 19 17

The chief constable is allowed 150 l. per annum for travelling expenses, and the superintendents' horses average 48 l. per annum.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 -	276	150	131	347	254	-
1861-62 -	326	183	153	377	280	47
1862-63 -	269	161	141	402	263	49
1863-64 -	275	202	159	410	301	47

	Number of	Proceeded against.	Deprived of License.	Fined.
Public Houses - - - -	790	28	2	22
and Beer Houses - - - -	334	41	-	32

The police act as inspectors of weights and measures, common lodging houses, and in three unions as assistant relieving officers for vagrants, of whom 1,508 were relieved during the year, being a decrease of 646 from the number relieved the previous year: 23 constables resigned and 10 were dismissed during the year: 192 known thieves and 338 suspected persons are reported to reside within the county. The station-houses are in good order. A house has been purchased at Southam, to be converted into a police station. This force has had an addition of one inspector and one constable to Lillington and Milverton district, where it was much required, and now the co-operation with the Leamington and Warwick forces should be complete. It was inspected at the head-quarters of each division, and everything found in good order. It is efficient.

BOROUGH OF BIRMINGHAM.

Population, 1861 - - - 295,955 | Strength of force - - - 377 Borough of
Area in acres - - - 8,420 | Population to one constable - - 785 Birmingham.

Date of inspection, 25 July.

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.								Weekly Pay in Shillings.						
	Head Constable.	Superintendents.		Inspectors.					Serjeants.		Constables.				
Number and Classes	1	5	1	1	1	2	11	15	15	33	1	206	18	25	14
Rates of Pay -	£. 450	£. 140	£. 130	£. 125	£. 109	£. 104	£. 80	£. 65	s. 25	s. 24	s. 22	s. 20	s. 19	s. 18	s. 14

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 -	836	673	427	1,186	160	—
1861-62 -	863	738	473	1,266	163	173
1862-63 -	883	600	457	1,281	146	183
1863-64 -	752	598	431	1,373	190	175

	Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.
Public houses and Beer houses -	673	121	98
	1,001	338	266

The police do not undertake any extra duty: 14 constables were dismissed, and 80 resigned during the year, being 12 more vacancies than in the previous year: 979 known thieves and 752 suspected persons are reported to reside within the borough. The station-houses are in good order. The force can have access to the free library in Constitution-hill, and to one at each station-house; this force was inspected in the presence of the mayor and several members of the watch committee and neighbouring chiefs of police, and presented their usual fine appearance, going through their drill in the most satisfactory manner. The statistics are in favour of the force, and show a decrease of indictable offences reported. There has been little change in the classes, although a merit class has been adopted, at 22 s. per week; I found only one constable placed in it, which is extraordinary in a force where there is such a field for exertion. It is, however, open to all constables, and I have no doubt will be liberally dealt with as occasions occur for promotion. A large proportion of constables reach the first class, at 20 s. per week, but the lower classes are high in number, on account of the numerous changes in the force. On my inspection I pointed out to the watch committee my reasons for recommending a small increase of constables in my last report, and I still consider it desirable for the working of the force, and for the protection of the public; at the same time I have every reason to report it in high order, and efficient.

No. 1.
Eastern Counties,
Midland,
and North Wales
District.
City of Coventry.

CITY of COVENTRY.

Population, 1861 - - - 40,917 | Strength of force - - - 36
Area in acres - - - 1,660 | Population to one constable - - 1,137
Date of inspection, 27 June.

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.			Weekly Pay in Shillings.				
	Head Constable.	Superintendent.	Inspectors.	Serjeants.	Constables.			
Number and Classes	1	-	3	4	3	8	11	6
Rates of Pay -	£. 149	-	£. 65	s. 23	s. 21	s. 20	s. 19	s. 17

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61	27	24	12	112	9	-
1861-62	34	32	23	177	18	26
1862-63	73	66	27	108	12	2
1863-64	59	25	18	150	22	15

	Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.
Public Houses - - - -	252	28	22
and Beer Houses - - - -	2	1	1

The head constable acts as inspector of weights and measures and assistant relieving officer for vagrants, of whom 3,009 were relieved during the year, being an increase of 113 over the number relieved the previous year. One constable was dismissed, and eight resigned during the year: 17 known thieves and 51 suspected persons are reported to reside within the city. The station-house is in good order. Preliminary steps have been taken towards the formation of a library and reading-room for the constables. There has been little change in the classification of the force during the year. This force works well with the county, and everything appeared in good order, and it is efficient.

TOWN of LEAMINGTON.

Town of Leamington. Population, 1861 - - - 17,452 | Strength of force - - - 21
Area in acres - - - 1,571 | Population to one constable - - 831
Date of inspection, 23 June.

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.			Weekly Pay in Shillings.			
	Head Constable.	Inspectors.		Serjeants.	Constables.		
Number and Classes - -	1	1	1	2	3	6	7
Rates of Pay - - - -	£. 200	£. 90	£. 78	s. 23	s. 21	s. 20	s. 19

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61	23	24	16	20	4	-
1861-62	37	34	31	46	8	4
1862-63	34	32	23	33	4	5
1863-64	19	16	16	54	15	7

	Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.
Public Houses - - - -	81	2	-
and Beer Houses - - - -	5	-	-

The head constable acts as inspector of common lodging-houses and nuisances; but, I am sorry to say, not as assistant relieving officer for vagrants. One constable was dismissed during the year, and three resigned: 18 known thieves and 33 suspected persons are reported to reside within the town. The criminal statistics are very favourable to the force; and the appearance of the constables, and the manner in which they perform their duties, is highly creditable to the head constable and the Commissioners. The force is efficient.

BOROUGH of STRATFORD-UPON-AVON.

Population, 1861 - - - 3,672 | Strength of force - - - 4
Area in acres - - - 108 | Population to one constable - - 918
Date of inspection, 26 February.

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.		Weekly Pay in Shillings.		
	Head Constable.		Serjeants.	Constables.	
Number and Classes - - -	1		1	2	
Rates of Pay - - - -	£. 65		21 s.	19 s.	

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly..		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 -	7	4	4	13	7	—
1861-62 -	11	11	11	15	6	—
1862-63 -	11	9	7	16	9	—
1863-64 -	7	7	7	24	11	8

	Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.
Public Houses - - - -	33	2	2
and Beer Houses - - - -	3	—	—

The head constable acts as assistant relieving officer for vagrants, of whom 257 were relieved during the year, being an increase of 57 over the number relieved the previous year. One constable resigned during the year. Six known thieves and 13 suspected persons are reported to reside within the borough. At present there are no cells, but the prisoners are taken to the county station-house, as an amalgamation with the county force is under discussion. In former reports the area was returned at 30 acres, which was the amount of beats, but it is now returned at 108 acres. The force, which was remodelled last year, is efficient, but will be much benefited by consolidation with the county.

BOROUGH of WARWICK.

Population, 1861 - - - 10,589 | Strength of force - - - 11
Area in acres - - - 2,480 | Population to one constable - - 962
Date of inspection, 23 June.

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.		Weekly Pay in Shillings.			
	Head Constable.		Serjeants.	Constables.		
Number and Classes - - -	1		2	1	4	3
Rates of Pay - - - -	£. 70		28 s.	21 s.	20 s.	18 s.

No. 1.
Eastern Counties,
Midland,
and North Wales
District.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61	37	26	21	79	19	—
1861-62	48	39	29	77	18	8
1862-63	29	36	23	63	8	2
1863-64	23	18	10	66	17	8
			Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.	
Public Houses			59	—	—	
and Beer Houses			16	2	2	

The head constable is inspector of weights and measures, common lodging-houses, and nuisances. Three constables were dismissed during the year, and one resigned. Seven known thieves and four suspected persons are reported to reside within the borough. The station-house is kept clean and in good order: this small force is working well with the Leamington and county forces: the statistics are in its favour, but the occurrence book I found on my inspection required attention, which it has received from the active head constable. The classification is good, and the new men appear likely to make good officers.

The force is efficient.

COUNTY of WORCESTER, with the BOROUGH of EVESHAM.

County of
Worcester, with
the Borough of
Evesham.

Population, 1861	-	-	-	249,154	Population to one constable	-	-	1,501
Area in acres	-	-	-	431,553	Area to one constable	-	-	2,600
Strength of force	-	-	-	168	Date of inspection, commenced	27 July.		

RANKS.	Yearly pay in £.							Weekly Pay in Shillings.			
	Chief Constable.	Superintendents.						Serjeants.	Constables.		
Number and Classes	1	1	1	2	4	2	1	19	51	51	35
Rates of Pay -	£. 300	£. 150	£. 120	£. 110	£. 100	£. 90	£. 80	s. 23	s. 20	s. 19	s. 17

The chief constable is allowed 150 l. for his travelling expenses, and the superintendents are allowed 40 l. per annum for wear and tear and keep of horses.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61	611	431	312	476	255	—
1861-62	628	465	342	582	311	81
1862-63	513	385	301	451	282	51
1863-64	459	353	276	518	299	50
			Number of.	Proceeded against.	Deprived of License.	Fined.
Public Houses			1,015	56	2	38
and Beer Houses			575	50	-	38

The police act as inspectors of weights and measures, common lodging-houses, and in six unions as assistant relieving officers for vagrants, of whom 10,513 have been relieved during the year, being a decrease of 1,516 from the number relieved the previous year. Twenty-two constables resigned, and 13 were dismissed during the year: 248 known thieves and 430 suspected persons are

reported to reside within the county. The magistrates continue to improve the station-houses, a site having been purchased for a first-class station at Pershore. The Redditch, Chaddesley Corbett, and Rock stations have been built, and Witley and Upton improved during the year. This force has been increased at the last court of quarter sessions by eight reserve constables, which I have no doubt will prove a valuable addition to the force, and prevent the number of vacant stations I have found on every inspection. The court of quarter sessions has also referred to the police committee the formation of a merit class, at 21 s., and throwing open the second class to constables after six months' service, which I consider a very advisable movement, as in this county wages are so high that it is extremely difficult to obtain recruits, and as the 21 s. class exists in every other English county under my inspection. The force was inspected in detachments, and everything appeared in good order, since which period it has been for weeks called out on extra duty, in consequence of the colliers' strike, acting in conjunction with the Staffordshire and Wolverhampton forces, the performance of which arduous duty gave deserved satisfaction. The criminal statistics are high, as to the number of indictable offences reported, but in every other respect it is my duty to report the force efficient.

BOROUGH of BEWDLEY.

Population, 1861 - - - - 3,071 | Strength of force - - - - 2 Borough of
Area in acres - - - - 2,840 | Population to one constable - - 1,535 Bewdley.
Date of inspection, 29 July.

RANK.				Yearly Pay in £.	Weekly Pay in Shillings.	
				Head Constable.	Constable.	
Number and Classes - - - -				1	1	
Rates of Pay - - - -				£. 52	15 s.	

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 -	9	5	2	9	7	—
1861-62 -	6	3	2	12	3	4
1862-63 -	19	7	3	9	6	1
1863-64 -	5	3	3	17	7	—

				Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.
Public Houses and Beer Houses - - - -				37	—	—
				14	2	1

The head constable acts as assistant relieving officer for vagrants, of whom 37 were relieved during the year, being a decrease of 68 from the number relieved the previous year. Two known thieves and four suspected persons are reported to reside within the borough. The cells are most objectionable, being a great distance from any place for the constable. The force is in its former state of weakness, and is inefficient.

BOROUGH of DROITWICH.

Population, 1861 - - - - 3,123 | Strength of force - - - - 2 Borough of
Area in acres - - - - 1,645 | Population to one constable - - 1,562 Droitwich.

RANKS.				Yearly Pay in £.	Weekly Pay in Shillings.	
				Head Constable.	Constable.	
Number and Classes - - - -				1	1	
Rates of Pay - - - -				£. 62	20 s.	

No. 1.
Eastern Counties,
Midland,
and North Wales
District.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 -	13	10	5	16	9	—
1861-62 -	6	4	-	13	4	—
1862-63 -	7	6	3	22	18	—
1863-64 -	7	5	3	24	16	—
			Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.	
Public Houses - - - -			17	—	—	
and Beer Houses - - - -			14	4	4	

The head constable acts as inspector of common lodging-houses and nuisances. Sixteen known thieves and eight suspected persons are reported to reside within the borough. The cells are kept clean, but are not heated. The head constable does his best with his small force; but it is, from weakness, inefficient.

BOROUGH OF KIDDERMINSTER.

Borough of
Kidderminster.

Population, 1861 - - - 15,399 | Strength of force - - - 16
Area in acres - - - 994 | Population to one constable - - 962

Date of inspection, 29 July.

RANK.	Yearly Pay in £.	Weekly Pay in Shillings.		
	Head Constable.	Serjeants.	Constables.	
Number and Classes - - -	1	2	6	5
Rates of Pay - - - -	£. 100	22 s.	19 s.	18 s.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 -	32	23	14	26	17	—
1861-62 -	34	28	19	53	29	5
1862-63 -	17	19	14	45	19	26
1863-64 -	10	7	5	71	21	13
			Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.	
Public Houses - - - -			93	3	1	
and Beer Houses - - - -			29	—	—	

The head constable acts as inspector of weights and measures and as assistant relieving officer for vagrants, of whom 2,007 were relieved during the year, being a decrease of 113 from the number relieved the previous year. One constable resigned, and one was dismissed during the year: 16 known thieves and 32 suspected persons are reported to reside within the borough. The station-house is in good repair, and the cells are very clean and well kept. The library, which was established in 1860, is much resorted to by the constables. This force is precisely the same in number and classification as last year. On my inspection the question of consolidation with the county was discussed, and I sent a scheme for consideration; namely, that the force should consist of one superintendent, one serjeant, and 11 constables: with this number of constables I consider the borough might be thoroughly protected, having the assistance of the county force for support. It would, in my opinion, be highly advantageous to both the county and borough if it could be effected, and the only loss to the authorities of the borough would be that of appointing and dismissing the constables. I can only add, that wherever consolidation has taken place it has given universal satisfaction. The force is efficient.

CITY of WORCESTER.

Population, 1861 - - - - 32,000 | Strength of force - - - - 31
 Area in acres - - - - 965 | Population to one constable - - 1,032

Date of inspection, 27 July.

RANK.	Yearly Pay in £.		Weekly Pay in Shillings.			
	Head Constable.		Serjeants.	Constables.		
Number and Classes - - -	1		5	7	11	7
Rates of Pay - - - -	£. 180		24 s.	21 s.	19s. 6d.	17 s.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 -	129	103	38	250	16	—
1861-62 -	132	92	57	320	90	25
1862-63 -	107	88	67	188	61	20
1863-64 -	100	76	63	256	100	22

				Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.
Public Houses - - - -				174	16	13
and Beer Houses - - - -				93	11	11

The head constable acts as assistant relieving officer for vagrants, of whom 3,965 were relieved during the year, being a decrease of 342 from the number relieved the previous year. One constable was dismissed, and five resigned during the year; 45 known thieves and 108 suspected persons are reported to reside within the city. The new station-house is very complete. The criminal statistics of indictable offences is much in the same proportion as last year. The change of constables is rather above the average, and I suggested opening the second and 1st class as a stimulant to the men to exertion, and to remain in the force; in every other respect the force is in very good order, and the head constable keeps up a thorough system of co-operation with the county. The force is efficient.

No.1.
Eastern Counties,
Midland,
and North Wales
District.

NORTH WALES.

COUNTY of ANGLESEY, with BEAUMARIS.

County of
Anglesea, with
Beaumaris.

Population, 1861	-	-	-	54,609	Population to one constable	-	-	2,374
Area in acres	-	-	-	193,453	Area to one constable	-	-	8,411
Strength of force	-	-	-	23	Date of inspection, 21 September.			

RANK.	Yearly Pay in £.			Weekly Pay in Shillings.							
	Chief Constable.	Super-intendents.	Inspectors.	Serjeants.			Constables.				
Number and Classes	1	—	2	2	1	2	2	4	2	5	2
Rates of Pay - -	£. 250	—	£. 75	s. 24	s. 23	s. 22	s. 20	s. 19	s. d. 18 6	s. 18	s. 17

The chief constable receives 60*l.* per annum for travelling expenses; inspectors 40*l.* for horse and cart per annum.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 -	20	11	10	101	64	11
1861-62 -	39	34	26	107	48	15
1862-63 -	43	30	28	101	56	8
1863-64 -	34	31	28	81	46	12

	Number of	Proceeded against.	Fined.
Public Houses -	268	9	4
and Beer Houses -	11.	—	—

The police act as inspectors of weights and measures, and in two unions as assistant relieving officers for vagrants, of whom 452 were relieved during the year; this being the first year of the police undertaking the duty, there is no return of the number relieved the previous year. Three constables resigned during the year; 29 known thieves and 36 suspected persons are reported to reside within the county. A new station-house has been built at Llanerchymedd. The annual statistics as to indictable offences reported and crime detected was satisfactory. The force was inspected in a body at the Menai Bridge, when everything appeared in good order, and the force is efficient.

COUNTY of CARNARVON, with BANGOR and CARNARVON BOROUGHES.

County of
Carnarvon, with
Bangor and Car-
narvon Boroughs.

Population, 1861	-	-	-	92,776	Population to one constable	-	-	1,932
Area in acres	-	-	-	367,995	Area to one constable	-	-	7,999
Strength of force	-	-	-	48	Date of inspection commenced 17 Sept.			

RANK.	Yearly Pay in £.				Weekly Pay in Shillings.					
	Chief Constable.	Super-intendent.	Inspectors.		Serjeants.	Constables.				
Number and Classes	1	2	1	2	7	4	14	5	6	6
Rates of Pay -	£. 250	£. 90	£. 80	£. 72	s. 24	s. 21	s. 20	s. 19	s. 18	s. 17

The chief constable is allowed 80 l. per annum for travelling expenses. The superintendents are allowed from 48 l. to 30 l. for keep of horse.

No. 1.
Eastern Counties,
Midland,
and North Wales
District.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 -	96	55	33	355	289	—
1861-62 -	97	47	23	455	327	41
1862-63 -	72	34	23	535	404	44
1863-64 -	112	63	44	480	370	34

	Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.
Public Houses - - - -	427	20	14
and Beer Houses - - - -	54	13	12

The police act as inspectors of weights and measures, common lodging-houses and nuisances, and assistant relieving officers for vagrants, of whom 1,728 were relieved during the year, being a decrease of 323 from the number relieved the previous year. Nine constables resigned, and two were dismissed during the year: 82 known thieves and 114 suspected persons are reported to reside within the county. The station-houses at Nef-yn and Bettwys Coed require attention. The force has received an increase of two constables during the year, but the growing town of Llandudno and the increase of population, besides the formation of new railroads, adds to the necessity of a reserve, which has been reported to the magistrates. The pay of the superintendents has been advanced at the last Court of Quarter Sessions. The force was inspected in two divisions at Bangor and Carnarvon. The superintendents have horses, which is an improvement: the change of men continues high; in other respects everything appeared in order, and the force is efficient.

BOROUGH OF PWLLHELI.

Population, 1861 - - - - 2,795 | Strength of force - - - - 1
Area in acres - - - - 1,000 | Population to one constable - - 2,795 Borough of Pwllheli.

RANK.	Yearly Pay in £.		Weekly Pay in Shillings.	
	Head Constable.	Inspectors.	Serjeants.	Constables.
Number and Class -	1	—	—	—
Rate of Pay - - -	—	—	—	—

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 -	2	2	2	11	11	—
1861-62 -	2	2	2	16	14	—
1862-63 -	1	1	1	13	12	—
1863-64 -	2	2	2	13	13	—

	Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.
Public Houses - - - -	29	3	3
and Beer Houses - - - -	—	—	—

No. 1.
 Eastern Counties,
 Midland,
 and North Wales
 District.

No extra duties are performed by the police. This is now the only borough in North Wales not consolidated with the county, and, taking into consideration its position and the great advantage to be derived from both the borough and county by consolidation, I venture to hope that it may shortly be effected. The force is efficient.

COUNTY of DENBIGH, and BOROUGH of DENBIGH.

County of	Population, 1861	-	-	-	104,316	Population to one constable	-	-	1,830
Denbigh, with	Area in acres	-	-	-	374,303	Area to one constable	-	-	6,567
Denbigh Borough.	Strength of force	-	-	-	57	Date of inspection commenced	12 Sept.		

RANK.	Yearly Pay in £.				Weekly Pay in Shillings.			
	Chief Constable.	Superintendents.	Inspectors.		Serjeants.	Constables.		
Number and Classes	1	2	3	1	4	2	19	25
Rates of Pay	£. 380	£. 100	£. 75	£. 65	s. 23	s. 21	s. 20	s. 18

The chief constable receives 50 l. for travelling expenses, and the superintendents 50 l. each for allowance for wear and tear of a horse.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61	53	45	38	232	162	27
1861-62	75	64	64	394	265	49
1862-63	68	70	59	337	227	21
1863-64	65	67	53	372	252	29

	Number of.	Proceeded against.	Deprived of License.	Fined.
Public Houses and Beer Houses	441	9	1	7
	96	21	—	21

The police act as inspectors of weights and measures, common lodging-houses and nuisances, and assistant relieving officers for vagrants, of whom 5,123 were relieved during the year, being a decrease of 2,288 from the number relieved during the previous year, which is a very satisfactory result. Four constables resigned and six were dismissed during the year: 30 known thieves and 89 suspected persons are reported to reside within the county. A new station-house is ordered to be built at Llangollen, where it is much needed: this force was inspected in two divisions at Wrexham and Ruthin: the classification is much the same as last year, there being no third class: the criminal statistics show nearly the same amount of crime and detection as last year: the drill of the men is improved, and the constables are steadily keeping their station, and performing their duty very satisfactorily: the force is efficient.

COUNTY of FLINT, with the BOROUGH of FLINT.

Population, 1861	-	-	-	69,849	Population to one constable	-	-	1,887	County of Flint, with the Borough of Flint.
Area in acres	-	-	-	182,266	Area to one constable	-	-	5,007	
Strength of force	-	-	-	37	Date of inspection, 12 September.				

RANK.	Yearly Pay in £.				Weekly Pay in Shillings.			
	Chief Constable.	Superintendents.		Inspectors.	Serjeants.		Constables.	
Number and Classes	1	2	1	1	3	4	17	8
Rates of Pay	£. 250	£. 105	£. 75	£. 65	£. 23	£. 21	£. 20	£. 18

The chief constable receives 50 l. per annum for travelling expenses, and the superintendents 50 l. each per annum for wear and tear of horse.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61	36	37	25	290	239	—
1861-62	51	30	17	396	306	40
1862-63	45	37	31	364	298	23
1863-64	62	64	50	404	345	34

	Number of.	Proceeded against.	Fined.
Public Houses and Beer Houses	417	28	23
	50	11	8

The police act as inspectors of weights and measures in two divisions, of common lodging-houses, and in one of nuisances, and assistant relieving officers for vagrants, of whom 1,588 were relieved during the year, being an increase of 214 on the number relieved the previous year: two constables resigned, and two were dismissed, during the year: 30 known thieves and 42 suspected persons are reported to reside within the county. The station-house at Holywell still requires improvement: this force has been consolidated with the borough of Flint, by which both will undoubtedly be benefited; consequently an increase of one superintendent and one constable has been made: the inspector at Overton has been promoted to superintendent, of which he is every way worthy. This force is very much improved, and I have every reason to report it efficient.

COUNTY of MERIONETH.

Population, 1861	-	-	-	38,888	Population to one constable	-	-	1,696	County of Merioneth.
Area in acres	-	-	-	383,501	Area to one constable	-	-	16,673	
Strength of force	-	-	-	23	Date of inspection, 14 September.				

RANK.	Yearly Pay in £.		Weekly Pay in Shillings.	
	Chief Constable.	Inspectors.	Serjeants.	Constables.
Number and Classes	1	1	4	17
Rates of Pay	£. 250	£. 70	23 s.	18 s.

No 1.
Eastern Counties,
Midland,
and North Wales
District.

The chief constable receives 50 *l.* per annum for travelling expenses, and the inspector 45 *l.* per annum for keep and wear and tear of horse.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 -	19	16	13	65	50	—
1861-62 -	33	37	36	102	75	8
1862-63 -	26	29	26	93	62	13
1863-64 -	47	32	24	110	89	6
			Number of.	Proceeded against.	Deprived of Licence.	Fined.
Public Houses - - - -			137	6	1	5
Beer Houses - - - -			8	—	—	—

The police act as inspectors of weights and measures and nuisances, and assistant relieving officers for vagrants, of whom 1,777 were relieved during the year, being an increase of 711 over those which were relieved in the year previous, which in a great measure may be attributed to the making of the coast railroad. One constable resigned, and one was dismissed during the year. Fourteen known thieves and 33 suspected persons are reported to reside within the county. The station-houses are generally good, much having been done to them; those alone requiring attention are Festiniog and Dinas Towyn. This force has been increased by three constables. The only suggestion I thought it necessary to make was as to the appointment of the police as inspectors of lodging-houses. The force is, as usual, working extremely well, and is efficient.

COUNTY of MONTGOMERY, with the BOROUGHs of MONTGOMERY and WELCHPOOL.

County of Mont-
gomery, with the
Boroughs of Mont-
gomery and Welch-
pool.

Population, 1861 - - -	66,919.	Population to one constable -	2,307
Area in acres - - -	483,323	Area to one constable - -	16,666
Strength of force - - -	29	Date of inspection commenced	10 Sept.

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £.			Weekly Pay in Shillings.			
	Chief Constable.	Superintendent.	Inspector.	Sergeants.	Constables.		
Number and Classes - -	1	1	1	2	12	11	1
Rates of Pay - - -	£. 250	£. 95	£. 85	s. 23	s. 20	s. 18	s. 16

The chief constable receives 30 *l.* per annum for travelling expenses; and the inspector is allowed 36 *l.* per annum for keep and wear and tear of horse.

YEARS.	Indictable Offences.			Drunk and Disorderly.		
	Reported to the Police.	Persons Apprehended for the same.	Committed for the same.	Persons proceeded against.	Fined.	Committed.
1860-61 -	124	101	69	222	161	—
1861-62 -	137	133	105	250	162	23
1862-63 -	146	162	132	259	160	24
1863-64 -	116	129	107	296	209	11
			Number of.	Proceeded against.	Deprived of Licence.	Fined.
Public Houses - - - -			258	17	-1	16
Beer Houses - - - -			49	15	-	13

The police act as inspectors of weights and measures and of common lodging-houses, but not as assistant relieving officers for vagrants. Three constables resigned, and one was dismissed during the year : 60 known thieves and 135 suspected persons are reported to reside within the county. A new station has been built at Llanidloes, and that at Llanfyllin has been improved ; a new station at Llanfair is still required. On my inspection, I ventured to suggest a small increase to the force, as a reserve ; and also the importance of enlarging the first class, as I found some constables of seven and eight years' standing still in the second class, although favourably spoken of by the chief constable. This force, notwithstanding the smallness of numbers, is working very well, and everything is in good order, although there is no force under greater difficulties, in consequence of the necessity of having men who can speak both English and Welsh : it is efficient.

APPENDIX.

No. 1. DISTRICT.—ESTABLISHED POLICE FORCE

COUNTIES. and BOROUGHES.	Establishments.		DETAILS OF RANKS, 1864.							Population in 1861.	Area in Acres.	PROPORTIONS.	
	1863.	1864.	Chief Constables of Counties.	Head Constables of Boroughs.	Superintendents.	Inspectors.	Serjeants.	Constables.	Population to each Constable.			Acres to each Constable.	
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	
ENGLAND:													
Bedfordshire - - - -	82	82	1	-	7	-	9	65	121,805	281,211	1,485	3,429	
Bedford - - - -	13	13	-	1	-	-	2	10	13,412	2,309	1,031	- -	
Buckinghamshire - - -	119	120	1	-	6	11	7	95	160,022	461,980	1,333	3,882	
Buckingham - - - -	4	4	-	1	-	-	-	3	3,847	4,777	960	- -	
Chipping Wycombe - - -	3	3	-	1	-	-	-	2	4,222	120	1,407	- -	
Cambridgeshire - - - -	70	70	1	-	4	4	4	57	85,256	290,213	1,218	4,146	
Cambridge - - - -	34	34	-	1	-	2	4	27	26,351	3,470	775	- -	
Ely, Isle of - - - -	52	52	1	-	4	2	5	40	55,319	221,029	1,063	4,250	
Wisbeach - - - -	11	11	-	1	-	-	3	7	9,218	6,429	838	- -	
Derbyshire - - - -	161	161	1	-	15	13	28	104	286,400	623,992	1,801	3,876	
Chesterfield - - - -	11	11	-	1	-	1	1	8	9,835	450	894	- -	
Derby - - - -	43	43	-	1	-	3	7	32	43,081	1,660	1,002	- -	
Essex, with Harwich and Saffron } Walden - - - -	248	246	1	-	10	13	11	211	291,924	984,633	1,186	4,002	
Colchester - - - -	22	22	-	1	-	-	3	18	23,730	11,770	1,078	- -	
Maldon - - - -	2	2	-	1	-	-	-	1	4,747	3,508	2,373	- -	
Hertfordshire - - - -	92	92	1	-	4	9	-	78	141,209	368,810	1,812	4,728	
St. Alban's - - - -	7	7	-	1	-	-	2	4	7,675	434	1,100	- -	
Hertford - - - -	6	6	-	1	-	-	1	4	6,769	3,350	1,128	- -	
Huntingdonshire, with Godman- } chester and Huntingdon -	48	52	1	-	4	1	3	43	64,250	224,418	1,235	4,315	
Leicestershire - - - -	98	98	1	-	6	3	13	75	169,350	510,204	1,728	5,206	
Leicester - - - -	70	75	-	1	-	2	12	60	68,168	3,000	909	- -	
Lincolnshire - - - -	268	268	1	-	19	4	35	209	343,140	1,742,329	1,304	6,500	
Boston - - - -	15	15	-	1	-	-	3	11	15,038	4,820	1,000	- -	
Grantham - - - -	5	5	-	1	-	-	1	3	4,954	350	991	- -	
Great Grimsby - - - -	10	10	-	1	-	-	2	7	11,032	1,518	1,067	- -	
Lincoln (City) - - - -	21	21	-	1	-	1	4	15	20,995	5,000	999	- -	
Louth - - - -	6	6	-	1	-	-	1	4	10,468	2,560	1,744	- -	
Stamford - - - -	10	10	-	1	-	-	2	7	8,044	1,711	804	- -	
Norfolk, with Thetford - -	222	222	1	-	14	9	8	190	317,295	1,333,440	1,442	6,061	
Great Yarmouth - - - -	34	34	-	1	-	-	6	27	34,573	4,135	1,016	- -	
King's Lynn - - - -	19	19	-	1	-	-	3	15	15,981	2,620	841	- -	
Norwich (City) - - - -	88	88	-	1	1	5	14	67	74,414	6,638	818	- -	
Northamptonshire - - -	104	104	1	-	5	10	10	78	167,854	575,763	1,629	5,580	
Daventry - - - -	2	3	-	1	-	-	-	2	4,124	1,713	1,374	- -	
Northampton - - - -	33	39	-	1	-	2	4	32	32,813	1,520	841	- -	
Peterborough (Liberty) - -	18	18	1	-	1	1	2	13	22,655	51,695	1,258	2,871	
Nottinghamshire, with East Ret- } ford - - - -	108	138	1	-	7	6	16	108	207,691	521,110	1,505	3,978	
Newark - - - -	11	11	-	1	-	-	2	8	11,562	2,080	1,051	- -	
Nottingham - - - -	99	99	-	1	1	4	13	80	74,531	2,600	749	- -	
Oxfordshire - - - -	95	95	1	-	7	4	10	73	140,730	469,935	1,480	4,946	
Banbury - - - -	5	5	-	1	-	-	1	3	4,055	105	811	- -	
Oxford (City) - - - -	12	12	-	1	-	-	2	9	28,261	-	2,355	- -	
Rutlandshire - - - -	8	8	1	-	-	-	2	5	21,867	104,568	2,733	13,000	

APPENDIX.

COUNTIES and BOROUGH—RATES of PAY.

RATES OF ANNUAL PAY.									RATES OF WEEKLY PAY.								Allowances to Chief Constables.	REMARKS.
Chief Constables of Counties.	Head Constables of Boroughs.	Superintendents.			Inspectors.			Serjeants.		Constables.								
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.					
14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	26.	27.	28.	29.			
£.	£.	£.	£.	£.	£.	£.	£.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	£.				
350	-	162	120	110	-	-	-	25	23	21	20	19	16	50	Superintendents are allowed 50 l. to provide and keep a horse.			
-	142	-	-	-	-	-	-	24	-	21	20	19	-	-				
300	-	130	120	115	85	85	75	23	-	21	20	19	17 6	150				
-	45	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18	-	-	-	-				
-	90	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18	-	-	-	-				
270	-	140	105	95	70	65	-	23	-	21	19	17	-	80				
-	156	-	-	-	75	-	-	24	23	21	20	19	17	-				
250	-	100	90	-	65	-	-	23	-	21	20	19	17	50				
-	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	21	20	18	-	-	-				
400	-	150	120	90	65	-	-	23	22	21	20	18	-	100				
-	100	130	100	80	59	-	-	22	-	21	20	18	-	-				
-	175	-	-	-	91	70	65	24	23	21	20	19	18	-				
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	22	21	20	19	-	-				
450	-	130	115	100	85	75	65	23	-	21	19	17	-	160	The deputy chief constable has 50 l. extra.			
-	104	-	-	-	-	-	-	23	-	20	18 6	17	-	-				
-	65	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	-	-	-	-				
500*	-	105	95	-	75	-	-	-	-	21	19	17	-	-				
-	90	-	-	-	-	-	-	23	-	20	18	-	-	-				
-	72	-	-	-	-	-	-	25	-	20	19	-	-	-				
180	-	130	105	95	70	-	-	23	-	21	19	17	-	70				
450	-	130	120	100	75	-	-	23	22	21	19	17	-	95				
-	200	-	-	-	111	100	-	29	26 6	21 6	20 6	19 6	18 6	-				
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23	23 6	21 6	20 6	19 6	18 6	-				
500	-	110	95	85	70	-	-	25	-	21	19 6	18	-	200	In Kesteven and Holland superintendents are allowed 50 l. to provide and keep a horse.			
-	120	-	-	-	-	-	-	24	-	21	18 6	17 6	-	-				
-	70	-	-	-	-	-	-	26	-	21 6	18 6	17 6	-	-				
-	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	-	19	-	-	-	-				
-	120	-	-	-	-	-	-	26	25	21	20	18	-	-				
-	120	-	-	-	72	-	-	26	24 6	23	21 6	19 6	-	-				
-	123	-	-	-	-	-	-	23	-	20	19	18	-	-				
-	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	25	-	21	20	18	-	-				
400	-	170	115	100	72	-	-	23	-	21	19	17	-	175				
-	150	120	-	-	-	-	-	25	21	20	18 6	17 6	-	-				
-	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	23	-	20	18	-	-	-				
-	200	104	-	-	78	-	-	25	24	21	20	19	18	-				
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23	23	21	20	19	-	-				
300	-	105	95	-	85	75	-	23	-	21	20	19	17	110	Superintendents are allowed 50 l. to provide and keep a horse.			
-	60	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	-	-	-	-				
-	200	-	-	-	89	-	-	26	24	21	19	18	-	-				
105	-	100	-	-	80	-	-	23	-	21	20	19	17	*	*Chief constables actual expenses are paid.			
500†	-	115	90	80	70	-	-	24	-	21	19	17	-	150	† Including 150 l. for travelling expenses. Superintendents are allowed 50 l. to provide and keep a horse.			
-	130	105	-	-	-	-	-	24	-	20	19	-	-	-				
-	250	155	-	-	80	-	-	26	24	21	20 6	20	19	-				
375	-	110	105	80	75	70	-	23	-	21	20	19	17	125				
-	70	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	-	18	-	-	-	-				
-	80	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	-	18	15	-	-	-				
250	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25	22	21	19	-	-	-				

Superintendents are allowed 50 l. to provide and keep a horse.

The deputy chief constable has 50 l. extra.

* Including travelling expenses.

In Kesteven and Holland superintendents are allowed 50 l. to provide and keep a horse.

Superintendents are allowed 50 l. to provide and keep a horse.

* Chief constables actual expenses are paid.

† Including 150 l. for travelling expenses. Superintendents are allowed 50 l. to provide and keep a horse.

No. 1 DISTRICT.—ESTABLISHED POLICE FORCE

COUNTIES and BOROUGHES.	Establishment.		DETAILS OF RANKS, 1864.						Population Census, 1861.	Area in Acres.	PROPORTIONS.	
	1863.	1864.	Chief Constables of Counties.	Head Constables of Boroughs.	Superintendents.	Inspectors.	Sergeants.	Constables.			Population to each Constable.	Acres to each Constable.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.
ENGLAND—continued.												
Shropshire, with Oswestry and Wenlock	109	109	1	-	6	1	15	86	217,379	842,928	1,985	7,733
Bridgnorth	2	2	-	1	-	-	-	1	6,087	2,987	3,043	-
Ludlow	5	5	-	1	-	-	1	3	5,178	280	1,035	-
Shrewsbury	23	23	-	1	-	-	3	19	23,000	5,600	1,000	-
Staffordshire, with Stafford and Tamworth	421	421	1	-	13	11	53	343	630,829	706,463	1,498	1,678
Lichfield (city)	6	6	-	1	-	-	1	4	6,893	3,231	1,149	-
Newcastle-under-Lyne	8	8	-	1	-	-	1	6	12,638	640	1,579	-
Walsall	30	30	-	1	-	-	6	23	37,762	8,000	1,258	-
Wolverhampton	68	68	-	1	-	8	7	52	60,858	3,440	895	-
Suffolk, (East), with Beccles, Eye, and Orford	114	114	1	-	6	9	6	92	179,213	589,212	1,572	6,404
Ipswich	36	37	-	1	-	-	5	31	37,719	8,450	1,019	-
Southwold	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,032	600	-	no return.
Suffolk, (West), with Bury St. Edmunds	88	88	1	-	5	10	3	69	113,418	353,213	1,288	4,013
Sudbury	6	6	-	1	-	-	1	4	6,879	1,968	1,146	-
Warwickshire	169	171	1	-	5	11	14	140	193,123	546,665	1,129	3,196
Birmingham	377	377	-	1	6	15	48	307	295,955	8,420	785	-
Coventry (city)	36	36	-	1	-	3	4	28	40,917	1,660	1,137	-
Leamington	21	21	-	1	-	2	2	16	17,452	1,571	831	-
Stratford-on-Avon	4	4	-	1	-	-	1	2	3,672	108	918	-
Warwick	10	11	-	1	-	-	2	8	10,589	2,480	962	-
Worcestershire, with Evesham	168	168	1	-	11	-	19	137	249,154	431,553	1,501	2,600
Bewdley	2	2	-	1	-	-	-	1	3,071	2,840	1,535	-
Droitwich	2	2	-	-	-	-	1	1	3,123	1,562	1,561	-
Kidderminster	16	16	-	1	-	-	2	13	15,399	994	962	-
Worcester (city)	31	31	-	1	-	-	5	25	32,000	318	1,019	-
NORTH WALES:												
Anglesea, with Beaumaris	23	23	1	-	-	2	5	15	54,609	193,453	2,374	8,411
Carnarvonshire, with Bangor and Carnarvon	46	48	1	-	2	3	7	35	92,776	367,996	1,932	7,849
Pwllheli	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	2,795	1,000	-	-
Denbighshire, with Denbigh	57	57	1	-	2	4	6	44	104,316	374,303	2,371	6,567
Flintshire, with Flint	35	37	1	-	3	1	7	25	69,849	185,264	1,887	5,007
Flint	1	-	-	-	-	Amalgamated with the county this year.			-	-	-	-
Merionethshire	20	23	1	-	-	1	4	17	38,888	383,581	1,767	16,673
Montgomeryshire, with Mont- gomery and Welchpool	29	29	1	-	1	1	2	24	66,919	483,323	2,307	16,666
TOTALS	-	4,408	28	44	175	192	487	3,482				

TOTAL of Force in District No. 1

Ditto - - ditto - - ditto - -
 Ditto - - ditto - - ditto - -
 Ditto - - ditto - - ditto - -
 Ditto - - ditto - - ditto - -
 Ditto - - ditto - - ditto - -
 Ditto - - ditto - - ditto - -
 Ditto - - ditto - - ditto - -
 Ditto - - ditto - - ditto - -
 Ditto - - ditto - - ditto - -

COUNTIES and BOROUGHs, and RATES of PAY—continued.

RATES OF ANNUAL PAY.									RATES OF WEEKLY PAY.								Allowance to Chief Constables.	REMARKS.
Chief Constables of Counties. 14.	Head Constables of Boroughs. 15.	Superintendents.			Inspectors.			Serjeants.		Constables.								
		1st Class. 16.	2d Class. 17.	3d Class. 18.	1st Class. 19.	2d Class. 20.	3d Class. 21.	1st Class. 22.	2d Class. 23.	1st Class. 24.	2d Class. 25.	3d Class. 26.	4th Class. 27.					
£.	£.	£.	£.	£.	£.	£.	£.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	£.	29.			
300	-	120	100	90	70	-	-	23 -	-	22 -	21 -	19 -	-	100	Superintendents are allowed 39l. to provide and keep a horse.			
-	65	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20 -	-	-	-	-	-			
-	70	-	-	-	-	-	-	20 -	-	18 -	16 -	-	-	-	-			
-	110	-	-	-	-	-	-	24 -	-	21 -	20 -	18 -	-	-	-			
500	-	145	109	100	80	70	-	25 -	{ 24 - 23 - }	20 -	19 -	17 -	-	150	Superintendents are allowed 50l. to provide and keep a horse.			
-	62	-	-	-	-	-	-	21 -	-	20 -	18 -	-	-	-	-			
-	90	-	-	-	-	-	-	21 -	-	20 -	19 -	16 -	-	-	-			
-	170	-	-	-	-	-	-	26 6	{ 24 - 23 6 }	21 -	20 -	19 -	{ 18 - 17 - }	-	-			
-	350	-	-	-	83	{ 81 73 }	{ 67 54 }	24 -	{ 23 - 22 - }	21 -	20 -	19 -	18 -	17 -	-			
300	-	110	100	-	75	70	65	23 -	21 -	20 -	19 -	17 -	16 -	70	Superintendents are allowed 50l. to provide and keep a horse.			
-	130	-	-	-	-	-	-	24 -	-	21 -	19 -	17 -	-	-	-			
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
*470	-	115	-	-	85	70	-	23 -	-	21 -	20 -	19 -	17 -	50	* Including 50l. travelling expenses. Superintendents are allowed 46l. to provide and keep a horse.			
-	88	-	-	-	-	-	-	23 -	-	21 -	17 -	-	-	-	-			
350	-	{ 110 100 }	95	90	80	75	-	23 -	-	21 -	20 -	19 -	17 -	150	-			
-	450	140	130	-	125	109	{ 104 80 }	25 -	24 -	22 -	20 -	19 -	{ 18 - 17 - 14 - }	-	-			
-	149	-	-	-	65	-	-	23 -	21 -	20 -	19 -	17 -	-	-	-			
-	200	-	-	-	90	75	-	23 -	-	20 -	18 6	-	-	-	-			
-	65	-	-	-	-	-	-	21 -	-	19 -	-	-	-	-	-			
-	70	-	-	-	-	-	-	23 -	-	21 -	20 -	18 -	-	-	-			
300	-	{ 150 120 }	110 100	90 80	-	-	-	23 -	-	20 -	19 -	17 -	-	150	Superintendents are allowed 40l. to provide and keep a horse.			
-	52	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15 -	-	-	-	-	-			
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24 -	-	20 -	-	-	-	-	-			
-	140	-	-	-	-	-	-	22 -	-	19 -	18 -	17 -	-	-	-			
-	180	-	-	-	-	-	-	24 -	-	21 -	19 6	18 -	-	-	-			
250	-	-	-	-	75	-	-	{ 24 - 23 - }	22 -	20 -	{ 19 - 18 6 }	18 -	17 -	60	The inspector is allowed 45l. to provide and keep horse and cart. Superintendents allowed from 48l. per annum to 30l. per annum travelling expenses.			
250	-	80	-	-	70	69	-	24 6	-	21 -	20 -	19 -	{ 18 - 17 6 }	80	-			
-	-	-	-	-	70	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
*350	-	150	-	-	75	65	-	23 -	21 -	20 -	18 -	-	-	50	* Including 50l. for keep of horse. Superintendents are allowed 50l. to provide and keep a horse.			
250	-	105	75	-	65	-	-	23 -	21 -	20 -	18 -	16 -	-	50	Superintendents are allowed 50l. to provide and keep a horse.			
250	-	-	-	-	70	-	-	23 -	-	18 -	-	-	-	50	Inspector is allowed 45l. to provide and keep a horse.			
250	-	95	-	-	84	-	-	23 -	-	20 -	18 -	16 -	-	30	Inspector is allowed 36l. to provide and keep a horse.			
-	-	-	-	on 1st October	1856	-	-	-	2,728	-	-	-	-	-	-			
-	-	-	-	ditto	1857	-	-	-	3,985	-	-	-	-	-	-			
-	-	-	-	ditto	1858	-	-	-	4,124	-	-	-	-	-	-			
-	-	-	-	ditto	1859	-	-	-	4,154	-	-	-	-	-	-			
-	-	-	-	ditto	1860	-	-	-	4,179	-	-	-	-	-	-			
-	-	-	-	ditto	1861	-	-	-	4,204	-	-	-	-	-	-			
-	-	-	-	ditto	1862	-	-	-	4,261	-	-	-	-	-	-			
-	-	-	-	ditto	1863	-	-	-	4,354	-	-	-	-	-	-			
-	-	-	-	ditto	1864	-	-	-	4,408	-	-	-	-	-	-			

**William Cartwright, Lieutenant General,
H. M. Inspector of Constabulary for No. 1 District.**

No. 2.
Northern District.

No. 2.—NORTHERN DISTRICT.

EIGHTH ANNUAL REPORT of Lieut.-Colonel *John Woodford*, Inspector of the CONSTABULARY and POLICE FORCES in the Northern District, for the year ended 29th September 1864.

To the Right Honourable Sir *George Grey*, Bart., G. C. B., &c. &c., Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department.

Sir,

London, 30 November 1864.

IN submitting for your information the annual reports on the state and degree of efficiency in point of numbers and discipline of the constabulary and police forces in the several counties and boroughs in the northern district, in the year ended on the 29th of September last, I have the honour to represent to you that my attention having been directed to the practice of employing constables in the collection of monies under the denomination of market-tolls, stall-rents, &c., I deemed it incumbent upon me, in the progress of my late inspection, to prosecute inquiries upon the subject; and having learnt that members of the police in some few of the boroughs had been so employed, I considered it proper to suggest to the local authorities the propriety of discontinuing a practice which appeared to be wholly incompatible with the proper duties of the police. I have the satisfaction to add, that in every instance, save one, to which I had occasion to direct your attention in my letter to Mr. Baring of the 11th ult., the reasonableness of my suggestion was at once admitted, and instructions were issued accordingly by the watch committees, directing the discontinuance of the practice adverted to.

Under the provisions of the Act 19 & 20 Vict. c. 69, s. 7, various duties have been assigned to the police, both in counties and boroughs, which are thought to be, and, as it seems to me, not inappropriately connected with their proper duties; I mean the inspection of common lodgings, the inspection of nuisances, the inspection of markets and fairs, the inspection of public bake-houses, the inspection and examination of weights and measures, and the occasional relief of vagrants.

It has been represented to me, and I do not doubt, that where those duties or any of them have been made to devolve upon the police, their discharge of them has been found to be attended with much advantage to the public.

In several of the boroughs in this district and in the county of Cumberland, the police are further employed to assist in the extinction of fires, a duty which appears to have been discharged with most beneficial results in numerous instances, and which has not, so far as I have been able to ascertain, been found to interfere materially with the proper performance of their ordinary duties.

It has been found expedient in several of the counties and ridings in this district to establish small reserves of constables for the purpose of more promptly filling up vacancies as they occur in the various police divisions. This appears to me to be a measure well worthy of adoption everywhere; but, in order that it may be attended with all the advantages to be derived from it, it is essential that the reserve should be of sufficient strength.

Having made many inquiries upon the subject, and given to it much consideration, I have come to the conclusion that a "reserve," to be of the full practical benefit naturally to be expected from it, should stand in relation to the full establishment in the proportion of not less than three men to every hundred.

In April last the town council of Rochdale augmented and re-organised their police force, and in July established a superannuation fund, in conformity with

The provisions of the Act 22 & 23 Vict. c. 32. I have therefore the satisfaction to report that, in my opinion, that police force is now sufficient in number for the ordinary duties of the borough.

The 15 boroughs named in the margin have not yet established police forces of sufficient strength in proportion to their extent or the number of the population; and I have to add with regret, that during the last three years the borough of Sheffield has ceased to maintain such an establishment in point of numbers as would justify me in recommending it to your favourable consideration.

Superannuation funds have not yet been established in the following boroughs: Congleton, Macclesfield, and Richmond.

Having already, upon many occasions, felt myself compelled, in the discharge of my duty, to direct your attention to the unfit condition of the cells for prisoners in the boroughs of Wigan, Sheffield, and Newcastle-upon-Tyne, it is with considerable regret that I have now to report that in neither of those places did I observe any change for the better, or any attempt at improvement further than the production at Wigan of some plans for a building which has not yet been commenced. About two years ago plans had also been prepared at Sheffield for a similar purpose; but, as I have already reported, they were subsequently abandoned.

In conclusion, I have much gratification in acquainting you that, at my late inspection, I found the police force generally, throughout the northern district, in a highly satisfactory state of discipline and efficiency. Even in the greater number of those boroughs where the establishments are not of sufficient strength to entitle them to any participation in the annual grant from the Treasury, the officers and constables presented the appearance of much personal respectability and of individual fitness for their duties.

I have, &c.
(signed) *J. Woodford*, Lieut.-Col.,
Inspector of Constabulary, Northern District.

Congleton,
Macclesfield,
Stockport, Kendal,
Ashton-under-
Lyne, Blackburn,
Bolton, Oldham,
Warrington,
Berwick,
Richmond,
Scarborough,
Dewsbury,
Doncaster, Ripon.

COUNTY OF CHESTER.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	-	330,811
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	-	693,415
Number of constables	-	-	-	-	-	-	231
Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,432

County of Chester.

The inspection of this constabulary force commenced on the 19th, and was concluded on the 28th of April, at which time it was complete, and consisted in the whole of 227 officers and men, being an augmentation of three constables since the last report.

A further addition of four men having been made since the force was inspected, the establishment consisted on the 29th of September last of one chief constable, 10 superintendents, five inspectors, 31 serjeants, and 184 constables, making a total of 231 men, of whom seven constables have been appointed under the provisions of the Act 3 & 4 Vict. c. 88, s. 19, and eight are held in reserve at head quarters, to supply vacancies as they arise in the several police districts.

The men, who looked exceedingly well, had their clothing and accoutrements in good serviceable condition; the books both at head quarters and in the several police divisions seemed to have been well kept, and the station-houses (with the exception of two or three, which stood in need of some slight repair), the charge-rooms, and cells for prisoners were very clean and in good order.

In the opinion of the Inspector, this force has been maintained in a very satisfactory state of discipline and general efficiency.

No. 2.
Northern District.

BOROUGH OF BIRKENHEAD.

Borough of Birkenhead.	Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	-	35,948
	Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,141
	Number of constables	-	-	-	-	-	-	85
	Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	-	423

The inspection of this police force was made on the 25th of April, on which day it consisted of one head constable, one superintendent, 11 inspectors, and 72 police constables, making a total of 85 officers and men, of whom one inspector and 22 constables are maintained at the expense of the Mersey Dock and Harbour Board, &c.

A part of this force, consisting of two inspectors and 13 constables, is trained, and, as occasions arise, is required to assist in the extinction of fires, an employment of the men which is represented to be of exceeding advantage, and which, so far as the Inspector could ascertain, has not been found to interfere to any material extent with the performance of their ordinary duties.

The Inspector is of opinion that this establishment, which is composed of a remarkably fine and well-trained body of men, has been maintained in a very satisfactory state of discipline and general efficiency.

BOROUGH OF CHESTER.

Borough of Chester.	Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	-	31,101
	Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,518
	Number of constables	-	-	-	-	-	-	36
	Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	-	864

At the inspection of the police force of this city, which was made on the 26th of April, the Inspector ascertained upon inquiry that the chief constable was engaged in private business, and was employed in collecting contributions towards the formation of a race fund, and in other matters connected with the races; he therefore considered it his duty to represent to the members of the watch committee then present, that such practices were incompatible with the proper duties of that officer. On the next day the Inspector wrote to the mayor a letter, of which the following is a copy:—

“ Sir,

27 April 1864.

“ I have the honour to apprise you that, after my inspection of the police force of the City of Chester yesterday morning, I considered it my duty to report to Secretary Sir George Grey that the chief constable is engaged in private business, that he has been employed in collecting contributions towards the formation of a race fund, and in other matters connected with the races. I have to add, that I also deemed it my duty to report that a person has recently been appointed to the responsible office of inspector who not only had no previous knowledge of police duties, but whose education in other respects is admitted to be defective.

I have, &c.

“ The Mayor, Chester.

(signed) J. Woodford, Lieutenant Colonel,
Inspector of Constabulary.”

The result has been, that the chief constable resigned his appointment, and was granted a pension upon his retirement, and that the inspector has been retained in the service on the ground of his having proved to be a useful and valuable officer. A successor to the chief constable was appointed on the 10th, and entered upon his duties on the 31st of August last.

This establishment consists of 36 men of all ranks, and, in the opinion of the Inspector, is sufficient in number for the ordinary duties of the city.

BOROUGH OF CONGLETON.

Borough of Congleton.	Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,338
	Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,564
	Number of constables	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
	Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,467

The police force of this borough, consisting of one superintendent and four constables, none of whom are supplied with police clothing, is not, in the opinion of the Inspector, either properly organized, as in other places, or sufficient in number, in proportion to the population and the extent of the borough.

BOROUGH OF MACCLESFIELD.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	-	36,095
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,410
Number of constables	-	-	-	-	-	-	17
Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,123

Borough of
Macclesfield.

The police force of this borough when inspected on the 21st April, consisted of one chief constable, two serjeants and 14 constables. One of the serjeants is employed as a "detective," and at the time of inspection was returned "absent on duty." The men on the whole looked well, but they are insufficiently provided with clothing, only one pair of trousers per annum being issued to them. An allowance of sixpence per week per man is granted in lieu of boots. The books appear to have been well kept, and the cells for prisoners were very clean, though, for the reasons assigned in former reports, their position is open to objection.

No superannuation fund has yet been established in this borough.

The Inspector has further to report that, in his opinion, this police force is not sufficient in number.

BOROUGH OF STALYBRIDGE.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	-	24,806
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	-	883
Number of constables	-	-	-	-	-	-	25
Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	-	992

Borough of
Stalybridge.

The police force of this borough, which is of the same strength as last year, was found complete in number when inspected on the 19th of April. The general appearance of the men was highly satisfactory, and their clothing and accoutrements were in good serviceable condition. The office is very commodious, and the cells for prisoners were clean and in good order.

The superintendent, one serjeant, and seven constables, have been appointed to act as a fire brigade; the Inspector is of opinion, founded upon the best information he has been able to obtain, that the employment of those men in that capacity is not calculated to interfere, to any injurious degree, with the discharge of their ordinary duties.

A superannuation fund has at length been established in full conformity with the provisions of the Act 22 & 23 Vict. c. 32. Deductions from pay, 2½ per cent.

This police force, in the opinion of the Inspector, has been maintained in a very satisfactory state of discipline and efficiency.

BOROUGH OF STOCKPORT.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	-	54,681
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,167
Number of constables	-	-	-	-	-	-	15
Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,645

Borough of
Stockport.

No alteration has been made in the number or organization of this police force during the past year.

When inspected on the 13th of April, the establishment was complete; the books appeared to have been well kept, and the office, charge-room, and cells for prisoners were commodious, clean, and in good order.

A superannuation fund was established on the 11th September 1863, the deductions from pay being at the rate of 2½ per cent.

The Inspector has to report that, in his opinion, this police force is not sufficient in number.

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Northern District.

COUNTIES OF CUMBERLAND AND WESTMORLAND.

Counties of
Cumberland and
Westmorland.

Population in 1861 -	-	-	-	-	-	224,638
Area in acres -	-	-	-	-	-	1,482,863
Number of constables -	-	-	-	-	-	120
Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	1,872

The inspection of one of the divisions of the united constabulary forces of these counties was made on the 14th of May. The general inspection commenced on the 3d, and was concluded on the 11th of June, at which time the force was complete, and (having since the last report had an augmentation of four men) consisted in the whole of 120 officers and constables, of whom seven have been appointed under the provisions of the Act 3 & 4 Vict. c. 88, s. 19. The men looked remarkably well, and appeared to be in all respects thoroughly effective; their clothing and accoutrements were in good serviceable condition; the books, as well at head quarters as in the several police divisions, appeared to have been systematically kept, and the station-houses, charge-rooms and cells for prisoners were, on the whole, very clean and in good order. In the towns upon the coast, the men of this force are required to assist in the extinction of fires, until the regular fire brigades can be got together. To enable them to do so with promptitude and effect, each station is supplied with a stand pipe, hose and reel. The chief constable reports that this employment of the men has several times been of signal advantage to the public, and that it has not been found to interfere injuriously with the discharge of their ordinary duties.

The Inspector is of opinion that this constabulary force has been maintained in a very satisfactory state of efficiency.

BOROUGH OF CARLISLE.

Borough of
Carlisle.

Population in 1861 -	-	-	-	-	-	29,436
Area in acres -	-	-	-	-	-	3,842
Number of constables -	-	-	-	-	-	31
Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	950

An addition of two constables has been made to this police force since the last report. When inspected on the 14th of May, there was one man required to complete the establishment, which seemed to be composed of a respectable and healthy body of men; their clothing and accoutrements were in good serviceable condition. The books appeared to have been well kept, and the office and cells for prisoners were clean, sufficiently commodious, and in good order.

In the course of the inspection, it transpired that two of the police constables were required to collect the rents or tolls in the butter market; the Inspector, thereupon, felt it his duty to point out the irregularity of thus employing the police as inconsistent with the discharge of their proper duties. It was at once decided by the members of the town council then present, that the subject should be taken into immediate consideration. Shortly after the chief constable reported, that at a meeting held by the watch committee on the following Thursday, "two men were appointed to collect the rents in the butter market, in lieu of the police who had previously performed that duty."

The whole of this force is trained and required to act as a fire brigade in case of need, but it was stated that during the twelve months immediately preceding the inspection they had not once been called upon so to act, as within that period there had not been a single fire.

The Inspector has further to report that, in his opinion, this police force has been maintained in a satisfactory state of discipline and efficiency.

BOROUGH OF KENDAL.

Borough of
Kendal.

Population in 1861 -	-	-	-	-	-	12,028
Area in acres -	-	-	-	-	-	2,720
Number of constables -	-	-	-	-	-	5
Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	2,405

The police force of this borough, consisting of one serjeant and four constables, is placed under the command of one of the superintendents of the county constabulary force.

The men looked well when inspected on the 9th of June, and had their clothing and accoutrements in good serviceable condition. The office and cells for prisoners, which are very commodious, were clean and in good order.

The Inspector is constrained to add, that in his opinion, the force is not sufficient in number in proportion to the population and the extent of the borough.

COUNTY OF DURHAM.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	333,934
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	608,902
Number of constables	-	-	-	-	-	266
Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	1,255

County of
Durham.

The inspection of the constabulary force of this county commenced on the 20th, and was concluded on the 28th of May. At that time the authorised strength of the force was 260, being an addition of 31 since the last report, but there were wanting 12 men to make up the full complement. Shortly afterwards a revised scale of pay was adopted by the magistrates (a copy of which is annexed), and a further augmentation made of six men, increasing the strength to a total of 266 officers and constables, of whom 38 have been appointed under the provisions of the Act 3 & 4 Vict. c. 88, s. 19. On the 29th of September last there were only four men required to complete this establishment.

There is a small reserve of three men retained at head quarters.

When inspected in their several divisions the men looked remarkably well, and had their clothing and appointments in good serviceable condition.

The books appeared to have been well kept, and the station-houses, charge-rooms, and cells for prisoners were very clean and in good order.

The Inspector is of opinion that this force has been maintained in a highly satisfactory state of efficiency and discipline.

Revised progressive Scale of Pay.

Authorised Number.	Rank and Class.	On Appointment or Promotion.	After Service of Three Years.	After further Service of Four Years.
6	Superintendent, 1st Class	110 <i>l.</i> per annum	120 <i>l.</i> per annum	130 <i>l.</i> per annum.
4	Ditto - - 2d ditto -	90 <i>l.</i> - ditto -	95 <i>l.</i> - ditto -	100 <i>l.</i> - ditto.
3	Inspector - - -	70 <i>l.</i> - ditto -	75 <i>l.</i> - ditto -	80 <i>l.</i> - ditto.
31	Serjeant - - -	23 <i>s.</i> per week -	24 <i>s.</i> per week -	25 <i>s.</i> per week.
70	Constable - 1st Class	20 <i>s.</i> - ditto -	21 <i>s.</i> - ditto -	22 <i>s.</i> - ditto.
70	Ditto - - 2d ditto -	19 <i>s.</i> - ditto.	—	—
43	Ditto - - 3d ditto -	18 <i>s.</i> - ditto.	—	—

Note.—The superintendent, who acts as chief clerk, 20*l.* additional, per annum. Constables acting as serjeants, an addition of 1*s.* per week, and all members of the class of merit, 1*s.* additional per week, and a badge of distinction.

* Exclusive of 38 constables appointed under the provisions of the Act 3 & 4 Vict. c. 88, s. 19.

BOROUGH OF DURHAM.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	13,743
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	8,599
Number of constables	-	-	-	-	-	13
Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	1,057

Borough of
Durham.

The police force of this city, consisting of one superintendent, two serjeants, and 10 constables, when inspected on the 25th of May, was complete in number, and presented the appearance of a well chosen and respectable body of men, remarkably well clothed and well supplied with the requisite accoutrements, all of which were in good serviceable condition. The charge-room, though small, and not very commodious, and the cells for prisoners, notwith-

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standing their being open to objection for reasons assigned in former reports, were reasonably clean and in good order.

In addition to his ordinary duties, the superintendent discharges those of billet-master, inspector of weights and measures, and inspector of common lodgings; the serjeants are inspectors of nuisances, and the constable on duty at the police office acts as assistant relieving officer from 4 to 9 p. m.

In the opinion of the Inspector, this force has been maintained in a satisfactory state of discipline and efficiency.

BOROUGH OF GATESHEAD.

Borough of
Gateshead.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	33,589
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	3,255
Number of constables	-	-	-	-	-	33
Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	1,017

When this police force was inspected on the 20th of May, it was found complete in number, consisting of one head constable, one inspector, three serjeants, one acting serjeant, two detectives, and 25 constables, two of whom were reported sick. This is a fine and seemingly well chosen body of men, well clothed and well supplied with the requisite accoutrements, the truncheons, which last year were condemned as unsound, having been replaced by others. The office charge-room and cells for prisoners, which last are unusually well constructed, were very clean and in good order, and the books appeared to have been properly kept.

The head constable has been appointed inspector of weights and measures, inspector of hackney carriages, and, assisted by the detectives, inspector also of common lodgings.

The whole of this force is trained as a fire brigade, the requisite apparatus being supplied by the Town Council. It appears, however, that during the 12 months immediately preceding the date of inspection, only one fire had occurred within the borough, requiring the services of four of the constables, as firemen, by whom the fire was completely extinguished in about an hour and three quarters; it is evident therefore, that the occasional employment of the police constables in this way does not interfere, to any prejudicial extent, with the discharge of their ordinary duties, whilst it is well adapted to create a feeling of confidence in the public that assistance, in case of need, will be promptly and effectually afforded.

The Inspector is of opinion that this force has been maintained in a satisfactory state of efficiency.

BOROUGH OF HARTLEPOOL.

Borough of
Hartlepool.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	12,205
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	990
Number of constables	-	-	-	-	-	12
Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	1,017

The inspection of this police force was made on the 27th of May, at which time the establishment was complete, and consisted, though few in number, of a body of strong and apparently healthy men, well clothed and well supplied with the usual accoutrements, all of which were in good serviceable condition.

It is not necessary to repeat the observations so frequently made, as to the objectionable condition of the station-house and cells for prisoners, especially as it was intimated that the Town Council had determined upon shortly erecting others in connection with a building about to be raised for public purposes, the site of which was pointed out to the Inspector.

The superintendent has been appointed inspector of common lodgings.

The Inspector is of opinion that this police force has been maintained in a satisfactory state of efficiency.

BOROUGH OF SOUTH SHIELDS.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	35,223
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	2,566
Number of constables	-	-	-	-	-	35
Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	1,006

Borough of
South Shields.

The police force of this borough, when inspected on the 20th of May, was complete in number, and consisted of one superintendent, one inspector, four serjeants, and 29 constables, no variation in respect of strength or organization having occurred since the last report. The men looked remarkably well, and were well supplied with clothing and the usual accoutrements, all of which were clean, and in good serviceable condition.

The books appeared to have been well kept, and the office and cells for prisoners were clean and in tolerably good order.

The superintendent is appointed to act as high constable, inspector of common lodgings, and inspector of markets, and "collector of the tolls." In regard to the employment of the superintendent in this last capacity, the Inspector deemed it his duty to represent to the members of the Town Council present at the inspection, that such employment is incompatible with the duties of a police officer; it appears, however, that the superintendent has continued to collect the tolls up to this time. A part of this force, consisting of the superintendent, the inspector, three serjeants, and four of the police constables, is appointed to act as a fire brigade. It does not appear, so far as the Inspector could learn, that this employment of the men has been found to interfere in any material degree with the discharge of their ordinary duties.

The Inspector is of opinion that this force has been maintained in a satisfactory state of efficiency.

BOROUGH OF STOCKTON-UPON-TEES.

This borough is consolidated with the county of Durham for police purposes.

Borough of
Stockton-upon-
Tees.

BOROUGH OF SUNDERLAND.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	80,324
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	3,772
Number of constables	-	-	-	-	-	80
Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	1,004

Borough of
Sunderland.

There has been no variation in the strength or organization of this police force since the last report. When inspected on the 26th of May, the establishment, consisting of one head constable, four inspectors, two sub-inspectors, 10 serjeants, and 63 constables, was complete, and, together with an auxiliary force of one inspector, five serjeants, and 17 constables, forming the police of the River Wear, is composed of a very fine and healthy body of men. The clothing and accoutrements were in good serviceable condition; the books had been well kept, and the cells for prisoners, which are remarkably well constructed, were very clean and in good order.

In his last report the inspector had occasion to observe that at the principal station, in which quarters are provided for an officer and several constables, the dormitories were in his opinion too crowded to be either healthy or comfortable; he has now the satisfaction to report that the inconvenience adverted to has been remedied.

The duty of extinguishing fires is discharged by a part of this police force, consisting of 20 men, who at all other times are required to perform their ordinary duties. The fire brigade is divided into four sections of five men, under the command of the head constable, each section being supplied with a hose placed upon a barrow, moveable with facility by two men, for the purpose of being fixed to "pillar hydrants," which are extensively and conveniently erected in all parts of the borough.

During the twelve months immediately preceding the inspection there had been 16 fires; but so prompt had been the action of the police, and so expe-

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ditionously had the majority of the fires been extinguished, that the average time per man per annum that the constables had been employed upon that duty fell somewhat short of an hour and a half; hence it may be seen in how small a degree the ordinary duties of the police are interrupted by their performance of this additional duty.

The Inspector is of opinion that this police force has been maintained in a very satisfactory state of discipline and efficiency.

COUNTY OF LANCASTER.

County of
Lancaster.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	1,085,404
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	1,184,067
Number of constables	-	-	-	-	-	763
Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	1,422

The constabulary force of this county, having had an augmentation of 24 men since the last report, the authorised strength of the establishment on the 29th of September last consisted of 763 officers and constables, of whom one serjeant and 12 constables have been appointed under the provisions of the Act 3 & 4 Vict., c. 88, s. 19, and 13 were required to complete. Attached to head quarters there are in the whole 18 officers and constables, in which number is included the general staff, the remainder being available as escorts in conveying convicts to the Government prisons, and as a reserve to fill up vacancies as they occur in the several police districts.

As, however, it sometimes happens that vacancies are unavoidably left open for a considerable length of time, it would seem that the provision made for supplying them is not altogether sufficient, and therefore that a small increase of the reserve may be desirable.

The inspection of this force commenced on the 29th of April, and terminated on the 13th of May. The men assembled in their respective districts looked remarkably well and generally effective, and had their clothing and accoutrements in good serviceable condition.

The books appeared to have been well and uniformly kept, and the station-houses, charge-rooms, and cells for prisoners were very clean and in good order.

The Inspector is of opinion that this force has been maintained in a very satisfactory state of discipline and general efficiency.

BOROUGH OF ASHTON-UNDER-LYNE.

Borough of
Ashton-under-
Lyne.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	34,894
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	1,737
Number of constables	-	-	-	-	-	23
Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	1,517

The inspection of this police force was made on the 15th April, when it was found to have remained unchanged in point of strength and organization since the last report. The men looked well, and were well supplied with clothing and the usual accoutrements, all of which were in good condition.

The books appeared to have been properly kept, and the office, charge-room, and cells for prisoners were commodious, clean, and in good order.

The chief constable discharges the additional duties of billet-master, inspector of weights and measures, inspector of common lodgings, and superintendent of the fire brigade, which, however, is not otherwise connected with the police.

In the opinion of the Inspector this force is not sufficient in number.

BOROUGH OF BLACKBURN.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	63,125
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	3,681
Number of constables	-	-	-	-	-	38
Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	1,661

Borough of
Blackburn.

The police force of this borough has been augmented, and its general organization materially improved since the last report. When inspected on the 9th of May its total strength was 37, consisting of one chief constable, one inspector, seven serjeants, and 28 constables. Shortly afterwards a further addition was made of one serjeant.

This force appeared to be composed of a respectable and healthy body of men, well clothed and well supplied with the requisite accoutrements, all of which were clean and in good serviceable condition. The books seemed to have been well kept, and the cells for prisoners were clean and in good order.

The chief constable discharges the additional duty of inspector of weights and measures, assisted by two of the serjeants as examiners; he is also billet-master, inspector of common lodgings, and inspector of nuisances and diseased meat.

The superannuation fund, which heretofore was but imperfectly formed, has now been established in full conformity with the provisions of the Act 22 & 23 Vict. c. 32.

The Inspector is of opinion that this force is not sufficient in number.

BOROUGH OF BOLTON.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	70,396
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	820
Number of constables	-	-	-	-	-	38
Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	1,852

Borough of
Bolton.

No variation has taken place in the strength or organization of this police force since the last report. At the inspection made on the 14th of April the force was complete. The men looked well, and had their clothing and accoutrements in good serviceable condition. The books appeared to have been well kept, and the office and cells for prisoners were clean and in good order.

The superintendent discharges the duty of billet-master, and three of the serjeants have been appointed inspectors of bakehouses, of which there are 106 within the borough.

A fire brigade has been established in connection with this force, consisting of the inspector and eight of the constables. It does not appear from the information obtained, that this employment of the men has been found to interfere materially with the discharge of their ordinary duties.

The Inspector is of opinion that this force is not sufficient in number.

BOROUGH OF BURNLEY.

This borough is consolidated with the County of Lancaster for police purposes.

Borough of
Burnley.

BOROUGH OF LANCASTER.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	13,521
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	1,240
Number of constables	-	-	-	-	-	13
Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	1,040

Borough of
Lancaster.

There has been no alteration in the strength or organization of the police force of this borough since the last report. When inspected on the 12th of May the establishment was complete, and appeared to consist of a respectable and healthy body of men, well clothed, and well supplied with the usual accoutrements, all of which were in good condition.

The books seemed to have been well kept, and the office and cells for prisoners were very clean, and in good order.

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The whole of this force is required to act as a fire brigade, but so far as could be learnt it does not appear that their rare employment in that capacity has been found to interfere injuriously with the discharge of their ordinary duties.

The superintendent discharges also the additional duty of inspector of common lodgings.

The Inspector is of opinion that this police force has been maintained in a satisfactory state of efficiency.

BOROUGH OF LIVERPOOL.

Borough of
Liverpool.

Population in 1861.	-	-	-	-	-	443,874
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	5,300
Number of constables	-	-	-	-	-	1,030
Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	431

This police force, which has had an augmentation of 28 men since the last report, consists now in the aggregate of 1,030 officers and constables; of that number 645, termed the town division, together with the general staff of 45 officers and men, consisting of one head constable, 15 detective officers and 13 clerks, 10 bridewell keepers, two storekeepers, one superintendent, and one inspector of the fire brigade, one coroner's officer or beadle, and one inspector of hackney carriages, amounting in the whole to 690, are maintained at the expense of the borough, and the remaining 340 at the expense of the "dock trust" by arrangement with the Town Council or Watch Committee. That part of the force called the "town division" consists of five superintendents, 28 inspectors, 18 bridewell keepers, two clerks, four detectives, and 588 constables; and the "dock division" is composed of three superintendents, 19 inspectors, four bridewell keepers, two clerks, and 312 constables; the whole of the combined force being under the command of the head constable.

Under the "directorship" of the head constable, a portion of this force, consisting of one superintendent, one inspector, and 148 constables, is formed into a fire brigade, the whole of the men being required to discharge their ordinary duties as constables, when their services as firemen are not called into requisition. This combination of duties has been carried on for many years to the perfect satisfaction of the local authorities, and to the great advantage of the public, and the Inspector has much satisfaction in reporting; that from the representations made to him he is convinced that this employment of the men has not been found to interfere materially with the discharge of their duties as police constables. The apparatus supplied to the fire brigade, and distributed at various stations throughout the borough, is of a very costly character, and far exceeds in completeness anything of the same description that has fallen under the notice of the Inspector.

The following return furnished by the head constable, shows the number of fires which had occurred during twelve months, together with the number of men and the length of time occupied in extinguishing them, &c. &c. :

RETURN of the Number of FIRES in the Borough of *Liverpool* for the Year ending 30th April 1864, the Number of Firemen attending same, the Number of Hours so occupied, the Average Number of Firemen at each Fire, the Average Number of Hours given by the Firemen who attended each Fire, and the Average Number of Hours given for the Year by each Member of the Fire Brigade.

DIVISIONS.	Number of Fires.	Firemen attending same.	Hours occupied.	Average Number of Firemen at each Fire.	Average Number of Hours given by the Firemen at each Fire.	Average Number of Hours given for the Year by each Member of the Fire Brigade.
North Town -	120	792	2,959	—	—	—
South Town -	114	1,186	2,879	—	—	—
North Docks -	17	108	181	—	—	—
South Docks -	28	285	586	—	—	—
TOTAL - -	279	2,371	6,605	8.5	2.8	44.

The inspection of this force was begun on the evening of the 4th, and ended on the 6th of May. At that time there were 40 men required to complete the establishment, an unusually large number of vacancies, the existence of which was attributed to the difficulty of procuring properly qualified persons to fill them.

The men assembled for inspection looked exceedingly well, and presented the appearance of a carefully chosen, well trained, and very effective body of constables; their clothing and accoutrements were in good serviceable condition; the books appeared to have been well kept, and the men's quarters at the central station, and such of the charge-rooms and cells for prisoners as it was deemed expedient to inspect, were very clean and in good order.

In the opinion of the Inspector, this force has been maintained in a very satisfactory state of discipline and general efficiency.

BOROUGH OF MANCHESTER.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	338,346
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	4,069
Number of constables	-	-	-	-	-	671
Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	504

Borough of
Manchester.

The inspection of this police force was made on the 14th and 15th of April, at which time there were two men required to complete the establishment, which in point of number and organization had remained unchanged since the last report. The men, whose clothing and accoutrements were in good serviceable condition, looked remarkably well, and in the performance of a series of military movements, under the command of their chief constable and the officers of divisions, acquitted themselves with a very commendable degree of steadiness and precision.

The books, both at the principal office and at the several divisional stations, appeared to have been well and methodically kept, and the men's quarters, charge-rooms, and the cells for prisoners, in charge of two of the divisions, were very commodious, clean, and in good order; but the observations made last year still apply to the cells at the Fairfield station, and to those at Chorlton Town Hall.

The Inspector is of opinion that the police force of this city has been maintained in a very satisfactory state of discipline and efficiency.

BOROUGH OF OLDHAM.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	72,334
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	4,617
Number of constables	-	-	-	-	-	52
Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	1,391

Borough of
Oldham.

There has been a complete re-organization of the police force of this borough since the last report, six men having been added to the regular establishment, while that part of the force styled the "third class reserve," amounting to 13 men, who were principally employed in trimming and lighting the public lamps, has been separated from the establishment.

The force, as now constituted, consists of one chief constable, three Inspectors, six serjeants, and 42 constables.

When inspected on the 16th of April, the men looked remarkably well, performed some simple military evolutions with much steadiness and precision, and had their clothing and accoutrements in good serviceable condition. The books had been well kept, and the office, charge-room, and cells for prisoners were clean and in good order.

Though the Inspector has been much gratified by observing a marked improvement in the general appearance and demeanour of this force, he is compelled to add that, in his opinion, it is not sufficient in number.

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Northern District.

BOROUGH OF PRESTON.

Borough of
Preston.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	81,077
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	2,753
Number of constables	-	-	-	-	-	82
Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	988

No variation of number has taken place in the police force of this borough since the last report, and the only alteration effected in the constitution of the force has been by substituting an Inspector for one of the serjeants. Many changes have, however, taken place amongst the men, all tending apparently to improve the general efficiency of the establishment.

When inspected on the 7th of May, the force was complete and consisted of one head constable, four inspectors, one of whom acts as clerk, nine serjeants, and 68 constables, making a total of 82 officers and constables, of whom one was reported sick, one was under suspension for misbehaviour, and one fell down insensible while under inspection. On the whole, however, the force seemed to be composed of a fine, healthy body of men, remarkably well clothed and well supplied with the usual accoutrements, all of which were in good serviceable condition. The books appeared to have been well kept, and the office, charge-room, and cells for prisoners, which are commodious and well constructed, were very clean and in good order. The head constable discharges the additional duty of billet-master, and two of the serjeants have been appointed inspectors of common lodgings. The Inspector is of opinion that this police force has been maintained in a satisfactory state of efficiency in point of numbers and discipline.

BOROUGH OF ROCHDALE.

Borough of
Rochdale.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	38,164
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	1,131
Number of constables	-	-	-	-	-	38
Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	1,004

The police force of this borough has had an augmentation of 15 men, and has been thoroughly re-organized since the last report. When inspected on the 11th of May, the established strength of the force was 38 officers and constables, consisting of one head constable, two inspectors, four serjeants, and 31 constables; but there were two men required to make up the full complement. As a large proportion of the men had been in the service for a very short time, the Inspector will reserve, for a future occasion, any observations it may be his duty to make regarding their appearance and demeanour, further than that they seemed to be of suitable age and of good stature. The men were well supplied with clothing and the requisite accoutrements, all of which were in excellent condition. The books seemed to have been well kept, and the cells for prisoners were clean, though they are open to great objection on the grounds of their construction, and of their isolated position. A superannuation fund has been established in this borough since the 11th of July last, in conformity with the provisions of the Act 22 & 23 Vict. c. 32. Deductions from pay 2½ per cent.

The Inspector has the gratification to report that, in his opinion, this establishment is now sufficient in number for the ordinary duties of the borough.

BOROUGH OF SALFORD.

Borough of
Salford.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	102,414
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	5,209
Number of constables	-	-	-	-	-	105
Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	975

There has been no alteration whatever in the number or organization of this police force since the last report. When inspected on the 16th of April the establishment was complete, and presented the appearance, on the whole, of a healthy and effective body of men, well clothed and well supplied with the usual accoutrements, all of which were in good condition.

The cells for prisoners at the principal station, which last year were in course of being built, in substitution of those in the basement of the Town Hall, which were condemned, have now been taken into use, and appear to be admirably constructed, well ventilated, and well drained.

The cells at one of the out-stations (Broughton) are good, and were very clean and in good order; but of those at Pendleton nothing favourable can be said.

The Inspector is of opinion that this force has been maintained in a satisfactory state of efficiency.

BOROUGH OF WARRINGTON.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	25,953
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	2,507
Number of constables	-	-	-	-	-	16
Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	1,622

Borough of
Warrington.

The number and constitution of this police force has been slightly altered since the last report.

When inspected, on the 27th of April, it consisted of one chief constable, one superintendent, two serjeants, 10 constables, one clerk, and one messenger who is also collector of market tolls.

As this establishment is not now and has never yet been found efficient in point of numbers, the Inspector did not consider it expedient to direct the attention of the Watch Committee to the irregularity of employing a man to collect tolls who is borne upon the strength of the police force.

BOROUGH OF WIGAN.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	37,657
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	2,161
Number of constables	-	-	-	-	-	37
Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	1,017

Borough of
Wigan.

There has been no change in the authorised strength of this police force since the last report. When inspected on the 18th of April the men, on the whole, looked well, and were well supplied with clothing and the usual accoutrements, which were in good condition. The books appeared to have been well kept; but the cells for prisoners, which it has been so frequently the duty of the Inspector to animadvert upon, were still in use. The attention of the Inspector having been directed to a statement that members of this police force were employed to collect the market tolls, and having ascertained upon inquiry that the statement was correct, he represented to the Watch Committee that such employment of the men was incompatible with their proper duties, and ought to be discontinued, upon which an assurance was given that the subject should be taken into early consideration, and a report was shortly afterwards made by the chief constable, that the collection of the tolls was taken out of the hands of the police on the 31st of May.

The authorised number of this police force is sufficient for the ordinary duties of the borough, but it appears that difficulties are felt here in maintaining the establishment at its full strength which are not found to exist elsewhere in the same degree, in consequence of which the force is rarely complete.

COUNTY OF NORTHUMBERLAND.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	186,492
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	1,230,035
Number of constables	-	-	-	-	-	109
Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	1,710

County of
Northumberland.

There has been no change in the actual number of this constabulary force since the last report; but a slight alteration has been effected in its constitution by the discontinuance of one of the constables appointed under the provisions of the Act 3 & 4 Vict. c. 88, s. 19, and the addition of one man to the strength of the permanent establishment.

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The inspection of this force was concluded on the 1st of June, at which time it was complete, and consisted of a remarkably fine and effective body of men, well supplied with clothing and the usual accoutrements, all of which were in good serviceable condition.

The books, both at head quarters and in the several police districts, appeared to have been well and methodically kept, and the station houses and cells for prisoners were clean and in good order.

In the opinion of the Inspector this constabulary force, which has a small reserve of three men, has been maintained in a very satisfactory state of discipline and general efficiency.

BOROUGH OF BERWICK-UPON-TWEED.

Borough of
Berwick-upon-
Tweed.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,254
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,767
Number of constables	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,313

In point of number the police force of this borough remains unchanged, but the individual who held the office of superintendent has been removed from the service, and the vacancy thus caused was filled up on the 28th of March by the promotion of a serjeant belonging to the constabulary force of the adjoining Scotch county of Berwick. As the inspection of this force took place on the 1st of June, and as at that time the superintendent had held his appointment for only two months, hardly sufficient time had elapsed to admit of a judgment being formed as to the manner in which he would be likely to discharge his duties and bring about a reform in the mode of keeping the books connected with the business of the police, a duty which had been very imperfectly performed by his predecessor.

The cells for prisoners were clean and in good order.

In the opinion of the Inspector the number of this force is altogether insufficient.

BOROUGH OF MORPETH.

Borough of
Morpeth.

This borough is consolidated with the county of Northumberland for police purposes.

BOROUGH OF NEWCASTLE-UPON-TYNE.

Borough of
Newcastle-upon-
Tyne.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	-	109,291
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,336
Number of constables	-	-	-	-	-	-	146
Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	-	748

Since the last report the police force of this borough has been ostensibly increased to 146 officers and constables; of that number, however, three are maintained at the expense of Sir W. Armstrong and two at the expense of Messrs. Hawthorn. There are also a sub-inspector and a constable employed as municipal officers, the one as mace bearer, the other as sword bearer, a species of employment which does not accord with the proper duties of the police. When inspected on the 19th of May the establishment was complete; the men looked well and generally effective, and had their clothing and accoutrements in good serviceable condition. The books appeared to have been well kept, and the station-houses and charge-rooms, which are sufficiently commodious, were very clean and in good order; but no steps had been taken to provide better cells for prisoners than those which have already been so frequently animadverted upon. A part of this force, consisting of the chief constable and 16 of the men, is required to assist in the extinction of fires, for which purpose four hose-reels are supplied and distributed in various parts of the borough at the several police stations. From the information obtained, it does not appear that this employment of the police constables has been found to interfere in any material degree with the discharge of their ordinary duties.

Though it may be admitted that this police force has on the whole been maintained in a satisfactory state of efficiency, the Inspector thinks that none of its members should be called upon to act as municipal officers, an employment which seems to be entirely inconsistent with their proper duties.

BOROUGH OF TYNEMOUTH.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	-	33,991
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,161
Number of constables	-	-	-	-	-	-	34
Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	-	999

Borough of
Tynemouth.

When this police force was inspected on the 19th of May, one man was reported sick, and there was one required to complete the establishment which had remained unchanged in point of number and organization since the last report, but upon the suggestion of the Inspector, the Town Council, at a meeting held on the 25th of the same month, made an augmentation of one constable.

The force consists of a fine and apparently well chosen body of men, remarkably well supplied with clothing and the requisite accoutrements, all of which were in excellent condition.

The books appear to have been well and methodically kept, and the office, charge-room and cells for prisoners were very clean and in good order.

The superintendent discharges the additional duties of billet master, inspector of common lodgings, inspector of nuisances, and assistant relieving officer of vagrants. He is also, together with one serjeant and five constables, required to assist in the extinction of fires.

It does not appear, from the best information that could be obtained, that this employment has been found to interfere materially with the ordinary police duties.

The Inspector is of opinion that this force has been maintained in a very satisfactory state of discipline and general efficiency.

COUNTY OF YORK, EAST RIDING.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	-	131,711
Area of acres	-	-	-	-	-	-	761,168
Number of constables	-	-	-	-	-	-	84
Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,568

County of York,
East Riding.

The inspection of this constabulary force, which has not varied in number since the last report, was commenced on the 20th, and concluded on the 24th of June, at which time the establishment was complete.

The men on the whole looked well, and generally effective, and had their clothing and accoutrements in good condition. The books both at head quarters and in the several police divisions appeared to have been well and uniformly kept, and the station-houses and cells for prisoners, which in this Riding are very commodious and well constructed, were very clean and in good order. During a portion of the autumn of last year many farmers suffered great losses by fire, some of the fires having undoubtedly been caused by incendiaries. This is a crime with which it is most difficult to cope, and, indeed, almost impossible entirely to prevent, even by the employment of any conceivable number of police constables within reasonable limits.

The prevalence, therefore, for a short period of this peculiar crime, which in the end was effectually checked, ought not, in the opinion of the Inspector, to detract from the usefulness and general efficiency of this constabulary force, which in point of number may be looked upon as almost if not quite sufficient for the ordinary police duties of the Riding.

The Inspector is of opinion that, as a body, this force has been maintained in a satisfactory state of efficiency.

BOROUGH OF BEVERLEY.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,654
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,228
Number of constables	-	-	-	-	-	-	11
Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	-	877

Borough of
Beverley.

There has been no change in the number or organization of this police force since the last report. At the inspection made on the 20th of June the men

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looked healthy and effective, and had their clothing and accoutrements in good serviceable condition.

The books seemed to have been well kept, and the charge-room and cells for prisoners, which are sufficiently commodious, were clean and in good order.

The superintendent discharges the additional duties of inspector of common lodgings and inspector of nuisances.

In the opinion of the Inspector this force has been maintained in a satisfactory state of efficiency

BOROUGH OF HULL.

Borough of Hull.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	98,994
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	5,123
Number of constables	-	-	-	-	-	142
Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	697

No change whatever has taken place as regards the strength or organization of this police force since the last report. At the inspection made on the 24th of June the establishment was complete and in a very effective state, two men only having been reported sick. The men generally presented a very favourable appearance, and their clothing and accoutrements were in good condition. The books appeared to have been properly kept, and the men's quarters, offices, charge-room and cells for prisoners, were very clean and in good order.

The members of this force are required to assist in the extinction of fires, but it does not appear that their employment in this way has been found to interfere materially with the discharge of their ordinary duties, while their services have proved very advantageous to the public.

In the opinion of the Inspector this force has been maintained in a most satisfactory state of discipline and general efficiency.

COUNTY OF YORK, NORTH RIDING.

County of York,
North Riding.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	203,807
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	1,344,294
Number of constables	-	-	-	-	-	139
Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	1,466

This constabulary force has had an augmentation of nine men since the last report, one of them having been added since the inspection which commenced on the 13th, and was concluded on the 18th of June, at which time the force was complete, and appeared to consist of a fine and effective body of men well supplied with clothing and the ordinary accoutrements, all of which were clean and in good condition.

The establishment at that time consisted in the whole of 138 officers and men, of whom two serjeants and 11 constables had been appointed under the provisions of the 19th section, and one constable under the 20th section of the Act 3 & 4 Vict. c. 88.

One superintendent has been appointed to act as deputy chief constable, three discharge the duties of high constable, twelve members of the force are inspectors of common lodgings, four are inspectors of nuisances, and 16 have been appointed assistant relieving officers of vagrants, and the duty of inspecting weights and measures has devolved generally throughout the Riding upon the superior officers of the constabulary force.

The books both at head quarters and in the several police divisions seemed to have been well and systematically kept, and the station houses, some of which had been enlarged, and thereby materially improved, together with the charge-rooms and cells for prisoners, were very clean and in good order.

This force has a small reserve of three constables, and, in the opinion of the Inspector, has been maintained in a very satisfactory state of efficiency and discipline.

BOROUGH OF MIDDLESBROUGH.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	18,327
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	1,000
Number of constables	-	-	-	-	-	27
Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	678

Borough of
Middlesbrough.

An augmentation of seven men has been made to the police force of this borough since the last report, joined with a slight change in its organization by the appointment of a couple of additional serjeants. The establishment now therefore consists in the whole of one chief superintendent, two inspectors, four serjeants, and 19 constables, of whom, however, one serjeant and three constables are maintained at the cost of three firms.

At the inspection made on the 15th of June the men looked well and thoroughly effective, and had their clothing and accoutrements in good serviceable condition.

The books seemed to have been well kept, and the charge-room and cells for prisoners were clean and in good order.

The superintendent has been appointed assistant relieving officer of vagrants and inspector of common lodgings. One inspector has been appointed inspector of weights and measures, and both inspectors are required to assist in the extinction of fires; they have, however, been so employed only twice in three years, about one hour each time.

In the opinion of the Inspector this police force has been maintained in a satisfactory state of general efficiency.

BOROUGH OF RICHMOND.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	4,290
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	2,341
Number of constables	-	-	-	-	-	1
Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	4,290

Borough of
Richmond.

This is one of those small boroughs which, by reason of its population being under five thousand, is precluded from any participation in the annual grant from the Treasury towards the maintenance of a separate police force.

Since the last report there has been no increase, or other change, in the establishment, which, consisting as it does of one constable only, who is occasionally assisted by two municipal officers, styled serjeants at mace, is, in the opinion of the Inspector, not sufficient in number.

BOROUGH OF SCARBOROUGH.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	18,380
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	2,586
Number of constables	-	-	-	-	-	11
Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	1,671

Borough of
Scarborough.

There has been no change whatever in the number or organization of the police force of this borough, or in any other respect having a tendency to increase its usefulness and efficiency. The same superintendent who last year was considered to be unfit for further service, and who has held his present appointment for nearly twenty-five years, is still retained at the head of the establishment, although it must be evident to all who have to transact business with him that, however efficient he may formerly have been, he is no longer capable of discharging the duties of his office with advantage to the public.

The men on the whole looked well, and were well supplied with clothing and the usual accoutrements, all of which were in good serviceable condition.

The cells for prisoners, though not altogether free from objection, for the reasons given in former reports, were very clean and in good order; but the books, which were in the keeping of the superintendent, were in no way better or more intelligibly kept than had been observed on all previous occasions: this appears to be owing to the mistake of requiring them to be kept by the superintendent himself, who, however willing he may be, is evidently wanting

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in the capacity to keep them in the clear and systematic manner in which they should be kept.

The practice of paying the superintendent of this force in part by fees, was discontinued on the 6th of October 1863, at which time a permanent increase was made to his salary.

A superannuation fund was established at the same time, the deduction from pay being at the rate of $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.

The superintendent has been appointed inspector of common lodgings, and he, together with the whole of the police force, is required to assist in the extinction of fires, for which purpose a hose and hand cart are placed at his disposal.

The Inspector is of opinion that this force is not sufficient in number.

COUNTY OF YORK, WEST RIDING.

County of York,
West Riding.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	880,556
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	1,650, 545
Number of constables	-	-	-	-	-	606
Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	1,453

The constabulary force of this Riding has had an augmentation of 27 men since the last report; the establishment now, therefore, consists in the whole of 606 officers and constables, 10 of whom have been appointed under the provisions of the 3 & 4 Vict. c. 88, s. 19, and 15 are retained in reserve for the purpose of filling up vacancies as they occur in the several police districts; as, however, notwithstanding this provision, it occasionally happens that vacancies remain open for a considerable time, it would seem that the number of the present "reserve" is not altogether sufficient, and therefore that it is desirable that it should be slightly augmented.

The inspection of this force was begun on the 24th of June, and ended on the 8th of July, at which time there was but one man required to complete the establishment. The men looked remarkably well, and very effective, and had their clothing and accoutrements in excellent condition. The books both at head quarters and in the various police districts appeared to have been well and methodically kept, and the station-houses, charge-rooms and cells for prisoners were very commodious, clean, and in good order.

The Inspector has much gratification in reporting, that, in his opinion, this constabulary force has been maintained in a highly satisfactory state of discipline and general efficiency.

BOROUGH OF BRADFORD.

Borough of
Bradford.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	106,218
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	6,590
Number of constables	-	-	-	-	-	119
Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	892

The established strength of this police force remains unchanged, but some small alteration in its organization has been effected since the last report, by an addition of two in the rank of inspector, and a reduction of one in the number of serjeants. When inspected on the 2d of July, the force was complete, and consisted of one chief constable, two superintendents, three inspectors, 12 serjeants, and 101 constables. The clothing, of which a sufficiency is issued, was generally in fair serviceable condition, but not so with many of the boots then in wear, no others having been produced for inspection, a circumstance not surprising, as, instead of issuing boots in kind, the rather inadequate allowance of 15s. 6d. per man per annum is granted in lieu of them.

The office and charge-room are sufficiently commodious, and the cells for prisoners were clean and in good order.

The Inspector is of opinion that this force has been maintained in a state of efficiency in point of number.

BOROUGH OF DEWSBURY.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	18,148
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	1,335
Number of constables	-	-	-	-	-	10
Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	1,814

Borough of
Dewsbury.

When the police force of this borough was inspected on the 8th of July, it was found to be of precisely the same strength as last year.

Since the last report an adequate supply of clothing had been issued to the force, and a commuted allowance of 24 s. per annum has been granted to each man in lieu of boots.

The men were also in possession of the usual accoutrements, all of which were in good serviceable condition.

The books relating to the business of the police appeared to have been very imperfectly kept.

The Inspector is of opinion, that this force is not sufficient in number.

BOROUGH OF DONCASTER.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	16,430
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	1,879
Number of constables	-	-	-	-	-	15
Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	1,095

Borough of
Doncaster.

The authorised strength of this police force remains unchanged since the last report, and when inspected on the 27th of June, there were two men wanting to complete the establishment.

The men who were present for inspection looked remarkably well, and were unusually well supplied with clothing and the requisite accoutrements, all of which were in excellent condition.

The books appeared to have been well kept, and the cells for prisoners were clean, and in good order.

The superintendent discharges the additional duty of inspector of weights and measures.

In the opinion of the Inspector, this force is not quite sufficient in number, in proportion to the population and extent of the borough, to justify his recommendation of it to the favourable consideration of the Secretary of State.

BOROUGH OF HALIFAX.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	37,015
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	990
Number of constables	-	-	-	-	-	37
Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	1,000

Borough of
Halifax.

In point of number and organization there has been no change whatever in the police force of this borough since the last report. When inspected on the 6th of July, the general appearance of the men was highly satisfactory, and the clothing and accoutrements in their possession were all in good serviceable condition. The issue of boots in kind has been discontinued, and a commuted allowance of 2s. per month per man has been granted in lieu of them.

The books appeared to have been well kept, and the offices and charge-room are sufficiently commodious; but the cells for prisoners, which are in the basement of the town hall, though strong, are very injudiciously made to abut upon the adjoining street, an error which may perhaps be remedied by a re-construction of the cells, and by placing a lobby between them and the outer wall of the building.

This force, in the opinion of the Inspector, has been maintained in a satisfactory state of efficiency and discipline.

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BOROUGH OF HUDDERSFIELD.

Borough of
Huddersfield.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	22,141
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	700
Number of constables	-	-	-	-	-	31
Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	711

There has been no change in the number or constitution of this force since the last report. At the inspection made on the 4th of July, the establishment was complete, the men looked healthy, and generally effective, and their clothing and accoutrements were in good serviceable condition. The books seemed to have been well kept, and the cells for prisoners, though not altogether free from objection on the score of their isolated position, were very clean and in good order.

The chief superintendent has been appointed inspector of nuisances, inspector of common lodgings, inspector of hackney carriages, and inspector of diseased meat.

A superannuation fund for this police force was established on the 27th of June last.

It has been represented to the Inspector, that since his inspection of this force, one of the constables has been required to collect the market tolls, an employment hardly compatible with the discharge of his ordinary duties.

The Inspector is of opinion that this force has been maintained in a satisfactory state of efficiency.

BOROUGH OF LEEDS.

Borough of
Leeds.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	207,153
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	19,221
Number of constables	-	-	-	-	-	263
Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	787

Prior to the last report, an addition was made to the police force of this borough of 28 men; as, however, the Inspector was of opinion that that number was not in due proportion to the large increase of the population, and the enlarged requirements of the borough, he deemed it his duty, at the inspection made of this force on the 1st of July, to suggest that a further augmentation should be made. The Inspector has the satisfaction to report, that the suggestion was well received, and was forthwith taken into consideration at a meeting of the watch committee, held on that day, by whom a resolution was passed, of which the following is a copy :

“ Watch Committee, Leeds, 1 July 1864.

“ Resolved, That Lieut.-Colonel Woodford be informed, in answer to his recommendation, that, subject to the approval of the council, this committee will raise the strength of the police force to 263, and will make appointments of all proper applicants up to that number.”

On the 11th of August a report was made by the chief constable, that on the previous day “ the resolution of the Watch Committee was confirmed by the Town Council.” A very evident and gratifying degree of improvement has been observable in the general appearance and demeanor of the men of this force during the last two years. When assembled for inspection, they looked remarkably well, and, under the command of the chief constable, executed several military movements with much steadiness and precision; their clothing and accoutrements were in good serviceable condition, the books appeared to have been well kept, and the cells for prisoners were very clean and in good order, both at the central station and in the various outlying districts, in some of which the station-houses had been greatly improved; there is, however, one district yet remaining, in which it is very desirable that a suitable station should be provided in place of that now in use.

The police force of this borough is required to assist in the extinction of fires, for which purpose the requisite apparatus has been supplied, and is kept in readiness for instant service at several of the police stations. At the commencement of every month two men are selected for this duty from each of the sections, who, upon the alarm of fire, hasten to the spot, and place themselves

selves under the command of one of the inspectors, the hose-reel being, in the meantime, conveyed to its position by the constable in reserve at the station, assisted by the constable on the adjoining beat. This arrangement has been found to be very effective in the speedy extinction of fires, and it does not appear that the ordinary duties of the police are thereby injuriously affected.

The Inspector is of opinion, that the present strength of this force is sufficient for the ordinary duties of the borough, and that the establishment has been maintained in a very satisfactory state of discipline and general efficiency.

BOROUGH OF PONTEFRACT.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,340
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,860
Number of constables	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,068

Borough of
Pontrfract.

No change has been made in this police force since the last report ; it seems to consist of a respectable and well-conducted body of men, who, when inspected on the 30th of June, presented a very creditable appearance, and had their clothing and accoutrements in good serviceable condition.

The books appeared to have been well kept, and the cells for prisoners were clean and in good order.

In the course of the inspection it transpired that the superintendent and one of the constables were required to collect certain rates and tolls, upon which the Inspector deemed it his duty to point out the irregularity of thus employing the police, as incompatible with their proper duties. The subject was shortly afterwards taken into consideration by the Watch Committee, and the Inspector, in a communication from the Mayor, dated 4th July 1864, was informed that an order to discontinue the collection of those monies by the police had been issued.

- The superintendent has been appointed inspector of weights and measures, inspector of common lodgings, inspector of nuisances, inspector of diseased meat, inspector of water-taps, and assistant relieving officer of vagrants.

The Inspector is of opinion that this force has been maintained in a satisfactory state of efficiency.

BOROUGH OF RIPON.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,172
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,446
Number of constables	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,086

Borough of Ripon.

The small number of constables maintained by the Town Council of this borough is, in the opinion of the Inspector, altogether insufficient, either as regards the extent of the borough or the number of the population.

BOROUGH OF SHEFFIELD.

Population in 1861	-	.	-	-	-	-	185,157
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	-	22,830
Number of constables	-	-	-	-	-	-	231
Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	-	801

Borough of
Sheffield.

An ostensible addition of 15 men having been made to the police force of this borough on the 9th of December 1863, its nominal strength, when inspected on the 28th of June, was 231.

It did not appear, however, upon an examination of the books, that that number had ever been borne upon the strength of the establishment, while, upon the day of inspection, there were no less than 28 men required to make up the full complement.

The Inspector, therefore, again finds himself most reluctantly compelled to report that, in his opinion, this force has not been maintained in a satisfactory

No. 2.
Northern District.

state of efficiency in point of numbers, for the year ended on the 29th of September last, and that the existing authorised number is not, for the reasons already given in former reports, sufficient for the ordinary duties of the borough.

The men assembled for inspection, amounting in the whole to 176, presented a very creditable appearance, and had their clothing and accoutrements in good serviceable condition. The books appeared to have been well and accurately kept, but no steps had been taken to provide good and wholesome cells for the temporary confinement of prisoners, in substitution of those which have so long been admitted to be altogether unfit for the purpose.

BOROUGH OF WAKEFIELD.

Borough of
Wakefield.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	-	23,181
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	-	630
Number of constables	-	-	-	-	-	-	27
Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	-	862

The police force of this borough has had an augmentation of two men since the last report, and was complete in number when inspected on the 4th of July.

The men looked healthy and effective, the clothing and accoutrements were in good serviceable condition, the books appeared to have been well kept, and the charge-room and cells for prisoners were clean and in good order.

The Inspector is of opinion that this force has been maintained in a satisfactory state of efficiency.

BOROUGH OF YORK.

Borough of York.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	-	40,377
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,720
Number of constables	-	-	-	-	-	-	40
Population to one constable	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,009

There has been no change in the number or organization of the police force of this city since the last report. At the inspection made on the 16th of June there was one man wanting to complete the establishment.

The men presented a very creditable appearance, and were well supplied with clothing and the requisite accoutrements, all of which were clean and in good condition.

The books appeared to have been properly kept, and the office, charge-room, and cells for prisoners, which are sufficiently commodious, were very clean and in good order.

In the opinion of the Inspector, this force has been maintained in a satisfactory state of efficiency.

RETURN showing the authorised Strength of the several CONSTABULARY and POLICE FORCES in the Northern District, including the additional Constables appointed at the Expense of Companies and Private Persons, in each Year, from 1856 to 1864, inclusive.

Number.	Counties and Boroughs.	1856.	1857.	1858.	1859.	1860.	1861.	1862.	1863.	1864.
1	Cheshire - -	160	173	201	203	214	216	224	224	231
2	Birkenhead - -	27	41	41	57	57	57	59	78	85
3	Chester - - -	29	33	33	33	33	33	36	36	36
4	Congleton - -	3	3	3	4	4	5	5	5	5
5	Macclesfield - -	18	18	18	18	18	16	16	16	17
6	Stalybridge - -	11	11	11	11	11	11	15	25	25
7	Stockport - -	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
8	Cumberland and Westmorland.	74	108	108	115	116	116	113	116	120
9	Carlisle - - -	24	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	31
10	Kendal - - -	5	5	4	4	4	4	5	5	5
11	Durham - - -	181	199	201	204	206	212	228	229	266
12	Durham (City) - -	8	8	8	11	10	10	13	13	13
13	Gateshead - -	22	22	26	26	26	26	33	33	33
14	Hartlepool - -	5	9	9	9	9	9	12	12	12
15	South Shields - -	17	28	28	28	28	28	35	35	35
16	Sunderland - -	64	65	65	66	66	66	80	80	80
17	Lancashire - -	644	657	666	674	688	707	729	739	763
18	Ashton-under-Lyne -	19	21	21	21	21	21	21	23	23
19	Blackburn - -	29	29	29	29	34	34	34	34	38
20	Bolton - - -	27	27	31	31	31	31	38	38	38
21	Lancaster - - -	10	10	14	14	14	14	13	13	13
22	Liverpool - -	886	956	973	982	1,002	1,002	1,002	1,002	1,030
23	Manchester - -	524	554	605	604	617	657	671	671	671
24	Oldham - - -	22	22	24	25	26	29	58	59	52
25	Preston - - -	38	40	42	40	44	44	52	82	82
26	Rochdale - - -	17	18	18	18	18	22	23	23	38
27	Salford - - -	91	95	95	99	99	105	104	105	105
28	Warrington - -	11	12	12	11	13	13	12	13	16
29	Wigan - - -	23	32	32	32	32	32	32	37	37
30	Northumberland -	61	61	92	96	95	95	107	109	109
31	Berwick - - -	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
32	Newcastle-on-Tyne -	107	107	107	120	120	120	140	143	146
33	Tynemouth - -	19	30	30	30	30	33	33	33	34
34	York, East Riding -	70	69	80	80	80	81	83	84	84
35	Beverley - - -	1	1	1	1	1	1	11	11	11
36	Hull - - -	101	122	122	122	122	142	142	142	142
37	York, North Riding	103	105	115	118	120	123	123	130	139
38	Middlesbrough - -	7	13	13	13	13	15	19	20	27
39	Richmond - - -	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
40	Scarborough - -	5	6	6	6	7	8	11	11	11
41	York, West Riding -	487	487	529	539	545	550	578	579	606
42	Bradford - - -	111	114	116	119	119	119	119	119	119
43	Dewsbury - - -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	10
44	Doncaster - - -	10	13	13	13	13	13	13	15	15
45	Halifax - - -	29	35	35	35	36	36	37	37	37
46	Huddersfield - -	26	29	30	30	32	32	30	31	31
47	Leeds - - -	147	221	221	221	228	228	228	256	263
48	Pontefract - - -	2	2	4	4	5	5	5	5	5
49	Ripon - - -	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
50	Sheffield - - -	143	176	180	191	191	191	191	216	231
51	Wakefield - - -	15	15	15	15	24	25	25	25	27
52	York - - -	34	37	37	37	37	37	40	40	40
TOTAL in each Year - -		4,498	4,891	5,116	5,210	5,310	5,425	5,649	5,813	6,099
ANNUAL INCREASE - -		-	393	225	94	100	115	224	164	196

[illegible]

REPORTS OF INSPECTORS OF CONST.

and POLICE FORCES in the Counties and Boroughs of the Northern District.—29 September 1864.

YEARLY PAY AND ALLOWANCES.

SUPERINTENDENTS.								Assistant Clerk.	INSPECTORS.					
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	Allow- ances.	1.		2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	
£. s.	£. s. d.	£. s.	£. s. d.	£. s.	£.	£.	£.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s.	£. s.	
140 -	120 - -	110 -	-	-	-	60	-	100 -	80 - -	65 - -	-	-	-	
210 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	88 8 -	83 4 -	78 - -	67 12 -	-	-	
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78 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
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WEEKLY PAY.												No.
Sub-Inspectors and Serjeants.				CONSTABLES.								
1.	2.	3..	4.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.		
s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.		
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STRICT.

INSPECTOR of
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For convenience of reference I append a table of the boroughs, arranged according to the state of efficiency or inefficiency of their respective police establishments, and at the end of the report I add a table of general information.

No. 3.
South of England
and South Wales
District.

I have, &c.
(signed) *Edward Willis,*
Her Majesty's Inspector of Constabulary,
South Police District.

The Right Honourable Sir George Grey, Bart., M. P.,
Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State
for the Home Department,
Home Office, Whitehall, London.

TABLE of MUNICIPAL BOROUGHs, with their POPULATIONS, arranged according to the Efficiency or Inefficiency of their Police Establishments.

BOROUGHs with Populations exceeding 5,000 Persons, 41 in number, the Police Establishments of which are reported to be EFFICIENT.

Abingdon - - - 5,680	Winchester - - - 14,776	Monmouth - - - 5,783
Newbury - - - 6,161	Hereford - - - 15,583	Newport - - - 23,249
Reading - - - 25,045	Leominster - - - 5,658	Bath - - - 52,528
Windsor - - - 9,520	Canterbury - - - 21,324	Guildford - - - 8,020
Barnstaple - - - 10,743	Deal - - - 7,531	Reigate - - - 9,974
Devonport - - - 50,440	Dover - - - 25,325	Brighton - - - 77,693
Exeter - - - 33,738	Faversham - - - 5,858	Hastings - - - 22,837
Plymouth - - - 62,599	Folkestone - - - 8,507	Hove - - - 9,624
Dorchester - - - 6,823	Gravesend - - - 18,782	Chichester - - - 8,059
Poole - - - 9,759	Maidstone - - - 23,016	Salisbury - - - 12,278
Weymouth - - - 11,383	Margate - - - 8,874	Carmarthen - - - 9,993
Bristol - - - 154,093	Ramsgate - - - 11,865	Cardiff - - - 32,954
Portsmouth - - - 94,799	Rochester - - - 16,862	Swansea - - - 41,606
Southampton - - - 46,960	Tonbridge Wells - - - 13,807	

BOROUGHs with Populations exceeding 5,000 Persons, 11 in number, the Police Establishments of which are reported to be INEFFICIENT.

Falmouth - - - 5,709	Bideford - - - 5,742	Brecknock - - - 5,235
Penzance - - - 9,414	Tiverton - - - 10,447	Neath - - - 6,810
St. Ives - - - 7,027	Newport, Isle of Wight - - - 7,934	Haverfordwest - - - 7,019
Truro - - - 11,337	Bridgwater - - - 11,320	

SMALL BOROUGHs with Populations of less than 5,000 Persons, 21 in number.

Maidenhead - - - 2,560	Southmolton - - - 3,830	Sandwich - - - 2,944
Bodmin - - - 4,466	Torrington - - - 3,298	Tenterden - - - 3,762
Helston - - - 3,843	Totnes - - - 4,001	Chard - - - 2,276
Launceston - - - 2,790	Blandford - - - 1,521	Godalming - - - 2,321
Liskeard - - - 4,689	Basingstoke - - - 4,654	Rye - - - 3,738
Penryn - - - 3,547	Romsey - - - 2,116	Arundel - - - 2,498
Brad'ninch - - - 1,796	Hythe - - - 3,001	Tenby - - - 2,982

BOROUGHs amalgamated with Counties for Police purposes, 21 in number, and whose Police Forces are included in the County Police Forces.

Wallingford - - - 2,793	Tewkesbury - - - 5,876	Chippenham - - - 1,603
Dartmouth - - - 4,444	Andover - - - 5,221	Devizes - - - 6,638
Honiton - - - 3,301	Lymington - - - 2,621	Marlborough - - - 3,684
Bridport - - - 7,719	Glastonbury - - - 3,496	Aberystwith - - - 5,641
Lyme Regis - - - 2,318	Wells - - - 4,648	Cardigan - - - 3,543
Shaftesbury - - - 2,497	Yeovil - - - 7,957	Aberavon - - - 2,916
Gloucester City - - - 16,512	Calne - - - 2,494	Pembroke - - - 15,071

No. 3.
South of England
and South Wales
District.

NEWBURY (BOROUGH).

Newbury
(Borough).

Force - - - - 8 persons.

Area in acres - - - - 1,722 | Acres to each constable - - - - 215
Population in 1861 - - - - 6,161 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 770

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.										Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.					
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors.				Serjeants.				Constables.	
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	Total No. - 1.				Total No. - 6.	
Number of each Rank and Class	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	5	1
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. s. 81 18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	-	-	-	17	7

This force has undergone no alteration during the year, either in numbers or pay.

The indictable offences which have been reported are rather more in number than in the previous year, and more persons have been committed, although fewer persons were taken into custody on the charges; for offences also which are determined summarily, more persons have been proceeded against than in the previous year.

The number of vagrants who were passed by the police to the union amounted to 1,779 persons as against 808 persons in the previous year. No return of tramps is furnished.

The duties appear to be satisfactorily provided for, and I consider the force to be in an efficient state.

READING (BOROUGH).

Reading
(Borough).

Force - - - - 32 persons.

Area in acres - - - - 1,922 | Acres to each constable - - - - 60
Population in 1861 - - - - 25,045 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 782

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.										Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.					
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors.				Serjeants.				Constables.	
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	Total No. - 5.				Total No. - 23.	
Number of each Rank and Class	1	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	7	8
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. s. 115	-	-	-	-	-	62 8	-	-	-	22	-	-	-	20	18 6

The police force of this borough has undergone no alteration during the year.

The cells are well arranged, and maintained in a cleanly state.

The indictable offences which have been reported are more in number than in the previous year, and more persons have been apprehended and committed for trial; more persons have also been proceeded against for offences which are determined summarily.

The number of vagrants who were relieved by the police amounted to 2,922 persons as against 3,264 persons in the previous year; and as regards tramps, 86

of this class of persons were found in the low lodging-houses on the night the return was taken.

In this force one officer and two constables are solely employed in detective duties, and in patrolling in plain clothes by day and night.

The duties are generally satisfactorily provided for, and I consider the force at present to be in an efficient state; as, however, buildings and population are much increasing, it will be my duty shortly to recommend for the consideration of the corporation an increase of constables.

WINDSOR (BOROUGH).

Force - - - - 13 persons.

Area in acres - - - - 2,890 | Acres to each constable - - - - 222
Population in 1861 - - - - 9,520 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 732

Windsor
(Borough).

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.									Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.									
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors.				Serjeants. Total No. - 2.				Constables. Total No. - 10.				
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	10	-	-	-	-
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. s. 83 4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	s. 20	s. 19	-	-	s. 18	-	-	-	-

An augmentation of one constable has been made to this force during the year, and the new station which was in the course of erection on the occasion of my previous inspection, and which contains some very well-arranged cells and other offices, as well as a court room for the magistrates, has been placed in the occupation of the police.

The indictable offences which have been reported are about the same in number as in the previous year, as also are the apprehensions and committals for trial; for offences, however, which are determined summarily, more persons have been proceeded against. The police are not employed to assist in the relief of vagrants, and no return of tramps has been furnished. The duties are satisfactorily provided for, and I consider the force to be in an efficient state.

CORNWALL.

Force - - - - 191 persons.

Area in acres - - - - 863,077 | Acres to each constable - - - - 4,518
Population in 1861 - - - - 316,568 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 1,657

County of Corn-
wall.

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.										Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.							
	Chief Constable.	Superintendents. Total No. - 7.					Inspectors. Total No. - 10.				Serjeants. Total No. - 18.				Constables. Total No. - 155.			
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	1	3	3	-	-	10	-	-	-	1	17	-	-	48	107	-	-
Rates of Pay of each Class	£. 350	£. 125	£. 95	£. 85	-	-	£. 65	-	-	-	£. 23	£. 22	-	-	£. 20	£. 18	-	-

Chief Constable.—Horse and travelling allowance, 150 l.

Superintendents.—Horses, forage, carts, stabling, &c., provided.

No. 3.
South of England
and South Wales
District.

In this force there has been no alteration either in numbers or pay since the date of my last report.

The force is formed into six divisions, exclusive of the head quarters and reserve, which consists of the chief constable, one head clerk holding the rank of superintendent and deputy chief constable, one inspector, and eight constables, of whom one acts as an assistant clerk.

Two new and well arranged stations have been completed during the year, one at St. Columb and the other at Stratton, and it proposed shortly to erect police stations also at Bodmin, Callington, and Tregony.

In indictable offences there has been a considerable decrease during the year, and a good many less prisoners have been apprehended and committed for trial, a slight decrease has also taken place in the number of persons who have been proceeded against summarily.

Under the provisions of the Salmon Fisheries' Act, 25 cases were reported, and in 20 of the cases convictions took place, and under the provisions of the Poaching Act, 17 cases were reported, in which nine convictions were recorded.

The number of vagrants who were relieved during the year, through the aid of the police, amounted to 208 persons; in the previous year, the number relieved amounted to 340 persons.

The tramp return shows that about 129 of such class of persons are lodged nightly in those portions of the county which come under the charge of the county constabulary.

The police are well clothed and equipped, and the duties satisfactorily provided for, and I consider the force to be in an efficient state.

BODMIN (BOROUGH).

Force - - - - 1 person.

Bodmin
(Borough).

Area in acres - - - - 2,784 | Acres to each constable - - 2,784
Population in 1861 - - - - 4,466 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 4,466

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.										
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.				Inspectors.				Serjeants.				Constables.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1																		
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. 18																		

In this borough there is no properly organised police force, and the district comprised within the borough limits, which is very extensive, may be said to be almost totally without police supervision.

Some improvements have been made in the cells during the year, and a warming apparatus provided.

No return of crime has been furnished.

FALMOUTH (BOROUGH).

No. 3.
South of England
and South Wales
District.

Force - - - - 4 persons.

Area in acres - - - - 40 | Acres to each constable - - - 10
Population in 1861 - - - 5,709 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 1,427

Falmouth
(Borough).

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.										
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.				Inspectors.				Serjeants.				Constables.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1				
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. 55	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	s. 21	s. 18				

This force has undergone no alteration either in numbers or pay, since the date of my former report.

In indictable offences there has been an increase during the year, and more persons have been apprehended and committed for trial; but for offences which are determined summarily, the number who have been proceeded against are nearly the same as in the previous year.

The police in this borough do not assist in the relief of vagrants, and no return of tramps has been furnished.

The duties are not satisfactorily provided for nor properly supervised, and the force is insufficient in number for the requirements of the borough.

HELSTON (BOROUGH).

Force - - - - 1 person.

Helston
(Borough).

Area in acres - - - - 292 | Acres to each constable - - - 292
Population in 1861 - - - 3,843 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 3,843

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.										
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent	Superintendents.					Inspectors.			Serjeants.				Constables. Total No. - 1.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1					
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	s. 20					

In this borough there is no properly organised police force.

The cells are in an unfit state to place prisoners in, both on account of defective drainage and bad ventilation, and also because there is no mode of warming them in cold weather.

Two indictable offences are reported to have taken place during the year, and 20 persons were proceeded against for offences which are determined summarily.

The Act requiring a superannuation fund to be established, has not been complied with.

No. 3.
South of England
and South Wales
District.

Launceston
(Borough).

LAUNCESTON (BOROUGH).

Force - - - - 1 person.

Area in acres - - - - 2,080 | Acres to each constable - - - - 2,080
Population in 1861 - - - - 2,790 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 2,790

RANKS.	Yearly pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.							
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors.				Serjeants.				Constables. Total No. - 1.	
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	

In this borough there is no properly organised police, and the district comprised within the borough limits, which is extensive, may be said to be almost entirely without police protection.

The access to the cells is up a dangerous outside staircairse, and the cells themselves are badly constructed, being divided only by a wooden partition, which is open at the joints.

No return of crime has been furnished.

LISKEARD (BOROUGH).

Liskeard
(Borough).

Force - - - - 2 persons.

Area in acres - - - - 810 | Acres to each constable - - - - 405
Population in 1861 - - - - 4,689 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 2,344

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.							
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors.				Serjeants.				Constables. Total No. - 2.	
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	

No alteration has taken place during the year in the police arrangements of this borough.

Five indictable offences are reported to have been committed, for which five persons were apprehended and committed for trial; and for offences which are determined summarily, 37 persons were proceeded against.

The police do not assist in the relief of vagrants, and no return of tramps has been furnished.

The duties are not satisfactorily provided for, and the force is insufficient for the requirements of the borough.

PENRYN (BOROUGH).

No. 3.
South of England
and South Wales
District.

Penryn
(Borough).

Force - - - - 2 persons.

Area in acres - - - - 298 | Acres to each constable - - - 149
Population in 1861 - - - - 3,547 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 1,773

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.									Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence									
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors.				Serjeants.				Constables. Total No. - 2.				
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class }	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Rates of Pay of each, ditto - }	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	s. 21	s. 20

The police arrangements of this borough have undergone no change during the year.

No return of crime has been furnished.

The duties are not properly supervised, and the force is insufficient for the requirements of the borough.

PENZANCE (BOROUGH).

Penzance
(Borough).

Force - - - - 7 persons.

Area in acres - - - - 440 | Acres to each constable - - - 62
Population in 1861 - - - - 9,414 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 1,347

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.									Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.									
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors.				Serjeants. Total No. - 1.				Constables. Total No. - 5.				
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	4	1			
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. 32 12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	£. 21	-	-	-	£. 18	£. 17			

No alteration has taken place during the year in the number or pay of this force.

The cells, which have been reported as being dark and badly ventilated, have also undergone no alteration, and probably no improvement will now be effected, as it is proposed by the corporation to construct new cells, in conjunction with a new town-hall which they contemplate building.

In indictable offences there has been an increase during the year, and more persons have been apprehended and committed for trial, and more persons also proceeded against for offences which are determined summarily.

The police do not assist in the relief of vagrants, but 10 tramps are reported to have been found in the low lodging-houses on the night the information was taken.

The duties are not effectively provided for, and the force is insufficient in number for the requirements of the borough.

No. 8.
South of England
and South Wales
District.

ST. IVES (BOROUGH).

St. Ives
(Borough).

Force - - - - 1 person.

Area in acres - - - - 1,876 | Acres to each constable - - - 1,876
Population in 1861 - - - - 7,027 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 7,027

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.											
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.				Inspectors.				Serjeants.				Constables. Total No. - 1. .						
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	6th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1					
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	s. 20					

In this borough there is no properly organised police, and the district comprised within the borough limits, and which is very extensive, may be said to be entirely without police supervision or protection.

The cells, which are in a detached building, are dark, badly ventilated, and without warming apparatus.

No return of crime has been furnished.

TRURO (BOROUGH).

Truro (Borough).

Force - - - - 6 persons.

Area in acres - - - - 1,103 | Acres to each constable - - - 183
Population in 1861 - - - - 11,337 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 1,889

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.									Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.										
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors.				Serjeants. Total No. - 1.				Constables. Total No. - 4.					
		1st Class.	2d. Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	6th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	3	1					
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. 78	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	s. 21	-	-	-	s. d. 17 6	s. d. 16 6					

No alteration has taken place during the year in the number or pay of this force.

The indictable offences which have been reported are considerably less in number than in the previous year, and fewer persons have been apprehended and committed for trial; for offences, however, which are determined summarily there has been an increase in the number of persons who have been proceeded against.

The police do not assist in the relief of vagrants; but as respects tramps, 42 of such class of persons were found in the low lodging-houses on the night the return was taken.

The duties are not effectively provided for, and the force is much too small in number for the proper watching of the borough, the area of which is extensive.

DEVONSHIRE.

Force - - - - 334 persons.

Area in acres - - - 1,617,651 | Acres to each constable - - 4,843
 Population in 1861 - - 397,739 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 1,190

County of Devon,
including the
Borough of Dart-
mouth and Honi-
ton.

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.									Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.										
	Chief Constable.	Superintendents. Total No. - 14.					Inspectors.				Serjeants. Total No. - 34.				Constables. Total No. - 285.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	6th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	1	6	6	1	-	-	-	-	-	24	10	-	-	57	145	83			
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. 500	£. 260	£. 130	£. 115	£. 100	-	-	-	-	-	s. 24 d. 5	s. 21 d. 5	-	-	s. 20 d. 8	s. 18 d. 7½	s. 16 d. 7½			

Chief Constable.—Horse, travelling, and stationery allowance, 100 *l*.Superintendents.—One (Deputy Chief Constable) allowance included in pay. Twelve provide their own horses, and are allowed 80 *l*. each for keep, &c.

In this force there has been an increase during the year of eight constables, viz., four for the district of Torquay and four for the district of Stonehouse, which has now been formed into a separate police district under the provisions of the 3 & 4 Vict. c. 88.

The force is divided into 14 divisions, exclusive of the head quarters and reserve, which consists of the chief constable, one clerk holding the rank of superintendent, and six constables.

In Stonehouse a new and commodious station has been erected, and police stations have also been built during the year in Plympton, Prince Town, and Holsworthy, and another is in the course of erection at Hatherleigh.

In the stations at Roborough and Yealmpton, which were completed last year, the entrance to the cells is badly planned, being placed in the common passage of the houses, and not in a separate corridor, whereby communication with prisoners cannot be effectively prevented.

In Kingsbridge the cells are almost totally dark, and quite unsuitable places for the detention of prisoners; and in Torquay the cells are also of very inferior construction, and badly situated, being placed in the cellars beneath the town-hall and court-house.

In indictable offences there has been a decrease during the year, and fewer persons have been apprehended and committed for trial; for offences also which are determined summarily, the number of persons who have been proceeded against are considerably less than in the previous year.

Against the provisions of the Poaching Act, 21 cases were reported, and in 18 of the cases convictions took place.

The number of vagrants who were relieved through the aid of the police during the year amounted to 2,172 persons as against 2,023 persons in the previous year, and the tramp return shows that about 190 of this class of persons are lodged nightly in the low lodging-houses, which are under the supervision of the police.

The police are well clothed and equipped, and the duties satisfactorily provided for, and I consider the force to be in an efficient state.

No. 3.
South of England
and South Wales
District.

BARNSTAPLE (BOROUGH).

Barnstaple
(Borough).

Force - - - - 10 persons.

Area in acres - - - - 2,549 | Acres to each constable - - - - 254
Population in 1861 - - - - 10,743 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 1,074

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.										
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors.			Serjeants. Total No. - 1.				Constables. Total No. - 8.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class }	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	7			
Rates of Pay of each, ditto - }	£. 120	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	s. 24	-	-	-	s. 17	s. 16.			

This force has undergone no change either in numbers or pay since the date of my former report.

The borough has no proper cells under the charge of the police, but this is obviated by an arrangement under which the police are authorised to take their prisoners at all hours to the borough gaol.

In indictable offences there has been a decrease during the year, and fewer persons have been apprehended and committed for trial; for offences also which are determined summarily, the number of persons who have been proceeded against is considerably less than in the previous year.

The number of vagrants who were relieved through the aid of the police amounted to 13 persons as against 9 persons in the previous year; and as regards tramps, 25 of such class of persons were found by the police in the low lodging-houses on the night the return was taken.

The duties appear to be generally satisfactorily provided for, and I consider the force to be in an efficient state.

BIDEFORD (BOROUGH).

Bideford
(Borough).

Force - - - - 2 persons.

Area in acres - - - - 4,510 | Acres to each constable - - - - 2,255
Population in 1861 - - - - 5,742 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861 - - - - 2,871

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.										
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors.				Serjeants.				Constables. Total No. - 1.				
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class }	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1					
Rates of Pay of each, ditto }	£. 65	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	s. 16					

No alteration has taken place in the number or pay of this force since the date of my former report.

The Act requiring a superannuation fund to be established has not been complied with, and the cells which were reported previously to be dark, and

badly ventilated, and unprovided with a warming apparatus, have undergone no alteration; the cells are not fit places to place prisoners in.

In indictable offences there has been a decrease during the year, and fewer persons have been apprehended and committed for trial; and considerably fewer persons also proceeded against for offences which are determined summarily than in the previous year. The police are not employed to assist in the relief of vagrants, and no return of tramps has been furnished.

The duties are not adequately provided for, and the force is altogether insufficient in number for the proper watching of the borough, the area of which is very extensive.

BRADNINCH (CHARTER BOROUGH).

Force - - - - 1 person.

Area in acres - - - - 4,351 Acres to each constable - - - - 4,351
Population in 1861 - - - - 1,796 Population to ditto, as per census
1861 - - - - - 1,796

Bradinch
(Charter Borough).

RANKS.		Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.										
		Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors.			Serjeants.				Constables.					
			1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class		1																		
Rates of Pay of each, ditto		£. s. 52 12																		

The question of placing this borough under the charge of the chief constable of Devonshire has been again under the consideration of the county magistrates; but I understand that it still awaits an opinion of counsel on the subject.

No return of indictable offences has been furnished, but seven persons are reported to have been proceeded against summarily during the year.

The Act requiring a superannuation fund to be established has not been complied with.

The district comprised within the borough limits is very extensive, and may be said to be almost totally without police supervision or protection.

DEVONPORT (BOROUGH).

Force - - - - 46 persons.

Area in acres - - - - 2,380 Acres to each constable - - - - 51
Population in 1861, including 5,322 Population to ditto, as per census
persons on board ships of war - 50,440 1861 - - - - - 1,096

Devonport
(Borough).

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.										Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.									
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors. Total No. - 3.				Serjeants. Total No. - 5.				Constables. Total No. - 37.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	6th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class }	1	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	20	17					
Rates of Pay of each, ditto }	£. 120	-	-	-	-	£. s. 67 12	-	-	-	s. 23	-	-	-	s. d. 19 1	s. d. 17 11					

No. 3.
South of England
and South Wales
District.

No alteration has taken place in the number or rates of pay of this force since the date of my former report.

In indictable offences there has been a considerable increase during the year, and more persons have been apprehended, but fewer persons committed for trial, and a less number of persons proceeded against summarily.

The police do not assist in the relief of vagrants, but as regards tramps, the number found in the lodging-houses on the night the information was taken, is stated to have amounted to only three persons.

The police are well clothed and equipped, and the cells maintained in a cleanly state.

The duties are generally well arranged, and I consider the force to be in an efficient state, but as buildings and population are increasing, it will be my duty before long to recommend for the consideration of the corporation a small increase to the force.

EXETER (CITY.)

Exeter (City).

Force - - - - 37 persons.

Area in acres - - - - 1,800 | Acres to each constable - - - - 48
Population in 1861 - - - - 33,738 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 911

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.										Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.									
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors. Total No. - 4.				Serjeants. Total No. - 4.				Constables. Total No. - 29.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	6th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class }	1	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	9	5	14				
Rates of Pay of each, ditto }	£. 150	-	-	-	-	£. s. 62 8	-	-	-	s. 21	-	-	-	s. 19	s. 18	s. 17				

An augmentation of one serjeant and three constables has been made to this force during the year, and the corporation have also improved the condition of the cells by providing them with a warming apparatus.

In indictable offences there has been a slight decrease during the year, and fewer persons have been committed for trial; for offences also which are determined summarily a less number of persons have been proceeded against than in the previous year.

The police do not assist in the relief of vagrants, and no return of tramps has been furnished.

The duties are satisfactorily arranged, and I consider the force to be in an efficient state.

PLYMOUTH (BOROUGH).

Plymouth (Borough).

Force - - - - 73 persons.

Area in acres - - - - 600 | Acres to each constable - - - - 8
Population in 1861 - - - - 62,599 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 857

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.											
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors. Total No. - 5.				Serjeants. Total No. - 8.				Constables. Total No. - 59.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	6th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	-	-	-	-	1	2	2	-	6	1	1	-	14	14	31				
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. 170	-	-	-	-	£. 110	£. 78	£. s. 67 12	-	s. 23	s. d. 21 6	s. d. 20 6	-	s. 19	s. d. 17 6	s. d. 16 6				

An augmentation of four constables has been made to this force during the year in order to provide for the better protection of the out districts of the borough, in which there has lately been a considerable increase of buildings and population.

In indictable offences there has been a decrease during the year, and fewer persons have been committed for trial; for offences, however, which are determined summarily, more persons have been proceeded against than in the previous year.

The number of vagrants who were relieved through the aid of the police amounted to 1,702 persons, as against 745 persons in the previous year; and as regards tramps, 35 of this class of persons were found by the police in the low lodging-houses on the night the information was taken.

The police are well clothed and equipped, and the duties satisfactorily provided for, and I consider the force to be in an efficient state; three members of the force are altogether employed in plain clothes as detective officers.

SOUTHMOLTON (BOROUGH).

Force - - - - - 2 persons.

Southmolton
(Borough).

Area in acres - - - - 6,264 | Acres to each constable - - - - 3,132.
Population in 1861 - - - - 3,830 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 1,915.

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.										Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.									
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors.				Serjeants.				Constables. Total No. - 1.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	6th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1					
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. 78	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	£. s. 16 6					

No alteration has taken place in the number or pay of this force during the year.

In indictable offences there has been a decrease, and fewer persons have been committed for trial than in the previous year, but for offences which are determined summarily, rather more persons have been proceeded against.

One officer is governor of the gaol, and the other takes night duty, but the area of the borough is so extensive that it is quite impossible for one man to afford proper supervision or protection.

TIVERTON (BOROUGH).

Force - - - - - 7 persons.

Tiverton
(Borough).

Area in acres - - - - 17,650 | Acres to each constable - - - - 2,521
Population in 1861 - - - - 10,447 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 1,492

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.									Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.									
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors.				Serjeants Total No. - 1.				Constables. Total No. - 5.				
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class }	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	4	1				
Rates of Pay of each, ditto - }	78	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	-	-	-	s. 19	s. 15				

No. 3.
South of England
and South Wales
District.

An augmentation of one constable has been made to this force during the year, and a new police station with two cells has been built in conjunction with a new Town Hall and Court House.

In indictable offences there has been a decrease during the year, and fewer persons have been apprehended and committed for trial, and fewer persons also proceeded against for offences which are determined summarily.

The police are better clothed, and the duty arrangements of a more satisfactory character than they were formerly; the area, however, of the borough is so very extensive, and the population so numerous, that a considerable addition to the number of the police is necessary to place the force in anything like an efficient state.

TORRINGTON (BOROUGH).

Force - - - - 2 persons.

Area in acres - - - - 3,456 | Acres to each constable - - - - 1,728
Population in 1861 - - - - 3,298 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861 - 1,649

RANKS.	* Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.										
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors.			Serjeants.				Constables. Total No. - 1.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class }	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1					
Rates of Pay of each, ditto }	£. 52	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	s. 15					

In this borough the police arrangements have undergone no alteration during the year.

The Act which requires a superannuation fund to be established has not as yet been complied with.

The cells are badly constructed and not well ventilated. I have, however, been informed that the Corporation have under consideration a proposal for the erection of a police station, in which proper cells are to be provided.

No return of crime was furnished in 1863, but during the year just ended two indictable offences are reported to have been committed, and 35 persons to have been proceeded against summarily.

The area of this borough is extensive, and the force is insufficient to afford proper protection.

TOTNES (BOROUGH.)

Force - - - - 3 persons.

Area in acres - - - - 1,254 | Acres to each constable - - - - 418
Population in 1861 - - - - 4,001 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861 - 1,333

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.										
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors.			Serjeants.				Constables. Total No. - 2.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class }	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2					
Rates of Pay of each, ditto - }	£. 66	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	s. 18					

This force only nominally consists of three persons, for the senior officer is too old to perform active police duty.

No return of crime has been furnished.

There is no proper supervision over the constables, and the force is quite inadequate to afford proper protection by day and night.

DORSETSHIRE.

Force - - - - 133 persons.

Area in acres - - - - 624,758 | Acres to each constable - - - - 4,697
 Population in 1861 - - - - 159,303 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861 - 1,197

County of Dorset,
including the
boroughs of
Bridport, Lyme,
Regis, and
Shaftesbury.

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.									Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.										
	Chief Constable.	Superintendents. Total No. - 10.					Inspectors.				Serjeants. Total No. - 11.				Constables. Total No. - 111.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	6th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	1	1	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	11	-	-	-	36	36	39			
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. 300	150	130	95	85	-	-	-	-	-	s. 23	-	-	-	s. 20	s. 18	s. 17			

Chief constable.—Horse and travelling allowance, 50 *l*.

Superintendents.—Horses, forage, carts, stabling &c., provided.

No alteration has taken place in the organization, pay, or numbers of this force since the date of my former report.

The force is formed into nine divisions, exclusive of the head-quarters and reserve, which consists of the chief constable, one clerk who holds the rank of superintendent, one serjeant, and three constables.

In Bridport, a new and commodious station has been erected for the joint use of the county and borough; the other stations in the county, with the exception of the one in Lyme, which belongs to the borough authorities, and which is a very old building, are conveniently arranged and maintained in good order; that in Lyme requires a good deal of alteration to make it a good station.

In indictable offences there has been a decrease during the year, and fewer persons have been apprehended and committed for trial; but for offences which are determined summarily rather more persons have been proceeded against than in the previous year.

Under the provisions of the Poaching Act, 39 cases were reported; and in 35 of the cases convictions took place.

The number of vagrants who have been relieved through the instrumentality of the police amounted to 972 persons, as against 480 persons in the previous year; and as regards tramps, the return shows that about 151 of such class of persons are nightly lodged in the different parts of the county.

The police are well clothed and equipped, and the duties satisfactorily provided for; and I consider the force to be in an efficient state.

BLANDFORD (BOROUGH.)

Force - - - - 2 persons.

Area in acres - - - - 27 | Acres to each constable - - - - 13½
 Population in 1861 - - - - 1,521 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 760

Blandford
(Borough).

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.									Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.									
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors.				Serjeants.				Constables. Total No. - 2.				
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2					
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	s. 16					

No. 8.
South of England
and South Wales
District.

This force is the same in number as at the date of my former report, the Corporation have, however, during the year formed a police superannuation fund, in compliance with the Act of Parliament to that effect; and I am informed that they also have in contemplation the erection of a police station, in which are to be provided several properly constructed cells.

Three indictable offences have been reported during the year, and three persons committed for trial, and 23 persons have been proceeded against summarily.

The duties are so arranged that the constables relieve each other every eight hours; but no effective supervision is provided.

DORCHESTER (BOROUGH).

Force - - - - - 7 persons.

Area in acres - - - - 571 | Acres to each constable - - - - 81
Population in 1861 - - - - 6,823 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 974

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.										
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.				Inspectors.				Sergeants. Total No. - 1.				Constables. Total No. - 5.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	5					
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£ 60	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	s. 21	-	-	-	s. 18					

The number of this force is the same as at the date of my former report; but the rates of pay have been raised.

The indictable offences which have been reported, and the number of persons who have been apprehended are about the same as in the previous year; but more persons have been committed for trial, and more persons also proceeded against summarily.

The number of vagrants who were relieved through the assistance of the police amounted to nine persons as against 16 persons in the previous year; and as regards tramps, 16 of this class of persons were found in the low lodging-houses on the night when the return was taken.

The police are well clothed and equipped, and the duties satisfactorily provided for; and I consider the force to be in an efficient state.

POOLE (BOROUGH).

Force - - - - - 14 persons.

Area in acres - - - - 4,749 | Acres to each constable - - - - 339
Population in 1861 - - - - 9,759 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861 - 697

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.										
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.				Inspectors.				Serjeants. Total No. - 1.				Constables. Total No. - 12					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class }	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	4	3	5			
Rates of Pay of each, ditto }	£. 90	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	s. 21	-	-	-	s. 20	s. 19	s. 18			

REPORTS OF INSPECTORS OF CONSTABULARY.

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No. 8.
South of England
and South Wales
District.

In this force the classes of constables have been re-organized, and an arrangement made that after one year's service the wages of the lowest class are to be raised to that of the second class; in other respects, the force has undergone no change. The indictable offences and committals for trial are about the same as in the previous year, but for offences which are determined summarily, many more persons have been proceeded against.

The clothing and equipments are of good quality, and the station and cells are maintained in good order.

The duties are generally well provided for, and I consider the force to be in an efficient state.

WEYMOUTH (BOROUGH).

Force - - - - - 12 persons.

Area in acres - - - 1,600 | Acres to each constable - - - 133
Population in 1861 - - 11,383 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861 - 948

Weymouth
(Borough).

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.										
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors.			Serjants. Total No. - 1.				Constables. Total No. - 10					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	4	4	2			
Rates of pay of each, ditto	£. 100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	s. 23	-	-	-	s. 20	s. 19	s. 18			

No alteration has taken place during the year in the number or pay of this force.

In indictable offences there has been a decrease during the year, and fewer persons have been apprehended and committed for trial; for offences also which are determined summarily, there has been a decrease in the number of persons who have been proceeded against.

The number of vagrants who were relieved through the instrumentality of the police amounted to 230 persons, as against 304 persons in the previous year; and as regards tramps, 26 of this class of persons were found in the low lodging houses on the night the return was taken.

The police are well clothed, and the duties generally satisfactorily provided for, and I consider the force to be in an efficient state.

GLOUCESTERSHIRE.

Force - - - - - 288 persons.

Area in acres - - - 787,414 | Acres to each constable - - - 2,734
Population in 1861 - - 351,602 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 1,220

County of Gloucester, including the City of Gloucester and Borough of Tewkesbury.

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.										Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.									
	Chief Constable.	Superintendents. Total No. - 11.					Inspectors.				Serjeants. Total No. - 44.				Constables. Total No. - 232.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	6th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	1	1	3	6	-	-	-	-	-	44	-	-	-	146	86				
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. 500	£. 140	£. 130	£. 120	£. 100	-	-	-	-	-	s. d. 21 6	-	-	-	s. 19	s. 16				

Chief Constable.—Horse and Travelling expenses, 50 l.

Superintendents.—Provide their own horses, and are allowed stabling, and 40 l. each for keep, &c., &c.

**No. 3.
South of England
and South Wales
District.**

In this county there has been no alteration made in the number or pay of the police since the date of my former report.

The force is formed into eleven divisions, and the head quarters, which is situated at Cheltenham, is included in one of them. There is no reserve of constables maintained at the head quarters beyond the officers and men required for the duties of the town and neighbourhood, and one of the serjeants acts in the capacity of clerk.

In indictable offences there has been an increase during the year, and more persons have been apprehended and committed for trial; for offences, however, which are determined summarily, fewer persons have been proceeded against than in the previous year.

Against the provisions of the Poaching Act 13 cases have been reported, and in 12 of the cases convictions took place.

The number of vagrants relieved through the instrumentality of the police amounted to 11,738 persons, as against 11,615 persons in the year previous; and, as regards tramps, the return shows that the number of this class of persons found in the low lodging-houses on the night the information was taken, amounted to 490 persons.

In this force, there has been a difficulty, at times, in obtaining men to fill up the vacancies, and I am of opinion that a higher rate of weekly pay for the lower class of constables, which is only 16s., and which is below any county scale of pay given in my district, except in Wilts, Devon, and Pembrokeshire, would tend materially to obviate the difficulty.

The clothing which has been furnished to the police, this year, is both of better quality and better fitted than what has usually been supplied in former years.

The duties are satisfactorily arranged, and I consider the force to be in an efficient state.

BRISTOL (CITY).

Bristol (City).

Force - - - - - 303 persons.

Area in acres	-	-	-	4,683	Acres to each constable	-	-	-	15
Population in 1861	-	-	-	154,093	Population to ditto, as per census 1861;	508			

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.											
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors. Total No. - 5.				Serjeants. Total No. - 38.				Constables. Total No. - 259.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	6th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	8	4	20	6	1	160	23	41	30	4	
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. 300	-	-	-	-	£. 117	-	-	-	s. 26	s. 25	s. 24	s. 21	s. 24	s. 19	s. 18	s. 17	s. 16	s. 14	

Head Constable.—Horse allowance, 50*l.* annually.

No alteration has taken place during the year in the number or pay of this force; the Corporation have, however, effected some improvements in the cells attached to the stations in Clifton and St. Philips. In the St. Philips station the accommodation both for the police as well as prisoners is very limited, and the cells are too small to be ever made suitable lock-up places.

In indictable offences there has been a considerable decrease during the year, and much fewer persons have been apprehended and committed for trial than in the previous year; for offences, however, which are determined summarily, more persons have been proceeded against.

The police do not assist in the relief of vagrants, and no return of tramps has been furnished.

The clothing for the present year is of a new description, and apparently of better quality than usual.

The duties are satisfactorily provided for and I consider the force to be in an efficient state.

HAMPSHIRE.

Force - - - - - 259 persons.

Area in acres - - - 1,053,777 | Acres to each constable - - - 4,068
 Population in 1861 - - - 310,576 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861 - 1,199

County of Hants,
including the
Boroughs of
Andover and
Lymington.

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.										Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.									
	Chief Constable.	Superintendents. Total No. - 14.					Inspectors. Total No. - 10.				Serjeants. Total No. - 23.				Constables. Total No. - 220.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	6th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class }	1	5	5	4	-	-	1	-	-	-	23	-	-	-	73	73	74			
Rates of Pay of - each, ditto }	£. 400	£. 136	£. 130	£. 120	-	-	£. s. 75 4	-	-	-	s. 25	-	-	-	s. 21	s. 19	s. 17			

Chief Constable.—Horse and travelling allowance, 150 l.

Superintendents.—Horses, forage, carts, stabling, &c. provided.

In this force there has been no alteration during the year, either in numbers or pay.

The force is formed into 14 divisions, inclusive of the head quarters and reserve, which consists of the chief constable, one head clerk, who holds the rank of superintendent, one inspector, and seven constables, of whom one is employed as an assistant clerk.

The station-houses, with the exception of the one at Shirley, are generally well arranged and commodious buildings, and the whole are maintained in a very cleanly and creditable state. The station at Shirley is inconveniently small, both for the accommodation of the police as well as prisoners, and as the population in the district is rapidly increasing, it is desirable that a more commodious station-house should be provided.

In indictable offences there has been a decrease during the year, and fewer persons have been apprehended and committed for trial. For offences, however, which are determined summarily, more persons have been proceeded against than in the previous year.

Against the provisions of the Salmon Fisheries Act, six cases were reported, and in four of the cases convictions took place; and against the provisions of the Poaching Act, 31 cases were reported, in 23 of which convictions were recorded.

The number of vagrants who were passed to the union by the police during the year amounted to 7,736 persons, as against 8,419 persons in the previous year; and the tramp return shows that about 2,504 of such class of persons are lodged nightly in the different districts of the county.

In addition to the ordinary police duties, the constabulary in Hampshire undertake duties appertaining to various other important offices without any additional pay.

The police are very well clothed and equipped, and the duties very satisfactorily provided for, and I consider the force to be in an efficient state.

No. 8.
South of England
and South Wales
District.

BASINGSTOKE (BOROUGH).

Basingstoke
(Borough).

Force - - - - - 5 persons.

Area in acres - - - - - 4,036 | Acres to each constable - - - - - 807
Population in 1861 - - - - - 4,654 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 930

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.									Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.										
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors.				Serjeants. Total No. - 1.				Constables. Total No. - 3.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	6th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	2				
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. 65	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	s. 22	-	-	-	-	s. 18	s. 17				

The police arrangements of this borough have undergone no change during the year.

The indictable offences and apprehensions and committals for trial are less by one in each instance than in the previous year, but for offences which are determined summarily a good many more persons have been proceeded against.

The police are not employed to assist in the relief of vagrants, and no return of tramps has been furnished.

The duties in the town are well provided for, but the district beyond the exact limits of the town belonging to the borough is too extensive to be properly controlled and watched by so small a force.

NEWPORT (ISLE OF WIGHT).

Newport (Isle of
Wight).

Force - - - - - 5 persons.

Area in acres - - - - - 156 | Acres to each constable - - - - - 31
Population in 1861 - - - - - 7,934 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 1,586

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.										Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.									
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors.				Serjeants.				Constables. Total No. - 4.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	6th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4					
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. 75	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	s. 18					

This force has undergone no alteration since the date of my former report.

In indictable offences there has been a decrease during the year, and fewer persons have been apprehended and committed for trial, and also fewer persons proceeded against summarily.

The police do not assist in the relief of vagrants, and no return of tramps has been furnished.

The force is insufficient in number for the proper watching of the borough by day and night.

PORTSMOUTH (BOROUGH).

Force - - - - - 95 persons.

Area in acres - - - - 4,515 | Acres to each constable - 47
 Population in 1861 - - - 94,799 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861 - 787

Portsmouth
(Borough).

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.										Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.									
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors. Total No. - 6.				Serjeants. Total No. - 12.				Constables. Total No. - 76.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	6th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	12	-	-	-	18	17	41			
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. 190	-	-	-	-	-	£. 85	-	-	-	s. 26	-	-	-	s. d. 23 6	s. 21	s. 19			

No alteration has taken place during the year in the number or pay of this force.

Some improvements have been effected in the station in Portsmouth, and the cells have been warmed, but at the head-quarter station in Landport the cells are still both dark and badly ventilated, and unprovided with any warming apparatus.

In indictable offences there has been a decrease during the year, and fewer persons have been apprehended and committed for trial; for offences also which are determined summarily the number of persons who have been proceeded against is less than in the previous year.

The number of vagrants who have been passed to the Union for shelter and relief amounted to 2,816 persons, and as respects tramps no return has been furnished.

The police are well clothed and equipped and the duties properly provided for, and I consider the force to be in an efficient state.

ROMSEY (BOROUGH).

Force - - - - - 2 persons.

Area in acres - - - - 248 | Acres to each constable - - - 124 Romsey
 Population in 1861 - - - 2,116 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 1,058 (Borough).

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.										Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.									
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors.				Serjeants.				Constables. Total No. - 1.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	6th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1					
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. s. 49 8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	s. 17					

No alteration has taken place during the year in the police arrangements of this borough.

The cell for male prisoners is very damp, but the corporation, I am informed, have in contemplation the erection of a new town-hall and police station, in which are to be built a couple of properly constructed cells.

No return of crime was furnished in 1863; but during the year just ended, four indictable offences are reported to have been committed, and 40 persons to have been proceeded against summarily.

The duty of watching the borough by day and night is taken alternately by each constable, but there is no proper supervision.

No. 3.
South of England
and South Wales
District.

SOUTHAMPTON (BOROUGH).

Southampton
(Borough).

Force - - - - - 57 persons.

Area in acres - - - - 2,630 | Acres to each constable - - - 46
Population in 1861 - - - - 46,960 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 823.

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.											
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors.			Serjeants. Total No. - 9.				Constables. Total No. - 46.						
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	6th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class }	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	9	-	-	-	1	11	10	24		
Rates of Pay of each, ditto }	£. 200	-	-	-	-	-	£. 78	-	-	-	s. 26	-	-	-	s. 26	s. 23	s. 21	s. 19		

An augmentation of two constables has been made to this force during the year.

The station-house and cells are maintained in a cleanly and creditable state.

In indictable offences there has been a decrease during the year, and fewer persons have been apprehended and committed for trial; for offences, however, which are determined summarily, more persons have been proceeded against than in the previous year.

The police do not assist in the relief of vagrants, and no return of tramps has been furnished.

The police are well clothed and equipped, and the duties satisfactorily provided for, and I consider the force to be in an efficient state.

WINCHESTER (CITY).

Winchester (City).

Force - - - - - 15 persons.

Area in acres - - - - 1,043 | Acres to each constable - - - 69
Population in 1861 - - - - 14,776 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 985

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.-										
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors.			Serjeants. Total No. - 2.				Constables. Total No. - 12.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class }	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	10	2				
Rates of Pay of each, ditto }	£. 104	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	s. 22	-	-	-	s. 20	s. 18				

The police arrangements of this city have undergone no change during the year.

Some alterations have been effected to improve the station, and another cell has been constructed for female prisoners apart from the cells for males.

In indictable offences there has been a decrease during the year, and fewer persons have been apprehended and committed for trial; for offences, however, which are determined summarily, more persons have been proceeded against.

The police are not employed to assist in the relief of vagrants, and no return of tramps has been furnished.

The clothing is of good quality, and the duties appear to be properly provided for, and I consider the force to be in an efficient state.

HEREFORDSHIRE.

Force - - - - 62 persons.

Area in acres - - - - 510,686 | Acres to each constable - - - - 8,236
 Population in 1861 - - - - 102,359 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 1,650

County of
Hereford.

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.									Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.										
	Chief Constable.	Superintendents. Total No. - 9.					Inspectors.				Serjeants. Total No. - 12.				Constables. Total No. - 40.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	6th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class }	1	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	6	6	-	-	14	26					
Rates of Pay of each, ditto - }	£. 255	£. 98	£. 90	£. 82	-	-	-	-	-	s. 23	s. 21	-	-	s. 19	s. 17					

Chief Constable.—Horse and travelling allowance, 90 l.

Superintendents.—Provide their own horses, but are supplied with carts, harness, and stabling, and allowed respectively for forage, &c., one 48 l., one 44 l., and seven 40 l., annually.

No alteration has taken place during the year in the organization or number of this force, but the pay of the chief constable has been increased yearly by 30 l.

The force is formed into nine divisions, and there is no reserve of constables at the head quarters, which consists only of the chief constable and a clerk, who holds the rank of serjeant; one of the divisional station-houses however is situate in Hereford, not far from the office of the chief constable.

Improvements have been effected during the year in the stations at Ross and Kington, and alterations similar to those effected at Ross, whereby the entrance to the cells has been cut off from the common passage of the house, are also required in those stations which have undergone no improvement.

The station at Bromyard is badly situated and very unhealthy, being placed adjoining a grave-yard, the drainage from which keeps the walls very damp.

The indictable offences which have been reported during the year are more in number than in the previous year, and more persons have been apprehended and committed for trial; for offences, however, which are determined summarily, fewer persons have been proceeded against.

The number of vagrants who have been relieved through the instrumentality of the police amounted to 3,975 persons as against 4,895 persons in the preceding year; and the tramp return gives the number of that class of persons who were found lodging in the county on the night the return was obtained, at 52 persons; in the previous year the number returned amounted to 227 persons.

The police are well clothed and equipped, and I consider the force to be in an efficient state.

HEREFORD (CITY).

Force - - - - 30 persons.

Area in acres - - - - 4,670 | Acres to each constable - - - - 155
 Population in 1861 - - - - 15,585 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 519

Hereford (City).

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.										Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.									
	Head Constable, or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors. Total No. - 1.				Serjeants. Total No. - 3.				Constables. Total No. - 25.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	6th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class }	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	2	2	8	11	2		
Rates of Pay of each, ditto }	£. 115	-	-	-	-	£. s. 59 16	-	-	-	s. 21	-	-	-	s. 20	s. 19	s. 18	s. 17	s. d. 7 6		

No. 8.
South of England
and South Wales
District.

An augmentation of two constables has been made to this force during the year, and the rates of pay have also been altered and increased.

In indictable offences there has been a decrease during the year, and fewer persons have been apprehended and committed for trial; for offences which are determined summarily, the number who have been proceeded against are about the same as in the previous year.

The police are not employed to assist in the relief of vagrants, and no return of tramps has been furnished.

The police are well clothed, and the duties satisfactorily provided for, and I consider the force to be in an efficient state.

LEOMINSTER (BOROUGH).

Force - - - - 8 persons.

Leominster
(Borough).

Area in acres - - - - 7,284 | Acres to each constable - - - - 910
Population in 1861 - - - - 5,658 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 707

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.										
	Head Constable, or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors.			Serjeants.				Constables.					
		Total No. - 1.					Total No. - 2.			Total No. - 1.				Total No. - 6.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	5				
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. 109	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	s. 22	-	-	-	s. 17	s. 16				

The number of this force is the same as at the date of my former report, but a slight alteration has been made in the pay of the superintendent and constables.

In the station some improvements have been effected, and additional accommodation provided.

In indictable offences there has been an increase during the year, and more persons have been committed for trial; for offences, also, which are determined summarily, more persons have been proceeded against than in the previous year.

The police do not assist in the relief of vagrants, and no return of tramps has been furnished.

The police are properly clothed, and the duties generally well provided for, and I consider the force to be in an efficient state.

K E N T.

Force - - - - 262 persons.

County of
Kent.

Area in acres - - - - 945,566 | Acres to each constable - - - - 4,180
Population in 1861 - - - - 362,771 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 1,384

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.										Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.									
	Chief Constable.	Superintendents. Total No. - 13.					Inspectors. Total No. - 2.				Serjeants. Total No. - 21.				Constables. Total No. - 225.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	6th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	5	4	4	-	-	2	-	-	-	21	-	-	-	70	70	85			
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. 400	£. 121 13 4	£. 112 10 10	£. 103 8 4	-	-	£. 91 5 -	-	-	-	s. 23 4	-	-	-	s. 21	s. 19	s. 16			

Chief Constable.—Horse and travelling allowance, 200 l.

Superintendents.—Horses, forage, carts, stabling, &c., provided.

In this county no alteration has taken place during the year in the number or pay of the police.

The force is formed into 12 divisions, exclusive of the head quarters, which consists of the chief constable, one superintendent, one head clerk, who holds the rank of Inspector, and four constables, of whom two are employed as assistant clerks.

Several new and generally well-arranged stations, with excellent cells, have lately been erected, and are now placed in charge of the police.

Four of the larger stations, which are situated at Chatham, Sevenoaks, Tunbridge, and Cranbrook, are divisional head-quarter stations, and the three first-named contain magisterial court rooms, the fifth is a small auxiliary station situated at Whitstable.

At Ashford another station-house is in the course of construction.

In indictable offences there has been a decrease during the year, and fewer persons have been apprehended and committed for trial; for offences, however, which are determined summarily, more persons have been proceeded against.

Against the provisions of the Poaching Act, 14 cases were reported, and in 10 of the cases convictions took place.

The number of vagrants who have been passed to the union by the police during the year amounted to 3,087 persons as against 2,931 persons in the previous year; and the tramp return shows that about 723 of this class of persons are nightly lodged in those parts of the county which are under the charge of the rural constabulary.

The police are very well clothed and equipped, and the duties very satisfactorily provided for, and I consider the force to be in an efficient state.

CANTERBURY (CITY).

Force - - - - 21 persons.

Canterbury (City).

Area in acres - - - - 3,568 | Acres to each constable - - - - 169
Population in 1861 - - - - 21,324 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 1,015

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.											
	Head Constable, or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors. Total No. - 2.				Serjeants. Total No. - 2.				Constables. Total No. - 16.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	6th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	16					
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. 100	-	-	-	-	-	£. s. 68 18	-	-	-	s. d. 24 6	-	-	-	s. d. 19 6					

The police arrangements of this city have undergone no change during the year.

In indictable offences there has been a considerable decrease, and fewer persons have been apprehended, but more persons committed for trial; for offences, also, which are determined summarily, the number of persons who have been proceeded against is also considerably less than in the previous year.

The number of vagrants relieved by the police amounted to 67 persons as against 63 persons in the previous year; as regards tramps, no return has been furnished.

The police are well clothed and equipped, and the duties satisfactorily provided for, and I consider the force to be in an efficient state.

No. 3.
South of England
and South Wales
District.

Deal (Borough).

DEAL (BOROUGH).

Force - - - - 8 persons.

Area in acres - - - - 1,159 | Acres to each constable - - - - 144
Population in 1861 - - - - 7,531 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 941

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.										
	Head Constable, or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors.			Serjeants. Total No. - 1.				Constables. Total No. - 6.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	3	3				
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. 65	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	s. 20	-	-	-	s. d. 17 6	s. 15				

The police establishment of this borough was re-organized on the 8th of July in the present year, and a permanent addition of one serjeant and three constables made to the force, so as to bring it up to the number recommended to the corporation by the inspector as necessary to provide for the proper patrolling and watching of the borough by day and night; a superannuation fund was also established at the same time.

The indictable offences which have been reported are more in number than in the previous year, and more persons have been apprehended and committed for trial, and also more persons proceeded against summarily.

The police are provided with proper clothing and equipments, and I consider the force now to be in an efficient state, both in respect to organization and numbers.

DOVER (BOROUGH).

Dover (Borough).

Force - - - - 25 persons.

Area in acres - - - - 3,500 | Acres to each constable - - - - 140
Population in 1861 - - - - 25,325 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 1,013

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.											
	Head Constable, or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors.				Serjeants. Total No. - 4.				Constables. Total No. - 20.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	6th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class }	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	7	7	6				
Rates of Pay of each, ditto - }	£. 140	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	s. 25	-	-	-	s. 21	s. 20	s. 19				

In this borough the pay of the head constable has been increased 15% annually; in other respects the force has undergone no change.

In indictable offences there has been a considerable decrease during the year, and considerably fewer persons have also been apprehended and committed for trial; for offences, also, which are determined summarily, the number of persons who have been proceeded against is less than in the previous year.

The number of vagrants which were relieved through the instrumentality of the police amounted to 1,065 persons, and as regards tramps 52 of this class of persons

persons were found lodging in the low lodging-houses on the night the return was taken.

The police are well clothed, and the force is, I consider in an efficient state; as, however, the town is increasing in population and buildings, and the beats consequently extending, I am of opinion that before long an increase of constables will be required.

FAVERSHAM (BOROUGH).

Force - - - 7 persons.

Faversham
(Borough).

Area in acres - - - 2,036 | Acres to each constable - - - 290
Population in 1861 - - - 5,858 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861; 836

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.										
	Head Constable, or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors.			Serjeants.				Constables. Total No. - 6.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class }	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	5				
Rates of Pay of each, ditto }	£. 100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	s. 21	s. 19				

No alteration has taken place during the year in the number of this force, but the pay of the head constable has been increased from 83 £. to 100 £. per annum.

In indictable offences there has been a decrease during the year, as well as in the number of persons who have been apprehended and committed for trial; for offences, however, which are determined summarily, more persons have been proceeded against than in the previous year.

No return of tramps has been furnished.

The police are well clothed, and the duties generally well provided for, and I consider the force to be efficient.

FOLKESTONE (BOROUGH).

Force - - - 11 persons.

Folkestone
(Borough).

Area in acres - - - 2,697 | Acres to each constable - - - 245
Population in 1861 - - - 8,507 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861; 773

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.										
	Head Constable, or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors.			Serjeants. Total No. - 1				Constables. Total No. - 9.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class }	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	4	5				
Rates of Pay of each, ditto -	£. 120	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	s. 25	-	-	-	s. d. 20 6	s. d. 19 6				

An augmentation of one constable has been made to this force during the year, but in other respects the force has undergone no change.

In indictable offences there has been a considerable decrease, as also in the number of persons who have been committed for trial, and fewer persons have also been proceeded against summarily.

No. 3.
South of England
and South Wales
District.

The police do not assist in the relief of vagrants, and no return of tramps has been made.

This borough is extending in buildings and population, and a further increase of constables will be necessary before long; at present, however, the duties are tolerably well provided for, and I consider the force to be in an efficient state.

GRAVESEND (BOROUGH).

Gravesend
(Borough).

Force - - - 22 persons.

Area in acres - - - 1,271 } Acres to each constable - - - 57
Population in 1861 - - - 18,782 } Population to ditto, as per census 1861; 853

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.									Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.										
	Head Constable, or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors.				Serjeants. Total No. - 3.				Constables. Total No. - 17.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	6th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	4	9	3	2			
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. s. 158 12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	s. d. 27 4	-	-	-	s. d. 23 2	s. d. 21 2	s. d. 20 2	s. d. 19 2			

An augmentation of one constable was made to this force on the 19th of February last, and an increase of pay also granted to the head constable and some of the serjeants.

In indictable offences there has been a decrease during the year, and fewer persons have been apprehended and committed for trial; and also a less number of persons proceeded against summarily.

The number of vagrants who were passed to the union by the police for relief and shelter amounted to 5,207 persons, as against 4,825 persons in the previous year; and as regards tramps, 289 of this class of persons were found in the low lodging-houses on the night the return was taken.

The police are well clothed and equipped, and the duties satisfactorily provided for, and I consider the force to be in an efficient state.

HYTHE (BOROUGH).

Hythe (Borough).

Force - - - 2 persons.

Area in acres - - - 882 } Acres to each constable - - - 441
Population in 1861 - - - 3,001 } Population to ditto, as per census 1861; 1,500

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.										
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors.				Serjeants.				Constables. Total No. - 1.				
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1					
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. s. 65 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	s. d. 20					

No alteration has taken place in the police arrangements of this borough since the date of my former report.

No return of crime was furnished in 1863; but during the year just ended, six indictable offences are reported to have been committed, and 12 persons to have been proceeded against summarily.

In order to provide properly for the watching of the borough by night, the service of another constable is required.

MAIDSTONE (BOROUGH).

Force - - - - 23 persons.

Area in acres - - - - 4,232 | Acres to each constable - - - 184
 Population in 1861 - - - - 23,016 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861; 1,000

Maidstone
(Borough).

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.										Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.									
	Head Constable, or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors.				Serjeants.				Constables.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	6th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	6	3	1*	8		
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. s. d. 153 12 4	-	-	-	-	-	£. s. 79 19	-	-	-	s. d. s. d. 27 8 25 8	-	-	-	s. d. s. d. 21 7 20 6	19 6	18 6			

No alteration has taken place during the year in the number of this force, but the pay of the head constable has been increased.

The indictable offences which have been reported are the same in number as in the previous year; but fewer persons have been apprehended and committed for trial; for offences, however, which are determined summarily more persons have been proceeded against.

The relief of vagrants is not undertaken by the police; but as respects tramps, 129 of such class of persons were found in the low lodging-houses on the night the return was taken.

The police are well clothed, and the duties satisfactorily provided for; and I consider the force to be in an efficient state.

MARGATE (BOROUGH).

Force - - - - 10 persons.

Area in acres - - - - 240 | Acres to each constable - - - 24
 Population in 1861 - - - - 8,874 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861; 887

Margate
(Borough).

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.										Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.									
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors.				Serjeants.				Constables.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	6th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	7					
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. s. d. 100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	s. d. 25	-	-	-	s. d. 20					

No alteration has taken place during the year in the number or pay of this force.

No steps have been taken to improve the cells, which are of very inferior construction, and badly lighted and ventilated, and also inconveniently placed, being in a passage through which all persons must pass who have occasion to go to the police office.

No. 3.
South of England
and South Wales
Division.

The indictable offences which have been reported are less in number than in the previous year, and fewer persons have been apprehended and committed for trial; for offences also which are determined summarily, the number of persons who have been proceeded against are much less than in the preceding year.

The police are well clothed, and the duties generally satisfactorily provided for; and I consider the force to be efficient in organization and numbers.

RAMSGATE (TOWN).

Ramsgate (Town).

Force - - - - 13 persons.

Area in acres - - - - 260 | Acres to each constable - - - - 20
Population in 1861 - - - - 11,865 | Population to ditto, as per census, 1861; 912

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.										
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors.			Serjeants. Total No. - 2.				Constables. Total No. - 10.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	4	6				
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. 115	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	£. 24	-	-	-	£. 21	£. 19				

The police arrangements of this town have undergone no alteration since the date of my former report.

• The force, as above enumerated, does not include the police who have charge of the harbour, and who are represented to be solely under the orders and inspection of the Board of Trade.

The indictable offences which have been reported are less in number than in the previous year, and fewer persons have been apprehended; but the same number of persons have been committed for trial; for offences which are determined summarily, fewer persons have been proceeded against.

The number of tramps reported by the police as lodging in the low lodging-houses on the night the return was taken amounted to 57 persons.

The police are well clothed, and the duties satisfactorily provided for; and I consider the force to be in an efficient state.

ROCHESTER (CITY).

Rochester (City).

Force - - - - 31 persons.

Area in acres - - - - 2,715 | Acres to each constable - - - - 87
Population in 1861 - - - - 16,862 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861; 543

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.									Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.										
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors.				Serjeants. Total No. - 6.				Constables. Total No. - 24.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	6th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	2	-	-	3	16	4	1			
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. 100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	s. 25	s. 23	-	-	s. 21	s. 20	s. 19	s. 18			

In this force there has been no alteration, either in numbers or pay since the date of my former report.

In addition to the town duties, two officers are appointed to perform duty on the river, but these are included in the above return.

In indictable offences, there has been a considerable decrease during the year, and considerably fewer persons have been apprehended and committed for trial; for offences also which are determined summarily, the number of persons who have been proceeded against is considerably less than in the previous year.

The police are not employed to assist in the relief of vagrants, and no return of tramps has been furnished.

The police are well clothed and equipped, and the duties satisfactorily provided for, and I consider the force to be in an efficient state.

SANDWICH (BOROUGH).

Force - - - - 1 person.

Sandwich
(Borough).

Area in acres - - - - 703 | Acres to each constable - - - - 703
Population in 1861 - - - - 2,944 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 2,944

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.										
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors.			Serjeants.				Constables.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1																		
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. 28																		

In this borough there is no properly organised police force, and the person who is appointed to act as constable is paid partly by fixed wages and partly by what he can obtain from the service of summons and warrants, &c.

No superannuation fund has been formed.

TENTERDEN (BOROUGH).

Force - - - - 4 persons.

Tenterden
(Borough).

Area in acres - - - - 8,394 | Acres to each constable - - - - 2,098
Population in 1861 - - - - 3,762 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 940

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.										
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors.			Serjeants.				Constables. Total No. - 3.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3					
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. 30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	s. 18					

No. 3.
South of England
and South Wales
District.

No alteration has taken place in the police arrangements of this borough since the date of my former report.

No return of crime was furnished in 1863; but during the year just ended a return, recently furnished, shows that no indictable offence had been reported, and that only 16 persons had been proceeded against summarily.

The person in charge of the police force is a shopkeeper in the borough, and his time can therefore only be partially devoted to the supervision of the constables.

TUNBRIDGE WELLS (TOWN).

Tunbridge Wells
(Town).

Force - - - - 17 persons.

Area in acres - - - - 3,350 | Acres to each constable - - - - 197
Population in 1861 - - - - 13,807 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 812

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.											
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors. Total No. - 1.			Serjeants. Total No. - 2.				Constables. Total No. - 13.						
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	6th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	3	4	2	4			
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. 104	-	-	-	-	72 16	-	-	-	s. 24	s. 22	-	-	s. 20	s. 19	s. 18	s. 17			

On the 29th of September the police force of this town was as above enumerated, but the commissioners have since made an addition to the force in order to provide for the better watching of certain out-districts of the town in which there has been a considerable increase of buildings.

In indictable offences there has been a slight increase during the year, and more persons have been apprehended and committed for trial, and also more persons proceeded against for offences which are dealt with summarily.

The vagrants who were relieved by the police amounted to 679 persons, and 157 tramps were found in the low lodging-houses on the night the return was taken.

The police are well clothed, and the duties satisfactorily provided for, and I consider the force to be in an efficient state.

MONMOUTHSHIRE.

County of
Monmouth.

Force - - - - ; 98 persons.

Area in acres - - - - 364,087 | Acres to each constable - - - - 3,715
Population in 1861 - - - - 145,711 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 1,486

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.											
	Chief Constable.	Superintendents. Total No. - 4.					Inspectors. Total No. - 4.				Serjeants. Total No. - 14.				Constables. Total No. - 75.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	6th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	1	1	1	1	-	4	-	-	-	14	-	-	-	28	32	15			
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. 350	£. 120	£. 115	£. 110	£. 105	-	£. 78	-	-	-	£. 25	-	-	-	£. 21	£. 20	£. 18			

Chief Constable.—Horse and travelling allowance, 100*l*.

Superintendents.—Provide their own horses, and are allowed 60*l* each for keep, &c.

In this county an addition of one constable has been made to the police force, but in other respects no change has taken place.

The force is formed into four divisions, exclusive of the head quarters and reserve, which consists of the chief constable, one clerk, holding the rank of inspector, and four constables, of whom one is occasionally employed as an assistant clerk.

The new stations which were building at Pontypool and Newport at the date of my last report are now completed, and in the occupation of the police.

It is proposed to provide stations also for the police at Caerlon and Tredegar; indeed at the latter place much inconvenience has for a long time been experienced from the want of proper lock-up places and better accommodation for the constables; and the accommodation for the police is also extremely bad and limited at Chepstow.

In indictable offences there has been an increase during the year, but rather fewer persons have been apprehended and committed for trial; for offences also which are determined summarily, rather more persons have been proceeded against than in the previous year.

Under the provisions of the Poaching Act, one case was reported in which a conviction took place.

The number of vagrants who have been relieved during the year, through the instrumentality of the police, amounted to 4,837 persons, as against 5,188 persons in the previous year; and the number of tramps found in low lodging-houses on the night this information was taken amounted to 85 persons.

The police are very well clothed and equipped, and the duties satisfactorily provided for; and I consider the force to be in an efficient state.

MONMOUTH (BOROUGH).

Force - - - - 6 persons.

Area in acres - - - - 5,407 | Acres to each constable - - - - 901
Population in 1861 - - - - 5,783 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 963

Monmouth
(Borough).

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.									Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.										
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors.				Serjeants. Total No. - 1.				Constables. Total No. - 4.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	6th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. s. 80 12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	s. 19	-	-	-	s. 17	-	-	-	-	-

In this force the salary of the head constable has been slightly increased, but in other respects the force has undergone no alteration since the date of my former report.

In indictable offences there has been a decrease during the year, and fewer persons have been committed for trial, and also a less number of persons proceeded against for offences which are determined summarily.

The number of vagrants who were relieved by the police amounted to 2,408 persons as against 3,169 persons in the previous year; and as regards tramps, the number found by the police in the low lodging-houses on the night the return was taken amounted to 13 persons.

The police are properly clothed, and the duties generally well provided for, and I consider the force to be in an efficient state.

No. 8.
South of England
and South Wales
District.

NEWPORT (BOROUGH).

Newport
(Borough).

Force - - - - 25 persons.

Area in acres - - - - 996 Acres to each constable - - - - 39
Population in 1861 - - - - 23,249 Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 929

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.										Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.									
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors. Total No. - 1.				Serjeants. Total No. - 5.				Constables. Total No. - 18.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	6th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	4	-	-	16	2					
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. 130	-	-	-	-	£. 80	-	-	-	s. 28	s. 24	-	-	s. 22	s. 20					

No alteration has taken place during the year in the number or pay of this force.

In indictable offences there has been an increase during the year, and more persons have been apprehended and committed for trial; an increase has also taken place in the number of persons who have been proceeded against for offences which are determined summarily.

The number of vagrants who were relieved through the aid of the police amounted to 4,442 persons, as against 5,189 persons in the previous year; and as respects tramps, the number found in the low lodging-houses on the night the return was taken amounted to 103 persons.

The police are well clothed and equipped, and the duties generally satisfactorily provided for, and I consider the force to be in an efficient state.

SOMERSETSHIRE.

County of Somerset, including the boroughs of Glastonbury, Wells, and Yeovil.

Force - - - - 285 persons.

Area in acres - - - - 1,051,498 Acres to each constable - - - - 3,689
Population in 1861 - - - - 358,824 Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 1,259

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.									Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.										
	Chief Constable.	Superintendents.					Inspectors.				Serjeants.				Constables.					
		Total No. - - 16.									Total No - 24.				Total No. - 244.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	6th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	1	4	11	-	-	-	-	-	24	-	-	-	96	148					
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. 500	£. 140	£. 120	£. 90	-	-	-	-	-	s. 23	-	-	-	s. 20	s. 18					

Chief Constable.—Horse and travelling allowance 200/.

Superintendents.—Provide their own horses, and are allowed 46/ each for keep, &c.

No alteration has taken place during the year in the number or pay of the police of this county.

The force is formed into 15 divisions, exclusive of the head quarters and reserve, which consists of the chief constable, one as a head clerk, who holds rank as a second-class superintendent, one serjeant, and seven constables.

The station-houses and cells, which are well constructed, are maintained in excellent order.

In indictable offences there has been a decrease during the year, and fewer persons have been apprehended and committed for trial; for offences, however, which are determined summarily, more persons have been proceeded against.

Under the provisions of the Salmon Fisheries Act, two cases were reported in which conviction took place, and under the provisions of the Poaching Act, 17 cases were reported, in 16 of which convictions were recorded.

The number of vagrants who were relieved through the instrumentality of the police amounted to 681 persons as against 822 persons in the previous year, and the tramp return shows that about 519 of such class of persons are lodged nightly in those parts of the county which are under the charge of the rural constabulary.

The police are well clothed and equipped, and the duties satisfactorily provided for, and I consider the force to be in an efficient state.

BATH (CITY).

Force - - - - - 88 persons.

Bath (City).

Area in acres - - - - 3,745 | Acres to each constable - - - - 42
Population in 1861 - - - - 52,528 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 596

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.										Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.									
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors. Total No. - 6.				Serjeants. Total No. - 13.				Constables. Total No. - 68.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	6th Class.
Number of each } Rank and Class }	1	-	-	-	-	-	3	1	2	-	1	12	-	-	1	4	17	20	26	
Rates of Pay of } each, ditto - }	£. 250	-	-	-	-	-	£. 100	£. s. 85 16	£. 78	-	s. 30	s. 24	-	-	s. 24	s. 21	s. 19	s. 18	s. 17	

No alteration has taken place in the number of this force during the year, but the ranks have been altered to some extent, and in the arrangement of the duties, one inspector, one serjeant, and two constables, are employed in plain clothes for detective purposes.

The Corporation have now selected a site for a new police-station, in which it is intended to construct some well-arranged cells, but the building will not most probably be completed until the latter end of next year.

In indictable offences there has been an increase during the year, but fewer persons have been apprehended and committed for trial, and fewer persons also proceeded against for offences, which are determined summarily, than in the previous year.

The number of vagrants who have been relieved through the aid of the police, amounted to 3,643 persons as against 4,704 persons in the previous year, and as respects tramps 29 of such class of persons were found in the low lodging-houses on the night the return was taken.

The police are well clothed and equipped, and the duties satisfactorily provided for, and I consider the force to be in an efficient state.

No. 3.
South of England
and South Wales
District.

Bridgwater
(Borough).

BRIDGWATER (BOROUGH).

Force - - - - 7 persons.

Area in acres - - - - 976 | Acres to each constable - - - 139
Population in 1861 - - - 11,320 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 1,617

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.										
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors.			Serjeants. Total No. - 1.				Constables. Total No. - 5.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	4	1				
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. 125	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	s. 22	-	-	-	s. 20	s. 18				

No alteration has taken place during the year in the number or pay of this force.

The indictable offences which have been reported, are less in number than in the previous year, but more persons have been apprehended and committed for trial; for offences, however, which are determined summarily, fewer persons have been proceeded against.

The police are not employed to relieve vagrants, and no return of tramps has been furnished.

The number of constables who are employed in this borough, are not sufficient for the requirements of the district under the charge of the police. I am, therefore, under the necessity of reporting the force to be in an inefficient state.

CHARD (BOROUGH).

Chard (Borough).

Force - - - - 2 persons.

Area in acres - - - - 50 | Acres to each constable - - - 25
Population in 1861 - - - 2,276 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 1,138

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.										
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.				Inspectors.				Serjeants.				Constables. Total No. - 2.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2					
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	s. 14					

The police arrangements of this borough have undergone no change during the year.

There is no police-station, and the cell, which is situated beneath the town-hall, in the market-place, is cold and damp, and quite unsuitable to place prisoners in.

The duties are not efficiently provided for by night, and there is no supervision.

SURREY.

Force - - - - 133 persons.

County of Surrey.

Area in acres - - - - 371,032 | Acres to each constable - - - - 2,797
 Population in 1861 - - - - 115,315 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861; 867

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.										Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.									
	Chief Constable.	Superintendents. Total - No. 6.					Inspectors. Total - No. 6.				Serjeants.				Constables. Total - No. 120.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	6th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class }	1	1	3	2	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	45	49	26				
Rates of Pay of each, ditto }	£. 400	£. 135	£. 100	£. 95	-	-	£. 65	-	-	-	-	-	-	s. 21	s. 19	s. 17				

Chief Constable.—Horse and travelling allowance, 100 £.

Superintendents.—Horses, carts, stabling provided, and 2s. 6d. allowed to each daily, for forage and shoeing.

No alteration has taken place during the year in the authorised number of the force, as above stated; but, in consequence of the town of Reigate, which obtained an Act of Incorporation in the late Session of Parliament, having formed a police force of their own, to the extent of 12 officers and constables, which were formerly provided by the county, the police force of the county has, to that extent, been kept under the nominal authorised establishment, as above enumerated.

The force is formed into six divisions, exclusive of the head quarters and reserve, which consists of the chief constable and four constables, one of whom is employed as a clerk; the superintendent, however, who has charge of the division immediately surrounding the head quarters, which is situated in Guildford, acts as head clerk.

The stations and cells, with the exception of the one in Chertsey, are all conveniently arranged and provided with suitable cells; that in Chertsey is placed in an unhealthy position, and also badly planned; the magistrates, however, have had in contemplation the erection of a new station for the Chertsey division.

In indictable offences there has been a slight increase during the year, and more prisoners have been apprehended and committed for trial, but for offences which are determined summarily, fewer persons have been proceeded against. Under the provisions of the Poaching Act three cases were reported, and in two of the cases convictions took place.

No return is kept in this county of the number of vagrants who are relieved through the instrumentality of the police; as regards, however, the class of persons coming under the denomination of tramps, a return obtained shows that about 1,026 of such persons were found in the low lodging-houses on the night the information was taken.

The police are well clothed and equipped, and the duties satisfactorily provided for, and I consider the force to be in an efficient state.

GODALMING (BOROUGH).

Godalming
(Borough).

Force - - - - - 2 persons.

Area in acres - - - - - 480 | Acres to each constable - - - 240
Population in 1861 - - - - - 2,321 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 1,160

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.										
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.				Inspectors.				Serjeants.				Constables. Total No. - 1.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1					
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. s. 54 12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6					

No alteration has taken place during the year in the police arrangements of this borough.

No return of crime has been furnished.

The supervision of the duties is not properly provided for, and another constable is required, in order that two men may be regularly employed on duty by night.

GUILDFORD (BOROUGH).

Guildford
(Borough).

Force - - - - - 15 persons.

Area in acres - - - - - 531 | Acres to each constable - - - - - 35
Population in 1861 - - - - - 8,020 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 534

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Penec.										
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.				Inspectors.				Serjeants. Total No. - 1.				Constables. Total No. - 13.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	3	8			
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£ 90	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	s. 25	-	-	-	s. 22	s. 20	s. 18			

An augmentation of six constables was made to this force in the month of December 1863, and a new superintendent appointed to take charge of the force.

In indictable offences there has been an increase during the year, and more persons have been apprehended and committed for trial, and also proceeded against summarily.

The police do not assist in the relief of vagrants, and as regards tramps, 41 of this class of persons were found in the low lodging-houses by the police on the night the return was taken.

The police are well clothed, and the duties satisfactorily provided for, and I consider the force to be in an efficient state.

REIGATE (BOROUGH).

Reigate
(Borough).

Force - - - - 12 persons.
 Area in acres - - - - 5,909 | Acres to each constable - - - - 492
 Population in 1861 - - - - 9,974 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 831

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.										Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.									
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors.				Serjeants. Total No. - 1.				Constables. Total No. - 10.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	6th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	10					
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. 90	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	s. 21	-	-	-	s. 18					

The police force of this borough, which obtained its Act of Incorporation in the late Session of Parliament, was formed in the month of March, in the present year, and consists, as above stated, of one head constable, one serjeant, and ten constables.

Since the formation of the force, the corporation have established a superannuation fund, but at present the rate per cent. which is to be deducted from the pay of the officers and constables has not been fixed.

The cells which have been constructed are too confined and deficient of ventilation; but I was informed that they had been merely provided for temporary purposes, and that better cells would hereafter be built.

No return of crime has been furnished.

The police are supplied with suitable clothing and equipments, and the duties appear to be properly provided for, and I consider the force to be efficient in organisation and numbers.

SUSSEX (EAST DIVISION).

Sussex Division,
East.

Force - - - - 103 persons.
 Area in acres - - - - 503,813 | Acres to each constable - - - - 4,891
 Population in 1861 - - - - 135,620 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 1,316

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.											
	Chief Constable.	Superintendents. Total No. - 8.					Inspectors.			Serjeants. Total No. - 12.				Constables. Total No. - 82.						
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	6th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	1	5	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	5	-	-	1	3	10	18	28	22
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. 350	£. 150	£. 110	£. 90	-	-	-	-	-	-	s. 26	s. 24	-	-	s. d. 22 6	s. 22	s. d. 21 6	s. 21	s. d. 19 6	s. 18

Chief Constable.—Horse and travelling allowances, 100 £.

Superintendents.—Provide their own horses, but are allowed 50 £. each for forage, shoeing, &c., &c.

No change has taken place during the year in the number of the police of this division of the county; but the classification and rates of pay of the serjeants and constables have undergone alteration.

No. 3.
South of England
and South Wales
District.

The force is formed into seven divisions, exclusive of the head quarters and reserve, which consists of the chief constable, one head clerk, who ranks as a superintendent, and three constables.

The station-houses of recent construction are provided with all necessary accommodation both for the police as well as prisoners, and the whole are maintained in a cleanly and creditable state.

The indictable offences which have been reported are more in number than in the previous year, and more persons have been apprehended, but rather fewer persons committed for trial; for offences also which are determined summarily, more persons have been proceeded against than in the preceding year.

Under the provisions of the Poaching Act, five cases were reported, in all of which convictions took place.

The number of vagrants who were relieved through the assistance of the police amounted to 1,166 persons as against 1,163 persons in the previous year; and the tramp return shows that about 454 of such class of persons are nightly provided with lodgings in the different districts of this division of the county.

The police are well clothed and equipped, and the duties generally satisfactorily provided for; and I consider the force to be in an efficient state.

BRIGHTON (BOROUGH).

Force - - - - 91 persons.

Brighton
(Borough).

Area in acres - - - - 2,320 Acres to each constable - - - - 25
Population in 1861 - - - - 77,693 Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 853

RANKS.	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.										
		Superintendents. Total No. - - 1.					Inspectors. Total No. - - 8.			Serjeants. Total No - - 4.				Constables. Total No. - - 76.						
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	6th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class }	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	7	-	-	4	-	-	-	3	1	19	13	40	
Rates of Pay of each, ditto - }	£. 250	£. 140	-	-	-	-	£. 110	£. 78	-	-	s. 26	-	-	-	s. 30	s. 26	s. 24	s. 22	s. 20	

No alteration has taken place during the year in the number or pay of this force.

The indictable offences which have been reported are considerably less in number than in the previous year, but more persons have been apprehended and committed for trial, and more persons also proceeded against for offences which are determined summarily.

The police do not undertake the relief of vagrants, and no return of tramps has been furnished.

As respects the cells in the principal station, which are situated in the cellars beneath the Town Hall, I am obliged to report them to be quite unfit for the detention of prisoners; they are, in fact, almost quite dark, and without ventilation.

The police are well clothed and equipped, and the duties satisfactorily provided for, and I consider the force to be in an efficient state.

HASTINGS (BOROUGH).

Force - - - - 23 persons.

Area in acres - - - - 1,750 | Acres to each constable - - - - 76
Population in 1861 - - - - 22,837 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 992

Hastings
(Borough).

RANKS.	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.									
		Superintendents.					Inspectors.			Serjeants. Total No. - - 6.				Constables. Total No. - - 16.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	1	-	-	4	1	4	7		
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. 160	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	s. d. 25 6	s. d. 23 6	-	-	s. d. 21 6	s. d. 20 6	s. d. 19 6	s. d. 18 6		

No alteration has taken place during the year in the number of this force, but the rates of pay of the serjeants and constables have been altered and increased.

The indictable offences which have been reported are fewer in number than in the previous year, and fewer persons have also been apprehended and committed for trial, but for offences which are determined summarily more persons have been proceeded against.

The police are not employed to assist in the relief of vagrants, and no return of tramps has been furnished,

The police are well clothed, and the duties satisfactorily provided for; and I consider the force to be in an efficient state.

HOVE (TOWN).

Force - - - - 23 persons.

Hove (Town).

Area in acres - - - - 712 | Acres to each constable - - - - 31
Population in 1861 - - - - 9,624 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861 - 418

RANKS.	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.									
		Superintendents.					Inspectors.			Serjeants. Total No. - 3				Constables. Total No. - - 19.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	11	1	6	1		
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. 130	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	s. 28	-	-	-	s. 24	s. 22	s. 20	s. d. 17 6		

In this force there has been no change since the date of my former report.

The indictable offences which have been reported are more in number than in the previous year, and more persons have been apprehended and committed for trial; for offences also which are determined summarily, there has been an increase in the number of persons who have been proceeded against.

The police do not assist in the relief of vagrants, and no return of tramps has been furnished.

The police are well clothed and equipped, and the duties satisfactorily provided for, and I consider the force to be in an efficient state.

No. 3.
South of England
and South Wales
District.

RYE (BOROUGH).

Rye (Borough).

Force - - - - - 2 persons.

Area in acres - - - - 1,120 | Acres to each constable - - - - 560
Population in 1861 - - - - 3,738 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 1,869

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.										
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors.			Serjeants.				Constables. Total No. - - 1.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1					
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. s. 23 8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	s. 20					

No alteration has taken place in the police arrangements of this borough during the year.

In indictable offences there has been a decrease, and fewer persons have been apprehended and committed for trial, and also fewer persons proceeded against summarily than in the previous year.

The number of vagrants relieved by the police amounted to 240 persons; and 190 tramps were found in the low lodging-houses on the night when the return was taken.

The area of this borough is large, and more constables are required to place the force in an efficient state.

SUSSEX (WEST DIVISION).

Force - - - - - 78 persons.

County of Sussex
(West Division).

Area in acres - - - - 412,379 | Acres to each constable - - - - 5,286
Population in 1861 - - - - 98,799 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 1,266

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.											
	Chief Constable.	Superintendents. Total No. - 6.					Inspectors.			Serjeants. Total - No. 6.				Constables. Total No. - 65.						
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	6th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	1	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	16	16	33			
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. 300	£. 110	£. 104	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	s. d. 23 6	-	-	-	s. 21	s. d. 19 6	s. 18			

Chief Constable.—Horse and travelling allowance, 100 £.

Superintendents.—Horses, forage, carts, stabling, &c. provided.

An augmentation of one serjeant was made to this force in October 1863, but in other respects there has been no change. The force is formed into six divisions exclusive of the head quarters and reserve, which consists of the chief constable, one head clerk holding the rank of serjeant, and one constable.

A new divisional head quarter station has recently been erected at Midhurst with accommodation for one resident superintendent, and one married constable, and containing three cells for prisoners; all the other stations in this division of the county are well arranged, and maintained in excellent order.

In indictable offences there has been a decrease during the year, and fewer persons have been apprehended and committed for trial; for offences, also,

which are determined summarily, a less number of persons have been proceeded against than in the previous year.

**No. 3.
South of England
and South Wales
District.**

Under the provisions of the Poaching Act, four cases were reported, and in each of the cases convictions took place.

The police are not employed to assist in the relief of vagrants; but as regards tramps, a return obtained shows that about 138 of such class of persons are lodged nightly in this division of the county.

The police are well clothed and equipped, and the duties generally satisfactorily provided for, and I consider the force to be in an efficient state.

ARUNDEL (BOROUGH).

Force - - - - - 3 persons.

Area in acres	-	-	-	1,968	Acres to each constable	-	-	-	656
Population in 1861	-	-	-	2,498	Population to ditto, as per census 1861	-	-	-	832

**Arundel
(Borough).**

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.										Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.									
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors.				Serjeants.				Constables. Total No. - - 2.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	6th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class }	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1					
Rates of Pay of each, ditto - }	£. s. 54 4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	s. 19	s. 18					

No change has taken place in the number of this force, but the pay of the head constable has been increased.

The indictable offences, and apprehensions, and committals for trial, have been less in number than in the previous year; and fewer persons have also been proceeded against summarily.

The number of vagrants who were relieved by the police amounted to 979 persons, as against 1,190 in the previous year; and, as regards tramps, 25 of this class of persons were found in the low lodging-houses on the night the return was taken.

The town duties appear to be satisfactorily provided for; but the force is too small to afford proper protection to the country area of the borough, which is extensive.

CHICHESTER (CITY).

Force - - - - - 8 persons.

Area in acres	-	-	-	1,680	Acres to each constable	-	-	-	210
Population in 1861	-	-	-	8,059	Population to ditto, as per census 1861,	1,007			

Chichester (City).

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.											
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent	Superintendents.				Inspectors.				Serjeants. Total No. - 1.				Constables. Total No. - - 6.						
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	6th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	6					
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. 80	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	21	-	-	-	-	18					

No. 3.
South of England
and South Wales
District.

No alteration has taken place during the year in the number or pay of this force.

The indictable offences, and apprehensions, and committals for trial, are each more in number than in the previous year; and more persons have also been proceeded against for offences which are determined summarily.

The police do not assist in the relief of vagrants; and no return of tramps has been furnished.

The police are well clothed, and the duties generally satisfactorily provided for; and I consider the force to be in an efficient state.

WILTSHIRE.

County of Wilts,
including the
Boroughs of Calne,
Chippenham,
Devizes, and
Marlborough.

Force - - - - - 201 persons.

Area in acres - - - - 799,033 | Acres to each constable - - - 3,975
Population in 1861 - - - 237,033 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 1,179

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.										Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.									
	Chief Constable.	Superintendents. ^a Total No. - - 10					Inspectors. Total No. - 13				Serjeants. Total No. - 26				Constables. Total No. - - - 151					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	6th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	2	4	1	3	-	13	-	-	-	26	-	-	-	50	80	10	11		
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. 400	s. 130	£. 110	£. 95	£. 85	-	£. s. 67 12	-	-	-	s. 22	-	-	-	s. 20	s. 18	s. 16	s. 15		

Chief Constable.—Horse and travelling allowance, 100 l.

Superintendents.—Horses, carts, stabling provided, and 2 s. per diem allowed to each for forage, and 7 s. 6 d. quarterly for shoeing.

In this force there has been no change since the date of my former report.

The force is formed into nine divisions, and there is no reserve of constables maintained at the head quarters, which consists only of the chief constable and one clerk holding the rank of a superintendent; the head quarters, however, is situated in Devizes, which is the head quarters also of one of the divisions of the police force. The station-houses are generally well arranged, and the whole are maintained in a cleanly and creditable state.

In indictable offences there has been a decrease during the year, and fewer persons have been apprehended and committed for trial; for offences also which are determined summarily, fewer persons have been proceeded against than in the previous year. Under the provisions of the Poaching Act, four cases were reported, in each of which convictions took place.

The number of vagrants who were relieved through the instrumentality of the police, amounted to 6,195 persons as against 6,448 persons in the previous year, and the tramp return shows that about 116 of this class of persons are lodged nightly in those districts of the county which are under the charge of the county constabulary.

The police are well clothed and equipped, and the duties satisfactorily provided for, and I consider the force to be in an efficient state.

SALISBURY (CITY).

Force - - - - 12 persons.

Salisbury (City).

Area in acres - - - 660 | Acres to each constable - - - 55.
Population in 1861 - - - 12,278 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 1,023

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.									Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.										
	Head Constable or Chief Superin- tendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors.				Serjeants. Total No. - 2.				Constables. Total No. - - - 9.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	6th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	5	4				
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. 120	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	s. 25	-	-	-	s. 21	s. 19				

No alteration has taken place in the number or pay of this force since the date of my former report. The indictable offences which have been reported are rather more in number than in the previous year, and more persons have been apprehended and committed for trial; for offences, however, which are determined summarily, rather fewer persons have been proceeded against. The police are not employed to assist in the relief of vagrants, and no return of tramps has been furnished. The duties on the whole are tolerably well provided for, and I consider the force to be efficient.

BRECONSHIRE.

Force - - - - 34 persons.

County of Brecon.

Area in acres - - - 456,125 | Acres to each constable - - - 13,415
Population in 1861 - - - 56,392 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 1,658

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.										
	Chief Constable.	Superintendents Total No. - - 2.					Inspectors.			Serjeants. Total No. - 7.				Constables. Total No. - - - 24.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	4	-	-	6	11	7			
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. 250	£. 90	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	£. 23	£. 21	-	-	£. 21	£. 19	£. 17			

Chief Constable.—Horse and travelling allowance, 50 l.
Superintendents.—Provide their own horses, and are allowed 50 l. each annually for forage, stabling, &c., &c.

This force has undergone no change during the year; it is formed into two divisions, and there is no reserve of constables maintained at the head quarters, which consists only of the chief constable, and an assistant serjeant who acts as clerk. In indictable offences there has been a decrease during the year, but more persons have been apprehended and committed for trial, and more persons also proceeded against summarily.

No. 3.
South of England
and South Wales
District.

Under the provisions of the Salmon Fisheries Act, 14 cases were reported, in eight of which convictions took place, and against the provisions of the Poaching Act, five cases were reported, in four of which convictions were recorded.

The number of vagrants who were relieved through the aid of the police amounted to 332 persons as against 392 persons in the previous year, and as regards tramps, 43 of this class of persons were found in the low lodging-houses on the night that they were visited to obtain the information.

The police are well clothed and equipped, and the duties generally satisfactorily provided for, and I consider the force to be in an efficient state.

BRECKNOCK (BOROUGH).

Force - - - - - 4 persons.

Area in acres - - - - 6,426 | Acres to each constable - - - 1,606
Population in 1861 - - - 5,235 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 1,308

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.											
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors.			Serjeants.				Constables. Total No. - 3.						
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	6th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3						
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. 54 12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18						

The police arrangements of this borough have undergone no change during the year. In indictable offences there has been a decrease during the year, and fewer persons have been committed for trial; for offences, also, which are determined summarily, the number of persons who have been proceeded against is less than in the previous year. The duties are not satisfactorily provided for, and the force is insufficient in number to provide for the proper watching of the borough, the area of which is very extensive.

CARDIGANSHIRE.

Force - - - - - 35 persons.

Area in acres - - - - 443,387 | Acres to each constable - - - 12,668
Population in 1861 - - - 72,245 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 2,064

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.											
	Chief Constable.	Superintendents. Total No. - 2					Inspectors.			Serjeants. Total No. - 5.				Constables. Total No. - 27.						
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	6th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class }	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	8	15	4			
Rates of Pay of each, ditto }	£. 250	£. 150	£. 75	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	s. 23	-	-	-	s. 21	s. 19	s. 17			

Chief Constable.—Horse and travelling allowance, 50 l.

Superintendents.—Provide their own horses, and are allowed 50 l. each for forage and stabling, &c.

This force has undergone no alteration since the date of my former report.

The force is formed into two divisions, and there is no reserve of constables maintained at the head quarters, which consists only of the chief constable, and one constable who acts as clerk; in the town of Aberayron, however, where the head quarters is situated, there is also a divisional police station, in which

another constable resides. The station, which it was proposed last year to build in Tregaron, has not yet been commenced, as some difficulty has arisen about the site; a station is required here, and also in Llandyssil, and a better station-house, with properly constructed cells, is also very much needed in Aberystwith. In indictable offences there has been a slight decrease during the year, and considerably fewer persons have been apprehended and committed for trial. For offences, however, which are determined summarily, more persons have been proceeded against than in the previous year. The police do not assist in the relief of vagrants; but as regards tramps, 71 of this class of persons were found in the low lodging-houses on the night the return was taken. The clothing and equipments are of good quality, and the duties are generally satisfactorily provided for, and I consider the force to be in an efficient state.

CARMARTHENSHIRE.

Force - - - - - 50 persons.

County of
Carmarthen.

Area in acres - - - - 620,214 | Acres to each constable - - - 12,404
Population in 1861 - - - - 101,803 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 2,036

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence										
	Chief Constable.	Superintendents. Total No. - 3.					Inspectors.			Serjeants. Total No. - 10.				Constables. Total No. - 36.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	-	-	9	27				
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. 300	£. 140	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	s. 22	-	-	-	s. 20	s. 18				

Chief Constable.—No allowance for horse or travelling; expenses out of pocket.

Superintendents.—Provide their own horses, and are allowed 50 l. each, yearly, for forage and stabling, &c.

No alteration has taken place during the year in the number or rates of pay of the police of this county.

The force is formed into three divisions, and there is no reserve of constables maintained at the head quarters, which consists only of the chief constable and one clerk holding the rank of serjeant.

The stations and cells in this county are not in the charge of the constabulary, and the cells in the station at Newcastle Emlyn are quite unfit to place prisoners in, being both dark and without ventilation, and unprovided with any warming apparatus, or any other suitable conveniences.

It is, I understand, proposed by the magistrates to erect two new small police stations with a couple of cells in each station; one at Llansawel, and the other at Llanboidy.

In indictable offences there has been a decrease during the year, but considerably more persons have been apprehended and committed for trial; and more persons have also been proceeded against summarily. Under the Salmon Fisheries Act 19 cases were reported, and in 15 of the cases convictions took place.

The number of vagrants who were relieved through the instrumentality of the police amounted to 959 persons as against 1,406 persons in the previous year; and as regards tramps, 63 of this class of persons were found in the low lodging-houses on the night the return was taken.

The police are well clothed and equipped, and the duties satisfactorily provided for, and I consider the force to be in an efficient state.

No. 3.
South of England
and South Wales
District.

CARMARTHEN (BOROUGH).

Carmarthen
(Borough).

Force - - - - - 12 persons.

Area in acres - - - - 5,009 | Acres to each constable - - - - 417
Population in 1861 - - - - 9,993 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 832

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.										
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.				Inspectors.				Serjeants. Total No. - 2.				Constables. Total No. - 9.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class }	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	9					
Rates of Pay of each, ditto }	£. 120	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	s. 21	-	-	-	s. 18					

The police arrangements of this borough have undergone no change during the year.

In indictable offences there has been a considerable decrease during the year, and considerably fewer persons have been apprehended and committed for trial; for offences, also, which are determined summarily, the number of persons who have been proceeded against is less than in the previous year. The police do not assist in the relief of vagrants; but, as regards tramps, 21 of this class of persons were lodging in the low lodging-houses on the night the return was taken.

The police are well clothed, and the duties satisfactorily provided for, and I consider the force to be in an efficient state.

GLAMORGANSHIRE.

County of
Glamorgan, in-
cluding the
Borough of
Aberavon.

Force - - - - - 121 persons.

Area in acres - - - - 523,712 | Acres to each constable - - - - 4,328
Population in 1861 - - - - 236,382 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 1,953

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.											
	Chief Constable.	Superintendents. Total No. - 4.					Inspectors.				Serjeants. Total No. - 17.				Constables. Total No. - 99.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	6th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	17	-	-	-	34	65					
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. 300	£. 150	£. 140	-	-	-	-	-	-	s. 25	-	-	-	s. 22	s. 20					

Chief Constable.—Horse and travelling allowance, 150*l*.

Superintendents.—Provide their own horses; and are allowed 53 *l*. each annually for forage, stabling, &c.

An augmentation of two serjeants and two constables has been made to this force during the year, and in addition to the establishment as above enumerated, the chief constable has under his command three serjeants and 21 constables, who are paid by the proprietors of different large works, but who are incorporated with the regular county police.

The force is formed into four divisions, and there is no reserve of constables maintained at the head quarters, which consists only of the chief constable and a clerk; the head quarters, however, is situated in Bridgend, which is the head-quarter station of one of the police divisions.

Two new police stations are ordered to be built; one at Penarth, which is a largely increasing port, and the other at Newbridge, where a better police station is very much required; the station at Aberdare, which is also exceedingly inconvenient, is ordered to be enlarged.

In indictable offences there has been an increase during the year, and more persons have been apprehended and committed for trial; for offences also which are determined summarily, more persons have been proceeded against than in the previous year.

Under the provisions of the Salmon Fisheries Act, 33 cases were reported, in 27 of which convictions took place; and against the provisions of the Poaching Act, 57 cases were reported, in 43 of which convictions were recorded.

The number of vagrants who were relieved during the year through the aid of the police, amounted to 3,930 persons, as against 1,264 persons in the previous year; and as regards tramps, 386 of this class of persons were found in the low lodging-houses on the night the return was taken.

The police are well clothed and equipped, and the duties satisfactorily provided for, and I consider the force to be in an efficient state.

CARDIFF (BOROUGH).

Force - - - - 45 persons.

Cardiff (Borough).

Area in acres - - - - 2,321 | Acres to each constable - - - - 51
Population in 1861 - - - - 32,954 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 732

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.										Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.									
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors.				Serjeants.				Constables.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	6th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	27	8	1			
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. 200	-	-	-	-	-	£. s. 72 16	-	-	-	s. 25	-	-	-	s. 22	s. 20	s. 15			

No alteration has taken place during the year, in the number or pay of this force.

The indictable offences which have been reported are less in number than in the previous year, and fewer persons have been apprehended and committed for trial; for offences, however, which are determined summarily, more persons have been proceeded against.

The number of vagrants who were relieved through the aid of the police amounted to 6,062 persons, as against 9,126 persons in the previous year; and as respects tramps, 134 were lodging in the low lodging-houses on the night of the return was taken.

The police are well clothed, and the duties satisfactorily provided for, and I consider the force to be in an efficient state.

No. 3.
South of England
and South Wales
District.

NEATH (BOROUGH).

Force - - - - 5 persons.

Neath (Borough). Area in acres - - - - 1,121 | Acres to each constable - - - - 224
Population in 1861 - - - - 6,810 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 1,362

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.										
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors.			Serjeants. Total No. - 1.				Constables. Total No. - - - - 3.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class }	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	1				
Rates of Pay of each, ditto }	80	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	-	-	-	21	20				

An addition of one constable has been made to this force since the date of my former report; the number of constables is, however, still insufficient to provide for the proper watching of so large an area as is comprised within the boundary of the borough. No return of crime has been furnished.

The duties are not properly provided for, and the force is not efficient in numbers.

SWANSEA (BOROUGH).

Swansea
(Borough).

Force - - - - 44 persons.

Area in acres - - - - 5,400 | Acres to each constable - - - - 122
Population in 1861 - - - - 41,606 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 945

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.										
	Head Constable, or Chief Superin- tendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors. Total No. - 3.				Serjeants. Total No. - 5.				Constables. Total No. - - 35.				
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	-	5	-	-	-	19	10	6			
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. 170	-	-	-	-	£. 78	£. 70	s. 4	-	s. 25	-	-	-	s. 22	s. 20	s. 18			

An augmentation of one constable was made to this force in the month of July last; but, in other respects, the force has undergone no change.

In indictable offences there has been a decrease during the year, and fewer persons have been apprehended, but more persons committed for trial; for offences which are determined summarily, a less number of persons have also been proceeded against than in the previous year.

The number of vagrants who were passed by the police to the union amounted to 1,045 persons, and the number of tramps who were lodging in the low lodging-houses on the night fixed for taking the return, amounted to 176 persons.

The police are well clothed and equipped, and the duties generally satisfactorily provided for; and I consider the force to be in an efficient state.

PEMBROKESHIRE.

Force - - - - 49 persons.

Area in acres - - - - 340,274 | Acres to each constable - - - - 6,944
 Population in 1861 - - - - 86,277 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 1,760

County of Pem-
broke, including
the Borough of
Pembroke.

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.										
	Chief Constable.	Superintendents. Total No. - - 2.					Inspectors.			Serjeants. Total No. - 6.				Constables. Total No. - - 40.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class }	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	5	6	14	15		
Rates of Pay of each, ditto }	£. 275	120	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	s. 23	-	-	-	s. 21	s. 20	s. 18	s. 16		

Chief Constable.—Horse and travelling allowance, 25 £.

Superintendents.—Provide their own horses and are allowed 25 £. each for forage, stabling, &c. No clothing or allowance in lieu thereof is granted to these officers.

No alteration has taken place during the year in the number or rates of pay of the police of this county.

The force is formed into two divisions, and there is no reserve of constables maintained at the head quarters, which consists only of the chief constable and a serjeant who acts as clerk.

The station at Saundersford has been enlarged, and will now afford sufficient accommodation for the resident officer; the station at Maenclochog also requires enlargement, and in both stations a stove is required in the corridor of the cells, which ought to be shut off by a door at the end of the passage from the entrance to the constables' kitchen and living room.

In indictable offences there has been a decrease during the year, but more persons have been apprehended and committed for trial than in the previous year, and more persons also proceeded against summarily.

Under the provisions of the Salmon Fisheries Act 28 cases were reported, and in 19 of the cases convictions took place.

The number of vagrants who were relieved through the assistance of the police during the year amounted to 1,088 persons, as against 827 persons in the previous year; and as regards tramps, 50 of this class of persons were found in the low lodging-houses on the night the return was taken.

No uniform clothing is granted to the superintendents, and it is the only county in my district in which this class of county officers are so unprovided, and in which so small a sum as 25 £. is only allowed annually to provide and keep a horse for the performance of their public duties.

The clothing of the serjeants and constables is of good quality, and the duties are satisfactorily provided for, and I consider the force to be in an efficient state.

No. 3.
South of England
and South Wales
District.

HAVERFORDWEST (BOROUGH).

Haverfordwest
(Borough).

Force - - - - - 4 persons.

Area in acres - - - 1,760 | Acres to each constable - - - 440
Population in 1861 - - - 7,019 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861 - 1,754

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.										
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors.			Serjeants.				Constables. Total No. - - 3.					
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3					
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. 90	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	s. 10					

This force has undergone no change during the year.

In indictable offences there has been an increase, and more persons have been apprehended and committed for trial. For offences, however, which are determined summarily; fewer persons have been proceeded against than in the previous year.

The number of vagrants relieved through the aid of the police amounted to 566, as against 878 persons in the previous year; and as regards tramps, 24 of such class of persons were lodging in the low lodging-houses on the night the return was taken by the police.

This force has much improved in appearance under the charge of the present head constable; but the number of constables is altogether insufficient to enable him to provide for the proper watching of the borough, the area of which is very extensive. In order to place this force in an efficient state, an addition of one serjeant and three constables is necessary.

TENBY (BOROUGH).

Tenby (Borough).

Force - - - - - 2 persons.

Area in acres - - - 350 | Acres to each constable - - - 175
Population in 1861 - - - 2,982 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 1,491

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.										
	Head Constable or Chief Superintendent.	Superintendents.					Inspectors.				Serjeants.				Constables. Total No. - - 1.				
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1					
Rates of Pay of each, ditto - -	£. 57 4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	s. 20					

The police arrangements of this borough have undergone no change since the date of my former report.

One indictable offence has been reported during the year, and two persons have been committed for trial, and 82 persons have been proceeded against for offences which are determined summarily.

The number of vagrants relieved through the aid of the police amounted to 265, as against 390 persons in the previous year.

There is no police station, and the cells, which are in a detached building, are dark and damp from the closets being out of order.

The police are insufficient in number for the requirements of the borough.

RADNORSHIRE.

Force - - - - - 16 persons

Area in acres - - - - 273,111 | Acres to each constable - - - - 18,207
Population in 1861 - - - - 25,382 | Population to ditto, as per census 1861, 1,586

County of Radnor.

RANKS.	Yearly Pay in £. and Shillings.								Weekly Pay in Shillings and Pence.											
	Chief Constable.	Superintendents. Total No. - - 2.					Inspectors.			Serjeants. Total No. - 2.				Constables. Total No. - - 11.						
		1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	6th Class.
Number of each Rank and Class	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	5	6					
Rates of Pay of each, ditto	£. 85	£. 90	£. 80	-	-	-	-	-	-	£. 23	-	-	-	£. 21	£. 19					

Chief Constable.—Horse and travelling allowance, 30*l*.

Superintendents.—Provide their own horses, but are supplied with carts, harness, and stabling, and allowed respectively for forage, &c., one 50 *l*. and the other 40 *l*. annually.

No alteration has taken place during the year in the number or pay of the police of this county.

The force is formed into two divisions; and there is no reserve of constables maintained at the head quarters, which is situated in Hereford, where the chief constable resides, he being the chief constable also of that county.

The station-houses in Knighton and Rhayader are buildings of very inferior construction, and quite deficient of proper accommodation for the resident officers.

In indictable offences there has been a considerable increase during the year, and more persons have been apprehended and committed for trial; for offences, however, which are determined summarily, fewer persons have been proceeded against than in the previous year.

The number of vagrants who were supplied with tickets for lodgings by the police during the year amounted to 911 persons, as against 978 persons in the previous year; and as regards tramps 13 of such class of persons were found in the low lodging-houses on the night the return was taken.

The police are well clothed and equipped, and the duties appear to be satisfactorily provided for, and I consider the force to be in an efficient state.

TABLE OF GENERAL INFORMATION.

COUNTIES AND BOROUGHES.	Number of Police.	Area in Square Acres.	Population in 1861.	Proportion of Population to each Constable.	Number of Public Houses and Beer Houses.		Number of Refresh- ment Houses with Wine Licenses.	Number of Low Lodging Houses.	Number of Tramps found in Low Lodgings on the Return Night.	Number of Vagrants relieved by the aid of the Police in 1864.	Indictable Offences in 1864.					Offences determined Summarily in 1864.			
					Public Houses.	Beer Houses.					Crimes Com- mitted.	Appre- hended.	Bailed for Trial.	Committed for want of Sureties.	Com- mitted for Trial.	Persons proceeded against.	Con- victed.	Fined.	Com- mitted.
ENGLAND:																			
BERKSHIRE -	114	442,022	125,955	1,104	524	348	-	13	86	7,578	223	140	6	1	106	1,640	1,135	637	498
Abingdon -	6	340	5,680	940	60	11	-	4	-	-	4	4	1	-	-	103	76	4	68
Maidenhead -	3	2,560	3,895	1,286	27	77	-	3	42	-	36	36	-	-	-	36	31	20	11
Newbury -	8	1,722	6,161	770	43	12	2	5	-	1,779	11	11	4	7	11	108	67	33	34
Reading -	32	2,045	25,045	782	100	130	1	8	86	2,923	60	45	9	-	19	406	227	105	122
Windsor -	13	2,800	9,520	732	36	31	3	10	-	-	26	26	2	-	17	329	118	63	55
CORNWALL -	191	863,077	316,568	1,657	686	179	3	50	129	208	183	209	17	-	128	3,134	2,170	1,578	424
Bodmin -	1	2,784	4,466	4,466	17	2	-	4	-	-	8	8	-	-	-	180	147	65	82
Falmouth -	4	40	5,703	1,427	19	7	6	-	-	-	3	2	-	-	-	20	17	7	10
Helston -	1	292	3,843	3,843	14	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Launceston -	1	2,880	2,790	2,790	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	5	-	37	28	9
Liskeard -	2	810	4,689	2,344	18	2	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-
Penryn -	2	208	3,547	1,773	17	1	-	3	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	177	152	110	39
Penzance -	7	440	9,414	1,347	24	30	1	5	10	-	-	6	2	-	3	-	-	-	-
St. Ives -	1	1,876	7,027	7,027	17	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Truro -	6	1,103	11,337	1,889	44	15	-	5	42	-	21	17	2	-	10	268	165	90	62
DEVONSHIRE -	334	1,617,651	397,739	1,190	1,336	380	24	45	190	2,172	517	349	20	1	225	4,402	3,360	2,431	927
Barnstaple -	10	2,549	10,743	1,074	84	-	-	3	25	13	14	15	1	-	6	141	116	86	30
Bideford -	2	4,510	5,742	2,871	53	-	-	1	-	-	3	2	-	1	-	30	11	7	4
Bradinch -	1	4,351	1,796	1,796	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	7	-	-	7
Devonport -	46	2,380	50,440	1,096	149	122	-	-	3	-	94	67	13	-	29	444	308	178	130
Exeter -	37	1,800	33,738	1,022	121	25	7	11	-	-	55	44	9	-	33	272	230	89	135
Plymouth -	73	6,000	62,599	857	174	202	15	17	35	1,702	63	74	1	-	44	1,248	652	352	300
Southmolton -	2	6,264	3,890	1,915	25	3	-	3	-	-	3	4	1	-	2	51	43	26	17
Tiverton -	7	17,650	10,447	1,741	39	5	-	4	-	-	3	3	-	-	3	143	100	69	29
Torrington -	2	3,456	3,298	1,649	17	-	-	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	35	28	16	12
Totnes -	3	1,254	4,001	1,333	27	5	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DORSETSHIRE -	133	624,758	159,303	1,197	433	315	2	5	151	973	163	127	17	-	73	2,247	1,736	1,156	580
Blandford -	2	27	1,521	760	10	1	-	-	-	-	3	3	3	-	-	23	21	19	2
Dorchester -	7	571	6,823	974	36	4	1	1	16	-	11	11	1	-	10	146	122	24	81
Poole -	14	4,749	9,759	697	44	34	3	2	-	-	14	16	4	-	8	296	177	110	147
Weymouth -	12	1,600	11,383	943	61	31	2	5	26	-	9	10	-	-	9	220	167	76	91
GLoucestershire -	288	787,414	351,602	1,220	989	1,022	17	84	490	11,738	505	485	37	-	331	3,680	2,579	1,543	1,037
Bristol -	303	4,683	154,093	508	456	612	15	30	-	-	218	205	1	-	135	5,210	2,233	1,394	-
HAMPSHIRE -	259	1,053,777	310,576	1,199	1,324	773	38	13	2,504	7,736	670	457	3	-	293	4,293	2,677	1,505	1,039
Basingstoke -	5	4,036	4,654	930	33	16	1	1	-	-	5	5	-	-	4	95	68	41	27
Newport, Isle of Wight -	5	156	7,934	1,586	53	15	2	3	-	-	24	24	1	-	10	125	73	54	16
Portsmouth -	95	4,515	94,799	787	277	545	2	11	-	2,816	547	203	-	-	100	1,885	840	305	835
Romsey -	2	248	2,116	1,058	10	13	-	-	-	-	4	4	-	-	4	40	35	32	9
Southampton -	57	2,630	46,066	823	151	200	35	10	-	-	29	33	-	-	28	1,296	733	256	477
Winchester -	15	1,043	14,776	985	93	44	2	6	-	-	23	18	7	-	9	143	115	51	69
HEREFORDSHIRE -	62	510,686	102,369	1,650	275	210	-	37	53	3,975	209	188	13	-	70	1,564	1,087	618	184
Hereford -	30	4,670	15,585	519	100	35	2	14	-	-	63	45	15	-	23	674	374	309	65
Leominster -	8	7,284	5,658	707	39	2	1	7	-	-	10	12	-	-	12	267	166	115	51

No. 3.
South of England
and South Wales
District.

SUMMARY TABLE of Population and Police in Counties and Boroughs.

COUNTIES.	Population in Counties.	Population in Boroughs.	Total Population in Counties and Boroughs.	Number of Police in Counties and Boroughs.			Number of Independent Boroughs in each County.
				In Counties.	In Boroughs.	TOTAL.	
Berkshire - - -	125,955	50,801	176,256	114	62	176	5
Cornwall - - -	316,568	52,822	369,390	191	25	216	9
Devonshire - - -	397,739	186,634	584,373	334	183	517	10
Dorsetshire - - -	159,303	29,486	188,789	133	35	168	4
Gloucestershire - - -	351,602	154,098	505,695	288	303	591	1
Hampshire - - -	310,576	171,239	481,815	259	179	438	6
Herefordshire - - -	102,359	21,243	123,602	62	38	100	2
Kent - - -	362,771	171,458	534,229	262	195	457	14
Monmouthshire - - -	145,711	29,032	174,743	98	31	129	2
Somersetshire - - -	358,824	66,124	424,948	285	97	382	3
Surrey - - -	115,315	20,315	135,630	133	29	162	3
Sussex, East - - -	135,620	113,892	249,512	103	139	242	4
Sussex, West - - -	98,799	10,557	109,356	78	11	89	2
Wiltshire - - -	237,033	12,278	249,311	201	12	213	1
TOTAL - - -	3,218,175	1,089,474	4,307,649	2,541	1,339	3,880	66
Breconshire - - -	56,892	5,235	61,627	34	4	38	1
Cardiganshire - - -	72,245	-	72,245	35	-	35	-
Carmarthenshire - - -	101,803	9,993	111,796	50	12	62	1
Glamorganshire - - -	236,332	81,370	317,752	121	94	215	3
Pembrokeshire - - -	36,277	10,001	46,278	49	6	55	2
Radnorshire - - -	25,382	-	25,382	16	-	16	-
TOTAL - - -	578,481	106,599	685,080	305	116	421	7
GROSS TOTALS - - -	3,796,656	1,196,073	4,992,729	2,846	1,455	4,301	73

The general Average Proportion of Police to Population in the District, is one Constable to every 1,160 persons.

POLICE (COUNTIES AND BOROUGHS).

**REPORTS of the INSPECTORS OF CONSTABULARY
for the Year ended 29th September 1864,
made to Her Majesty's Principal Secretary
of State, under the Provisions of the Statute
19 & 20 Vict. c. 69.**

(Presented pursuant to Act of Parliament.)

*Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
13 February 1865.*

[Price 1s. 8d.]

32.

Under 16 oz.

METROPOLITAN POLICE.

1864.

A C C O U N T S

SHOWING THE

SUMS RECEIVED AND EXPENDED

FOR THE PURPOSES OF THE

METROPOLITAN POLICE, POLICE SUPERANNUATION FUND,

PUBLIC CARRIAGES, AND POLICE COURTS,

In the Year ended the 31st December 1864.

(PRESENTED PURSUANT TO ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)

*Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
7 March 1865.*

1.—AN ACCOUNT of the RECEIPT and EXPENDITURE for the Service

		£.		s.		d.		
TO Balance on the 1st January 1864 - - - - -		78,030		2		3		
		Amount received from						
		Parishes.			Her Majesty's Treasury.			
		£. s. d.			£. s. d.			
To Receipts on Rate Warrants prior to 1st January 1864 -		1,406 12 4			- - -			1,406 12 4
To Receipts on Rate Warrants issued during the Year 1864, the particulars of which are detailed according to the provisions of the 20th section of the Act 10 Geo. 4, c. 44, in Appendix (A.), pages 12 to 16 - - - - -		354,627 1 5			118,209 3 10			472,836 5 3
To Receipts out of the Vote of Parliament, per Act 2 & 3 Vict. c. 47, and 17 & 18 Vict. c. 94; viz.:								
1st.—To defray the increased Charge of the Metropolitan Police, arising from the addition of the duties of the Horse Patrol and Thames Police - - -		- - -			20,000 - -			
2d.—To defray the Charges of Superannuation Allowances to Officers and Constables, late of the Bow-street Foot Patrol, Horse Patrol, and Thames Police -		- - -			2,341 14 11			22,341 14 11
To Amount issued out of the Vote of Parliament for the Salaries of the Commissioner, and two Assistant Commissioners of Police, under the authority of the Acts 17 & 18 Vict. c. 94, and 19 Vict. c. 2, s. 3 - - - - -		- - -			3,100 - -			3,100 - -
To Amount issued out of the Vote of Parliament for the Salary of the Receiver of Police, under the Acts 2 & 3 Vict. c. 71, s. 9, and 17 & 18 Vict. c. 94 - - - - -		- - -			1,000 - -			1,000 - -
To Amount issued out of the Vote of Parliament to defray the Charge of Superannuation Allowances to Clerks, &c. under the authority of the Acts 2 & 3 Vict. c. 47, and 17 & 18 Vict. c. 94 - - - - -		- - -			1,346 11 8			1,346 11 8
TOTAL Sum received from the Parishes and the Treasury respectively, in the Year 1864 - - }		£. 356,033 13 9			145,997 10 5			
Receipts carried forward - - -		£.			580,061 6 5			

of the METROPOLITAN POLICE, in the Year ended the 31st December 1864.

By EXPENDITURE, under the following Heads :		£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
I.—OFFICE EXPENSES:							
By Salaries and Allowances, Commissioner's Department :	£. s. d.						
One Commissioner, at £. 1,500 per annum - - -	1,500 - -						
An Allowance to ditto for House-rent - - -	307 16 3						
An Allowance to ditto for keep of a Horse, at £. 63 per annum - - -	63 - -						
Two Assistant Commissioners, at £. 800 per annum each	1,600 - -						
Five Clerks, at Salaries varying from £. 90 to £. 450 per annum; the remainder of their Salaries, amounting to £. 175, charged to Public Carriage Department (<i>vide p. 9</i>)	979 3 4						
Seventeen Police Officers employed as Assistant Clerks, pay and allowances varying from £. 58. 18. to £. 175 per annum - - -	1,196 - -						
		5,645	19	7			
- Salaries and Allowances, Receiver's Department :							
One Receiver, at £. 1,000 per annum - - -	1,000 - -						
An Allowance to ditto, for keep of a Horse, at £. 63 per annum - - -	63 - -						
Six Clerks, at Salaries varying from £. 90 to £. 550 per annum, the remainder of their Salaries (£. 60) charged to Public Carriage Account (<i>vide p. 9</i>); and one Assistant Clerk at £. 150 per annum, including £. 65 received as Collector, under the head of Dangerous Structures - - -	1,600 15 8						
One Surveyor, at £. 350 per annum; the remainder of his Salary (£. 200) charged under the head of Dangerous Structures (<i>vide p. 7</i>), and one Assistant ditto, at £. 179. 10. per annum - - -	529 10 -						
One Clerk of the Works, at £. 225 per annum - - -	225 - -						
One Storekeeper, at £. 150 per annum - - -	150 - -						
One Assistant ditto, at £. 78 per annum - - -	78 - -						
Two Tailors, and one Assistant Tailor, at £. 1. 10. per week each - - -	231 - -						
		3,877	5	8			
- Pay of Office-keeper - - -	120 - -						
An Allowance for Six Charwomen and One Man - - -	182 7 4						
		302	7	4			
- Office Rent, Taxes, Repairs, &c. :							
Rent of Nos. 4 and 5, Whitehall-place, and Great Scotland-Yard - - -	543 12 6						
Rates and Taxes of ditto - - -	114 5 6						
Furniture, Repairs, &c. - - -	247 1 8						
		904	19	8			
- Fuel and Light :							
Coals - - -	70 10 -						
Oil and Gas - - -	73 9 4						
		143	19	4			
- Books, Printing, and Stationery - - -		2,206	4	6			
- Stamps - - -		12	10	-			
- Postage - - -		154	16	1			
- Travelling Expenses, Cab-hire, &c. - - -		119	8	10			
- Newspapers and Advertisements - - -		115	8	11			
- Washing Towels, sweeping Chimneys, cleaning Offices, and other small Contingencies - - -		194	8	7			
		13,676	18	6			
II.—LAW CHARGES :							
By Payments for Criminal Prosecutions, drawing Fees, &c. - - -		498	18	9			
Payments carried forward - - -	£.	14,175	17	3			

1.—AN ACCOUNT of the RECEIPT and EXPENDITURE for the Service of the

		£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
Receipts brought forward	-	-	-	-	580,061	6	5
To Amounts received for Special Services of the Police:	£.	s.	d.				
At Osborne House, Isle of Wight	-	192	3	-			
- Board of Trade, Geological Museum	-	140	6	-			
- Ditto - Museum of Science and Art	-	2,232	6	1			
- Ditto - Office for the Registry of Merchant Seamen	-	59	15	1			
- Ditto - Patent Museum	-	46	-	4			
- British Museum	-	822	1	7			
- Commissioners of Works, Houses of Parliament	-	1,309	17	5			
- Ditto - Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew	-	94	5	8			
- Ditto - Royal Pleasure Gardens, Kew	-	46	-	4			
- Ditto - Lord Chancellor's Entrance (House of Lords)	-	126	2	-			
- Ditto - Chelsea College	-	92	-	8			
- Ditto - Chelsea Bridge	-	192	3	-			
- Ditto - Hampton Court Palace	-	397	7	4			
- Ditto - Kennington Park	-	138	1	-			
- Ditto - Westminster Bridge	-	195	3	-			
- Custom House	-	760	-	-			
- Greenwich Hospital	-	1,268	19	3			
- Ditto - Park	-	9	11	3			
- India Office	-	164	3	4			
- Ditto - Museum	-	271	6	10			
- Ditto - Store	-	35	11	5			
- Inland Revenue	-	1,269	16	11			
- Ditto - Checking Duty on Metropolitan Stage Carriages	-	483	-	4			
- Ditto - Gresham Chambers	-	8	15	6			
- National Gallery, Trafalgar-square	-	524	16	2			
- Ditto - South Kensington	-	149	12	2			
- National Portrait Gallery	-	19	6	6			
- Post Office	-	350	6	-			
Receipts carried forward	- - - £.	11,440	18	2	-	-	-
					580,061	6	5

METROPOLITAN POLICE, in the Year ended the 31st December 1864—continued.

	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
Payments brought forward - - -	-	-	-	14,175	17	3
III.—PAY, CLOTHING, AND EQUIPMENT OF THE POLICE FORCE:						
By Salaries of Superintendents of Police:	£.	s.	d.			
One Superintendent, at £. 325 per annum - - -	325	-	-			
Seventeen Superintendents, at £. 250 per annum each - - -	4,250	-	-	4,575	-	-
- Pay of Inspectors, Sergeants, and Constables [see Numbers and Rates of Pay in Appendix (B.) page 17] - - - - -				853,455	4	8
- Extra Duty Pay - - - - -				272	6	-
- Clothing of all kinds - - - - -				27,555	9	3
- Truncheons, Rattles, Swords, Belts, &c. - - - - -				1,889	8	9
				387,747	8	8
IV.—MEDICAL AND FUNERAL EXPENSES:						
By Salaries of Superintending Surgeon (£. 800), and 82 District Surgeons, at Salaries varying from £. 2 to £. 68 per annum - - - - -				2,404	18	-
- Medical Attendance, Medicines, &c., for Destitute Prisoners, and for Poor Persons in cases of Accident in Public Thoroughfares - - - - -				1,386	7	10
- Funeral Expenses of 54 Constables - - - - -				282	15	9
				4,024	1	7
V.—HORSES, VANS, &c.:						
By Purchase of 36 Horses - - - - -				940	-	-
- Forage (157 Horses, including 32 for Van Service) - - - - -				6,457	12	1
- Saddlery, Farriery, and Stable Contingencies (£. 84. 8. 8., received for Stable Dung, deducted) - - - - -				1,360	6	9
- Purchase and Repair of Police Vans - - - - -				1,943	2	6
				10,701	1	4
VI.—POLICE STATION AND SECTION HOUSES:						
By Erection and Purchase of Premises - - - - -				7,496	5	5
- Rent of Station and Section Houses (Lodging Money received in aid of this Service, charged per contra) - - - - -				7,824	19	2
- Rates and Taxes - - - - -				2,890	7	8
- Furniture and Fixtures purchased - - - - -				1,263	1	9
- Repairs and Alteration of Premises - - - - -				3,138	18	2
- Cleaning Stations - - - - -				2,710	5	2
- Turners' Wares, Soap and Candles, sweeping Chimneys, Travelling Expenses, &c. of the Surveyors in visiting Stations, and other incidental Charges - - - - -				1,478	17	5
				26,792	14	9
VII.—FUEL AND LIGHT:						
By Coals supplied to Constables, and for Police Stations - - - - -				6,350	12	8
- Gas (£. 2,838. 7. 10.) and Gas Fittings (£. 233. 10. 6.) - - - - -				3,071	18	4
- Oil, and Cleaning, Trimming, and Repairing Police Lanterns - - - - -				4,502	1	6
				13,933	12	6
VIII.—MISCELLANEOUS:						
By Refreshments supplied to Destitute Prisoners, searching Female Prisoners, washing Towels, posting Police Notices, and other Contingencies, paid by Superintendents of Police - - - - -				536	11	11
- Extraordinary Expenses, incurred in the Pursuit, Apprehension and Conveyance of Prisoners - - - - -				3,832	19	11
- Expenses and Allowances on special occasions, and on Duties out of the District (£. 1,582. 0. 6. received in aid of this Service, charged per contra) - - - - -				4,695	18	6
- Building and Repair of Boats - - - - -				315	13	5
				9,381	3	9
Payments carried forward - - - £.				466,755	19	10

1.—AN ACCOUNT of the RECEIPT and EXPENDITURE for the Service of the

	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
Receipts brought forward - - -	11,440	18	2	-	-	-	580,061	6	5
To Amounts received for Special Services of the Police—cont^d.									
At Record Office - - - - -	410	13	7						
- Royal Mint - - - - -	462	3	9						
- Stationery Office - - - - -	198	3	-						
- Great Seal Office - - - - -	349	15	5						
- Treasury, Houses of Parliament - - - - -	428	10	-						
- Westminster County Court - - - - -	64	1	-						
- Whitechapel - ditto - - - - -	45	16	4						
- War Office - - - - -	12	6	-						
				13,412	7	3			
From Public Companies and Private Individuals - - - - -				4,506	6	8			
- Theatres - - - - -				507	6	4			
- Reimbursement of Expenses incurred by the Police on special occasions - - - - -				1,582	-	6			
To Amounts received for the Conveyance of Prisoners:									
In the Greenwich and Woolwich Van - - - - -	185	5	8						
- Hammersmith Van - - - - -	36	2	-						
- Surrey Van - - - - -	500	-	-						
- Wandsworth Van - - - - -	5	5	-						
				726	12	8			
To Stoppages from the Pay of the Police Force for Lodging - - - - -				6,042	13	5			
- Assessments on Police Constables for Repair of Clothing - - - - -				25	17	11			
- Proceeds of the Sale of Old Stores - - - - -				176	16	6			
- Proceeds of the Sale of 27 Cast Horses - - - - -				154	1	6			
- Miscellaneous Receipts - - - - -				285	9	11			
- Admiralty, Services of the Police in Her Majesty's Yards - - - - -				45,367	2	9			
- War Office, Service of the Police at Her Majesty's Military Stations - - - - -				8,875	-	-			
- Amounts received from Owners of Dangerous Structures - - - - -				521	13	10			
							82,183	9	3
							£.	662,244	15 8

METROPOLITAN POLICE, in the Year ended the 31st December 1864—*continued.*

	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
Payments brought forward - - -	-	-	-	466,755	19	10
IX.—RETIRED ALLOWANCES, &c.:						
By Retired Allowances to Officers and Constables, late of the Bow-street Foot Patrol, Horse Patrol, and Thames Police (51 on the List on the 31st Dec. 1864)-	2,369	1	-			
- Pensions and Allowances to Widows and Children of Police Constables who have died from Injuries received in the Execution of their Duty, per Act 24 & 25 Vict. c. 124, s. 6 - - - - -	141	3	6			
- Retired Allowances to Persons formerly in the Commissioner's and Receiver's Departments - - - - -	1,346	11	8			
- Contributions to make good the Deficiency of the Police Superannuation Fund, per Act 20 & 21 Vict. c. 64, s. 15 - - - - -	39,219	6	6			
				43,076	2	8
X.—HER MAJESTY'S YARDS:						
By Salaries of Superintendents of Police (viz., one Inspecting Superintendent at £. 600 per annum, four at £. 200 per annum each, and one at £. 150). The remainder of their Salaries charged to Military Stations - - - - -	1,370	1	8			
- Pay of Inspectors, Sergeants, and Constables - - - - -	32,223	15	-			
- Clothing to Inspectors, Sergeants, and Constables - - - - -	3,044	16	11			
- Medical and Funeral Expenses - - - - -	45	13	-			
- Fuel and Light - - - - -	246	10	4			
- Contingent Expenses - - - - -	696	3	-			
- Extraordinary Expenses - - - - -	155	6	-			
- Conveyance of Prisoners - - - - -	676	2	7			
- Contributions towards the Police Superannuation Fund - - - - -	357	19	10			
- Miscellaneous Charges, including General Superintendence - - - - -	232	1	-			
- Rewards - - - - -	36	3	6			
				39,084	12	10
XI.—MILITARY STATIONS:						
By Salaries of Superintendents of Police, in addition to the Salaries received by them under the head of Her Majesty's Yards - - - - -	168	19	2			
- Pay of Inspectors, Sergeants, and Constables - - - - -	9,336	18	10			
- Clothing to Inspectors, Sergeants, and Constables - - - - -	786	4	7			
- Medical and Funeral Expenses - - - - -	41	8	11			
- Fuel and Light - - - - -	136	16	6			
- Contingent Expenses - - - - -	63	16	4			
- Extraordinary Expenses - - - - -	28	3	2			
- Contributions towards the Police Superannuation Fund - - - - -	145	13	2			
- Miscellaneous Charges, including General Superintendence - - - - -	65	-	-			
				10,723	-	8
XII.—DANGEROUS STRUCTURES:						
By Salaries of one Surveyor at £. 200 per annum, in addition to the Salary of £. 350 received by him under the head of Receiver's Office (<i>vide</i> p. 3), and one Assistant Surveyor at £. 325 per annum - - - - -	525	-	-			
- One Collector at £. 65 per annum, in addition to the Salary received by him under the head of Receiver's Office (<i>vide</i> p. 3) - - - - -	65	-	-			
- One Inspector at £. 132. 4. 8. per annum, and one Sergeant at £. 72. 16. per annum - - - - -	205	-	8			
- Hoarding and Shoring - - - - -	218	6	8			
- Travelling and other Expenses - - - - -	109	9	9			
				1,122	17	1
XIII.—REPAYMENTS:						
By Repayment to the Parish of St. Paul, Shadwell, consequent upon a reduction made in the County Rental by order of Quarter Sessions - - - - -	-	-	-	101	8	3
TOTAL Sum paid for the METROPOLITAN POLICE in the Year 1864 - - - - -	-	-	£.	560,864	1	4
By Balances remaining on the 31st December 1864, viz.:-						
On the Receiver's Supply Account at the Bank of England - - - - -	99,382	5	4			
On the Receiver's Drawing Account at the Branch Bank of England - - - - -	768	6	9			
On Office Cash - - - - -	66	12	7			
Imprests to be accounted for - - - - -	1,163	14	4			
				101,380	14	4
			£.	662,244	15	8

**2.—AN ACCOUNT of the RECEIPTS and PAYMENTS on account of the POLICE
in the Year ended**

RECEIPTS.	—	AMOUNT.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
TO Stoppages from the Salaries and Pay of the Police in the Year 1864, viz.:		
Deductions on account of the Police Superannuation Fund - -	7,762 2 -	
Stoppages during Sickness - - - - -	3,701 1 2	
Fines on Police Constables for Misconduct - - - - -	342 15 6	
		11,805 18 8
To Fines imposed by Magistrates on Drunken Persons, and for Assaults on Police Constables, levied at Police Courts, &c., and paid over to the Receiver, in the Year 1864 - - - - -	- - -	2,714 11 8
To the Proceeds of the Sale of Old Police Clothing - - - - -	- - -	854 1 10
To Contributions from the General Fund of the Metropolitan Police, to cover the deficiency of the Police Superannuation Fund, to the 31st December 1864, per Act 20 & 21 Vict. c. 64, s. 15 - - - - -	- - -	39,219 6 6
To Contributions from the Admiralty and War Departments in aid of the above Fund - - - - -	- - -	416 18 2
To Contributions from Public Departments, Public Companies, and Private Individuals, to meet the charges of Superannuations and Gratuities of Men specially employed, viz.:		
Public Departments - - - - -	1,442 17 11	
Public Companies and Private Individuals - - - - -	744 16 8	
		2,187 14 7
	£.	57,198 11 5

3.—AN ACCOUNT of the RECEIPTS and EXPENDITURE for the Service of the

	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
TO Balance on the 1st January 1864 - - - - -	- - -	1,539 15 9
To Amount received from Her Majesty's Inland Revenue, under the authority of the Act 6 & 7 Vict. c. 86, s. 6; and 16 & 17 Vict. c. 32, s. 19 - - - - -	- - -	12,100 - -
To Stoppages from the Pay of Public Carriage Attendants in the Year 1864; viz.		
Stoppages during Sickness - - - - -	107 10 -	
Fines for Misconduct - - - - -	10 9 4	
		117 19 4
To Miscellaneous Receipts - - - - -	- - -	60 17 -
To Amount received from the Commissioner of Police of the Metropolis on account of Licenses issued, &c. - - - - -	- - -	3,705 17 9
To Unclaimed Rewards - - - - -	- - -	78 6 5
	£.	17,602 16 3

SUPERANNUATION FUND (Established by the 22d Section of the Act 2 & 3 Vict. c. 47),
the 31st December 1864.

PAYMENTS.		AMOUNT.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
BY Superannuation Allowances and Gratuities paid to Discharged Police Constables, under the provisions of the Act 2 & 3 Vict. c. 4, viz.:—		
Superannuations (1,684 on the List on the 31st December 1864) -	54,799 15 9	
Gratuities to 65 Constables - - - - -	2,398 15 8	
		57,198 11 5
	£.	57,198 11 5

PUBLIC CARRIAGES of the Metropolis, in the Year ended the 31st December 1864.

	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
BY Salaries of Superintending Officer, and Veterinary Surgeon :		
One Superintending Officer, at £. 300 per annum - - - - -	300 - -	
One Veterinary Surgeon, at £. 150 per annum - - - - -	150 - -	
Proportionate Expense of Clerks in the Commissioner's and Receiver's Offices - - - - -	285 - -	685 - -
By Rent of Office, Furniture, Repairs, &c. - - - - -	- - -	132 6 11
- Pay of Inspectors, and Public Carriage Attendants - - - - -	- - -	9,199 4 -
- Clothing of Attendants - - - - -	- - -	1,179 - 9
- Salaries of Medical Officers - - - - -	- - -	47 11 9
- Erection and Repairs of Water Posts at Hackney Carriage Standings, and Water Rates - - - - -	- - -	668 16 6
- Lanterns - - - - -	- - -	144 17 5
- Miscellaneous Expenses, including Superintendent's and Office-keeper's Contingencies - - - - -	- - -	465 1 9
- Her Majesty's Inland Revenue for the Exchequer, in full of the sums charged per contra - - - - -	- - -	4,025 5 10
- Balance remaining on the 31st December 1864 - - - - -	- - -	1,055 11 4
	£.	17,602 16 3

4.—AN ACCOUNT of the RECEIPT and EXPENDITURE for the Service of the

	£.	s.	d.
TO Balance in the hands of the Receiver on the 1st January 1864 - - - - -	8,615	10	1
To Amount issued out of the Consolidated Fund in the year 1864, under the authority of the Act 2 & 3 Vict. c. 71, s. 11 - - - - -	27,900	-	-
To Amount issued out of the Vote of Parliament for the year 1864-65 - - - - -	19,500	-	-
	47,400	-	-
To Fees, Penalties, and Forfeitures levied at the undermentioned Police Courts, &c., and paid over by the Magistrates' Clerks to the Receiver, in the year 1864, in pursuance of the Act 2 & 3 Vict. c. 71, s. 46, viz. :—			
	£.	s.	d.
Bow-street - - - - -	1,013	11	-
Clerkenwell - - - - -	1,243	18	6
Great Marlborough-street - - - - -	1,450	6	9
Greenwich and Woolwich - - - - -	1,133	7	-
Hammersmith and Wandsworth - - - - -	1,080	10	4
Lambeth - - - - -	1,036	13	6
Marylebone - - - - -	970	15	8
Southwark - - - - -	951	2	10
Thames - - - - -	1,418	6	6
Westminster - - - - -	621	16	-
Worship-street - - - - -	1,169	10	-
To ditto, paid over to the Receiver by the Clerks of other Justices, viz. :—			
Beacontree - - - - -	112	11	9
Brentford - - - - -	141	-	-
Bromley - - - - -	19	17	-
Cheshunt - - - - -	9	7	6
Chipping Barnet - - - - -	3	16	6
Croydon - - - - -	94	8	-
Edgware - - - - -	3	11	9
Edmonton - - - - -	83	16	-
Enfield - - - - -	26	-	9
Epsom - - - - -	36	17	3
Hampstead - - - - -	1	6	-
Kingston - - - - -	7	19	9
Kingston Borough - - - - -	16	7	6
Richmond - - - - -	16	9	9
Spelthorne - - - - -	33	13	3
Uxbridge - - - - -	22	11	-
Waltham Abbey - - - - -	25	2	3
	12,694	14	1
	£	68,710	4 2

POLICE COURTS of the METROPOLIS, in the Year ended the 31st December 1864.

		£.	s.	d.
BY Salaries of Magistrates, Clerks, &c.:				
1 Chief Magistrate, at £. 1,500 per annum	- - - - -	35,053	17	5
22 Magistrates, at £. 1,200 per annum each	- - - - -			
23 Clerks, at Salaries varying from £. 75 to £. 500 per annum	- - - - -			
51 Ushers, Gaolers, Messengers, &c.	- - - - -	4,227	11	10
By Erection and Purchase of Premises		1,500	-	-
- Rent of Premises occupied as Police Courts	- - - - -	1,770	17	7
- Rates and Taxes	- - - - -	305	8	8
- Furniture and Fixtures	- - - - -	653	14	9
- Repairs of Premises	- - - - -	798	6	1
- Fuel and Light:		£.	s.	d.
Coals	- - - - -	265	19	2
Oil and Gas (£. 287. 13 s. 8 d.) and Gas Fittings (£. 78. 16 s. 6 d.)	- - - - -	366	10	2
		632	9	4
- Postage	- - - - -	23	1	2
- Travelling Expenses, Cab-hire, &c.	- - - - -	228	5	11
- Newspapers	- - - - -	47	1	9
- Turners' Wares, Cleaning Police Courts, Sweeping Chimneys, and other small Contingencies	- - - - -	717	9	-
- Law Charges	- - - - -	40	11	-
- Pensions and Retired Allowances to Magistrates, Clerks, &c. (on the List on the 31st December 1864)	- - - - -	4,525	8	8
- Fees, Fines, and Forfeitures levied at the several Police Courts (paid over to the Exchequer, in full of the Sum charged per contra)	- - - - -	12,604	14	1
TOTAL SUM paid by the Receiver, for the "POLICE COURTS," in the Year 1864		£.	63,213	17 3
By Balance remaining on the Account of the Receiver at the Bank of England, on the 31st December 1864			5,496	6 11
		£.	68,710	4 2

Appendix (A.)

AN ACCOUNT specifying the TOTAL SUM charged upon and received from every PARISH, TOWNSHIP, PRECINCT, and PLACE, for the Purposes of the METROPOLITAN POLICE, for the Year 1864, as required by the Act 10 Geo. 4, c. 44, s. 29.

HALF-YEARLY WARRANTS issued on the 1st January and the 1st July 1864.

COUNTY.	Letter of Division.	PARISHES, &c.	Rental upon which Computed.	TOTAL of the Rate for the Year, at 8 d. in the Pound.	Charged upon the Parishes, at 6 d. in the Pound.	Received from the Parishes.	Balances due by Parishes on 31 Dec. 1864.
Middlesex	T	Acton - - - - -	£. s. d. 20,142 - -	£. s. d. 671 8 -	£. s. d. 503 11 -	£. s. d. 503 11 -	£. s. d. - - -
Surrey	P	Addington - - - - -	3,950 - -	131 13 4	98 15 -	98 15 -	- - -
Herts -	S	Aldenham - - - - -	8,761 - -	292 - 8	219 - 6	219 - 6	- - -
Ditto	S	Ditto, Hamlet of Theobald Street	3,192 - -	106 8 -	79 16 -	79 16 -	- - -
Middlesex	K	All Saints, Poplar - - - - -	207,205 - -	6,906 16 8	5,180 2 6	5,180 2 6	- 10 -
Ditto	V	Ashford - - - - -	3,403 - -	113 12 -	85 4 -	85 4 -	- - -
Surrey	P	Banstead - - - - -	6,303 - -	210 2 -	157 11 6	157 11 6	- - -
Essex -	K	Barking, Town Ward - - - - -	54,356 - -	1,811 17 4	1,358 18 -	1,358 18 -	- - -
Ditto	K	Ditto, Chadwell ditto - - - - -					
Ditto	K	Ditto, Great Ilford ditto - - - - -					
Ditto	K	Ditto, Ripple ditto - - - - -					
Surrey	V	Barnes - - - - -	18,019 - -	600 12 8	450 9 6	450 9 6	- - -
Herts -	S	Barnet, East - - - - -	6,496 - -	216 10 8	162 8 -	162 8 -	- - -
Surrey	V	Battersea - - - - -	107,130 - -	3,571 - -	2,678 5 -	2,678 5 -	- - -
Kent -	R	Beckenham - - - - -	18,461 10 -	615 7 8	461 10 9	461 10 9	- - -
Surrey	P	Beddington - - - - -	7,280 - -	242 13 4	182 - -	182 - -	- - -
Middlesex	T	Bedfont, East - - - - -	5,847 - -	188 4 8	141 3 6	141 3 6	- - -
Kent -	R	Bexley - - - - -	22,769 10 -	758 19 8	569 4 9	569 4 9	- - -
Ditto	R	Bromley - - - - -	30,933 - -	1,031 2 -	773 6 6	773 6 6	- - -
Middlesex	K	Bromley, St. Leonards - - - - -	69,064 10 -	2,302 3 -	1,726 12 3	1,726 12 3	- - -
Herts -	S	Bushey - - - - -	11,075 - -	369 3 4	276 17 6	276 17 6	- - -
Surrey	P	Carshalton - - - - -	13,940 - -	464 13 4	348 10 -	348 10 -	- - -
Kent -	R	Charlton - - - - -	36,368 10 -	1,212 5 8	909 4 3	909 4 3	- - -
Middlesex	G	Charterhouse - - - - -	1,948 - -	64 13 8	48 14 -	48 14 -	- - -
Surrey	V	Cheam - - - - -	6,404 - -	213 9 4	160 2 -	160 2 -	- - -
Herts -	N	Cheshunt - - - - -	31,068 10 -	1,035 12 4	776 14 3	776 14 3	- - -
Surrey	V	Chessington - - - - -	1,500 - -	50 - -	37 10 -	37 10 -	- - -
Essex -	K	Chigwell - - - - -	16,961 - -	565 7 4	424 - 6	424 - 6	- - -
Ditto	N	Chingford - - - - -	6,558 - -	218 12 -	163 19 -	163 19 -	- - -
Herts -	S	Chipping Barnet - - - - -	7,662 10 -	255 8 4	191 11 3	191 11 3	- - -
Kent -	R	Chislehurst - - - - -	10,854 - -	361 16 -	271 7 -	271 7 -	- - -
Middlesex	T	Chiswick - - - - -	23,800 10 -	793 7 -	595 - 3	595 - 3	- - -
Surrey	L	Christchurch - - - - -	63,000 - -	2,100 - -	1,575 - -	1,575 - -	- - -
Middlesex	H	Christchurch, Spitalfields - - - - -	41,835 10 -	1,394 10 4	1,045 17 9	1,045 17 9	- - -
Surrey	V	Clapham - - - - -	115,266 - -	3,842 4 -	2,881 13 -	2,881 13 -	- - -
Ditto	P	Coulsdon - - - - -	17,779 10 -	592 13 -	444 9 9	444 9 9	- - -
Middlesex	T	Cowley - - - - -	2,169 - -	72 6 -	54 4 6	54 4 6	- - -
Ditto	T	Cranford - - - - -	2,757 - -	91 18 -	68 18 6	68 18 6	- - -
Kent -	R	Crayford - - - - -	14,724 - -	490 16 -	368 2 -	368 2 -	- - -
Surrey	P	Croydon - - - - -	163,110 10 -	5,437 - 4	4,077 15 3	4,077 15 3	- - -
Ditto	K	Cuddington - - - - -	2,826 - -	94 4 -	70 13 -	70 13 -	- - -
Essex -	K	Dagenham - - - - -	16,026 - -	534 4 -	400 13 -	400 13 -	- - -
Kent -	R	Down - - - - -	1,900 - -	63 6 8	47 10 -	47 10 -	- - -
Carried forward - - - £.			1,202,651 - -	40,088 7 4	30,066 5 6	30,066 5 6	- 10 -

Appendix (A.)—continued.

COUNTY.	Letter of Division.	PARISHES, &c.	Rental upon which Computed.	TOTAL of the Rate for the Year, at 8 d. in the Pound.	Charged upon the Parishes, at 6 d. in the Pound.	Received from the Parishes.	Balances due by Parishes on 31 Dec. 1864.
			£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
		Brought forward - - - £.	1,202,651 - -	40,088 7 4	30,066 5 6	30,066 5 6	- 10 -
Middlesex -	T	Drayton, West - - - -	4,288 - -	142 18 8	107 4 -	107 4 -	-
Ditto -	T	Ealing - - - -	54,780 10 -	1,826 - 4	1,369 10 3	1,369 10 3	-
Ditto -	S	Edgware - - - -	4,883 - -	162 15 4	122 1 6	122 1 6	-
Ditto -	N	Edmonton - - - -	45,041 - -	1,501 7 4	1,126 - 6	1,126 - 6	-
Ditto -	S	Elstree - - - -	3,268 - -	108 18 8	81 14 -	81 14 -	-
Kent -	R	Eltham - - - -	17,062 10 -	568 15 -	426 11 3	426 11 3	-
Middlesex -	N	Enfield - - - -	48,793 - -	1,626 8 8	1,219 16 6	1,219 16 6	-
Surrey -	V	Epsom - - - -	23,362 - -	778 14 8	584 1 -	584 1 -	-
Kent -	R	Erith - - - -	28,295 10 -	943 3 8	707 7 9	707 7 9	-
Surrey -	V	Ewell, inclusive of Kingswood Liberty	9,951 - -	331 14 -	248 15 6	248 15 6	-
Ditto -	P	Farley - - - -	727 10 -	24 5 -	18 3 9	18 3 9	-
Kent -	R	Farnborough - - - -	2,671 - -	89 - 8	66 15 6	66 15 6	-
Middlesex -	V	Feltham - - - -	6,052 - -	201 14 8	151 6 -	151 6 -	-
Ditto -	S	Finchley - - - -	20,292 - -	676 8 -	507 6 -	507 6 -	-
Kent -	R	Foot's Cray - - - -	2,800 - -	93 6 8	70 - -	70 - -	-
Middlesex -	S	Fryern Barnet - - - -	7,128 10 -	237 12 4	178 4 3	178 4 3	-
Ditto -	V	Fulham - - - -	61,143 - -	2,038 2 -	1,528 11 6	1,528 11 6	-
Ditto -	G	Furnival's Inn (the part within Middlesex)	3,166 - -	105 10 8	79 3 -	79 3 -	-
Ditto -	G	Glasshouse Yard, Liberty of	5,336 - -	109 9 1	82 1 9	82 1 9	-
Ditto -	E	Gray's Inn - - - -	12,676 - -	422 10 8	316 18 -	316 18 -	-
Ditto -	T	Greenford - - - -	5,152 - -	171 14 8	128 16 -	128 16 -	-
Kent -	R	Greenwich - - - -	130,102 10 -	4,336 15 -	3,252 11 3	3,252 11 3	-
Middlesex -	S	Hadley Monken - - - -	4,720 - -	157 6 8	118 - -	118 - -	-
Surrey -	V	Ham-with-Hatch, Hamlet of	7,600 - -	253 6 8	190 - -	190 - -	-
Essex -	K	Ham, East - - - -	12,896 10 -	429 17 8	322 8 3	322 8 3	-
Ditto -	K	Ham, West, Church-street Ward -	139,459 10 -	4,648 13 -	3,486 9 9	3,486 9 9	-
Ditto -	K	- Ditto - Plaistow - ditto -					
Ditto -	K	- Ditto - Stratford - ditto -					
Middlesex -	T	Hammersmith - - - -	84,833 10 -	2,827 15 8	2,120 16 9	2,120 16 9	-
Ditto -	V	Hampton Town and Court - - -	15,422 10 -	514 1 8	385 11 3	385 11 3	-
Ditto -	V	Hampton Wick, Hamlet of - - -	8,296 10 -	276 11 -	207 8 3	207 8 3	-
Ditto -	T	Hanwell - - - -	8,280 10 -	276 - 4	207 - 3	207 - 3	-
Ditto -	V	Hanworth - - - -	3,457 10 -	115 5 -	86 8 9	86 8 9	-
Ditto -	T	Harefield - - - -	7,188 10 -	239 9 -	179 11 9	179 11 9	-
Ditto -	T	Harlington - - - -	7,021 - -	234 - 8	175 10 6	175 10 6	-
Ditto -	T	Harmondsworth - - - -	7,094 - -	236 9 4	177 7 -	177 7 -	-
Ditto -	T	Harrow - - - -	47,157 - -	1,571 18 -	1,178 18 6	1,178 18 6	-
Ditto -	T	Hayes - - - -	11,930 10 -	397 13 8	298 5 3	298 5 3	-
Kent -	R	Hayes - - - -	3,058 - -	101 18 8	76 9 -	76 9 -	-
Middlesex -	S	Hendon - - - -	30,431 10 -	1,014 7 8	760 15 9	760 15 9	-
Ditto -	T	Heston - - - -	25,571 - -	852 7 4	639 5 6	639 5 6	-
Ditto -	T	Hillingdon - - - -	30,637 - -	1,021 4 8	765 18 6	765 18 6	-
Surrey -	V	Hook, Hamlet of - - - -	1,137 - -	37 18 -	28 8 6	28 8 6	-
Middlesex -	N	Hornsey - - - -	53,682 10 -	1,789 8 4	1,342 1 3	1,342 1 3	-
Ditto -	T	Ickinham - - - -	2,464 - -	82 2 8	61 12 -	61 12 -	-
Ditto -	T	Isleworth - - - -	35,055 - -	1,168 10 -	876 7 6	876 7 6	-
Ditto -	T	Kensington - - - -	436,222 - -	14,540 14 8	10,905 11 -	10,905 11 -	-
Kent -	R	Keston - - - -	2,780 - -	92 13 4	69 10 -	69 10 -	-
Surrey -	V	Kew - - - -	5,178 - -	172 12 -	129 9 -	129 9 -	-
		Carried forward - - - £.	2,691,190 10 -	89,637 18 9	67,228 9 -	67,228 9 -	- 10 -

Appendix (A.)—continued.

COUNTY.	Letter of Division.	PARISHES, &c.	Rental upon which Computed.	TOTAL of the Rate for the Year, at 8 d. in the Pound.	Charged upon the Parishes, at 6 d. in the Pound.	Received from the Parishes.	Balances due by Parishes on 31 Dec. 1864.
			£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
		Brought forward - - -	2,691,190 10 -	89,637 18 9	67,228 9 -	67,228 9 -	- 10 -
Kent - -	R	Kidbrooke, Liberty of - -	9,994 - -	333 2 8	249 17 -	249 17 -	-
Middlesex -	S	Kingbury - - - -	4,914 10 -	163 16 4	122 17 3	122 17 3	-
Surrey -	V	Kingston-on-Thames - - -	85,795 10 -	2,859 17 -	2,144 17 9	2,144 17 9	-
Middlesex -	V	Laleham - - - -	3,358 - -	111 18 8	83 19 -	83 19 -	-
Kent - -	R	Lee - - - -	43,324 10 -	1,444 3 -	1,083 2 3	1,083 2 3	-
Ditto -	R	Lewisham - - - -	155,915 10 -	5,197 3 8	3,897 17 9	3,897 17 9	-
Middlesex -	F	Lincoln's Inn - - - -	16,421 - -	547 7 4	410 10 6	410 10 6	-
Essex - -	K	Little Ilford - - - -	3,928 - -	130 18 8	98 4 -	98 4 -	-
Middlesex -	V	Littleton - - - -	1,471 - -	49 - 8	36 15 6	36 15 6	-
Surrey -	V	Long Ditton - - - -	8,960 10 -	298 13 8	224 - 3	224 - 3	-
Essex - -	K	Loughton - - - -	7,881 - -	262 14 -	197 - 6	197 - 6	-
Ditto -	N	Low Leyton - - - -	21,537 - -	717 18 -	538 8 6	538 8 6	-
Surrey -	V	Maldon - - - -	2,106 - -	70 4 -	52 13 -	52 13 -	-
Ditto -	V	Merton - - - -	10,343 10 -	344 15 8	258 11 9	258 11 9	-
Middlesex -	H	Mile-End New Town, Hamlet of -	15,397 - -	513 4 8	384 18 6	384 18 6	-
Ditto -	K	Mile-End Old Town, Hamlet of -	168,240 - -	5,541 6 8	4,156 - -	4,156 - -	-
Ditto -	S	Mimms, South - - - -	17,832 - -	594 8 -	445 16 -	445 16 -	-
Surrey -	P	Mitcham - - - -	21,307 - -	710 4 8	532 13 6	532 13 6	-
Ditto -	V	Morden - - - -	4,605 - -	150 3 4	112 12 6	112 12 6	-
Ditto -	V	Mortlake - - - -	20,601 10 -	686 14 4	515 - 9	515 - 9	-
Kent - -	R	Mottingham, Hamlet of - -	1,971 10 -	65 14 4	49 5 9	49 5 9	-
Surrey -	V	Moulsey, East - - - -	7,277 - -	242 11 4	181 18 6	181 18 6	-
Ditto -	V	Moulsey, West - - - -	2,769 10 -	92 6 4	69 4 9	69 4 9	-
Middlesex -	T	New Brentford, Township of -	8,076 - -	269 4 -	201 18 -	201 18 -	-
Herts - -	S	Northaw - - - -	3,949 - -	131 12 8	98 14 6	98 14 6	-
Kent - -	R	Northcray - - - -	3,700 - -	123 6 8	92 10 -	92 10 -	-
Middlesex -	T	Northolt - - - -	4,179 - -	139 6 -	104 9 6	104 9 6	-
Ditto -	H	Norton Folgate, Liberty of -	8,177 - -	272 11 4	204 8 6	204 8 6	-
Ditto -	T	Norwood, Precinct of - - -	15,878 - -	529 5 4	396 19 -	396 19 -	-
Ditto -	H	Old Artillery Ground - - -	4,232 - -	141 1 4	105 16 -	105 16 -	-
Ditto -	H	Old Tower - - - -	2,924 - -	97 9 4	73 2 -	73 2 -	-
Kent - -	R	Orpington - - - -	6,390 - -	213 - -	159 15 -	159 15 -	-
Middlesex -	D	Paddington - - - -	617,117 - -	20,570 11 4	15,427 18 6	15,427 18 6	-
Surrey -	P	Penge, Hamlet of - - - -	58,619 10 -	1,953 19 8	1,465 9 9	1,465 9 9	-
Middlesex -	T	Perivale - - - -	1,288 - -	42 18 8	32 4 -	32 4 -	-
Surrey -	V	Petersham - - - -	5,500 - -	183 6 8	137 10 -	137 10 -	-
Middlesex -	T	Pinner, Hamlet of - - - -	11,676 - -	389 4 -	291 18 -	291 18 -	-
Kent - -	R	Plumstead - - - -	50,779 - -	1,692 12 8	1,269 9 6	1,269 9 6	-
Surrey -	V	Putney, including Roehampton -	46,896 10 -	1,563 4 4	1,172 8 3	1,172 8 3	-
Middlesex -	K	Ratcliffe, Hamlet of - - -	49,288 10 -	1,642 19 -	1,232 4 3	1,232 4 3	-
Surrey -	V	Richmond - - - -	66,182 10 -	2,206 1 8	1,654 11 3	1,654 11 3	-
Herts - -	S	Ridge - - - -	4,844 - -	161 9 4	121 2 -	121 2 -	-
Middlesex -	F	Rolls, Liberty of the - - -	16,886 - -	562 17 4	422 3 -	422 3 -	-
Surrey -	M	Rotherhithe - - - -	84,770 - -	2,825 13 4	2,119 5 -	2,119 5 -	-
		Carried forward - - - £.	4,396,893 - -	146,478 - 5	109,858 10 3	109,858 10 3	- 10 -

Appendix (A.)—continued.

COUNTY.	Letter of Division.	PARISHES, &c.	Rental upon which Computed.		TOTAL of the Rate for the Year, at 8 d. in the Pound.		Charged upon the Parishes, at 6 d. in the Pound.		Received from the Parishes.		Balances due by Parishes on 31 Dec. 1864.		
			£.	s. d.	£.	s. d.	£.	s. d.	£.	s. d.	£.	s. d.	
		Brought forward - - -	4,396,393	- -	146,478	- 5	109,858	10 3	109,858	10 3	- 10	-	
Middlesex	T	Ruislip - - - - -	9,807	- -	326	18 -	245	3 6	245	3 6	-	-	
Ditto	G	St. Andrew, Holborn, and St. George-the-Martyr - - -	126,213	- -	4,207	2 -	3,155	6 6	3,155	6 6	-	-	
Ditto	K	St. Ann, Limehouse - - -	70,124	10 -	2,337	9 8	1,753	2 3	1,753	2 3	-	-	
Ditto	C	St. Ann, Westminster - - -	92,291	- -	3,076	7 4	2,307	5 6	2,307	5 6	-	-	
Ditto	H	St. Catherine, Tower Division - - -	15,649	- -	521	12 8	391	4 6	391	4 6	-	-	
Ditto	H	St. Clements Danes, Westminster, and that within the Duchy Liberty - - -	91,875	- -	3,062	10 -	2,296	17 6	2,296	17 6	-	-	
Ditto	H	St. George-in-the-East - - -	168,783	- -	5,626	2 -	4,219	11 6	4,219	11 6	-	-	
Ditto	C	St. George, Hanover-square - - -	977,679	- -	32,589	6 -	24,441	19 6	24,441	19 6	-	-	
Surrey	M	St. George, Southwark - - -	146,000	- -	4,866	13 4	3,650	- -	3,650	- -	-	-	
Ditto	P	St. Giles, Camberwell - - -	265,877	- -	8,862	11 4	6,646	18 6	6,646	18 6	-	-	
Middlesex	E	St. Giles-in-the-Fields, and St. George, Bloomsbury - - -	261,697	- -	8,723	4 8	6,542	8 6	6,542	8 6	-	-	
Ditto	G	St. James, Clerkenwell, including the District of St. John - - -	223,876	- -	7,462	10 8	5,596	18 -	5,596	18 -	-	-	
Ditto	C	St. James, Westminster - - -	431,502	- -	14,383	8 -	10,787	11 -	10,787	11 -	-	-	
Ditto	H	St. John, Hackney - - -	300,731	- -	10,024	7 4	7,518	5 6	7,518	5 6	-	-	
Ditto	S	St. John, Hampstead - - -	122,981	10 -	4,099	7 8	3,074	10 9	3,074	10 9	-	-	
Surrey	M	St. John, Southwark - - -	48,288	10 -	1,609	12 4	1,207	4 3	1,207	4 3	-	-	
Middlesex	K	St. John, Wapping - - -	34,232	- -	1,141	1 4	855	16 -	855	16 -	-	-	
Ditto	G	St. Leonard, Shoreditch - - -	298,412	10 -	9,947	1 8	7,460	6 3	7,460	6 3	-	-	
Ditto	V	St. Luke, Chelsea - - -	245,422	- -	8,180	14 8	6,135	11 -	6,135	11 -	-	-	
Ditto	G	St. Luke, Finsbury - - -	173,710	- -	5,790	6 8	4,342	15 -	4,342	15 -	-	-	
Ditto	B	St. Margaret and St. John, Westminster - - -	293,489	10 -	9,782	19 8	7,337	4 9	7,337	4 9	-	-	
Ditto	F	St. Martin-in-the-Fields - - -	259,019	- -	8,633	19 4	6,475	9 6	6,475	9 6	-	-	
Ditto	N	St. Mary, Islington - - -	715,314	10 -	23,843	16 4	17,882	17 3	17,882	17 3	-	-	
Surrey	L	St. Mary, Lambeth - - -	664,458	- -	22,148	12 -	16,611	9 -	16,611	9 -	-	-	
Middlesex	D	St. Marylebone - - -	987,713	- -	32,923	15 4	24,692	16 6	24,692	16 6	-	-	
Ditto	F	St. Mary-le-Strand, Westminster, and that part within the Duchy Liberty - - -	19,335	- -	644	10 -	483	7 6	483	7 6	-	-	
Surrey	M	St. Mary Magdalene, Bermondsey - - -	160,513	10 -	5,350	9 -	4,012	16 9	4,012	16 9	-	-	
Ditto	P	St. Mary, Newington - - -	241,718	- -	8,057	5 4	6,042	19 -	6,042	19 -	-	-	
Kent	R	St. Mary's Cray - - -	6,670	10 -	222	7 -	166	15 3	166	15 3	-	-	
Middlesex	N	St. Mary, Stoke Newington - - -	45,020	10 -	1,500	13 8	1,125	10 3	1,125	10 3	-	-	
Ditto	K	St. Mary, Stratford, Bow - - -	39,642	- -	1,321	8 -	991	1 -	991	1 -	-	-	
Ditto	H	St. Mary, Whitechapel - - -	117,871	- -	3,929	- 8	2,946	15 6	2,946	15 6	-	-	
Ditto	H	St. Matthew, Bethnal Green - - -	146,080	- -	4,869	6 8	3,652	- -	3,652	- -	-	-	
Kent	R	St. Nicholas, Deptford - - -	20,667	- -	688	18 -	516	13 6	516	13 6	-	-	
Surrey	M	St. Olave, Southwark - - -	56,972	10 -	1,899	1 8	1,424	6 3	1,424	6 3	-	-	
Middlesex	S	St. Pancras - - -	872,859	- -	29,095	6 -	21,821	9 6	21,821	9 6	-	-	
Ditto	F	St. Paul, Covent Garden - - -	45,058	- -	1,501	18 8	1,126	9 -	1,126	9 -	-	-	
Kent	R	St. Paul, Deptford, including the Hamlet of Hatcham - - -	122,968	- -	4,098	18 8	3,074	4 -	3,074	4 -	-	-	
Middlesex	K	St. Paul, Shadwell - - -	41,315	- -	1,377	3 4	1,032	17 6	1,032	17 6	-	-	
Kent	R	St. Paul's Cray - - -	3,216	- -	107	4 -	80	8 -	80	8 -	-	-	
Middlesex	B	St. Peter's, Westminster, Close of the Collegiate Church of - - -	1,422	- -	47	8 -	35	11 -	35	11 -	-	-	
Surrey	M	St. Saviour's, and Clink Liberty - - -	103,403	- -	3,446	15 4	2,585	1 6	2,585	1 6	-	-	
Middlesex	G	St. Sepulchre, Finsbury - - -	17,244	10 -	574	16 4	431	2 3	431	2 3	-	-	
Surrey	M	St. Thomas, Southwark - - -	6,428	10 -	214	5 8	160	14 3	160	14 3	-	-	
Middlesex	G	Saffron Hill, Hatton Garden, and Ely Rents, Liberty of - - -	27,724	- -	924	2 8	693	2 -	693	2 -	-	-	
		Carried forward - - - £.	13,517,666	- -	450,520	9 1	337,890	6 9	337,890	6 9	- 10	-	

Appendix (A.)—continued.

COUNTY.	Letter of Division.	PARISHES, &c.	Rental upon which Computed.	TOTAL of the Rate for the Year, at 8 d. in the Pound.	Charged upon the Parishes, at 6 d. in the Pound.	Received from the Parishes.	Balances due by Parishes on 31 Dec. 1864.
			£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
		Brought forward - - -	13,517,666 - -	450,520 9 1	337,890 6 9	337,890 6 9	- 10 -
Surrey -	P	Sanderstead - - -	4,950 - -	165 - -	123 15 -	123 15 -	-
Middlesex -	F	Savoy, Precinct of - - -	8,680 - -	289 6 8	217 - -	217 - -	-
Herts -	S	Shenley - - -	7,410 - -	247 - -	185 5 -	185 5 -	-
Middlesex -	V	Shepperton - - -	5,917 10 -	197 5 -	147 18 9	147 18 9	-
Ditto -	H	Smithfield, East - - -	49,467 - -	1,648 18 -	1,236 13 6	1,236 13 6	-
Ditto -	T	Staines - - -	12,430 - -	414 6 8	310 15 -	310 15 -	-
Ditto -	S	Stanmore, Great - - -	6,798 10 -	226 12 4	169 19 3	169 19 3	-
Ditto -	S	Stanmore, Little - - -	4,372 10 -	145 15 -	109 6 3	109 6 3	-
Ditto -	T	Stanwell - - -	9,182 - -	306 1 4	229 11 -	229 11 -	-
Ditto -	F	Staple's Inn - - -	2,155 - -	71 16 8	53 17 6	53 17 6	-
Surrey -	P	Streatham - - -	60,053 - -	2,001 15 4	1,501 6 6	1,501 6 6	-
Middlesex -	V	Sunbury - - -	9,933 10 -	331 2 4	248 6 9	248 6 9	-
Surrey -	P	Sutton - - -	12,215 - -	407 3 4	305 7 6	305 7 6	-
Middlesex -	V	Teddington - - -	8,360 - -	278 13 4	209 - -	209 - -	-
Surrey -	V	Thames Ditton, comprising the Hamlet or Manor of Cleygate, the Hamlet of Ember, and the Hamlet of Weston - - -	12,559 - -	418 12 8	313 19 6	313 19 6	-
Ditto -	V	Tooting - - -	9,969 - -	332 6 -	249 4 6	249 4 6	-
Middlesex -	N	Tottenham - - -	59,654 - -	1,988 9 4	1,491 7 -	1,491 7 -	-
Herts -	S	Totteridge - - -	4,161 - -	138 14 -	104 - 6	104 - 6	-
Middlesex -	H	Trinity, Minories - - -	6,667 - -	222 4 8	166 13 6	166 13 6	-
Ditto -	V	Twickenham - - -	39,593 - -	1,319 15 4	989 16 6	989 16 6	-
Surrey -	T	Twyford Abbey, Liberty of - - -	532 - -	17 14 8	13 6 -	13 6 -	-
Middlesex -	T	Uxbridge, Township of, and Chapter - - -	12,454 - -	415 2 8	311 7 -	311 7 -	-
Ditto -	P	Wallington, Hamlet of - - -	4,674 10 -	155 16 4	116 17 3	116 17 3	-
Essex -	N	Waltham Abbey and Town, including the Hamlets of Sewardstone, and of Upshire - - -	23,234 - -	774 9 4	580 17 -	580 17 -	-
Ditto -	N	Walthamstow - - -	33,458 10 -	1,115 5 8	836 9 3	836 9 3	-
Surrey -	V	Wandsworth - - -	62,284 10 -	2,076 3 -	1,557 2 3	1,557 2 3	-
Essex -	K	Wanstead - - -	12,557 10 -	418 11 8	313 18 9	313 18 9	-
Surrey -	P	Warlingham - - -	2,331 10 -	77 14 4	58 5 9	58 5 9	-
Kent -	R	Wickham, East - - -	2,986 - -	99 10 8	74 13 -	74 13 -	-
Ditto -	R	Wickham, West - - -	4,291 - -	143 - 8	107 5 6	107 5 6	-
Middlesex -	S	Willesden - - -	37,065 - -	1,235 10 -	926 12 6	926 12 6	-
Surrey -	V	Wimbledon - - -	29,121 10 -	970 14 4	728 - 9	728 - 9	-
Essex -	K	Woodford - - -	16,480 10 -	549 7 -	412 - 3	412 - 3	-
Surrey -	P	Woodmansterne - - -	2,260 - -	75 6 8	56 10 -	56 10 -	-
Kent -	R	Woolwich - - -	91,231 10 -	3,041 1 -	2,280 15 9	2,280 15 9	-
TOTALS, as per "Abstract," at p. 17 - - -			£. 14,183,098 - -	472,836 15 1	354,627 11 3	354,627 11 3	- 10 -

Appendix (A.)—continued.

ABSTRACT of the WARRANTS for the Police Rates, issued in the Year 1864.

Date of the Commissioner's Half-yearly Warrants.	Rental upon which Computed.	TOTALS of the Police Rates, at 4 d. in the £.1 for the Half-year.	Charged upon the		Received from the		Balances due by	
			Parishes, at 3d. in the £.1 for the Half-year.	Treasury, at 1d. in the £.1 for the Half-year.	Parishes.	Treasury.	Parishes.	Treasury.
	£. s.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
1st January 1864 -	14,183,098 -	233,971 18 5	175,478 18 9	58,492 19 8	175,478 18 9	58,492 19 8	—	—
1st July „ -		238,864 16 8	179,148 12 6	59,716 4 2	179,148 2 8	59,716 4 2	- 10 -	—
TOTALS - - £.	14,183,098 -	472,836 15 1	354,627 11 3	118,209 3 10	354,627 1 5	118,209 3 10	- 10 -	—

Maurice Drummond,
Receiver for the Metropolitan Police District.

Appendix (B.)

A STATEMENT of the TOTAL NUMBER OF PERSONS belonging to the METROPOLITAN POLICE FORCE on the 1st January 1865, in which the Number of Persons in each Class or Rank of such Force, and the Salaries, Pay, and Allowances enjoyed by each Class, are distinguished, as required by the Act 2 & 3 Vict. c. 47, s. 9.

CLASS OR RANK.	Number of Persons.	Salaries or Pay per Annum.	ALLOWANCES.
		£. s. d.	
Superintendents - - - - -	1	325 - -	- - Clothing: coals 40 lbs. weekly to each married man all the year; and 40 lbs. weekly to each single man during about eight months, and 20 lbs. weekly during the remainder of the year.
	17	250 - -	
	4	200 - -	
	1	150 - -	
Inspectors - - - - -	4	200 - -	
	2	175 - -	
	5	168 6 -	
	5	150 - -	
	170	118 6 -	
	8	100 2 -	
	17	81 18 -	
Sergeants - - - - -	8	109 4 -	
	1	100 2 -	
	18	81 18 -	
	9	77 7 -	
	1	76 14 -	
	130	66 6 -	
	618	63 14 -	
Constables - - - - -	5	78 - -	
	34	72 16 -	
	4	70 4 -	
	2	67 12 -	
	33	63 14 -	
	2	59 16 -	
	499	57 4 -	
	2,967	54 12 -	
	836	52 - -	
	1,790	49 8 -	
TOTAL - - - - -	7,191		

Richard Mayne,
Commissioner of Police of the Metropolis.

METROPOLITAN POLICE.

1864.

ACCOUNTS

SHOWING THE

SUMS RECEIVED AND EXPENDED

FOR THE PURPOSES OF THE

METROPOLITAN POLICE,
POLICE SUPERANNUATION FUND,
PUBLIC CARRIAGES,

AND

POLICE COURTS,

In the Year ended the 31st December 1864.

(Presented pursuant to Act of Parliament.)

*Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
7 March 1865.*

POLICE STATIONS.

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons,
dated 14 March 1865;—for,

“COPY of CORRESPONDENCE between Sir *R. Mayne*, Chief Commissioner of Police, and the Magistrates of the Petty Sessional Division of *Barnet*, on the subject of OBJECTIONS made by him to allowing POLICE STATIONS to be used for the WHIPPING of JUVENILE OFFENDERS, under the Act 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82.”

Sir *Richard Mayne* to Mr. *T. G. Baring*, M.P.

Sir,

4, Whitehall-place, 17 March 1865.

I HAVE to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 16th instant, and to enclose, as requested by Secretary Sir George Grey, a copy of the correspondence between me and the magistrates of the Petty Sessional Division of *Barnet*, on the subject of objections made by me to allowing police stations to be used for the whipping of juvenile offenders, under the Act 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82; also the police reports of the circumstances of the case referred to, and that there are women and children residing in the station-house.

T. G. Baring, Esq., M.P.
&c. &c. &c.

I am, &c.
(signed) *Richard Mayne*.

(Enclosures.)

Sir,

Petty Sessions Court, *Barnet*,
26 December 1864.

By direction of the magistrates of this Petty Sessional Division, I have to inform you that they this day convicted two boys, named “*Edwin Cox*” and “*William Tilson*,” of larceny, under the Juvenile Offenders Act, both being under the age of 16 years.

The circumstances of the case made the magistrates very unwilling to send them to prison, as in both cases the parents were respectable persons, and the boys seemed to have been led into the act by having very lately fallen into bad company.

The magistrates, therefore, wished to avail themselves of that section in the Act under which they can order a constable to inflict a whipping without sending the offender to prison. On applying to the inspector to carry out the sentence, they were informed by him that to do so would be contrary to his instructions, and they were consequently obliged to send the boys ten miles to *St. Albans*, committing them for one day, simply in order that they might be flogged at the prison, and at once given up to their friends.

As the discretion of the magistrates has been on other occasions fettered by this regulation, they think it necessary to bring the question, in the first instance, under the consideration of the Commissioner of Police with a view to a remedy.

In the rural districts which fall within the Metropolitan Police Act, the parish constables have been superseded by the police; and if, in such cases as this, which are in the country of peculiar importance, the police have orders not to carry out the duty which would have devolved on the parish constables, great expense and inconvenience, as in the present cases, arises; the Act of Par-

liament is rendered inoperative, and the desire of the justices to take advantage of the Act, and to avoid the stigma of imprisonment, is overruled.

I am, &c.

(signed) *Stanley Harris,*
Clerk to the Magistrates.

Sir R. Mayne,
Commissioner of Police.

Sir,

4, Whitehall-place, 30 December 1864.

10 & 11 Vict. c. 82.

I HAVE to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 26th instant, with reference to the employment of a police constable to inflict the punishment of whipping young persons convicted by the magistrates at the Petty Sessions, Barnet, under the Juvenile Offenders Act.

I beg to state for the information of the magistrates that, upon a question raised by the magistrates at the Petty Sessions, Epsom, in the year 1850, as to their power to direct the sentence to be inflicted by a police constable, I felt it my duty to bring the subject under the consideration of Secretary Sir George Grey, pointing out the strong objections there appeared to me to be against the infliction of such a punishment by the police.

Sir George Grey in reply stated that the police constables are not exempt from the performance of the duty, if expressly appointed to whip an offender, though he agrees that it may be desirable to make arrangements by which the necessity of throwing it upon the police may be obviated. It was further stated that the magistrates are clearly mistaken in supposing that they are empowered under the provisions of the statute 10 Geo. 4, c. 44, s. 5, to suspend or dismiss any of the police.

I expressed to the magistrates that I had reason to believe that constables of the police would feel great repugnance to inflict the punishment, and discontent would be caused if they were required to do so.

I trusted, therefore, that the magistrates would make an arrangement, as might be done in each case for the punishment being inflicted by a local constable.

Subsequently, in the year 1857, I received a similar communication from the magistrates at the Petty Sessions, Richmond, Surrey, on their own part and that of the other magistrates of the county; I wrote a reply to this, stating as I had done in my reply to the magistrates at Epsom.

I have not since had any further representation on the subject until the present.

I hope that the reasons given against the employment of police for the infliction of the punishment will be considered sufficient by the magistrates at the Petty Sessions, Barnet, as they have been by the magistrates at other places.

I am, &c.

(signed) *Richard Mayne.*

Stanley Harris, Esq.,
Clerk to the Magistrates, Barnet.

Sir,

Barnet, 16 January 1865.

I HAVE submitted your letter of the 30th ultimo, to the magistrates of this Petty Sessional Division, and I am directed to state in reply, that it does not appear to them that the reason given by you against the employment of the police for the infliction of the punishment of whipping on juvenile offenders are sufficient, inasmuch as by reason of the Act of 10 Geo. 4, c. 44, s. 4, there is no other person in this division by whom the punishment can be inflicted, except the offenders be committed to prison for the purpose—a measure which is not only attended with considerable unnecessary expense, but which on many occasions it is most desirable to avoid.

The magistrates, therefore, request that you will give the necessary instructions to the inspector of police to carry into effect such orders as they may hereafter make for the whipping of a juvenile offender by authority of the Act of 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82.

I am, &c.

(signed) *Stanley Harris.*

The Commissioner of Police,
4, Whitehall-place.

Sir,

4 Whitehall-place, 11 February 1865.

WITH reference to the correspondence that has taken place on the subject of the sentence by the magistrates at Barnet of the punishment of whipping being inflicted by the metropolitan police, I have to observe that I do not think the police ought to be allowed by me to inflict such a punishment unless precautions are taken by the magistrates to guard against any abuse of the power proposed to be given, and that the sentence should not be inflicted if, from the state of health of the prisoner or other causes, dangerous consequences might ensue. For these purposes, some person should attend on the part of the magistrates to see that the punishment is duly inflicted according to the sentence, and a competent medical man, appointed by the magistrates, be present during the punishment.

I understand that when the punishment of whipping is inflicted in a prison, such proper precautions are always taken.

I have also to observe that I cannot allow the police station to be used for inflicting the punishment; there are not only police constables residing there, but women and children, who ought not to be shocked by such scenes.

I have to express my regret that an earlier answer to your letter has not been sent.

Stanley Harris, Esq.,
Clerk to the Magistrates, Barnet.

I am, &c.
(signed) *Richard Mayne.*

METROPOLITAN POLICE.

S. DIVISION.—SPECIAL REPORT.

29 December 1864.

I BEG to report that on the 26th inst. two boys, named Edwin Cox, aged 15 years, and Edward Tilson, aged 15 years, were charged at Barnet Station with stealing a purse containing 18 s. 3 d. They were taken before the magistrates in Petty Sessions, and sentenced to one day's imprisonment, and to be whipped.

The magistrates ordered Inspector Richards to inflict the punishment in the station-yard. The inspector refused to do so, and the boys were then sent to St. Albans Gaol to be flogged there.

Richard Mayne.

(signed) *S. Loxton*, Superintendent.

METROPOLITAN POLICE.

S. DIVISION.—SPECIAL REPORT.

23 January 1865.

I BEG to report that the Magistrates' Petty Sessions are held at the house of Mr. Stanley Harris (Clerk to the Justices), about 200 yards from the police station.

The magistrates requested the police to whip the boys in the station-yard, which is immediately under the windows of the station, where the inspector's wife and children reside; also a married constable and his family and six single men.

Each boy was to receive 12 stripes on the naked back with a birch.

The Petty Sessions Court is within the liberty of St. Albans, Hertfordshire. At St. Albans the whipping is done in the yard of the gaol under the direction of a surgeon.

The expense for conveying a prisoner to this gaol from Barnet is 8 s. 6 d.

The magistrates at Barnet are F. A. McGeechy, N. B. Acworth, and H. Stapylton, Esqrs.

Richard Mayne.

(signed) *S. Loxton*, Superintendent.

POLICE STATIONS.

COPY of CORRESPONDENCE between Sir R. *Mayne*, Chief Commissioner of Police, and the Magistrates of the Petty Sessional Division of *Barnet*, on the subject of OBJECTIONS made by him to allowing POLICE STATIONS to be used for the WHIPPING of JUVENILE OFFENDERS, under the Act 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82.

(*Mr. Adderley.*)

*Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
21 March 1865.*

CONSTABULARY (IRELAND).

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons,
dated 3 March 1865;—for,

“COPY of any CONTRACT entered into by the WAR OFFICE in 1864 for the Clothing of the IRISH CONSTABULARY, the Names and Residences of the Sureties, to what extent the Clothing was supplied at the time specified for its delivery, also what portion of the Contract remains unfulfilled to the present date.”

War Office, }
20 June 1865.

HARTINGTON.

Mr. Thomas Howell to Messrs. P. Tait & Co.

Gentlemen, 19 April 1864.
I AM directed by Earl De Grey and Ripon to acknowledge the receipt of your letter dated the 16th instant, and to acquaint you that his Lordship has accepted your tender for the cutting out and making up, and delivering and fitting, the clothing for the constabulary force in Ireland, upon the following terms :—

The cloth and garniture, excepting buttons, lace, silk, twist, thread, cord, hooks and eyes, binding, and wadding, are to be supplied to you from the Royal Army Clothing Depôt at Pimlico, and the cutting out, making up, and fitting the clothing, viz., tunics, trousers, and overalls, and delivering the same at the head quarters of the constabulary of each county, to be carried out by you ; the fitting to be approved by the officer commanding the district force.

The prices to be paid to you for this service will be as follows :—

	Head Constables.	Constables.	Acting and Sub Constables.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Tunics - - - - -	9 -	5 -	3 8
Trousers - - - - -	3 -	1 5	1 2
Overalls - - - - -	3 10	2 3	2 -

The quantities of cloth and other materials to be issued for each garment from Pimlico, as determined by Colonel Hudson, and calculated on a fair average of the sizes of the men composing the force, at one yard of 36 inches, are detailed in the Schedule marked A., signed by you, a copy being annexed hereto, and no extra quantities are to be allowed you for extra sizes.

The buttons, lace, silk, twist, thread, cord, hooks and eyes, binding, and wadding, are to be supplied by you ; the charges to be allowed you for the same being at the undermentioned rates per garment of all sizes :—

	Head Constables.	Constables.	Acting and Sub Constables.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Tunics - - - - -	3 2	- 10	- 10
Trousers - - - - -	- 6	- 2	- 2
Overalls - - - - -	- 9	- 9	- 9

The garments are to be made by you according to the respective size rolls, and the clothing fitted to the men without any extra charge whatever being allowed you, nor will payment be made to you until you can produce the certificate showing the approval of the district commanding officers.

The following rates will be allowed you for packing, viz. :—1½ *d.* per tunic ; 1 *d.* per pair trousers ; ¾ *d.* per pair overalls ; and the amounts actually paid by you for carriage will also be allowed on production of the railway and carrier vouchers.

The packing materials used by the War Department in transmitting the cloth and other materials to your premises in Limerick, are to be returned to Pimlico, or if made available by you for repacking the clothing, when ready for transmission to the county head quarters, will be allowed for by you in your accounts at rates to be agreed upon.

In the event of your effecting any saving in the cutting, the Secretary of State for War shall receive back the cloth or other material saved, and you will be allowed for the same at the contract prices.

The contract to be completed within the following period, viz. :—

The whole of the clothing to be delivered at the respective district head quarters, and fitted to the satisfaction of the District Commanding Officers, by the 15th August 1864 ; and in the event of your failing to complete it within that time, the following penalties will be inflicted upon you, viz. :—

1 per cent. upon the contract price for every article not delivered and fitted by the 15th August 1864.

2 per cent. upon the contract price for every article not delivered and fitted 14 days after the 15th August 1864.

4 per cent. upon the contract price for every article not delivered and fitted 21 days after the 15th August 1864.

6 per cent. upon the contract price for every article not delivered and fitted 30 days after the 15th August 1864.

All responsibility as to loss by fire, or damage of any kind, while the materials and clothing are in your possession, to be undertaken by you, but when in the possession of this Department, the responsibility to be sustained by the same.

Security to the amount of 1,000 *l.* is to be given by you for the value of the materials placed in your hands, by a letter of guarantee, signed by an approved person, should you be required to do so by the Secretary of State.

I am to call upon you to acknowledge the receipt of this communication, with accompanying Schedule A.

I am, &c.
(signed) *Thomas Howell.*

Security for the due fulfilment of this contract,

Mr. Orlando Beater,
14, Henry-street, Dublin.

SCHEDULE (A).

IRISH CONSTABULARY.

SCHEDULE of the Quantities of CLOTH and GARNITURE which will be supplied to Messrs. *P. Tait & Co.* from the Royal Army Clothing Depot, *Pimlico*, at per Garment.

TUNICS, HEAD CONSTABLES':				TROUSERS, HEAD CONSTABLE:				TROUSERS, SUB-CONSTABLES:				OVERALLS FOR CONSTABLES, AND SUB-CONSTABLES, MOUNTED:						
Alpaca, black	-	-	yards	1 $\frac{1}{2}$	Doeskin	-	yards	2 $\frac{1}{2}$	Cloth, trouser	-	yards	1 $\frac{1}{2}$	Cloth, overall	-	yards	1 $\frac{1}{2}$		
Buckram	-	-	"	$\frac{1\frac{1}{2}}{36}$	Cotton, slate, twill	-	"	$\frac{6}{36}$	Cotton, grey	-	"	$\frac{3}{36}$	Cotton, grey	-	"	$\frac{3}{36}$		
Cloth facing	-	-	"	$\frac{3}{36}$	Holland, black	-	"	$\frac{1}{4}$	Holland, brown	-	"	$\frac{9}{36}$	Holland, brown	-	"	$\frac{9}{36}$		
" green tunic	-	-	"	1 $\frac{3}{8}$	Jean, dark	-	"	$\frac{1}{2}$	Jean, dark	-	"	$\frac{18}{36}$	Jean, dark	-	"	$\frac{18}{36}$		
Cotton, white	-	-	"	1 $\frac{1}{2}$	Canvas, staying	-	"	$\frac{3}{36}$	Canvas, staying	-	"	$\frac{3}{36}$	Canvas, staying	-	"	$\frac{3}{36}$		
" black	-	-	"	$\frac{1}{8}$														
Hooks and eyes, black, single	-	-	"	11														
Linen, black	-	-	yards	$\frac{4\frac{1}{2}}{36}$														
Tape, stay	-	-	"	1 $\frac{1}{2}$														
Wadding, sheets	-	-	-	1														
TUNICS, CONSTABLES', MOUNTED AND DISMOUNTED:					TROUSERS, CONSTABLES:					TROUSERS, SUB-CONSTABLES:					OVERALLS FOR CONSTABLES, AND SUB-CONSTABLES, MOUNTED:			
Buckram	-	-	yards	$\frac{1\frac{1}{2}}{36}$	Cloth, trouser	-	yards	1 $\frac{1}{2}$	Cloth, trouser	-	yards	1 $\frac{1}{2}$	Cloth, overall	-	yards	1 $\frac{1}{2}$		
Cloth, facing and edging	-	-	"	$\frac{8}{36}$	Cotton, grey	-	"	$\frac{3}{36}$	Cotton, grey	-	"	$\frac{3}{36}$	Cotton, grey	-	"	$\frac{3}{36}$		
" green, tunic	-	-	"	1 $\frac{3}{8}$	Holland, brown	-	"	$\frac{9}{36}$	Holland, brown	-	"	$\frac{9}{36}$	Holland, brown	-	"	$\frac{9}{36}$		
Canvas, staying	-	-	"	$\frac{2\frac{1}{2}}{36}$	Jean, dark	-	"	$\frac{18}{36}$	Jean, dark	-	"	$\frac{18}{36}$	Jean, dark	-	"	$\frac{18}{36}$		
Holland, black	-	-	"	$\frac{2\frac{1}{2}}{36}$	Canvas, staying	-	"	$\frac{3}{36}$	Canvas, staying	-	"	$\frac{3}{36}$	Canvas, staying	-	"	$\frac{3}{36}$		
Hooks and eyes, ditto	-	-	-	1														
Cotton, white	-	-	yards	1 $\frac{1}{2}$														
Shalloon, black	-	-	"	$\frac{5}{8}$														
Serge, white	-	-	"	1														
Tape, stay	-	-	"	1														
TUNICS, SUB-CONSTABLES', MOUNTED:					TROUSERS, SUB-CONSTABLES:					OVERALLS FOR CONSTABLES, AND SUB-CONSTABLES, MOUNTED:					OVERALLS FOR CONSTABLES, AND SUB-CONSTABLES, MOUNTED:			
Buckram	-	-	yards	$\frac{1\frac{1}{2}}{36}$	Cloth, trouser	-	yards	1 $\frac{1}{2}$	Cloth, overall	-	yards	1 $\frac{1}{2}$	Cloth, overall	-	yards	1 $\frac{1}{2}$		
Cloth, facing and edging	-	-	"	$\frac{8}{36}$	Cotton, grey	-	"	$\frac{3}{36}$	Cotton, grey	-	"	$\frac{3}{36}$	Cotton, grey	-	"	$\frac{3}{36}$		
" green, tunic	-	-	"	1 $\frac{3}{8}$	Holland, brown	-	"	$\frac{9}{36}$	Holland, brown	-	"	$\frac{9}{36}$	Holland, brown	-	"	$\frac{9}{36}$		
Holland, black	-	-	"	$\frac{2\frac{1}{2}}{36}$	Jean, dark	-	"	$\frac{18}{36}$	Jean, dark	-	"	$\frac{18}{36}$	Jean, dark	-	"	$\frac{18}{36}$		
Hooks and eyes, ditto	-	-	-	1	Canvas, staying	-	"	$\frac{3}{36}$	Canvas, staying	-	"	$\frac{3}{36}$	Canvas, staying	-	"	$\frac{3}{36}$		
Cotton, white	-	-	yards	1 $\frac{1}{2}$														
Canvas, staying	-	-	"	$\frac{2\frac{1}{2}}{36}$														
Shalloon, black	-	-	"	$\frac{5}{8}$														
Serge, white	-	-	"	1														
Tape, stay	-	-	"	1														

Limerick, 16 April 1864.

W. W. Taylor,
for Colonel Hudson.

Peter Tait & Co.

PAPERS:—CLOTHING OF THE IRISH CONSTABULARY.

Messrs. *P. Tait & Co.* to the Director of Contracts, War Office.

Sir,

Limerick, 22 April 1864.

We beg to acknowledge the receipt of your letter, dated the 19th instant,

No. ⁵¹Irish Constabulary,₃₀₆ acquainting us that the Secretary of State has accepted our

tender for the supply of the undermentioned articles, viz.:

• Cutting out, making up, delivering, and fitting the clothing for the Irish Constabulary Force.

We are, &c.

(signed) *Peter Tait & Co.*Director of Contracts,
War Office, Pall Mall, S. W.

RETURN of CLOTHING delivered by Messrs. *Tait & Co.* for the Service of the IRISH CONSTABULARY FORCE, at the various Stations throughout the Kingdom, by the Time fixed in the Contract, viz. the 15th August 1864.

— Nil —

J. Sherard Wood,
Inspector General of Constabulary.

Constabulary Office, Dublin Castle,
16 June 1865.

RETURN of CLOTHING required to Complete the Supplies for the "IRISH CONSTABULARY" Force, on the 3d March 1865, under the Contract made with Messrs. *Tait & Co.*, on 19th April 1864.

Note.—The numbers stated below, exhibit the quantity of clothing wanting to complete on the 3d March 1865, to the full amount of the requisition of each county. The quantity of clothing received at depôt from the contractor up to that date, for recruits under training, and not yet allocated to counties (namely, 240 tunics, and 240 pairs of trousers), is deducted at the foot of this return from the aggregate deficiencies in counties on the date in question.

COUNTY, &c.	Tunics for all Ranks.	Trousers for all Ranks.	COUNTY, &c.	Tunics for all Ranks.	Trousers for all Ranks.
Reserve - - -	547	202	Limerick - - -	780	888
Recruits - - -	No deficiency can be shown here, inasmuch as no special requisition was made for recruits; the demand was for the establishment of the county: although for convenience, the clothing for recruits under training, was sent to depôt.		City - - -	65	86
Antrim - - -	291	316	Londonderry - - -	140	170
Armagh - - -	190	220	Longford - - -	262	222
Carlow - - -	174	189	Louth - - -	161	215
Cavan - - -	445	368	Mayo - - -	326	459
Clare - - -	388	484	Meath - - -	344	459
Cork, E. R. - -	436	520	Monaghan - - -	172	200
Cork City - - -	119	144	Queen's - - -	274	295
Cork, W. - - -	264	347	Roscommon - - -	342	454
Donegal - - -	501	649	Sligo - - -	427	283
Down - - -	253	330	Tipperary, N. R. - -	910	863
Dublin - - -	226	275	Tipperary, S. R. - -	763	818
Fermanagh - - -	177	217	Tyrone - - -	220	288
Galway, E. R. - -	498	494	Waterford - - -	248	369
Galway, W. R. - -	651	556	Westmeath - - -	282	342
Kerry - - -	246	291	Wexford - - -	266	318
Kildare - - -	255	273	Wicklow - - -	164	238
Kilkenny, county and city.	418	501			
King's - - -	309	367	TOTAL - - -	13,013	14,194
Leitrim - - -	479	484	Deduct clothing received at depôt up to 3 March for unallocated recruits under training.	240	240
			TOTAL deficiency on } 3 March 1865 - }	12,773	13,954

Constabulary Office, Dublin Castle,
16 June 1865.

(signed) *J. Sherard Wood,*
Inspector General of Constabulary.

CONSTABULARY (IRELAND).

COPY of CONTRACT entered into by the WAR OFFICE in 1864, for the CLOTHING of the IRISH CONSTABULARY, the NAMES and RESIDENCES of the SURETIES, to what extent the CLOTHING was supplied at the time specified for its delivery, also what portion of the Contract remains unfulfilled to the present date.

(*Mr. Vance.*)

*Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
23 June 1865.*

409.

Under 1 oz.

CONSTABULARY (IRELAND).

**A STATEMENT of the Amount of CONSTABULARY FORCE employed in each
County, County of a City, and County of a Town, in *Ireland*, on the 1st day
of January 1865.**

(Presented pursuant to Act 6 Will. 4, c. 13.)

*Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
28 June 1865.*

STATEMENT of the Amount of CONSTABULARY FORCE employed in each County, County of a City, and County of a Town, in *Ireland*, on the 1st day of January 1865.

No. 1.—EFFECTIVE STRENGTH of the FORCE in Counties, Cities, and Towns, on the 1st January 1865.

COUNTIES.	County Inspectors.			Sub-Inspectors.			Head Constables.				Constables.			Acting Constables.	Sub-Constables.			Horses.	Vacancies in 1st and 2d Class Sub-Constables.	
	Extra Rate.	1st.	2d.	Extra 1st.	1st.	2d.	3d.	Extra 1st.	1st.	Extra 2d.	2d.	Extra Rate.	Mounted.	Dismounted.	Mounted or Dismounted.	Mounted.	Dismounted.			
																	1st Class.			2d Class.
*Antrim	-	1	-	-	-	4	6	-	2	-	13	-	4	65	18	7	355	6	13	14
Armagh	-	-	-	-	4	-	1	1	-	1	5	-	1	29	10	4	117	7	7	14
Carlow	-	-	-	-	2	1	1	1	1	-	3	-	1	23	6	5	86	1	6	19
Cavan	-	-	-	1	1	2	4	1	-	-	7	-	3	40	9	7	175	3	10	34
Clare	-	-	-	-	3	3	4	1	1	-	10	-	4	61	12	8	250	7	12	58
†Cork, E.	-	-	-	-	8	1	3	-	1	3	10	1	4	76	19	9	295	16	14	47
Cork, W.	-	-	-	-	2	3	3	-	1	-	9	2	3	51	13	7	185	4	10	35
Donegal	-	-	-	1	3	3	4	-	1	-	12	-	3	77	14	9	450	17	12	4
Down	-	1	-	-	3	2	2	-	1	-	8	-	3	43	10	5	178	6	9	29
Dublin	1	-	-	-	4	1	-	-	1	-	5	-	2	37	6	5	147	6	7	14
Fermanagh	-	-	-	-	1	3	1	-	1	-	5	-	2	29	7	4	125	2	7	12
Galway, E.	-	-	-	1	2	3	2	1	-	-	8	2	1	48	11	9	217	10	10	37
Galway, W.	-	-	-	1	2	1	6	1	1	1	9	-	1	48	9	10	222	4	11	50
Kerry	-	-	-	-	3	3	1	1	1	1	5	1	2	43	8	6	170	6	9	32
‡Kildare	-	-	-	1	-	3	2	-	2	-	6	-	1	40	13	5	141	7	8	30
Kilkenny	1	-	-	-	2	3	3	1	-	-	9	-	3	59	9	7	232	6	10	44
King's	-	-	-	-	2	2	2	-	1	-	7	-	3	56	12	3	204	7	8	29
Leitrim	-	-	-	-	2	1	3	-	1	-	8	-	3	47	13	4	241	5	8	21
Limerick	-	-	-	1	3	3	3	-	1	-	13	2	3	84	14	8	361	18	11	51
Londonderry	1	-	-	2	-	1	2	-	1	-	5	-	1	27	9	7	92	4	7	5
Longford	-	-	-	1	1	1	3	-	1	-	5	-	1	35	8	5	141	4	7	9
Louth	-	-	-	-	3	2	-	-	-	-	7	-	1	31	6	5	136	1	7	9
Mayo	-	-	-	-	2	7	2	-	2	-	12	-	3	61	14	10	295	4	13	12
Meath	-	-	-	-	1	4	3	-	1	1	8	-	2	55	10	7	237	15	10	31
Monaghan	-	-	-	-	2	1	1	1	-	-	5	-	3	29	6	2	130	8	6	17
Queen's	-	-	-	1	3	-	5	-	2	1	7	-	2	39	10	7	172	6	10	20
Roscommon	-	-	-	-	2	2	3	-	1	1	8	-	2	62	8	7	296	4	9	26
Sligo	-	-	-	-	-	5	2	-	1	-	8	-	4	37	11	5	154	2	9	18
Tipperary, N.	-	-	-	-	-	6	3	1	-	-	11	1	3	91	13	8	387	12	11	49
Tipperary, S.	-	-	-	1	5	1	3	-	1	-	10	-	1	86	14	10	389	10	12	29
Tyrone	-	-	-	1	2	1	4	-	1	-	8	-	1	40	7	7	166	7	9	21
Waterford	-	-	-	1	2	3	1	1	-	3	4	-	3	40	11	5	162	6	8	23
Westmeath	-	-	-	-	3	4	-	-	1	-	7	-	2	51	11	7	186	9	9	24
Wexford	-	-	-	-	2	3	3	-	1	-	8	-	3	46	11	7	187	3	10	13
Wicklow	1	-	-	-	3	1	2	-	1	-	6	-	1	38	9	7	142	3	8	19
CITIES AND TOWNS :																				
Carrickfergus	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	6	1	1	-
Cork	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	2	1	-	21	5	3	83	3	4	-
Drogheda	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	3	1	-	28	1	1	-
Galway	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	8	3	-	53	-	1	-
Kilkenny	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	5	2	1	38	2	1	2
Limerick	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	1	9	4	-	61	-	1	4
Waterford	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	10	3	2	47	-	2	8
Depôt	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	1	-	5	-	-	1	-	-	30	417	-	-
TOTALS	5	22	8	6	83	86	89	12	34	12	285	11	83	1,782	390	234	7,769	660	337	912
Reserve Force at Phoenix Park	-	-	-	-	1	3	-	1	2	-	4	4	8	30	44	38	109	-	39	201
TOTALS	5	22	8	6	84	89	89	13	36	12	289	15	91	1,812	434	272	7,878	660	376	1,113

* This number includes 2 Sub-Inspectors, 5 Head Constables, and 199 Constables and Sub-Constables, on temporary duty in Belfast, from the Reserve, and certain Counties (named on the next page), whose numbers are correspondingly reduced in this Return.

† 1 Constable and 4 Sub-Constables at Spike Island included.

‡ 1 First Class Head Constable, 6 Constables, 3 Acting Constables, and 33 Sub-Constables at Curragh Camp, included.

No. 1.—EFFECTIVE STRENGTH of the Force in Counties, Cities, and Towns—*continued*.

RECAPITULATION.

		Staff and Force in Counties.	Reserve Force at Depôt.
Inspector General	- - - - -	1	—
Deputy Inspector General	- - - - -	1	—
Assistant Inspectors General	- - - - -	2	1
Receiver	- - - - -	1	—
Surgeon	- - - - -	-	1
Veterinary Surgeon	- - - - -	-	1
Paymaster	- - - - -	-	1
County Inspectors, 1st rate, on good service pay	£. 298 per annum	5	—
Ditto - 1st rate	250 "	22	—
Ditto - 2d rate	220 "	8	—
Sub Inspectors, 1st rate, on good service pay	180 "	6	—
Ditto - 1st rate	150 "	83	1
Ditto - 2d rate, on good service pay	132 "	18	2
Ditto - 2d rate	120 "	68	1
Ditto - 3d rate, on good service pay	112 "	3	—
Ditto - 3d rate	100 "	86	—
Head Constables, extra 1st rate	70 "	12	1
Ditto - 1st rate	60 "	34	2
Ditto - extra 2d rate	60 "	12	—
Ditto - 2d rate	60 "	285	4
Constables, extra rate	40 "	11	4
Ditto mounted	38 "	83	8
Ditto dismounted	36 "	1,782	30
Ditto acting mounted or dismounted	30 "	390	44
Sub-Constables, mounted	29 4 s.	234	38
Ditto - 1st rate	27 14 s.	7,769	109
Ditto - 2d rate	24 "	660	—
TOTAL	- - -	†11,576	248
HORSES	- - -	337	39

* This number includes 417 recruits at depôt towards filling 1,113 (the total number of) vacancies in the force.

† This number includes 400 men appointed to aid in the suppression of illicit distillation.

Constabulary Office, Dublin Castle,
2 March 1865.

H. J. Brownrigg,
Inspector General.

EXTRA FORCE supplied by Reserve, Counties, and Towns, to *Belfast*.

Reserve, Counties, and Towns.	Sub- Inspectors.	Head Constables.	Constables and Sub-Constables.
Reserve	2	2	100
Cavan	-	1	29
Donegal	-	1	1
Dublin	-	-	19
Kildare	-	-	25
Meath	-	-	18
Westmeath	-	1	—
Drogheda	-	-	7
TOTAL	2	5	199

No. 2.—STATEMENT of the TOTAL EXPENDITURE for the CONSTABULARY FORCE of *Ireland*, in each County, County of a City, and County of a Town, Paid within the Year ended 31 December 1864.

COUNTIES, &c.	TOTAL EXPENDITURE for Each.	COUNTIES, &c.	TOTAL EXPENDITURE for Each.
	£. s. d.		£. s. d.
Antrim, County - - -	19,385 3 8	Limerick, County - - -	25,289 14 9
Armagh „ - - -	11,256 13 10	Limerick, City - - -	8,893 7 7
Carlow „ - - -	7,429 13 2	Londonderry, County - -	7,835 8 1
Carrickfergus, Town - -	389 19 10	Longford „ - - -	10,347 2 8
Cavan, County - - -	14,386 2 5	Louth „ - - -	9,936 7 6
Clare „ - - -	20,293 5 6	Mayo „ - - -	21,094 4 10
Cork „ - - -	38,528 - 4	Meath „ - - -	17,115 3 6
Cork, City - - -	6,308 19 -	Monaghan „ - - -	9,762 16 2
Donegal, County - - -	26,676 12 9	Queen's „ - - -	12,828 6 1
Down „ - - -	12,525 19 3	Roscommon „ - - -	20,895 6 11
Drogheda, Town - - -	1,721 4 2	Sligo „ - - -	12,365 14 8
Dublin, County - - -	11,182 13 -	Tipperary „ - - -	50,504 7 4
Fermanagh „ - - -	9,014 3 9	Tyrone „ - - -	12,566 9 3
Galway „ - - -	34,247 6 10	Waterford „ - - -	11,721 14 11
Galway, Town - - -	2,744 5 -	Waterford, City - - -	3,512 18 3
Kerry „ - - -	14,239 15 -	Westmeath, County - -	15,134 8 11
Kildare „ - - -	12,971 19 1	Wexford „ - - -	13,792 10 6
Kilkenny „ - - -	17,280 17 5	Wicklow „ - - -	11,869 7 -
Kilkenny, City - - -	2,711 13 5	Depôt - - -	18,792 1 4
King's County - - -	15,396 14 7	Reserve - - -	16,345 17 11
Leitrim „ - - -	16,144 8 10		
		£.	600,418 19 -

ADDENDA.

ACCOUNT of other EXPENSES Paid within the Year ended 31 December 1864.

	£. s. d.
Amount of Charges on Counties, Cities, and Towns, brought forward from above - - - - -	600,418 19 -
Amount of Salaries, Allowances, and Expenses of 1 Inspector General, 1 Deputy, 3 Assistant Inspectors General, and 1 Receiver - - - - -	4,997 14 2
Amount of Inspector General's Office Account, including Salaries of Clerks, &c., and Contingencies - - - - -	5,637 7 8
Amount of Salaries of Clerks, &c., and Contingencies in Receiver's Office - - - - -	2,341 3 11
General Contingencies, <i>alias</i> Miscellaneous - - - - -	95 7 9
Total paid for Pensions, Gratuities, &c., on Superannuation Fund - - - - -	77,177 9 11
Deduct Stoppages on Account of Superannuation Fund - - - - -	8,097 19 5
Surplus on Reward Fund.* - - - - -	69,079 10 6
Amount Paid to War Department within the Year 1864, for Stores issued to the Constabulary of Ireland - - - - -	13,739 18 3
TOTAL - - - £.	696,310 1 3

* The surplus is now paid to the Paymaster General, and is therefore not available in abatement of expenses of Superannuation Fund.

Receiver's Office, Dublin Castle, }
25 May 1865.

Edward Smith,
Receiver.

No. 3.—SUMMARY of the TOTAL AMOUNT of FORCE employed on the 1st day of January 1865, and of the TOTAL EXPENDITURE for the said CONSTABULARY FORCE for the whole of *Ireland*, for the Year ended 31st December 1864, showing the Proportion of such Total Expenditure borne by the PUBLIC, and the Amount borne by Counties, Cities, and Towns.

No.	RANK.	Total Expense.	Proportion borne by the Public.	Amount borne by Counties, Cities, and Towns.
		£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
1	Inspector General - - -			
1	Deputy Inspector General - -			
3	Assistant Inspectors General - -			
1	Receiver - - -			
1	Surgeon - - -			
1	Veterinary Surgeon - - -			
1	Paymaster - - -			
27	County Inspectors, 1st Rate - -			
8	Ditto - - 2d Rate - -			
6	Sub-Inspectors, Extra - -			
84	Ditto - 1st Class - -	696,310 1 3	680,606 - 6	15,704 - 9
89	Ditto - 2d Class - -			
89	Ditto - 3d Class - -			
49	Head Constables, 1st Class - -			
301	Ditto - 2d Class - -			
1,918	Constables - - -			
434	Ditto, acting - - -			
8,150	Sub-Constables, 1st Class - -			
660	Ditto - 2d Class - -			
376	Horses - - -			
72	Magistrates - - -			

Receiver's Office, Dublin Castle, }
25 May 1865.

Edward Smith,
Receiver.

STATEMENT of SALARIES, EXTRA PAY, and ALLOWANCES of the CONSTABULARY FORCE of *Ireland*.

(Extracted from the Constabulary Financial Code.)

Note.—The Numbers of the Paragraphs refer to the Sections of the Code.

Inspector General:

- Salary - - - 1,500 *l.* per annum.
- Extra Pay - - - 1 *l.* for each night necessarily absent from home.
- Inspection Allowance - 1 *s.* 6 *d.* per mile.
- Travelling Allowance - The actual expense by public conveyance, so far as such is available, and mileage for the rest of the journey.

382. When proceeding on a distant inspection, the fare by public conveyance is to be charged (so far as such is available) to the locality to be inspected, and mileage thenceforward. The same rule in returning.

Deputy Inspector General:

- Salary - - - 1,000 *l.* per annum.
 - Extra Pay - - -
 - Inspection Allowance -
 - Travelling Allowance -
- } Same as Inspector General.

Assistant Inspector General:

Salary - - - -	Senior, 600 l.; junior, 500 l. per annum.
Extra Pay, per night necessarily absent from home - - - -	} 10 s., except when allowed only the actual expense of public conveyance, as stated in sect. 382, in which case it is 15 s.
Inspection Allowance -	
Travelling Allowance -	The actual expense by public conveyance, so far as such is available; mileage for the rest of the journey. But no mileage or travelling allowance granted, unless he proceed beyond a radius of 20 miles.
Forage Allowance -	For two private Horses at 2 s. per diem each.

Commandant of the Depot:

Salary - - - -	} Same in all respects as Assistant Inspector General.
Extra Pay - - - -	
Travelling Allowance -	
Forage Allowance -	

Receiver:

Salary - - - -	600 l. to 800 l. per annum.
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Surgeon:

Salary - - - -	300 l. per annum.
Extra Pay - - - -	10 s. per night necessarily absent from home.
Travelling Allowance -	Fare by public conveyance, or where there is none, 1 s. per mile.
Forage Allowance -	For one private Horse at 2 s. per diem.

First County Inspector:

Salary - - - -	250 l. per annum.
Do. if on Good Service Pay	298 l. ditto.
Long Service Pay -	According to Scale, sect. 386.
• Lodging Allowance, when not accommodated with public quarters - -	} 20 l. 16 s. per annum.
Fuel and Light, when so accommodated, and not in receipt of Lodging Money - - - -	
	2 s. 9 d. per week.
Forage Allowance -	For two private Horses at 2 s. per diem each. For each public Horse at 1 s. 8 d. per diem.
Stationery do. - - -	8 l. per annum.
Office, Fuel, and Light do.	18 l. 5 s. do.
Extra Pay - - - -	10 s. per night necessarily absent on any duty from home.
Inspection Allowance -	9 d. per mile, outside a radius of 10 miles. If any station is not visited, a deduction must be made for the distance to and from such station, reckoning from the nearest station inspected.
Travelling Allowance -	When ordered to proceed (beyond 10 miles) on special duty (whether within or without the county), or to Assizes, Sessions, &c., the actual expense by public conveyance, so far as such is available, and mileage for the rest of the journey. But in no case will he be allowed mileage within a radius of 10 miles.

388. When permanently removed from one Station to another (if not at his own request, or on promotion, or for misconduct), the actual expense will be allowed, not exceeding the amount of mileage between the two Stations, and 80 days' extra pay taken together.

Second County Inspector:

Salary - - - -	220 l. per annum.
Do. if on Good Service Pay	268 l. ditto.

All other allowances same in all respects as First County Inspector.

Paymaster, Barrackmaster, and Storekeeper of the Depôt :

Salary as Paymaster	-	200 l. per annum.
Extra Allowance as Barrackmaster and Storekeeper	- - -	5 s. per diem.
Allowance for Lodging, Fuel, and Light, when not accommodated at the Depôt	- - -	2 s. 3 d. per diem.
Extra Pay	- - -	8 s. per night necessarily absent from home on any duty.
Travelling Allowance	-	Fare by public conveyance; or, where there is none, 9 d. per mile.

Adjutant, Depôt :

Allowance, in addition to his Salary and Allowances as Sub-Inspector	- - -	4 s. per diem.
Allowance for Lodging, Fuel, and Light, when not accommodated at Depôt	- - -	2 s. 3 d. per diem.

First Sub-Inspector :

Salary	- - -	150 l. per annum.
Do. if on Good Service Pay	- - -	180 l. ditto.
Long Service Pay	-	According to Scale.
Lodging Allowance, when not accommodated with quarters at the public expense	- - -	18 l. 5 s. per annum.
Fuel and Light, when accommodated, and not in receipt of Lodging Money	- - -	Same as County Inspector.
Forage Allowance	- -	{ For one Private Horse at 2 s. per diem. For each Public Horse at 1 s. 8 d. do.
Stationery ditto	- -	2 l. per annum.
Extra Pay	- - -	{ 8 s. per night necessarily absent from home on any duty. 4 s. for 10 consecutive hours absent on duty, as explained in sect. 400.
Travelling Allowance	-	When ordered to proceed on special duty, or to Assizes, Sessions, &c., the actual expense by public conveyance, so far as such is available, and 6 d. per mile for the rest of the journey, without deduction. But in no case will he be granted mileage or travelling allowance, unless he proceed out of his district, and beyond a radius of 10 miles.

384. When permanently removed from one Station to another, the rule laid down in sect. 383 is to be observed.

385. When removed temporarily to do duty in other districts, Sub-Inspectors will not be allowed extra pay for more than 30 days.

Allowance for payment of Pensioners, 3 d. per man per quarter.

Second Sub-Inspector :

Salary	- - -	120 l. per annum.
Do. if on Good Service Pay	- - -	132 l. ditto.
Long Service Pay	- - -	According to Scale.
Lodging Allowance, if not accommodated with quarters at the public expense	- - -	15 l. 12 s. per annum.

All other allowances same in all respects as First Sub-Inspector.

Third Sub-Inspector :

Salary	- - -	100 l. per annum.
Do. if on Good Service Pay	- - -	112 l. ditto.

All other allowances same in all respects as Second Sub-Inspector.

Veterinary Surgeon :

Salary - - -	-	100 <i>l.</i> per annum.
Extra Pay - - -	-	10 <i>s.</i> per night necessarily absent from home on duty.
Travelling Allowance	-	The actual expense of public conveyance; when travelling to and from fairs to which a public conveyance is not available, 1 <i>s.</i> per mile.
Farriery Allowance	-	1 <i>d.</i> per diem for each Horse at Depôt, out of which he is to defray the expense of shoeing and medicine.

Head Constable :

Salary	{ Extra rate	-	70 <i>l.</i> per annum.
	{ First Class	-	60 <i>l.</i> „
	{ Second Class	-	50 <i>l.</i> „
Allowance for repair of Arms and Accoutrements - - -		-	3 <i>s.</i> „
Allowance for Straw	-	-	2 <i>d.</i> per month.
Long Service Pay	-	-	According to Scale.
Extra Pay - - -	{ 2 <i>s.</i> per night necessarily absent from Station, when attending Assizes, Quarter Sessions, or Elections.		
	{ 1 <i>s.</i> 6 <i>d.</i> per night necessarily absent from Station on any other duty, except patrols, or in the execution of warrants.		
	{ 9 <i>d.</i> for 10 consecutive hours' absence on duty, as explained in sect. 400.		
Marching Money - -	-	-	When the distance exceeds 12 miles (and as explained in sect. 396), 1 <i>s.</i> 6 <i>d.</i> for every 12 miles; 9 miles over 12, 24, 36, &c. to be counted as an additional 12.
Allowance for alteration of Clothing - - -		-	{ 2 <i>s.</i> 6 <i>d.</i> for each tunic. 9 <i>d.</i> for each pair of trousers.
Stationery : 6 <i>d.</i> per month, when in charge of Station.			

Constable :

Salary, per annum -	{ Extra rate	-	40 <i>l.</i>
	{ Cavalry	-	38 <i>l.</i> , with an allowance of 9 <i>s.</i> 4 <i>d.</i> per annum for repairs of horse appointments and saddlery.
	{ Infantry	-	36 <i>l.</i>
Allowance for repair of Arms and Accoutrements - - -		-	3 <i>s.</i> per annum.
Allowance for Straw	-	-	2 <i>d.</i> per month.
Long Service Pay	-	-	According to Scale.
Extra Pay - - -	{ 1 <i>s.</i> 6 <i>d.</i> per night necessarily absent from Station, when attending Assizes, Quarter Sessions, or Elections.		
	{ 6 <i>d.</i> per night necessarily absent from Station on any other duty, except patrols, or in the execution of warrants.		
	{ 6 <i>d.</i> for 10 consecutive hours' absence on duty, as explained in sect. 400.		
Marching Money - -	-	-	When the distance exceeds 12 miles (and as explained in sect. 396), 1 <i>s.</i> for every 12 miles; 9 miles over 12, 24, 36, &c. to be counted as an additional 12.
Allowance for alteration of Clothing - - -		-	{ 2 <i>s.</i> for each tunic. 9 <i>d.</i> for each pair of trousers.
Stationery : 6 <i>d.</i> per month, if in charge of Station.			

Acting Constable :

Salary - - -	-	30 <i>l.</i> per annum.
All other allowances same in all respects as Constable.		

Sub-Constables :

Salary, per annum	{ Cavalry	-	29 <i>l.</i> 4 <i>s.</i> , with an allowance of 9 <i>s.</i> 4 <i>d.</i> per annum for repairs of horse appointments and saddlery.
	{ Infantry	-	27 <i>l.</i> 14 <i>s.</i>
	{ Second Class	-	24 <i>l.</i>
All other allowances same in all respects as Constable.			

Scale of Long Service Pay.

386. *Officers.*—County and Sub-Inspectors are entitled to the undermentioned rates of long-service pay :—

			£.	s.	d.	
An Officer of 2 years' service and under 7 years	-	-	1	-	-	per month.
" 7 " and under 15 "	-	-	2	-	-	"
" 15 " and under 20 "	-	-	3	-	-	"
" 20 " and upwards	-	-	4	-	-	"

387. *Head and other Constables.*—Head and other Constables are entitled to the undermentioned rates :—

			£.	s.	d.	
For 2 years' service and under 7 years	-	-	-	3	10	per month.
" 7 " and under 15 "	-	-	-	7	7	"
" 15 " and under 20 "	-	-	-	11	5	"
" 20 " and upwards	-	-	-	15	2	"

388. But gratuities and pensions will be calculated on the established pay, irrespectively of long-service pay.

389. If a member of the force shall have completed a period of service, entitling him to any of the above rates of long-service pay, on or before the 15th of a month, he will be allowed to draw the long-service pay from the 1st of the same month; but if he shall not have completed his period of service until after the 15th of a month, in such case his appointment to long-service pay is not to date until the 1st of the following month.

390. Long-service pay is not liable to the deduction of $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. for Superannuation and Reward Funds.

On Duty in Plain Clothes.

391. Rates of extra pay to Head and other Constables for each night necessarily absent from home on special duty in plain clothes, subject to the Inspector General's approval of the account, which is to be submitted on the prescribed form :

		Head Constable.			Constable, or Sub-Constable.
In the Country	-	3 s. - d. per night	-	-	2 s. - d. per night.
In Dublin	-	4 s. - d. "	-	-	2 s. 6 d. "
In England	-	5 s. - d. "	-	-	3 s. 6 d. "

392. But when Head or other Constables, absent from their station in plain clothes, find it necessary to remain at a place for more than a week, they are not allowed to charge, beyond that period, more than one-half of the sums above stated.

393. *On Disposable Duty :*

In Ireland.

To a Head Constable (town or country)	-	-	4 s. 6 d. per night.
" Constable	-	"	3 s. - d. "
" Acting or Sub Constable	-	"	2 s. 6 d. "

Out of Ireland.

To a Head Constable	-	-	5 s. - d. "
" All other Constables	-	-	3 s. 6 d. "

General Rules.

No greater sum will be allowed, or is to be charged, for car, coach, packet, boat, or railway fares than that actually incurred; nor will any expense whatever for information, &c. be allowed.

The fare by coach is to be for an outside place; by steamboat, for the second cabin; by railways in Ireland, for the third class; by railways in England, for the second class.

394. *Special Rates of Allowance at Dépôt :*

Drill.—An allowance of 5 l. per annum each is granted to six Drill Instructors at the Dépôt, one of whom is to be the Rough-riding Constable, which allowance is only to be drawn during the actual performance of the duties, and is to be forfeited when absent on leave or on the sick report. The Commandant is, therefore, to certify on the account, that the individuals for whom the allowance is charged have duly performed the duties for the period stated. Drill Constables may or may not, as the Inspector General may direct, be placed on the extra rate of 40 l. per annum.

Assistant Drills.—Sub-Constables so employed for a period of twelve months to the satisfaction of the Adjutant and Commandant, will be promoted to the temporary rank and pay of Acting Constable: but should they cease to discharge the duties in question, they revert to their proper rank.

Rough Riders.—Constable, *see* Drills.

Sub-Constable, 32l. 7s. per annum during the actual performance of the duties, certified by the Commandant as above.

Repairs of Saddlery.—One shilling per month for each saddle in use at the Dépôt.

395. *Allowances to Officers acting in the Absence of others :*

I.—To an Officer acting in the absence of the Commandant of the Dépôt, after the first 30 days, five shillings per diem: such allowance to be paid by the Commandant, if absent on leave; but if incapable from sickness of performing the functions of his office, or if absent on duty, the amount to be charged under the proper head, on the authority of the Inspector General, in the public accounts.

II.—To an Officer acting in the absence of a County Inspector or of the Paymaster of the Dépôt, after the first 30 days, four shillings per diem; to be paid or charged as in the preceding case. If, however, the Officer acting for a County Inspector draws the allowance for an office and for stationery, he is only entitled to the difference between these allowances and 4s.—viz., two shillings and seven pence per diem. County Inspector's Clerk and official books to be sent at his expense to the station of the Officer so acting, if absent for his own convenience; if absent on duty, or from sickness, the expense to be charged to the public.

III.—When a Head Constable has the charge of a district in the absence of the Sub-Inspector, or during a vacancy, he will be permitted the use of the Public Horse attached to the district; and such Horse is to be attended, as usual, by the mounted orderly in whose care it is. The Head Constable is not entitled to the Officer's forage allowance, but he is to receive the stationery allowance of a Sub-Inspector whilst in charge of a district.

Marching Money.

396. *When granted.*—This allowance will be granted in the following cases, only, when the distance shall exceed 12 miles, viz.:

- 1st. When on a march from one county to another.
- 2dly. When transferred from one station to another, whether within their own counties or otherwise, except as in section 397.
- 3dly. When proceeding to and returning from Assizes, Quarter Sessions, and Elections.
- 4thly. When proceeding to and returning from the County Inspector's office, for examination for promotion.

397. *When not granted.*—When men are conveyed at the public expense, they will not be entitled to marching allowance; nor when they are removed at their own request, or on promotion, or for misconduct. There may, however, be special cases in which men are promoted and transferred for the good of the service; in such cases special authority for granting marching allowance may be given.

398. When the men receive marching allowance, as above, they are not to receive extra pay for the period on march; they can only receive the one or the other for the same day.

399. *Authority for Marching Money.*—It is unnecessary to submit for the Inspector General's approval, claims for marching money to which men may be duly entitled, in such cases as recruits joining or proceeding from the Dépôt (who may be paid under the authority of the Commandant), or men proceeding from one county to another (who may be paid such allowance under the authority of the County Inspector); but in other cases, and especially where claims for extra pay or travelling allowance are involved, the authority of the Inspector General is indispensable to the charge.

400. *Ten Hours' Absence from Home.*—When Sub-Inspectors are employed at fairs, races, in the protection of sheriffs or of coroners, in the escort of prisoners, or on any other duty of a like nature (except on inspection, patrol, warrant, dispatch, or petty sessions duty), which shall necessarily detain them from their stations for a period of not less than 10 consecutive hours, they shall

shall be allowed one-half the amount of extra pay that they are entitled to when absent the whole night. Head Constables employed under similar circumstances, and with the like exceptions, will be entitled to 9 d., and other constables to 6 d.; provided that, in the event of any member of the force being employed on duty during 10 hours of any day, and through the night of that day, extra pay for the night only shall be allowed. Should the privilege granted by this section be in the least degree abused, it will be withdrawn.

423. *County Store.*—The allowance for an Assistant Storekeeper in each county is 10 l. per annum, including rent and other expenses of the store.

424. When the store is kept in a constabulary barrack (whether held rent-free or not), the sum of 50 s. is to be re-credited to the public, and the remaining sum of 7 l. 10 s. per annum to be paid to the Assistant Storekeeper.

Stationery Allowance.—Sixpence per month to the Head or other Constable in charge of each Station.

Medical Allowance.—One shilling per month for each Officer, Head and other Constable.

Compensation for Clothing.—When not supplied, 2 s. 7 d. per month per man.

Lodging Allowance.—When there is no barrack accommodation, not exceeding 6 s. per month per man.

Henry John Brownrigg,
Inspector General.

RETURN of Existing STIPENDIARY MAGISTRATES on 1st January 1865, showing their Rates of Salaries and Allowances.

Number of Magistrates.	Salary per Annum.	Lodging Allowance per Annum.	Forage Allowance.	Stationery Allowance.	Postage.	Allowance for a Clerk.	Allowance in lieu of a Mounted Orderly.	Extra Pay.	Travelling Allowance.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.							
20	500 - -	- - -	4 s. per diem.	£. 8 per annum.	Actual expense.	£. 36 per annum.	2 s. 4 d. per diem.	Vide Circular of 8th June 1857.	Vide Circular of 8th June 1857.
2	400 - -	100 - -							
30	400 - -	- - -							
20	300 - -	- - -							

Receiver's Office,
Dublin Castle, 25 May 1865. }

Edward Smith,
Receiver.

CONSTABULARY (IRELAND).

**STATEMENT of the Amount of CONSTABULARY
FORCE employed in each County, County of a
City, and County of a Town, in Ireland, on the
1st day of January 1865.**

(Pursuant to Act 6 WILL. 4, c. 13.)

*Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
28 June 1865.*

CONSTABULARY (IRELAND).

RETURN to an Order of the Honourable The House of Commons,
dated 15 May 1865;—for,

RETURN “of the Number of OFFICERS and MEN of the CONSTABULARY FORCE in each COUNTY in Ireland, in the Year 1846, stating the Amount for their Support charged to the Consolidated Fund, and Amount charged to each County, with the Totals for all Ireland:”

“Similar RETURN for the successive Years from 1853 to 1865, stating, in addition, the Number of EXTRA POLICE of each Rank in each COUNTY in Ireland, and the Amount charged to each County for such Extra Police:”

“And, RETURN of the Number of the CONSTABULARY FORCE of all Ranks appointed by the Lord Lieutenant to act as REVENUE POLICE; and, also any Additional Pay or Reward assigned to each Rank for such Extra Duty.”

— No. 1. —

A RETURN of the Number of OFFICERS and MEN of the CONSTABULARY FORCE in each COUNTY in Ireland on the 1st November 1846, showing the Amount for their Support charged to the Consolidated Fund, and Amount charged to each County, with the Totals for all Ireland.

	Charged on Consolidated Fund.		Charged to Counties.			Charged on Consolidated Fund.		Charged to Counties.	
	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.		Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.
		£. s. d.					£. s. d.		
Antrim County - -	219	11,092 18 10	} nil - nil.		Leitrim County - -	322	13,813 12 3½	} nil - nil.	
Armagh - - -	156	8,522 5 4½			Limerick " - -	638	26,424 16 9½		
Carlow - - -	156	7,768 17 9½			" City - -	49	3,134 12 2		
Carrickfergus Town -	5	178 7 -			Londonderry County -	108	5,535 3 7½		
Cavan County - -	414	17,680 6 6½			Longford " -	200	9,132 6 8		
Clare " - -	556	22,772 15 8			Louth " -	189	8,653 9 10½		
Cork—East Riding -	436	} 31,409 11 7½			Mayo " -	311	14,936 17 10½		
" West " -	247				Meath " -	325	14,324 14 3		
" City - -	100				Monaghan " -	155	7,092 10 1½		
Donegal County - -	241	11,870 12 10½			Queen's " -	387	14,258 2 6½		
Down " - -	177	8,814 6 1			Roscommon " -	506	21,077 4 8		
Drogheda Town - -	14	526 5 2½			Sligo " -	203	10,093 1 7½		
Dublin County - -	243	10,177 13 10½			Tipperary—North Riding	571	} 44,676 5 1		
Fermanagh " - -	189	9,172 19 5½			" South "	495			
Galway—East Riding -	267	} 25,094 7 10½			Tyrone County - -	157	7,086 6 5½		
" West " -	257				Waterford " - -	165	9,329 5 8½		
" Town - -	32				2,028 15 3½	" City - -	39		
Kerry County - -	184	10,351 13 -			Westmeath County -	294	12,549 17 8½		
Kildare " - -	275	11,195 6 10½			Wexford. "	278	12,106 7 8½		
Kilkenny " - -	399	18,162 5 4½			Wicklow " -	208	9,869 7 10½		
" City - -	25	896 1 9			Depôt - - -	} 392	11,876 16 7½		
King's County - -	330	14,020 15 8½			Reserve - - -				
TOTAL - - -						£.	482,646 17 -		

Dublin Castle, 28 June 1865.

Edward Smith.

— No. 2. —

RETURN of the Number of OFFICERS and MEN of the CONSTABULARY FORCE in each COUNTY in *Ireland*, from 1853 to 1865, distinguishing the Number and Amount charged to the Consolidated Fund from the Number and Amount charged to each County for Extra Police.

	1853.		1852-3.		1854.		1853-4.		1855.		1854-5.		1856.		1855-6.	
	Number.	Amount. £. s. d.	Number.	Amount. £. s. d.	Number.	Amount. £. s. d.	Number.	Amount. £. s. d.	Number.	Amount. £. s. d.	Number.	Amount. £. s. d.	Number.	Amount. £. s. d.	Number.	Amount. £. s. d.
Antrim County	223	11,425 17 21	5	43 1 8	237	11,759 7 71	6	87 14 2	238	11,203 3 7	5	87 16 3	239	11,607 11 8	5	87 16 3
Armagh "	181	10,124 18 51	82	1,820 8 4	99	9,769 7 11	101	1,737 2 2	120	9,301 1 1	79	1,979 5 1	160	10,084 16 11	49	860 11 2
Carlow "	147	7,063 16 4	5	87 16 3	148	7,351 17 111	5	87 16 3	156	7,600 6 11	1	10 4 1	168	7,774 12 4	-	-
Carrickfergus Town	7	242 14 111	-	-	7	276 1 21	-	-	7	264 15 1	-	-	8	272 13 8	-	-
Cavan County	397	16,494 12 11	-	-	403	17,406 18 101	-	-	383	17,325 16 2	-	-	408	17,796 18 11	-	-
Clare "	398	16,162 6 41	-	-	386	19,350 13 3	-	-	403	19,254 15 11	-	-	411	19,554 13 6	-	-
Cork "	222	34,863 - 21	177	3,108 11 3	310	33,077 6 31	163	2,668 19 4	398	35,170 19 7	80	1,405 - -	399	35,817 19 8	80	1,405 - -
" City	100	4,690 1 31	142	2,493 17 6	171	4,681 14 81	123	1,921 17 -	236	4,705 5 6	66	1,159 2 6	233	4,873 17 6	66	1,159 2 6
Donegal County	247	13,672 7 41	10	175 12 6	99	13,385 7 -	10	175 12 6	99	13,885 18 1	10	175 12 6	100	14,306 18 2	10	175 12 6
Down "	231	11,134 19 51	104	2,011 4 2	121	11,328 7 -	965	3,166 10 10	217	11,773 2 11	181	3,143 13 9	231	11,206 10 10	179	3,143 13 9
Dublin "	232	9,552 - 31	49	860 14 4	218	10,124 12 91	37	777 - 11	203	10,397 13 11	39	684 18 9	209	10,522 14 11	39	684 18 9
Fleetwood and Hyther Dist.	-	-	-	-	230	1,513 13 10	-	-	231	1,674 3 11	-	-	242	1,389 10 10	-	-
Drogheda Town	39	1,471 16 21	-	-	39	8,678 12 71	-	-	42	8,827 10 5	-	-	41	8,936 17 4	-	-
Fermanagh County	184	8,342 2 111	-	-	181	33,066 15 21	-	-	183	34,330 8 9	-	-	188	34,744 15 11	-	-
Galway "	353	32,690 3 111	-	-	355	2,130 15 -1	-	-	356	2,148 5 6	-	-	728	2,233 - 7	-	-
" Town	57	2,064 13 101	-	-	53	10,994 10 91	59	1,036 3 9	56	10,862 1 -	-	-	58	10,999 16 61	-	-
Kerry County	172	10,276 3 -	59	1,036 3 9	170	11,258 16 51	-	-	154	12,781 4 8	54	920 17 3	181	12,932 15 9	33	592 14 81
Kildare "	231	10,521 6 111	-	-	233	16,526 16 -	-	-	380	2,298 17 2	-	-	332	14,702 13 -	-	-
Kilkenny "	385	18,470 3 111	26	456 12 6	407	2,312 9 81	-	-	414	18,809 19 5	-	-	419	19,032 15 9	-	-
" City	44	1,520 6 51	-	-	40	15,064 9 21	-	-	44	15,400 6 10	-	-	43	2,417 2 4	-	-
King's County	265	14,804 14 3	89	1,428 8 4	279	14,398 2 111	71	1,264 10 -	303	15,400 6 10	44	655 12 11	322	15,695 4 8	35	614 13 9
Leitrim "	311	15,235 10 51	254	4,400 17 6	321	23,007 1 -1	254	4,460 17 6	304	23,279 1 1	254	4,460 17 6	318	14,987 2 2	254	4,460 17 6
Limerick "	362	22,698 7 1	-	-	361	3,757 18 31	-	-	365	3,677 10 6	-	-	355	22,762 7 6	-	-
" City	80	2,905 1 71	-	-	75	6,208 19 6	-	-	76	6,488 18 11	-	-	82	3,504 5 7	-	-
Londonderry County and City	104	4,844 11 61	-	-	110	5,208 19 6	-	-	115	5,488 18 11	2	24 4 -	110	5,567 14 4	-	-
Longford County	189	9,392 17 81	-	-	200	10,503 15 2	-	-	199	10,209 1 4	-	-	198	10,362 10 7	-	-
Louth "	227	10,481 7 71	31	563 3 7	190	10,503 15 2	46	686 19 10	232	10,245 1 6	17	246 17 1	237	10,558 1 2	7	132 18 9
Mayo "	280	14,826 16 11	35	623 9 4	246	15,317 6 -1	42	834 15 -	267	15,015 6 3	14	252 2 2	290	16,209 - 5	-	-
Meath "	314	15,058 10 4	91	1,598 3 9	290	15,947 6 61	91	1,198 12 9	319	16,037 - 11	91	1,598 3 9	333	16,366 10 11	91	1,598 3 9
Monaghan "	199	9,757 18 2	71	1,271 6 3	165	9,858 1 111	70	1,238 12 6	142	8,295 8 4	55	1,044 16 11	149	8,706 13 3	50	878 2 6
Queen's "	341	14,645 6 51	-	-	350	15,690 15 11	-	-	354	16,018 15 2	-	-	353	15,053 18 6	-	-
Roscommon "	406	20,193 15 91	49	960 11 3	444	20,804 8 8	3	40 12 11	434	20,717 2 -	-	-	460	21,160 7 8	-	-
" "	200	9,626 11 -1	-	-	197	10,298 13 81	-	-	197	10,570 2 3	-	-	204	10,460 18 2	-	-
Sligo "	-	-	90	1,598 1 3	1,005	46,561 13 111	77	1,332 9 11	1,010	48,332 - 8	75	1,317 3 9	1,040	49,187 11 -	75	528 17 6
Tipperary "	984	43,727 12 41	-	-	1,005	8,677 12 10	20	331 5 -	160	8,883 14 5	20	351 5 -	159	9,008 16 8	20	790 6 2
Tyrone "	152	8,232 1 81	20	351 5 -	157	9,877 12 10	20	331 5 -	156	10,013 18 4	100	1,756 5 -	150	10,506 1 9	100	351 5 -
Waterford "	152	9,726 17 -1	100	1,756 5 -	147	9,823 - 71	100	1,800 8 8	156	10,013 18 4	100	1,756 5 -	150	10,506 1 9	100	1,756 5 -
" City	68	2,818 1 41	-	-	65	3,386 4 8	-	-	66	3,341 6 7	-	-	72	2,751 13 6	-	-
Westmeath County	283	12,617 17 2	3	39 10 4	289	13,167 17 81	3	52 13 9	297	13,501 18 10	8	132 16 9	293	14,489 5 5	8	140 10 -
Wexford "	247	11,361 11 7	-	-	239	11,967 8 81	-	-	243	12,103 16 -	-	-	248	12,378 7 10	-	-
Wicklow "	201	9,646 18 -	20	351 5 -	200	10,105 3 91	20	372 11 6	197	10,407 9 10	20	351 5 -	208	10,843 18 9	20	351 5 -
Député	503	15,629 3 51	-	-	491	14,416 13 7	-	-	363	14,006 9 6	-	-	311	12,496 1 9	-	-
Reserve	176	10,980 6 -1	-	-	374	15,281 10 3	-	-	214	15,099 9 11	-	-	274	14,073 11 -	-	-
TOTALS	10,041	508,945 7 51	1,513	36,785 8 10	10,869	580,874 5 7	1,495	25,880 4 3	10,639	538,397 5 10	1,215	21,057 19 11	10,053	547,315 3 111	1,131	10,700 14 61

RETURNS RELATING TO THE CONSTABULARY IN IRELAND.

3

No. 2.—Return of the Number of Officers and Men of the Constabulary Force in each County in Ireland, from 1853 to 1865, &c.—continued.

	1857.		1856-7.		1858.		1857-8.		1859.		1858-9.		1860.		1859-60.	
	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.
Antrim County	311	15,110 16 4	14	205 2 4	296	16,454 7 8	9	101 10 5	248	15,645 1 -	33	291 10 9	270	14,830 4 10	6	258 11 7
Armagh	149	10,816 16 1	49	860 11 2	151	10,897 18 4	45	545 18 -	185	11,392 18 3	23	131 9 6	149	11,833 5 11	34	297 11 6
Carlow	146	7,729 5 -	-	-	150	7,535 11 6	-	-	145	7,759 9 3	-	-	147	7,507 4 9	-	-
Carrickfergus Town	10	284 11 8	-	-	9	278 13 3	-	-	11	300 10 5	-	-	10	301 19 -	-	-
Cavan County	298	16,729 15 5	-	-	302	18,547 2 11	-	-	308	14,186 17 6	-	-	313	14,936 3 4	-	-
Clare	416	19,612 17 6	-	-	399	19,312 1 5	-	-	398	19,978 8 7	-	-	404	20,115 10 10	-	-
Cork	398	35,745 9 4	80	1,405 -	447	37,895 11 8	31	409 1 3	470	40,455 17 3	-	-	475	39,496 5 8	-	-
" City	298	1,159 2 6	66	1,159 2 6	242	4,966 10 -	66	386 7 6	306	5,806 18 2	-	-	308	4,896 16 10	8	139 - 8
Donegal County	99	5,155 7 2	10	175 12 6	98	23,516 15 2	104	1,826 9 11	104	28,657 2 10	6	102 9 -	91	27,927 7 5	22	381 19 9
Down	403	17,363 14 1	179	3,143 13 9	515	12,088 17 8	17	99 10 5	636	12,989 - 9	23	388 6 4	923	19,743 7 11	-	-
Dublin	232	11,129 9 8	28	437 7 1	255	10,661 10 5	-	-	282	10,884 4 5	-	-	297	11,017 13 -	-	-
Fleetwood and Hyther Dist.	236	10,617 6 8	-	-	238	10,661 10 5	-	-	239	2,545 10 4	-	-	35	2,545 10 4	-	-
Drogheda Town	-	-	-	-	39	1,647 5 -	-	-	40	1,744 2 1	-	-	35	1,724 2 1	-	-
Fermanagh County	33	1,694 14 -	-	-	188	8,967 1 5	-	-	188	9,369 19 6	-	-	188	9,231 1 -	-	-
Galway	690	35,125 11 10	-	-	696	34,540 10 7	-	-	335	35,458 11 4	-	-	343	35,684 10 2	2	3 6 9
" Town	55	2,284 17 3	-	-	64	2,419 -	-	-	64	2,579 7 11	-	-	64	2,606 1 8	-	-
Kerry County	237	11,614 4 1	42	755 1 7	221	13,284 12 5	53	910 5 5	276	14,274 9 4	-	-	274	14,670 3 11	-	-
Kildare	359	14,794 16 11	-	-	223	13,995 8 8	-	-	226	14,261 10 8	-	-	229	14,731 14 11	-	-
Kilkenny	355	19,204 6 11	-	-	373	17,272 9 8	-	-	318	18,011 10 1	52	65 5 11	371	18,014 2 7	-	-
" City	50	2,590 19 7	-	-	50	2,624 17 5	-	-	52	2,588 10 -	-	-	48	2,577 10 3	-	-
King's County	368	15,814 17 7	35	614 13 9	293	15,351 11 8	35	614 13 9	327	16,729 18 4	12	69 15 6	316	16,400 16 7	1	20 10 10
Leitrim	309	16,155 10 5	-	-	249	16,680 6 6	60	702 10 -	291	14,508 13 9	45	793 4 10	204	15,626 11 7	53	932 5 6
Limerick	383	22,117 14 1	217	3,948 12 8	303	22,715 9 4	154	2,704 12 6	402	23,457 15 10	140	2,463 2 9	247	23,648 17 10	141	2,476 6 3
" City	83	3,879 15 8	-	-	78	4,085 11 4	-	-	81	4,010 17 4	-	-	75	3,981 17 8	-	-
Londonderry County and City	145	5,566 18 9	-	-	146	6,926 6 8	-	-	142	7,111 17 9	-	-	132	7,717 8 10	-	-
Longford County	200	10,753 - 3	5	14 12 8	195	10,032 19 1	5	94 16 3	203	10,095 18 7	-	-	200	10,123 4 5	-	-
Louth	190	10,699 17 2	7	122 18 9	187	9,370 12 6	6	103 19 7	198	9,702 17 10	1	1 9 3	199	9,897 5 10	1	8 15 8
Mayo	419	17,810 18 8	-	-	414	20,460 14 11	-	-	417	21,351 7 3	-	-	365	22,098 12 8	3	69 13 9
Meath	286	16,322 11 5	91	1,598 3 9	292	15,487 6 6	91	1,598 3 9	302	16,304 18 5	74	1,306 18 10	213	16,308 3 7	77	1,338 3 4
Monaghan	141	8,737 - 6	50	878 2 6	166	8,944 7 3	30	526 17 6	188	9,807 2 8	9	150 14 4	103	9,925 18 6	14	235 12 8
Queen's	263	15,506 11 9	-	-	268	12,775 8 4	-	-	269	14,120 9 -	-	-	270	13,419 4 6	-	-
Rosecommon	434	21,459 14 11	-	-	369	20,493 13 9	100	1,170 16 8	367	20,773 13 5	88	1,548 8 7	264	20,861 16 3	95	1,030 7 8
Sligo	201	10,209 19 8	-	-	242	11,535 3 10	-	-	240	12,315 9 10	-	-	210	12,043 11 4	-	-
" (N. R.)	791	48,770 11 5	75	526 17 6	940	45,351 8 11	175	720 14 10	386	47,618 12 2	186	3,473 5 9	94	46,313 9 9	238	4,105 4 8
Tipperary	235	9,525 10 9	20	351 5 -	240	11,084 18 -	20	117 1 8	272	12,807 7 2	52	916 3 6	414	12,489 1 7	60	1,059 12 1
Tyrone	156	9,980 5 9	100	1,756 5 -	204	10,974 2 0	53	936 13 4	234	11,780 13 -	22	379 1 2	206	12,327 14 5	23	409 15 10
Waterford	71	3,503 5 9	-	-	73	3,398 14 8	-	-	71	3,713 15 11	-	-	70	3,692 4 7	-	-
" City	289	12,742 19 10	8	140 10 -	287	14,882 15 5	8	140 10 -	347	16,059 5 7	1	1 9 3	283	15,236 4 11	10	127 9 6
Westmeath County	276	12,742 19 10	-	-	280	13,442 18 7	-	-	284	15,793 19 6	-	-	279	14,707 7 5	-	-
Wexford	196	11,041 - 11	20	351 5 -	198	10,620 17 6	20	351 5 -	216	11,236 12 1	4	86 6 11	213	11,561 11 7	8	134 12 11
Wicklow	217	11,990 18 8	-	-	453	17,747 16 1	-	-	432	14,961 2 10	-	-	439	13,540 19 1	-	-
Depot	540	13,396 10 9	-	-	228	12,872 18 8	-	-	386	15,243 - 7	-	-	243	16,711 4 9	-	-
TOTALS	10,962	554,587 10 10	1,096	19,225 3 8	11,151	567,910 7 5	1,092	14,781 5 2	12,523	592,951 12 8	770	12,159 2 2	10,241	596,494 10 1	789	13,048 - 11

No. 2.—RETURN of the Number of Officers and Men of the Constabulary Force in each County in Ireland, from 1853 to 1865, &c.—continued.

	1861.		1860-1.		1862.		1861-2.		1863.		1862-3.		1864.		1863-4.	
	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.
Antrim County	275	£. 15,144 8 7	4	£. 46 16 8	279	£. 16,470 16 9	4	£. 63 18 11	272	£. 15,448 11 11	5	£. 98 13 4	588	£. 19,373 9 6	1	£. 11 14 2
Armagh "	177	11,323 15 -	24	508 14 7	190	11,613 11 2	15	136 17 8	190	11,852 14 6	14	245 17 6	177	11,133 15 2	7	122 18 8
Carlow "	147	7,605 10 6	-	-	143	7,500 19 2	-	-	143	7,572 1 7	-	-	184	7,489 13 2	-	-
Carrickfergus Town	10	409 7 8	-	-	10	404 19 1	-	-	10	412 13 1	-	-	10	389 19 10	-	-
Cavan County	314	15,107 14 10	-	-	309	15,148 2 11	-	-	307	15,004 6 -	-	-	255	14,386 2 5	-	-
Clare "	407	20,070 8 -	-	-	427	20,691 12 4	-	-	413	21,246 13 3	7	106 6 9	376	20,234 14 8	3	56 10 10
Cork "	470	40,342 14 1	-	-	484	40,939 13 9	-	-	485	39,350 9 4	-	-	438	38,528 - 4	-	-
City - {W.R.	105	5,863 16 4	4	55 12 3	107	5,988 13 1	6	95 2 8	108	6,219 18 -	12	193 16 3	104	6,020 8 3	16	279 10 9
Donegal County	569	27,098 8 -	20	381 19 8	592	28,945 19 10	22	393 13 10	563	27,018 7 1	21	362 19 2	501	26,376 12 3	17	300 - 6
Down "	285	12,929 5 6	-	-	276	13,016 12 11	-	-	281	12,956 11 0	-	-	263	12,525 19 3	-	-
Dublin "	241	11,175 13 3	-	-	233	11,350 0 -	3	16 15 3	242	11,001 11 4	-	-	218	11,171 12 -	1	11 1 -
Fleetwood and Hyther Dist.	42	1,844 8 6	-	-	48	1,797 14 5	-	-	42	1,831 14 9	-	-	33	1,721 4 2	-	-
Drogheda Town	186	9,563 9 9	-	-	189	9,514 10 9	-	-	181	9,336 18 11	-	-	166	9,014 3 9	-	-
Fermanagh County	347	35,086 9 6	2	12 16 7	340	35,704 6 9	2	19 6 -	338	35,959 8 2	1	6 6 5	318	34,247 6 10	-	-
Galway "	358	2,737 6 3	-	-	351	2,720 13 -	-	-	347	2,734 19 4	-	-	67	2,744 5 -	-	-
" Town	281	14,963 17 6	-	-	276	14,607 18 7	-	-	276	14,700 1 11	-	-	255	14,239 15 -	-	-
Kerry County	303	14,593 14 7	-	-	298	14,264 13 10	-	-	264	13,523 17 10	-	-	230	12,971 19 1	-	-
Kildare "	371	17,070 17 5	-	-	367	17,799 9 10	-	-	365	17,827 3 3	-	-	338	17,980 17 5	-	-
Kilkenny "	63	2,734 15 -	-	-	58	2,773 3 6	-	-	53	2,738 7 8	-	-	48	2,711 13 5	-	-
King's County	311	16,084 3 1	15	219 10 7	330	16,021 14 8	55	970 6 6	318	15,648 7 8	-	-	304	15,396 14 7	-	-
Leitrim "	289	15,849 4 9	50	987 8 -	280	15,983 6 6	132	2,408 5 4	280	15,590 12 -	52	907 7 10	283	15,339 - 8	47	815 8 2
Limerick "	412	24,195 6 6	140	2,451 8 6	403	23,957 2 7	-	-	400	23,853 17 -	136	2,420 13 11	388	22,940 15 1	134	2,348 19 8
Lisburn City	79	3,927 11 4	-	-	73	3,920 1 3	4	24 8 7	83	4,032 8 7	3	57 1 7	83	3,893 7 7	1	10 4 11
Londonderry County and City	136	7,936 14 9	15	135 18 0	153	11,088 17 8	4	64 7 11	151	7,909 3 -	3	51 4 5	153	7,825 3 2	5	79 9 3
Longford County	208	10,294 3 11	3	52 13 0	223	11,088 17 8	4	64 7 11	211	10,897 - 2	-	-	200	10,267 13 5	2	30 14 8
Louth "	203	10,449 14 6	15	205 9 9	200	10,411 19 6	15	160 11 4	199	9,969 10 8	3	51 4 5	192	9,905 12 10	2	30 14 8
Mayo "	423	22,362 13 11	80	1,402 1 5	415	22,407 15 6	83	1,459 3 -	414	21,769 19 3	5	144 1 6	413	21,094 4 10	73	1,284 9 -
Meath "	306	16,198 10 4	16	292 14 3	302	16,293 6 9	16	376 12 2	292	16,054 - 11	80	1,421 2 -	275	15,850 14 6	8	134 12 11
Monaghan "	185	9,972 4 5	68	1,191 6 5	185	9,870 13 7	40	806 8 2	180	9,757 1 6	14	245 17 6	185	9,618 3 3	34	604 8 10
Queen's "	270	13,306 13 7	68	1,191 6 5	268	13,252 10 2	40	806 8 2	267	13,174 4 11	-	-	261	12,628 6 1	-	-
Roscommon "	300	20,355 15 6	68	1,191 6 5	293	21,069 13 4	40	806 8 2	293	20,049 - 4	39	682 - 2	290	20,290 18 1	34	604 8 10
Siligo "	243	11,933 17 9	-	-	238	12,142 4 8	-	-	236	12,234 4 9	-	-	230	12,365 14 8	-	-
Tipperary "	339	46,985 1 10	231	4,054 - 3	334	44,771 5 4	231	4,036 18 9	333	46,811 9 2	229	4,013 - 7	321	45,223 10 6	221	3,981 6 3
Tyrone "	261	12,784 1 -	66	1,154 14 8	264	12,850 3 2	64	1,124 - 1	253	12,471 4 9	70	1,227 18 3	255	12,566 9 3	118	1,400 10 7
Waterford "	226	11,477 3 3	25	436 2 8	234	11,784 3 9	21	301 9 11	232	11,513 4 9	91	305 17 9	227	11,434 17 10	16	286 17 1
City - {S.R.	71	3,668 4 10	-	-	70	3,600 16 5	-	-	68	3,049 12 9	-	-	66	3,512 18 3	2	74 - 5
Westmeath County	280	15,108 5 11	21	362 19 1	297	16,177 11 9	15	113 13 10	288	14,994 8 9	12	218 1 4	293	15,060 8 6	2	74 - 5
Wexford "	283	14,801 4 1	-	-	280	15,136 1 11	-	-	281	14,764 12 10	-	-	277	13,792 10 6	-	-
Wicklow "	212	11,474 2 4	9	165 7 7	211	11,407 18 7	0	152 4 2	219	11,690 - 5	4	132 18 9	208	11,585 13 4	10	273 13 8
Depot -	345	12,373 6 6	-	-	311	13,243 4 10	-	-	316	14,962 19 3	-	-	273	18,792 1 4	-	-
Reserve -	369	18,970 3 10	-	-	356	19,570 17 1	-	-	365	19,840 15 2	-	-	254	16,345 17 11	-	-
TOTALS	11,600	599,940 17 -	808	14,097 15 3	11,570	599,434 9 7	757	12,783 4 1	12,234	598,483 3 6	730	12,886 6 -	11,039	588,761 7 8	715	11,988 11 4

Edward Smith.

Dublin Castle, 28 June 1865.

— No. 3. —

RETURN of the Number of the CONSTABULARY FORCE of all Ranks appointed by the Lord Lieutenant to act as REVENUE POLICE; and, also any Additional Pay or Reward assigned to each Rank for such Extra Duty:—

Number of Men.	Ranks.	Additional Pay or Reward Assigned to Each Rank.	REMARKS.
400	Constables and Sub-Constables.	- Nil. -	Rewards, in proportion to the number of seizures and arrests made, are periodically granted to the members of the Constabulary employed on Revenue duty, and which are distributed by the Inspector General at his discretion.

J. Stewart Wood,
Inspector General.

Constabulary Office, Dublin Castle,
30 June 1865.

CONSTABULARY (IRELAND).

RETURN of the Number of OFFICERS and MEN of the CONSTABULARY FORCE in each COUNTY in *Ireland*, in the Year 1846, stating the Amount for their Support charged to the Consolidated Fund, and Amount charged to each County, with the Totals for all *Ireland*; similar RETURNS for the successive Years from 1863 to 1865, stating in addition the Number of EXTRA POLICE of each Rank in each COUNTY in *Ireland*, and the Amount charged to each County for such Extra Police.

(*Colonel Dunne.*)

*Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
4 July 1865.*

452.

Under 1 oz.

TIPPERARY POLICE.

RETURN to an Order of the Honourable The House of Commons,
dated 12 June 1865;—for,

RETURN “of the Number of EXTRA POLICE Quartered in the County of
Tipperary since 1857 ; with Copy of the REQUISITIONS of MAGISTRATES upon
whose Authority, and by whose Desire, the Extra Force has been furnished.”

RETURN of EXTRA POLICE Quartered in the County of *Tipperary* since 1857.

SOUTH RIDING.

Strength of extra police on and after the 1st January 1858 to the present
date - - - - - 75

NORTH RIDING.

Strength of extra police on the 1st January 1858	-	-	-	-	0
“ “ “ 1st February 1858	-	-	-	-	100
“ “ “ 1st April 1858 to the present date	-	-	-	-	244

The number of extra police to be charged for was in each case diminished by
the number of vacancies in the Parliamentary quota and extra force combined.

COUNTY OF TIPPERARY, SOUTH RIDING

Sir,

29 October 1857.

I BEG to inform you that I called a meeting of the magistrates of the South
Riding of the county of Tipperary, to take into consideration the proposed
alteration in the police force of the Riding. There were 35 (thirty-five)
magistrates present, and a very large majority (twenty-seven to eight) were of
opinion that the Riding would require a constabulary force of 539 men, viz.,
464, as allowed under the new arrangement, and 75 men extra.

Shanbally, Clogheen.

I have, &c.
(signed) *Lismore.*

COUNTY OF TIPPERARY, NORTH RIDING.

Sir,

15 November 1857.

ACCORDING to the instructions of his Excellency the Earl of Carlisle, I called
a meeting of the magistrates of the North Riding of the county of Tipperary,
which meeting took place on November 11, and was attended by 56 magistrates,
of whom the majority were of opinion that the reduced constabulary force was
not sufficient to maintain the peace of the county. It was stated by several
magistrates, and it is also my opinion, from private information which I have
received, that Ribbonism exists, and is on the increase, in the North Riding of
the county. Enclosed are copies of the Resolutions passed at the meeting.

Shanbally, Clogheen.

I have, &c.
(signed) *Lismore.*

(Enclosure.)

Mr. Trant proposed, and Mr. Bayly seconded—

“THAT the Government be requested to restore the Constabulary Force in the North Riding of the county of Tipperary to the same state as it was previous to the reduction (564), and that all the stations be occupied as heretofore.”

Fifty-two (52) magistrates voted, as below, for—

Mr. TRANT'S Proposition.

FOR.		AGAINST.
Sir William Osborne.	W. Carroll.	Dunally.
Sir Thomas Dancer.	— Webb.	Lismore.
J. Bayly.	— Jackson.	W. Head.
R. Bayly.	A. Jackson.	J. Birch.
J. Minnitt.	J. O'Brien.	W. Ryan.
J. G. Stoney.	J. Lalor.	G. Atkinson.
G. Ryan.	W. Tuthill.	J. Lloyd.
Rev. J. Marshall.	J. Wilson.	J. B. Stoney.
Captain Otway.	G. Garvey.	Jn. Lenigan.
C. Clarke.	R. Gason.	— Dwyer.
J. Hackett.	N. Biddulp.	Caleb Goings.
R. M. Carden.	J. Gabbett.	R. Philips.
J. Brereton.	W. Smithwick.	J. Goings.
Colonel Knox.	Samuel Goings.	
Major Armstrong.	J. Saddleir.	
M. Maude.	R. Falkiner.	
J. Lenigan.	H. Saunders.	
J. Willington.	Bassett Holmes.	
J. Carden.	Fred. Lidwell.	

Proposed by Sir W. Osborne, Bart.; Seconded by John J. Lloyd, Esq.—

Resolved, THAT while we, as magistrates of the North Riding, are willing to tax ourselves very heavily rather than be deprived of a police force which we consider to be absolutely necessary for the preservation of peace in our county, yet, considering we have been hardly dealt with by the Act 20 & 21 Vict., which has reduced our force by 244 men, we would respectfully urge upon the Government to have that Act reconsidered in the next Session of Parliament, so that we may be placed in the same position in which we stood before the passing of said Act.

TIPPERARY POLICE.

RETURN of the Number of Extra Police
Quartered in the County of *Tipperary* since
1867; with Copy of the Requisitions of
MAGISTRATES upon whose Authority, and by
whose Desire, the Extra Force has been
furnished.

(*Mr. Bagwell.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
21 June 1865.

POLICE (SCOTLAND).

SEVENTH REPORT

OF

HER MAJESTY'S INSPECTOR OF CONSTABULARY OF SCOTLAND;

For the Year ended 15th March 1865.

Whitehall, }
6 May 1865. }

THOMAS GEORGE BARING.

(PRESENTED PURSUANT TO ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
23 May 1865.

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SEVENTH REPORT of Colonel John Kinloch, Her Majesty's Inspector of the Constabulary of Scotland, for the year ending 15th March 1865.

To the Right Honourable Sir George Grey, Bart., G.C.B., M.P., Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department.

Sir,

Logie, Kirriemuir, N. B., 25 April 1865.

I HAVE the honour to lay before you this, my Seventh Annual Report, on the state and efficiency of the Police Forces of the counties and burghs in Scotland.

I am enabled to report the police forces of all counties efficient, except that of Cromarty, which is too small to maintain one of its own, but it is willing and ready to unite with the adjoining county of Ross on fair terms, under the 4th section of the Act 20 & 21 Vict. c. 72.

There is great need of new police-stations, and improvements to those at present in use. Many of the serjeants and constables, with their families, are very badly lodged, and which has led to many good men leaving the service who would otherwise have remained; it also prevents many others, particularly those who are married, from entering the service at all.

New stations have been erected during last year:—In Aberdeenshire at Rosehearty: in Argyllshire at Oban, (in connection with a new Court-house): in Ayrshire at Kilwinning, (for two resident constables, and accommodation for more when required on any pressing occasion): in Dumfries-shire at Minniehive, (and another is about to be built at Langholm): in Mid-Lothian one at Midcalder, (others are to be built at West Calder and Jockslodge): in Inverness-shire one at Kingussie, (in connection with a new Court-house, and another is to be built at Fort William): in Kirkcudbrightshire at Gatehouse: in Perthshire at Blackford and Pitlochrie: in Ross-shire at Dingwall, (others are to be provided immediately at Tain, Jeantown, Fortrose, Poolewe, Stornaway, and Ullapool). In Caithness-shire a new station is to be built at Lybster.

Many of the lock-ups and cells still made use of are unprovided with any means of keeping them properly dry or warm, so that in damp and cold weather they are unfit for the reception of even the lowest and worst class of prisoners: some persons are taken into custody merely on suspicion, who are afterwards found to be innocent of the offences with which they were charged, after a worse imprisonment than is awarded to convicts in a jail or prison for the most serious crimes.

To the list of burghs that are reported efficient above 5,000 inhabitants, I am able to add Johnstone, in Renfrewshire. Dumfries is now the only burgh that I have to report inefficient with a population exceeding 5,000, (owing to the opposition of the Commissioners of Police to the magistrates and others who were in favour of an increase to the force to entitle it to be reported in a state of efficiency).

No improvement has been made in the smaller burghs under 5,000 inhabitants, except Forres, which I am enabled this year to add to the list of those that are efficient.

These small burghs might with advantage to the public unite with the police forces of their respective counties, but the authorities cling to the power of appointing their one or two constables, who are in some cases the men who

clean the streets, and perform other menial duties inconsistent with the position of police constables of the present day.

The number of resignations, desertions, and dismissals is greater this year than usual, particularly in the large burghs and cities.

This is owing very much to the great prosperity of some trades and professions, where higher wages, with more liberty to do as they like, and less discipline to submit to, have induced many men to resign, and even to desert, in order to obtain immediate employment rather than wait till the usual time of warning, or notice to leave was completed. Many of the young, active, and well-educated men who are particularly eligible for the police service, are tempted to resign rather than serve for years in the third or fourth class of a police force, even after they have acquired a knowledge of their duties and are quite eligible for first class pay, but must wait for vacancies in the too limited number of that class. It is in the lowest class that the changes by resignation chiefly occur; those who rise to the first class are generally satisfied and remain permanently, particularly in those counties and burghs where there are good lodgings provided either rent free or at a moderate charge. The difficulty of getting lodgings, and the authorities giving no assistance in procuring them, particularly for those who come from the country, with their families, drive the men to seek employment elsewhere, and in some other service. If houses were provided and sublet to the constables, as to some extent in Glasgow and Dundee, they would be gladly occupied by them; and this great boon can be conferred on them without expense to the ratepayers, as the rent would be deducted from their pay.

The best means of checking the present serious extent of changes in the police force in this country would be—

1st. To remove the limit of numbers in the first and second classes, or, at all events, to extend it, on certain conditions, to those men whom the chief officers of the forces consider thoroughly deserving of promotion, rather than run the risk of losing them altogether. This may safely be left to the chief officers, as they are not likely to promote undeserving men, and should also have the power of reducing those men who do not fulfil the expectations for which they were promoted.

A constable who thoroughly knows his duty and enjoys the confidence of his chief officer and employers is better worth first class pay (say 1*l.* per week) than a recruit, who takes his place on resignation, and ignorant of his duties, is worth his 15*s.* or 16*s.*, and the latter may perhaps also resign as soon as he has learned his duty on seeing no prospect of promotion for many years.

2d. By allowing promotion, or at all events an increase of pay, to those who have served and conducted themselves well for a certain period of years (say five). This has been adopted in Dumfries-shire, and is under consideration in other counties and burghs. A merit class of 21*s.* per week for constables has been established in Ayrshire, Lanarkshire, and Mid-Lothian, also in Edinburgh, Glasgow, and Greenock. The serjeants form a most important class, and their pay should always be at least 2*s.* per week above that of first class constables.

Reserve force.

The numerous changes show the absolute necessity of having a reserve force of a few constables at head quarters to acquire a knowledge of their duties before being sent to a beat or station; and this is of much more consequence in a county than in a burgh force, as in the former they are frequently far out of reach of their head quarters, or even of another constable, while in burghs they cannot be far off, and can at once get advice or assistance when required. About 3 to 4 per cent. of a police force would generally be sufficient, and ratepayers can hardly complain of this as an extra expense, for, owing to the frequent changes, their police force is not maintained to its authorised strength, an interval of weeks sometimes occurring until a vacancy can be filled up by a properly qualified constable, during which time the beat or station is deprived of proper police protection.

Superannuation fund.

The establishment of a superannuation fund, as in the police in England, would

have as good an effect as a rise of pay. The police in Scotland is the only branch of the public service for which no superannuation fund or pension is provided for those who have spent the best part of their lives in it. Greenock is the only force in Scotland that has established one.

The protection of salmon fishings by means of the constabulary in the counties of Berwick, Dumfries, Inverness, Nairn, Peebles, Roxburgh, and Selkirk, has been satisfactorily carried out during last year. Police protection of salmon fishing.

The number of cases prosecuted, and the amount of fines and expenses of prosecuting, exceed that of the year before.

The following is a return of cases of convictions, and amount of fines and expenses of prosecution, for salmon poaching, as reported to me:—

COUNTIES.	Convictions.	Fines and Expenses.
		£. s. d.
Berwickshire - - - - -	66	144 16 6
Inverness-shire - - - - -	1	2 - -
Peebles-shire - - - - -	29	246 14 7
Roxburghshire - - - - -	74	114 8 9
Selkirkshire - - - - -	80	99 6 -
TOTAL - - - - -	200	£.607 - 10

In some burghs the police have been organised with the fire brigades; in others, they merely take charge of the keys of the engine house, and have the engines, reels of hose, &c., ready in good order to turn out at a moment's notice—duties for which the police appear to be particularly well-suited, and in which their assistance may be of the greatest use in the preservation of life and property. I am of opinion that this should be generally adopted in all burghs, as at Liverpool and many of the large towns in the north of England, as reported by Colonel Woodford, the Inspector of Constabulary of that district. Fire brigades.

The inspection of weights and measures has been placed in the hands of the police forces of most of the counties in Scotland within the last few years, and gives very general satisfaction. Inspection of weights and measures.

The establishment of a "Police Gazette" for Scotland, for the information of the police and all persons concerned or employed in the detection of crime, would be very useful to them, and of great advantage to the public. Police Gazette.

The clothing of the police is now generally good enough. Leather leggings, somewhat similar to those worn by Infantry regiments, have been supplied to the county forces, with the exception of Argyleshire and Ross-shire. The Ayrshire, Greenock, and Maryhill forces have adopted the new uniform and headdress of the Metropolitan Police, and the men are well satisfied with them. Clothing.

Vagrancy continues to be seriously complained of throughout the whole of Scotland, from Caithness to the Borders, and Galloway. Vagrancy.

The number of cases reported by the police during last year amounted to 59,254, being 2,690 less than the year before. The increase in 13 counties amounts to 3,741; while the decrease in 18, is 6,431, showing on the whole a decrease of 2,690 cases. As some are reported more than once in the same county, the actual number of persons may be estimated at about one-third, or 20,000 persons. It is impossible to ascertain the exact number of persons reported as vagrants, as they sometimes give different names in the same county, and change their dress and appearance, so that it is difficult to recognise them. Many of these vagrants trade with "wee pawns," and receivers of stolen goods in towns and villages that are not sufficiently under police inspection.

A serious feature in this system of vagrancy is the great proportion of children, who are brought up from their very infancy as tramps and vagabonds, with little or no education. Legislation is loudly called for to check the vagrancy in Scotland, and particularly the continuance of juvenile vagabondism.

The number of officers and constables in counties amounts to 966 (being 13 more than the year before), or one to 1,888 inhabitants.

In burghs to 1,737 (being 39 more than the year before), or one to 678.

Total, 2,703, or 1 to 1,109 according to the census of 1861 (excluding the county of Orkney and Shetland).

I have, &c.
(signed) *John Kinloch.*

LIST of BURGHS that have United with their respective Counties, in Terms of the 61st Section of the Act 20 & 21 Vict. c. 72.

No.	BURGH.	COUNTY.	Population in 1861.	REMARKS.
1	Burntisland - - -	Fife - - -	3,146	Royal Burgh.
2	Campbeltown - - -	Argyle - - -	6,042	- ditto.
3	Cupar - - -	Fife - - -	5,029	- ditto.
4	Dysart - - -	- ditto - - -	8,067	- ditto.
5	Jedburgh - - -	Roxburgh - - -	3,429	- ditto.
6	Kirkcaldy - - -	Fife - - -	10,861	- ditto.
7	Maybole - - -	Ayr - - -	4,114	Burgh of Barony.
8	Musselburgh - - -	Edinburgh - - -	7,422	Royal Burgh.
9	Port Glasgow - - -	Renfrew - - -	7,214	- ditto.
10	Portobello - - -	Edinburgh - - -	4,366	Burgh of Barony.
11	St. Andrews - - -	Fife - - -	5,176	Royal Burgh.
12	Wishaw - - -	Lanark - - -	7,667	Burgh of Barony.

LIST of BURGHS that have Merged into their respective Counties, and been formed into separate Police Districts, in Terms of the 58th Section of the Statute.

No.	BURGH.	COUNTY.	Population in 1861.	REMARKS.
1	Dunfermline* - - -	Fife - - -	5,108	Parliamentary Burgh.
2	Peterhead - - -	Aberdeen - - -	7,519	Royal Burgh.
3	Rutherglen - - -	Lanark - - -	8,474	- ditto.
4	Thurso - - -	Caithness - - -	2,400	Burgh of Barony.

* The Royal Burgh of Dunfermline maintains a police of its own.

CITIES and BURGHS reported Efficient, above 5,000 Inhabitants.

No.	CITIES AND BURGHS.	COUNTIES.	Population in 1861.	No.	CITIES AND BURGHS.	COUNTIES.	Population in 1861.
1	Aberdeen - -	Aberdeen -	62,060	16	Greenock - -	Renfrew - -	42,100
2	Airdrie - -	Lanark - -	12,918	17	Hamilton - -	Lanark - -	10,686
3	Alloa - -	Clackmannan -	6,440	18	Hawick - -	Roxburgh - -	10,684
4	Arbroath - -	Forfar - -	17,657	19	Inverness - -	Inverness - -	12,499
5	Ayr - -	Ayr - -	8,210	20	Johnstone - -	Renfrew - -	7,007
6	Brechin - -	Forfar - -	7,180	21	Kilmarnock - -	Ayr - -	20,698
7	Dumbarton - -	Dumbarton -	8,253	22	Kirkintilloch -	Dumbarton -	7,486
8	Dundee - -	Forfar - -	90,425	23	Leith - -	Edinburgh -	33,628
9	Dunfermline -	Fife - -	8,401	24	Maryhill - -	Lanark - -	5,225
10	Edinburgh - -	Edinburgh -	168,098	25	Montrose - -	Forfar - -	14,563
11	Elgin - -	Elgin - -	7,543	26	Paisley - -	Renfrew - -	47,419
12	Forfar - -	Forfar - -	9,258	27	Partick - -	Lanark - -	10,917
13	Galashiels - -	Selkirk - -	6,424	28	Perth - -	Perth - -	23,000
14	Glasgow - -	Lanark - -	403,276	29	Rothsay - -	Bute - -	7,122
15	Govan - -	- ditto - -	12,092	30	Stirling - -	Stirling - -	13,714

BURGHS reported Efficient, under 5,000 Inhabitants.

No.	BURGHS.	COUNTY.	Population in 1861.
1	Banff - - -	Banff - - -	3,939
2	Dunbar - - -	Haddington - - -	3,796
3	Forres - - -	Elgin - - -	3,508
4	Helensburgh - -	Dumbarton - - -	4,749
5	Renfrew - - -	Renfrew - - -	3,731

BURGHS reported Inefficient, above 5,000 Inhabitants.

No.	BURGHS.	COUNTY.	Population in 1861.
1	Dumfries - - -	Dumfries - - -	10,440

BURGHs reported Inefficient, under 5,000 Inhabitants.

No.	BURGH.	COUNTY.	Population in 1861.
1	Annan - - - -	Dumfries - - - -	3,473
2	Ardrossan - - - -	Ayr - - - -	2,951
3	Blairgowrie - - - -	Perth - - - -	3,600
4	Cromarty - - - -	Cromarty - - - -	1,491
5	Diugwall - - - -	Ross - - - -	2,084
6	Fraserburgh - - - -	Aberdeen - - - -	3,130
7	Haddington - - - -	Haddington - - - -	3,897
8	Kelso - - - -	Roxburgh - - - -	4,309
9	Kirriemuir - - - -	Forfar - - - -	3,426
10	Macduff - - - -	Banff - - - -	3,067
11	Maxwelltown - - - -	Kirkcudbright - - - -	3,646
12	Nairn - - - -	Nairn - - - -	3,437
13	Newburgh - - - -	Fife - - - -	2,300
14	Pulteneytown - - - -	Caithness - - - -	5,000
15	Stranraer - - - -	Wigtown - - - -	3,980
16	Wick - - - -	Caithness - - - -	2,000

RETURN of Vagrants, Tinkers, and Unlicensed Hawkers, reported by the Constabulary in their respective Counties during last Year, to 15th March 1864.

COUNTIES.	Number.	Increase	Decrease	Children.	REMARKS.
		Since last Year.			
1. Aberdeen - -	2,359	-	303	1,015	No separate return of children.
2. Argyle - -	2,013	-	839	-	
3. Ayr - -	12,478	928	-	1,365	
4. Banff - -	545	-	163	224	
5. Berwick - -	1,211	244	-	476	Ditto.
6. Bute - -	36	5	-	10	
7. Caithness - -	620	102	-	-	
8. Clackmannan - -	450	-	25	193	
9. Cromarty - -	-	-	-	-	No police.
10. Dumbarton - -	2,010	-	29	593	
11. Dumfries - -	5,623	-	570	1,456	
12. Edinburgh - -	1,282	171	-	480	
13. Elgin or Moray - -	1,236	-	41	008	No separate return of children.
14. Fife - -	1,917	-	122	-	
15. Forfar - -	2,267	528	-	-	
16. Haddington - -	1,201	-	444	122	
17. Inverness - -	1,404	734	-	696	Ditto.
18. Kincardine - -	562	-	102	156	
19. Kinross - -	346	-	33	87	
20. Kirkcudbright - -	4,883	-	954	1,128	
21. Lanark - -	3,543	-	1,560	849	Ditto.
22. Linlithgow - -	870	472	-	-	
23. Nairn - -	290	86	-	-	
24. Peebles - -	458	-	67	160	
25. Perth - -	4,694	357	-	1,700	Ditto.
26. Renfrew - -	1,966	-	920	441	
27. Ross - -	244	-	110	-	
28. Roxburgh - -	1,865	17	-	-	
29. Selkirk - -	549	-	85	-	Ditto.
30. Stirling - -	1,225	-	64	295	
31. Sutherland - -	326	29	-	-	
32. Wigton - -	1,281	68	-	200	
TOTAL - - -	59,254	3,741	6,431	12,263	
Decrease since last Year - -		-	2,690		

Appendix (A).

RATE OF PAY OF OFFICERS, SERJEANTS, and CONSTABLES in the COUNTY POLICE FORCES in Scotland.

COUNTIES.	Population in 1861.	Area in Square Acres.	Strength of Police Force.	Population to One Constable.	Officers, Sergeants, and Constables.						Pay of Officers per Annum.			Pay of Constables per Week.										REMARKS.
					Chief Constable.	Superintendent.	Inspector.	Detectives.	Sergeants.	Constables.	Chief Constable.	Superintendent.	Inspector.	Sergeants.		Constables.								
														1st Class.	2d Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.				
1. Aberdeen	186,439	1,270,740	69	2,267	1	1	7	-	5	55	£. 300	£. 130	£. 75	s. 23	s. 21	s. 19	s. 17	s. 16	s. 14	-	1 And 50 l. for travelling expenses.			
2. Argyll	79,724	2,083,126	44	1,812	1	2	2	1	3	35	£. 200	£. 91	£. 65	s. 21	-	s. 18	s. 16	s. 11	s. 2	-	1 And horse and travelling expenses.			
3. Ayr	167,103	650,156	87	1,920	1	2	4	4	10	66	£. 300	£. 115	£. 70	s. 24	s. 22	s. 21	s. 19	s. 6	s. 17	s. 15	1 And 50 l. for travelling expenses; 2 and 40 l. for a horse.			
4. Banff	52,149	439,219	17	3,067	1	1	-	-	2	13	£. 200	£. 80	-	s. 21	-	s. 17	s. 16	s. 15	-	-	1 And 50 l. for horse and travelling expenses.			
5. Berwick	36,613	309,375	22	1,664	1	1	-	-	5	16	£. 250	£. 65	-	s. 23	-	s. 20	s. 18	s. 6	s. 17	-	1 Including 50 l. for horse and travelling.			
6. Bute	9,209	109,375	7	1,315	1	-	-	-	1	5	£. 105	-	-	s. 21	-	s. 19	s. 18	s. 6	s. 17	s. 6	-			
7. Caithness	35,000	455,708	14	2,500	1	-	-	-	3	10	£. 200	-	-	s. 23	s. 21	s. 18	s. 16	s. 3	s. 15	-	-			
8. Clackmannan	15,010	29,744	7	2,144	1	1	-	-	-	6	£. 40	£. 120	-	-	-	s. 18	s. 17	-	-	-	1 Including keep of a horse; 2 and 30 l. for a horse.			
9. Cromarty	2,267	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	s. 18	s. 17	-	-	-	1 And 5 l. for travelling expenses.			
10. Dumbarton	31,566	189,844	21	1,503	1	1	1	-	3	16	£. 200	£. 80	-	s. 25	s. 23	s. 19	s. 17	s. 6	s. 16	-	1 No police force.			
11. Dumfries	61,983	722,813	32	1,936	1	1	1	1	4	24	£. 390	£. 100	£. 65	s. 22	s. 21	s. 18	s. 17	-	-	-	1 And travelling expenses.			
12. Edinburgh	72,248	254,300	46	1,570	1	1	4	-	4	36	£. 400	£. 100	£. 70	s. 23	s. 22	s. 21	s. 20	-	s. 18	s. 16	1 And free house or lodging money.			
13. Elgin or Moray	31,644	340,000	13	2,433	1	-	-	-	2	10	£. 200	-	-	s. 21	-	s. 19	s. 17	s. 16	-	-	1 Including 50 l. for travelling expenses.			
14. Fife	144,070	322,031	58	2,483	1	1	3	1	5	47	£. 300	£. 91	£. 70	s. 21	s. 20	s. 19	s. 17	s. 6	s. 16	s. 16	1 Including 50 l. for travelling expenses.			
15. Forfar	61,917	568,750	30	2,063	1	2	2	-	3	22	£. 300	£. 80	£. 70	s. 23	-	s. 20	s. 19	s. 6	s. 18	s. 16	1 Including 50 l. for a horse.			
16. Haddington	29,941	185,937	25	1,197	1	1	-	-	3	20	£. 250	£. 80	-	s. 23	-	s. 20	s. 18	s. 6	s. 17	-	1 Including travelling expenses.			
17. Inverness	76,389	2,723,501	36	2,120	1	1	3	-	2	29	£. 250	£. 65	£. 60	s. 20	-	s. 17	s. 16	s. 15	s. 15	-	1 And travelling expenses.			
18. Kincairdine	34,466	252,250	15	2,297	1	-	-	-	3	11	£. 150	-	-	s. 22	s. 21	s. 19	s. 17	s. 17	s. 16	-	-			
19. Kinross	7,977	49,531	5	1,595	1	1	-	-	-	4	£. 30	£. 75	-	-	-	s. 18	s. 17	-	-	-	-			
20. Kirkcubright	38,849	610,734	18	2,158	1	1	-	-	1	15	£. 225	£. 75	-	s. 31	-	s. 20	s. 18	s. 16	-	-	1 And 5 l. travelling expense; 2 and free house.			
21. Lanark	176,452	593,680	143	1,233	1	5	6	-	18	113	£. 400	£. 190	£. 80	s. 24	-	s. 21	s. 19	s. 18	-	-	1 Including horse-keep; 2 and free house.			
22. Linlithgow	38,645	64,375	20	1,932	1	1	-	-	2	16	£. 185	£. 67	£. 12	s. 23	-	s. 19	s. 17	-	-	-	1 Including keep of a horse.			
23. Nairn	6,628	137,500	5	1,325	1	-	-	-	-	4	£. 100	-	-	s. 23	-	s. 19	s. 17	-	s. 15	-	1 Including 30 l. for a horse.			
24. Peebles	11,408	226,488	8	1,426	1	-	-	-	1	6	£. 200	-	-	s. 22	s. 22	s. 17	-	-	s. 15	-	-			
25. Perth	106,900	1,814,063	55	1,943	1	1	2	2	8	41	£. 250	£. 80	£. 71	s. 24	s. 22	s. 18	s. 6	s. 17	s. 16	s. 16	1 And 40 l. for travelling expenses.			
26. Renfrew	77,304	150,000	39	1,982	1	1	4	-	7	26	£. 250	£. 78	£. 72	s. 22	-	s. 20	s. 18	s. 16	s. 16	-	-			
27. Ross	75,564	2,016,375	26	2,906	1	2	1	-	2	20	£. 250	£. 75	£. 60	s. 20	-	s. 17	s. 16	s. 15	-	-	-			
28. Roxburgh	39,114	460,938	34	1,150	1	1	-	-	4	28	£. 300	£. 85	-	s. 22	-	s. 19	s. 17	s. 16	s. 15	-	1 And 30 l. for keep of a horse.			
29. Selkirk	7,449	170,313	9	827	1	-	-	-	1	7	£. 105	-	-	s. 22	-	s. 18	-	-	-	-	1 Including keep of a horse; 2 and free house.			
30. Stirling	78,212	295,875	35	2,120	1	2	-	-	5	28	£. 200	£. 90	-	s. 23	-	s. 19	s. 18	s. 16	s. 17	s. 17	1 Exclusive of horse-keep; 2 and free house.			
31. Sutherland	25,246	1,207,188	9	2,805	1	-	-	-	1	7	£. 200	-	-	s. 20	-	s. 18	s. 16	s. 6	-	-	1 And travelling expenses.			
32. Wigton	38,115	327,815	16	2,382	1	1	-	-	1	13	£. 175	£. 65	-	s. 22	-	s. 20	s. 17	s. 17	-	-	1 And 25 l. for travelling expenses; 2 and free houses.			
TOTAL	1,825,601	-	966	1,888	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			

John Kinloch.

Appendix (B.)

RATE OF PAY OF OFFICERS, SERJEANTS, and CONSTABLES in the BURGH POLICE FORCES in Scotland.

No.	BURGHS.	COUNTY.	Population in 1861.	Strength of Police Force.	Population to One Constable.	Officers and Constables.						Pay of Officers per Annum.				Pay of Constables per Week.					REMARKS.				
						Chief Constables.	Superintendents.	Lieutenants.	Inspectors.	Detectors.	Serjeants.	Constables.	Chief Constable.	Superintendent.	Lieutenants.	Inspectors.	Detectors.	Serjeants.		Constables.					
																		1st Class.	2d Class.	1st Class.		2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.
1	Aberdeen	Aberdeen	62,000	88	704	1	1	2	-	2	7	76	£.	200	£. s. d. { 85 - } 75 - }	£. s. d. { 24 - } 24 - }	£. s. d. { 23 - } 23 - }	£. s. d. { 21 - } 21 - }	£. s. d. { 19 - } 19 - }	£. s. d. { 17 6 - } 17 6 - }	£. s. d. { 16 - } 16 - }	£. s. d. { 15 - } 15 - }	£. s. d. { 14 - } 14 - }	£. s. d. { 13 - } 13 - }	And free houses.
2	Alloa	Clackmannan	6,440	4	1,610	1	1	1	-	1	1	2	£.	80	£. s. d. { 54 12 - } 54 12 - }	£. s. d. { 24 - } 24 - }	£. s. d. { 21 - } 21 - }	£. s. d. { 19 - } 19 - }	£. s. d. { 17 6 - } 17 6 - }	£. s. d. { 16 - } 16 - }	£. s. d. { 15 - } 15 - }	£. s. d. { 14 - } 14 - }	£. s. d. { 13 - } 13 - }	And free houses.	
3	Airdrie	Lanark	12,918	11	1,174	1	1	1	-	1	1	8	£.	140	£. s. d. { 54 12 - } 54 12 - }	£. s. d. { 24 - } 24 - }	£. s. d. { 21 - } 21 - }	£. s. d. { 19 - } 19 - }	£. s. d. { 17 6 - } 17 6 - }	£. s. d. { 16 - } 16 - }	£. s. d. { 15 - } 15 - }	£. s. d. { 14 - } 14 - }	£. s. d. { 13 - } 13 - }	And free houses.	
4	Annan	Dumfries	8,473	1	3,473	1	1	3	-	1	10	130	£.	130	£. s. d. { 54 12 - } 54 12 - }	£. s. d. { 24 - } 24 - }	£. s. d. { 21 4 - } 21 4 - }	£. s. d. { 18 4 - } 18 4 - }	£. s. d. { 17 4 - } 17 4 - }	£. s. d. { 16 4 - } 16 4 - }	£. s. d. { 15 - } 15 - }	£. s. d. { 14 - } 14 - }	£. s. d. { 13 - } 13 - }	And free houses.	
5	Arbroath	Forfar	17,657	14	1,261	1	1	1	-	1	1	1	£.	90	£. s. d. { 54 12 - } 54 12 - }	£. s. d. { 24 - } 24 - }	£. s. d. { 21 - } 21 - }	£. s. d. { 19 - } 19 - }	£. s. d. { 17 6 - } 17 6 - }	£. s. d. { 16 - } 16 - }	£. s. d. { 15 - } 15 - }	£. s. d. { 14 - } 14 - }	£. s. d. { 13 - } 13 - }	And free houses.	
6	Ardrossan	Ayr	2,951	1	2,951	1	1	1	-	1	2	7	£.	90	£. s. d. { 54 12 - } 54 12 - }	£. s. d. { 24 - } 24 - }	£. s. d. { 21 - } 21 - }	£. s. d. { 19 - } 19 - }	£. s. d. { 17 6 - } 17 6 - }	£. s. d. { 16 - } 16 - }	£. s. d. { 15 - } 15 - }	£. s. d. { 14 - } 14 - }	£. s. d. { 13 - } 13 - }	And free houses.	
7	Ayr	Ayr	8,219	10	821	1	1	1	-	1	2	7	£.	90	£. s. d. { 54 12 - } 54 12 - }	£. s. d. { 24 - } 24 - }	£. s. d. { 21 - } 21 - }	£. s. d. { 19 - } 19 - }	£. s. d. { 17 6 - } 17 6 - }	£. s. d. { 16 - } 16 - }	£. s. d. { 15 - } 15 - }	£. s. d. { 14 - } 14 - }	£. s. d. { 13 - } 13 - }	And free houses.	
8	Banff	Banff	3,939	3	1,313	1	1	1	-	1	1	2	£.	75 18 6	£. s. d. { 54 12 - } 54 12 - }	£. s. d. { 24 - } 24 - }	£. s. d. { 21 - } 21 - }	£. s. d. { 19 - } 19 - }	£. s. d. { 17 6 - } 17 6 - }	£. s. d. { 16 - } 16 - }	£. s. d. { 15 - } 15 - }	£. s. d. { 14 - } 14 - }	£. s. d. { 13 - } 13 - }	And free houses.	
9	Blairgowrie	Perth	3,600	1	3,600	1	1	1	-	1	1	1	£.	75	£. s. d. { 54 12 - } 54 12 - }	£. s. d. { 24 - } 24 - }	£. s. d. { 21 - } 21 - }	£. s. d. { 19 - } 19 - }	£. s. d. { 17 6 - } 17 6 - }	£. s. d. { 16 - } 16 - }	£. s. d. { 15 - } 15 - }	£. s. d. { 14 - } 14 - }	£. s. d. { 13 - } 13 - }	And free houses.	
10	Brechin	Forfar	7,180	6	1,186	1	1	1	-	1	1	4	£.	75	£. s. d. { 54 12 - } 54 12 - }	£. s. d. { 24 - } 24 - }	£. s. d. { 21 - } 21 - }	£. s. d. { 19 - } 19 - }	£. s. d. { 17 6 - } 17 6 - }	£. s. d. { 16 - } 16 - }	£. s. d. { 15 - } 15 - }	£. s. d. { 14 - } 14 - }	£. s. d. { 13 - } 13 - }	And free houses.	
11	Cromarty	Cromarty	1,491	1	1,491	1	1	1	-	1	1	1	£.	-	£. s. d. { 54 12 - } 54 12 - }	£. s. d. { 24 - } 24 - }	£. s. d. { 21 - } 21 - }	£. s. d. { 19 - } 19 - }	£. s. d. { 17 6 - } 17 6 - }	£. s. d. { 16 - } 16 - }	£. s. d. { 15 - } 15 - }	£. s. d. { 14 - } 14 - }	£. s. d. { 13 - } 13 - }	And free house and gas.	
12	Dingwall	Ross	2,084	2	1,042	1	1	1	-	1	1	2	£.	-	£. s. d. { 54 12 - } 54 12 - }	£. s. d. { 24 - } 24 - }	£. s. d. { 21 - } 21 - }	£. s. d. { 19 - } 19 - }	£. s. d. { 17 6 - } 17 6 - }	£. s. d. { 16 - } 16 - }	£. s. d. { 15 - } 15 - }	£. s. d. { 14 - } 14 - }	£. s. d. { 13 - } 13 - }	And free house and gas.	
13	Dumbarton	Dumbarton	8,253	7	1,179	1	1	1	-	1	1	5	£.	110	£. s. d. { 54 12 - } 54 12 - }	£. s. d. { 24 - } 24 - }	£. s. d. { 22 - } 22 - }	£. s. d. { 19 - } 19 - }	£. s. d. { 17 6 - } 17 6 - }	£. s. d. { 16 - } 16 - }	£. s. d. { 15 - } 15 - }	£. s. d. { 14 - } 14 - }	£. s. d. { 13 - } 13 - }	And free house and gas.	
14	Dumfries	Dumfries	10,440	7	1,491	1	1	1	-	1	1	5	£.	80	£. s. d. { 54 12 - } 54 12 - }	£. s. d. { 24 - } 24 - }	£. s. d. { 21 - } 21 - }	£. s. d. { 19 - } 19 - }	£. s. d. { 17 6 - } 17 6 - }	£. s. d. { 16 - } 16 - }	£. s. d. { 15 - } 15 - }	£. s. d. { 14 - } 14 - }	£. s. d. { 13 - } 13 - }	And free house and gas.	
15	Dunbar	Haddington	3,796	3	1,265	1	1	1	-	1	1	2	£.	165	£. s. d. { 54 12 - } 54 12 - }	£. s. d. { 24 - } 24 - }	£. s. d. { 22 - } 22 - }	£. s. d. { 18 - } 18 - }	£. s. d. { 17 - } 17 - }	£. s. d. { 16 - } 16 - }	£. s. d. { 15 - } 15 - }	£. s. d. { 14 - } 14 - }	£. s. d. { 13 - } 13 - }	And free house and gas.	
16	Dundee	Forfar	90,425	114	798	1	1	2	4	2	8	97	£.	275	£. s. d. { 54 12 - } 54 12 - }	£. s. d. { 24 - } 24 - }	£. s. d. { 23 - } 23 - }	£. s. d. { 20 - } 20 - }	£. s. d. { 18 6 - } 18 6 - }	£. s. d. { 17 - } 17 - }	£. s. d. { 16 - } 16 - }	£. s. d. { 15 - } 15 - }	£. s. d. { 14 - } 14 - }	And free houses.	
17	Dunfermline	Fife	8,401	8	1,401	1	1	1	-	1	1	5	£.	100	£. s. d. { 54 12 - } 54 12 - }	£. s. d. { 24 - } 24 - }	£. s. d. { 23 - } 23 - }	£. s. d. { 18 - } 18 - }	£. s. d. { 17 - } 17 - }	£. s. d. { 16 - } 16 - }	£. s. d. { 15 - } 15 - }	£. s. d. { 14 - } 14 - }	£. s. d. { 13 - } 13 - }	And free houses.	
18	Edinburgh	Edinburgh	168,098	351	478	1	1	4	3	10	30	303	£.	1400	£. s. d. { 54 12 - } 54 12 - }	£. s. d. { 24 - } 24 - }	£. s. d. { 26 - } 26 - }	£. s. d. { 21 - } 21 - }	£. s. d. { 20 - } 20 - }	£. s. d. { 18 - } 18 - }	£. s. d. { 16 - } 16 - }	£. s. d. { 15 6 - } 15 6 - }	£. s. d. { 15 - } 15 - }	And free houses.	
19	Elgin	Elgin	7,543	6	1,257	1	1	1	-	1	1	4	£.	75	£. s. d. { 54 12 - } 54 12 - }	£. s. d. { 24 - } 24 - }	£. s. d. { 20 - } 20 - }	£. s. d. { 18 - } 18 - }	£. s. d. { 16 - } 16 - }	£. s. d. { 15 - } 15 - }	£. s. d. { 14 - } 14 - }	£. s. d. { 13 - } 13 - }	And free houses.		
20	Forfar	Forfar	9,258	6	1,543	1	1	1	-	1	1	4	£.	100	£. s. d. { 54 12 - } 54 12 - }	£. s. d. { 24 - } 24 - }	£. s. d. { 30 6 - } 30 6 - }	£. s. d. { 18 - } 18 - }	£. s. d. { 16 - } 16 - }	£. s. d. { 15 6 - } 15 6 - }	£. s. d. { 15 - } 15 - }	£. s. d. { 14 - } 14 - }	£. s. d. { 13 - } 13 - }	And free houses.	
21	Forres	Elgin	3,508	2	1,754	1	1	1	-	1	1	1	£.	48	£. s. d. { 54 12 - } 54 12 - }	£. s. d. { 24 - } 24 - }	£. s. d. { 17 - } 17 - }	£. s. d. { 18 - } 18 - }	£. s. d. { 16 - } 16 - }	£. s. d. { 15 6 - } 15 6 - }	£. s. d. { 15 - } 15 - }	£. s. d. { 14 - } 14 - }	£. s. d. { 13 - } 13 - }	And free houses.	
22	Fraserburgh	Aberdeen	3,130	2	1,565	1	1	1	-	1	1	1	£.	-	£. s. d. { 54 12 - } 54 12 - }	£. s. d. { 24 - } 24 - }	£. s. d. { 17 - } 17 - }	£. s. d. { 18 - } 18 - }	£. s. d. { 16 - } 16 - }	£. s. d. { 15 - } 15 - }	£. s. d. { 14 - } 14 - }	£. s. d. { 13 - } 13 - }	£. s. d. { 12 - } 12 - }	And free houses.	

INSPECTOR OF CONSTABULARY (SCOTLAND).

11

[illegible]

John Kinloch.

Counties.

C O U N T I E S.

No. 1.—ABERDEENSHIRE.

Aberdeenshire.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	156,439
Area in square acres	-	-	-	-	-	1,270,740
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	69
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	2,267

One chief constable, one superintendent, seven inspectors, five serjeants, and 55 constables, in four classes.

The same number as last year.

One constable is stationed at Balmoral, and paid by Her Majesty. There is also a constable at Glass, paid half by this county and half by Banffshire, his beat extending into both counties.

A new police station has been erected at Rosehearty, but it was not finished at the time of my inspection.

The burgh of Peterhead is formed into a separate police district of the county.

Three constables have been employed on the Fraserburgh Extension Railway, two on the Aberdeen Waterworks, paid by the Commissioners, and two on the Peterhead Harbour, during last year.

The superintendent and seven inspectors are employed as Criminal Sheriff's officers, and execute the criminal business of the county, with the exception of the Peterhead district.

This force is composed of a fine and intelligent body of men; there are always plenty of eligible candidates for the vacancies as they occur, and it continues to be maintained in a high state of discipline and efficiency.

2,359 vagrants were reported by the police during the year (of whom 1,015 were children), being 303 less than the year before.

The small burgh of Fraserburgh still maintains a police of its own separate from that of the county.

Eight vacancies took place during the year from deaths, resignations, and dismissals.

The inspectors of this force are provided with field glasses.

No. 2.—ARGYLESHIRE.

Argyleshire.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	79,724
Area in square acres	-	-	-	-	-	2,083,126
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	44
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	1,812

One chief constable, two superintendents, two inspectors, three serjeants, one detective, and 35 constables, in three classes.

This force is the same as to numbers as last year; but two serjeants have been appointed inspectors, and stationed at Dunoon and Tobermory.

A serjeant and 10 constables were also employed by the "Board of British Fishery," to protect the herring fishery in Loch Fine.

A good police station in connection with the courthouse has been provided at Oban, and a new station is proposed to be erected at Inverary.

The burgh of Campbeltown has been united with the county, as reported last year.

There is only one small lock-up for prisoners, which is not sufficient for that district.

A proper police office with two lock-ups and a residence for at least one constable is much required.

The station and lock-ups at Dunoon are also very much in need of improvement for that large, populous, and important district, which will probably soon require an increase to the number of constables at present stationed there.

A station, with office for the police duties, and inspection of the weights and measures, and a proper lock-up for prisoners is much required at head-quarters at Lochgilphead.

A new chief constable has been appointed during the past year.

2,013 vagrants were reported by the police, being 839 less than the year before.

I consider the force has been efficient during the past year.

No. 3.—AYRSHIRE.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	167,103
Area in square acres	-	-	-	-	-	650,156
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	87
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	1,920

Ayrshire.

One chief constable, two superintendents, four inspectors, 10 serjeants, four detectives, and 66 constables, in five classes.

The above force includes the two constables paid for by the burgh of Maybole. There is also a serjeant employed by the "Board of British Fishery" to protect the herring fishing along the coast; and a constable by the District (Salmon) Fishery Board of the River Girvan.

The superintendents are provided with spring carts and horses for conveying prisoners, also with the standard weights and measures. They are allowed 40 *l.* a-year for forage besides necessary expense of stable and farriery.

The superintendents are also allowed 10 *l.* a-year, in addition to their salary of 115 *l.*, to provide their uniform.

The serjeants are divided into two classes, with 24 *s.* 6 *d.* and 22 *s.* 6 *d.* per week.

A detective officer is stationed in each district of the county.

A new station has been erected at Kilwinning for two resident constables, with accommodation for several extra men when required on particular occasions, and two cells for prisoners.

The station-houses at Largs and Saltcoats require to be enlarged and improved. Accommodation is required at Maybole for a resident constable, and the lock-up to be improved if possible, but it appears that a new one will be necessary.

This force is maintained in a high state of discipline, but the population of the county is rapidly increasing in numbers, principally by miners and manufacturers, and the force at present available for Newton and Wallacetown is not sufficient to meet the requirements of those places.

The Ayr or head-quarters division is now inconveniently large; and it has been proposed to form the district of Carrick into a division, under a superintendent, which I consider will enable the police duties to be more efficiently performed.

12,478 cases of vagrancy were reported by the police (of which 1,365 were children), being 928 more than the year before. As many of these vagrants were reported by several different constables, the actual number of persons would probably be about 4,160.

Many of these vagrants trade with "Wee pawns," and dealers in old iron, who receive stolen goods, but are not sufficiently under police supervision to enable them to be convicted of being in possession of property illegally obtained.

Twenty-five vacancies occurred in the force during last year from death, resignations (from ill health and other causes), and dismissals.

The offices, stations, and lock-ups in this county are kept particularly clean and in good order.

Counties.

No. 4.—BANFFSHIRE.

Banffshire.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	52,149
Area in square acres	-	-	-	-	-	439,219
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	17
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	3,067

One chief constable, one superintendent, two serjeants, and 13 constables, in three classes.

A superintendent has been added to the force, who has charge of the Banff division, and acts as sheriff and criminal officer.

The serjeant, formerly at Banff, has been removed to Cullen.

An improved station-house has been provided for the constable at Buckie; there are eight other stations which are occupied by married constables rent free.

A constable at Glass is paid half by this county, and half by Aberdeenshire.

The burghs of Banff and Macduff maintain a police separate from the county, but that of the latter is inefficient.

545 vagrants were reported by the police, being 163 less than last year, 224 of whom were children.

The force is efficient in numbers and discipline.

No. 5.—BERWICKSHIRE.

Berwickshire.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	36,613
Area in square acres	-	-	-	-	-	309,375
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	22
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	1,664

One chief constable, one superintendent, four serjeants, and 16 constables, in three classes.

The regular police force for the county is the same as to numbers and rate of pay as last year.

Two constables are employed permanently, and four during "close" time to protect the salmon fishings in the Tweed and its tributaries, and one constable is appointed for game protection.

Sixty-six persons were prosecuted for salmon poaching under the Tweed Act, 51 were convicted and fined, (including expenses,) 144 *l.* 16 *s.* 6 *d.*

During last year the superintendent was appointed governor of the prison at Greenlaw, a serjeant was appointed superintendent at Berwick-on-Tweed, and one constable was discharged.

This county is under the same chief constable as East Lothian, an arrangement that has proved highly satisfactory to both counties.

This force is in a high state of efficiency and discipline.

1,211 vagrants were reported by the police (of whom 476 were children), being 244 more than the year before.

The men of this force are provided with field glasses.

No. 6.—BUTESHIRE.

Buteshire.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	9,209
Area in square acres	-	-	-	-	-	109,375
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	7
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	1,315

One chief constable, one serjeant, and five constables, in three classes.

This force continues the same as for the last two years, and is distributed in the three islands of Arran, Bute, and Cumbræ.

There is a police station and lock-up in Arran, but none has yet been provided either in Bute or Cumbræ.

The burgh of Rothesay has lately erected a police station with several cells, the use of which might be arranged by the county with the authorities of the burgh; but it would be still more advantageous to both parties, and to the public in general, to unite the two forces under one head and management.

The whole population of the three islands, including the burgh of Rothesay, are only 16,331, for which there is now a county police force of seven under a chief constable, and the burgh force of five under a superintendent.

Thirty-six vagrants were reported by the police, being five more than last year (10 of them were children).

The force is efficient.

Counties.
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No. 7.—CAITHNESS-SHIRE.

Population in 1861 (about)	-	-	-	-	35,000
Area in square acres	-	-	-	-	455,708
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	14
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	2,590

Caithness-shire.

One chief constable, three serjeants, and 10 constables, in three classes.

This force is the same in numbers as last year.

The serjeant at Thurso has now 30 l. allowed for keep of a horse and dog-cart, stabling, and expenses when from home on criminal business.

The serjeant at Wick has had his pay raised to 1 l. 3 s. 10½ d. per week.

The county constables continue to perform police duties in Pulteneytown, the force there being inefficient, and only act as watchmen.

The burgh of Wick is now separated from the county, but its police force is inefficient.

A new police station is to be built at Lybster.

The temporary station and lock-up at Wick are very indifferent, and in much need of improvement.

The large district including the parishes of Canisbay and Dunnet are still without police protection.

620 vagrants were reported by the police, being 102 more than last year.

The force, on the whole, has been efficient.

No. 8.—CLACKMANNANSHIRE.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	15,010
Area in square acres	-	-	-	-	-	29,744
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	7
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	2,144

Clackmannanshire.

One superintendent and six constables, in two classes.

This force is the same as last year. The superintendent resides at Alloa, the head-quarters of the force.

No improvement has been made in the lock-ups at Tillicoultry, which are still damp and unfit for prisoners in winter, there being no means provided for drying or warming them.

There is no proper office for the police at head-quarters. Two cells have been made in the new county buildings, but no accommodation for a constable in charge of any persons that may be taken into custody by the county police.

450 vagrants were reported by the police (193 of whom were children), being 25 less than last year.

The force is efficient in numbers and discipline.

No. 9.—CROMARTYSHIRE.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	2,267
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	None.

Cromartyshire.

No police force has yet been established in this county in terms of the Act 20 & 21 Vict. c. 72.

No return of vagrants has been kept in the county.

Counties.

Dumbartonshire.

No. 10.—DUMBARTONSHIRE.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	31,566
Area in square acres	-	-	-	-	-	189,844
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	21
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	1,503

One chief constable, one superintendent, three serjeants, and 16 constables, in three classes.

This force is the same in numbers and rate of pay as last year, with the exception of the superintendent, whose salary has been raised from 70 *l.* to 80 *l.* a-year.

Eleven of the serjeants and constables have houses provided for them, for which they pay 1*s.* per week; the others are allowed 1*s.* per week for lodging, in addition to their pay.

Only three changes took place during the year from resignations of constables who obtained other employment.

The population of the county has increased considerably during the last two or three years, principally by manufacturers and miners.

2,010 vagrants were reported by the police (of whom 593 were children) being 29 less than the year before.

This force is maintained in a good state of efficiency and discipline.

No. 11.—DUMFRIESSHIRE.

Dumfriesshire.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	61,983
Area in square acres	-	-	-	-	-	722,813
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	32
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	1,936

One chief constable, one superintendent, one inspector, four serjeants, one detective, and 24 constables, in two classes.

There are also four other constables paid by private parties and associations under the seventh clause of the statute.

The superintendent, inspector, and 19 serjeants and constables have station-houses or lodgings provided for them rent free, the others have 2*s.* per week if married, and 1*s.* 6*d.* if single, in addition to their pay.

Three serjeants, one first-class, and one second class constable receive 1*s.* per week extra, as a merit class for good conduct after five years' service.

New stations with lock-ups are now being erected at Langholm and Minniehive.

The inspector, detective, and serjeants are provided with field glasses.

5,623 vagrants were reported by the police, of whom 1,456 were children, being 570 less than the year before.

This force is maintained in a good state of efficiency and discipline.

No. 12.—County of EDINBURGH, or MID-LOTHIAN.

Edinburgh, or
Mid-Lothian.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	72,248
Area in square acres	-	-	-	-	-	254,300
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	46
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	1,570

One chief constable, one superintendent, four inspectors, four serjeants, and 36 constables, in four classes.

An extra constable is employed at Portobello during the summer months; there are also two employed at Granton Harbour, and one on the Esk Valley Railway.

A new police station has been erected at Mid-Calder, and one has been ordered to be built at West-Calder for two married constables; another is to be erected near Jock's Lodge when a convenient site can be obtained.

The superintendent's salary is raised from 85 *l.* to 100 *l.* a-year, that of the inspectors from 65 *l.* to 70 *l.*

A serjeant of this force has been appointed superintendent of police at Galashiels, and 12 other vacancies occurred from resignations and dismissals; those who resigned obtained higher pay in other employments.

The burghs of Musselburgh and Portobello are united with the county for police purposes. In each of these towns a fire brigade has been organised, and the engine, reels for hose, &c., are kept in charge of the police, ready to be turned out at a moment's notice.

No improvement has been made in the Head Quarters Office in the County Hall.

1,282 vagrants were reported by the police, being 171 more than the year before.

This force is maintained in a good state of discipline and efficiency.

No. 13.—ELGIN, or MORAYSHIRE.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	-	31,644	Elgin, or Morayshire.
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	-	340,000	
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,433	

One chief constable, two serjeants, and 10 constables, in three classes.

This force remains the same as at the time of my last report, and continues in a good state of efficiency and discipline.

The constables have the use of the few stations in the county rent free.

No new stations have been provided.

The lock-ups at Burghead, Fochabers, and Rothes, are no longer made use of as they were unfit for the purpose, and there is railway communication between these places and the Head Quarters Station at Elgin, by which prisoners can be conveyed.

The lock-ups at Elgin are small and damp.

1,236 vagrants were reported by the police (608 of whom were children), being 41 less than the year before.

No. 14.—FIFESHIRE.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	-	144,070	Fifeshire.
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	-	322,031	
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	-	58	
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,483	

One chief constable, one superintendent, three inspectors, five serjeants, one detective, and 47 constables, in four classes.

One constable has been added to this force during the year, and is stationed at Crossgates.

The burghs of Burntisland, Cupar, Dysart, Kirkaldy, and St. Andrews are united with the police of the county, and are well satisfied with the arrangements that have been made and carried into effect.

The burgh of Newburgh, in this county, still maintains an inefficient police of only one man.

The stations at Auchtermuchty, Denhead, and Dysart have been improved, and two cells have been provided at Kinghorn, but had not yet been made use of at the time of my inspection.

Newport, opposite the town of Dundee, with which there is communication by steamer nearly every hour, is a station of much importance, and I consider that another constable should be appointed there and a better station-house and lock-up provided, as those at present used are very small and ill suited for the purposes.

The stations at Leuchars and Pathhead are also small and very indifferent.

A house for a constable is much wanted at Leslie.

The pay of the serjeants is proposed to be raised from 21s. to 22s. and 23s. per week.

Counties.

The new chief constable has maintained the force in a good state of efficiency and discipline.

1,917 vagrants were reported by the police, being 122 less than the year before. There were eight vacancies in the last year from resignation and dismissal.

No 15.—FORFARSHIRE.

Forfarshire.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	61,917
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	568,750
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	30
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	2,063

One chief constable, two superintendents, two inspectors, three serjeants, and 22 constables, in four classes.

A superintendent has been added to the force during the year, and is stationed at Dundee. A serjeant has been promoted to be inspector.

A constable has been removed from Aberlemno to Birkhill-fens, to the westward of Dundee, where he was much required.

To complete the efficiency of the force, I consider that two more constables should be added, one to be stationed in the neighbourhood of Brechin, where many parishes have not sufficient police protection, and another near Carnoustie.

A reserve constable at head-quarters, to acquire a knowledge of his duties before being sent to a beat or station, would be a valuable addition, as the force is frequently below its authorised strength, owing to a station remaining for some time vacant until it can be filled up by a recruit, and who is ignorant of, or, at all events, very imperfectly acquainted with his duties.

No new station has yet been erected in this county since the passing of the Police Act in 1857. Most of the houses that have been taken and used as police-stations are very ill suited for the purpose, particularly those at Broughty Ferry and Southmuir, near Kirriemuir, two most important beats.

The rate of pay of the serjeants and constables has been raised during the past year.

2,267 vagrants have been reported (the number of children not stated), being 528 more than the year before.

This force, though weak in numbers, has been maintained in a state of efficiency and discipline.

No. 16.—HADDINGTONSHIRE, OR EAST LoTHIAN.

Haddingtonshire,
or East Lothian.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	29,941
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	185,937
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	25
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	1,197

One chief constable, one superintendent, three serjeants, and 20 constables, in three classes.

This force continues as formerly reported as to numbers and rate of pay, and is maintained in a high state of efficiency and discipline.

A serjeant has been appointed superintendent in Berwickshire, four constables were dismissed, and one resigned.

The burghs of Dunbar and Haddington continue to maintain separate police establishments of their own.

There are nine stations provided for the use of serjeants and constables (with lock-ups for prisoners), for which they pay 1 s. per week for rent.

The Berwickshire constabulary are also under the same chief constable, an arrangement that gives satisfaction to both counties.

1,201 vagrants were reported by the police (of whom 122 were children), being 444 less than the year before.

Counties.

No. 17.—INVERNESS-SHIRE.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	76,389
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	2,723,501
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	36
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	2,120

Inverness-shire.

One chief constable, one superintendent, three inspectors, two serjeants, and 29 constables, in three classes.

The force continues the same as to numbers and rate of pay as last year.

A police-station is being erected at Kingussie, one is ordered at Fort William, and it is proposed to have another at Portree, in the Isle of Skye, where it is much wanted and will be still more necessary while the proposed railway to Kyleakin is being constructed.

Some of the beats in this county are very extensive, and houses with lock-ups are much required.

As all the constables are required to be thoroughly acquainted with the Gaelic as well as the English language, the chief constable has a much more limited number of candidates to choose from than in the lowland counties; and as the rates of pay are lower than those of most other counties, the difficulty is farther increased. I have therefore considered it my duty to recommend that the police forces of the Highland counties, Argyle, Inverness, Ross, and Sutherland, should be paid rather higher than others, or at all events should not be lower.

1,404 vagrants were reported by the police (696, nearly 50 per cent., of whom were children), being 734 more than last year.

The force has been maintained in a state of efficiency and discipline during the past year.

Four constables were appointed, under the Salmon Fishery Act, on the river Ness and its tributaries: Four men were tried for salmon poaching, one of whom was convicted and fined.

No. 18.—KINCARDINESHIRE.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	34,466
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	262,250
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	15
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	2,297

Kincardineshire.

One chief constable, three serjeants, and 11 constables, in three classes.

This force continues the same as last year as to numbers and rate of pay.

The Bervie station has been improved, and a stove has recently been put into the new station at Auchinblae, where it was much required to dry the lock-ups.

The station at Laurencekirk remains as before without improvement.

562 vagrants were reported by the police (of whom 156 were children), being 102 less than the year before.

The force has been maintained in a state of efficiency and discipline during the past year; but I consider the Banchory station is too large for one constable, and will soon require another to be appointed to that beat.

No. 19.—KINROSS-SHIRE.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	7,977
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	49,531
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	5
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	1,596

Kinross-shire.

One superintendent, and four constables, in two classes.

This force is under the same chief constable as Perthshire.

The superintendent resides at the new station attached to the county buildings, rent free.

Counties.

The constable at Milnathort pays 1 s. per week for the station provided there ; the others find their own lodgings.

346 vagrants were reported by the police (of whom 87 were children), being 33 less than last year.

The force is efficient in number and discipline ; the constables keep their daily occurrence books particularly well. Their rate of pay is low compared with most other counties.

No. 20.—KIRKCUDBRIGHTSHIRE.

Kirkcudbright-
shire.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	38,849
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	610,734
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	18
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	2,158

One chief constable, one superintendent, one serjeant, and 15 constables, in three classes.

A constable has been added to this force during the year, and is stationed at Mainsriddle.

A new station has been erected at Gatehouse, with two cells.

The serjeant and constables have the station-houses rent free ; those not provided with houses are allowed 4 l. a year if married, and 3 l. if single for lodging money, in addition to their pay.

4,883 vagrants were reported by the police (of whom 1,128 were children), being 954 less than last year.

The force has been maintained in a state of efficiency and discipline during the past year, but I am of opinion that the Castle Douglas station requires an additional constable, the population of the town being large ; and there is an extensive country beat also under charge of the one constable there at present.

No. 21.—LANARKSHIRE.

Lanarkshire.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	176,452
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	593,680
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	143
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	1,233

One chief constable, five superintendents, six inspectors, 18 serjeants, and 113 constables, in three classes.

One constable has been added to the force during last year.

The population above stated is 12,092 less than last year, owing to that number of persons being now under the police of the newly formed burgh of Govan, which has established a force of its own, but the population of the county has increased to fully that amount since the census was taken in 1861, so that the proportion of constables to population is nearly the same as stated last year, about 1 to 1,300.

Three constables are employed in the Airdrie, and three more in the Lanark district on railways in course of being constructed.

Thirteen vacancies occurred during the year from death, resignations, and dismissals.

It is proposed to erect a police-station near Shott's iron works for two constables, with lock-ups.

The serjeants and constables pay 1 s. per week for rent of the stations occupied by them.

Horses and spring-carts are provided for each superintendent of a division for conveying prisoners and the weights and measures.

An allowance of 40 l. a year is made to each superintendent for the keep of the horse, in addition to his salary of 150 l. a year.

3,543 vagrants were reported by the police (of whom 849 were children), being 1,560 less than the year before.

This force has been maintained in a good state of efficiency and discipline during the past year.

Counties.

No. 22.—LINLITHGOWSHIRE.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	-	38,645
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	-	64,875
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	-	20
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,932

Linlithgowshire.

One chief constable, one superintendent, two serjeants, and 16 constables, in two classes.

A serjeant has been promoted to be superintendent, and two constables have been added to the force.

The town and parish of Bathgate have been formed into a separate police district, in which a force is maintained of one serjeant and six constables.

The serjeants and constables in station-houses pay 1 s. per week, those not so provided receive 1 s. per week for lodging-money.

A police office, two cells, and a residence for a constable have been provided in the new county buildings.

A lock-up has been added to the station at Kirkliston.

A new station is to be erected immediately at Bo'ness for two constables, and another for one married constable at South Queensferry, which will be added to when another man is required.

870 vagrants were reported by the police, being 472 more than the year before.

The force has been maintained in a state of efficiency and discipline.

No. 23.—NAIRNSHIRE.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,628
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	-	137,500
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,325

Nairnshire.

One chief constable, and four constables, all in one class.

No change has been made in this force, and no police-station, lock-up, or residence for any of the constables has been provided; and they are all in one class, at the minimum rate of pay, 15 s. per week, out of which they find their own lodgings.

290 vagrants were reported by the police, being 86 more than the year before.

One of the constables protects the salmon-fishing on the River Nairn, and along the Moray Firth in this county.

The force is efficient.

No. 24.—PEEBLESSHIRE.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,408
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	-	226,488
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	-	8
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,426

Peeblesshire.

One chief constable, one serjeant, and six constables.

The regular police force of this county is the same as last year, and continues to be efficient.

The railways being now completed, the constables formerly employed by the companies have been dispensed with.

Four permanent constables, and four more during the "close" season, were employed and paid by the "Tweed Commissioners," for the protection of the salmon-fishing.

Thirty-three persons were prosecuted, and 29 convicted, under the Tweed Acts, of salmon poaching, and fined 246 l. 14 s. 7 d., including 41 l. 14 s. 7 d. of expenses.

Counties.

Many leisters, besides rods, cleeks, rake-hooks, and nets, and salmon roe, were seized by the police, and numerous salmon in possession of the poachers.

New police-stations with lock-ups were erected at Innerleithen and West Linton, and occupied during last year.

I found the houses, and the cells in particular, very damp, and unfit for the reception of prisoners, particularly during the late very severe winter; no means had been provided for drying or warming them.

I was informed that the police of this county have been in the practice of collecting arrears of taxes for the Inland Revenue, an unusual duty for the police to be employed in, and which would not be permitted in any other county.

458 vagrants were reported by the police (of whom 160 were children), being 67 less than the year before.

No. 25.—PERTHSHIRE.**Perthshire.**

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	106,900
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	1,814,063
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	55
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	1,943

One chief constable, one superintendent, two inspectors, two detectives, eight serjeants, and 41 constables, in three classes.

This force continues the same as last year as to numbers and rate of pay.

New station-houses with lock-ups have been erected at Blackford and Pitlochrie, but they were not occupied or finished at the time of my inspection.

No improvement has been made to the station at Dunblane, which continues in the same state as reported last year. A new station is much required at Rattray, and also at Aberfeldy, which is now the terminus of the Strath-Tay Railway.

The constable at Criarlairich has great difficulty in obtaining lodgings of any kind; a new station is much called for there.

Serjeants and constables pay 1 s. per week for stations and houses provided by the county.

4,694 vagrants were reported by the police (1,700 of whom were children), being 357 more than last year.

The force is efficient in numbers and discipline.

No. 26.—RENFREWSHIRE.**Renfrewshire.**

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	77,304
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	150,000
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	39
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	1,982

One chief constable, one superintendent, four inspectors, seven serjeants, and 26 constables, in three classes.

The number and rate of pay of this force remains as at last report.

The above number includes four constables in the burgh of Port Glasgow, which is united with the county for police purposes.

A serjeant and constable are employed as detectives and sheriffs' officers at Paisley and Greenock. An additional detective in the Pollockshaws district, which is very populous, would be of great use; being so near Glasgow, the constables are very frequently obliged to visit that city to look for stolen property and communicate with its police authorities.

I am of opinion that the Pollockshaws district should be made into a separate police district, in terms of the 58th section of the statute, and that an addition should be made to the strength of the force in that district.

The lock-ups at Barrhead and Pollockshaws are now properly dried and warmed in damp and cold weather.

It is proposed to erect new police stations at Gourock and Lochwinnoch.

It is intended in future to station an additional constable on the north side of

the River Clyde, instead of paying the sum of 30 *l.* to the Dumbartonshire police to protect that part of Renfrewshire.

The superintendent has been appointed superintendent of the police force lately established in the new burgh of Govan. A serjeant has also been appointed inspector of the above-mentioned force.

Nine vacancies occurred during the year from death, resignations, and dismissals. Most of those who resigned obtained better situations elsewhere.

1,966 vagrants were reported by the police (441 of whom were children), being 920 less than the year before.

The force is efficient.

No. 27.—ROSS-SHIRE.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	75,564
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	2,016,375
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	26
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	2,906

Ross-shire.

One chief constable, two superintendents, one inspector, two serjeants, and 20 constables, in three classes.

Three constables have been added to this force since last year, and I consider it may now be reported efficient in numbers as well as in discipline.

The number of crimes and offences in the Island of Lewes has been less than last year, and less than that on the mainland; being 143 cases in the former, to 186 in the latter. The population in the mainland, however, is about twice and two-thirds that in the Island of Lewes, and the six men stationed there is a small proportion of the force to the population and amount of crime.

On my recent visit of inspection to the Lewes and other parts of Ross-shire, I was informed that the late increase to the police force had given very general satisfaction, particularly to the numerous extensive sheep farmers in that county; and that sheep-stealing appeared to be already checked, if not put an end to, for the present at least.

The want of stations and proper lodgings for the constables is much felt, particularly at Stornoway, and other parts of the Island of Lewes.

A new station with lock-ups has been built at Dingwall; another is in course of erection at Tain, and others are to be provided shortly at Jeantown, Ullapool, Fortrose, and Poolewe. A police-station with lock-up appears to be much required at Auchnashiel, the centre of the county, on the road from the stations on the west coast to head quarters at Dingwall.

When the proposed railway is made through this county from Dingwall to Kyleakin Ferry, opposite to the Isle of Skye, a police-station will be required near the terminus.

The rate of pay for the serjeants and constables is considerably below that of most other counties in Scotland; as they are required to have a thorough knowledge of Gaelic as well as the English language, it is more difficult for the chief constable to find men properly qualified for police constables than in other counties.

244 vagrants were reported by the police, being 110 less than last year.

No. 28.—ROXBURGHSHIRE.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	39,114
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	460,938
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	34
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	1,160

Roxburghshire.

One chief constable, one superintendent, four serjeants, and 28 constables, in two classes.

This force continues the same as to numbers and rate of pay as last year.

Married men have free houses, single men receive 2*s.* per week for lodgings.

Ten constables are employed in "close" time for protecting the salmon-fishings by the "Tweed Commissioners," and two by the "Esk and Liddesdale Fishery Association."

Counties.

Seventy-two persons were convicted of poaching in the Tweed, and 2 under the "Solway Act;" amount of fines and expenses of prosecution, 114 *l.* 3 *s.* 9*d.*

A constable is also employed and paid for by the Dunse and Newtown Railway Company.

There were six vacancies in the force during the past year.

1,365 vagrants were reported by the police (number of children not stated), being 17 more than the year before.

The force is efficient in numbers and discipline.

No. 29.—SELKIRKSHIRE.

Selkirkshire.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,449
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	-	170,313
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	-	9
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	-	827

One chief constable, one serjeant, and seven constables, in one class.

The constables are provided with good stations rent free, and receive 18*s.* per week.

Six constables were employed on the Galashiels and Peebles Railway since 1st November, the two men previously maintained there having been insufficient to keep order among the navvies employed in constructing the line.

Eight constables were employed by the "Tweed Commissioners" to protect the salmon fishing in the Tweed and its tributaries.

Thirty persons were convicted during the year of illegal fishing, and there were several more apprehended on a similar charge, not yet tried. The fines and expenses of prosecution amounted to 99 *l.* 6 *s.*

549 vagrants were reported by the police, being 85 less than last year.

The force is efficient.

No. 30.—STIRLINGSHIRE.

Stirlingshire

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	-	78,212
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	-	295,875
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	-	35
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,120

One chief constable, two superintendents, five serjeants, and 27 constables, in three classes.

This force has been reduced by one temporary constable at Denny.

The pay of serjeants and constables has been raised; to 23 *s.* per week for serjeants, and constables, first class to 19 *s.* 6 *d.*; second to 18 *s.* and third to 17 *s.* per week.

There were six vacancies, one dismissal, and five resignations.

A new station is being erected at Denny, with lock-ups, where they are much required.

Police stations with lock-ups appear also to be required at Bridge of Allan, at Lennoxton (where there are two constables), and at Slamannan, a mining district with a considerable population.

The stations and lock-ups at Grangemouth and Falkirk are very indifferent, and in great need of improvement.

1,225 vagrants were reported by the police (295 of whom were children), being 64 less than the year before.

The force is efficient, but owing to the increasing population an addition will be required soon.

No. 31.—SUTHERLANDSHIRE.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	25,246
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	1,207,188
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	9
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	2,805

Sutherlandshire.

One chief constable, one serjeant, and seven constables, in two classes.

This force is the same as to numbers as formerly reported.

An additional constable is employed during the herring fishing season, at Helmsdale, where the population is greatly increased by fishermen and others.

The constables have been divided into two classes, four first class, with 18 s. a week, and three second class, with 16s. 6 d., the former rate of pay for all.

The inspection of the weights and measures of the county has now been placed under the chief constable.

326 vagrants were reported by the police, being 29 more than the year before. The vagrants in this county are much complained of.

The force is efficient.

No. 32.—WIGTOWNSHIRE.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	38,115
Area in acres	-	-	-	-	-	327,815
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	16
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	2,382

Wigtownshire.

One chief constable, one superintendent, one serjeant, and 13 constables, in two classes.

A constable has been added to the force during last year, and is stationed at Stranraer.

A police-station with office, lock-ups, and residence for one or more constables, is very much required at Stranraer, in the western division of the county; another is also wanted at Glenluce.

The station at Newton Stewart is an indifferent one, and requires improvement.

Newton Stewart is a very large charge for one constable, there being a considerable extent of country, in addition to the town, with a numerous population.

1,281 vagrants were reported by the police (of whom 200 were children), being 68 more than the year before.

The force has been efficient during the year.

Cities and Burghs.

CITIES AND BURGHS.

No. 1.—CITY of ABERDEEN (County of Aberdeen).

Aberdeen.

Population in 1861 (about)	-	-	-	-	62,000
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	88
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	704

One superintendent, two lieutenants, two detectives, seven serjeants, and 76 constables, in three classes.

This force continues the same as to numbers and rate of pay as formerly reported.

14 vacancies occurred, two by death, six resignations, and six dismissals.

The office and cells are in the same state as before; they are kept in good order, but are old and ill-suited for their present purposes.

The proposed new city buildings, with police offices, &c. are not yet erected.

No houses or lodgings have been provided for any of the men.

The force has been efficient during the last year.

No. 2.—ALLOA (County of Clackmannan).

Alloa.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	6,440
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	4
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	1,610

One superintendent, one serjeant, and two constables, in one class.

This force continues in every way the same as last year, and is efficient.

The serjeant and two constables reside in rooms above the police office.

This burgh might with advantage unite with the county for police purposes; the population in the county, including the burgh of Alloa, was only 21,450 in 1861, and one efficient police force for the whole would be better than the two maintained at present.

No. 3.—AIRDRIE (County of Lanark).

Airdrie.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	12,918
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	11
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	1,174

One superintendent, one inspector, one serjeant, and eight constables, in three classes.

This force continues the same as last year, and is efficient.

The superintendent is inspector of weights and measures in the burgh.

No. 4.—ANNAN (County of Dumfries).

Annan.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	3,473
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	1
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	3,473

This burgh continues to maintain only one constable, and is inefficient.

No. 5.

No. 5.—**ARBROATH** (County of Forfar).

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	17,657
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	14
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	1,261

Arbroath.

One superintendent, three serjeants, and ten constables, in three classes.

This force is the same in numbers and rate of pay as last year, and has been efficient.

The population of the burgh has increased within the last few years; and I consider that for the effectual protection of the town and harbour an increase to the force should be made.

No. 6.—**ARDROSSAN** (County of Ayr).

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	2,951
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	1
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	2,951

Ardrossan.

This burgh continues to maintain its "burgh officer" as constable, and is inefficient.

No. 7.—**AYR** (County of Ayr).

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	8,219
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	10
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	821

Ayr.

One superintendent, two serjeants, and seven constables, in one class.

This force continues in the same state as formerly reported. The constables are all in one class, at 15s. per week, a very low rate of pay compared with that of the police of the county and of Kilmarnock, and other county towns in Scotland. No encouragement or promotion is given to the men who may best perform their duties.

The criminal returns of the police of this burgh for last year continue to show an unusual number of persons taken up for drunkenness:—101 drunk and incapable; 101 drunk and disorderly; 35 drunk and assault; 26 drunk, disorderly, and breach of the peace; 115 persons admitted to the police-office and cells during the night for protection, having no other place to go to.

The force is, on the whole, efficient, but I consider a classification of the constables should be made, with an increased rate of pay, as I have already recommended to the magistrates for several years; and greater activity and discipline are required in the force.

No. 8.—**BANFF** (County of Banff).

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	3,939
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	3
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	1,313

Banff.

One superintendent and two constables.

This force is the same as last year, and is efficient.

Two men, who repair and clean the streets, assist the police, if required.

No. 9.—**BLAIRGOWRIE** (County of Perth).

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	3,600
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	1
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	3,600

Blairgowrie.

No alteration or improvement has been made in this force. Only one constable is employed, assisted, if required, by two men who clean the streets and do other duties.

The lock-ups are very bad, as formerly reported, and unfit for the detention of prisoners.

Cities and Burghs.

No. 10.—BRECHIN (County of Forfar).

Brechin.	Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	7,180
	Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	6
	Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	1,196

One superintendent, one serjeant, and four constables, in two classes.

This force is the same as last year, and is efficient.

No. 11.—CROMARTY (County of Cromarty).

Cromarty.	Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	1,491
	Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	1
	Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	1,491

This burgh continues to employ only one constable, and is inefficient.

No. 12.—DINGWALL (County of Ross).

Dingwall.	Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	2,084
	Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	2
	Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	1,042

This burgh employs two constables as formerly, and is inefficient.

It is proposed to unite with the county for police purposes.

No. 13.—DUMBARTON (County of Dumbarton).

Dumbarton.	Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	8,253
	Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	7
	Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	1,179

One superintendent, one serjeant, and five constables, in three classes.

This force continues the same as last year, and is in a satisfactory state of efficiency and discipline.

No. 14.—DUMFRIES (County of Dumfries).

Dumfries.	Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	10,440
	Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	7
	Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	1,491

One superintendent, one serjeant, and five constables.

The only addition to the force during the last year is the appointment of a serjeant, but I cannot report the force as being yet efficient in numbers for so large and important a town.

There is not a great amount of crime, compared with towns of a similar population, but the bounds of the burgh are extensive, the beats are long, and for the proper protection of the suburbs I consider a further increase to the force is necessary.

The magistrates of the burgh approved of an increase, but they were opposed and out-voted by the Commissioners of Police.

The office and lock-ups continue as formerly reported, not only bad, but about the worst in Scotland.

Dumfries is now the only burgh of above 5,000 inhabitants that has not placed its force in an efficient state.

The constables are all in the same class, with 16s. 6d. a week; no encouragement is held out, of promotion, to those who most efficiently perform their duties.

The man who superintends the cleaning department of the town is sworn in as a constable, and assists when required.

Cities and Burghs.

No. 15.—DUNBAR (County of Haddington).

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,796
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,265

Dunbar.

One superintendent and two constables.

The above force is the same as last year; another man is employed to assist if required.

The force appears to be efficient.

No. 16.—DUNDEE (County of Forfar).

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	-	90,425
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	-	114
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	-	793

Dundee.

One superintendent, two lieutenants, four inspectors, two detectives, eight serjeants, and 97 constables, in three classes.

This force is the same as to numbers as formerly reported.

The constables' pay has been increased by 1 s. per week.

There were 42 vacancies in the force (five less than last year), being 20 resignations and 22 dismissals, by far the greater majority of which were from the third class.

The proposal to erect station houses at the east and west ends of the town is still under consideration.

Three married and 16 single constables are provided with lodgings, at a moderate rent, in the central and Lochee stations.

This force is composed of a fine body of men, well drilled, well clothed, and has been maintained in a high state of efficiency and discipline during the last year.

No. 17.—DUNFERMLINE (County of Fife).

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,401
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,401

Dunfermline.

One superintendent and five constables, in two classes.

This force is the same in numbers and rate of pay as last year, but there was no serjeant at the time of my inspection.

The lock-ups are very bad, as formerly reported; indeed, about the worst in Scotland.

The force appears to have been efficient during the last year.

No. 18.—CITY OF EDINBURGH (County of Edinburgh or Mid-Lothian).

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	-	168,098
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	-	351
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	-	478

Edinburgh.

One superintendent, one first-lieutenant, three lieutenants, three inspectors, 10 detectives, 30 serjeants (including one assistant serjeant), and 303 constables, divided into five classes, of whom seven are elderly men, and 12 assistant constables with 7 s. per week, making 351. There are also maintained on the police establishment of the city a surgeon, two superintendent's clerks, one court officer, and two female turnkeys—357 persons in all.

This force has been increased by an inspector, one serjeant, and nine constables.

There were 75 new men joined the force last year, being 10 additional, and 65 changes (12 more than last year), from eight deaths, 25 resignations, and 32 dismissals.

Cities and Burghs.

No houses or lodgings have been provided for any of the serjeants or constables, even at the stations where there are lock-ups.

Telegraphic communication between the central and sub-stations has now been established.

An inspector has been appointed to take the principal charge of the out-of-doors duties and general discipline and drill of the force, as I have recommended for several years past, the superintendents and lieutenants being so much occupied in the police court and office.

The serjeant and nine constables were required for the extended beats, owing to the increase of the city, and particularly in the southern part of it.

These additions, I consider, will greatly increase the efficiency of the force, and enable me now to report it as efficient in numbers and discipline for the last year.

No. 19.—CITY of ELGIN (County of Elgin).

Elgin.	Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,543
	Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
	Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,257

One superintendent, one serjeant, and four constables, in two classes.

This force continues the same as last year, and is in a state of efficiency and discipline.

The superintendent has been appointed governor of the poor house, and his place filled by the serjeant.

No. 20.—FORFAR (County of Forfar).

Forfar.	Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,258
	Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
	Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,543

One superintendent, one serjeant, and four constables, in two classes.

This force continues the same as to numbers and rate of pay as formerly, and is efficient and in a good state of discipline.

The office and cells are clean, well ventilated, and are warmed in cold weather

No. 21.—FORRES (County of Elgin).

Forres.	Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,508
	Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
	Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,754

One superintendent and one constable.

A constable has been appointed in addition to the superintendent, and I consider that this force may now be reported efficient.

No. 22.—FRASERBURGH (County of Aberdeen).

Fraserburgh.	Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,130
	Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
	Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,565

One serjeant and one constable.

I do not consider the force efficient for this burgh. In autumn, during the herring fishing season, great numbers of fishermen and other persons frequent the town.

No. 23.

No. 23.—GALASHIELS (County of Selkirk).

Galashiels.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	6,944
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	4
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	1,736

One superintendent and three constables.

The bounds of this burgh have been extended, and include a population of 520 persons more than the year before.

A new superintendent has been appointed (a serjeant from the Mid-Lothian constabulary).

I consider the force has been efficient for the last year, but as the population and manufactures are increasing, and the extent of the burgh is considerably enlarged, an addition will require to be made soon.

No. 24.—CITY OF GLASGOW (County of Lanark).

Glasgow.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	403,276
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	723
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	557

One chief constable, six superintendents, 19 lieutenants, 22 inspectors, 23 detectives, 49 serjeants, and 603 constables in four classes, making 723 effectives.

In addition to the above, there are also maintained on the police establishment of the city, one surgeon, five district surgeons, one powder magazine keeper, three storekeepers and tailors, four lamp-trimmers, 11 waiters, and two female turnkeys—in all 751 persons.

The force has been increased during last year by five men, one superintendent, one serjeant and two constables, also by one powder magazine keeper.

An inspector has been promoted to be lieutenant.

225 new men or recruits entered the force during last year, nearly double the number of the year before,—5 additions, and 220 to fill vacancies occasioned by 15 deaths, 15 desertions, 61 dismissals and 134 resignations. Most of the latter were from the fourth class, who left to obtain better situations: 38 beats were twice vacant, and that number of men served less than a year. This great number of changes is principally owing to the great demand for good men in the many thriving trades and professions, partly to emigration, and partly to the difficulty of getting good lodgings at a moderate rent.

138 married and 105 single constables are provided with good lodgings, which is a great comfort and convenience to them; these lodgings are in great request when vacant by the other members of the force.

The new station house in Albion-street, which contains a serjeant and 40 constables, may be taken as a model for police accommodation.

The Calton and Cowcaddens stations are now too small and limited in the accommodation required for these very populous and important districts, and require considerable improvements to be made.

The force continues to maintain its character for efficiency and discipline, as I have formerly had the satisfaction to report.

No. 25.—GOVAN (County of Lanark).

Govan.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	12,092
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	14
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	864

The burgh of Govan has been recently constituted in terms of the Act 25 & 26 Vict. c. 101. Situated in the immediate neighbourhood of Glasgow, near the river Clyde, with a large population, extensive manufactories and shipbuilding yards, the inhabitants availed themselves of the statute to form themselves into a burgh.

The authorities, in establishing a police force of their own, separate from the

Cities and Burghs. county, took the two first steps necessary to secure success, by employing a sufficient number, and giving a liberal rate of pay to obtain the services of good and properly qualified men to enter their force.

They have appointed the superintendent of the Renfrewshire constabulary as their superintendent and head of the force, as well as other men from the same, and from other police forces in the vicinity, who are more or less acquainted with their duties, and the people of that district in particular.

The office and lock-ups at present in use are merely temporary, and were fitted up hastily, but are well enough suited to their purposes until others can be provided.

I have much satisfaction in recommending this force to the favourable consideration of the Secretary of State for the public grant; and consider that what the authorities of this new burgh have done is well worthy of being followed by those of other and longer established burghs, for the organisation, pay, and the administration and practical carrying out of their police business.

No. 26.—GREENOCK (County of Renfrew).

Greenock.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	42,100
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	94
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	449

One superintendent, two lieutenants, three inspectors, three detectives, six serjeants, and 79 constables, in five classes.

This force is the same in number as last year.

The pay of lieutenants, inspectors, serjeants, and constables has been increased, lieutenants to 95 l. and 90 l., inspectors, 72 l. a year; serjeants, first class, 24 s.; second class, 23 s. per week; constables, first class, 21 s.; second, 20 s.; third, 18 s.; fourth, 17 s.; and fifth (limited to three in number), 14 s. each. This rise of pay was considered necessary with the view of inducing the men to remain more permanently in the force, in consequence of the great number of resignations and desertions that took place; and owing to the great demand for good men in various employments that have been unusually prosperous in Greenock and other places, and partly to the rapidly increasing population, occasioning great difficulty in procuring lodgings except at very high rents.

During the year there were no less than 56 vacancies in the force, being 25 more than last year—4 from death, 6 deserted, 32 resigned, and 14 men were dismissed.

Owing to these numerous changes, a great proportion of the force is composed of recruits under one year's service. It is to be hoped that the recent increase of pay will diminish these changes by desertions and resignations.

I have reason to believe that if the men were provided with good lodgings by the authorities, as many are in Glasgow and Dundee, it would be the means of the constables remaining longer in the force, particularly the married men, who at present find so much difficulty in procuring suitable lodgings for their families.

The number of cases brought into the police court has increased to a considerable extent during last year, owing to the increase in population, and prosperity of trade and manufactures.

The force has been maintained in a state of efficiency and discipline during the year.

No. 27.—HADDINGTON (County of Haddington).

Haddington.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	3,897
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	2
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	1,948

One superintendent and one constable.

This force continues as formerly reported. Two men, who are employed in other duties, are sworn in as constables to assist if required; but I cannot do otherwise than report it as before, inefficient as a police force for so important a burgh as the county town of East Lothian.

No. 28.

Cities and Burghs.

No. 28.—HAMILTON (County of Lanark).

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,686
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	-	9
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,187

Hamilton.

One superintendent, two serjeants, and six constables, in two classes.

The force is the same as to number and rate of pay as last year, and is efficient.
The office and cells are kept in good order.

No. 29.—HAWICK (County of Roxburgh).

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,684
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	-	9
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,187

Hawick.

One superintendent, two serjeants, and six constables, in two classes.

A serjeant has been added to the force during last year, which has been maintained in a good state of efficiency and discipline.

The new office and lock-ups are kept in good order.

The fire engines are in charge of the police, who act with the fire brigade.

No. 30.—HELENSBURGH (County of Dumbarton).

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,749
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	-	8
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	-	593

Helensburgh.

One superintendent, one serjeant, and six constables.

A serjeant and constable have been added during last year, and I consider the force is efficient.

The burgh is extensive, and the beats of the constables are necessarily long.

The population is nearly doubled in the summer months.

No improvement has yet been made in the lock-ups, which are very bad, as formerly reported.

No. 31.—INVERNESS (County of Inverness).

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,499
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	-	15
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	-	833

Inverness.

One superintendent, three serjeants, and 11 constables, in two classes.

This force continues the same as last year, and is in a state of efficiency and discipline.

The burgh and its population are increasing since the railways were opened.

No. 32.—JOHNSTONE (County of Renfrew).

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,007
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,168

Johnstone.

One superintendent, one serjeant, and four constables, in three classes.

A superintendent has been appointed, formerly serjeant in the Renfrewshire police; and with a serjeant and four constables, I consider this force is now efficient in numbers.

Cities and Burghs.

No. 33.—KELSO (County of Roxburgh).

Kelso.	Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	4,309
	Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	3
	Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	1,436

One superintendent and two constables.

This force continues to maintain only a superintendent and two constables, which I do not consider is an efficient force for so important a town.

No. 34.—KILMARNOCK (County of Ayr).

Kilmarnock.	Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	20,698
	Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	19
	Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	1,098

One superintendent, one inspector, three serjeants, and 14 constables, in three classes.

This force is the same as to numbers and rate of pay as last year, and has been maintained in a state of efficiency.

There is rather a small proportion of constables in the first class, only three out of 14. An increase of promotion to the first and second class would encourage good men to enter and remain in the force.

The inspectors, serjeants, and constables have an allowance of 1*l.* for boot money.

The clothing is very good.

No. 35.—KIRKINTILLOCH (County of Dumbarton).

Kirkintilloch.	Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	7,486
	Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	4
	Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	1,871

One superintendent, one serjeant, and two constables, in two classes.

This force appears rather weak for the extent and population of the burgh, but their duties appear to have been efficiently performed during the year.

The population of this town is diminishing, many of the inhabitants leaving it for employment in Glasgow and elsewhere.

No. 36.—KIRRIEMUIR (County of Forfar).

Kirriemuir.	Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	3,425
	Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	1
	Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	3,425

No alteration has been made in the police of this burgh.

The superintendent is the only regular police officer; three men, who light the lamps and clean the streets, assist if required, but I do not consider this an efficient force.

No improvement has been made in the lock-up.

No. 37.—LEITH (County of Edinburgh).

Leith.	Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	33,628
	Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	42
	Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	800

One superintendent, one inspector, two detectives, five serjeants, and 33 constables, in three classes.

There has been an addition of one constable during last year.

The harbour commissioners of Leith still maintain a separate police of their own, but I understand that it is now under consideration to unite their force with that of the burgh, which I am confident would be satisfactory to both parties, and of benefit to the public in general.

Several of the constables are provided with good lodgings at Newhaven, and Cities and Burghs. if a suitable site or premises can be obtained on favourable terms in Leith, more of the force will be lodged in the same manner, as in Glasgow, Dundee, &c.

This force is composed of a fine body of men, well drilled and well clothed, and is efficient in numbers and discipline.

The office and cells are kept in good order.

No. 38.—MACDUFF (County of Banff).

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	3,067	Macduff.
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	1	
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	3,067	

This burgh continues to employ only one constable, the "burgh officer," which is an inefficient police force. During the herring fishing season, in summer, there is a very large increase to the population.

The lock-up is a very bad one, as formerly reported.

No. 39.—MARYHILL (County of Lanark).

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	5,225	Maryhill.
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	7	
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	746	

One superintendent, one serjeant, and five constables, in two classes.

This force continues the same as last year, and is efficient in numbers and discipline. The population has considerably increased since the census was taken in 1861.

The men are well clothed and appointed, and are provided with lodgings in a house near the police-station.

No. 40.—MAXWELLTOWN (County of Kirkcudbright).

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	3,646	Maxwelltown.
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	1	
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	3,646	

This burgh employs a superintendent, and during part of the year an assistant, but it is not efficient as a police force.

The burgh might, with advantage, unite with the county for police purposes.

The station and cells are kept in good order.

No. 41.—MONTROSE (County of Forfar).

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	14,563	Montrose.
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	15	
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	970	

One superintendent, three serjeants, and 11 constables, in two classes.

Two constables were added during last year, for the more effectual protection of the harbour, which is extensive; and the force is efficient in numbers and discipline.

The office and lock-ups are kept in good order.

No. 42.—NAIRN (County of Nairn).

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	3,437	Nairn.
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	1	
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	3,437	

The "burgh officer" is the only constable maintained in this town.

The place used as a lock-up is a very bad one, and insecure.

Cities and Burghs.

No. 43.—NEWBURGH (County of Fife).

Newburgh.	Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	2,300
	Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	1
	Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	2,300

Only one constable is employed in this burgh, which is not an efficient police force.

No. 44.—PAISLEY (County of Renfrew).

Paisley.	Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	47,419
	Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	41
	Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	1,156

One superintendent, one lieutenant, one inspector, three serjeants, and 35 constables, in three classes.

An additional constable has been appointed during last year.

The inspector has been promoted to be lieutenant, and the office serjeant to be inspector. The serjeants and first and second class constables have had their pay increased by 1 s. per week, and the third class 6 d. per week.

There have been five vacancies from resignations and dismissals.

The force has been efficient during the year; but I consider it is still rather too weak in numbers, considering the large area within the bounds of the burgh, and to enable the suburbs to have sufficient police protection, particularly at night.

None of the men of this force are yet provided with lodgings.

No. 45.—PARTICK (County of Lanark).

Partick.	Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	10,917
	Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	15
	Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	727

One superintendent, two serjeants, and 12 constables, in three classes.

This force continues the same as last year as to numbers, but an addition of 1 s. per week has been made to the pay of the serjeants and constables.

An unusually large proportion of vacancies has taken place during the year, 15 in all: nine resignations, five dismissals, and one desertion.

It is expected that the recent addition to the pay of the men will be the means of inducing them to remain longer in the force.

The clothing and appointments are good; the office and cells kept in good order.

Notwithstanding the numerous changes, I consider the force has been efficient during the past year.

No. 46.—CITY OF PERTH (County of Perth).

Perth.	Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	23,000
	Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	25
	Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	920

One superintendent, two inspectors, two detectives, three serjeants, and 17 constables, in three classes.

This force continues the same as to numbers and rate of pay as last year, and is maintained in a good state of efficiency and discipline. There were seven vacancies during the year, six dismissed, and one resigned.

The men are well clothed and appointed.

I found that the police-stations and cells are frequently occupied at night by,
vagrants,

vagrants, who, having nowhere to lodge, claim protection at the police-office ; Cities and Burghs
386 persons were so lodged during last year.

The office and cells are too small for their proper purposes, of detaining persons taken into custody for crimes and offences, and I consider the custom above-mentioned, of permitting vagrants to occupy them, is improper, and interferes with the police duties. I felt it my duty to bring this matter before the notice of the magistrates of the city.

No. 47.—PULTENEYTOWN (County of Caithness).

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	about	5,000	Pulteneytown.
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	2	
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	2,500	

Two constables.

The force maintained by the "Commissioners of Pulteneytown,"—who still claim the right to maintain a police of their own separate from that of the county,—consists of two constables, and half of another man employed by the "British Fisheries Society," which I must continue to report as inefficient.

No. 48.—RENFREW (County of Renfrew).

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	3,731	Renfrew.
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	4	
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	932	

One superintendent, one serjeant, and two constables, in two classes.

This force continues the same as to numbers and rate of pay as last year, and is efficient.

The population of the burgh has increased considerably since the census was taken in 1861.

The office and cells are kept in good order.

The serjeant and constables are provided with lodgings near the police office.

No. 49.—ROTHESAY (County of Bute).

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	7,122	Rothestay.
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	5	
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	1,424	

One superintendent and four constables, in two classes.

This force continues the same as to numbers as last year.

There appears a want of activity and discipline in this force, which if not improved will prevent my being again able to report it efficient.

On the occasion of a recent contested election for the county of Bute, there was considerable excitement among the people of Rothestay, and extra police constables were brought from other places to assist in preserving the peace; there was no properly qualified officer to take the command and responsibility of the whole police duties, each force therefore acted under its own officers.

I have already recommended the authorities of the county of Bute, and of the burgh of Rothestay, to unite under the Act 20 & 21 Vict. c. 72, sec. 61, and have a good efficient force under one head.

The population of the whole county is only 16,331, of which that of the burgh of Rothestay is 7,122.

Cities and Burghs.

No. 50.—STIRLING (County of Stirling).

Stirling.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,714
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	-	14
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	-	979

One superintendent, two serjeants, and 11 constables, in two classes.

This force is the same as last year as to numbers and rate of pay.

The pay is low compared with that of other police forces, and of the 11 constables only two are in the first class, so the prospect of promotion is also less than in other forces. I have frequently brought this subject before the notice of the magistrates and Police Commissioners, but hitherto without effect. It cannot be expected that the superintendent can obtain the services of such men as are required, and can be obtained in other forces, while the pay continues so low, and so few are admitted into the first class.

On the whole, the force appears to have been efficient during last year.

No. 51.—STRANRAER (County of Wigtown).

Stranraer.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,980
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	-	995

One superintendent and three constables, one of whom is the town-crier.

This force continues the same as formerly reported, and I cannot yet report it efficient.

A proper place for prisoners when taken into custody is much required.

No. 52.—WICK (County of Caithness).

Wick.

Population in 1861	-	-	-	-	-	about	2,000
Strength of force	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Population to each constable	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,000

One superintendent and one constable.

This force continues the same as last year, a superintendent and one constable, who were assisted by the town officer until he was dismissed. This force does not appear to be maintained in a proper state of efficiency and discipline.

POLICE (SCOTLAND).

**REPORT of the INSPECTOR of CONSTABULARY,
for the Year ended 15th March 1865, made
to Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State,
under the Provisions of the Statute 20 & 21
Vict. c. 72.**

(Presented pursuant to Act of Parliament.)

*Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
23 May 1865.*

311.

Under 4 oz.

CORPORAL PUNISHMENT.

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons,
dated 21 July 1864 ;—for,

“ RETURNS of the Number of PRISONERS punished under the Act 26 & 27 Vict. c. 44 (13th July 1863), by WHIPPING ; the Number of Strokes ordered and inflicted in each Case, and by what Instrument, and by Sentence of what presiding or other Judge, and at what Assizes or other Court :”

“ Of all Cases in each GAOL and HOUSE OF CORRECTION in the UNITED KINGDOM in which CORPORAL PUNISHMENT has been inflicted by Orders or Sentence of the Visiting Justices, or by Courts of Assize and Quarterly Sessions, from the last Returns to the present Time, and of the Names of the Visiting Justices in each Case by whose Orders any Corporal Punishment has been inflicted in each Gaol and House of Correction ; specifying the Offence for which such Punishment was given, and the Number of Lashes, and how and by what Instrument applied, the Age and Name of each Person punished, the Date of each Warrant or Order, and the Names of the Justices, Surgeons, and other Persons present when the Punishment was inflicted :”

“ And, of all Cases in each GAOL and HOUSE OF CORRECTION in *England* and *Wales*, and in *Ireland*, in which CORPORAL PUNISHMENT has been inflicted by WHIPPING, under the Authority of the Act 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, of the Act 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and of the Act 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18, any or either of them, and the Age of each Person punished, from the last Return, ordered 24th April 1863, to the present Time ; specifying the particular Offences for which, and the Names of the Justices by or before whom, each of them had been summarily convicted and sentenced, the Dates of each Conviction and Punishment, the Number of Lashes in each Case, and by what Instrument, and the Names of the Persons present when the Punishment was inflicted.”

(*Mr. Hadfield.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
1 March 1865.

SUMMARY.

ENGLAND AND WALES.

COUNTY.	Number Punished under the Act 26 & 27 Vict. c. 44.	Number Whipped by Order of the Visiting Justices, Courts of Assize, &c.	Number Whipped under the Authority of the Acts 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, and 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37.	TOTAL.
ENGLAND:				
Bedford -	—	—	—	—
Berks -	1	1	9	11
Bucks -	—	5	3	8
Cambridge -	—	—	5	5
Ile of Ely -	—	—	1	1
Cheshire -	—	10	7	17
Cornwall -	—	3	7	10
Cumberland -	—	—	6	6
Derby -	—	—	6	6
Devon -	—	6	16	22
Dorset -	—	—	6	6
Durham -	2	7	9	9
Essex -	—	6	18	24
Gloucestershire -	—	—	21	21
Herefordshire -	—	1	2	3
Herts -	—	4	3	7
St. Alban's -	—	1	5	6
Huntingdon -	—	1	—	1
Kent -	—	24	21	45
Leicestershire -	4	75	115	194
Leicester -	—	8	3	11
Lincoln -	—	12	10	22
Middlesex -	3	34	172	209
Monmouth -	—	—	1	1
Norfolk -	—	3	12	15
Northampton -	—	2	—	2
Peterborough -	—	—	—	—
Northumberland -	—	—	12	12
Notts -	—	1	34	35
Oxford -	—	—	6	6
Rutland -	—	—	1	1
Salop -	—	5	2	7
Somerset -	—	6	28	34
Southampton -	—	2	36	38
Stafford -	—	8	34	42
Suffolk -	—	1	1	2
Surrey -	1	38	100	139
Sussex -	—	1	18	19
Warwick -	4	1	29	34
Westmoreland -	—	1	—	1
Wilts -	—	1	2	3
Worcester -	—	3	3	6
York -	4	9	58	71
WALES:				
Anglesey -	—	—	—	—
Brecon -	—	—	—	—
Cardigan -	—	1	—	1
Cardiff -	—	—	—	—
Carmarthen -	—	—	—	—
Carmarvon -	—	—	—	—
Denbigh -	—	6	1	7
Flint -	—	—	2	2
Glamorgan -	—	—	14	14
Merioneth -	—	1	—	1
Montgomery -	—	—	—	—
Pembroke -	—	—	1	1
Radnor -	—	—	—	—
TOTAL ENGLAND and WALES	19	281	838	1,138

RETURNS of the Number of PRISONERS punished under the Act 26 & 27 Vict. c. 44 (13th July 1863), by WHIPPING; the Number of Strokes ordered and inflicted in each Case, and by what Instrument, and by Sentence of what presiding or other Judge, and what Assizes or other Court:—Of all Cases in each GAOL and HOUSE of CORRECTION in the UNITED KINGDOM in which CORPORAL PUNISHMENT has been inflicted by Orders or Sentence of the Visiting Justices, or by Courts of Assize or Quarterly Sessions, from the last Returns to the present Time:—And, of all Cases in each GAOL and HOUSE of CORRECTION in *England* and *Wales*, and in *Ireland*, in which CORPORAL PUNISHMENT has been inflicted by WHIPPING, under the Authority of the Act 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, of the Act 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and of the Act 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18, any or either of them, and the Age of each Person punished, from the last Return, ordered 24th April 1863, to the present Time; &c.

E N G L A N D.

C O U N T Y O F B E D F O R D.

C O U N T Y G A O L, B E D F O R D.

— Nil. —

19 August 1864.

Robert E. Roberts, Governor.

C O U N T Y O F B E R K S.

C O U N T Y G A O L, R E A D I N G.

RETURN of the Number of Prisoners on whom Corporal Punishment has been inflicted under the Acts 26 & 27 Vict. c. 44, the 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, and 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18, &c.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Name of Magistrate or Judge before whom Convicted and Sentenced.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Punishment.	SENTENCE.	Number of Stripes inflicted, and by what Instrument.	Names of Persons present when Punishment inflicted.
J. F.	15	Stealing 8 cakes	W. Blandy, J. B. Monck, and J. Hopkin esqrs.	2 May 1863.	4 May 1863.	3 days' imprisonment and 6 strokes.	6 strokes with a birch rod.	S. Ferry, governor; F. A. Bulley, surgeon; R. W. Boyce, deputy governor; G. Morley, warder, and other officers.
T. F.	12	Stealing a silver watch and chain.	C. Sawyer and J. Hibbert, esqrs.	23 Sept. 1863.	26 Sept. 1863.	7 days' hard labour and 12 strokes.	12 strokes with a birch rod.	- ditto.
W. H.	9	Stealing a pair of boots, &c.	T. Bros, esq. - -	19 Oct. 1863.	23 Oct. 1863.	1 week hard labour and 6 strokes.	6 strokes with a birch rod.	- ditto.
W. J. P.	12	Stealing a handkerchief.	C. Sawyer and J. Hibbert, esqrs.	27 Oct. 1863.	21 Nov. 1863.	1 month hard labour and 12 strokes.	12 strokes with a birch rod.	- ditto.
H. J. B.	16	Stealing a pair of boots, &c.	T. Bros, esq. - -	19 Oct. 1863.	15 Jan. 1864.	3 cal. months' hard labour and 12 strokes.	- ditto -	- ditto.
G. W.	16	Violently assaulting and stealing from the person.	Mr. Justice Crompton	26 Nov. 1863.	17 Feb. 1864.	3 years' penal servitude and 25 strokes.	25 strokes with a birch rod.	- ditto.
S. L.	10	Stealing money -	W. Blandy, M. G. Thoyts, and W. G. Mount, esqrs.	23 April 1864.	25 April 1864.	4 days' hard labour and 12 strokes.	12 strokes with a birch rod.	S. Ferry, governor; F. A. Bulley, surgeon; J. Dearlove, warder, and other officers.
W. T.	14	Setting fire to a stack of hay.	Mr. Justice Crompton	26 Nov. 1863.	27 July 1864.	9 cal. months' hard labour and 20 strokes.	20 strokes with a birch rod.	S. Ferry, governor; W. W. Moxhay, surgeon; G. Morley, warder, and other officers.
C. J.	12	Stealing money -	T. Morris and G. Palmer, esqrs.	22 July 1864.	29 Aug. 1864.	6 weeks' hard labour and 12 strokes.	12 strokes with a birch rod.	S. Ferry, governor; W. W. Moxhay, surgeon; J. Handley, warder, and other officers.
G. F.	11	Stealing a gold ring.	W. G. Mount, Esq., and Sir C. S. P. Hunter, Bart.	27 Aug. 1864.	29 Aug. 1864.	4 days' hard labour and 6 strokes.	6 strokes with a birch rod.	- ditto.
Total.	10							

Samuel Ferry, Governor.

COUNTY OF BERKS—*continued.*

COUNTY GAOL AND HOUSE OF CORRECTION, ABINGDON.

RETURN of the Number of Persons punished under the Act 26 & 27 Vict. c. 44 (13th July 1863), by Whipping, &c.:—
Of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Orders or Sentence of the Visiting Justices, or by
Courts of Assize or Quarter Sessions:—And, of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by
Whipping under the Authority of the Act 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, of the Act 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and of the Act
25 & 26 Vict. c. 18.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	SENTENCE.	Before whom Convicted.	Date of Conviction.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument.	Names of Persons present.
G. G. -	11	Stealing 2 boxes of sweets.	3 hours, and to be once privately whipped; 12 blows with a birch rod.	Rev. N. Dodson and T. Theobald, esq.	28 Dec. 1863	12	birch rod -	A. K. Judd, governor; E. Cowcher, surgeon; W. Gerring, warder; J. Johnson, warder.
Total - 1								

2 September 1864.

A. K. Judd, Governor.

COUNTY OF BUCKS.

COUNTY PRISON, AYLESBURY.

RETURN of the Number of Prisoners punished under the Act 26 & 27 Vict. c. 44 (13th July 1863), by Whipping.

— Nil. —

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Orders or Sentence of the Visiting Justices, or by Courts of Assize and Quarterly Sessions, from the last Returns to the present time.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument.	Names of Visiting Justices or Court ordering Punishment.	Date of Warrant or Order.	Names of Justices, Surgeons and other Persons present when Punishment was inflicted.
J. S. -	22	Breaking his cell furniture, window, &c., and setting fire to part of his bedding.	35	cat - -	J. E. Bartlett, esq. -	26 Mar. 1863	H. Sherriff, governor; R. Ceely, surgeon; W. Pearce and J. East, warders.
W. G. -	18	Breaking his cell window, furniture, &c.	50	cat - -	W. Lowndes, esq. -	1 June 1863	H. Sherriff, governor; R. Ceely, surgeon; W. Armitage and J. East, warders.
W. G. -	18	Breaking his cell window, furniture, &c., and tearing up his clothing.	50	cat - -	W. Lowndes, esq., Rev. R. N. Russell, and Rev. P. T. Onory.	8 July 1863	- - ditto.
G. P. -	12	Arson - - - -	6	birch rod -	Court of Assize -	10 Mar. 1864	- - ditto.
W. H. -	10	Breaking his cell window -	25	cat - -	T. S. Chapman, esq.	10 July 1864	H. Sherriff, governor; R. Ceely, surgeon; T. Peterkin, W. Armitage, and J. East, warders.
Total - 5							

RETURN of Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Whipping under the Authority of the Act 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, of the Act 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and of the Act 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of Justices.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Strokes.	Instrument.	Names of Persons present.
W. P. -	12	Stealing a cricket ball.	C. J. Palmer and W. F. Farrer, esqrs.	13 May 1864	17 May 1864	6	birch rod -	H. Sherriff, governor; R. Ceely, surgeon; W. Armitage and J. East, warders.
H. T. -	12	Stealing money -	M. Knapp and J. C. Maul, esqrs.	3 Aug. 1864	11 Aug. 1864	12	ditto -	H. Sherriff, governor; R. Ceely, surgeon; T. Peterkin and J. East, warders.
Gr. J. G. -	8	Stealing lead -	W. G. Duncan, esq., and others.	14 Sept. 1864	30 Sept. 1864	12	ditto -	H. Sherriff, governor; R. Ceely, surgeon; T. Peterkin, W. Pearce, and J. East, warders.
Total - 3								

4 November 1864.

H. Sherriff, Governor.

COUNTY OF BUCKS—continued.

BOROUGH GAOL, BUCKINGHAM.

No Prisoner whatever has been whipped during the year ending July 1864.

4 January 1864.

Wm. Giles, Governor.

COUNTY OF CAMBRIDGE.

COUNTY GAOL, CAMBRIDGE.

No cases of whipping whatever.

4 January 1865.

B. Gibson, Governor.

BOROUGH GAOL, CAMBRIDGE.

RETURN of the Number of Prisoners punished under the Act 26 & 27 Vict. c. 44 (13th July 1863), by Whipping, &c.

— Nil. —

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Orders or Sentence of the Visiting Justices, or by Courts of Assize and Quarter Sessions.

— Nil. —

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Whipping under the Authority of the Act 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82; 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and of the Act 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18, &c.

Number of Prisoners.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of Justices.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Lashes, &c.	Names of Persons present.
1	12	Larceny of goods -	H. Smith and E. Smith, esqrs.	5 Oct. 1863	18 Oct. 1863	12 strokes with birch.	J. Edis, Governor; J. Hammond, esq., surgeon; T. Smith, warder.
1	12	- - ditto - -	H. H. Harris and S. Hurrell, esqrs.	20 Nov. 1863	21 Nov. 1863	10 strokes with birch.	- - ditto.
1	12	- - ditto - -	- - ditto - -	20 Nov. 1863	21 Nov. 1863	- ditto - -	- - ditto.
1	14	Larceny of money	H. H. Harris and W. Warren, esqrs.	4 Mar. 1864	6 Mar. 1864	9 strokes with birch.	J. Edis, Governor; J. Hammond, esq., surgeon; T. Sexton, warder.
1	15	Larceny of goods -	H. H. Harris, esq. -	1 July 1864	2 July 1864	12 strokes with birch.	- - ditto.
Total - 5							

28 August 1864.

Jno. Edis, Governor.

HOUSE OF CORRECTION, ISLE OF ELY.

— Nil. —

27 August 1864.

W. Curry, Governor.

HOUSE OF CORRECTION, WISBEACH.

JUVENILE prisoner, E. H. (age 12); convicted under "Juvenile Offenders' Act," at Petty Sessions, held at Chatteris, in the Isle of Ely, 3d November 1863, before the Rev. Algernon Peyton and Thomas Richardson, Esq., Magistrates of the said Isle, of larceny, viz., stealing three gingerbread cakes; sentence, 14 days' hard labour, and to be once whipped with a birch rod, 12 strokes. Prisoner was whipped in pursuance of this sentence on the 11th November 1863, in the presence of the Governor of the prison, Ed. F. Burrows, and Frederick Faussett, surgeon of the prison, who stopped punishment at the eighth stroke. Prisoner was whipped at 11 a.m., in the prison corridor.

Total - - - - - 1

7 January 1865.

Ed. F. Burrows, Governor.

COUNTY OF CHESTER.

COUNTY GAOL, CHESTER CASTLE.

RETURN of all Persons sentenced to Corporal Punishment by Order of Visiting Justices, Courts of Assize, and Quarter Sessions, from the 5th March 1863 to the 21st July 1864.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	AUTHORITY.	OFFENCE.	Number of Lashes, and how applied.	Names of Persons present when Punishment was inflicted.
J. S. - -	16	Court of Assize - - -	Arson - - - -	25 strokes with a birch rod. Punishment will not be inflicted until the latter part of the sentence of imprisonment.	—
Total - 1					

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment, by Whipping, has been inflicted, under the Authority of the Acts 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, of the 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and of the Act 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18, from the 5th March 1863 to the 21st July 1864.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	AUTHORITY.	OFFENCE.	Number of Lashes, and how applied.	Names of Persons present when Punishment was inflicted.
J. H. - -	12	R. Bryans and J. B. Case, esqrs.	Stealing a quantity of provisions and other articles.	12 strokes with a birch rod -	W. M'Ewen, M. D.; J. B. Manning, deputy governor; W. Hoare and E. Read.
T. L. - -	11	J. Younghusband and S. Ledward, esqrs.	Stealing rope - - -	- - ditto - - -	W. M'Ewen, M. D.; J. B. Manning, deputy governor; A. Dunning and W. Hoare.
W. K. - -	15	- - ditto - - -	- - ditto - - -	- - ditto - - -	- - ditto.
Total - 3					

22 August 1864.

M. Dunstan, Constable.

HOUSE OF CORRECTION, KNUTSFORD.

RETURN of the Number of Prisoners punished, under the Act 26 & 27 Vict. c. 44, by Whipping, &c.

— Nil. —

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Orders or Sentence of the Visiting Justices, or by Courts of Assize and Quarter Sessions.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	Assizes and Sessions.	Date of Conviction.	OFFENCE.	SENTENCE.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument applied.	Persons present when Punishment was inflicted.
W. S. -	14	Chairman of quarter sessions.	1 July 1863	Obtaining goods and money by false pretences.	2 cal. months' hard labour and whipped.	12	a birch rod	Deputy governor and surgeon.
J. R. -	14	G. W. Latham, esq.	1 July 1863	Stealing 42 violoncello strings, 1 album, 16 books, and various other articles.	21 days' hard labour and whipped.	12	- ditto -	Deputy governor and assistant surgeon.
W. R. -	11	- - ditto - -	1 July 1863	- - ditto - -	- - ditto - -	12	- ditto -	- - ditto.
R. W. P. -	11	Chairman of quarter sessions.	30 Nov. 1863	Stealing 30 lbs. weight of coal.	- - ditto - -	12	- ditto -	Governor and assistant surgeon.
T. M. -	14	- - ditto - -	16 Feb. 1864	Stealing 40 lbs. weight of old metal.	- - ditto - -	12	- ditto -	- - ditto.
J. M. -	12	- - ditto - -	16 Feb. 1864	- - ditto - -	- - ditto - -	12	- ditto -	- - ditto.
J. H. -	13	- - ditto - -	16 Feb. 1864	- - ditto - -	- - ditto - -	12	- ditto -	- - ditto.
J. S. -	10	E. Owens, esq.	16 Feb. 1864	Stealing 1 bag, 4 sovereigns, and 1 half-sovereign.	- - ditto - -	12	- ditto -	- - ditto.
J. A. -	15	Deputy chairman of quarter sessions.	29 June 1864	Stealing 1 gold watch-guard.	- - ditto - -	12	- ditto -	- - ditto.
Total - 9								

COUNTY OF CHESTER—HOUSE OF CORRECTION, KNUTSFORD—*continued.*

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Whipping, under the authority of the Act 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, of the Act 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and of the Act 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	By whom Committed.	Date of Conviction.	OFFENCE.	SENTENCE.	25 & 26 Vict.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument inflicted.	Persons present when Punishment was inflicted.
I. D. -	8	W. Tomkinson and S. Woodhouse, esqrs.	27 April 1863.	Stealing 13 eggs -	14 days' hard labour and whipped.	1	10	a birch rod	Deputy governor and assistant surgeon.
T. B. -	13	J. H. Harper, esq., and Rev. T. France.	18 December 1863.	Stealing one night-shirt and two pairs of stockings.	3 cal. months' hard labour and whipped.	1	11	- ditto -	- ditto.
H. A. -	11	Rev. G. Eaton and L. P. Townshend, esq.	1 March 1864.	Stealing 1 pair of boots.	21 days' hard labour and whipped.	1	12	- ditto -	Governor and assistant surgeon.
J. E. F. -	6	C. Woolnough and E. H. Sheldard, esq.	6 June 1864	Stealing 1 pocket knife.	7 days' hard labour and whipped.	1	12	- ditto -	Deputy governor and assistant surgeon.
Total - 4									

19 August 1864.

Geo. Gullop, Governor.

CITY GAOL, CHESTER.

No corporal punishment has been inflicted by whipping in this prison from the 24th day of April 1863 to the present date.

3 January 1865.

Jas. Long, Governor.

COUNTY OF CORNWALL.

COUNTY GAOL, BODMIN.

RETURN of Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by order of the Visiting Justices, Courts of Assize, and Courts of Quarter Sessions, from the 6th day of March 1863 to the 16th day of August 1864.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	Offence for which Punished.	By what Authority ordered to be inflicted.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Lashes given, and with what Instrument.	Names of the Justices, Surgeons, and other Persons present when Punishment inflicted.
T. D. -	14	Stealing a sovereign	Court of Quarter Sessions.	5 Jan. 1864	12 Jan. 1864	12 strokes with a birch rod.	H. G. Colvill, governor, and T. Q. Couch, assistant surgeon.
J. P. -	15	Stealing a silver watch.	- - ditto - -	5 Jan. 1864	12 Jan. 1864	- - ditto - -	- - ditto.
J. F. -	14	Stealing razors, &c.	- - ditto - -	28 June 1864	5 July 1864	- - ditto - -	- - ditto.
Total - 3							

RETURN of Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted under the authority of the Acts 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, the 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and the 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18, from the 6th day of March 1863 to the 16th day of August 1864.

Number of Prisoners.	Age.	Offence for which Punished.	Before whom Convicted.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Lashes given, and with what Instrument.	Names of Persons present when Punishment was inflicted.
1	10	Stealing rabbits -	Justices of the Peace of the borough of Liskeard.	12 Oct. 1863 -	27 Oct. 1863	12 strokes with a birch rod.	H. G. Colvill, governor, and J. Ward, surgeon.
1	13	- - ditto - -	- - ditto - -	12 Oct. 1863 -	27 Oct. 1863	- - ditto - -	- - ditto.
1	13	Stealing a quantity of rope.	U. Tonkin, clerk, and J. Haye, esq.	3 Nov. 1863 -	11 Nov. 1863	10 strokes with a birch rod.	- - ditto.
1	10	- - ditto - -	- - ditto - -	3 Nov. 1863 -	11 Nov. 1863	- - ditto - -	- - ditto.
1	10	- - ditto - -	- - ditto - -	3 Nov. 1863 -	11 Nov. 1863	- - ditto - -	- - ditto.
1	13	- - ditto - -	- - ditto - -	3 Nov. 1863 -	11 Nov. 1863	- - ditto - -	- - ditto.
Total - 6							

19 August 1864.

J. Mayell, Deputy Governor.

COUNTY OF CORNWALL—continued.

BOROUGH GAOL, FALMOUTH.

I HAVE to inform you that no Prisoner has been subjected to corporal punishment in this Gaol since the last Return.
13 September 1864.

Geo. Julyan, Governor.

BOROUGH GAOL, HELSTON.

No Prisoners punished under the Act 26 & 27 Vict. c. 44, by whipping.

BOROUGH GAOL, PENZANCE.

RETURN showing all Cases in which Corporal Punishment by Whipping has been inflicted since the last Returns to the present time, 18th August 1864.

Number of Prisoners.	Authority of Act under which punished.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of Justices by whom Convicted.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Lashes given, and by what Instrument.	Names of Persons present when the Punishment was inflicted.
1	10 & 11 Vict. c. 82.	10	Stealing copper from a boat.	R. A. G. Davies and J. J. A. Boase, esqrs.	18 Aug. 1863	20 Aug. 1863	6 with birch rod.	R. A. G. Davies, esq., mayor; W. G. Harvey, esq., surgeon; J. Olds, governor; W. Michell, whipper.
Total - 1								

John Olds, Governor.

COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND.

COUNTY GAOL, CARLISLE.

RETURN of the Number of Prisoners flogged since 24th April 1863 to 21st July 1864 inclusive.

Number of Prisoners.	Age.	CRIME.	Bench.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Lashes.	Persons present.
1	12	Stealing wine - -	City - -	16 May 1863	21 May 1863	- - -	Governor and surgeon.
1	9	- - ditto - -	City - -	16 May 1863	21 May 1863	- - -	- - ditto.
1	10	Stealing trousers -	City - -	1 June 1864	1 June 1864	6	Governor and head turnkey.
1	14	- - ditto - -	City - -	1 June 1864	28 July 1864	12	- - ditto.
1	11	Stealing lead - -	City - -	16 July 1864	16 July 1864	6	- - ditto.
1	14	- - ditto - -	City - -	10 July 1864	16 July 1864	9	- - ditto.
Total - 6							

No prisoners flogged for gaol offences.

1 October 1864.

T. H. Redin, Governor.

COUNTY OF DERBY.

COUNTY GAOL, DERBY.

RETURN of the Number of Corporal Punishments which have taken place since 24th April 1863 to 23d August 1864, under the Act 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, of the Act 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and of the Act 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18.

Number of Prisoners.	Offences of which Convicted.	Age.	Names of Justices before whom Convicted.	Date of Conviction.	SENTENCE.	Number of Lashes given.	Kind of Instrument used.	Names of Persons present when the Punishment was inflicted.
1	Stealing 6d. in money	9	Sir H. Wilmot, bart., and F. B. Wright, esq.	4 May 1863	2 days, and whipped -	12	birch rod	J. H. Sims, governor ; H. F. Gisborne, surgeon ; J. White, warder.
1	Stealing wood -	13	T. Clarke and T. P. Bainbrigge, esqrs.	5 Nov. 1863	3 days, and whipped -	10	ditto -	J. H. Sims, governor ; H. F. Gisborne, surgeon ; W. Judd, warder.
1	Stealing a purse -	13	T. Roe, mayor, and H. Darby, esqrs.	19 Nov. 1863	- - ditto - -	10	ditto -	J. H. Sims, governor ; H. F. Gisborne, surgeon ; J. White, warder.
1	Stealing pigeons -	14	A. Mosley and W. Worthington, esqrs.	20 Jan. 1864	2 days, and whipped -	24	ditto -	J. H. Sims, governor ; Dr. Goode, surgeon ; J. White, warder.
1	Stealing a prayer-book.	10	E. Wilmot and L. E. Mann, esqrs.	2 Mar. 1864	3 days, and whipped -	10	ditto -	- - ditto.
1	Stealing a purse, and 2s. 6d. in money.	8½	T. Roe, mayor, and R. Pegg, esqrs.	4 July 1864	2 days, and whipped -	10	ditto -	J. H. Sims, governor ; H. F. Gisborne, surgeon ; C. Spencer, warder.
Total - 6								

J. H. Sims, Governor.

COUNTY OF DEVON.

COUNTY PRISON, DEVON.

There have not been any Prisoners punished under the Act 26 & 27 Vict. c. 44 (18th July 1863) by whipping.

RETURN of the Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Orders of the Visiting Justices, Courts of Assize, and Quarter and General Sessions, from 5th March 1863 to 21st July 1864.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	AUTHORITY.	OFFENCE.	Number of Lashes.	Instrument.	Public or Private.	Date of Warrant or Order.	Persons present.
M. N. -	17	J. Sillifant and B. Fulford, esqrs., visiting justices.	Destroying all the bedding, books, and other things in his cell, also the water and gas pipes.	24	cat -	private -	22 May 1863	E. H. Rose, governor ; W. W. James, surgeon, and three warders.
H. J. -	24	J. Sillifant, esq., visiting justice.	Breaking all the glass in his cell window ; also an iron bedstead, and with one of the legs smashing the cell door, and doing other acts of violence.	24	cat -	ditto -	29 Aug. 1863	- - ditto.
S. P. -	14	Sessions - - -	Felony - - - -	12	birch -	ditto -	12 May 1863	- - ditto.
Total - 3								

COUNTY OF DEVON—*continued.*

RETURN of the Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted, by Whipping, under the authority of the Acts 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, and 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18, any or either of them, from 2d April 1863 to 21st July 1864.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of Justices by whom Sentenced.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Lashes.	Instrument used.	Persons present.
W. W. -	10	Felony -	Rev. J. Hayshe and J. J. Melhuish, esq.	13 Aug. 1863	24 Aug. 1863	12	birch -	E. H. Rose, governor; W. W. James, surgeon, and three warders.
J. R. -	13	ditto -	H. Coham and C. Trotter, esqrs.	22 Sept. 1863	26 Sept. 1863	12	birch -	- - ditto.
R. D. -	13	ditto -	C. Trotter and R. M. Watson, esqrs.	24 Dec. 1863	18 Jan. 1864	6	birch -	- - ditto.
W. B. -	13	ditto -	- - ditto - - -	24 Dec. 1863	7 Mar. 1864	12	birch -	- - ditto.
J. B. -	12	ditto -	- - ditto - - -	24 Dec. 1863	7 Mar. 1864	12	birch -	- - ditto.
T. H. -	12	ditto -	W. Bentall and W. T. W. Bastard, esqrs.	22 Jan. 1864	7 Mar. 1864	12	birch -	- - ditto.
S. W. J. -	13	ditto -	R. M. Watson and C. Trotter, esqrs.	27 Jan. 1864	7 Mar. 1864	12	birch -	- - ditto.
L. T. J. -	13	ditto -	J. H. Gill and T. P. Mitchell, esqrs.	29 Feb. 1864	7 Mar. 1864	12	birch -	- - ditto.
J. H. -	13	ditto -	- - ditto - - -	29 Feb. 1864	7 Mar. 1864	12	birch -	- - ditto.
W. H. -	12	ditto -	Sir M. Lopes, bart., and H. Coham, esq.	14 Mar. 1864	21 April 1864	12	birch -	- - ditto.
Total - 10								

Edward H. Rose, Governor.

BOROUGH GAOL AND HOUSE OF CORRECTION, BARNSTAPLE.

RETURN of the Number of Prisoners punished under the Act 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, and 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, by Whipping.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	Names of Visiting Justices in each Case by whose Order Corporal Punishment has been Inflicted.	Offence for which such Punishment was given.	Number of Strokes Ordered and Inflicted.	How, and by what Instrument applied.	Date of Warrant.	Persons present when the Punishment was Inflicted.
E. S. -	13	J. W. M. W. Guppy, mayor, and Henry Ivis Gribble, justice, esqrs.	On the 1st day of December, did feloniously steal, take, and carry away, one bottle of pomade, value 1s.	10	whip -	2 Dec. 1863	Mr. Cooke, surgeon, and the governor.
T. C. H. -	12	- - ditto - - -	- - ditto - - -	5	whip -	2 Dec. 1863	- - ditto.
T. L. -	14	J. W. M. W. Guppy, mayor, and J. W. Fisher, justice, esqrs.	On the 15th day of April, did feloniously steal, take, and carry away one pair of boots, of the value of 1s.	10	birch -	16 April 1864	- - ditto.
Total - 3							

27 August 1864.

W. Treedin, Governor.

BOROUGH GAOL, BRADNINCH.

— Nil. —

30 September 1864.

Robert Swain, Governor.

BOROUGH PRISONS, DEVONPORT.

RETURN showing the Number of Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted, and under what Authority, from 20th March 1863 to 20th August 1864.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Punishment.	OFFENCE.	By whose Authority.	Number of Lashes, and what Instrument applied.	Names of Persons present.
J. J. -	15	31 Dec. 1863	15 Mar. 1864	Stealing lead - -	Recorder, Quarter Sessions.	18, with a birch rod.	J. Edwards, governor; L. P. Metham, medical officer; G. Hewitt, warder.
C. S. -	14	31 Dec. 1863	15 Mar. 1864	- - ditto - - -	- - ditto - - -	ditto - -	- - ditto.
C. R. -	12	1 Mar. 1864	4 Mar. 1864	Stealing tobacco, under the "Juvenile Offenders Act."	C. Row, mayor, and J. W. Ryder, esq.	12, with a birch rod.	- - ditto.
Total - 3							

20 August 1864.

J. Edwards, Governor.

COUNTY OF DEVON—*continued.*

BOROUGH PRISON, PLYMOUTH.

RETURN of the Number of Prisoners punished, under the Act 26 & 27 Vict. c. 44 (13 July 1863), by Whipping, &c.
— Nil. —

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Order or Sentence of the Court of Quarter Sessions.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	Date of Warrant or Order.	OFFENCE.	Number of Lashes.	Name of Recorder by whose Order Corporal Punishment has been Inflicted.	How and by what Instrument applied.	Names of Persons present when Punishment was inflicted.
W. R. -	12	10 April 1864	Stealing six lbs. of flour.	12	C. Saunders, esq. -	On the breech, by a birch rod.	J. Simm, governor; J. N. Stevens, surgeon; and W. Yeo, gate-porter.
Total - 1							

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Order or Sentence of the Visiting Justices.
— Nil. —

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Whipping, under the Authority of the Act 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, of the Act 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and of the Act 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of Justices before whom Convicted and Sentenced.	Date of each Conviction and Punishment.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument inflicted.	Names of Persons present when Punishment was inflicted.
Under 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18: W. W. -	13	Stealing taps -	W. Derry, esq. -	19 Jan. 1864	12	Birch rod - -	J. Simm, governor; J. N. Stevens, surgeon; and W. Yeo, gate-porter.
J. H. -	13	Stealing 6 d. -	C. Norrington, mayor, and J. Skardon, esqrs.	10 April 1864	12	- ditto - - -	- ditto.
Total - 2							

31 August 1864.

John Simm, Governor.

BOROUGH GAOL, SOUTHMOLTON.

No Corporal Punishment has been inflicted on any Prisoner.

13 September 1864.

Philip Widgery, Governor.

BOROUGH GAOL AND HOUSE OF CORRECTION, TIVERTON.

— Nil. —

18 August 1864.

John Radford, Governor.

COUNTY OF DORSET.

COUNTY PRISON, DORSET.

Return of all Cases of Corporal Punishment which have been inflicted by Order or Sentence of the Visiting Justices, or by Courts of Assize and Quarter Sessions.

— Nil. —

Return of all Cases of Corporal Punishment which have been inflicted, by Whipping, under the Authority of the Act 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, of the Act 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and of the Act 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	By whom Committed.	Date of Conviction.	OFFENCE.	SENTENCE.	Number of Lashes.	Date of Whipping.	Persons present.
W. A. B. -	14	T. Gundry and W. Hounsell, esqrs.	28 May 1863	Stealing money -	14 days' hard labour, and 12 strokes.	12 strokes by a birch rod.	8 June 1863	J. V. D. Lawrence, governor; J. Good, surgeon; E. Pope and J. Phelps, warders.
S. B. -	13	T. Goodden and J.F. Falwasser, esqrs.	19 Nov. 1863	Stealing apples -	2 days' hard labour, and 10 strokes.	10 strokes by a birch rod.	21 Nov. 1863	- - ditto.
S. M. -	12	- - ditto - -	19 Nov. 1863	- - ditto -	- - ditto -	- - ditto -	21 Nov. 1863	- - ditto.
W. R. -	12	- - ditto - -	19 Nov. 1863	- - ditto -	1 week hard labour, and 12 strokes.	12 strokes by a birch rod.	25 Nov. 1863	- - ditto.
A. E. -	15	H. W. B. Portman and J. T. Baskett, esqrs.	4 May 1864	Stealing a shirt, stockings, &c.	1 cal. month hard labour, and 6 strokes.	6 strokes by a birch rod.	2 June 1864	J. V. D. Lawrence, governor; J. Good, surgeon; H. Pitfield and J. Phelps, warders.
J. B. -	14	- - ditto - -	4 May 1864	Stealing a pair of gaiters and a horse rubber.	- - ditto -	- - ditto -	2 June 1864	- - ditto.
Total - 6								

Dorchester Castle, 30 August 1864.

J. V. D. Lawrence, Governor.

BOROUGH GAOL, POOLE.

No Corporal Punishment has been inflicted under the Act 26 & 27 Vict. c. 44, or any of the other Acts cited, since the last Return.

5 January 1865.

George McCloud Whitehall, Governor.

COUNTY OF DURHAM.

COUNTY GAOL AND HOUSE OF CORRECTION, DURHAM.

Return of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted under the Authority of the Act 26 & 27 Vict. c. 44.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Before whom Convicted.	Where and when Convicted.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Lashes.	Instrument used, and how applied.	Persons present.
T. A. -	22	Robbery, with violence.	Mr. Baron Pigott	Durham Assizes, 13 July 1864.	16 July 1864	20	Cat-o'-nine-tails on the bare back.	W. Green, governor; J. Young, deputy governor; G. Shaw, surgeon; I. Smith, T. Allison, W. Hodgson, J. Smith, E. Alexander, and J. Robinson, warders.
J. C. -	20	- ditto -	- - ditto -	- - ditto -	16 July 1864	20	- - ditto -	- - ditto.
Total - 2								

COUNTY OF DURHAM—DURHAM COUNTY GAOL AND HOUSE OF CORRECTION—*continued.*

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment by Whipping has been inflicted under the Authority of the Acts 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, 18 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18, from the 24th April 1863 to the present time.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Before whom Summarily Convicted.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Lashes.	Instrument used.	Persons present.
H. D.	- 10	Stealing a hen	W. Ord and R. Anderson, esqrs.	5 Sept. 1863	12 Sept. 1863	6	birch rod	J. Young, deputy governor; G. Shaw, surgeon; T. Smith, J. Robinson, J. Smurthwaite, and D. M'Lean, warders.
H. G.	- 10	Stealing a tin can and a lantern.	M. Kearney and A. H. Talmadge, esqrs.	26 Nov. 1863	1 Dec. 1863	9	ditto	J. Young, deputy governor; G. Shaw, surgeon; T. Allison, J. Robinson, J. W. Metcalf, W. Hodgson, and J. Smurthwaite, warders.
P. B.	- 12	Stealing 2 glasses	J. Smith and W. Brown, esqrs.	1 Dec. 1863	8 Dec. 1863	12	ditto	J. Young, deputy governor; G. Shaw, surgeon; T. Smith, W. Hodgson, E. Dodd, jun., J. Smurthwaite, and J. Robinson, warders.
R. W.	- 11	Stealing money	J. Allison and J. Lindsay, esqrs.	29 Jan. 1864	5 Feb. 1864	6	ditto	W. Green, governor; J. Young, deputy governor; G. Shaw, surgeon; T. Smith, W. Hodgson, J. Robinson, J. Smurthwaite, and J. W. Metcalf, warders.
J. H. W.	- 13	Stealing a pair of skates.	J. Allison and J. Lindsay, esqrs.	29 Jan. 1864	5 Feb. 1864	6	ditto	W. Green, governor; J. Young, deputy governor; T. Smith, W. Hodgson, J. Robinson, J. Smurthwaite, and J. W. Metcalf, warders.
E. C.	- 12	Stealing 2 stones weight of oakum.	R. Shortridge and J. D. Brown, esqrs.	3 May 1864	6 May 1864	12	ditto	J. Young, deputy governor; G. Shaw, surgeon; T. Smith, J. Robinson, W. Hodgson, and J. W. Metcalf, warders.
W. N.	- 12	Stealing 6 turnips	G. Crawshaw and J. Smith, esqrs.	12 Aug. 1864	17 Aug. 1864	12	ditto	J. Young, deputy governor; G. Shaw, surgeon; T. Smith, W. Hodgson, J. W. Metcalf, and W. Metcalf, warders.
Total - 7								

19 September 1864.

William Green, Governor.

COUNTY OF ESSEX.

COUNTY GAOL, SPRINGFIELD.

RETURN of the Number of Prisoners punished, under the Act 26 & 27 Vict. c. 44, by Whipping.

— Nil. —

RETURN of Corporal Punishment inflicted by Orders of Visiting Justices, or by Courts of Assize and Quarter Sessions, from the 17th March 1863 to the 17th August 1864.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of the Visiting Justices by whose Orders the Punishment was inflicted.	Date of the Order.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument.	Names of the Persons present.
J. B.	- 37	Repeated misconduct in gaol.	T. S. Western, esq., M.P., E. Disney, esq., and J. G. Fry, esq.	9 Sept. 1863	10 Sept. 1863	20	cat	Governor, Mr. Gilson, Alger, J. W. Clarke, and C. Bowyer.
S. T.	- 14	Larceny	Quarter sessions	21 Oct. 1863	28 Oct. 1863	12	birch	Governor, Mr. Gilson, Alger, and Fitch.
G. F.	- 15	- ditto	- ditto	22 Oct. 1863	28 Oct. 1863	12	birch	- ditto.
J. N.	- 12	- ditto	- ditto	22 Oct. 1863	28 Oct. 1863	14	birch	- ditto.
J. C.	- 15	- ditto	Adjourned quarter sessions.	23 Feb. 1864	26 Feb. 1864	6	birch	Governor, Mr. Lovell, Fitch, and Hollingsworth.
F. M.	- 10	- ditto	Quarter sessions	6 April 1864	7 April 1864	12	birch	Governor, Mr. Lovell, Alger, and Fitch.
Total - 6								

COUNTY OF ESSEX—COUNTY GAOL, SPRINGFIELD—*continued.*

RETURN of Corporal Punishment under the "Juvenile Offenders' Act," from the 17th March to the 17th August 1864.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of Magistrates before whom Sentenced.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument.	Names of the Persons present.
J. C.	13	Larceny	J. Cox, clk., and F. U. Pattisson, esq.	23 June 1863	24 June 1863	12	birch	Governor, surgeon, and Alger.
W. F.	12	- ditto	T. S. Scratton, clk., and A. Tawke, esq.	3 Sept. 1863	7 Sept. 1863	7	birch	Governor, surgeon, and Bedford.
J. B.	14	- ditto	M. Barnard and J. W. Carver, clks.	11 Jan. 1864	14 Jan. 1864	12	birch	- ditto.
T. E.	13	- ditto	R. Hills and E. Brett, esqrs.	19 Jan. 1864	20 Jan. 1864	12	birch	T. S. Western, esq., M. P., V. M.; governor, surgeon, Alger, and Fitch.
J. R.	15	- ditto	E. F. Gepp, clk., J. M. Wilson, esq., and Sir B. P. Henniker, bart.	4 July 1864	6 July 1864	12	birch	Deputy governor, surgeon, Alger, and Fitch.
B. S.	10	- ditto	Rev. Sir J. P. Wood, bart., and C. Leigh, esq.	5 July 1864	6 July 1864	12	birch	- ditto.
C. W.	10	- ditto	- ditto	5 July 1864	6 July 1864	12	birch	- ditto.
T. E.	13	- ditto	R. Hills and B. Harvey, esqrs.	19 July 1864	22 July 1864	12	birch	Governor, surgeon, Alger, and Fitch.
A. M.	14	- ditto	J. G. Rebow, esq., and G. Burmester, clk.	1 Aug. 1864	4 Aug. 1864	12	birch	Governor, surgeon, Alger, and Hollingworth.
Total - 9								

18 August 1864.

H. M. Gorrery, Governor.

GAOL, ILFORD.

RETURN of the Number of Cases of Whipping which have taken place since July 1863.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	By whom Committed.	What Court.	Date of Sentence.	Number of Lashes ordered.	Number of Lashes inflicted.	By what Instrument inflicted.	Persons present.
F. M.	10	Stealing 2 shirts	J. G. Fry and J. Reeves, esqrs.	Ilford petty sessions.	1 Aug. 1863	12	12	birch rod	Governor, surgeon, and officer.
J. B.	11	- ditto	- ditto	- ditto	1 Aug. 1863	12	12	ditto	- ditto.
R. P.	12	Stealing ducks	J. G. Fry and H. M. Harvey, esqrs.	- ditto	7 Nov. 1863	12	12	ditto	- ditto.
T. H.	11	- ditto	- ditto	- ditto	7 Nov. 1863	12	12	ditto	- ditto.
J. C.	8	Stealing 2 knives	O. Mashiter and F. Du Cane, esqrs.	Romford petty sessions.	11 Dec. 1863	12	12	ditto	- ditto.
C. M.	12	- ditto	- ditto	- ditto	11 Dec. 1863	12	12	ditto	- ditto.
J. B.	13	Stealing grease	H. J. Barclay and N. Powell, esqrs.	Ilford petty sessions.	20 Feb. 1864	12	12	ditto	- ditto.
H. B.	9	Stealing 1 hammer.	J. G. Fry and R. Pelly, esqrs.	- ditto	11 June 1864	12	12	ditto	- ditto.
W. C.	10	- ditto	- ditto	- ditto	11 June 1864	12	12	ditto	- ditto.
Total - 9									

Wm. Stringer, Keeper.

BOROUGH GAOL, COLCHESTER.

— Nil. —

18 August 1864.

Charles Harvey, Governor.

BOROUGH GAOL, MALDON.

— Nil. —

24 August 1864.

W. Clarke, Gaoler.

COUNTY OF GLOUCESTER.

COUNTY PRISON, GLOUCESTER.

RETURN of Prisoners punished by Whipping, under Act 26 & 27 Vict.

— Nil. —

RETURN of Prisoners punished by Whipping by Order of Courts of Assize and Quarter Sessions.

— Nil. —

RETURN of Prisoners punished by Whipping by Order of Visiting Justices.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	By whom Ordered.	Date.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument applied.	Persons present when Punishment was inflicted.
G. H. -	20	Repeated acts of insubordination, and wilfully destroying the county property.	C. B. Hunt, J. C. Hayward, J. B. Purnell, H. Forbes, and E. G. Halliwell, esqrs.	22 June 1864	30	cat - -	Governor, surgeon, and prison officers.
Total - 1							

RETURN of Prisoners punished by Whipping, under 10 & 11 and 13 & 14 Vict.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	By whom Ordered.	Date.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument applied.	Persons present when Punishment was inflicted.
C. P. -	15	Stealing fruit - - -	W. Nicks, mayor; D. M. Walker and J. Bradley, esqrs.	1 June 1863	12	birch -	Governor, surgeon, and prison officers.
T. S. -	12	- - ditto - - -	- - ditto - - -	1 June 1863	12	birch -	- - - ditto.
J. P. -	15	- - ditto - - -	- - ditto - - -	1 June 1863	12	birch -	- - - ditto.
W. P. -	12	- - ditto - - -	- - ditto - - -	1 June 1863	12	birch -	- - - ditto.
J. F. -	10	Stealing a fowl - -	W. Mirehouse, clerk; E. Sampson, esq.	20 Aug. 1863	10	birch -	- - - ditto.
M. C. -	12	Stealing wheat - -	W. Mirehouse, clerk; G. Caye, esq.	28 Aug. 1863	12	birch -	- - - ditto.
T. R. -	14	Stealing bread and cheese	Sir James Campbell; J. Davis, esq.	9 Sept. 1863	12	birch -	- - - ditto.
I. R. -	11	- - ditto - - -	- - ditto - - -	9 Sept. 1863	12	birch -	- - - ditto.
W. C. -	13	Stealing pigeons - -	R. H. Carter, J. Bradley, and R. T. Smith, esqrs.	16 Sept. 1863	12	birch -	- - - ditto.
C. S. -	14	Stealing bread and meat -	R. Winterbotham, R. Wyatt, and J. W. Halliwell, esqrs.	18 Sept. 1863	15	birch -	- - - ditto.
W. D. -	14	Stealing a fowl - -	S. Lysons, clerk; C. B. Hunt, esq.	19 Sept. 1863	12	birch -	- - - ditto.
W. S. -	10	- - ditto - - -	- - ditto - - -	19 Sept. 1863	12	birch -	- - - ditto.
J. E. -	12	Stealing cheese - -	E. O. Jones and J. W. White, esqrs.	29 Sept. 1863	12	birch -	- - - ditto.
W. M. -	12	Stealing knives - -	W. Nicks and J. Bradley, esqrs.	16 Oct. 1863	12	birch -	- - - ditto.
W. G. -	14	Stealing a gun - -	R. Winterbotham, esq.; W. Y. Mills, clerk; R. Wyatt, esq.	19 Feb. 1864	10	birch -	- - - ditto.
P. P. -	9	- - ditto - - -	- - ditto - - -	19 Feb. 1864	10	birch -	- - - ditto.
T. B. -	13	Stealing lead - -	H. H. Wilton, esq.; T. Peters, clerk.	31 Mar. 1864	12	birch -	- - - ditto.
W. B. -	12	- - ditto - - -	- - ditto - - -	31 Mar. 1864	12	birch -	- - - ditto.
A. J. -	9	Stealing milk - -	S. Lysons, clerk; C. B. Hunt, esq.	30 April 1864	6	birch -	- - - ditto.
P. P. -	10	Stealing a rabbit - -	R. Winterbotham, W. Capel, R. Wyatt, and S. S. Dickinson, esqrs.	17 June 1864	12	birch -	- - - ditto.
Total - 20							

12 November 1864.

H. Cartwright, Governor.

COUNTY OF GLOUCESTER—*continued.*

BRIDEWELL, CITY OF BRISTOL.

RETURN of the Corporal Punishments inflicted from 24th April 1863 to the present time, under the Act 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, and of the Act 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of Convicting Justices.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Lashes.	Instrument.	Names of Persons present.
J. D. -	13	Stealing cigars -	R. G. Barrow and W. Naish, esqrs.	28 Oct. 1863	7 Nov. 1863	12	birch rod -	A. Hawkins, governor; C. Leonard, surgeon.
Total - 1								

Mem.—No other case of whipping has taken place in this prison since the last Report.

August 1864.

Alfred Hawkins, Governor.

COUNTY OF HEREFORD.

COUNTY GAOL, HEREFORD.

RETURN of Corporal Punishments inflicted under Authority of Visiting Justices, Courts of Assize, and Quarter Sessions, since 18 March 1863 to the present date, 20 August 1864.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Date of Conviction.	By whom Ordered.	Number of Lashes.	Date of Punishment.	By what Instrument.	By whom inflicted, and in whose presence.
W. W. -	13	Wilfully placing a stone upon the Newport Section of the Great Western Railway at St. Devereux, 20th May 1864.	30 July 1864	The Hon. Sir J. Mellor, Judge of Assize.	10 stripes -	20 Aug. 1864	birch rod -	A turnkey. Present, the governor and surgeon of the gaol.
Total - 1								

RETURN of Corporal Punishments inflicted under the Authority of the Acts 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and of the Act 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18, since 18 March 1863 to the present date, 20 August 1864.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	By whom Convicted.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument.	By whom inflicted, and in whose presence.
J. G. ?	13	Aiding and abetting Thomas Prosser to commit a felony at Dorstone.	H. Allen and T. Dent, esqrs.	4 Dec. 1863	26 Dec. 1863	12	birch rod -	A turnkey. Present, the governor and surgeon of the gaol.
J. B. -	13	Stealing a shilling at Colwall.	T. Heywood and J. M. Aynsley, esqrs.	16 Mar. 1864	11 June 1864	6	ditto -	- - ditto.
Total - 2								

Edwin Comtan, Governor.

CITY GAOL, HEREFORD.

— Nil. —

18 August 1864.

Geo. Gouldrick, Governor.

COUNTY OF HERTFORD.

COUNTY GAOL AND HOUSE OF CORRECTION, HERTFORD.

RETURN of the Number of Prisoners punished under the Act 26 & 27 Vict. c. 44 (13th July 1863), by Whipping, to 21st July 1864.

— Nil. —

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Order or Sentence of the Visiting Justices, or by Courts of Assize and Quarter Sessions, from date of last Return (17th March 1863), to 21st July 1864.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of Justices by whom Convicted and Sentenced.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Lashes or Strokes.	Instrument.	Names of Persons present.
W. C. -	9	Housebreaking, &c.	Court of quarter session, the Marquis of Salisbury, chairman.	27 June 1864	* 9 July 1864	12	birch rod -	Dr. Davis, prison surgeon; the governor, and other prison officers.
J. D. -	9	- - ditto - -	- - ditto - -	27 June 1864	* 9 July 1864	12	- ditto -	- - ditto.
E. W. -	30	Refractory conduct in prison.	G. S. Thornton, esq.	16 Apr. 1864	16 April 1864	12	whip -	- - ditto.
F. A. -	17	- - ditto - -	C. J. Dimsdale, esq., chairman.	28 June 1864	29 June 1864	24	whip -	- - ditto.
Total - 4								

* Whipped at the expiration of 14 days' imprisonment, prior to being sent to a reformatory.

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Whipping, under the Authority of the Act 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18, from date of last Return (17th March 1863), to 21st July 1864.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of Justices by whom Convicted and Sentenced.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Lashes or Strokes.	Instrument.	Names of Persons present.
T. P. -	13	Stealing money -	Sir A. P. Cooper, bart.; C. Longman, esq.	12 Aug. 1863	14 Aug. 1863	12	birch rod -	Dr. Davis, prison surgeon; the governor, and other prison officers.
J. G. -	13	- - ditto - -	Hy. Staplyton and N. B. Acworth, esqrs.	5 Sept. 1863	9 Oct. 1863	12	- ditto -	- - ditto.
A. G. -	12	Stealing plait -	Sir A. P. Cooper, bart.; Rev. J. B. Bingham.	23 Dec. 1863	5 Jan. 1864	12	- ditto -	- - ditto.
Total - 3								

18 August 1864.

Saml. Hatchard, Governor.

LIBERTY GAOL AND HOUSE OF CORRECTION, SAINT ALBAN'S.

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Order of Visiting Justices, Courts of Assize, and Courts of Quarter Session, 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, &c., from 24th April 1863 to the present time.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	When received in Prison.	Offence.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument.	Public or Private.	By what Order.	Names of Visiting Justices.	Date of Warrant or Order.	Names of Justices, Surgeon, or other Persons present when the Punishment was inflicted.
H. P. -	13	11 July 1863	"Juvenile Felony Offenders' Act."	10	rod - -	Private -	Petty sessions	- -	11 July 1863	John T. Lipscomb, surgeon; John Deayton, governor; John S. Allen, head warder; George Oakley, John Reed, warders.
E. T. -	13	21 Oct. 1863	- ditto -	12	rod - -	- ditto -	- ditto -	- -	21 Oct. 1863	- - ditto.
R. B. -	12	21 Oct. 1863	- ditto -	10	rod - -	- ditto -	- ditto -	- -	21 Oct. 1863	- - ditto.
J. P. -	13	21 Oct. 1863	- ditto -	12	rod - -	- ditto -	- ditto -	- -	21 Oct. 1863	- - ditto.
J. F. -	13	21 Oct. 1863	- ditto -	10	rod - -	- ditto -	- ditto -	- -	21 Oct. 1863	- - ditto.
P. G. -	40	21 Mar. 1864	An assault upon a prison officer.	36	whip -	- ditto -	Visiting justices.	Rev. Dr. Nicholson; J. Fookett, esq.	7 Apr. 1864	- - ditto.
Total - 6										

25 August 1864.

John Deayton, Governor.

COUNTY OF HUNTINGDON.

COUNTY GAOL, HUNTINGDON.

RETURN of the Number of Prisoners punished under the Act 26 & 27 Vict. c. 44, by Whipping.

— Nil. —

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Order or Sentence of the Visiting Justices, or by Courts of Assize and Quarter Sessions, from 20th March 1863 to 27th August 1864.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument inflicted.	Name of Visiting Justice.	Date of Warrant or Order.	Names of Persons present.
R. L. -	15	Refusing to work -	24	cats - -	George Rust, esq., chairman	2 Nov. 1863	George Hulme, governor; Michael Foster, surgeon.
Total - 1							

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted under the Authority of the Acts 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, and 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, from 24th April 1863 to 27th August 1864.

— Nil. —

27 August 1864.

Geo. Hulme, Governor.

COUNTY OF KENT.

COUNTY PRISONS, MAIDSTONE.

RETURN of the Number of Prisoners punished under the Act 26 & 27 Vict. c. 44 (13th July 1863), by Whipping, &c.

— Nil. —

RETURN of Corporal Punishments ordered by Courts of Assize and Quarter Sessions, from 6th March 1863 to 21st July 1864.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	By whose Order the Punishment was inflicted.	Number of Lashes.	How and by what Instrument applied.	Public or Private.	Persons present.
J. M'D. -	12	Stealing a quantity of tools.	April quarter sessions, 1863.	12	On the breech with birch rod.	private -	The governor or his assistant, the surgeon or his assistant, and several warders.
J. M'D. -	14	- - ditto - -	- - ditto - -	12	- - ditto - -	- ditto -	- - ditto.
A. A. S. -	14	- - ditto - -	- - ditto - -	12	- - ditto - -	- ditto -	- - ditto.
G. H. -	17	Stealing 68 penny postage stamps.	January quarter sessions, 1864.	24 (2 whippings, 12 lashes each.)	- - ditto - -	- ditto -	- - ditto.
A. C. -	18	Stealing 2 live fowls -	- - ditto - -	24 (2 whippings, 12 lashes each.)	- - ditto - -	- ditto -	- - ditto.
H. P. -	15	- - ditto - -	- - ditto - -	12	- - ditto - -	- ditto -	- - ditto.
W. W. -	15	Stealing a pair of boots.	July quarter sessions, 1864.	12	- - ditto - -	- ditto -	- - ditto.
Total - 7							

No punishments were ordered by the courts of assize.

COUNTY OF KENT—COUNTY PRISONS, MAIDSTONE—*continued.*

RETURN of Corporal Punishments ordered by the Visiting Justices, from 6th March 1863 to 21st July 1864.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	By whose Order.	Date of Order.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument.	Whether Public or Private.	Persons present.
G. T.	24	Using threatening language, leaving his ward, and insolence to governor and warders.	J. G. Talbot, esq.	21 May 1863	24	cat - -	private -	The governor or his assistant, the surgeon or his assistant, and several warders.
J. S.	16	Talking in school, and disobedience of orders.	R. Rodger, esq.	10 Aug. 1863	6	birch rod -	ditto -	- - ditto.
J. C.	19	Making a noise in his cell, and repeated misconduct.	- - ditto -	18 Aug. 1863	12	cat - -	ditto -	- - ditto.
W. E.	19	Concealing himself in wheel-yard, using threatening language, and attempting to break out of prison.	E. Burton, J. Cheere, and W. H. T. Patenson, esqrs.	29 Aug. 1863	36	cat -	ditto -	- - ditto.
P. B.	23	Using abusive and threatening language to two warders.	M. G. Best, esq.	26 Nov. 1863	36	cat - -	ditto -	- - ditto.
R. P.	10	Singing in punishment cell, and telling a lie.	- - ditto -	26 Nov. 1863	6	birch rod -	ditto -	- - ditto.
D. C.	26	Insolence to warders and threatening and resisting them.	J. Cheere, esq.	4 Dec. 1863	36	cat - -	ditto -	- - ditto.
T. B.	20	Assaulting a warder, using obscene language, and disobedience of orders.	Sir G. F. Hampson, bart.	6 Feb. 1864	36	cat - -	ditto -	- - ditto.
W. G.	30	Singing in punishment cell, using improper language, and assaulting and threatening a warder.	- - ditto -	16 Feb. 1864	36	cat - -	ditto -	- - ditto.
F. L.	21	Talking on treadwheel, and gross insolence.	J. G. Talbot, esq.	23 May 1864	12	cat - -	ditto -	- - ditto.
T. W.	18	Disobedience of orders, and using threatening language.	H. D. Streetfield, esq.	10 June 1864	6	cat - -	ditto -	- - ditto.
J. W.	22	Assaulting two warders, and using threatening language.	- - ditto -	10 June 1864	12	cat - -	ditto -	- - ditto.
Total - 12								

RETURN of Corporal Punishments under the authority of the Acts 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18, from 6th March 1863 to 21st July 1864.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of Justices.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument.	Persons present.
J. E.	12	Stealing a whip -	J. W. Stratford, R. Tassell, E. C. Fletcher, and J. Cheere, esqrs.	20 July 1863	21 July 1863	24	birch rod -	The governor or his assistant, the surgeon or his assistant, and several warders.
T. T.	12	Stealing money (10s.)	H. Everist and J. L. Levy, esqrs.	18 Aug. 1863	19 Aug. 1863	6	ditto -	- - ditto.
G. G.	11	Stealing money (1s.)	Earl of Romney and H. S. Jones Marsham, esq.	2 Nov. 1863	2 Nov. 1863	12	ditto -	- - ditto.
G. E. V. F.	11	Stealing a coat -	W. H. Nicholson and J. Koord, esqrs.	9 Dec. 1863	12 Dec. 1863	12	ditto -	- - ditto.
W. S.	10	Stealing a hammer -	H. S. Jones Marsham and A. Randall, esqrs.	4 Jan. 1864	4 Jan. 1864	6	ditto -	- - ditto.
G. E. V. F.	12	Stealing a box and 3s. 6d.	J. Hulkes and W. Roaher, esqrs.	22 Apr. 1864	26 Apr. 1864	12	ditto -	- - ditto.
J. M.	13	Stealing a piece of brass and a piece of leather.	Hon. and Rev. Sir F. J. Stapleton, bart.; J. B. Wildman, J. Savage, and C. G. Randolph, esqrs.	2 May 1864	3 May 1864	12	ditto -	- - ditto.
R. T.	11	Stealing a bird-song -	J. Hulkes and W. Roaher, esqrs.	15 July 1864	18 July 1864	11	ditto -	- - ditto.
Total - 8								

18 August 1864.

C. W. Bannister, Governor.

COUNTY OF KENT—*continued.*

COUNTY GAOL AND HOUSE OF CORRECTION, CANTERBURY.

RETURN of the Number of Prisoners punished under the Act 26 & 27 Vict. c. 44, by Whipping, from 18th July 1863 to 21st July 1864.

— Nil. —

RETURN of Corporal Punishments inflicted by order of the Visiting Justices, from 6th March 1863 to 21st July 1864.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of Visiting Justices by whose Order Punishment was inflicted.	Date of Order.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument.	Persons present at the Punishment.
C. H. -	18	Having a knife and other prohibited articles secreted about his person, and having been punished eight times for repeated offences against the rules of the prison.	W. Delmar, esq. -	24 Apr. 1863	30	cat - -	V. Fenn, governor; R. Tassell, surgeon; T. West, operator; W. Godden, W. Dunbar, W. Manwaring, E. Ross, and G. Wheeler, sub-warders.
M. D. -	27	Threatening to murder the governor of the prison.	W. Delmar, esq. and the Rev. E. Biron.	29 Apr. 1863	50	cat - -	- - ditto.
T. B. -	18	Continued and repeated misconduct, and having been several times punished for offences against the rules of the prison.	W. Delmar, esq. -	25 July 1863	20	cat - -	V. Fenn, governor; R. Tassell, surgeon; T. West, operator; W. Godden, G. Wheeler, W. Dunbar, W. Manwaring, E. Ross, and T. Martin, sub-warders.
H. S. -	17	- - ditto - - -	- - ditto - -	25 July 1863	20	cat - -	- - ditto.
R. J. -	16	- - ditto - - -	- - ditto - -	25 July 1863	20	cat - -	- - ditto.
Total - 5							

RETURN of Corporal Punishments inflicted by Order or Sentence of the Courts of Assize and Quarter Sessions, from 6th March 1863 to 21st July 1864.

— Nil. —

RETURN of Corporal Punishments inflicted by Whipping under the authority of the Acts 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18, from 6th March 1863 to 21st July 1864.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of Committing Justices.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Strokes.	Instrument.	Persons present at the Punishment.
H. P. -	12	Stealing a coat -	N. Hughes D'Aeth and T. S. Clarke, esqrs.	5 Feb. 1863	17 Mar. 1863	12	birch rod -	T. Taylor, deputy governor; R. Tassell, surgeon; T. Bush, operator; W. Godden, sub-warder.
J. W. -	11	- - ditto - -	- - ditto - -	5 Feb. 1863	17 Mar. 1863	12	ditto -	- - ditto.
A. S. -	13	Stealing a knife -	W. Delmar and T. H. Mackay, esqrs.	11 Apr. 1863	11 Apr. 1863	12	ditto -	V. Fenn, governor; R. Tassell, surgeon; T. Bush, operator; W. Godden, G. Wheeler, W. Dunbar, and E. Ross, sub-warders.
Total - 3								

Vincent Fenn, Governor.

TOWN GAOL, DOVER.

RETURN of the Number of Prisoners punished under the Act 26 & 27 Vict. c. 44 (13th July 1863), by Whipping.

— Nil. —

RETURN of the Cases in which Corporal Punishments have been inflicted by Order or Sentence of the Visiting Justices, or by Courts of Assize and Quarter Sessions.

— Nil. —

COUNTY OF KENT—TOWN GAOL, DOVER—*continued.*

RETURN of the Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Whipping, under the Authority of the Acts 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18, from 24th April 1863 to 21st July 1864.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of Justices.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Punishment.	Lashes.	Instrument.	Names of those present.
G. H. F. -	11	Larceny -	W. F. Browell and R. W. Boarer, esqrs.	26 June 1863	26 June 1863	12	birch rod -	G. E. Williams, surgeon; J. G. Coulthard, governor.
W. P. -	14	Ditto -	J. Wossfold, esq., and Sir Luke Smithett.	23 Oct. 1863	20 Nov. 1863	12	- ditto -	W. Cocke, surgeon; J. G. Coulthard, governor.
Total - 2								

John G. Coulthard, Governor.

BOROUGH GAOL, FAVERSHAM.

No prisoners have been punished by whipping.

29 August 1864.

Chas. White, Governor.

HOUSE OF CORRECTION, LIBERTY OF ROMNEY MARSH.

— Nil. —

David Spicer, Governor.

GAOL AND HOUSE OF CORRECTION, SANDWICH.

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted, from 24th April 1863 to 22d August 1864.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	SENTENCE.	Names of Committing Justices.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Lashes.	Nature of Instrument.	Persons present.
J. H. -	7	Stealing a flute -	7 days and whipping.	A. Crofton and H. Benson, esqrs.	21 Oct. 1863	26 Oct. 1863	12	birch rod -	Governor, medical officer, and warden of the gaol.
J. H. -	8	Stealing sweets -	10 days and whipping.	- ditto -	14 Jan. 1864	23 Jan. 1864	12	ditto -	- ditto.
C. H. -	10	- ditto -	- ditto -	- ditto -	14 Jan. 1864	23 Jan. 1864	12	ditto -	- ditto.
G. H. -	12	Stealing fish -	14 days and whipping.	- ditto -	11 Mar. 1864	23 Mar. 1864	12	ditto -	- ditto.
E. D. -	11	Stealing brass -	21 days and whipping.	- ditto -	11 Mar. 1864	30 Mar. 1864	12	ditto -	- ditto.
E. G. -	11	Stealing fish -	14 days and whipping.	- ditto -	11 Mar. 1864	23 Mar. 1864	12	ditto -	- ditto.
G. R. -	13	- ditto -	21 days and whipping.	- ditto -	11 Mar. 1864	30 Mar. 1864	12	ditto -	- ditto.
J. T. -	11	Stealing a piece of carpet.	3 days and whipping.	A. Crofton and S. H. Williams, esqrs.	14 April 1864	15 April 1864	12	ditto -	- ditto.
Total - 8									

BOROUGH GAOL, TENTERDEN.

— Nil. —

23 August 1864.

Stephen Goodsall, Keeper.

COUNTY OF LANCASTER.

COUNTY GAOL, LANCASTER CASTLE.

RETURN of the Number of Prisoners punished, under the Act 26 & 27 Vict. c. 44, by Whipping.

— Nil —

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Order or Sentence of the Visiting Justices, or by Courts of Assize and Quarter Sessions, from the last Returns to the present Time.

— Nil —

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Whipping, under the Authority of the Act 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, of the Act 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and of the Act 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18, from the last Returns to the present Time.

M. S., aged 11 years; for stealing a sixpence at Lancaster, convicted and sentenced by John Hall and James Stockdale Harrison, esqrs., on the 20th August 1863, six strokes with a birch rod; inflicted in the presence of Arthur Hansbrow, governor, James Pearson Langshaw, surgeon, Thomas Pennington and James Ellison, warders.

Total - - - - - 1

17 August 1864.

Arthur Hansbrow, Keeper.

BOROUGH GAOL, KIRKDALE.

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Order of Courts of Assize, from the 24th April 1863 to the 19th August 1864.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	Where and when Tried.	OFFENCE.	SENTENCE.	Date of Whipping.	Number of Lashes.	Present at Whipping.
W. R. -	19	Liverpool assizes, August 1863.	Robbery, with violence	4 years' penal servitude and 50 lashes with cat-o'-nine tails.	7 Aug. 1863	36 only*	Governor, surgeon, chief warder, and two warders.
J. M. -	21	- - ditto - -	- - ditto - -	12 months and 12 lashes with a cat-o'-nine tails.	10 Sept. 1863	12	- - ditto.
M. L. -	20	- - ditto - -	- - ditto - -	15 months and twice whipped with a cat-o'-nine tails, 12 lashes each time.	10 Sept. 1863, first whipping.†	12	- - ditto.
Total - 3							

* Taken down by order of the surgeon.

† Did not receive his second whipping on account of palpitation of the heart.

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted, under the Acts 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18, from the 24th April to the 19th August 1864.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	SENTENCE.	Name of Committing Magistrate.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Whipping.	Number of Lashes.	Present at Whipping.
E. T. -	13	Stealing pigeons	14 days and whipped with a birch rod.	J. A. Tinnie, J. Campbell, and H. Royds, esqrs.	5 Sept. 1863	10 Sept. 1863	12	Governor, surgeon, chief warder, and one warder.
G. R. -	13	- ditto - -	- - ditto - -	- - ditto - -	5 Sept. 1863	10 Sept. 1863	13	- - ditto.
P. H. -	13	Stealing money -	1 day and whipped with a birch rod.	G. H. Horsfall and T. Bourne, esqrs.	6 Feb. 1864	6 Feb. 1864	12	- - ditto.
J. N. -	11	Stealing trowsers	7 days and whipped with a birch rod.	R. Neilson and R. Daglish, esqrs.	18 May 1864	20 May 1864	12	- - ditto.
J. C. -	13	Stealing a horse	- - ditto - -	R. Neilson and R. Pilkington.	1 July 1864	6 July 1864	12	- - ditto.
R. B. -	11	Stealing ducks -	{ 7 days and 12 strokes each with a birch rod, except R. B., 6 strokes - - }	{ H. Earle and R. Neilson, esqrs. }	5 Aug. 1864	10 Aug. 1864	6	Surgeon, chief warder, and one warder.
T. R. -	13					10 Aug. 1864	12	- - ditto.
W. L. -	10					10 Aug. 1864	12	- - ditto.
J. J. -	11					10 Aug. 1864	12	- - ditto.
Total - 9								

22 August 1864.

E. G. H. W. Gibbs, Governor.

COUNTY OF LANCASTER—continued.

BOROUGH GOAL, LIVERPOOL.

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted under the Act 26 & 27 Vict. c. 44 (13 July 1863); and by Orders of the Visiting Justices and Courts of Assize, from 6th March 1863 to 17th August 1864.

— Nil —

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Orders of Courts of Quarter Sessions, from the 6th March 1863 to 17th August 1864.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCES.	Number of Lashes.	Instrument applied.	By what Authority.	Date of Order.	Date of Whipping.	Persons present when the Punishment was inflicted.
J. N.	14	Larceny - - - -	18	birch -	J. B. Aspinall, esq. Recorder of Liverpool.	1863 : April Sess.	16 Apr. 1863	F. Archer, surgeon; C. B. Bromley, chief warder; J. S. Grattan, assistant surgeon, and J. Burgess, warder.
R. T.	15	Larceny by a servant -	18	birch -	- - ditto - -	July Sess. -	3 July 1863	- - ditto.
M. O'N.	14	- - ditto - - -	20	birch -	- - ditto - -	- ditto -	4 July 1863	Assistant surgeon, chief warder, and J. Burgess, warder.
W. S.	14	Larceny - - - -	18	birch -	- - ditto - -	- ditto -	4 July 1863	William Jameson, governor; surgeon, assistant surgeon, chief warder, and J. Burgess, warder.
A. C.	11	- ditto - - - -	12	birch -	- - ditto - -	- ditto -	4 July 1863	- - ditto.
W. H.	15	- ditto - - - -	18	birch -	- - ditto - -	- ditto -	10 Aug. 1863	- - ditto.
J. O.	14	Breaking and entering a shop and stealing therein.	10	birch -	- - ditto - -	Aug. Sess. -	10 Aug. 1863	- - ditto.
J. B.	13	Larceny - - - -	15	birch -	- - ditto - -	Sept. Sess. -	25 Sept. 1863	- - ditto.
K. O'L.	12	Larceny by a servant -	18	birch -	- - ditto - -	Oct. Sess. -	31 Oct. 1863	Assistant surgeon, chief warder, and J. Burgess, warder.
T. J.	14	Attempting to break and enter a shop with intent to steal therein.	15	birch -	- - ditto - -	- ditto -	31 Oct. 1863	- - ditto.
F. W.	10	Housebreaking - - -	15	birch -	- - ditto - -	- ditto -	5 Nov. 1863	Governor, surgeon, assistant surgeon, chief warder, and J. Burgess, warder.
E. R.	14	- - ditto - - - -	15	birch -	- - ditto - -	- ditto -	5 Nov. 1863	- - ditto.
C. G.	14	- - ditto - - - -	15	birch -	- - ditto - -	- ditto -	5 Nov. 1863	- - ditto.
J. C.	13	- - ditto - - - -	15	birch -	- - ditto - -	- ditto -	5 Nov. 1863	- - ditto.
J. H.	14	- - ditto - - - -	18	birch -	- - ditto - -	- ditto -	5 Nov. 1863	- - ditto.
J. M'C.	14	- - ditto - - - -	18	birch -	- - ditto - -	- ditto -	5 Nov. 1863	- - ditto.
A. G.	10	- - ditto - - - -	10	birch -	- - ditto - -	- ditto -	5 Nov. 1863	- - ditto.
B. P.	15	Larceny by a servant -	18	birch -	- - ditto - -	Dec. Sess. -	8 Dec. 1863	Surgeon, assistant surgeon, chief warder, and J. Burgess, warder.
W. S.	16	- - ditto - - - -	18	birch -	- - ditto - -	- ditto -	8 Dec. 1863	- - ditto.
P. H.	13	Larceny - - - -	10	birch -	- - ditto - -	1864 : Jan. Sess. -	9 Jan. 1864	Assistant surgeon, chief warder, and J. Burgess, warder.
E. D.	14	Breaking and entering a shop and stealing therein.	18	birch -	- - ditto - -	- ditto -	30 Jan. 1864	Governor, surgeon, assistant surgeon, chief warder, and Drury and Burgess, warders.
C. B.	16	- - ditto - - - -	20	birch -	- - ditto - -	- ditto -	30 Jan. 1864	- - ditto.
T. D.	15	Stealing fixtures - -	18	birch -	- - ditto - -	May Sess. -	21 June 1864	Governor, surgeon, assistant surgeon, and Drury and Burgess, warders.
W. B.	14	Breaking and entering a shop and stealing therein.	18	birch -	- - ditto - -	- ditto -	10 Aug. 1864	Governor, surgeon, assistant surgeon, chief warder, and Burgess, warder.
J. W. D.	14	- - ditto - - - -	18	birch -	- - ditto - -	- ditto -	10 Aug. 1864	- - ditto.
J. M'C.	13	- - ditto - - - -	12	birch -	- - ditto - -	- ditto -	10 Aug. 1864	- - ditto.
Total, 26								

COUNTY OF LANCASTER—BOROUGH GAOL, LIVERPOOL—continued.

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Whipping under the Authority of the Act 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, and of the Act 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, from the 6th March 1863 to 17th August 1864.

Initials of Prisoners.	Age.	OFFENCES.	Number of Lashes.	Instrument applied.	By what Authority.	Date of Order.	Date of Whipping.	Persons present.
J. G.	11	Stealing shawl -	12	birch -	T. S. Raffles, esq. -	7 Mar. 1863	11 Mar. 1863	C. R. Bromley, chief warder; F. Archer, surgeon; J. Burgess, warder, and some other prison officer.
G. O'B.	12	- - ditto -	12	birch -	- - ditto -	13 Mar. 1863	14 Mar. 1863	W. Jameson, governor; F. Archer, surgeon; J. Burgess, warder, and another prison officer.
J. W.	11	- - ditto -	12	birch -	- - ditto -	13 Mar. 1863	14 Mar. 1863	- - ditto.
J. H.	13	Stealing beef -	12	birch -	- - ditto -	2 Apr. 1863	4 Apr. 1863	- - ditto.
M. B.	13	Stealing shawl -	12	birch -	- - ditto -	31 Mar. 1863	16 Apr. 1863	Chief warder, surgeon, Burgess, and another prison officer.
J. N.	14	Stealing cotton -	12	birch -	- - ditto -	11 Aug. 1863	12 Aug. 1863	The governor, surgeon, Burgess, warder, and another prison officer.
J. R.	13	Stealing jacket -	12	birch -	- - ditto -	22 Sept. 1863	25 Sept. 1863	- - ditto.
J. L.	13	Stealing boots -	12	birch -	S. Holmes and H. Booth, esqrs.	10 Sept. 1863	25 Sept. 1863	- - ditto.
H. N.	11	Stealing box and money.	12	birch -	T. S. Raffles, esq. -	14 Oct. 1863	20 Oct. 1863	The governor, chief warder, assistant surgeon, and Burgess, warder.
W. T.	12	Stealing coat -	12	birch -	- - ditto -	26 Sept. 1863	27 Oct. 1863	The governor, surgeon, assistant surgeon, chief warder, and Drury and Burgess, warden.
J. S.	13	Stealing books, &c. -	12	birch -	- - ditto -	21 Nov. 1863	1 Dec. 1863	- - ditto.
E. L.	12	Stealing shirt -	12	birch -	- - ditto -	18 Dec. 1863	19 Dec. 1863	- - ditto.
P. K.	13	Stealing hair net -	12	birch -	A. Castellam and R. Houghton, esqrs.	22 Dec. 1863	23 Dec. 1863	Chief warder, surgeon, assistant surgeon, and Burgess, warder.
W. T.	12	Stealing dress -	12	birch -	T. S. Raffles, esq. -	17 Feb. 1864	20 Feb. 1864	The governor, surgeon, assistant surgeon, chief warder, and Burgess, warder.
T. G.	12	Stealing sacks -	12	birch -	- - ditto -	23 Feb. 1864	24 Feb. 1864	- - ditto.
T. M'D.	14	Stealing copper nails	12	birch -	- - ditto -	18 Apr. 1864	21 Apr. 1864	R. C. Gardner and T. Mills, esqrs., justices; the governor, surgeon, assistant surgeon, and Drury and Burgess, warden.
J. K.	9	- - ditto -	12	birch -	- - ditto -	18 Apr. 1864	21 Apr. 1864	- - ditto.
G. S.	11	Stealing gold ring -	12	birch -	- - ditto -	2 May 1864	2 May 1864	The governor, surgeon, assistant surgeon, Drury and Burgess, warder.
T. K.	11	Stealing book -	12	birch -	- - ditto -	24 May 1864	24 May 1864	- - ditto.
Total - 19								

20 August 1864.

W. Jameson, Governor.

CITY GAOL, MANCHESTER.

RETURN of Cases of Corporal Punishment inflicted by Order of the Visiting Justices, from the 19th March 1863 to 18th August 1864.

Initials of Prisoners.	Age.	OFFENCE.	By whose Order.	Date of Order.	Number of Lashes.	Instrument.	Public or Private.	Persons present.
M. H.	17	Wilful damage -	J. Morley, esq. -	22 Apr. 1863	24	cat -	Private -	C. H. J. Lane, governor; W. Golland, surgeon; W. Bradbury, warder.
J. N.	18	Refusing to perform his task at the crank.	C. H. Rickards, esq.	7 May 1863	18	cat -	ditto -	- - ditto.
J. L.	21	Disobedience of orders and insolent language.	C. E. Ellison, esq. -	30 July 1863	18	cat -	ditto -	J. Buckland, acting as deputy governor; W. Golland, surgeon; W. Bradbury, warder.
P. G.	17	Wilful damage, and having been previously reported for gross insubordination, &c.	J. Morley, esq. -	9 Sept. 1863	12	cat -	ditto -	C. H. J. Lane, governor; W. Golland, surgeon; W. Bradbury, warder.
W. J.	32	Assaulting an officer -	C. H. Rickards, esq. -	27 Oct. 1863	18	cat -	ditto -	- - ditto.
G. H. M.	20	- - ditto -	C. E. Ellison, esq. -	5 Nov. 1863	18	cat -	ditto -	J. Buckland, acting as deputy governor; W. Golland, surgeon; W. Bradbury, warder.
J. M.	27	Attempting to assault an officer and violent conduct.	C. H. Rickards, esq.	1 Feb. 1864	18	cat -	ditto -	C. H. J. Lane, governor; W. Golland, surgeon; W. Bradbury, warder.
W. J.	30	Assaulting an officer -	M. Kennedy, esq. -	23 Apr. 1864	18	cat -	ditto -	J. Buckland, acting as deputy governor; W. Golland, surgeon; W. Bradbury, warder.
W. D.	28	Wilful damage and attempting to escape.	J. Morley, esq. -	12 July 1864	24	cat -	ditto -	- - ditto.
Total - 9								

COUNTY OF LANCASTER—CITY GAOL, MANCHESTER—*continued.*

RETURN of Corporal Punishments inflicted under the Act 10 & 11 Vict. c. 92, and 18 & 14 Vict. c. 37, from 19th March 1863 to 18th August 1864.

Number of Prisoners.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of Committing Magistrates.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Strokes.	Instrument.	Persons present.
1	12	Stealing chickens -	C. E. Ellison, esq. -	11 May 1863	12 May 1863	4	birch rod	C. H. J. Lane, governor; W. Golland, surgeon; W. Bradbury, warder.
1	10	Stealing shovels -	C. J. S. Walker and B. Joule, esqrs.	15 May 1863	16 May 1863	6	ditto -	- - ditto.
1	11	Stealing lead piping	T. Goadsby and B. Joule, esqrs.	25 Aug. 1863	29 Aug. 1863	7	ditto -	J. Buckland, acting as deputy governor; W. Golland, surgeon; W. Bradbury, warder.
1	13	Stealing timber -	M. Kennedy and J. T. Price, esqrs.	1 Sept. 1863	5 Sept. 1863	7	ditto -	C. H. J. Lane, governor; W. Golland, surgeon; W. Bradbury, warder.
1	13	Stealing money -	C. E. Ellison and W. Ross, esqrs.	16 Nov. 1863	17 Nov. 1863	10	ditto -	- - ditto.
1	11	Stealing toffy -	- - ditto -	25 Nov. 1863	26 Nov. 1863	10	ditto -	J. Buckland, acting as deputy governor; W. Golland, surgeon; W. Bradbury, warder.
1	12	Stealing an accordion	C. E. Ellison and W. R. Callender, esqrs.	25 Nov. 1863	26 Nov. 1863	10	ditto -	- - ditto.
1	13	Stealing tobacco -	C. E. Ellison and C. J. S. Walker, esqrs.	26 Nov. 1863	27 Nov. 1863	10	ditto -	C. H. J. Lane, governor; W. Golland, surgeon; W. Bradbury, warder.
1	12	Stealing figs -	- - ditto -	12 Dec. 1863	14 Dec. 1863	8	ditto -	J. Buckland, acting as deputy governor; W. Golland, surgeon; W. Bradbury, warder.
1	12	Stealing crockery -	C. E. Ellison, esq. -	13 Jan. 1864	14 Jan. 1864	8	ditto -	- - ditto.
1	12	Stealing pigeons -	- - ditto -	14 Jan. 1864	15 Jan. 1864	8	ditto -	C. H. J. Lane, governor; W. Golland, surgeon; W. Bradbury, warder.
1	13	- - ditto -	- - ditto -	14 Jan. 1864	15 Jan. 1864	8	ditto -	- - ditto.
1	11	Stealing boots -	C. J. S. Walker and J. Murray, esqrs.	21 Jan. 1864	22 Jan. 1864	8	ditto -	- - ditto.
1	14	- - ditto -	- - ditto -	21 Jan. 1864	22 Jan. 1864	8	ditto -	- - ditto.
1	11	Stealing money -	C. J. S. Walker and B. Joule, esqrs.	11 Feb. 1864	12 Feb. 1864	8	ditto -	- - ditto.
1	11	- - ditto -	- - ditto -	11 Feb. 1864	12 Feb. 1864	8	ditto -	- - ditto.
1	12	- - ditto -	- - ditto -	11 Feb. 1864	12 Feb. 1864	8	ditto -	- - ditto.
1	13	Stealing a petticoat -	- - ditto -	16 Feb. 1864	16 Feb. 1864	8	ditto -	J. Buckland, acting as deputy governor; W. Golland, surgeon; W. Bradbury, warder.
1	13	Stealing a jack box -	C. E. Ellison, esq. -	20 Feb. 1864	25 Feb. 1864	10	ditto -	T. Sykes, acting as deputy governor; W. Golland, surgeon; W. Bradbury, warder.
1	13	Stealing brooches -	- - ditto -	18 Feb. 1864	16 Mar. 1864	10	ditto -	C. H. J. Lane, governor; W. Golland, surgeon; W. Bradbury, warder.
1	14	Stealing a brush, &c.	- - ditto -	18 Feb. 1864	16 Mar. 1864	10	ditto -	- - ditto.
1	12	Stealing a door-mat -	C. H. Rickards and J. T. Price, esqrs.	23 Mar. 1864	24 Mar. 1864	6	ditto -	- - ditto.
1	10	Stealing a tea-pot -	C. J. S. Walker and J. T. Price, esqrs.	26 Mar. 1864	28 Mar. 1864	8	ditto -	- - ditto.
1	11	Stealing 1 pair boots	C. J. S. Walker and B. Joule, esqrs.	15 April 1864	19 April 1864	7	ditto -	J. Buckland, acting as deputy governor; W. Golland, surgeon; W. Bradbury, warder.
1	11	Stealing a dress -	C. E. Ellison, esq. -	20 April 1864	21 April 1864	8	ditto -	C. H. J. Lane, governor; W. Golland, surgeon; W. Bradbury, warder.
1	10	Stealing 30 laths -	- - ditto -	22 April 1864	26 April 1864	8	ditto -	J. Buckland, acting as deputy governor; W. Golland, surgeon; W. Bradbury, warder.
1	14	Stealing boots -	J. Hutchinson and J. T. Price, esqrs.	11 May 1864	9 June 1864	8	ditto -	- - ditto.
1	13	Stealing a bottle of ginger beer.	C. J. S. Walker and M. Kennedy, esqrs.	24 June 1864	29 June 1864	10	ditto -	C. H. J. Lane, governor; W. Golland, surgeon; W. Bradbury, warder.
1	11	Stealing 1 pair boots	- - ditto -	15 July 1864	16 July 1864	8	ditto -	J. Buckland, acting as deputy governor; W. Golland, surgeon; W. Bradbury, warder.
1	13	Stealing 1 pair trousers.	R. Fowler and J. Morley, esqrs.	22 July 1864	23 July 1864	8	ditto -	- - ditto.
1	12	- - ditto -	- - ditto -	22 July 1864	23 July 1864	8	ditto -	- - ditto.
1	13	Stealing bones -	R. Fowler, esq. -	6 Aug. 1864	8 Aug. 1864	8	ditto -	- - ditto.
1	15	Stealing a handkerchief.	- - ditto -	11 Aug. 1864	13 Aug. 1864	6	ditto -	C. H. J. Lane, governor; W. Golland, surgeon; W. Bradbury, warder.
Total - 33								

22 August 1864.

C. H. J. Lane, Governor.

COUNTY OF LANCASTER—continued.

HOUSE OF CORRECTION, PRESTON.

RETURN showing the Number of Prisoners punished under the Act 26 & 27 Vict. c. 44 (13 July 1863) by Whipping.

— Nil. —

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Orders or Sentence of the Visiting Justices, or by Courts of Assize and Quarter Sessions.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	Offence for which Punished.	By whose Order the Punishment was inflicted.	Names of Visiting Justices.	Date of Warrant or Order.	Number of Lashes.	How and by what Instrument applied.	Names of Justices and other Persons present when Punishment inflicted.
J. W.	33	General insubordination and refusing to obey orders.	Visiting Justices	Rev. R. Moore and W. O. Pilkington, esq.	31 Mar. 1864	20	cat - -	J. C. King, governor; E. Moore, surgeon; J. Wright, storekeeper; A. Wilson, taskmaster.
J. P.	14	Insubordination and refusing to obey orders.	- - ditto - -	P. Catterall, T. Langton Birley and J. Park, esqrs.	16 July 1864	12	birch -	J. C. King, governor; E. Moore, surgeon; J. Weights, storekeeper.
J. C.	15	- - ditto - -	- - ditto - -	- - ditto - -	30 July 1864	12	birch -	J. C. King, governor; E. Moore, surgeon; J. Weights, storekeeper.
Total - 3								

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Whipping, under the authority of the Act 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, of the Act 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and of the Act 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	Offence for which Punished.	Names of Justices before whom each of them had been summarily Convicted and Sentenced.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument inflicted.	Names of Persons present when the Punishment was inflicted.
H. M.	13	Stealing tobacco at Blackburn.	J. B. S. Sturdy and C. Parkinson, esqrs.	17 Mar. 1863	23 Apr. 1863	12	birch rod -	W. Martin, governor; E. Moore, surgeon; J. Weights, storekeeper.
T. M.	13	Stealing 2s. in money at Preston.	S. Smith and R. Pedder, esqrs.	15 Feb. 1864	24 Feb. 1864	9	birch rod -	J. C. King, governor; E. Moore, surgeon; J. Dewhurst and J. Kenny, warders; J. Weights, storekeeper; W. Taylor, Clerk.
Total - 2								

6 September 1864.

James C. King, Governor.

NEW BAILEY PRISON, SALFORD.

RETURN showing the Number of Prisoners punished under the Act 26 & 27 Vict. c. 44 (13 July 1863) by Whipping, to 17th August 1864, inclusive.

Initials of Prisoner.	Number of Strokes.	SENTENCE.	By what Instrument.	By whom Sentenced.	At what Assize.
E. B.	25 within a week	12 calendar months' hard labour.	birch rod - -	The Honourable Sir Giffery Pigott, Knight, one of the Barons of the Exchequer.	Manchester Assizes, 26 July 1864.
Total - 1					

COUNTY OF LANCASTER—NEW BAILEY PRISON, SALFORD—continued.

RETURN showing all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Order of Courts of Assize and Quarter Sessions, from 6th March 1863 to 17th August 1864, inclusive.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Number of Strokes.	By what Instrument.	Date of Warrant.	By whom Sentenced.	Names of Persons present when the Punishment was Inflicted.
E. H.	15	Having, at Barton-upon-Irwell, on the night of 20th July 1864, feloniously set fire to two stacks of hay, the property of Sarah Ann Tetlow.	20, within a week, and a calendar month's hard labour.	birch rod	Manchester assizes, 26 July 1864.	J. B. Aspinall, esq., q.c., Recorder of Liverpool.	This prisoner was not birched in consequence of a medical certificate from the surgeon of the prison, showing that his state of health was too much impaired to risk it.

N. B.—None sentenced at Sessions.

RETURN showing every Case in which Corporal Punishment has been Inflicted by Order of a Visiting Justice or Magistrate, from 6th March 1863 to 17th August 1864, inclusive.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Number of Lashes or Strokes.	By what Instrument applied.	Name of Visiting Justice or Magistrate by whom ordered.	Date of Order.	Names of Persons present when Punishment was inflicted.
J. T.	20	Used threatening language to a prisoner when moving into the chapel, and subsequently used extremely filthy language to a warder in the execution of his office.	18	cat	W. R. Wood, esq.	12 Mar. 1863	The governor, the surgeon, the chief warder, and William Carpenter, warder.
J. F.	16	Willfully damaged the furniture in his cell, and extremely disorderly in chapel.	18	cat	- - ditto - -	16 Mar. 1863	- - - ditto.
T. S.	16	Extreme disorderly conduct in shouting repeatedly very loud from his cell to other prisoners: dancing and singing.	18	birch	C. H. Rickards, esq.	20 Mar. 1863	- - - ditto.
H. F.	16	- - ditto - - -	19	birch	- - ditto - -	20 Mar. 1863	- - - ditto.
S. W.	20	Shouted very loud to other prisoners, and threatening personal violence to the warder who reported his disorderly conduct.	24	cat	W. R. Wood, esq.	28 April 1863	- - - ditto.
A. F.	16	Continued and determined idleness at crank labour.	24	birch	- - ditto - -	9 May 1863	- - - ditto.
S. B.	16	Shouted very loud from his cell to other prisoners; insolent to the governor, and said he thought a good flogging would do him good.	24	birch	Thomas Dickens, esq.	23 May 1863	- - - ditto.
C. F.	30	Willfully and with violence broke his can and spoon immediately after he had eaten his supper; willfully breaking a pane of glass in his cell.	24	cat	H. L. Trafford, esq.	25 May 1863	- - - ditto.
M. G.	13	Irreverent conduct in the prison chapel by repeatedly talking to other prisoners; insolent conduct towards a warder when reproving another prisoner.	24	birch	Thomas Dickens, esq.	1 June 1863	- - - ditto.
H. S.	17	Ceased work and declared he would weave no longer for any one.	12	cat	H. L. Trafford, esq.	13 June 1863	- - - ditto.
J. J.	46	Used abusive and filthy language to a warder.	12	cat	- - ditto - -	26 June 1863	- - - ditto.
J. R.	16	Determined idleness at crank labour; 3,000 revolutions short of 9,000.	6	cat	- - ditto - -	26 June 1863	- - - ditto.
C. F.	30	Tearing up and completely destroying a pair of trousers and a shirt, gaol property; shouted very loud in the dark cells to other prisoners; extreme insolence to the governor.	36	birch	C. H. Rickards, esq.	19 July 1863	- - - ditto.
M. C.	14	Most wantonly defaced 4 books in his cell.	24	birch	John Kay, esq.	15 July 1863	The surgeon; the chief warder; and William Carpenter and James Crow, warders.
T. C.	18	Most incorrigible conduct after having been repeatedly cautioned; shouted loud to other prisoners when in a dark cell.	9	cat	H. L. Trafford, esq.	7 Sept. 1863	The governor; chief warder; Dr. Roberts, officiating surgeon; and William Carpenter, warder.

COUNTY OF LANCASTER—NEW BAILEY PRISON, SALFORD—*continued.*

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Number of Lashes or Strokes.	By what Instrument applied.	Names of Visiting Justice or Magistrate by whom ordered.	Date of Order.	Names of Persons present when Punishment was inflicted.
C. W.	9	Most incorrigible conduct, completely unmanageable by the governor; repeatedly shouting while under punishment for similar misconduct.	12	birch	H. L. Trafford, esq.	7 Sept. 1863	The governor, chief warder, Dr. Roberts, officiating surgeon, and W. Carpenter, warder.
W. S.	10	Shouting very loud and in a most disorderly manner to other prisoners; determined and continued idleness at crank labour; the fifth similar offence in about a fortnight.	12	birch	- - ditto - -	9 Sept. 1863	The governor, the surgeon, chief warder, and W. Carpenter, warder.
D. M.	13	Shouting very loud when under punishment in the dark cells.	9	birch	T. Dickens, esq.	18 Sept. 1863	The surgeon, chief warder, and W. Carpenter and J. Crow, warders.
T. C.	18	Shouting and whistling in his cell.	12	cat	- - ditto - -	21 Sept. 1863	The governor, the surgeon, chief warder, and W. Carpenter, warder.
C. N.	27	Wilfully tearing up a blanket, a rug, and destroying a cell pot, also another blanket, gaol property.	12	cat	- - ditto - -	21 Sept. 1863	- - ditto.
J. W.	27	Striking a warder. (He received three months additional imprisonment on a previous occasion for assaulting an officer, and 24 strokes with the cat for insubordination, and has been eight times previously in gaol.)	24	cat	R. Gladstone, esq.	3 Oct. 1863	- - ditto.
T. C.	25	Ceased work at the treadwheel at about 9 o'clock in the morning.	12	cat	H. L. Trafford, esq.	29 Oct. 1863	The surgeon, chief warder, and W. Carpenter and J. Crow, warders.
S. A.	19	Used most insulting and threatening language to a warder, because he had reported him to the governor for disorderly conduct.	9	cat	- - ditto - -	29 Oct. 1863	- - ditto.
J. W.	27	Assaulting a warder, because he was about to report him for disorderly conduct in chapel, and kicking and striking the chief warder.	24	cat	- - ditto - -	16 Nov. 1863	The governor, the surgeon, chief warder, and W. Carpenter, warder.
W. S.	17	Refused to work on the treadwheel.	24	cat	T. Dickens, esq.	7 Dec. 1863	- - ditto.
M. H.	18	Disorderly conduct in his cell.	18	cat	A. Milne, esq.	20 Jan. 1864	- - ditto.
J. B.	35	Refused to work at the treadwheel.	12	cat	- - ditto - -	25 Jan. 1864	- - ditto.
J. C.	42	Tearing a board of the cell guard bed; threatening personal violence to a warder, and using threatening language to a warder.	18	cat	S. Ashton, esq.	11 Feb. 1864	Dr. Roberts, officiating surgeon, chief warder, and W. Carpenter and A. Hay, warders.
W. E.	17	Outrageous conduct in the dark cells, in tearing up part of the floor; also other disorderly conduct.	12	cat	E. Ashworth, esq.	15 Feb. 1864	The governor, Dr. Roberts, officiating surgeon, chief warder, and W. Carpenter, warder.
J. M.	28	Ceasing work at the treadwheel, and not resuming it when ordered.	12	cat	- - ditto - -	15 Feb. 1864	- - ditto.
W. E.	17	Quitting the rank when moving from his weaving cell; breaking open a cupboard in the centre corridor, and stealing several pieces of bread.	18	cat	S. Ashton, esq.	5 Mar. 1864	Dr. Roberts, officiating surgeon, chief warder, and W. Carpenter and A. Hay, warders.
R. F.	21	Violent conduct; tore up part of the cell-floor, and rendered the boards useless; when in irons, damaged and made useless his cell pot.	12	cat	C. H. Rickards, esq.	12 Mar. 1864	The governor, Dr. Roberts, officiating surgeon, chief warder, and W. Carpenter, warder.
J. C.	42	Violent conduct in a refractory cell; tore up part of the cell flooring, and barricaded the door to prevent ingress.	18	cat	- - ditto - -	12 Mar. 1864	- - ditto.
W. K.	36	Using to the chaplain threatening and deterring language in reference to a warder, who had reported him to the governor for idleness.	18	cat	R. Gladstone, esq.	18 April 1864	The governor, the surgeon, chief warder, and W. Carpenter, warder.
M. M.	24	Insubordinate conduct in ceasing work, and performing none whatever during the day; violent conduct in striking a prisoner without provocation.	18	cat	J. Kay, esq.	13 May 1864	The surgeon, chief warder, and A. Hay and W. Carpenter, warders.
W. K.	36	Breaking a box given to him for a seat; also two panes of glass in his cell window.	18	cat	T. Dickens, esq.	15 June 1864	The governor, the surgeon, chief warder, and W. Carpenter, warder.
Total, 36							

COUNTY OF LANCASTER—NEW BAILEY PRISON, SALFORD—*continued.*

RETURN of Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Whipping, under the Authority of the Acts 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and of the Act 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18, from 6th March 1863 to 17th August 1864, inclusive.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	SENTENCE.	Names of Justices before whom Convicted.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Punishment.	By what Instrument.	Number of Lashes.	Persons present when Punishment was inflicted.
J. B.	13	Stealing 2 sacks	14 days' hard labour and 12 strokes.	J. Radcliffe and A. Leach, esqrs.	1863 : 15 April	1863 : 16 April	birch -	12	The governor, the surgeon, the chief warden, and W. Carpenter, warden.
H. J. K.	13	Stealing lead and brass.	1 calendar month hard labour and 8 strokes.	H. L. Trafford, esq.	15 April	16 April	birch -	8	- ditto.
J. M.	14	Stealing £.1.14.5.	2 calendar months' hard labour and 10 strokes, and 5 years at a reformatory school.	- - ditto - -	7 May -	13 May -	birch -	10	- - ditto.
J. W. D.	14	Stealing 11 s. 9 d.	1 month hard labour and 11 strokes.	W. Heginbottom and B. M. Kenworthy, esqrs.	13 May -	16 May -	birch -	11	The chief warden, the surgeon, W. Carpenter and J. Crow, warders.
J. F.	14	Stealing 8 pigeons	1 day hard labour and 6 strokes.	H. L. Trafford, esq.	11 June -	11 June -	birch -	6	The chief warden, J. Hancock, officiating surgeon, W. Carpenter and J. Crow, warders.
W. H. S.	13	Stealing apparel	1 calendar month hard labour and 6 strokes.	J. Nelson and J. S. Hague, esqrs.	18 June -	25 June -	birch -	6	The governor, the surgeon, the chief warden, and W. Carpenter, warden.
J. H. N.	12	Stealing 2 rabbits	1 day hard labour and 10 strokes.	H. L. Trafford, esq.	27 June -	27 June -	birch -	10	- - ditto.
R. P.	13	Stealing 3 rabbits	1 calendar month hard labour and 12 strokes.	- - ditto - -	29 June -	6 July -	birch -	12	- - ditto.
T. H.	10	Stealing a pair of gloves and a pair of leg-guards.	1 day hard labour and 6 strokes.	- - ditto - -	30 July -	30 July -	birch -	6	- - ditto.
R. O.	11	- - ditto -	- - ditto - -	- - ditto - -	30 July -	30 July -	birch -	6	- - ditto.
I. R.	12	Stealing a horse -	1 calendar month hard labour and 8 strokes.	- - ditto - -	30 July -	30 July -	birch -	8	- - ditto.
J. F.	12	Stealing a watch	1 calendar month hard labour and 9 strokes.	- - ditto - -	27 Aug. -	29 Aug. -	birch -	9	- - ditto.
A. K.	11	Stealing 2 rabbits	14 days' hard labour and 12 strokes.	J. Chadwick and R. T. Heap, esqrs.	1 Sept.	8 Sept.	birch -	12	The governor, Dr. Roberts, officiating surgeon, the chief warden, and W. Carpenter, warden.
J. T. K.	11	- - ditto -	- - ditto - -	- - ditto - -	1 Sept.	8 Sept.	birch -	12	- - ditto.
T. O.	12	- - ditto -	- - ditto - -	- - ditto - -	1 Sept.	8 Sept.	birch -	12	- - ditto.
J. H.	10	Stealing iron -	1 day hard labour and 6 strokes.	C. H. Rickards and W. Peel, esqrs.	14 Sept.	14 Sept.	birch -	6	The surgeon, the chief warden, and W. Carpenter, warden.
J. F.	13	Stealing a cap -	21 days' hard labour and 10 strokes.	S. Radcliffe, esq. -	19 Sept.	1 Oct. -	birch -	10	- - ditto.
A. D.	13	Stealing 3 rabbits	3 days' hard labour and 8 strokes.	H. L. Trafford, esq.	21 Oct. -	22 Oct. -	birch -	8	- - ditto.
G. J.	14	- - ditto -	- - ditto - -	- - ditto - -	21 Oct. -	22 Oct. -	birch -	8	- - ditto.
T. D.	13	- - ditto -	- - ditto - -	- - ditto - -	21 Oct. -	22 Oct. -	birch -	8	- - ditto.
H. C.	14	- - ditto -	- - ditto - -	- - ditto - -	21 Oct. -	22 Oct. -	birch -	8	- - ditto.
B. K.	10	Stealing an orange	2 calendar months' hard labour and 12 strokes.	N. Worthington and J. Radcliffe, esqrs.	16 Nov. -	5 Dec. -	birch -	12	The governor, the officiating surgeon, the chief warden, and W. Carpenter, warden.
T. M.	14	Stealing butter -	1 calendar month hard labour and 12 strokes, and 5 years at a reformatory school.	H. L. Trafford, esq.	18 Nov. -	5 Dec. -	birch -	12	- - ditto.
E. M'M.	10	Stealing 1 s. 7½ d.	14 days' hard labour and 12 strokes.	N. Worthington and J. Radcliffe, esqrs.	7 Dec. -	9 Dec. -	birch -	12	The governor, the surgeon, the chief warden, and W. Carpenter, warden.
J. F.	13	Stealing 2 pies -	1 calendar month hard labour and 12 strokes.	N. Worthington and E. A. Wright, esqrs.	1864 : 21 Jan. -	1864 : 25 Jan. -	birch -	12	- - ditto.
E. O.	11	Stealing 1 s. 4½ d.	14 days' hard labour and 8 strokes, and 5 years at a reformatory school.	H. L. Trafford, esq.	25 Jan. -	25 Jan. -	birch -	8	- - ditto.
J. C.	13	Stealing a cap -	1 day hard labour and 8 strokes.	- - ditto - -	8 Feb.	8 Feb. -	birch -	8	Dr. Roberts, officiating surgeon, the chief warden, and W. Carpenter and A. Hay, warders.

COUNTY OF LANCASTER—NEW BAILEY PRISON, SALFORD—*continued.*

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	SENTENCE.	Names of Justices before whom Convicted.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Punishment.	By what Instrument.	Number of Lashes.	Persons present when Punishment was inflicted.
J. S.	13	Stealing a fire grate and 12lbs. of iron.	7 days' hard labour and 8 strokes.	H. L. Trafford, esq.	1864: 10 Feb. -	1864: 11 Feb. -	birch -	8	Dr. Roberts the officiating surgeon, the chief warder, W. Carpenter and A. Hay, warders.
W. W. B.	13	Stealing a sack and 40lbs. of bones.	14 days' hard labour and 12 strokes.	J. Galt and B. M. Kenworthy, esqrs.	20 Feb. -	23 Feb. -	birch -	12	The governor, Dr. Roberts the officiating surgeon, the chief warder, and W. Carpenter, warder.
W. B.	11	Stealing 6 pairs of boots.	1 day hard labour and 6 strokes.	H. L. Trafford, esq.	23 Feb. -	23 Feb. -	birch -	6	- - ditto.
E. C. B.	12	Stealing bread -	1 calendar month hard labour and 10 strokes.	- - ditto - -	17 March	23 March	birch -	10	The governor, Dr. Roberts the officiating surgeon, and W. Carpenter, warder.
B.	13	- ditto - -	- - ditto - -	- - ditto - -	17 March	23 March	birch -	10	- - ditto.
W. F.	13	Stealing a satchel	14 days' hard labour and 10 strokes.	- - ditto - -	18 March	23 March	birch -	10	- - ditto.
J. W.	13	Stealing 2s. 6d. -	7 days' hard labour and 8 strokes.	- - ditto - -	22 March	23 March	birch -	8	- - ditto.
W. M.	14	Stealing lead -	7 days' hard labour and 12 strokes.	T. Ashton and T. Dickens, esqrs.	30 March	31 March	birch -	12	The governor, the surgeon, the chief warder, and W. Carpenter, warder.
J. W.	15	Stealing a shirt -	1 day hard labour and 8 strokes.	H. L. Trafford, esq.	2 April	2 April	birch -	8	- - ditto.
J. M'A.	10	Stealing 4s. 6d. and a purse.	6 weeks' hard labour and 12 strokes.	J. Chadwick and R. T. Heape, esqrs.	25 April	26 April	birch -	12	The surgeon, the chief warder, W. Carpenter and A. Hay, warders.
J. S.	12	Stealing 12s. 6d.	1 calendar month hard labour and 10 strokes.	H. L. Trafford, esq.	5 May -	7 May -	birch -	10	The governor, the surgeon, the chief warder, and W. Carpenter, warder.
H. T.	12	Stealing 8d. and 1 oz. of sweetmeats.	7 days' hard labour and 12 strokes.	W. Sunderland and S. Howard, esqrs.	6 May -	7 May -	birch -	12	- - ditto.
G. D.	13	Stealing iron -	1 day hard labour and 12 strokes.	H. L. Trafford, esq.	18 May -	18 May -	birch -	12	The surgeon, the chief warder, W. Carpenter and A. Hay, warders.
J. P.	12	- ditto - -	1 day hard labour and 8 strokes.	- - ditto - -	18 May -	18 May -	birch -	8	- - ditto.
J. H.	13	- ditto - -	1 day hard labour and 10 strokes.	- - ditto - -	18 May -	18 May -	birch -	10	- - ditto.
I. R.	13	Stealing 8s. 6d. -	6 weeks' hard labour and 12 strokes, and 5 years at a reformatory school.	- - ditto - -	13 June -	14 June -	birch -	12	The governor, the surgeon, W. Carpenter and A. Hay, warders.
J. W.	10	Stealing a pair of trowsers.	1 day hard labour and 8 strokes.	- - ditto - -	14 June -	14 June -	birch -	8	- - ditto.
J. N.	13	Stealing 4 glasses and a mug.	7 days' hard labour and 8 strokes.	- - ditto - -	14 June -	14 June -	birch -	8	- - ditto.
J. H. M.	12	Stealing 2 shirts	1 day hard labour and 8 strokes.	E. R. Langworthy and J. Pender, esqrs.	2 Aug. -	2 Aug. -	birch -	8	The surgeon, the chief warder, W. Carpenter and A. Hay, warders.
W. H. P.	13	Stealing a hammer.	7 days' hard labour and 12 strokes.	J. W. Maclure and J. L. Kennedy, esqrs.	4 Aug. -	5 Aug. -	birch -	12	The governor, the surgeon, the chief warder, and W. Carpenter, warder.
B. K.	11	Stealing dates -	21 days' hard labour and 12 strokes.	N. Worthington and J. Radcliffe, esqrs.	8 Aug. -	10 Aug. -	birch -	12	- - ditto.
T. W.	13	Stealing a gown -	1 calendar month hard labour and 10 strokes.	O. Heywood and J. Hutchinson, esqrs.	8 Aug. -	10 Aug. -	birch -	10	- - ditto.
P. C.	12	- ditto - -	- - ditto - -	- - ditto - -	8 Aug. -	10 Aug. -	birch -	10	- - ditto.
A. H.	13	- ditto - -	- - ditto - -	- - ditto - -	8 Aug. -	10 Aug. -	birch -	10	- - ditto.
Total 51									

E. H. Mitchell, Governor.

COUNTY OF LEICESTER.

COUNTY GAOL, LEICESTER.

RETURN of the Number of Prisoners punished under the Act 26 & 27 Vict. c. 44 (13th July 1863), by Whipping, &c.

— Nil. —

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Orders or Sentence of the Visiting Justices, or by Courts of Assize and Quarter Sessions, from the last Returns to the present time.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument.	Names of Visiting Justices by whose Order inflicted.	Date of Warrant or Order.	Persons present when Punishment inflicted.
G. W.	16	Breaking cell ventilator, marking cell door, and talking in chapel.	24	birch -	H. St. John Halford and C. T. Freer, esqrs.	13 May 1863	W. Musson, governor; T. W. Benfield, surgeon.
J. M.C.	42	Refusing to work at crank -	24	cat -	- - ditto -	13 May 1863	- - ditto.
W. M.	16	Talking in chapel - - -	12	birch -	H. St. John Halford, esq.	27 June 1863	- - ditto.
W. C.	26	Continued misconduct, breaking cell window, destroying books, &c., striking and violently resisting officers, and using abusive and obscene language to governor.	36	cat -	C. T. Freer, esq.	25 July 1863	- - ditto.
J. D.	23	Refusing to read in school, and for disrespectful conduct to magistrate.	24	cat -	- - ditto -	12 Sept. 1863	- - ditto.
J. H.	23	Disobedience of orders, using threatening language, and attempting to strike an officer.	36	cat -	Sir A. G. Hazlerigg, bart.; H. St. John Halford, esq.	16 Jan. 1864	- - ditto.
E. L.	26	Disobedience of orders and insolence in school.	36	cat -	H. St. John Halford, esq.	16 April 1864	- - ditto.
J. B.	37	Disobedience of orders and using obscene language.	24	cat -	C. T. Freer, esq.	5 May 1864	- - ditto.
Total - 8							

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Whipping, under the Authority of the Act 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, of the Act 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and of the Act 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18.

Number of Prisoners.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of Justices by whom Convicted and Sentenced.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument.	Persons present when Punishment inflicted.
1	12	Stealing 5 oz. of hair	G. Norman and T. C. Beasley, esqrs.	16 Mar. 1863	19 Mar. 1863	12	birch -	W. Musson, governor; T. W. Benfield, surgeon.
1	13	Stealing 1 blanket -	E. C. Middleton, esq.; W. U. Heygate, esq., M. P.	25 Nov. 1863	28 Nov. 1863	12	birch -	- - ditto.
1	12	Stealing 12 postage stamps.	J. S. Crossland, W. Brookes, and H. Townshend, esqrs.	8 Feb. 1864	9 Feb. 1864	12	birch -	- - ditto.
Total - 3								

22 August 1864.

W. Musson, Governor.

COUNTY OF LINCOLN.

COUNTY GAOL, LINCOLN CASTLE.

This gaol is only for debtors, prisoners for trial at the assizes, and convicts awaiting orders for removal to the convict depôts.

18 August 1864.

F. Foster, Governor.

COUNTY OF LINCOLN—continued.

HOUSE OF CORRECTION, FALKINGHAM.

RETURN of the Number of Prisoners punished, under the Act 26 & 27 Vict. c. 44 (13th July 1863), by Whipping, &c.
— Nil. —

RETURN of Corporal Punishments inflicted by Order of the Visiting Justices.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of the Visiting Justices.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument applied.	Date of each Warrant or Order.	Persons present when Punishment inflicted.
W. W. -	63	Refusing to work. The surgeon states that he is perfectly able to perform the work given him to do.	W. Parker, esq., and Rev. G. Carter.	12	cat - -	8 May 1863	G. Grewcock, surgeon; M. E. Maile, Governor; W. Stacey, head warder; W. Tatham, turnkey.
Total - 1							

No corporal punishment inflicted by orders of Court of Assize or Quarter Sessions.

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Whipping, under the authority of the Act 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, of the Act 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and of the Act 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of Justices before whom summarily Convicted and Sentenced.	Date of Conviction.	Punishment.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument.	Persons present when Punishment inflicted.
J. J. -	11	Stealing 4 brass knobs and 2 brass handles.	C. Allix, esq., and Rev. E. Trollope.	30 Mar. 1863	seven days	7	birch rod -	G. Grewcock, surgeon; M. E. Maile, governor; W. Stacey, head warder; W. Tatham, turnkey.
J. B. -	10	- - ditto - -	- - ditto - -	30 Mar. 1863	- ditto -	7	ditto -	- - ditto.
Total - 2								

22 August 1864.

M. E. Maile, Governor.

HOUSE OF CORRECTION, KIRTON-IN-LINDSEY.

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Order of Visiting Justices, Courts of Quarter Sessions, and Courts of Assize.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	By whose Authority.	Date of each Warrant or Order.	Number of Lashes or Strokes.	By what Instrument.	Persons present when Punishment inflicted.
C. T. -	20	General misconduct in prison.	R. Winn, esq., visiting magistrate.	21 Aug. 1863	24	cat-o'-nine-tails.	J. Snow, governor; H. George, surgeon; E. Stevenson, schoolmaster; T. North, head warder; H. Scarcliff and E. King, under warders.
W. B. -	12	Stealing a basket (10 & 11 Vict. c. 82).	Court of Petty Sessions at Gainsborough; viz., G. Hutton, clerk, and G. A. Luard, esq.	25 Aug. 1863	12	birch rod -	- - ditto.
J. R. -	14	Stealing 2 lbs. of sugar	- - ditto - -	20 Dec. 1863	12	ditto -	- ditto.
C. P. -	24	Refusing to work, and general insubordination in prison.	The Hon. C. Dundas, clerk, visiting magistrate.	19 May 1864	18	cat-o'-nine-tails.	- - ditto.
Total - 4							

18 August 1864.

Joseph Snow, Governor.

COUNTY OF LINCOLN—*continued.*

HOUSE OF CORRECTION, LOUTH.

RETURN of Corporal Punishments since 24th April 1863.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of Committing Justices.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Punishment.	SENTENCE.	Number of Lashes.	Instrument used.	Persons present.
H. S. -	12	Two charges of felony.	Court of quarter sessions, Louth.	1863 : 14 April -	1863 : 19 May -	14 days' hard labour and 4 years in a reformatory school, and to be whipped.	6	birch rod	J. J. Brian, governor; J. Bogg, surgeon; D. Wilson, warder.
F. S. -	11	Felony, under the Juvenile Offenders' Act.	Rev. W. Smyth	1864 : 13 April -	1864 : 18 April -	7 days' hard labour, and to receive 6 strokes.	6	ditto -	J. Marshall, governor; J. Bogg, surgeon; D. Wilson, warder.
C. R. G. -	13	- - ditto -	F. S. Tate and J. B. Sharpley, esqrs.	1 April -	29 April -	1 calendar month's hard labour, and to receive 6 strokes.	6	ditto -	- - ditto.
N. B. -	12	- - ditto -	- - ditto -	1 April -	28 May -	2 calendar months' hard labour, and to receive 12 strokes.	12	ditto -	- - ditto.
N. B. -	12	- - ditto -	- - ditto -	3 June -	1 July -	1 calendar month's hard labour, and to receive 12 strokes.	12	ditto -	J. Marshall, governor; J. Bogg, surgeon; R. Wallhead, warder.
S. G. -	11	- - ditto -	F. S. Tate and S. Trought, esqrs.	28 July -	2 Aug. -	7 days' hard labour, and to receive 12 strokes.	12	ditto -	J. Marshall, governor; J. Bogg, surgeon; D. Wilson, warder.
J. F. -	11	- - ditto -	- - ditto -	28 July -	2 Aug. -	- ditto - -	12	ditto -	- - ditto.
Total - 7									

20 August 1864.

James Marshall, Governor.

HOUSE OF CORRECTION, SPALDING.

RETURN of the Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Orders or Sentence of the Visiting Justices, or by Courts of Assize and Quarter Sessions.

Quarter Sessions :—The Rev. John Wilson, Chairman, Boston Sessions.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument.	Date of Warrant.	Names of Persons present.
J. B. -	16	Larceny - - -	20	cat-o'-nine-tails -	4 April - 1864	C. Vise, surgeon; H. Bates, keeper; T. Smith, turnkey.
J. B. -	15	ditto - - -	15	- - ditto - -	4 April - 1864	- - - - ditto.
Total - 2						

By order of the Visiting Justices - - - - - none.
By Courts of Assize - - - - - none.

RETURN of the Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Whipping, under the authority of the Act 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, of the Act 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and of the Act 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of Justices before whom Convicted.	SENTENCE.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument.	Names of Persons present.
T. H. S. -	9	Stealing a silver watch.	Rev. J. Tunnard and C. T. J. Moore, esq.	14 days and whipped.	9 Dec. 1863	19 Dec. 1863	10	birch rod	C. Vise, esq., surgeon; H. Bates, keeper; and W. Wingad, turnkey.
Total - 1									

4 December 1864.

Henry Bates, Keeper.

COUNTY OF LINCOLN—*continued.*

HOUSE OF CORRECTION (FOR THE PARTS OF LINDSEY), SPILSBY.

RETURN of the Number of Prisoners punished by Whipping, under the Act 26 & 27 Vict. c. 44.

— Nil. —

RETURN of the Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Orders or Sentence of the Visiting Justices, or by Courts of Assize and Quarter Sessions.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	SENTENCE.	Number of Lashes, and what Instrument used.	Whether Public or Private, and Date.	Names of Justices or Court ordering such Punishment, with Date of Order.	Names of Persons present when such Punishment was inflicted.
J. S.	18	Disorderly behaviour; having been eight times previously punished by the governor, and once by the visiting justices.	Once whipped	12 strokes with the cat.	5 May 1863 (Privately).	Rev. J. Allington and Rev. R. Parker. 4 May 1863.	J. F. Phillips, governor; J. W. Walker, surgeon; F. Robinson, chief warder, and J. Emerson, warder.
T. W.	26	Using threatening language, and extreme violence; having been four times previously punished by the governor, and once by the visiting justices for attempting to assault the governor, and other officers, and for general insubordination.	- ditto -	24 stripes with the cat.	16 June 1863 (Privately).	Rev. D. Rawnsley and Rev. F. Pickford. 15 June 1863.	- ditto.
J. S.	20	General insubordination, and assaulting the chief warder; had been four times previously punished by governor for general bad behaviour.	- ditto -	- - ditto -	25 Aug. 1863 (Privately).	Rev. G. Coltman, Rev. R. G. Walle, and Rev. D. Rawnsley. 24 August 1863.	J. F. Phillips, governor; J. W. Walker, surgeon; F. Robinson, chief warder, and C. H. Manning, warder.
G. G.	20	Breaking his cell utensils, and windows, assaulting an officer, and other offences; having been only four days in the prison, and during that time punished by the governor for very insubordinate conduct.	- ditto -	- - ditto -	29 Oct. 1863 (Privately).	Rev. G. Coltman, Rev. D. Rawnsley, and Rev. F. Pickford. 26 October 1863.	J. F. Phillips, governor; J. W. Walker, surgeon; F. Robinson, chief warder, and J. Emerson, warder.
J. G.	11	Stealing a watch - -	1 cal. month's hard labour, and once whipped.	6 stripes with a birch rod on the back.	27 Apr. 1863 (Privately).	Court of quarter sessions. 14 April 1863.	J. F. Phillips, governor; G. Walker, surgeon, and F. Robinson, chief warder.
Total - 5							

RETURN of the Number of Prisoners Whipped under the Juvenile Offenders Acts, 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18.

— Nil. —

John Farr Phillips, Governor.

BOROUGH GAOL, GRANTHAM.

There has not been any whipping or corporal punishment inflicted since the last Returns.

22 August 1864.

W. Mawer, Governor.

CITY GAOL, LINCOLN.

Corporal punishment has not been inflicted upon any prisoner since the last Return.

19 August 1864.

W. Walters, Governor.

BOROUGH GAOL, STAMFORD.

There has not been any case of corporal punishment inflicted since the year 1857.

25 August 1864.

John Heuerdine, Governor.

COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

NEWGATE GAOL.

— Nil. —

24 August 1864.

E. J. Jonas, Governor.

HOUSE OF CORRECTION, COLDBATH FIELDS.

RETURN showing the Number of Prisoners punished, under the Act 26 & 27 Vict. c. 44 (13 July 1863), by Whipping, &c.

• Initials of Prisoner.	Number of Strokes ordered and inflicted.	Instrument used.	Presiding, or other Judge.	At what Assizes or other Court.
W. H. P. -	30	Cat-o'-nine-tails -	Mr. Justice Byles -	Central Criminal Court Sessions, November 1863.
H. B. - -	30	- - ditto - -	- - ditto - -	- - - ditto.
D. L. - -	25	- - ditto - -	Mr. Baron Pigott -	Central Criminal Court Sessions, April 1864.
Total - 3				

RETURN of Corporal Punishment ordered by Courts of Assize and Quarter Sessions, from 6 March 1863 to 21 July 1864.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Number of Strokes.	Instrument used.	Date.	Name of Court.	Persons present.
E. C. -	15	Stealing a shirt - -	12	birch rod -	23 Mar. 1863	Middlesex Sessions -	Lieut. Col. Colvill, governor; Dr. Smiles, surgeon, and some warders and sub-warders.
W. C. -	15	Stealing a coat - -	18	- ditto -	24 Mar. 1863	- - ditto - -	
J. B. -	15	Stealing a hair net -	12	- ditto -	8 Mar. 1864	- - ditto - -	
J. W. C. -	15	Stealing meat - -	12	- ditto -	8 Mar. 1864	- - ditto - -	
Total - 4							

RETURN of Corporal Punishment inflicted by Orders or Sentence of the Visiting Justices, from 6 March 1863 to 21 July 1864, and of the Names of the Visiting Justices, in each Case, by whose Orders any Corporal Punishment has been inflicted.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Number of Strokes	Instrument used.	Date.	Names of Visiting Justices by whose Orders inflicted.	Persons present.
E. W. -	22	Striking prison surgeon	30	cat - -	2 Apr. 1863	T. Turner, F. H. N. Glossop, J. J. Tanner, W. Stutfield, H. Pownall, and T. Falconer, esqrs.	Lieut. Col. T. H. Colvill, governor; W. Smiles, M.D., surgeon; and some of the warders and sub-warders.
E. D. -	14	Repeated disobedience, and foul language.	24	birch -	10 Apr. 1863	T. Turner, J. J. Tanner, W. Stutfield, H. Pownall, and F. Healey, esqrs.	
D. E. J. -	23	Assaulting surgeon -	36	cat - -	24 Apr. 1863	Col. Elsey; T. Turner, E. Halswell, W. Griffiths, J. Marshall, W. Stutfield, W. C. L. Bashford, H. Pownall, W. Wood, and H. M. Kemshhead, esqrs.	
R. S. -	19	Assaulting an officer -	24	cat - -	21 Aug. 1863	Col. Elsey; H. White, J. Marshall, W. Stutfield, and H. Pownall, esqrs.	
B. -	26	Assaulting surgeon -	36	cat - -	28 Aug. 1863	Col. Elsey; E. Halswell, — Wood, and W. Stutfield, esqrs.	
E. S. -	20	Assaulting an officer -	12	cat - -	28 Aug. 1863	Col. Elsey; F. H. N. Glossop, W. P. Bodkin, J. Rigg, — Wood, W. Stutfield, W. Griffiths, E. Halswell, H. White, and J. Marshall, esqrs.	
M'C. -	25	Repeated neglect of work	12	cat - -	18 Sept. 1863	T. Turner, W. Stutfield, W. P. Bodkin, H. White, and H. Pownall, esqrs.	
V. H. C. -	17	- - ditto - - -	12	cat - -	18 Sept. 1863	T. Turner, W. Stutfield, W. P. Bodkin, H. White, and H. Pownall, esqrs.	
P. -	20	Assaulting an officer -	18	cat - -	30 Oct. 1863	T. Turner, W. Stutfield, W. P. Bodkin, H. White, and H. Pownall, esqrs.	
J. -	20	Pretending to hang himself.	12	cat - -	2 Jan. 1864	T. Turner, W. Stutfield, W. P. Bodkin, E. Halswell, and J. S. Brooking, esqrs.	
W. -	20	- - ditto - - -	12	cat - -	9 Jan. 1864	T. Turner, W. Stutfield, W. P. Bodkin, H. Pownall, J. Marshall, and J. S. Brooking, esqrs.	
V. W. -	48	Attempt to break out of cell	18	cat - -	9 Jan. 1864	T. Turner, H. M. Kemshhead, W. P. Bodkin, E. Halswell, J. Marshall, and J. S. Brooking, esqrs.	
V. B. -	20	Wilful damage - -	12	cat - -	26 Feb. 1864	Lord E. Cecil, Col. Elsey; J. Rigg, W. P. Bodkin, W. H. Wyatt, J. Marshall, J. S. Brooking, and J. Hogarth, esqrs.	
E. C. -	16	Repeated neglect of work	12	cat - -	26 Feb. 1864	Lord E. Cecil, Col. Elsey; E. Halswell, W. P. Bodkin, T. Turner, W. H. Wyatt, J. Marshall, and J. Hogarth, esqrs.	
E. H. -	43	- - ditto - - -	12	cat - -	26 Feb. 1864		
P. O. -	26	- - ditto - - -	12	cat - -	4 Mar. 1864		
M. T. -	17	- - ditto - - -	24	birch -	18 Mar. 1864		

COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX—HOUSE OF CORRECTION, COLDBATH FIELDS—continued.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Number of Strokes.	Instrument used.	Date.	Names of Visiting Justices by whose Orders inflicted.	Persons present.
L. N.	20	Assaulting an officer	24	cat	15 Apr. 1864	Lord E. Cecil; T. Turner, T. Faulconer, J. Rigg, A. Robinson, W. Stutfield, and A. Ballantine, esqrs.	Lieut.-Col. H. Colvill, governor; W. Smiles, M.D., surgeon; and some of the warders and sub-warders.
A. S.	19	Repeated neglect of work	12	birch	15 Apr. 1864		
J. H.	17	- ditto -	12	birch	15 Apr. 1864		
J. E.	22	- ditto -	12	birch	15 Apr. 1864		
J. W.	29	Assaulting an officer	24	cat	6 May 1864	Lord E. Cecil; Col. Elsey; T. Turner, H. Pownall, H. M. Kemshead, T. Faulconer, W. P. Bodkin, J. Rashleigh, W. Stutfield, J. J. Tanner, A. Robinson, and W. H. Wyatt, esqrs.	
J. D.	26	- ditto -	24	cat	6 May 1864		
W. B.	24	Refractory conduct and destroying clothing.	24	cat	3 June 1864	Lord E. Cecil; Col. Elsey; J. Hogarth, W. Stutfield, W. P. Bodkin, T. Turner, and W. H. Wyatt, esqrs.	
T. M.	13	Repeated neglect of work	12	birch	10 June 1864	J. J. Tanner, W. Stutfield, J. Rigg, H. Pownall, W. P. Bodkin, and A. Ballantine, esqrs.; Col. Elsey, and Lord E. Cecil.	
H. C.	34	Filthiness and wilful damage.	24	birch	17 June 1864	Lord E. Cecil; W. Stutfield, W. H. Wyatt, T. Turner, W. P. Bodkin, and A. Ballantine, esqrs.	
B. S.	30	Filthiness and repeated disobedience.	12	birch	17 June 1864		
S. S.	25	Breaking articles in his cell.	12	birch	24 June 1864	Lord E. Cecil; W. Stutfield and W. H. Wyatt, esqrs.	
W. P.	15	Repeated neglect of work	12	birch	15 July 1864	Lord E. Cecil; Col. Elsey; W. Stutfield, W. H. Wyatt, T. Turner, and A. Ballantine, esqrs.	
Total - 29							

RETURN in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Whipping, under the authority of the Act 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, of the Act 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and of the Act 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18, any or either of them, and the Age of each Person punished, from 6th March 1863 to 21st July 1864.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of Justices before whom Convicted.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Strokes.	Instrument used.	Names of Persons present when inflicted.
E. T. -	13	Stealing potatoes -	E. Yardley -	4 Mar. 1863	6 Mar. 1863	6	birch rod -	Lieut. Col. Colvill, governor; Dr. Smiles, surgeon; and some warders and sub-warders.
C. H. -	11	Stealing brass -	L. T. D'Eyncourt -	6 Mar. 1863	7 Mar. 1863	12		
M. W. -	12	Stealing lead -	J. S. Mansfield -	7 Mar. 1863	9 Mar. 1863	12		
P. D. -	12	- ditto -	- ditto -	7 Mar. 1863	9 Mar. 1863	12		
C. W. -	12	Stealing money -	- ditto -	21 Mar. 1863	23 Mar. 1863	12		
T. M. -	10	Stealing shirt -	- ditto -	21 Mar. 1863	23 Mar. 1863	5		
J. A. -	13	Stealing purse -	- ditto -	26 Mar. 1863	27 Mar. 1863	12		
T. T. -	10	Stealing trousers -	J. H. Barker -	30 Mar. 1863	31 Mar. 1863	12		
H. J. Y. -	10	Stealing pork pie -	C. O. Dayman -	2 April 1863	4 April 1863	4		
G. P. -	12	Stealing iron -	E. Yardley -	22 April 1863	23 April 1863	6		
J. A. -	11	Stealing purse -	J. T. Ingham -	27 April 1863	28 April 1863	6		
R. S. -	13	Stealing jacket -	W. Partridge -	30 April 1863	1 May 1863	12		
J. B. -	12	Stealing bread -	L. T. D'Eyncourt -	30 April 1863	1 May 1863	12		
R. C. -	11	Stealing bibbles -	W. Partridge -	9 May 1863	11 May 1863	12		
C. M. -	11	- ditto -	- ditto -	9 May 1863	11 May 1863	12		
M. C. -	13	- ditto -	- ditto -	9 May 1863	11 May 1863	12		
T. S. -	9	Stealing spectacles -	C. O. Dayman -	11 May 1863	12 May 1863	6		
W. H. C. -	13	Stealing money -	J. H. Barker -	20 May 1863	21 May 1863	12		
F. S. -	12	Stealing ginger beer -	- ditto -	20 May 1863	21 May 1863	12		
J. B. -	12	- ditto -	- ditto -	20 May 1863	21 May 1863	12		
V. S. -	11	Stealing waistcoat -	L. T. D'Eyncourt -	28 May 1863	29 May 1863	12		
J. B. -	11	Stealing handkerchief -	E. Yardley -	29 May 1863	30 May 1863	6		
H. L. -	10	Stealing money -	J. H. Barker -	3 June 1863	4 June 1863	12		
M. W. -	13	Stealing spectacles -	J. S. Mansfield -	4 June 1863	5 June 1863	6		
A. W. -	13	Stealing spoons -	- ditto -	8 June 1863	9 June 1863	10		
M. C. -	11	Stealing iron -	L. T. D'Eyncourt -	8 June 1863	9 June 1863	12		
J. T. -	13	Stealing money -	J. S. Mansfield -	16 June 1863	18 June 1863	10		
G. M. -	13	Stealing plant -	- ditto -	24 June 1863	25 June 1863	12		
A. C. -	13	Stealing three brushes -	L. T. D'Eyncourt -	27 June 1863	29 June 1863	12		
W. L. -	13	- ditto -	- ditto -	27 June 1863	29 June 1863	12		
E. G. -	13	- ditto -	- ditto -	27 June 1863	29 June 1863	12		
S. J. W. -	10	Stealing iron -	W. Partridge -	10 July 1863	11 July 1863	6		
D. H. -	11	Stealing money -	Prance and Marshall -	10 July 1863	15 July 1863	12		
D. F. -	12	Stealing wood -	E. Yardley -	14 July 1863	15 July 1863	6		
M. C. -	11	Stealing fowl -	J. T. Ingham -	20 July 1863	21 July 1863	6		
C. M. -	12	Stealing boots -	J. S. Mansfield -	22 July 1863	23 July 1863	10		
J. C. -	13	Stealing bread -	W. Partridge -	24 July 1863	25 July 1863	12		
J. R. -	13	Stealing pigeons -	H. S. Selfe -	1 Aug. 1863	3 Aug. 1863	6		
T. P. -	11	Stealing bacon -	L. T. D'Eyncourt -	15 Aug. 1863	17 Aug. 1863	12		
J. D. -	13	Stealing handkerchief -	- ditto -	17 Aug. 1863	18 Aug. 1863	12		
J. G. K. -	13	Stealing purse -	- ditto -	18 Aug. 1863	19 Aug. 1863	6		
G. F. -	11	Stealing money -	- ditto -	24 Aug. 1863	25 Aug. 1863	12		
F. P. -	13	Stealing towel -	- ditto -	29 Aug. 1863	31 Aug. 1863	12		
W. B. -	12	Stealing jacket -	J. S. Mansfield -	8 Sept. 1863	9 Sept. 1863	10		
E. M. -	11	- ditto -	- ditto -	8 Sept. 1863	9 Sept. 1863	10		
W. D. -	11	Stealing shirt -	J. T. Ingham -	23 Sept. 1863	24 Sept. 1863	8		
J. A. -	9	Stealing money -	W. Partridge -	24 Sept. 1863	25 Sept. 1863	6		
C. C. -	11	Stealing cigars -	J. S. Mansfield -	26 Sept. 1863	28 Sept. 1863	10		
W. D. -	10	Stealing money -	- ditto -	29 Sept. 1863	30 Sept. 1863	6		

COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX—HOUSE OF CORRECTION, COLDBATH FIELDS—continued.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of Justices before whom convicted.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Strokes.	Instrument used.	Names of Persons present when inflicted.
W. G. -	13	Stealing soup -	J. H. Barker -	30 Sept. 1863	1 Oct. 1863	12	birch rod -	Lieut.-Col. Colvill, governor; Dr. Smiles, surgeon; and some warders and sub-warders.
G. G. -	12	Stealing cloak -	C. O. Dayman -	2 Oct. 1863	3 Oct. 1863	8		
W. L. -	13	Stealing horsehair -	J. H. Barker -	21 Oct. 1863	22 Oct. 1863	13		
J. C. -	11	- ditto -	- ditto -	21 Oct. 1863	22 Oct. 1863	12		
W. L. -	13	Stealing money -	W. Partridge -	26 Oct. 1863	27 Oct. 1863	12		
D. T. A. -	13	- ditto -	A. A. Knox -	26 Oct. 1863	27 Oct. 1863	12		
J. B. -	13	- ditto -	- ditto -	26 Oct. 1863	27 Oct. 1863	12		
W. B. -	13	Stealing tools -	- ditto -	26 Oct. 1863	27 Oct. 1863	12		
R. Q. -	11	- ditto -	- ditto -	26 Oct. 1863	27 Oct. 1863	12		
T. M. -	10	Stealing money -	J. T. Ingham -	26 Oct. 1863	27 Oct. 1863	6		
J. P. -	11	Stealing coals -	W. Partridge -	31 Oct. 1863	2 Nov. 1863	6		
T. T. -	13	Stealing hatchet -	E. Yardley -	4 Nov. 1863	5 Nov. 1863	6		
F. M. -	13	Stealing whip -	J. H. Barker -	7 Nov. 1863	9 Nov. 1863	12		
W. N. -	13	- ditto -	- ditto -	7 Nov. 1863	9 Nov. 1863	12		
H. N. -	12	- ditto -	- ditto -	7 Nov. 1863	9 Nov. 1863	12		
J. S. -	10	Stealing carpet -	J. S. Mansfield -	7 Nov. 1863	9 Nov. 1863	10		
P. S. -	10	- ditto -	- ditto -	7 Nov. 1863	9 Nov. 1863	10		
A. M. -	12	Stealing cake -	W. Partridge -	7 Nov. 1863	9 Nov. 1863	6		
G. P. -	13	Stealing socks -	E. Yardley -	11 Nov. 1863	12 Nov. 1863	9		
E. A. -	10	- ditto -	- ditto -	11 Nov. 1863	12 Nov. 1863	9		
T. M. -	11	Stealing jacket -	L. T. D'Eyncourt -	19 Nov. 1863	20 Nov. 1863	12		
T. J. -	9	- ditto -	- ditto -	19 Nov. 1863	20 Nov. 1863	12		
J. G. -	10	Stealing shovel -	W. Partridge -	19 Nov. 1863	20 Nov. 1863	6		
J. C. H. -	12	- ditto -	- ditto -	19 Nov. 1863	20 Nov. 1863	6		
G. J. -	12	Stealing meat -	J. H. Barker -	2 Dec. 1863	3 Dec. 1863	12		
R. W. -	13	Stealing carrots -	A. A. Knox -	3 Dec. 1863	5 Dec. 1863	12		
J. C. -	13	Stealing toys -	J. H. Barker -	7 Dec. 1863	8 Dec. 1863	12		
W. S. -	13	Stealing biscuits -	A. A. Knox -	8 Dec. 1863	9 Dec. 1863	12		
F. R. -	13	Stealing gloves -	J. S. Mansfield -	15 Dec. 1863	16 Dec. 1863	10		
T. B. -	13	Stealing weights -	- ditto -	15 Dec. 1863	16 Dec. 1863	10		
E. W. -	13	Stealing fork -	W. M. Cooke -	15 Dec. 1863	16 Dec. 1863	9		
J. F. -	13	Stealing money -	R. P. Tyrwhitt -	16 Dec. 1863	17 Dec. 1863	10		
J. B. -	13	- ditto -	- ditto -	16 Dec. 1863	17 Dec. 1863	10		
R. B. -	11	Stealing boots -	J. S. Mansfield -	16 Dec. 1863	17 Dec. 1863	10		
J. H. -	12	Stealing bread -	L. T. D'Eyncourt -	17 Dec. 1863	18 Dec. 1863	12		
F. C. -	12	Stealing money -	A. A. Knox -	19 Dec. 1863	21 Dec. 1863	12		
W. H. -	13	Stealing chair -	L. T. D'Eyncourt -	26 Dec. 1863	28 Dec. 1863	12		
T. A. -	13	Stealing cap -	J. T. Ingham -	26 Dec. 1863	28 Dec. 1863	8		
J. H. -	13	- ditto -	- ditto -	26 Dec. 1863	28 Dec. 1863	8		
C. R. -	13	Stealing money -	J. S. Mansfield -	26 Dec. 1863	28 Dec. 1863	10		
H. R. -	13	Stealing iron pot -	L. T. D'Eyncourt -	28 Dec. 1863	29 Dec. 1863	12		
D. S. -	13	- ditto -	- ditto -	28 Dec. 1863	29 Dec. 1863	12		
J. C. -	11	Stealing hat-case -	A. A. Knox -	28 Dec. 1863	29 Dec. 1863	12		
R. F. -	10	Stealing shirt -	- ditto -	30 Dec. 1863	31 Dec. 1863	12		
J. K. -	13	Stealing stockings -	- ditto -	4 Jan. 1864	5 Jan. 1864	12		
W. B. -	12	Stealing money -	- ditto -	4 Jan. 1864	5 Jan. 1864	12		
C. G. -	13	Stealing bread -	J. S. Mansfield -	7 Jan. 1864	8 Jan. 1864	12		
J. M. -	13	Stealing book -	W. M. Cooke -	16 Jan. 1864	18 Jan. 1864	9		
W. M. -	13	- ditto -	- ditto -	16 Jan. 1864	18 Jan. 1864	9		
R. P. -	13	Stealing bread -	T. Dagnall and Sherman -	18 Jan. 1864	19 Jan. 1864	12		
J. K. -	9	Stealing wine -	H. S. Selfe -	22 Jan. 1864	23 Jan. 1864	12		
T. J. -	11	Stealing meat -	J. S. Mansfield -	22 Jan. 1864	23 Jan. 1864	10		
J. P. -	13	Stealing money -	W. M. Cooke -	25 Jan. 1864	26 Jan. 1864	6		
E. B. -	13	Stealing pigeons -	- ditto -	27 Jan. 1864	28 Jan. 1864	12		
A. J. -	13	- ditto -	- ditto -	27 Jan. 1864	28 Jan. 1864	12		
J. B. -	12	Stealing gloves -	E. Yardley -	27 Jan. 1864	28 Jan. 1864	10		
H. J. -	13	Stealing money -	J. H. Barker -	3 Feb. 1864	4 Feb. 1864	12		
F. N. -	13	Stealing handkerchief -	W. M. Cooke -	5 Feb. 1864	6 Feb. 1864	6		
E. F. -	10	Stealing bacon -	C. O. Dayman -	6 Feb. 1864	8 Feb. 1864	6		
J. C. -	12	Stealing money -	J. H. Barker -	8 Feb. 1864	9 Feb. 1864	12		
W. N. -	11	Stealing bottle -	H. S. Selfe -	13 Feb. 1864	15 Feb. 1864	12		
D. H. -	11	Stealing handkerchief -	W. M. Cooke -	25 Feb. 1864	26 Feb. 1864	9		
W. F. -	11	Stealing paper -	J. H. Barker -	29 Feb. 1864	1 Mar. 1864	12		
J. R. -	13	Stealing handkerchief -	L. T. D'Eyncourt -	10 Mar. 1864	15 Mar. 1864	12		
P. B. -	13	Stealing money -	J. T. Ingham -	14 Mar. 1864	15 Mar. 1864	8		
M. C. -	10	- ditto -	- ditto -	14 Mar. 1864	15 Mar. 1864	8		
J. L. -	13	Stealing coals -	J. Paget -	15 Mar. 1864	16 Mar. 1864	6		
W. B. -	12	Stealing money -	J. S. Mansfield -	18 Mar. 1864	19 Mar. 1864	6		
W. B. -	12	Stealing pipes -	H. S. Selfe -	21 Mar. 1864	22 Mar. 1864	6		
H. A. -	13	Stealing money -	L. T. D'Eyncourt -	24 Mar. 1864	26 Mar. 1864	12		
W. R. -	12	- ditto -	- ditto -	26 Mar. 1864	28 Mar. 1864	12		
W. C. -	12	Stealing watch -	J. T. Ingham -	28 Mar. 1864	29 Mar. 1864	6		
R. N. -	11	Stealing cigars -	- ditto -	5 April 1864	6 April 1864	8		
G. N. -	13	Stealing handkerchief -	W. M. Cooke -	13 April 1864	14 April 1864	12		
G. H. -	11	Stealing gold pin -	J. H. Barker -	13 April 1864	14 April 1864	12		
F. C. -	13	Stealing boots -	L. T. D'Eyncourt -	16 April 1864	18 April 1864	12		
E. C. -	12	- ditto -	- ditto -	16 April 1864	19 April 1864	12		
T. L. -	10	Stealing sweets -	H. S. Selfe -	26 April 1864	27 April 1864	12		
H. J. -	9	Stealing money -	L. T. D'Eyncourt -	28 April 1864	29 April 1864	12		
F. H. -	13	- ditto -	- ditto -	29 April 1864	30 April 1864	12		
F. S. -	11	- ditto -	C. O. Dayman -	29 April 1864	30 April 1864	12		
H. C. -	10	Stealing stays -	J. S. Mansfield -	29 April 1864	30 April 1864	12		
W. W. -	13	Stealing, attempt at -	W. M. Cooke -	3 May 1864	4 May 1864	12		
J. C. -	13	Stealing coat -	J. S. Mansfield -	6 May 1864	7 May 1864	12		
W. P. -	13	Stealing bacon -	- ditto -	9 May 1864	10 May 1864	12		
H. P. -	13	- ditto -	- ditto -	9 May 1864	10 May 1864	12		
J. L. -	11	Stealing fowls -	L. T. D'Eyncourt -	14 May 1864	15 May 1864	12		
J. R. -	12	- ditto -	- ditto -	14 May 1864	15 May 1864	12		
G. P. -	11	Stealing trousers -	J. S. Mansfield -	9 May 1864	10 May 1864	12		
J. W. -	9	- ditto -	- ditto -	9 May 1864	10 May 1864	6		

COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX—HOUSE OF CORRECTION, COLDBATH FIELDS—*continued.*

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of Justices before whom convicted.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Strokes.	Instrument used.	Names of Persons present when inflicted.
W. K.	11	Stealing cap -	E. Yardley -	10 May 1864	11 May 1864	12	birch rod -	Lieut.-Col. Colvill, Governor; Dr. Smiles, surgeon; and some warders and sub-warders.
M. H. B.	12	Stealing money -	W. M. Cooke -	19 May 1864	20 May 1864	6		
J. W.	13	- ditto -	J. H. Barker -	19 May 1864	20 May 1864	6		
J. S.	13	Stealing purse -	L. T. D'Eyncourt -	21 May 1864	23 May 1864	12		
J. D.	13	Stealing chocolate -	T. J. Arnold -	23 May 1864	24 May 1864	12		
W. S.	13	Stealing wood -	C. O. Dayman -	23 May 1864	24 May 1864	8		
E. N.	13	Stealing pies -	- ditto -	25 May 1864	26 May 1864	12		
P. C.	9	Stealing sheet -	A. A. Knox -	26 May 1864	27 May 1864	8		
J. C.	12	Stealing shawl -	- ditto -	27 May 1864	28 May 1864	12		
T. B.	13	Stealing pipe -	J. H. Barker -	30 May 1864	31 May 1864	12		
J. B.	13	Stealing purse -	- ditto -	30 May 1864	31 May 1864	12		
J. B.	12	Stealing meat -	J. T. Ingham -	30 May 1864	31 May 1864	12		
G. B.	11	Stealing handkerchief -	W. M. Cooke -	4 June 1864	6 June 1864	9		
W. D.	13	Stealing money -	A. A. Knox -	6 June 1864	7 June 1864	12		
A. B.	12	Stealing ring -	L. T. D'Eyncourt -	18 June 1864	20 June 1864	12		
M. C.	11	Stealing money -	J. S. Mansfield -	21 June 1864	22 June 1864	8		
J. D.	11	Stealing cigars -	- ditto -	22 June 1864	23 June 1864	10		
G. A.	13	Stealing money -	- ditto -	25 June 1864	27 June 1864	10		
T. L.	13	- ditto -	J. H. Barker -	27 June 1864	28 June 1864	12		
M. M.	13	Stealing boots -	G. P. Elliott -	27 June 1864	28 June 1864	6		
H. C.	9	Stealing ear-ring -	J. S. Mansfield -	29 June 1864	30 June 1864	10		
H. B.	12	Stealing brooch -	A. A. Knox -	2 July 1864	4 July 1864	12		
A. G.	12	- ditto -	- ditto -	2 July 1864	4 July 1864	12		
R. P.	13	Stealing money -	J. H. Barker -	5 July 1864	6 July 1864	12		
W. H.	11	Stealing lead pipe -	J. S. Mansfield -	11 July 1864	12 July 1864	10		
P. D.	12	- ditto -	- ditto -	11 July 1864	12 July 1864	10		
M. F.	11	- ditto -	- ditto -	11 July 1864	12 July 1864	10		
J. M.	9	- ditto -	- ditto -	11 July 1864	12 July 1864	10		
T. B.	9	- ditto -	- ditto -	11 July 1864	12 July 1864	10		
A. E.	12	Stealing money -	J. T. Ingham -	13 July 1864	14 July 1864	8		
W. A.	13	- ditto -	L. T. D'Eyncourt -	14 July 1864	15 July 1864	10		
T. B.	10	Stealing pencils -	E. Yardley -	20 July 1864	21 July 1864	6		
J. K.	13	Stealing money -	- ditto -	21 July 1864	22 July 1864	6		
Total 172								

Thos. H. Colvill, Governor.

CITY PRISON, HOLLOWAY.

RETURN showing the Number of Prisoners punished under the Act 26 & 27 Vict. c. 44 (13th July 1863), by Whipping, &c.

— Nil. —

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Whipping, by Order of the Visiting Justices, from the last Return to the present time.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of Visiting Justices.	Date of Order.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument.	Names of Persons present.
J. H.	21	Repeated acts of insubordination, and violently assaulting two officers in the execution of their duty with an iron rod and part of a gas-pipe.	Alderman Wilson and Alderman Carter.	16 Oct. 1863	19 Oct. 1863	50	cat - -	Mr. Weatherhead, governor; Mr. Graham, surgeon; Mr. Clarke, chief warder; Mr. Grimes, steward; Mr. Barre, schoolmaster; and Messrs. Basford, Balkwell, Grant, Arnold, Smellgrove, Spencer, Rhoads, Browne, and Agar, warders.
Total - 1								

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Whipping, under the Authority of the Act 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, and 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, from the last Return to the present time.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of the Justices.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument.	Names of Persons present.
J. F.	13	Feloniously stealing one muff, value 4s., the goods and chattels of Thomas Scott.	Lord Mayor and Alderman W. S. Hale.	22 July 1864	7 March 1864	12	birch -	Mr. Weatherhead, governor; Mr. Graham, surgeon; Mr. Clarke, chief warder; and Messrs. Duncan and Grant, warders.
Total - 1								

17 September 1864.

John Weatherhead, Governor.

COUNTY OF MONMOUTH.

COUNTY GAOL.

— Nil. —

16 August 1864.

Thomas Holman, Governor.

USK GAOL.

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Orders or Sentence of the Visiting Justices, or by Courts of Assize and Quarterly Sessions, from 17th March 1863, to the present time.

— Nil. —

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment by Whipping has been inflicted under the Authority of the Acts of the 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, the 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, the 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18, any or either of them, from 17th March 1863, to the present time.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of Justices.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument.	Persons present when inflicted.
J. M.	- 10	Stealing pots	Hon. W. P. Rodney, and W. W. Manning, esq.	29 July 1863	28 Sept. 1863	10	birch	W. H. Bosworth, governor; James Boulton, surgeon; William Waller, clerk; and Charles Mason, warder.
Total	- 1							

24 August 1864.

W. H. Bosworth, Governor.

COUNTY OF NORFOLK.

COUNTY GAOL, NORWICH CASTLE.

RETURN of Number of Prisoners punished by Whipping, since the Date of the last Return.

No cases of Whipping by order of Visiting Justices for prison offences have occurred.

RETURN of the Number of Prisoners punished by Whipping, by Sentence of Courts of Assize and Quarter Session.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Court before whom Convicted.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Lashes.	Description of Instrument.	Persons present when Punishment inflicted.
J. E.	- 13	Stealing silver-mounted pipes.	Quarter Session, Sir W. Jones, bart., chairman.	21 Oct. 1863	9 Nov. 1863	12	birch	G. Pinson, governor; A. Master, surgeon; and a turnkey.
Total	- 1							

RETURN of the Number of Cases of Punishment by Whipping under the Authority of the Act 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, of the Act 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and of the Act 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18.

Initials of Prisoners.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of Justices before whom Convicted.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Lashes.	Description of Instrument.	Persons present when Punishment inflicted.
W. C.	- 13	Stealing money	Rev. J. Holmes, Rev. E. Postle, and Robert Gilbert, esq.	8 April 1863	27 April 1863	12	birch	G. Pinson, governor; A. Master, surgeon; and a turnkey.
W. B.	- 13	Stealing a suit of clothes.	W. R. Cann, esq., Lord Wodehouse, and Rev. C. B. Cooper.	3 Sept. 1863	16 Sept. 1863	8	birch	- - ditto.
T. F.	- 13	Stealing money	R. Gurdon, and G. Hyde, esqrs.	9 Oct. 1863	10 Oct. 1863	12	birch	- - ditto.
R. S.	- 13	Stealing a pistol	W. R. Cann, and H. W. B. Edwards, esqrs.	3 Feb. 1864	29 Feb. 1864	12	birch	- - ditto.
J. W.	- 13	Stealing a cheese	W. E. G. Bulwer, and G. L. Press, esqrs.	1 April 1864	29 April 1864	12	birch	- - ditto.
A. H. P.	- 13	Stealing potatoes	W. R. Cann, esq., and Rev. C. B. Cooper.	5 April 1864	1 May 1864	12	birch	- - ditto.
S. S.	- 11	Stealing manure	- - ditto - -	19 July 1864	20 July 1864	6	birch	- - ditto.
Total	- 7							

30 August 1864.

George Pinson, Governor

COUNTY OF NORFOLK—continued.

HOUSE OF CORRECTION, SWAFFHAM.

RETURN of Corporal Punishments inflicted under the Acts 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, and 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18, from 18th March 1863 to 22d August 1864.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of Justices before whom Convicted.	Date of Conviction.	SENTENCE.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument.	Names of Persons present.
R. M.	12	Stealing several pieces of wood.	J. Davy and W. C. J. Campbell, esqrs.	8 Feb. 1864.	7 days' hard labour and whipped.	13 Feb. 1864	12	birch rod	D. Stuart, governor; E. Reeve, surgeon; J. Eagle, head warder; J. Dixon, warder.
Total - 1									

22 August 1864.

Duncan Stuart, Governor.

CITY GAOL, NORWICH.

RETURN of the Number of Prisoners on whom Corporal Punishment has been inflicted since last Return.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	By whom Ordered.	Number of Lashes.	Instrument applied.	Date inflicted.	Persons present.
C. S.	14	Court of quarter sessions, Serjeant Tozer, Q. C., deputy recorder.	12	birch - -	28 June 1864 -	W. H. Day, esq., surgeon; Christopher Hall, chief warder.
F. P.	14	Court of quarter sessions, Serjeant Tozer, Q. C., deputy recorder.	12	birch - -	3 July 1864 -	W. H. Day, esq., surgeon; John Howarth, governor.
Total - 2						

20 October 1864.

John Howarth, Governor.

BOROUGH GAOL, KING'S LYNN.

RETURN of the Number of Persons whipped under 26 & 27 Vict. c. 44.

— Nil. —

RETURN of the Number of Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Order of Justices, &c.

— Nil. —

RETURN of the Number of Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted under the Juvenile Offenders Act.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of Justices by whom Convicted.	Date of Conviction.	SENTENCE.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument.	Persons present when Punishment inflicted.
J. P.	13	Robbing a shop -	W. Burkett, esq., mayor, and Walter Moyse, esq.	23 Nov. 1863	21 days' imprisonment, and to be whipped.	6	birch rod -	Mr. T. Kendal, surgeon, the gaoler, and officers of the prison.
P. P.	13	- ditto - -	- - ditto - -	23 Nov. 1863	- ditto - -	6	ditto - -	- - ditto - -
Total - 2								

John Batterbee, Governor.

COUNTY OF NORFOLK—continued.

HOUSE OF CORRECTION, GREAT YARMOUTH.

No corporal punishment has been inflicted in this gaol (since the last Return) by order of the Visiting Justices, Courts of Assize, or Quarter Sessions.

RETURN of Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Whipping under the Act 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18, since the 24th April 1863 to the present time.

Number of Prisoners.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of Justices by whom Convicted and Sentenced.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument.	Names of Persons present when Punishment inflicted.
1	13	Stealing a piece of trawl net.	R. Steward and R. Hammond, esqrs.	23 Sept. 1863	7 October 1863	12	birch rod -	F. Palmer, esq., J. P.; J. C. Stafford, surgeon; M. Barker, turnkey.
1	12	- - ditto -	- - ditto -	22 Sept. 1863	7 October 1863	12	ditto -	- - ditto.
Total - 2								

Solomon Allies, Governor, pro tem.

COUNTY OF NORTHAMPTON.

COUNTY GAOL, NORTHAMPTON.

RETURN of the Number of Corporal Punishments inflicted since the last Return (17 March 1863).

Initials of Prisoners.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Name of Justice before whom Convicted.	Date of Conviction.	SENTENCE.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument.	Persons present when Punishment inflicted.
W. L. -	14	Stealing 1 calico night gown.	Hon. P. S. Pierrepont and W. Willes, esq.	11 May 1863	3 cal. months' hard labour, and to be whipped.	12	Birch rod -	B. Rust, governor; H. Terry, surgeon; B. Rangdale, deputy governor; W. Sanders, J. Parbery, and J. Robins, warders.
R. T. -	15	Highway robbery	Serjeant Tozer -	Lent Assizes, 1864.	1 cal. month hard labour, and to be flogged.	12	- ditto -	- - ditto.
Total - 2								

B. Rust, Governor.

BOROUGH GAOL, NORTHAMPTON.

— Nil. —

George Arkesden, Governor.

LIBERTY AND CITY GAOL AND HOUSE OF CORRECTION, PETERBOROUGH.

— Nil. —

29 August 1864.

James Higgins, Governor.

COUNTY OF NORTHUMBERLAND.

COUNTY GAOL AND HOUSE OF CORRECTION, MORPETH.

RETURN of the Number of Prisoners punished under the Act 26 & 27 Vict. c. 44 (13 July 1863), by Whipping, &c.
— Nil. —

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Orders or Sentence of the Visiting Justices, or by Courts of Assize and Quarter Sessions.
— Nil. —

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Whipping, under the Authority of the Act 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82; of the Act 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and of the Act 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of Convicting Magistrates.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument.	Persons present when Punishment inflicted.
T. M. -	11	Stealing a pair of boots.	G. C. Atkinson and R. B. Sanderson, esqrs.	5 Dec. 1863	7 Dec. 1863	6	birch rod -	E. H. Kinch, governor; M. Brumell, surgeon; J. Clarke, chief warder, and J. Watson, warder.
Total - 1								

22 December 1864.

Edwin H. Kinch, Governor.

HOUSE OF CORRECTION, TYNEMOUTH.

No cases of corporal punishment have been inflicted under the Act 26 & 27 Vict. c. 44 (13 July 1863), or by any Court of Assize or Quarter Sessions, or under the authority of the Act 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, of the Act 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and of the Act 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18.

19 August 1864.

Robert Brown, Keeper.

HOUSE OF CORRECTION, ALNWICK.

RETURN of the Number of Prisoners punished under the Act 26 & 27 Vict. c. 44 (13th July 1863), by Whipping, &c.
— Nil. —

RETURN of the Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Orders or Sentence of the Visiting Justices, or by Courts of Assize and Quarter Sessions.
— Nil. —

RETURN of the Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Whipping, under the Authority of the Act 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, of the Act 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and of the Act 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of Justices.	Date.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument.	Persons present when Punishment inflicted.
J. E. -	13	Simple larceny -	H. Lisle, esq., and Rev. R. W. Bosanquet.	5 March 1864	8	birch - -	Dr. Fender, surgeon, and J. Nichol, keeper.
Total - 1							

John Nichol, Keeper.

COUNTY OF NORTHUMBERLAND—*continued.*

GAOL AND HOUSE OF CORRECTION, BERWICK-UPON-TWEED.

— Nil. —

5 September 1864.

Wm. Whinna, Governor.

HOUSE OF CORRECTION, HEXHAM.

— Nil. —

22 August 1864.

Edward Stanford.

GAOL AND HOUSE OF CORRECTION, NEWCASTLE-UPON-TYNE.

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Orders or Sentence of the Visiting Justices, or by Courts of Assize and Quarter Sessions, and under the Authority of the Act 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, of the Act 18 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and of the Act 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of Justices before whom Convicted.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument.	Names of Persons present.
W. R.	13	Stealing boots	E. N. Grace and J. Pollard, esqrs.	1 May 1863	1 May 1863	12	birch	T. Robins, governor; N. Hardcastle, surgeon; J. Little, deputy governor; G. Robson, warder.
J. C.	11	Stealing lead	R. Hoyle and R. Dodds, esqrs.	27 July 1863	27 July 1863	6	birch	J. Little, deputy governor; N. Hardcastle, surgeon; G. Robson, warder.
T. H.	13	- - ditto -	- - ditto -	27 July 1863	27 July 1863	6	birch	- - ditto.
J. M.	13	Stealing glasses	J. Blackwell and R. Dodds, esqrs.	28 July 1863	28 July 1863	6	birch	- - ditto.
J. T.	12	Stealing a sack	T. Hedley, mayor, and J. Sillick, esq.	16 Nov. 1863	16 Nov. 1863	6	birch	- - ditto.
T. H.	13	Stealing carrots	E. N. Grace and J. Pollard, esqrs.	27 Nov. 1863	27 Nov. 1863	12	birch	T. Robins, governor; N. Hardcastle, surgeon; J. Little, deputy governor; G. Robson, warder.
A. N.	12	Stealing apples	A. Nichol and R. Dodds, esqrs.	21 Dec. 1863	21 Dec. 1863	6	birch	- - ditto.
H. C.	13	Stealing slippers	- - ditto -	21 Dec. 1863	21 Dec. 1863	6	birch	- - ditto.
G. W.	10	- - ditto -	- - ditto -	21 Dec. 1863	21 Dec. 1863	6	birch	- - ditto.
R. B.	13	Stealing money	G. C. Atkinson and J. Blackwell, esqrs.	29 Feb. 1864	8 Mar. 1864	12	birch	T. Robins, governor; N. Hardcastle, surgeon; G. Robson, warder.
J. M.	13	Stealing iron	C. F. Hamond and R. Dodds, esqrs.	6 April 1864	18 April 1864	12	birch	T. Robins, governor; N. Hardcastle, surgeon; J. Little, deputy governor; G. Robson, warder.
J. J. A.	10	- - ditto -	J. Carr and J. Blackwell, esqrs.	19 April 1864	19 April 1864	12	birch	- - ditto.
Total - 12								

All punished under the authority of the Act 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18.

8 October 1864.

Thomas Robins, Governor.

COUNTY OF NOTTINGHAM.

COUNTY GAOL, NOTTINGHAM.

RETURN of the Number of Prisoners punished, under the Act 26 & 27 Vict. c. 44 (13 July 1863), by Whipping, &c.
— Nil. —

RETURN of the Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Orders or Sentence of the Visiting Justices, or by Courts of Assize and Quarter Sessions.
— Nil. —

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Whipping, under the Authority of the Act 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, of the Act 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and of the Act 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of Justices by whom Sentenced.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument.	Persons present when Punishment inflicted.
G. C.	11	Stealing 3 pyclets	Rev. G. F. Holcombe and J. T. Edge, esq.	20 June 1863	25 June 1863	12	birch	T. J. Jackson, governor, and J. Massey, M.D., surgeon.
J. F.	13	- ditto -	- ditto -	20 June 1863	25 June 1863	12	birch	- ditto.
S. G.	10	- ditto -	- ditto -	20 June 1863	25 June 1863	12	birch	- ditto.
W. J.	11	Stealing 2 s. 6 d.	Lord Belper and Rev. G. F. Holcombe.	10 Oct. 1863	15 Oct. 1863	12	birch	- ditto.
J. H.	13	Stealing 80 lbs. of coal	F. C. Smith and R. Berkin, esqrs.	20 Jan. 1864	25 Jan. 1864	12	birch	- ditto.
J. H.	13	- ditto -	- ditto -	20 Jan. 1864	25 Jan. 1864	12	birch	- ditto.
J. H. P.	9	Stealing 56 lbs. of coal	R. Berkin, esq., and Rev. G. F. Holcombe.	23 Jan. 1864	25 Jan. 1864	12	birch	- ditto.
J. M.	10	Stealing a brass weight	Lord Belper and Rev. G. F. Holcombe.	27 Jan. 1864	1 Feb. 1864	12	birch	- ditto.
W. G.	12	Stealing 60 lbs. of coal	Rev. G. F. Holcombe and H. Sherbrooke, esq.	6 Feb. 1864	8 Feb. 1864	12	birch	- ditto.
W. A.	10	- ditto -	- ditto -	6 Feb. 1864	8 Feb. 1864	12	birch	- ditto.
J. D.	13	Stealing a propagating glass.	J. T. Edge and R. Berkin, esqrs.	13 Feb. 1864	17 Feb. 1864	12	birch	- ditto.
A. B.	12	- ditto -	- ditto -	13 Feb. 1864	17 Feb. 1864	12	birch	- ditto.
W. H.	13	Stealing an oven-shelf and boiler-lid.	Rev. G. F. Holcombe and J. T. Edge, esq.	5 Mar. 1864	8 Mar. 1864	12	birch	- ditto.
W. H.	13	Stealing 60 lbs. of coal	Rev. G. F. Holcombe and R. Berkin, esq.	19 Mar. 186	8 April 1864	12	birch	- ditto.
C. S.	13	Stealing 17 s. 9 d.	F. C. Smith and J. T. Edge, esqrs.	30 Mar. 1864	24 May 1864	12	birch	- ditto.
W. K.	13	Stealing an Albert watch-chain.	H. Sherbrooke, esq., and Rev. G. F. Holcombe.	21 May 1864	24 May 1864	12	birch	- ditto.
E. S.	10	Stealing a jacket	F. C. Smith and R. Berkin, esqrs.	20 July 1864	21 July 1864	6	birch	- ditto.
Total - 17								

19 August 1864.

Thos. J. Jackson, Governor.

HOUSE OF CORRECTION, SOUTHWELL.

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Orders of Courts of Assize and Quarter Sessions from the 17th March 1863 to the present time.

— Nil. —

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Order of Visiting Justices, from the 17th March 1863 to the present time.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Name of Visiting Justice.	Date of Order.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument.	Persons present when Punishment inflicted.
H. P.	9	Repeated misconduct against the rules of the prison.	W. H. Barrow, esq., M. P.	26 Jan. 1864	27 Jan. 1864	6	birch	J. Dewhirst, governor, and J. B. Warr, surgeon.
Total - 1								

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted, under the Authority of the Acts 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and 25 & 26 Vict., or either of them, from the 17th March 1863 to the present time.

— Nil. —

20 August 1864.

Jno. Dewhirst, Governor.

COUNTY OF NOTTINGHAM—*continued.*

TOWN GAOL AND HOUSE OF CORRECTION, NOTTINGHAM.

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted, under the Authority of the Acts 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of Magistrates.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Strokes.	By what Instrument.	Names of Persons present.
R. G.	12	Larceny	J. L. Thackeray, esq., and J. Braithwaite, esq.	27 July 1863	27 July 1863	12	birch rod	W. H. Wills, governor; and J. N. Thompson, surgeon.
J. S.	14	ditto	- ditto	27 July 1863	27 July 1863	12	- ditto	- ditto.
S. M.	11	ditto	R. Birkins, esq., and F. J. Hadden, esq.	20 Aug. 1863	21 Aug. 1863	12	- ditto	- ditto.
J. B.	11	ditto	L. Heymann, esq., and F. J. Hadden, esq.	21 Aug. 1863	24 Aug. 1863	12	- ditto	- ditto.
J. B.	12	ditto	- ditto	21 Aug. 1863	24 Aug. 1863	12	- ditto	- ditto.
A. C.	12	ditto	- ditto	21 Aug. 1863	19 Sept. 1863	12	- ditto	- ditto.
W. K.	13	ditto	R. Birkin, esq., and S. Newham, esq.	22 Aug. 1863	25 Aug. 1863	12	- ditto	- ditto.
A. S.	13	ditto	- ditto	22 Aug. 1863	25 Aug. 1863	12	- ditto	- ditto.
J. M.	13	ditto	F. J. Hadden, esq., and L. Heymann, esq.	16 Oct. 1863	17 Oct. 1863	12	- ditto	- ditto.
J. B.	13	ditto	W. Parsons, esq., and W. Vickers, esq.	20 Oct. 1863	20 Nov. 1862	12	- ditto	- ditto.
J. B.	11	ditto	- ditto	20 Nov. 1863	2 Dec. 1863	12	- ditto	- ditto.
J. B.	12	ditto	- ditto	20 Nov. 1863	2 Dec. 1863	12	- ditto	- ditto.
J. B.	10	ditto	- ditto	20 Nov. 1863	20 Nov. 1863	12	- ditto	- ditto.
G. D.	15	ditto	W. Parsons, esq., and S. Newham, esq.	8 Jan. 1864	21 Jan. 1864	12	- ditto	- ditto.
G. M.	13	ditto	L. Heymann, esq.	9 Jan. 1864	9 Jan. 1864	6	- ditto	- ditto.
R. S.	13	ditto	W. Felkin, esq., and L. Heymann, esq.	3 May 1864	5 May 1864	12	- ditto	- ditto.
H. J.	14	ditto	- ditto	3 May 1864	5 May 1864	12	- ditto	- ditto.
Total - 17								

23 August 1864.

W. H. Wills, Governor.

COUNTY OF OXFORD.

COUNTY PRISON, OXFORD CASTLE.

RETURN of the Number of Prisoners punished by Whipping, under the Act 26 & 27 Vict. c. 44.

— Nil. —

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Orders or Sentence of the Visiting Justices, or by Courts of Assize and Quarter Sessions.

— Nil. —

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted under the Authority of the Acts 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18.

Number of Prisoners.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of Justices.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument.	Names of Persons present.
1	13	Stealing 4 eggs	Captain Fane and J. Weyland, esq.	27 June 1863	2 July 1863	10	birch rod	Major Ogilvie, governor; and Mr. Briscoe, surgeon.
1	12	Stealing a bridle	Lord Dillon and Hon. Col. Spencer.	7 July 1863	23 July 1863	10	ditto	- ditto.
1	12	Stealing apples	J. F. Hodges and A. Duff, esqrs.	10 Oct. 1863	10 Oct. 1863	12	ditto	- ditto.
1	11	- ditto	- ditto	10 Oct. 1863	10 Oct. 1863	12	ditto	- ditto.
1	12	Stealing 2 forks	Rev. C. F. Wyatt and H. N. Goddard, esq.	28 April 1864	12 May 1864	12	ditto	- ditto.
Total - 5								

18 August 1864.

T. Calverley, Deputy Governor.

COUNTY OF OXFORD—*continued.*

CITY PRISON.

RETURN of the Number of Prisoners punished under the Act 26 & 27 Vict. c. 44, by Whipping.

— Nil. —

RETURN of all Cases of Corporal Punishment inflicted by Orders of the Visiting Justices, Courts of Assize, or Courts of Quarter Sessions.

— Nil. —

RETURN of all Cases of Corporal Punishment by Whipping, inflicted under the authority of the Acts 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18.

Number of Prisoners.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of Justices.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument.	Names of Persons present.
1	13	Stealing a knife -	J. R. Carr and W. Thompson, esqrs.	12 Feb. 1864	13 Feb. 1864	12	birch rod -	Mr. F. Walton, governor; Mr. G. Taunton, surgeon; W. Thompson, esq., visiting justice; J. Watson, esq., sheriff.
Total - 1								

23 August 1864.

F. Walton, Governor.

COUNTY OF RUTLAND.

GAOL AND HOUSE OF CORRECTION, OAKHAM.

RETURN of the Number of Prisoners punished under the Act 26 & 27 Vict. c. 44 (13th July 1863), by Whipping, &c.

— Nil. —

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Orders or Sentence of the Visiting Justices, or by Courts of Assize and Quarter Sessions.

— Nil. —

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Whipping, under the authority of the Act 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, of the Act 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and of the Act 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18.

Number of Prisoners.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of Justices.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument.	Names of Persons present.
1	13	Stealing one live tame fowl, value 2s.	J. M. Wingfield, esq., and J. H. Fludyer, clerk.	1 Aug. 1864 -	4 Aug. 1864 -	12	birch rod -	T. Garton, W. T. Keal, W. Rudkin, and H. Moore.
Total - 1								

22 August 1864.

Thomas Garton, Governor.

COUNTY OF SALOP.

COUNTY GAOL.

RETURN of the Number of Cases of Corporal Punishment inflicted since the last Return (16th March 1863), to the 21st July 1864.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Date of Warrant or Order.	Under what Act or Order.	Names of Committing or Visiting Justices.	Number of Stripes.	By what Instrument.	Names of Persons present.
T. B. -	25	Rogue and vagabond	1 July 1863	County Sessions -	Sir B. Leighton, bart., M.P.	24	cat -	J. Shepherd, governor ; J. D. Harris, surgeon, and two warders.
W. P. -	14	Stealing money -	7 July 1863	Juvenile Act -	Sir W. Curtis, bart., and T. L. Roberts, esq.	27	birch -	- ditto.
W. B. -	12	- ditto -	19 Nov. 1863	- ditto -	J. Anstice and W. L. Lowndes.	18	birch -	- ditto.
J. R. -	16	Stealing a shirt -	5 Jan. 1864	County Sessions -	Sir B. Leighton, bart., M.P.	12	birch -	- ditto.
S. H. -	14	Stealing rabbits -	5 Jan. 1864	- ditto -	- ditto -	12	birch -	- ditto.
W. E. -	14	Stealing brass ornaments.	5 Jan. 1864	- ditto -	- ditto -	12	birch -	- ditto.
S. K. -	40	Wilfully damaging the county property, and using filthy and disgusting language repeatedly.	5 July 1864	Visiting Justices -	W. B. Lloyd and T. H. Sandford, esqrs., and others.	18	cat -	- ditto.
Total - 7								

John Shepherd, Governor.

COUNTY OF SOMERSET.

COUNTY GAOL.

RETURN of the Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Orders or Sentence of the Visiting Justices, or by Courts of Assize and Quarter Sessions, from the last Returns to the 21st July 1864.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument.	By whose Orders Punishment inflicted.	Date of Warrant or Order.	Names of Persons present.
T. E. -	21	Talking and using threats after repeated other punishments.	19 Mar. 1863	36	cat -	R. Hedley, esq., Sidbrook ; T. Walsh and A. G. Lethbridge, esqrs., and Rev. W. J. Allen.	18 Mar. 1863	W. Oakley, governor ; H. Liddon, surgeon ; H. Sully, chief turnkey ; R. Manning and J. Drew, guards ; and two prisoners.
C. H. -	20	Feigning illness, insolence and disorderly conduct, assaulting officers, and destroying county property.	28 Aug. 1863	36	cat -	J. R. Allen and T. Walsh, esqrs.	25 Aug. 1863	- ditto.
H. K. -	16	Stealing a piece of lead	23 Oct. 1863	12	birch -	Sir W. Miles, M.P., Chairman.	30 June 1863	- ditto.
Total - 3								

RETURN of the Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Whipping, under the authority of the Acts 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of Justices before whom Convicted and Sentenced.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument applied.	Names of Persons present.
F. S. -	15	Stealing a quantity of nottlings.	E. Whitby, jun., and R. Tucker, esqrs.	13 Mar. 1863	25 Mar. 1863	10	cat -	W. Oakley, governor ; H. Liddon, surgeon ; H. Sully, chief turnkey ; R. Manning and J. Drew, guards ; and two prisoners.
F. M. -	10	Stealing a pair of knickerbockers.	G. Harbin and R. Tucker, esqrs.	21 Jan. 1864	27 Jan. 1864	12	birch -	- ditto.
J. M. -	15	Stealing an inkstand -	W. Spike and W. Blake, esqrs.	1 June 1864	13 June 1864	12	birch -	- ditto.
Total - 3								

W. Oakley, Governor.

COUNTY OF SOMERSET—continued.

HOUSE OF CORRECTION, SHEPTON MALLET.

RETURN of the Number of Prisoners upon whom Corporal Punishment has been inflicted, from last Return (17th March 1863) to 18th August 1864.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Number of Strokes.	By what Instrument.	By what Authority Punishment was inflicted.	Date of Warrant or Order.	Present during Punishment.
P. R.	12	Stealing money	12	birch	T. S. Harrison, J. Sinkins, and G. W. Sheppard, esqrs., justices.	17 Mar. 1863	J. West, governor; W. C. Walker, surgeon; and W. Carter, chief turnkey.
R. R.	12	Stealing a pipe	6	birch	J. G. Moggs and W. B. Naish, esqrs., justices.	10 Nov. 1863	W. C. Walker, surgeon; W. Carter, chief turnkey; and A. Norman, guard.
E. S.	8	Arson	8	birch	Taunton Winter Assizes	11 Dec. 1863	- ditto.
J. H.	50	Incorrigible rogue and vagabond.	15	cat	Taunton Epiphany Sessions	5 Jan. 1864	- ditto.
W. F.	13	Stealing a drake	12	birch	J. Sinkins and G. W. Sheppard, esqrs., justices.	2 Feb. 1864	- ditto.
C. C.	12	Stealing a handkerchief and money.	12	birch	J. Bailward and T. E. Rogers, esqrs., justices.	13 April 1864	W. Carter, acting governor; W. C. Walker, surgeon; and A. Norman, guard.
G. P.	17	Using threatening language towards a fellow prisoner.	10	cat	R. L. Phipps and J. Hippisley, jun., esqrs., visiting justices.	19 May 1864	W. Carter, acting governor; W. C. Walker, surgeon; W. H. Salomé, acting turnkey; and W. Hyam, guard.
Total	7						

W. Carter, Governor.

CITY GAOL, BATH.

RETURN of all Prisoners who have been sentenced and punished by Whipping, from the 1st January 1861 to the present time.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	By whom Committed.	Date of Warrant.	Sentence.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Lashes.	Name of Instrument.	Persons present.
J. N.	12	Stealing two sacks	T. Jolly and N. Duff, esqrs.	2 Jan. 1861.	1 day and whipped.	2 Jan. 1861.	18	birch	J. Pike, governor; W. Bayntun, esq., surgeon; E. Gazzard, flagellator; A. Baker and J. Dark, warders.
F. H.	11	Stealing a tablecloth	T. R. Baker and J. R. Ford, esqrs.	23 Feb. 1861.	21 days and whipped.	2 Mar. 1861.	18	birch	
W. S.	13	- ditto	- ditto	ditto	- ditto	ditto	36	cat	
W. H.	13	Stealing a piece of board.	T. Jolly and N. Duff, esqrs.	17 Apr. 1861.	1 day and whipped.	17 Apr. 1861.	36	cat	
J. W.	12	Stealing some mown grass.	T. Jolly and J. W. Bush, esqrs.	24 June 1861.	- ditto	24 June 1861.	36	cat	J. Pike, governor; R. S. Fowler, surgeon; E. Gazzard, flagellator; A. Baker and J. Dark, warders.
A. W.	13	- ditto	- ditto	ditto	- ditto	ditto	36	cat	
M. G.	12	Stealing a pair of boots.	N. Duff and J. W. Bush, esqrs.	20 Jan. 1862.	- ditto	20 Jan. 1862.	36	cat	
G. G.	11	Stealing a rabbit skin	T. Barter and J. R. Ford, esqrs.	3 Jan. 1863.	- ditto	3 Jan. 1863.	12	birch	
E. G.	10	Stealing two pieces of pork.	H. B. Smith and T. Barratt, esqrs.	16 Mar. 1863.	- ditto	16 Mar. 1863.	12	birch	J. Pike, governor; W. Bayntun, esq., surgeon; E. Gazzard, flagellator; A. Baker and J. Dark, warders.
G. A.	10	- ditto	- ditto	ditto	- ditto	ditto	12	birch	
S. A.	12	Stealing a box of figs	J. Murch and T. Gill, esqrs.	10 Nov. 1863.	- ditto	10 Nov. 1863.	12	birch	
C. S.	12	- ditto	- ditto	ditto	- ditto	ditto	12	birch	
W. L.	11	Stealing 1 s. 9 d.	J. W. Bush and C. J. Vigne, esqrs.	16 Nov. 1863.	2 days and whipped.	17 Nov. 1863.	12	birch	J. Pike, governor; W. Bayntun, esq., surgeon; E. Gazzard, A. Baker, and J. Dark, warders.
C. T.	13	Stealing a strap	T. R. Baker and C. J. Vigne, esqrs.	17 Dec. 1863.	1 day and whipped.	17 Dec. 1863.	12	birch	
L. A.	12	Stealing a piece of cheese.	J. Murch and G. A. Phayre, esqrs.	23 Mar. 1864.	- ditto	23 Mar. 1864.	12	birch	
G. B.	11	Stealing a parasol	E. Marsh and T. Barratt, esqrs.	22 Apr. 1864.	- ditto	22 Apr. 1864.	12	birch	
E. H.	13	Stealing a concertina	T. R. Baker and J. R. Ford, esqrs.	7 May 1864.	2 cal. months & whipped.	5 July 1864.	12	birch	W. Bayntun, esq., surgeon; A. Baker, E. Gazzard, and J. Dark, warders.
G. B.	11	Stealing a shirt and jacket.	J. W. Bush and G. A. Phayre, esqrs.	10 June 1864.	6 weeks and whipped.	ditto	12	birch	
D. W. C.	7	Stealing a loaf of bread	J. Murch and W. Hunt, esqrs.	15 June 1864.	1 day and whipped.	15 June 1864.	6	birch	
J. C.	12	Stealing two pairs of trousers.	J. W. Bush and G. A. Phayre, esqrs.	11 July 1864.	6 weeks and whipped.	21 July 1864.	12	birch	
J. F. F.	12	Stealing a hammer	J. Murch and T. Fuller, esqrs.	21 July 1864.	1 day and whipped.	ditto	6	birch	J. Pike, governor; W. Bayntun, esq., surgeon; A. Baker, E. Gazzard, and J. Dark, warders.
Total	21								

John Pike, Governor.

COUNTY OF SOUTHAMPTON.

COUNTY PRISON, WINCHESTER.

RETURN of Corporal Punishment Inflicted by Orders of Visiting Justices, Courts of Assize, and Courts of Quarter Sessions, from 22d March 1863 to 30th June 1864.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Justices before whom Convicted.	Date of Warrant or Order.	Number of Lashes or Strokes.	Instrument used.	Publicly or Privately Punished.	Persons present when Punishment inflicted.
J. K.	19	Violently assaulting and wounding the governor.	W. H. S. Stanley, N. B. Smith, esqrs., and Rev. J. T. Maine.	3 Sept. 1863	36	cat - -	publicly -	H. Barber, governor; J. Greig, deputy governor; H. G. Lyford, surgeon; and G. Bell, principal warder, who inflicted the punishment.
G. F.	26	Violently assaulting the governor.	W. H. S. Stanley and N. B. Smith, esqrs.	25 Feb. 1864	18	cat - -	ditto -	H. Barber, governor; J. Greig, deputy governor; F. J. Butler, surgeon; and G. Bell, principal warder, who inflicted the punishment.
Total - 2								

None at Assizes or Quarter Sessions.

RETURN of Corporal Punishments inflicted under the authority of the Act 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, of the Act 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and of the Act 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18, from 22nd March 1863 to 30th June 1864.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Date of Conviction.	Justices before whom Convicted.	SENTENCE.	Number of Strokes.	Instrument used.	Date of Punishment.	Persons present when Punishment inflicted.
J. W.	11	Stealing 20lbs. of rags and bones.	1863: 12 May -	Lord Dorchester and R. Currie, esq.	21 days' hard labour, and 12 strokes privately.	12	birch -	1863: 27 May -	H. Barber, governor; J. Greig, deputy governor; H. G. Lyford, surgeon; and G. Bell, principal warder, by whom the punishment was inflicted.
W. W.	14	Stealing coral necklace.	5 June -	W. Forder, W. Nevill, and C. Wright, esqrs.	- - ditto - -	12	birch -	17 June -	- - ditto.
J. R.	11	Stealing meat-pie	12 Aug. -	C. Brett and Le M. Thomas, esqrs.	7 days' hard labour, and 12 strokes privately.	12	birch -	17 Aug. -	- - ditto.
A. F.	13	Stealing 1 purse and 10 s. 7 d.	22 Aug. -	Sir W. Heathcote, Rev. J. T. Maine, and W. T. Graham, esq.	1 month hard labour, and 12 strokes privately, and 3 years in a reformatory school.	12	birch -	15 Sept. -	- - ditto.
H. I.	12	Stealing cricket ball.	10 Sept. -	W. H. Stanley and G. E. Eyre, esqrs.	7 days' hard labour, and 12 strokes privately.	12	birch -	15 Sept. -	- - ditto.
G. F.	13	Stealing 1 purse and 2 l. 10 s.	14 Sept. -	A. R. Drummond and C. Castleman, esqrs.	21 days' hard labour, and 12 strokes privately.	12	birch -	15 Sept. -	- - ditto.
G. C.	14	Stealing 112 lbs. of coals.	23 Sept. -	R. E. Bulwer and H. D. P. Cunningham, esqrs.	2 days' imprisonment, and 12 strokes privately.	12	birch -	24 Sept. -	- - ditto.
E. M.	12	- - ditto -	23 Sept. -	- - ditto - -	- - ditto - -	12	birch -	24 Sept. -	- - ditto.
J. B.	10	- - ditto -	23 Sept. -	- - ditto - -	- - ditto - -	12	birch -	24 Sept. -	- - ditto.
J. B.	14	Stealing pair of overalls.	10 Nov. -	Lord Dorchester and Sir H. Mildmay, bart.	1 month hard labour, and 12 strokes privately.	12	birch -	28 Nov. -	- - ditto.
T. H.	10	Stealing glass dish and marbles.	27 Nov. -	T. Waters and W. Nevill, esqrs.	2 days' hard labour, and 6 strokes privately.	6	birch -	28 Nov. -	- - ditto.
A. L.	11	Stealing pair of gloves.	1864: 15 Jan. -	- - ditto - -	10 days' hard labour, and 12 strokes privately.	12	birch -	1864: 19 Jan. -	- - ditto.
J. M'C.	10	Stealing 8 lbs. of breeze.	19 Jan. -	Sir H. Mildmay, bart. and G. F. Birch, esq.	14 days' hard labour, and 12 strokes privately.	12	birch -	27 Jan. -	- - ditto.
J. L.	9	Stealing 4 cwt. of iron.	20 Feb. -	G. B. Hall and R. Mansell, esqrs.	3 days' imprisonment, and 6 strokes privately.	6	birch -	22 Feb. -	H. Barber, governor; J. Greig, deputy governor; F. J. Butler, surgeon; and G. Bell, principal warder, who inflicted the punishment.
G. G.	11	- - ditto -	20 Feb. -	- - ditto - -	- - ditto - -	6	birch -	22 Feb. -	- - ditto.
J. C.	12	- - ditto -	20 Feb. -	- - ditto - -	- - ditto - -	6	birch -	22 Feb. -	- - ditto.
F. F.	12	- - ditto -	20 Feb. -	- - ditto - -	- - ditto - -	6	birch -	22 Feb. -	- - ditto.
J. R. N.	13	- - ditto -	20 Feb. -	- - ditto - -	- - ditto - -	6	birch -	22 Feb. -	- - ditto.

COUNTY OF SOUTHAMPTON—COUNTY PRISON, WINCHESTER—*continued.*

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Date of Conviction.	Justices before whom Convicted.	SENTENCE.	Number of Strokes.	Instrument used.	Date of Punishment.	Persons present when Punishment inflicted.
T. H. -	10	Stealing 7 rolls -	1864 : 18 Mar. -	T. Waters and E. Faithful, esqrs.	3 months' hard labour, and 12 strokes privately.	12	birch -	20 May -	H. Barber, governor J. Greig, deputy governor; F. J. Barber, surgeon; and G. Bell, principal warder, who inflicted the punishment.
G. W. -	13	Stealing pint of milk.	24 May -	Lord Dorchester and G. F. Birch, esq.	14 days' hard labour, and 12 strokes privately.	12	birch -	6 June -	- - ditto.
A. E. -	11	Stealing a rabbit	25 June -	W. W. Bulpitt, esq.	7 days, and 6 strokes privately.	6	birch -	30 June -	- - ditto.
Total - 21									

23 November 1864.

T. C. Barber, Governor.

BOROUGH GAOL, PORTSMOUTH.

RETURN of Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Order or Sentence of the Visiting Justices, or by Courts of Assize and Quarter Sessions.

— Nil. —

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Whipping, under the Authority of the Act 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82; of the Act 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and of the Act 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of Justices.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument.	Persons present when Punishment inflicted.
D. D. -	10	Stealing toys - -	L. Maitland and P. White, esqrs.	28 Feb. 1863	6 Mar. 1863	12	birch -	J. Astridge, governor J. Slight, surgeon
C. W. D. -	12	Stealing 1½ lbs. plum cake.	J. F. Pratt and L. Maitland, esqrs.	2 Mar. 1863	6 Mar. 1863	12	birch -	- - ditto.
D. D. -	10	Stealing 3 pipes -	L. Maitland and P. White, esqrs.	8 June 1863	10 June 1863	12	birch -	- - ditto.
E. P. -	13	- - ditto - -	- - ditto - -	8 June 1863	10 June 1863	12	birch -	- - ditto.
P. J. V. -	12	Stealing 2 cwt. of rags	P. White and T. R. M'Coy, esqrs.	13 June 1863	22 June 1863	12	birch -	- - ditto.
J. C. -	11	Stealing 24 lbs. of horse hair.	W. G. Chambers and J. O. Travers, esqrs.	17 Aug. 1863	20 Aug. 1863	12	birch -	J. Prior, deputy governor; J. Slight, surgeon.
G. R. -	13	Stealing 5 fancy boxes and ornaments.	J. O. Travers and P. White, esqrs.	30 Jan. 1864	1 Feb. 1864	9	birch -	J. Astridge, governor J. Slight, surgeon.
J. H. -	11	- ditto - - -	- - ditto - -	30 Jan. 1864	1 Feb. 1864	9	birch -	- - ditto.
R. B. -	11	- - ditto - -	- - ditto - -	30 Jan. 1864	1 Feb. 1864	9	birch -	- - ditto.
G. Y. -	11	Stealing 32 lbs. of canal coal.	J. O. Travers and L. Maitland, esqrs.	1 Feb. 1864	2 Feb. 1864	6	birch -	- - ditto.
D. H. -	12	Stealing a purse and a pipe.	J. O. Travers and J. F. Pratt, esqrs.	27 June 1864	30 June 1864	12	birch -	- - ditto.
J. N. -	12	Stealing 2 shirts -	W. G. Chambers and W. Humby, esqrs.	1 July 1864	4 July 1864	12	birch -	- - ditto.
Total - 12								

6 September 1864.

John Astridge, Governor.

BOROUGH GAOL, SOUTHAMPTON.

RETURN of the Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Whipping under the Authority of the Act 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, of the Act 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and of the Act 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Before whom Convicted.	Date of Conviction.	SENTENCE.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument.	Present during Corporal Punishment.
S. H. -	14	Stealing a flannel shirt	J. Bernard, esq. and Admiral Tinning.	31 Dec. 1863	14 days' imprisonment.	12	birch -	J. Brewer, governor and Dr. Lake, medical officer.
P. M. -	12	- - ditto - -	- - ditto - -	31 Dec. 1863	- ditto - -	12	birch -	- - ditto.
E. B. -	11	- - ditto - -	- - ditto - -	31 Dec. 1863	- ditto - -	12	birch -	- - ditto.
Total - 3								

4 October 1864.

John Brewer, Governor.

COUNTY OF STAFFORD.

COUNTY PRISON, STAFFORD.

RETURN of Prisoners Whipped, by order of the Visiting Justices, from 23rd March 1863 to 17th August 1864.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Date of Order.	By whom Ordered.	Number of Lashes.	Instrument used, and how Delivered.	Persons present when Punishment was inflicted.
G. T.	15	General misconduct -	18 April 1863	Earl of Lichfield, Viscount Sandon, Hon. and Rev. A. C. Talbot, and others.	12	birch, private -	Major Fulford, governor; W. Mountford, deputy governor; R. Hughes, surgeon.
M. B.	25	Striking an officer -	11 July 1863	Earl of Lichfield, Capt. Whitby, Hon. A. C. Talbot, T. F. Twemlow, esq.	24	cat, private -	- ditto.
J. T.	16	General misconduct -	3 Oct. 1863	Capt. Whitby, Hon. and Rev. A. C. Talbot.	12	birch, private -	- ditto.
J. C.	24	- ditto -	10 Oct. 1863	Earl of Shrewsbury, Hon. A. C. Talbot, Capt. Whitby; E. D. Scott and T. F. Twemlow, esqrs.	12	cat, private -	- ditto.
C. P.	43	Striking an officer, and very disorderly.	14 Nov. 1863	Hon. and Rev. A. C. Talbot; J. Hartley and T. F. Twemlow, esqrs.	36	- ditto -	W. Mountford, deputy governor; R. Hughes, surgeon.
S. J.	17	Destroying his clothing, and very disorderly.	9 April 1864	Hon. and Rev. A. C. Talbot, Earl of Lichfield, and others.	24	birch, private -	Major Fulford, governor; W. Mountford, deputy governor; R. Hughes, surgeon.
J. F.	18	Disorderly, and refusing to work.	14 May 1864	Hon. A. C. Talbot, Earl of Lichfield, Lord Hatherton, R. C. Chawner, esq., and Capt. Whitby.	12	cat, private -	- ditto.
H. S.	20	Striking an officer -	16 July 1864	E. D. Scott and W. T. Locker, esqrs.	18	- ditto -	- ditto.
Total - 8							

RETURN of Prisoners Whipped under the authority of the Acts 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18, from 23rd March 1863 to 17th August 1864.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Sentence.	By whom Convicted.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Strokes.	By what Instrument applied.	Persons present at infliction of Punishment.
T. F.	14	Stealing brooches -	3 cal. months	B. Hicklen, esq. -	1863: 11 April -	1863: 8 July -	12	birch -	Major Fulford, governor; W. Mountford, deputy governor; R. Hughes, surgeon.
E. C.	15	Disorderly apprentice -	7 days -	Rev. G. H. Fisher -	12 May -	13 May -	12	birch -	- ditto.
J. P.	15	- ditto -	7 days -	- ditto -	19 May -	21 May -	12	birch -	- ditto.
J. T.	15	Stealing boots -	3 cal. months	T. B. Rose, esq. -	28 July -	23 Oct. -	18	birch -	- ditto.
J. B.	11	Stealing trowsers -	21 days -	- ditto -	5 Aug. -	21 Aug. -	12	birch -	- ditto.
G. R. N.	14	Stealing money -	1 day -	J. Brewster, esq. -	6 Aug. -	6 Aug. -	12	birch -	- ditto.
W. N.	12	- ditto -	1 day -	- ditto -	6 Aug. -	6 Aug. -	12	birch -	- ditto.
S. H.	14	Stealing watch -	10 days -	H. Elwell, esq. -	17 Aug. -	21 Aug. -	12	birch -	- ditto.
C. N.	12	Stealing brass -	3 cal. months	T. B. Rose, esq. -	5 Sept. -	2 Nov. -	18	birch -	- ditto.
G. B.	12	- ditto -	3 cal. months	- ditto -	5 Sept. -	2 Nov. -	18	birch -	- ditto.
G. H.	14	Stealing gold chain -	2 cal. months	- ditto -	22 Sept. -	23 Oct. -	12	birch -	- ditto.
J. S.	11	Stealing clothing -	3 cal. months	- ditto -	26 Sept. -	2 Nov. -	12	birch -	- ditto.
J. M'G.	15	Stealing waistcoat -	2 cal. months	- ditto -	30 Sept. -	28 Nov. -	12	birch -	W. Mountford, deputy governor, and R. Hughes, surgeon.
M. L.	12	Stealing iron -	7 days -	- ditto -	7 Oct. -	10 Oct. -	12	birch -	Major Fulford, governor; W. Mountford, deputy governor; R. Hughes, surgeon.
J. H.	15	Stealing money -	1 cal. month	- ditto -	13 Oct. -	23 Oct. -	12	birch -	- ditto.
T. S.	12	Stealing brass wrs. -	1 day -	J. Griffin, esq. -	7 Dec. -	7 Dec. -	6	birch -	W. Mountford, deputy governor, and R. Hughes, surgeon.
R. B.	13	Stealing broccoli -	7 days -	J. Pilling, esq. -	1864: 1 Feb. -	1864: 3 Feb. -	12	birch -	- ditto.
R. F.	14	Stealing tobacco -	2 cal. months	T. B. Rose, esq. -	23 Feb. -	20 April -	12	birch -	- ditto.
G. B.	13	Stealing pigeons -	4 days -	J. T. Chance, esq. -	14 Mar. -	14 Mar. -	12	birch -	- ditto.
J. B.	11	- ditto -	4 days -	- ditto -	14 Mar. -	14 Mar. -	12	birch -	- ditto.
J. K.	14	Stealing wine -	3 cal. months	C. W. Lyon, esq. -	16 Mar. -	20 April -	12	birch -	- ditto.
E. B.	13	Stealing boots -	2 cal. months	T. B. Rose, esq. -	8 April -	20 April -	12	birch -	- ditto.
T. F. W.	9	Stealing money -	7 days -	J. T. Chance, esq. -	11 April -	14 April -	12	birch -	- ditto.
G. B.	12	Stealing boots -	21 days -	C. M. Campbell, esq. -	16 April -	20 April -	18	birch -	- ditto.
F. G.	9	Stealing money -	21 days -	T. B. Rose, esq. -	11 May -	23 May -	12	birch -	- ditto.
W. S.	13	Stealing knife -	7 days -	J. Pilling, esq. -	19 May -	23 May -	12	birch -	- ditto.

COUNTY OF STAFFORD—COUNTY PRISON, STAFFORD—*continued.*

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Sentence.	By whom Convicted.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Strokes.	By what Instrument applied.	Persons present at infliction of Punishment.
E. G.	12	Stealing sweets	21 days	W. S. Roden, esq.	1864: 12 July -	1864: 30 July -	12	birch	Major Fulford, governor; W. Mountford, deputy governor; R. Hughes, surgeon.
J. B.	12	- - ditto -	21 days -	- - ditto -	12 July -	30 July -	12	birch	- - ditto.
W. M.	12	Stealing watch	7 days	W. Baker, esq.	16 July -	18 July -	12	birch	- - ditto.
J. L.	13	Disorderly apprentice	1 cal. month	Rev. J. Muckleston	21 July -	15 Aug. -	12	birch	- - ditto.
H. F.	15	Stealing sweets	1 cal. month	J. E. Davis, esq.	26 July -	15 Aug. -	12	birch	- - ditto.
E. C.	13	Stealing brass	21 days	E. Perry, esq.	29 July -	15 Aug. -	12	birch	- - ditto.
H. C.	14	- - ditto -	21 days -	- - ditto -	29 July -	15 Aug. -	12	birch	- - ditto.
J. P.	11	Stealing apples	21 days	Rev. G. H. Fisher	2 Aug. -	15 Aug. -	12	birch	- - ditto.
Total - 34									

W. Fulford, Governor.

COUNTY OF SUFFOLK.

COUNTY AND BOROUGH PRISON, BURY ST. EDMUNDS.

RETURN of Prisoners who have suffered Corporal Punishment by Order of the Visiting Justices.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	Visiting Justices by whose Order Punishment inflicted.	Offence for which such Punishment was given.	Date of Order.	Number of Lashes.	How and by what Instrument applied.	Persons present when Punishment was inflicted.
J. H.	22	John Henry Heigham, esq., chairman; Rev. T. Anderson, Peter Huddleston, esq., Sir C. J. F. Bunbury, bart., W. R. Bevan, esq., and Rev. N. W. Hallward.	Gross misconduct and violence.	2 Sept. 1863	16	By warder, with cat-o'-nine-tails.	Governor and deputy surgeon.
Total - 1							

PUNISHMENT inflicted when Summarily Convicted and Sentenced.

Number of Prisoners.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of Justices.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Punishment.	By what Instrument applied.	Number of Lashes.	Persons present when Punishment was inflicted.
1	—	Stealing 20 ft. of ash and other wood.	W. R. Bevan and E. S. Bence, esqrs.	26 Feb. 1864	3 March 1864	birch	12	Governor and surgeon.
Total - 1								

P. McIntyre, Governor.

IPSWICH BOROUGH GAOL.

No corporal punishments have been inflicted from the date of last Return to the present time.

5 September 1864.

M. W. Snellgrove, Governor.

COUNTY OF SURREY.

COUNTY GAOL, NEWINGTON.

RETURN of the Number of Prisoners punished by Whipping, under the Act 26 & 27 Vict. c. 44, to 17th August 1864.

Number of Prisoners.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Number of Strokes.	By what Instrument.	By Sentence of what Judge.	At what Assizes.
1	-	- - - -	25	Cat-o'-nine-tails -	Mr. Baron Pigott -	Surrey winter assizes, 1863.
Total - 1						

There have been no other cases of corporal punishment since the last Return, 24th April 1863.

John Keene, Keeper.

HOUSE OF CORRECTION, WANDSWORTH.

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Orders of the Visiting Justices, from the last Returns to the 21st July 1864.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of Visiting Justices by whose Order inflicted.	Date of Order.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument.	Persons present when Punishment inflicted.
J. R.	19	Refusing to work at the mills.	Messrs. Tilson, Goodhart, and Hudson.	22 Aug. 1860	24	birch -	R. Onslow, governor; Mr. Clapton, surgeon; R. Pennystone, chief warder; T. Haines, infirmary warder.
F. L.	18	Refusing to work at hard labour machine.	- - ditto - - -	22 Aug. 1860	18	birch -	- - ditto.
T. H.	16	- - ditto - - -	- - ditto - - -	22 Aug. 1860	16	birch -	- - ditto.
J. T.	27	Disobedience and using threatening language.	Messrs. Tilson and Hudson -	16 Nov. 1860	24	birch -	- - ditto.
M. L.	17	Wilful damage and idleness at oakum.	Mr. Tilson, Lord Lovaine, Sir H. Fletcher, Hon. S. R. Curzon, Captain Penrhyn, Captain Macdougall, Messrs. Hutton, Goodhart, Baggallay, Whiteley, Devas, Hudson, Street, and Mews.	24 Sept. 1860	20	birch -	R. Onslow, governor; Mr. Ash, surgeon; R. Pennystone, chief warder; T. Haines, infirmary warder.
M. L.	17	Stealing wheat - - -	Mr. Tilson, Sir H. Fletcher, Captain Penrhyn, Messrs. Street, Lyall, Roberts, Mews, Baggallay, and Beaumont.	29 Oct. 1860	24	birch -	- - ditto.
W. M.	19	Breaking the mill handle and refusing to work at the mills.	Mr. Tilson, Major Penrhyn, Major Onslow, Messrs. Mews, Sherrard, Hudson, Phillips, Street, Curling, Phillipps, and Molyneux.	11 Feb. 1861	24	birch -	- - ditto.
R. D.	17	Idleness at hard labour machine.	- - ditto - - -	11 Feb. 1861	24	birch -	- - ditto.
M. M'C.	15	Slings in cell and other disorderly conduct.	- - ditto - - -	11 Feb. 1861	15	birch -	- - ditto.
A. J.	21	Refusing to work at the mills.	- - ditto - - -	11 Feb. 1861	24	birch -	- - ditto.
J. M'C.	21	Writing obscene words on cell door, tearing blankets, and refusing to work at the mills.	Messrs. Tilson, Hudson, Phillips, Mews, Curling, Molyneux, and Captain Macdougall.	2 April 1861	24	birch -	- - ditto.
R. R.	16	Talking, idleness at the hard labour machine and at oakum, and other disorderly conduct.	Mr. Tilson, Sir George Pollock, Captain Macdougall, Messrs. Street, Baggallay, Boyson, Hudson, Phillips, Sherrard, Burnett, Derrnen, Molyneux, Robinson, and Phillipps.	27 May 1861	16	birch -	- - ditto.
F. L.	18	Refusidg to work at the mills.	- - ditto - - -	27 May 1861	16	birch -	- - ditto.
M. W.	15	Refusing to work at the hard labour machine.	Mr. Tilson, Sir George Pollock, Captain Macdougall, Messrs. Boyson, Hudson, Goodhart, Adams, Baggallay, Burnett, and Derrnen.	9 Sept. 1861	15	birch -	- - ditto.
M. S.	19	Refusing to wash himself, and to work, and constant insubordination.	Mr. Tilson, Sir G. Pollock, Messrs. Stone, Churchill, Sterry, Curling, and Major Penrhyn.	25 Nov. 1861	16	birch -	- - ditto.
W. H. R.	24	Insolence and using threatening language.	Messrs. Roberts and Stone -	12 Dec. 1861	24	birch -	- - ditto.
F. G.	19	Refusing to work at the pumps.	- - ditto - - -	12 Dec. 1861	24	birch -	- - ditto.
T. M'H.	20	Refusing to do any work and to clean his cell, and feigning insanity.	- - ditto - - -	12 Dec. 1861	20	birch -	- - ditto.

COUNTY OF SURREY—HOUSE OF CORRECTION, WANDSWORTH—*continued.*

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of Visiting Justices by whose Order inflicted.	Date of Order.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument.	Persons present when Punishment inflicted.
G. F.	15	Refusing to work at the pumps.	Mr. Tilson, Sir H. Fletcher, Messrs. Whiteley, Stone, Sterry, Churchill, and Burnett.	10 Mar. 1862	20	birch	R. Onslow, governor; Mr. Ash, surgeon; R. Pennystone, chief warder; T. Hains, infirmary warder.
G. T.	20	Refusing to work at the mills	Mr. Tilson, Major Penrhyn, Captain Roberts, Messrs. Hudson, Churchill, Phillips, Stone, and Burnett.	2 April 1862	24	birch	- ditto.
J. S.	18	- ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	2 April 1862	20	birch	- ditto.
S. B.	15	Refusing to work at the hard labour machine.	- ditto - - -	2 April 1862	16	birch	- ditto.
T. L.	15	- ditto - - -	Mr. Tilson, Major Penrhyn, Messrs. Boyson, Whiteley, and Sterry.	9 June 1862	14	birch	- ditto.
G. F.	16	Refusing to work at the hard labour machine, the pumps and oakum.	Major Penrhyn, Sir G. Pollock, and Captain Roberts.	11 Aug. 1862	16	birch	R. Onslow, governor; Mr. Ash, surgeon; R. Pennystone, chief warder; C. Walden, infirmary warder.
J. G.	12	Idleness, and generally insubordinate and dirty.	- ditto - - -	8 Sept. 1862	10	birch	- ditto.
W. B.	15	Refusing to work at the mills, and very insubordinate.	Mr. Tilson, Sir G. Pollock, Major Penrhyn, Major Beresford, Hon. S. R. Curzon, Messrs. Sterry, Goodhart, Peele, Burnett, Boyson, Stone, Hudson, and Phillips.	23 Feb. 1863	15	birch	R. Onslow, governor; Mr. Harris, surgeon; Mr. Pennystone, chief warder; C. Walden, infirmary warder.
M. S.	19	Violently resisting an officer, using abusive language, throwing water over an officer, and damaging cell door and window.	Major Penrhyn, Major Beresford, Messrs. Whiteley, Hudson, Burnett, Boyson, Goodhart, Gurney, Adams, Stone, and Sterry.	31 Mar. 1863	18	birch	- ditto.
J. E.	18	Damaging cell utensils, and insubordinate at exercise.	Mr. Johnson, Sir G. Pollock, Major Beresford, Messrs. Tilson, Adams, Boyson, Phillips, Hudson, and Richardson.	25 May 1863	15	birch	- ditto.
E. H.	17	Refusing to work at the mills	Messrs. Tilson, Hudson, Molyneux, Whiteley, Street, and Harrison.	13 July 1863	17	birch	- ditto.
J. D.	19	Using threatening language, insolent, and insubordinate conduct.	Messrs. Boyson, Baggallay, Phillips, Adams, Goodhart, Whiteley, Harrison, Burnett, Molyneux, Bateman, Sterry, Street, Stone, and Major Penrhyn.	24 Aug. 1863	20	birch	- ditto.
W. B.	18	Refusing to work at the mills and disorderly conduct.	- ditto - - -	24 Aug. 1863	20	birch	- ditto.
A. D.	15	Using insolent and disgusting language, and insubordinate.	Captain Macdougall, and Mr. Phillips.	5 Sept. 1863	15	birch	Captain Macdougall, Mr. Phillips, visiting justices; R. Onslow, governor; Mr. Harris, surgeon; Mr. Pennystone, chief warder; C. Walden, infirmary warder.
P. D.	19	Refusing to work at the mills	Mr. Tilson, Hon. E. B. Wrottesley, Captain Macdougall, Messrs. Baggallay, Phillips, and Du Buisson.	2 Nov. 1863	20	birch	- ditto.
W. H.	17	Talking at exercise - -	Mr. Tilson, Hon. E. B. Wrottesley, Major Penrhyn, Captain Macdougall, Messrs. Boyson, Hudson, Goodhart, Du Buisson, Mathison, Adams, Harrison, Bateman, Baggallay, and Phillips.	15 Feb. 1864	14	birch	- ditto.
W. A.	18	Disorderly conduct in chapel, and idleness at the pumps.	- ditto - - -	15 Feb. 1864	18	birch	- ditto.
S. G.	17	Damaging cell books - -	- ditto - - -	15 Feb. 1864	17	birch	- ditto.
T. S.	16	Idleness at the hard labour machine, mills, pumps, and oakum, breaking window, and disorderly in cell.	Mr. Tilson, Hon. W. Brodrick, Hon. E. B. Wrottesley, Messrs. Boyson, Bateman, Adams, Peele, Goodhart, Mathison, Phillips, Baggallay, Burnett, and Hudson.	23 May 1864	16	birch	Several of these visiting justices; R. Onslow, governor; Mr. Harris, surgeon; Mr. Pennystone, chief warder; C. Walden, infirmary warder.
F. W.	20	Violently resisting an officer, swearing, using threatening language, breaking cell broom, and idleness.	Mr. Tilson, Hon. F. Egerton, Hon. E. B. Wrottesley, Hon. W. Brodrick, Major Penrhyn, Messrs. Peele, Mathison, Adams, Goodhart, Whiteley, Harrison, and Sterry.	11 July 1864	20	birch	- ditto.
Total, 38							

9 September 1864.

Richard Onslow, Governor.

COUNTY OF SURREY—HOUSE OF CORRECTION, WANDSWORTH—*continued.*

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Whipping, under the Authority of the Act 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, of the Act 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and of the Act 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of Justices before whom Convicted.	Date of Conviction.	Sentence.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument.	Persons present when Punishment inflicted.
E. M.	12	Stealing 2 knives -	D. Maude, esq. -	3 Jan. 1861	10 days -	8 Jan. 1861	10	birch -	R. Onslow, governor; J. Ash, surgeon; R. Pennystone, chief warder; T. Haines, infirmary warder.
W. C.	11	- ditto -	- ditto -	3 Jan. 1861	- ditto -	8 Jan. 1861	11		
F. H.	11	Stealing 4s. -	- ditto -	14 Jan. 1861	7 days -	17 Jan. 1861	11		
W. P.	12	Stealing a bushel of coals.	J. Traill, esq. -	4 Feb. 1861	5 days -	6 Feb. 1861	12		
S. B.	13	Stealing some mutton.	T. B. Burcham, esq.	18 Feb. 1861	3 cal. months	27 Feb. 1861	14		
H. L.	14	- ditto -	- ditto -	18 Feb. 1861	- ditto -	27 Feb. 1861	14		
A. B.	9	Stealing 2 books -	J. T. Ingham, esq.	19 Feb. 1861	3 days -	20 Feb. 1861	9		
H. J. B.	15	Stealing a saw -	B. Combe, esq. -	20 Feb. 1861	2 cal. months	27 Feb. 1861	15		
J. C.	14	Stealing a pair of boots.	J. Traill, esq. -	22 Feb. 1861	7 days -	27 Feb. 1861	14		
A. P.	14	Stealing a brush -	B. Combe, esq. -	11 Mar. 1861	3 cal. months	26 Mar. 1861	14		
W. C.	11	Stealing a cake -	J. Traill, esq. -	14 Mar. 1861	21 days -	26 Mar. 1861	10		
R. G.	13	- ditto -	- ditto -	14 Mar. 1861	2 cal. months	26 Mar. 1861	13		
E. M.	12	- ditto -	- ditto -	14 Mar. 1861	21 days -	26 Mar. 1861	11		
T. C.	11	Stealing a leg of pork.	G. P. Elliott, esq.	16 Mar. 1861	3 cal. months	26 Mar. 1861	10		
J. B.	14	Stealing some cheese	D. Maude, esq. -	20 Mar. 1861	- ditto -	26 Mar. 1861	14		
P. C.	13	Stealing a loaf of bread.	T. B. Burcham, esq.	29 April 1861	- ditto -	2 May 1861	13		
T. A.	14	Stealing a spoon -	Hon. G. C. Norton	22 May 1861	6 weeks -	11 June 1861	14		
T. K.	13	Stealing some bacon	D. Maude, esq. -	31 May 1861	3 cal. months	11 June 1861	13		
H. H.	10	- ditto -	- ditto -	31 May 1861	2 cal. months	11 June 1861	10		
A. A.	14	Stealing 14 cigars	Hon. G. C. Norton	5 June 1861	6 weeks -	11 June 1861	14		
J. B.	10	Stealing 11½ d. -	- ditto -	5 June 1861	2 cal. months	11 June 1861	8		
J. E. S.	14	Stealing a piece of bacon.	D. Maude, esq. -	8 June 1861	- ditto -	11 June 1861	14		
R. H.	11	Stealing 3s. 3d. -	Hon. G. C. Norton	14 June 1861	6 weeks -	25 July 1861	11		
C. F.	11	Stealing some gas fittings.	J. Traill, esq. -	21 June 1861	5 days -	24 June 1861	11		
M. R.	11	Stealing 6s. 10d. -	J. T. Ingham, esq.	24 June 1861	3 cal. months	24 July 1861	9		
W. C.	11	Stealing 2 cakes -	J. Traill, esq. -	26 June 1861	2 cal. months	1 Aug. 1861	10		
R. G.	13	- ditto -	- ditto -	26 June 1861	- ditto -	1 Aug. 1861	15		
J. B.	10	Stealing 18s. 6d. -	Hon. G. C. Norton	4 July 1861	3 cal. months	1 Aug. 1861	10		
W. S.	12	Stealing 15 oz. of thread.	- ditto -	19 July 1861	- ditto -	1 Aug. 1861	12		
J. S.	10	Stealing a box, &c.	D. Maude, esq. -	8 Aug. 1861	21 days -	13 Aug. 1861	10		
J. M.	10	- ditto -	- ditto -	8 Aug. 1861	14 days -	13 Aug. 1861	8		
J. C.	11	- ditto -	- ditto -	8 Aug. 1861	1 month -	13 Aug. 1861	10		
C. O.	13	Stealing 15s. -	Hon. G. C. Norton	12 Sept. 1861	3 cal. months	19 Aug. 1861	13	birch -	R. Onslow, governor; J. Ash, surgeon; R. Pennystone, chief warder; T. Haines, infirmary warder.
J. W.	13	Stealing some bacon	J. Traill, esq. -	18 Sept. 1861	5 days -	19 Aug. 1861	13		
J. T.	13	Stealing a concertina	- ditto -	25 Sept. 1861	7 days -	28 Aug. 1861	14		
W. E.	12	Stealing 6 brushes	- ditto -	28 Sept. 1861	5 days -	30 Aug. 1861	12		
W. B.	15	Stealing 1 lb. of figs	- ditto -	4 Oct. 1861	- ditto -	7 Oct. 1861	11		
E. M.	9	Stealing a pork pie	B. Combe, esq. -	22 Nov. 1861	3 cal. months	26 Nov. 1861	8		
H. D.	10	Stealing 2 horns -	W. F. Hodgson and S. Gray, esqrs.	28 Nov. 1861	7 days -	4 Dec. 1861	9		
J. P.	15	Stealing 6 planes -	B. Combe, esq. -	13 Dec. 1861	3 cal. months	17 Dec. 1861	15		
G. C.	13	- ditto -	- ditto -	13 Dec. 1861	- ditto -	17 Dec. 1861	12		
J. P.	13	- ditto -	- ditto -	13 Dec. 1861	- ditto -	17 Dec. 1861	11		
J. G.	10	Stealing a tobacco jar.	D. Maude, esq. -	19 Dec. 1861	14 days -	23 Dec. 1861	10		
C. W.	14	Stealing a mantle -	J. Traill, esq. -	21 Dec. 1861	7 days -	23 Dec. 1861	14		
J. C.	15	- ditto -	- ditto -	21 Dec. 1861	- ditto -	23 Dec. 1861	15		
C. C.	13	- ditto -	- ditto -	21 Dec. 1861	- ditto -	23 Dec. 1861	12		
W. G.	8	Stealing a bottle of sauce.	- ditto -	30 Dec. 1861	5 days -	2 Jan. 1862	8		
W. K.	11	Stealing a coat -	- ditto -	30 Dec. 1861	- ditto -	2 Jan. 1862	11		
R. B.	14	Stealing 7 scarfs -	D. Maude, esq. -	31 Dec. 1861	2 cal. months	2 Jan. 1862	14		
J. B.	13	Stealing 12 rings -	Hon. G. C. Norton	7 Jan. 1862	21 days -	11 Jan. 1862	13		
J. S.	13	Stealing 2 lbs. of - bacon.	J. Traill, esq. -	10 Jan. 1862	5 days -	11 Jan. 1862	13		
W. D.	11	Stealing some paper	- ditto -	10 Jan. 1862	- ditto -	11 Jan. 1862	11		
H. P.	14	Stealing a piece of soap.	B. Combe, esq. -	11 Jan. 1862	14 days -	18 Jan. 1862	14		
J. W.	13	Stealing a rug -	J. Traill, esq. -	17 Jan. 1862	5 days -	18 Jan. 1862	13		
C. C.	13	Stealing some pork	- ditto -	24 Jan. 1862	- ditto -	27 Jan. 1862	12		
D. F.	12	Stealing an iron grating.	- ditto -	7 Feb. 1862	- ditto -	10 Feb. 1862	12		
W. A.	14	Stealing some potatoes.	T. B. Burcham, esq.	19 Feb. 1862	14 days -	26 Feb. 1862	14		

COUNTY OF SURREY—HOUSE OF CORRECTION, WANDSWORTH—*continued.*

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of Justices before whom Convicted.	Date of Conviction.	Sentence.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument.	Persons present when Punishment inflicted.
P. G.	- 12	Stealing some coals	J. Traill, esq. -	10 Mar. 1862	5 days -	11 Mar. 1862	10	birch -	R. Onslow, governor; J. Ash, surgeon; R. Pennystone, chief warder; T. Haines, infirmary warder.
A. T.	- 12	Stealing a pair of boots.	T. B. Burcham, esq.	27 Mar. 1862	3 cal. months	5 April 1862	12		
G. R.	- 13	Stealing a shirt -	J. Traill, esq. -	4 April 1862	5 days -	5 April 1862	13		
J. W.	- 9	Stealing some potatoes.	G. Best and E. Bray, esqrs.	21 April 1862	14 days -	23 April 1862	10		
W. C.	- 13	Stealing 2 trowels, &c.	J. Traill, esq. -	21 April 1862	5 days -	23 April 1862	13		
S. L.	- 13	Stealing some bacon	D. Maude, esq. -	24 April 1862	6 days -	26 April 1862	13		
P. M.	- 12	- ditto -	- ditto -	24 April 1862	- ditto -	26 April 1862	12		
H. K.	- 14	Stealing a pair of boots.	Hon. G. C. Norton	2 May 1862	2 cal. months	29 May 1862	14		
R. B.	- 14	- ditto -	- ditto -	2 May 1862	1 cal. month	29 May 1862	12		
J. P.	- 13	Stealing some fat -	Major Penrhyn, and W. Gilpin, esq.	7 June 1862	3 days -	9 June 1862	12		
S. M.	- 12	Stealing 11. 16s. -	Hon. G. C. Norton	27 June 1862	6 weeks -	28 July 1862	6		
J. N.	- 14	Stealing a dog chain	J. T. Ingham, esq.	19 Aug. 1862	3 days -	20 Aug. 1862	9		
C. F.	- 11	Stealing a ring -	G. P. Elliott, esq. -	27 Aug. 1862	1 cal. month	17 Sept. 1862	6		
G. E.	- 12	Stealing a Post-office order.	J. T. Ingham, esq.	26 Dec. 1862	7 days -	30 Dec. 1862	8		
W. F.	- 11	Stealing 6s. -	- ditto -	7 Jan. 1863	3 days -	8 Jan. 1863	8		
A. S.	- 13	Stealing some paper	G. F. Whiteley, esq., and Major Penrhyn.	25 Mar. 1863	7 days -	30 Mar. 1863	12		
H. S.	- 12	- ditto -	- ditto -	25 Mar. 1863	- ditto -	30 Mar. 1863	10		
C. P.	- 12	Stealing some cigars	T. B. Burcham, esq.	8 May 1863	- ditto -	13 May 1863	10		
J. G.	- 14	Stealing 11½ d. -	J. T. Ingham, esq.	13 May 1863	3 cal. months	4 July 1863	6		
J. B.	- 14	Stealing some pieces of brass.	E. Bray and G. Best, esqrs.	27 June 1863	14 days -	4 July 1863	12		
J. W.	- 7	Stealing some gooseberries.	Major Penrhyn, and W. Gilpin, esq.	8 July 1863	1 day -	8 July 1863	8		
E. K.	- 11	Stealing a gold pin	J. T. Ingham, esq. -	23 July 1863	3 days -	24 July 1863	6		
H. S.	- 12	Stealing some apples	Major Penrhyn, and G. F. Whiteley, esq.	2 Sept. 1863	1 cal. month	29 Sept. 1863	10		
W. G.	- 9	Stealing some lead	Hon. E. B. Wrottesley, and W. Gilpin, esq.	16 Sept. 1863	1 day -	16 Sept. 1863	10		
J. B.	- 9	- ditto -	- ditto -	16 Sept. 1863	- ditto -	16 Sept. 1863	10		
W. J. W.	- 11	Stealing 10 cigars	J. T. Ingham, esq. -	14 Dec. 1863	3 days -	15 Dec. 1863	8		
W. D.	- 13	Stealing a scarf -	W. Partridge, esq.	14 Dec. 1863	21 days -	23 Dec. 1863	6		
J. S.	- 12	Stealing a fowl	- ditto -	15 Dec. 1863	3 cal. months	23 Dec. 1863	12		
J. T.	- 11	Stealing 6 purses -	G. P. Elliott, esq. -	18 Dec. 1863	- ditto -	23 Dec. 1863	12		
W. B.	- 10	Stealing a till and 15s.	T. B. Burcham, esq.	21 Dec. 1863	14 days -	23 Dec. 1863	6		
J. D.	- 14	Stealing some pork	- ditto -	30 Dec. 1863	- ditto -	4 Jan. 1864	10		
W. C.	- 13	- ditto -	- ditto -	30 Dec. 1863	- ditto -	4 Jan. 1864	10		
J. F.	- 9	- ditto -	- ditto -	30 Dec. 1863	- ditto -	4 Jan. 1864	6		
J. D.	- 12	Stealing a cap -	- ditto -	31 Dec. 1863	7 days -	4 Jan. 1864	6		
G. C.	- 11	Stealing a loaf of bread.	- ditto -	1 Jan. 1864	14 days -	4 Jan. 1864	10		
W. W.	- 12	Stealing 4 lbs. of bones.	G. P. Elliott, esq. -	5 Jan. 1864	1 cal. month	13 Jan. 1864	12		
G. S.	- 10	Stealing 8s. -	W. Partridge, esq.	6 Jan. 1864	3 days -	7 Jan. 1864	6		
H. B.	- 18	Stealing some rope	T. B. Burcham, esq.	7 Jan. 1864	14 days -	13 Jan. 1864	10		
D. C.	- 8	Stealing 5 scarfs -	- ditto -	9 Jan. 1864	- ditto -	13 Jan. 1864	5		
H. P.	- 10	Stealing 1s. -	- ditto -	18 Jan. 1864	- ditto -	27 Jan. 1864	6		
G. E.	- 11	Stealing a rabbit -	C. O. Dayman, esq.	5 Feb. 1864	- ditto -	13 Feb. 1864	6		
A. L.	- 10	- ditto -	- ditto -	5 Feb. 1864	- ditto -	13 Feb. 1864	6		
M. G.	- 13	Stealing a watch -	- ditto -	11 Mar. 1864	7 days -	15 Mar. 1864	6		
Total - 100									

Richard Onslow, Governor.

COUNTY OF SUSSEX.

COUNTY PRISONS, LEWES.

RETURN of the Number of Prisoners convicted under the "Juvenile Offenders' Acts," upon whom Corporal Punishment, by Whipping, has been inflicted, from date of last Return to 1st September 1864.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	By what Magistrate Committed.	Date of Committal.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Strokes.	By what Instrument.	Persons present at the Infliction of Punishment.
J. M. F. -	12	Stealing 4l. 10s., a ring, brooch, &c.	A. Bigge, esq. -	12 Oct. 1863	7 Jan. 1864	12	birch -	J. Sanders, governor; R. Turner, surgeon; J. Payne, warder.
R. B. -	12	Stealing a quantity of sweets.	- - ditto -	11 Jan. 1864	18 Jan. 1864	10	birch -	J. Sanders, governor; R. Turner, surgeon; F. Ancell, warder.
S. F. -	13	Stealing a box of sweets.	- - ditto -	25 Feb. 1864	27 Feb. 1864	8	birch -	J. Sanders, governor; R. Turner, surgeon; J. Borer, warder.
A. E. G. -	11	Stealing 2 boxes of lozenges and 1 bottle of scent.	- - ditto -	23 Mar. 1864	26 Mar. 1864	8	birch -	J. Sanders, governor; R. Turner, surgeon; G. Cheesman, warder.
J. F. R. L.	10	Stealing 4 lockets, 4 brooches, &c.	- - ditto -	24 Mar. 1864	26 Mar. 1864	6	birch -	J. Sanders, governor; R. Turner, surgeon; C. Cox, warder.
R. W. -	9	- - ditto -	- - ditto -	24 Mar. 1864	26 Mar. 1864	6	birch -	J. Sanders, governor; R. Turner, surgeon; S. V. Listed, warder.
J. B. -	10	Stealing 14lbs. of iron	- - ditto -	29 Mar. 1864	7 Apr. 1864	10	birch -	J. Sanders, governor; R. Turner, surgeon; T. Shephard, warder.
J. M. -	11	- - ditto -	- - ditto -	29 Mar. 1864	7 Apr. 1864	10	birch -	J. Sanders, governor; R. Turner, surgeon; F. Leary, warder.
F. P. -	12	- - ditto -	- - ditto -	29 Mar. 1864	7 Apr. 1864	10	birch -	J. Sanders, governor; R. Turner, surgeon; J. Beckett, warder.
T. H. -	12	- - ditto -	- - ditto -	29 Mar. 1864	7 Apr. 1864	10	birch -	J. Sanders, governor; R. Turner, surgeon; R. Sprink, warder.
G. B. -	12	Stealing a silver spoon	- - ditto -	27 Apr. 1864	4 May 1864	8	birch -	J. Sanders, governor; R. Turner, surgeon; J. Payne, warder.
H. S. M'K.	11	Stealing a money-bill and 1 l. 6s.	- - ditto -	29 Mar. 1864	23 June 1864	10	birch -	J. Sanders, governor; R. Turner, surgeon; W. Shephard, warder.
G. W. -	12	Stealing a glazier's diamond.	- - ditto -	20 July 1864	22 July 1864	6	birch -	J. Sanders, governor; R. Turner, surgeon; F. Ancell, warder.
T. V. -	13	Stealing 1½ gross of paper bags.	- - ditto -	29 July 1864	20 Aug. 1864	8	birch -	J. Sanders, governor; R. Turner, surgeon; J. Borer, warder.
Total - 14								

PRISONER convicted at Assizes, upon whom Corporal Punishment has been inflicted.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	By what Judge Convicted.	Date of Assizes.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Strokes.	By what Instrument.	Persons present at Infliction of Punishment.
J. L. -	12	Setting fire to a shock of corn.	Hon. G. Pigott, knight, one of the barons of the Court of Exchequer.	21 Dec. 1863	18 Jan. 1864	12	birch -	J. Sanders, governor; R. Turner, surgeon; T. Shephard, warder.
Total - 1								

John Sanders, Governor.

GAOL AND HOUSE OF CORRECTION, PETWORTH.

RETURN of the Number of Prisoners punished under the Act 26 & 27 Vict. c. 44, by Whipping, &c.

— Nil. —

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Order or Sentence of Visiting Justices, or Courts of Assize or Quarter Sessions.

R. C., 51 years of age, punished by order of the court of quarter sessions for the city of Chichester, 7th April 1863, for openly, lewdly, and obscenely exposing his person, with intent to insult a female, he having been previously convicted of a similar offence; the number of lashes inflicted was 20, across the shoulder blades, by a cat-o'-nine-tails, and the persons present were William Linton, governor; Roger Turner, surgeon; and Messrs. Brooker, Miles, and Ayling, warders.

Total - - - - - 1.

COUNTY OF SUSSEX—GAOL AND HOUSE OF CORRECTION, PETWORTH—*continued.*

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Whipping, under the Authority of the Act 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, of the Act 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and of the Act 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18.

Number of Prisoners.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Strokes.	By what Instrument.	Names of Convicting Justices.	Persons present when Punishment inflicted.
1	10	Stealing eggs -	4 April 1863	4 April 1863	12	birch -	G. Barttelot and J. Napper, esqrs.	W. Linton, governor; R. Turner, surgeon; J. Peacock, chief warder; W. Miles, warder.
1	13	Stealing rope -	28 April 1863	2 May 1863	12	birch - -	T. A. Davis and S. F. Piggott, esqrs.	W. Linton, governor; R. Turner, surgeon; J. Peacock, chief warder; W. Miles, warder; and six boys whose names are not recorded.
1	13	Stealing oysters -	9 May 1864	12 May 1864	12	birch -	W.W. Richardson and W. S. Stonehewer, esqrs.	W. Linton, governor; R. Turner, surgeon; J. Peacock, chief warder; W. Miles, warder; and two boys whose names are not recorded.
1	13	Ditto - -	9 May 1864	12 May 1864	12	birch - -	- - ditto - -	- - ditto.
Total - 4								

Remarks.—I have no means of knowing how many justices were on the bench when any of these prisoners were convicted, and give therefore only the names of those signing the warrants. The boys were selected to witness the punishment by way of salutary example.

August 1864.

W. Linton, Governor.

BOROUGH GAOL, RYE.

No prisoners have received corporal punishment of any kind.

18 August 1864.

Parker Butcher, Keeper.

COUNTY OF WARWICK.

COUNTY PRISON, WARWICK.

RETURN of the Number of Prisoners punished under the Act 26 & 27 Vict. c. 44 (13 July 1863), by Whipping, &c.
— Nil. —

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Orders or Sentence of the Visiting Justices, or by Courts of Assize and Quarter Sessions.
— Nil. —

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Whipping, under the Authority of the Act 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, of the Act 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and of the Act 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18.

Number of Prisoners.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of Justices before whom Convicted and Sentenced.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument.	Persons present when Punishment inflicted.
1	11	Stealing purse and money.	A. B. Leigh; C. L. Butler; J. W. B. Leigh.	3 Mar. 1863	1 Apr. 1863	12	birch -	J. M. Anderson, governor; J. R. Nunn, surgeon; B. Wiberley, warder.
1	11	Stealing a kettle -	- - ditto - -	2 April 1863	30 June 1863	11	birch -	J. Marshall, chief warder; H. Blenkinsop, surgeon; B. Wiberley, warder.
1	12	Stealing 6d. -	Lord Leigh; J. O. Bacchus.	19 Aug. 1863	19 Aug. 1863	4	birch -	J. M. Anderson, governor; H. Blenkinsop, surgeon; B. Wiberley, warder.
1	13	Stealing a ball -	C. L. Butler; J. A. Campbell; J. Atly.	8 Sept. 1863	26 Sept. 1863	12	birch -	J. M. Anderson, governor; J. R. Nunn, surgeon; B. Wiberley, warder.
1	12	Stealing fruit -	O. Pell; W. Grice -	21 Oct. 1863	21 Oct. 1863	12	birch -	- - ditto.
1	7	Stealing tools -	J. Machen; J. P. Gubbins.	31 Oct. 1863	31 Oct. 1863	6	birch -	J. Marshall, chief warder; J. R. Nunn, surgeon; B. Wiberley, warder.
1	7	Ditto - -	- - ditto - -	31 Oct. 1863	31 Oct. 1863	6	birch -	- - ditto.
1	11	Ditto - -	- - ditto - -	31 Oct. 1863	12 Nov. 1863	12	birch -	J. M. Anderson, governor; J. R. Nunn, surgeon; B. Wiberley, warder.
1	11	Stealing nails -	J. J. Bradshaw; J. P. Gubbins.	7 Dec. 1863	18 Dec. 1863	12	birch -	J. M. Anderson, governor; H. Blenkinsop, surgeon; B. Wiberley, warder.
1	10	Ditto - -	- - ditto - -	7 Dec. 1863	18 Dec. 1863	12	birch -	- - ditto.
Total - 10								

17 August 1864.

Jno. M. Anderson, Governor.

COUNTY OF WARWICK—continued.

BOROUGH PRISON, BIRMINGHAM.

RETURN of Persons who have been punished by Whipping, under the Act 26 & 27 Vict. c. 44 (13th July 1863).

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Number of Strokes ordered.	Number of Strokes inflicted.	By what Instrument inflicted.	By what Judge sentenced.	At what Court.
J. M. -	22	- - - -	20	20	cat - -	Hon. Sir J. B. Byles -	Warwick Spring Assizes.
B. J. -	40	- - - -	30	30	cat - -	- - ditto - -	- - ditto.
F. M. -	20	- - - -	30	30	cat - -	- - ditto - -	- - ditto.
J. E. -	21	- - - -	12	12	cat - -	Hon. Sir C. Blackburn -	Warwick Summer Assizes.
Total -	4						

RETURN of Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Orders or Sentence of the Visiting Justices, or by Courts of Assize and Quarter Sessions, from the last Return to the present time.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	By what Order.	Names of Visiting Justices.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument.	Date of Warrant or Order.	Persons present when Punishment inflicted.
J. M. -	12	Embezzlement	Quarter Sessions -	- - - -	12	birch - -	6 July 1863	Governor and surgeon
Total -	1							

RETURN of Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Whipping, under the "Juvenile Offenders' Act," from the 24th April 1863 to the 26th August 1864.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of Justices by whom Sentenced.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument.	Persons present when Punishment inflicted.
W. T. -	13	Stealing a cap -	T. C. S. Kynnersley, esq.	28 April 1863	30 April 1863	9		
W. S. -	11	- ditto -	- - ditto -	28 April 1863	30 April 1863	12		
T. B. -	14	Stealing a cheese -	- - ditto -	20 May 1863	22 May 1863	12		
J. P. -	14	Stealing a pair of shears.	- - ditto -	2 Oct. 1863	3 Oct. 1863	12		
F. F. -	14	Stealing sundry goods.	S. Thornton and D. Malins, esqrs.	16 Oct. 1863	22 Oct. 1863	9		
M. C. -	13	Stealing 4 lbs. of beef.	S. Thornton and W. James, esqrs.	13 Nov. 1863	14 Nov. 1863	12		
T. J. -	13	Stealing 9 lbs. of beef.	T. C. S. Kynnersley, esq.	16 Nov. 1863	17 Nov. 1863	12		
D. L. -	13	Stealing 20 gas fittings.	- - ditto -	20 Nov. 1863	27 Nov. 1863	12		
H. J. -	12	Stealing a box -	- - ditto -	8 Dec. 1863	9 Dec. 1863	12		
G. H. -	13	Stealing 3 lbs. of bacon.	- - ditto -	11 Dec. 1863	12 Dec. 1863	12	birch	Governor and surgeon.
T. G. -	14	Stealing 4 buns -	- - ditto -	15 Dec. 1863	17 Dec. 1863	12		
T. M. -	10	Stealing 2 pairs of stockings.	- - ditto -	20 Jan. 1864	21 Jan. 1864	12		
J. S. -	13	Stealing 4 s. -	- - ditto -	5 Feb. 1864	6 Feb. 1864	10		
E. R. -	11	Stealing lead fixtures.	- - ditto -	11 Mar. 1864	14 Mar. 1864	12		
J. B. -	13	Stealing 1 s. -	- - ditto -	15 April 1864	16 April 1864	12		
J. H. -	13	Stealing a purse and 1 s. 4 d.	Sir J. Ratcliff; R. W. Winfield, esq.	20 April 1864	22 April 1864	12		
W. W. -	13	Stealing a macintosh coat.	T. C. S. Kynnersley, esq.	13 June 1864	15 June 1864	12		
J. S. -	13	Stealing a time-piece.	- - ditto -	21 July 1864	23 July 1864	12		
H. S. -	13	- ditto -	- - ditto -	21 July 1864	23 July 1864	12		
Total -	19							

D. Meadows, Governor.

COUNTY OF WESTMORLAND.

COUNTY GAOL, APPLEBY.

RETURN of the only Case of Corporal Punishment inflicted from the last Return to the present time.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	By whose Order Punishment inflicted.	Date of Order.	Number of Lashes.	How and by what Instrument.	Persons present when Punishment inflicted.
W. P. -	34	Wilful damage; destroying certain property belonging to the county while serving a term of imprisonment.	W. Crackanthorpe, esq., and Rev. T. Bellas.	25 July 1863	14	Privately, by cat-o'-nine-tails.	F. Armstrong, surgeon, and J. Ridge, governor.
Total - 1							

18 August 1864.

J. Ridge, Governor.

HOUSE OF CORRECTION, KENDAL.

There have been no cases of punishment by whipping since the last Return.

23 August 1864.

Christopher Fawcett, Governor.

COUNTY OF WILTS.

COUNTY GAOL, SALISBURY.

RETURN of Corporal Punishments ordered by Visiting Justices for Prison Offences, from July 1863 to July 1864.

— Nil. —

RETURN of Corporal Punishments under the Act 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, of the Act 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and of the Act 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of Committing Magistrates.	Date of Order.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument.	Public or Private.	Persons present.
F. T. -	12	Stealing apples -	R. Graves, esq., and J. Locke, esq.	8 Oct. 1863	0	birch -	private -	The governor and surgeon.
Total - 1								

Wm. Dowding, Governor.

HOUSE OF CORRECTION, DEVIZES.

RETURN of the Number of Prisoners punished by Whipping, under the Act 26 & 27 Vict. c. 44.

— Nil. —

RETURN of the Number of Prisoners Whipped by Order of the Visiting Justices.

Initi of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	By whom ordered.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument.	Date of Order.	Persons present when Punishment inflicted.
J. B. -	17	Assaulting an officer	W. B. Seagram, esq., and Rev. A. Smith.	30	cat - -	22 June 1863	A. Alexander, governor; R. Montgomery, surgeon; J. Chivers and G. Brown, turnkeys.
Total - 1							

COUNTY OF WILTS—HOUSE OF CORRECTION, DEVIZES—*continued.*

RETURN of the Number of Prisoners Whipped under the Authority of the Act 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, of the Act 13 & 14 Vict. c. 27, and of the Act 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	By whom ordered.	Date of Order.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument.	Persons present when Punishment inflicted.
A. F. -	12	Stealing money -	J. B. Fuller, esq., and Rev. R. V. Iaw.	4 Sept. 1863	12	birch rod -	A. Alexander, governor; R. Montgomery, surgeon; J. Chivers and G. Brown, turnkeys.
W. R. -	12	- - ditto - -	J. A. S. Locke, esq., and Rev. E. B. Edgell.	3 Mar. 1864	12	- ditto -	- - ditto.
Total - 2							

This includes all since the last Return.

17 August 1864.

Alfred Alexander, Governor.

COUNTY OF WORCESTER.

COUNTY PRISON, WORCESTER.

RETURN of the Number of Prisoners punished, under the Act 26 & 27 Vict. c. 44 (13th July 1863), by Whipping, &c — Nil. —

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Orders or Sentence of the Visiting Justices, or by Courts of Assize and Quarter Sessions, from the 5th March 1863 to the 18th August 1864.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	By whom ordered.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Lashes.	How, and by what Instrument.	Persons present when Punishment inflicted.
J. W. -	16	Rapping on his cell walls, and general bad conduct, after repeated punishment by the governor.	E. V. Wheeler, esq., and Sir H. E. F. Lambert, bart., visiting justices.	29 Aug. 1863	24	on the breach, with a birch rod.	B. L. Stable, governor; J. R. Woodward, surgeon; and a sufficient number of subordinate officers of the prison, of whose names no record has been kept.
A. H. -	15	Stealing 3 tame ducks, the property of G. Dawson, of Bromsgrove.	Midsummer quarter sessions.	20 June 1863	18	- ditto - -	- - ditto.
D. C. -	11	Breaking and entering the dwelling-house of T. Postans, at Clifton-on-Teme, and stealing a gun, his property.	Epiphany quarter sessions.	4 Jan. 1864	20	- ditto - -	B. L. Stable, governor; W. Jones, surgeon; and a sufficient number of subordinate officers of the prison, of whose names no record has been kept.
Total - 3							

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Whipping, under the Authority of the Act 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, of the Act 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and of the Act 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18, from the 24th April 1863 to the 18th August 1864.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	By whom ordered.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Lashes.	How, and by what Instrument.	Persons present when Punishment inflicted.
F. T. -	14	Stealing 3 sheets, the property of M. Ganderton, at Pershore.	Col. H. S. Scobell and F. D. Holland, esq.	23 Jan. 1864	10	on the breach, with a birch rod.	B. L. Stable, governor; J. R. Woodward, surgeon; and a sufficient number of subordinate officers of the prison, of whose names no record has been kept.
L. R. -	10	Stealing from the person of H. Payne, at St. John's, 7 d. in money.	Rev. C. J. Sale and Lieut.-General H. Colvill.	19 July 1864	12	- ditto - -	B. L. Stable, governor; E. Lowe, surgeon; and a sufficient number of subordinate officers of the prison, of whose names no record has been kept.
W. A. -	10	- - ditto - -	- - ditto - -	19 July 1864	12	- ditto - -	- - ditto.
Total - 3							

B. L. Stable, Governor.

COUNTY OF YORK.

COUNTY GAOL, YORK CASTLE.

— Nil. —

29 August 1864.

W. C. Lowrie, Governor.

HOUSE OF CORRECTION, NORTHALLERTON.

— Nil. —

22 August 1864.

Geo. Gardner, Governor.

HOUSE OF CORRECTION, BEVERLEY.

— Nil. —

19 August 1864.

Alfred Shepherd, Governor.

HOUSE OF CORRECTION, WAKEFIELD.

RETURN of the Number of Prisoners punished under the Act 20 & 27 Vict. c. 44 (13th July 1863), by Whipping, &c.

— Nil. —

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Orders or Sentence of the Visiting Justices, or by Courts of Assize and Quarter Sessions.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	By whose Order Whipped.	Dates of Warrant or Order.	Number of Lashes.	Description of Instrument.	Persons present at Whipping.
G. G. -	19	Mutinous conduct in chapel.	E. Tew and E. B. W. Balme, esqrs., visiting justices.	21 April 1864	30	cat - -	W. Wood, surgeon; J. Ulyan, deputy governor.
Total - 1							

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Whipping, under the Authority of the Act 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, of the Act 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and of the Act 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Committing Justices.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Whipping	Act under which ordered to be Whipped.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument.	Persons present at Whipping.
C. S. -	11	Stealing 16 eggs -	J. Crossley and A. Ormerod, esqrs.	18 Nov. 1863	16 Dec. 1863	25 & 26 Vict. c. 18.	6	birch -	W. Wood, surgeon, and J. Ulyan, deputy governor.
A. C. -	11	Stealing 8 pigeons	J. T. Armitage and L. R. Starkey, esqrs.	17 Dec. 1863	30 Dec. 1863	- ditto -	10	birch -	- ditto.
S. K. G. -	10	- - ditto - -	- - ditto - -	17 Dec. 1863	30 Dec. 1863	- ditto -	10	birch -	- - ditto.
J. B. -	10	Stealing cigars and balls.	E. Schofield and W. Sheardown, esqrs.	7 Jan. 1864	5 Feb. 1864	- ditto -	12	birch -	- - ditto.
G. H. -	13	Stealing a watch -	W. Sheardown and W. Dunhill, esqrs.	10 Feb. 1864	22 Feb. 1864	- ditto -	12	birch -	- - ditto.
C. H. F. -	12	Stealing cricket balls	W. Sheardown and C. Jackson, esqrs.	13 June 1864	9 July 1864	- ditto -	12	birch -	- ditto.
G. W. -	12	- - ditto - -	- - ditto - -	13 June 1864	9 July 1864	- ditto -	12	birch -	- - ditto.
Total - 7									

BOROUGH GAOL, KINGSTON-UPON-HULL.

RETURN of the Number of Prisoners punished under the Act 26 & 27 Vict. c. 44, by Whipping.

— Nil. —

RETURN of all Cases of Corporal Punishment which has been inflicted in the above-named Prison, by Orders or Sentence of the Visiting Justices or by Courts of Assize and Quarter Sessions.

— Nil. —

COUNTY OF YORK—BOROUGH GAOL, KINGSTON-UPON-HULL—continued.

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment by Whipping has been inflicted under the Authority of the Acts 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, and 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, from 24th April 1863 to the 21st July 1864.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	CONVICTION AND SENTENCE.					By what Instrument.	Date.	REMARKS.
			Date.	By or before whom.	Punishment.					
					Imprison- ment.	Lashes.				
J. D.	- 12	Felonious attempt	30 April 1863	T. H. Travis, esq.	14 days -	12	birch -	8 May 1863	W. J. Lunn, surgeon; W. S. Croft, warder, and a prisoner.	
J. S.	- 13	- ditto - -	30 April 1863	- - ditto - -	14 days -	12	birch -	8 May 1863	- - ditto.	
G. E.	- 13	Felony - -	12 May 1863	- - ditto - -	7 days -	12	birch -	16 May 1863	- - ditto.	
C. G.	- 11	- ditto - -	18 May 1863	- - ditto - -	7 days -	12	birch -	22 May 1863	- - ditto.	
G. W. B.	- 11	- ditto - -	5 June 1863	- - ditto - -	7 days -	12	birch -	9 June 1863	- - ditto.	
A. F.	- 11	- ditto - -	9 June 1863	- - ditto - -	14 days -	12	birch -	18 June 1863	- - ditto.	
J. B.	- 12	- ditto - -	6 July 1863	- - ditto - -	7 days -	12	birch -	9 July 1863	- - ditto.	
T. W.	- 12	- ditto - -	1 July 1863	- - ditto - -	14 days -	12	birch -	9 July 1863	- - ditto.	
F. B.	- 12	- ditto - -	8 Sept. 1863	- - ditto - -	7 days -	12	birch -	13 Sept. 1863	- - ditto.	
J. P.	- 10	- ditto - -	7 Oct. 1863	- - ditto - -	24 hours	8	birch -	8 Oct. 1863	- - ditto.	
G. B.	- 11	- ditto - -	25 Nov. 1863	- - ditto - -	3 hours	12	birch -	25 Nov. 1863	Deputy governor; W. S. Croft, warder, and a prisoner.	
G. P.	- 9	- ditto - -	12 Dec. 1863	- - ditto - -	1 hour -	6	birch -	12 Dec. 1863	- - ditto.	
C. G.	- 11	- ditto - -	12 Dec. 1863	- - ditto - -	1 hour -	6	birch -	12 Dec. 1863	- - ditto.	
A. K.	- 10	- ditto - -	12 Dec. 1863	- - ditto - -	1 hour -	12	birch -	12 Dec. 1863	- - ditto.	
J. E. R.	- 10	- ditto - -	14 Dec. 1863	- - ditto - -	1 hour -	12	birch -	14 Dec. 1863	- - ditto.	
G. H.	- 14	- ditto - -	14 Dec. 1863	- - ditto - -	1 hour -	12	birch -	14 Dec. 1863	- - ditto.	
J. R. L.	- 9	- ditto - -	18 Dec. 1863	- - ditto - -	1 hour -	12	birch -	18 Dec. 1863	- - ditto.	
T. W.	- 12	- ditto - -	23 Dec. 1863	- - ditto - -	1 hour -	6	birch -	23 Dec. 1863	- - ditto.	
A. M. G.	- 12	- ditto - -	23 Dec. 1863	- - ditto - -	1 hour -	6	birch -	23 Dec. 1863	- - ditto.	
B. R.	- 12	- ditto - -	28 Dec. 1863	- - ditto - -	1 hour -	10	birch -	28 Dec. 1863	- - ditto.	
W. F.	- 14	- ditto - -	30 Dec. 1863	- - ditto - -	1 hour -	10	birch -	30 Dec. 1863	- - ditto.	
W. H. T.	- 12	- ditto - -	30 Dec. 1863	- - ditto - -	1 hour -	8	birch -	30 Dec. 1863	- - ditto.	
J. W. A.	- 12	- ditto - -	1 Jan. 1864	- - ditto - -	1 hour -	12	birch -	1 Jan. 1864	- - ditto.	
J. H.	- 13	- ditto - -	1 Jan. 1864	- - ditto - -	1 hour -	12	birch -	1 Jan. 1864	- - ditto.	
J. C.	- 13	- ditto - -	1 Jan. 1864	- - ditto - -	1 hour -	12	birch -	1 Jan. 1864	- - ditto.	
R. W.	- 8	- ditto - -	1 Jan. 1864	- - ditto - -	1 hour -	12	birch -	1 Jan. 1864	- - ditto.	
W. S.	- 12	- ditto - -	13 Jan. 1864	- - ditto - -	1 hour -	10	birch -	13 Jan. 1864	- - ditto.	
J. C.	- 12	- ditto - -	1 Jan. 1864	- - ditto - -	14 days -	12	birch -	13 Jan. 1864	- - ditto.	
H. W.	- 12	- ditto - -	28 Jan. 1864	- - ditto - -	1 hour -	12	birch -	28 Jan. 1864	- - ditto.	
J. D.	- 11	- ditto - -	3 Feb. 1864	- - ditto - -	1 hour -	8	birch -	3 Feb. 1864	- - ditto.	
J. E.	- 14	- ditto - -	5 Feb. 1864	- - ditto - -	1 hour -	12	birch -	5 Feb. 1864	- - ditto.	
J. F.	- 12	- ditto - -	5 Feb. 1864	- - ditto - -	1 hour -	12	birch -	5 Feb. 1864	- - ditto.	
S. B.	- 11	- ditto - -	16 Feb. 1864	- - ditto - -	1 hour -	12	birch -	16 Feb. 1864	- - ditto.	
J. E. R.	- 10	- ditto - -	16 Feb. 1864	- - ditto - -	1 hour -	12	birch -	16 Feb. 1864	- - ditto.	
J. B.	- 15	- ditto - -	18 Feb. 1864	- - ditto - -	1 hour -	12	birch -	18 Feb. 1864	- - ditto.	
G. H. T.	- 14	- ditto - -	25 Feb. 1864	- - ditto - -	1 hour -	12	birch -	25 Feb. 1864	- - ditto.	
J. M.	- 12	- ditto - -	18 Feb. 1864	- - ditto - -	14 days -	12	birch -	1 Mar. 1864	- - ditto.	
S. L.	- 10	- ditto - -	7 Mar. 1864	- - ditto - -	1 hour -	12	birch -	7 Mar. 1864	- - ditto.	
R. P.	- 11	- ditto - -	26 Mar. 1864	- - ditto - -	14 days -	12	birch -	8 Apr. 1864	- - ditto.	
C. B.	- 11	- ditto - -	29 Mar. 1864	- - ditto - -	1 hour -	12	birch -	29 Mar. 1864	- - ditto.	
J. C.	- 13	- ditto - -	30 Mar. 1864	- - ditto - -	1 hour -	12	birch -	30 Mar. 1864	- - ditto.	
W. H.	- 14	- ditto - -	1 Apr. 1864	- - ditto - -	1 hour -	12	birch -	1 Apr. 1864	- - ditto.	
S. B.	- 11	- ditto - -	1 Apr. 1864	- - ditto - -	1 hour -	12	birch -	1 Apr. 1864	- - ditto.	
M. H.	- 14	- ditto - -	1 Apr. 1864	- - ditto - -	1 hour -	12	birch -	1 Apr. 1864	- - ditto.	
R. S.	- 12	- ditto - -	1 Apr. 1864	- - ditto - -	1 hour -	12	birch -	1 Apr. 1864	- - ditto.	
R. E. O.	- 14	- ditto - -	22 Apr. 1864	- - ditto - -	1 hour -	12	birch -	22 Apr. 1864	- - ditto.	
F. S.	- 11	- ditto - -	22 Apr. 1864	- - ditto - -	1 hour -	12	birch -	22 Apr. 1864	- - ditto.	
W. W.	- 13	- ditto - -	22 Apr. 1864	- - ditto - -	1 hour -	12	birch -	22 Apr. 1864	- - ditto.	
R. S. S.	- 12	- ditto - -	5 May 1864	- - ditto - -	1 hour -	12	birch -	5 May 1864	- - ditto.	
W. P.	- 9	- ditto - -	18 May 1864	- - ditto - -	1 hour -	12	birch -	18 May 1864	- - ditto.	
S. L.	- 10	- ditto - -	11 June 1864	- - ditto - -	14 days -	12	birch -	23 June 1864	- - ditto.	
Total - 51										

22 August 1864.

W. Neill, Captain, Governor.

BOROUGH GAOL, LEEDS.

RETURN of the Number of Prisoners punished under the Act 26 & 27 Vict. c. 44 (13th July 1863), by Whipping, &c.

Number of Prisoners.	Age.	Number of Strokes ordered.	Number of Strokes inflicted.	Instrument used.	Name of Judge who ordered Punishment.	Court where Prisoners Tried.
1	-	30 lashes	30	cat-o'-nine-tails	Mr. Justice Byles	York Assizes.
1	-	ditto	30	ditto	ditto	
1	-	ditto	30	ditto	ditto	
1	-	ditto	24	ditto	ditto	
Total - 4						

COUNTY OF YORK—BOROUGH GAOL, LEEDS—*continued.*

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Orders or Sentence of the Visiting Justices, or by Courts of Assize and Quarter Sessions.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of Visiting Justices.	Date of Order.	Number of Lashes.	How, and by what Instrument.	Persons present when Punishment inflicted.
T. B. -	32	Attempting to escape, and destroying prison property.	J. Ellershaw, esq. -	29 July 1863	24	On the back, by a cat-o'-nine-tails, made of whipcord.	C. A. Keene, governor; W. Price, surgeon; J. Gosney, chief warder.
J. H. -	25	Attempting to escape -	At a meeting of justices, O. Hussey, esq., mayor, in the chair.	2 Dec. 1863	48	- - ditto - -	- - ditto.
J. W. -	35	Damaging cell door, and having in his possession implements to assist in his escape.	- - ditto - -	6 April 1864	24	- - ditto - -	C. A. Keene, governor; W. N. Price, surgeon; J. Gosney, chief warder.
Total - 3							

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Whipping, under the Authority of the Act 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, of the Act 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and of the Act 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18.

— Nil. —

30 September 1864.

C. A. Keene, Governor.

BOROUGH GAOL, RICHMOND.

— Nil. —

HOUSE OF CORRECTION, LIBERTY OF RIPON.

No corporal punishment has been ordered by the Visiting Justices, Courts of Assize or Quarter Sessions, during the last three years.

19 August 1864.

H. Smith, Governor.

BOROUGH GAOL, SCARBOROUGH.

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Orders or Sentence of the Visiting Justices, or by Courts of Assize and Quarter Sessions.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	Date of Conviction.	By whom Sentenced.	Sentence or Order of Court.	Persons present when Punishment inflicted.
R. G. -	9	3 August 1864, under the Juvenile Offenders' Act, for petty larceny.	J. Haigh, esq., mayor, and H. Fowler, esq., borough justices.	14 days' hard labour, and once privately whipped with a birch rod; number of strokes, nine.	J. D. Thornton, governor; W. Taylor, surgeon; J. Wood and J. Watson, prisoners.
Total - 1					

John D. Thornton, Governor.

HOUSE OF CORRECTION, YORK CITY.

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Orders or Sentence of the Visiting Justices, or by Courts of Assize and Quarter Sessions, from 17 March 1863 to 17 August 1864.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of Visiting Justices.	Date of Warrant or Order.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument.	Persons present when Punishment inflicted.
J. R. -	19	Stealing beer and wine -	R. Evers, esq. -	29 May 1863	30	cat-o'-nine-tails -	W. Anderson, surgeon; H. Barrett, governor.
F. H. -	24	- - ditto - -	- - ditto - -	29 May 1863	30		
J. G. -	22	- - ditto - -	- - ditto - -	29 May 1863	30		
B. M. -	21	- - ditto - -	- - ditto - -	29 May 1863	30		
J. J. -	28	- - ditto - -	- - ditto - -	29 May 1863	30		
Total - 5							

RETURN of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Whipping, under the Authority of the Act 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, of the Act 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and of the Act 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18, from 17th March 1863 to 17th August 1864.

— Nil. —

Hugh Barrett, Governor.

W A L E S.

COUNTY OF ANGLESEY.

COUNTY GAOL, BEAUMARIS.

No corporal punishment inflicted since the last Return.

17 August 1864.

Jno. Jones, Governor.

COUNTY OF BRECON.

COUNTY GAOL, BRECON.

There has not been any infliction of corporal punishment since the previous Returns were transmitted.

24 August 1864.

J. Lazenby, Governor.

COUNTY OF CARDIGAN.

GAOL AND HOUSE OF CORRECTION, CARDIGAN.

Return of the Number of Prisoners punished under the Act 26 & 27 Vict. c. 44, by Whipping, &c.

— Nil. —

Return of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Orders or Sentence of the Visiting Justices, or by Courts of Assize and Quarter Sessions.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	By whose Order.	Date of Order.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument.	Persons present when Punishment inflicted.
E. G.	32	Assault upon a fellow-prisoner, after having been before punished for a similar offence committed upon same prisoner.	J. Vaughan, esq., visiting justices.	10 Aug 1864	24	cat - -	W. L. Noott, surgeon; E. Evans, governor; G. Williams and E. Morris, warders; and all the male prisoners.
Total - 1							

Return of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Whipping under the Authority of the Act 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, of the Act 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and of the Act 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18.

— Nil. —

22 August 1864.

E. Evans, Governor.

HOUSE OF CORRECTION, ABERYSTWITH.

No corporal punishment by whipping has been inflicted since the last Return.

27 August 1864.

Thomas Thomas, Keeper.

COUNTY OF CARMARTHEN.

COUNTY GAOL, CARMARTHEN.

— Nil. —

19 August 1864.

George Stephens, Governor.

COUNTY OF CARNARVON.

COUNTY GAOL, CARNARVON.

There has been no case of whipping or corporal punishment since the last Return.

4 January 1865.

John Dixon, Governor.

COUNTY OF DENBIGH.

COUNTY GAOL, RUTHIN.

RETURN of Prisoners sentenced to Corporal Punishment, since April 1863 to the present time.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of Justices.	Date of Sentence or Order.	Date of the Infliction.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument.	Persons present when Punishment inflicted.
W. E. -	16	Stealing a sheep -	Quarter sessions; T. Hughes, esq., chairman.	22 Oct. 1863	28 Oct. 1863	18	birch rod -	J. Maurice, esq., visiting justice; T. Jones, surgeon; J. Walmsley, governor; and J. Roberts, warder.
W. H. -	16	Stealing a pair of boots.	Petty sessions; Rev. E. J. Owen, R. G. Johnson, esq., and J. Maurice, esq.	16 May 1864	16 May 1864	15*	ditto -	- - ditto.
G. P. -	30	Disobedience of an order of the governor, and general bad conduct.	Rev. E. J. Owen, R. M. Wynne, esq., and R. G. Johnson, esq., visiting justices.	26 Oct. 1863	28 Oct. 1863	15	cat - -	J. Maurice, esq., visiting justice; T. Jones, surgeon; J. Walmsley, governor; and J. Lloyd, police constable.
J. R. -	22	- - ditto - -	R. G. Johnson, esq., visiting justice.	15 Dec. 1863	16 Dec. 1863	20	cat - -	T. Jones, surgeon; J. Walmsley, governor; T. L. Jones, warder; and J. Lewis, police constable.
W. B. -	20	Violent conduct and bad language.	J. Maurice, esq., visiting justice.	8 Feb. 1864	8 Feb. 1864	25	birch rod -	J. Maurice, esq., visiting justice; T. Jones, surgeon; J. Walmsley, governor; and J. Roberts, warder.
G. P. -	18	Attempting to escape	- - ditto - -	11 Feb. 1864	11 Feb. 1864	25	ditto -	- - ditto.
J. S. -	18	Stealing food of other prisoners.	- - ditto - -	26 Mar. 1864	26 Mar. 1864	25	ditto -	- - ditto.
Total - 7								

* The surgeon disallowed the full number of strokes (25) to be inflicted, because the boy's skin was unhealthy.

August 1864.

James Walmsley, Governor.

COUNTY OF FLINT.

COUNTY GAOL AND HOUSE OF CORRECTION, FLINT.

STATEMENT of the Particulars of all Cases where Prisoners have been punished by Whipping, under the Authority of the Act 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, s. 1, since the last Return.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Before whom Convicted.	Date of Warrant.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument.	Persons present when Punishment inflicted.
T. S. -	9	Feloniously stealing 1 lantern, of the value of 4 d.	J. S. Bankes, esq., and E. Pemberton, esq., at petty sessions.	13 Jan. 1864	18 Jan. 1864	8	birch rod -	E. T. Hughes, surgeon; J. Haverfield, governor; W. Small, warder; and L. Tootill.
J. D. -	9	- - ditto - -	- - ditto - -	13 Jan. 1864	18 Jan. 1864	8	ditto -	- - ditto.
Total - 2								

J. Haverfield, Governor.

COUNTY OF GLAMORGAN.

COUNTY GAOL, CARDIFF.

RETURN of all Cases of Corporal Punishment inflicted by Order of the Visiting Justices, or by Courts of Assize and Quarter Sessions, from the 17th March 1863 to the 18th August 1864.

— Nil. —

COUNTY OF GLAMORGAN—COUNTY GAOL, CARDIFF—*continued.*

RETURN of all Cases of Corporal Punishment by Whipping, under Authority of the Act 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, of the Act 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and of the Act 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18, from 17th March 1863 to 18th August 1864.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Name of Committing Magistrate.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument.	Names of Persons present.
W. P. -	13	Stealing a pair of goloshes.	R. O. Jones, esq., stipendiary magistrate for Cardiff.	17 Feb. 1864	19 Feb. 1864	12	birch rod -	H. A. Caesar, L. M., surgeon; W. Hume, deputy governor; S. French and J. Hasell, warders.
W. B. -	12	- - ditto - -	- - ditto - -	17 Feb. 1864	19 Feb. 1864	12	ditto -	- - ditto.
W. T. -	12	- - ditto - -	- - ditto - -	17 Feb. 1864	19 Feb. 1864	12	ditto -	- - ditto.
Total - 3								The governor absent (on duty) with a prisoner at the Bankruptcy Court.

Jno. B. Woods, Governor.

COUNTY PRISON, SWANSEA.

RETURN of the Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Orders or Sentence of the Visiting Justices, or by Courts of Assize and Quarter Sessions, from 19th March 1863 to 17th August 1864.

— Nil. —

RETURN of the Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Whipping, under the Authority of the Act 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, of the Act 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and of the Act 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18, from 19th March 1863 to 17th August 1864.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	SENTENCE.	Authority, and by whom ordered.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument inflicted.	Officials present at Punishment.
W. B. -	13	Stealing rope -	14 days' imprisonment, once privately whipped, and 3 years reformatory.	Swansea petty sessions; S. Padley and E. M. Richards, esqrs.	1863 : 14 May -	1863 : 26 May -	12	birch rod	The governor, and J. G. Hall, surgeon.
J. P. -	13	Stealing money -	21 days' hard labour and once privately whipped.	Merthyr petty sessions; by J. C. Fowler, esq.	22 June -	7 July -	12	ditto -	- - ditto.
J. F. -	13	Stealing geometrical instruments.	1 month hard labour and once privately whipped.	Swansea petty sessions; J. Oakshot and E. Howell, esqrs.	16 Oct. -	31 Oct. -	12	ditto -	- - ditto.
J. J. -	12	- ditto - -	- ditto - -	- ditto - -	16 Oct. -	31 Oct. -	12	ditto -	- - ditto.
D. H. -	14	Stealing brawn -	21 days' hard labour and once privately whipped.	Merthyr petty sessions; J. C. Fowler, esq.	25 Nov. -	12 Dec. -	12	ditto -	- - ditto.
M. F. -	12	- ditto - -	- ditto - -	- ditto - -	25 Nov. -	12 Dec. -	12	ditto -	- - ditto.
J. J. -	13	Stealing brass cannons.	7 days' imprisonment and once privately whipped.	Swansea petty sessions; N. P. Cameron and J. W. James, esqrs.	1864 : 20 Feb. -	1864 : 24 Feb. -	12	ditto -	- - ditto.
D. D. -	11	Stealing jacket, &c.	3 days' hard labour and once privately whipped.	Swansea petty sessions; E. Howell, esq., M. D.	25 July -	26 July -	12	ditto -	The governor, J. G. Hall, and T. Williams, esq., M. D., F. R. S.
E. E. -	11	- ditto - -	- ditto - -	- ditto - -	25 July -	26 July -	12	ditto -	- - ditto.
J. H. -	10	- ditto - -	- ditto - -	- ditto - -	25 July -	26 July -	12	ditto -	- - ditto.
J. J. -	12	- ditto - -	- ditto - -	- ditto - -	25 July -	26 July -	12	ditto -	- - ditto.
Total - 11									

T. Edw. Thomas, Chairman of the Visiting Justices.

William Cox, Governor.

18 August 1864.

COUNTY OF MERIONETH.

COUNTY GAOL, MERIONETH.

Return of the Number of Prisoners Whipped since the date of last Return.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of Magistrates.	Number of Lashes.	By what Instrument applied.	Persons present when Punishment inflicted.
W. J. -	20	Violent and insubordinate conduct and language in the gaol, being his third offence.	H. W. Bumbury and H. J. Reveley, esqrs.	24	cat-o'-nine-tails -	W. Williams, esq., surgeon, and Mr. E. Davies, assistant surgeon.
Total - 1						

Richard Flynn, Governor.

COUNTY OF MONTGOMERY.

COUNTY GAOL, MONTGOMERY.

— Nil. —

17 August 1864.

Robert Pryse Edwards, Governor.

COUNTY OF PEMBROKE.

GAOL AND HOUSE OF CORRECTION, HAVERFORDWEST CASTLE.

Return of the Number of Prisoners punished under the Act 26 & 27 Vict. c. 44 (13th July 1863), by Whipping, &c.

— Nil. —

Return of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Orders or Sentence of the Visiting Justices, or by Courts of Assize and Quarter Sessions.

— Nil. —

Return of all Cases in which Corporal Punishment has been inflicted by Whipping, under the Authority of the Act 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, of the Act 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and of the Act 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18.

Initials of Prisoner.	Age.	OFFENCE.	Names of Justices before whom Convicted.	Date of Conviction.	SENTENCE.	Date of Punishment.	Number of Lashes.	Names of Persons present when Punishment inflicted.
S. G. -	14	Stealing money -	S. Harford and T. Rowlands, esqrs.	9 Sept. 1863	2 days' imprisonment and once privately whipped.	10 Sept. 1863	12 strokes with a birch rod.	T. Jones, governor; R. Summers, E. Phillips, and G. Birch, surgeons; G. Davies and D. Garratt, warders.
Total - 1								

25 August 1864.

Thomas Jones, Governor.

COUNTY OF RADNOR.

COUNTY GAOL, PRESTEIGN.

There has been no sentence in which corporal punishment has been inflicted by order or sentence of visiting justices, or by courts of assize or quarter sessions from the last Return to the present time.

August 1864.

Henry Verdon, Governor.

BOROUGH GAOL, NEW RADNOR.

All prisoners apprehended in this borough and committed to gaol are sent to the county gaol at Presteign, and not detained here after commitment.

21 August 1864.

Thos. Weale, Governor.

I R E L A N D.

RETURN of the Number of Persons punished by Whipping, under the Act 26 & 27 Vict. c. 44, by Order of Courts of Assize and Quarter Sessions, and on Summary Conviction before Magistrates at Petty Sessions, in the several County and Borough Gaols in *Ireland*.

COUNTY AND BOROUGH GAOLS.	NUMBER OF PERSONS WHIPPED		
	Under the 26 & 27 Vict. c. 44.	By Order of Courts of Assize and Quarter Sessions.	On Summary Conviction by Magistrates.
Antrim (Belfast) - - - - -	—	—	—
Armagh - - - - -	—	—	—
Carlow - - - - -	- -	- -	1
Cavan - - - - -	—	—	—
Clare (Ennis) - - - - -	—	—	—
Cork: County - - - - -	1	—	—
City - - - - -	- -	2	—
Donegal (Lifford) - - - - -	—	—	—
Down (Downpatrick) - - - - -	—	—	—
Dublin County (Kilmainham) - - - - -	- -	- -	2
Dublin City: Richmond Bridewell - - - - -	—	—	—
Grange Gorman Penitentiary - - - - -	- -	For females only.	
Fermanagh (Enniskillen) - - - - -	—	—	—
Galway: County - - - - -	—	—	—
Town - - - - -	—	—	—
Kerry (Tralee) - - - - -	—	—	—
Kildare (Naas) - - - - -	- -	- -	2
Kilkenny: County - - - - -	- -	- -	1
City - - - - -	—	—	—
King's County (Tullamore) - - - - -	—	—	—
Leitrim (Carrick-on-Shannon) - - - - -	—	—	—
Limerick: County - - - - -	—	—	—
City - - - - -	—	—	—
Londonderry - - - - -	—	—	—
Longford - - - - -	—	—	—
Louth: Dundalk - - - - -	—	—	—
Drogheda Town - - - - -	- -	- -	5
Mayo (Castlebar) - - - - -	—	—	—
Meath (Trim) - - - - -	—	—	—
Monaghan - - - - -	—	—	—
Queen's County (Maryboro') - - - - -	—	—	—
Roscommon - - - - -	—	—	—
Sligo - - - - -	—	—	—
Tipperary: Nenagh - - - - -	—	—	—
Clonmel - - - - -	—	—	—
Tyrone (Omagh) - - - - -	- -	- -	7
Waterford: County - - - - -	—	—	—
City - - - - -	- -	- -	2
Westmeath (Mullingar) - - - - -	—	—	—
Wexford - - - - -	- -	- -	1
Wicklow - - - - -	—	—	—
TOTAL - - - - -	1	2	21

Note.—There are no visiting justices of prisons in Ireland, and Boards of superintendence have not power to order whipping for prison offences.

John Lentaigue,
Inspector General of Prisons.

S C O T L A N D.

THE punishment of flogging is not inflicted in Scotland in any of the cases or under any of the Statutes mentioned in the Order.

Crown Office, Edinburgh,
15 February 1865.

And. Murray, Jun.

CORPORAL PUNISHMENT.

RETURNS of the Number of PRISONERS punished under the Act 26 & 27 Vict. c. 44 (13 July 1863), by WHIPPING; the Number of Strokes ordered and inflicted in each Case, and by what Instrument; of all Cases in each GAOL and HOUSE of CORRECTION in the UNITED KINGDOM in which CORPORAL PUNISHMENT has been inflicted by Orders or Sentence of the Visiting Justices, or by Courts of Assize or Quarter Sessions, from the last Returns to the present Time; and, of all Cases in each GAOL and HOUSE of CORRECTION in *England* and *Wales*, and in *Ireland*, in which CORPORAL PUNISHMENT has been inflicted by Whipping, under the Authority of the Act 10 & 11 Vict. c. 82, of the Act 13 & 14 Vict. c. 37, and of the Act 25 & 26 Vict. c. 18; &c.

(*Mr. Hadfield.*)

*Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
1 March 1865.*

[*Price 9 d.*]

85.

Under 8 oz.

PRISON MINISTERS ACT.

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons,
dated 5 May 1865;—for,

A “RETURN of the COUNTY and BOROUGH PRISONS in *Great Britain* in which a MINISTER of a Church differing from the Established Church has been appointed under the Third Section of ‘The Prison Ministers Act’; with the Date of the Appointment, the Denomination of the Minister, and the Amount of Payment (if any) awarded to such Minister.”

BERKS.—COUNTY GAOL, READING.

THERE has been no minister of a church differing from the Established Church, appointed to this gaol, but an order of Sessions, a copy of which I subjoin, provides for the religious instruction of Roman Catholic prisoners.

Samuel Ferry, Governor.

16 May 1865.

COPY of ORDER of Court of Quarter Sessions, held at Reading, in and for the County of Berks, on the 4th April 1864.

RESOLVED, That the Governor of Reading Gaol be instructed from time to time to send Mr. Ringrose a list of all prisoners in the gaol who have declared themselves to be Roman Catholics, and that Mr. Ringrose be allowed to attend all such prisoners who do not, in the presence of the Governor, declare to him that they refuse his ministrations.

By the Court,
Geo. B. Morland,
Clerk of the Peace.

DURHAM COUNTY GAOL.

At the General Quarter Sessions holden at Durham on the 4th day of April 1864, the following Order was made by the Bench of Magistrates:—

“That it be referred to the Visiting Justices of the gaol to appoint from time to time a Roman Catholic priest, to visit such of the Roman Catholic prisoners there as may not object to receive his visits, and that the Visiting Justices be authorised and empowered to recompense such Roman Catholic priest for his services in such ministration at a rate not exceeding 50 *l.* a year.”

In conformity with the above Order a Roman Catholic priest has visited such of the Roman Catholic prisoners in this gaol as do not object to receive his visits, and receives a recompense for such ministration at the rate of 50 *l.* a year.

James Young, Deputy Governor.

15 May 1865.

KENT COUNTY PRISONS, MAIDSTONE.

No minister of a church differing from the Established Church has been appointed under the third section of “The Prison Ministers Act” in these prisons; but a Roman Catholic minister is permitted to visit prisoners of his persuasion pursuant to the second paragraph of the Third Section of the said Act.

J. W. Newham,
Assistant Governor.

17 May 1865.

RETURN RELATING TO THE

LANCASTER.—KIRKDALE GAOL.

RETURN from the above Gaol, in which a Minister of a Church differing from the Established Church, has been appointed under the Third Section of the Prison Ministers Act.

Date of Appointment	-	-	-	-	-	30 June 1864.
Denomination of Minister	-	-	-	-	-	Roman Catholic.
Amount of Payment	-	-	-	-	-	100 l. per annum.

15 May 1865.

E. G. H. B. Gibbs, Governor.

LIVERPOOL BOROUGH GAOL.

RETURN relative to the Appointment, &c. of a Minister of a Church differing from the Established Church, under the Third Section of the Prison Ministers Act.

Date of Appointment	-	-	-	-	-	1st January 1864.
Denomination of Minister	-	-	-	-	-	Roman Catholic.
Amount of Payment	-	-	-	-	-	300 l. per annum.

15 May 1865.

William Jameson, Governor.

MANCHESTER CITY GAOL.

RETURN showing the Appointment of a Minister differing from the Established Church in this Prison.

Date of Appointment	-	-	-	-	-	28 November 1864.
Denomination of Minister	-	-	-	-	-	Roman Catholic.

Amount of Salary:

On first appointment the salary was 80 l. per annum, but subsequently increased to 100 l. per annum, to cover the provision of vestments and all altar appurtenances.

15 May 1865.

C. H. F. Lane, Governor.

PRESTON HOUSE OF CORRECTION.

RETURN showing the Appointment of a Minister of a Church differing from the Established Church at the above Gaol.

Date of Appointment	-	-	-	-	-	30th June 1864.
Denomination of Minister	-	-	-	-	-	Roman Catholic.
Amount of Payment	-	-	-	-	-	100 l. per annum.

15 May 1865.

James C. King, Governor.

HANTS COUNTY PRISON, WINCHESTER.

RETURN showing the Appointment of a Minister differing from the Established Church in the above Prison.

Name	-	-	-	-	-	The Rev. P. Collingridge.
Date of Appointment	-	-	-	-	-	27th June 1864.
Denomination	-	-	-	-	-	Roman Catholic.
Amount of Payment	-	-	-	-	-	40 l. per annum.

15 May 1865.

H. Baynes, Governor.

SURREY HOUSE OF CORRECTION, WANDSWORTH.

RETURN relative to the Appointment of a Minister differing from the Established Church.

Date of Appointment	-	-	-	-	-	18th January 1864.
Denomination of Minister	-	-	-	-	-	Roman Catholic.
Amount of Payment	-	-	-	-	-	60 l. per annum.

16 May 1865.

Richard Onslow, Governor.

SUSSEX COUNTY PRISONS, LEWES.

No appointment of a minister, differing from the Established Church, has been made to this prison; but the visiting justices permit (under the Prison Ministers Act, 1863 sect. 3) a priest of the Roman Catholic Church to visit such of the prisoners as belong to his church who do not object to receive his visits.

John Sanders, Governor.

SUSSEX.

No minister of a church, differing from the Established Church, has been formally appointed; but in compliance with the second clause of the third section of the Act, a Roman Catholic priest is permitted to visit the prisoners of that persuasion (lists being regularly furnished him as required by the fourth section), and to have uninterrupted intercourse with them, subject to the general rules of the prison.

Dissenting ministers would be admitted in the same way, if prisoners of their respective denominations applied for their attendance.

15 May 1865.

W. Linton, Governor.

WARWICK COUNTY PRISON.

RETURN of a Minister of a Church, differing from the Established Church, who has been appointed under the Third Section of the "Prison Ministers Act."

Date of Appointment (permitted to visit by)	} 12 November 1864.
visiting justices) - - - - -	
Denomination of Minister - - - - -	Roman Catholic.
Amount of Payment - - - - -	None.

15 May 1865.

Jno. H. Anderson, Governor.

WORCESTER, COUNTY PRISON.

RETURN of the Appointment of a Minister of a Church differing from the Established Church, under the Third Section of "The Prison Ministers Act."

Date of Appointment - - - - -	{ Michaelmas Sessions, 19 October 1863.
Denomination of the Minister - - - - -	
Amount of Payment - - - - -	Roman Catholic Priest.
	None.

B. L. Stable, Governor.

YORK, NORTH RIDING.—HOUSE OF CORRECTION, NORTHALLERTON.

RETURN of Ministers appointed under the Third Section of
"The Prison Ministers Act."

Denomination of Minister - - - - -	Roman Catholic.
Date of Appointment - - - - -	3 January 1865.
Salary - - - - -	40 l. per annum.

Northallerton, 15 May 1865.

George Gardner, Governor.

YORK, WEST RIDING.—HOUSE OF CORRECTION AT WAKEFIELD.

A RETURN showing that "a Minister of a Church differing from the Established Church has been appointed under the Third Section of 'The Prison Ministers Act':"—

Name of Minister appointed	-	-	-	-	-	Rev. John Baron.
Date of Appointment	-	-	-	-	-	4 April 1864.
Denomination	-	-	-	-	-	Roman Catholic.
Amount of Payment	-	-	-	-	-	100 l. per annum.

15 May 1865.

G. Armytage, Governor.

YORK.—HOUSE OF CORRECTION, RIPON.

No Minister of a church differing from the Established Church, has been appointed to this gaol, although the visiting justices on the 4th of December 1863 permitted the Roman Catholic priest to visit the Roman Catholic prisoners in this gaol, in accordance with the 26 & 27 Vict. c. 79, s. 3, but no payment is allowed for his services.

Liberty of Ripon, May 1865.

W. Smith, Governor.

GAOLS to which no Minister has been appointed under the Third Section of the Prison Ministers Act.

Bedford County Gaol.	Dorchester Castle.
Berks County Gaol and House of Correction, Abingdon.	Poole Borough Gaol.
Bucks County Prison, Aylesbury.	Essex County Gaol, Springfield.
Buckingham House of Correction.	Colchester House of Detention.
Cambridge County Prison.	Little Ilford, Essex, House of Correction.
Cambridge Borough Gaol.	Maldon Borough Gaol.
Ely House of Correction.	Gloucester County Prison.
Isle of Ely.— <i>W 1303451 H 13</i>	Gaol of the City and County of Bristol.
Correction.	Hereford County Gaol.
Chester County Gaol, Chester Castle.	Hereford City Gaol.
Knutsford House of Correction.	Hertford County Prison.
Chester City Gaol.	Saint Alban's Prison.
Cornwall County Prison.	Huntingdon County Gaol.
Helston Gaol.	Kent, County Prisons at St. Augustine's,
Penzance Borough Gaol	Canterbury.
Cumberland County Gaol, Carlisle.	Canterbury City Prison.
Derby County Gaol.	Dover Town Gaol.
Devon County Prison, Exeter.	Faversham Borough Gaol.
Barnstaple Borough Gaol.	New Romney Gaol.
Bradinch Borough Prison.	Sandwich Gaol.
Devonport Prison.	Tenterden Gaol.
Plymouth Gaol.	Lancaster Castle County Gaol.
Southmolton Borough Gaol.	Salford New Bailey Prison.
Tiverton Boroug Gaol.	Leicester County Prison.
	Leicester Borough Goal and House of Correction.

GAOLS to which no Minister has been appointed, &c.—*continued.*

<p>Lincoln :—Lincoln Castle. Louth House of Correction. Spilsby House of Correction. Kirton-in-Lindsey House of Correction. Falkingham House of Correction. Grantham House of Correction. Lincoln City Gaol. Stamford Borough Gaol.</p> <p>London, City of, Gaol of Newgate.</p> <p>Middlesex, House of Correction, Coldbath Fields. House of Detention, Clerkenwell. Westminster House of Correction. City Prison, Holloway. Whitecross-street Prison.</p> <p>Monmouth County Gaol. Usk Gaol.</p> <p>Norfolk:—Norwich Castle. Swaffham House of Correction. Lynn Gaol. Norwich City Gaol. Wymondham House of Correction. Great Yarmouth House of Correction.</p> <p>Northampton County Gaol. Borough Gaol. Peterborough (Liberty) Gaol.</p> <p>Northumberland County Prison. Tynemouth House of Correction. Alnwick House of Correction. Hexham House of Correction. Berwick-upon-Tweed Gaol. Newcastle-upon-Tyne Borough Gaol and House of Correction.</p> <p>Nottingham :—Notts County Gaol. Nottingham Borough Prison. Southwell House of Correction.</p> <p>Oxford County Prison. Oxford City Prison.</p> <p>Rutland County Gaol, Oakham.</p> <p>Salop County Gaol.</p> <p>Somerset County Gaol, Taunton. Shepton Mallet House of Correction. Bath Gaol.</p> <p>Southampton Gaol. Portsmouth Gaol.</p>	<p>Stafford County Prison. Lichfield City Prison. Newcastle - under - Lyme (Lock - up Cells). Walsall Borough Gaol.</p> <p>Suffolk County and Borough Prison, Bury St. Edmunds. County Gaol, Ipswich. Ipswich Borough Gaol.</p> <p>Surrey County Gaol, Horsemonger Lane.</p> <p>Sussex:—Rye Borough Gaol.</p> <p>Warwick Borough Prison, Birmingham.</p> <p>Westmorland County Gaol, Appleby. Kendal House of Correction.</p> <p>Wilts County Gaol. Devizes House of Correction.</p> <p>Worcester City Gaol.</p> <p>York County Gaol, York Castle.</p> <p>Yorkshire, East Riding of, Beverley House of Correction. Kingston-upon-Hull Borough Gaol. Leeds Borough Gaol. Richmond, Yorkshire, Borough Gaol. Scarborough Borough Gaol and House of Correction. York House of Correction.</p> <p>Anglesey :—Beaumaris Gaol.</p> <p>Brecon County Gaol.</p> <p>Cardigan County Gaol. Aberystwith Gaol.</p> <p>Carmarthen County Gaol.</p> <p>Carnarvon Gaol.</p> <p>Denbigh County Gaol, Ruthin.</p> <p>Glamorgan County Gaol, Cardiff. County Prison, Swansea.</p> <p>Merioneth County Gaol.</p> <p>Montgomery County Gaol.</p> <p>Pembroke County Gaol, Haverfordwest Castle.</p> <p>Radnor :—Presteign Gaol.</p>
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PRISON MINISTERS ACT.

RETURN of the COUNTY and BOROUGH PRISONS
in *Great Britain* in which a MINISTER of a
Church differing from the Established Church
has been appointed under the Third Section of
"The Prison Ministers Act"; with the Date of
the Appointment, the Denomination of the
Minister, the Amount of Payment, &c.

(*Mr. Hennessy.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
26 May 1866.

PRISON MINISTERS ACT.

FURTHER RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons,
dated 5 May 1865;—for,

A “RETURN of the COUNTY and BOROUGH PRISONS in *Great Britain* in which a MINISTER of a Church differing from the Established Church has been appointed under the Third Section of ‘The Prison Ministers Act’; with the Date of the Appointment, the Denomination of the Minister, and the Amount of Payment (if any) awarded to such Minister.”

SCOTLAND.

RETURN of the COUNTY and BURGH PRISONS in *Scotland* in which a MINISTER of a Church differing from the Established Church has been appointed under the Third Section of “The Prison Ministers Act”; with the Date of the Appointment, the Denomination of the Minister, and the Amount of Payment (if any) awarded to such Minister.

No appointment of a minister of a church differing from the Established Church has been made to any prison in Scotland under the Third Section of “The Prison Ministers Act.”

Crown Office, Edinburgh, }
26 June 1865.

And. Murray, Jun.

PRISON MINISTERS ACT.

FURTHER RETURN.

RETURN of the COUNTY and BURGH PRISONS in Scotland in which a MINISTER of a Church differing from the Established Church has been appointed under the Third Section of "The Prison Ministers Act"; with the Date of the Appointment, the Denomination of the Minister, the Amount of Payment; &c.

(*Mr. Hennessy.*)

*Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
30 June 1865.*

REFORMATORIES, &c.

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons,
dated 29 July 1864 ;—*for*,

A “RETURN from all REFORMATORIES and INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS in *England* and *Wales*, showing the Number of Males and Females in each on the 30th day of September 1864, and what Proportion of such Persons are Orphans ; specifying those having lost Father or Mother, or both Father and Mother, what Proportion are Step-Children, specifying those having a Step-Father or Step-Mother, and what Proportion are Illegitimate Children.”

● (*Colonel French.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
13 February 1865.

RETURN from all REFORMATORIES and INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS in *England and Wales*, showing the Number of Males and Females in each on the 30th day of September 1864, and what proportion of such Persons are Orphans; specifying those having lost Father or Mother, or both Father and Mother, what proportion are Step-Children, specifying those having a Step-Father or Step-Mother, and what Proportion are Illegitimate Children.

REFORMATORIES.

REFORMATORY SCHOOL.	Total Number of Inmates.	Lost both Parents.	Lost Father only.	Lost Mother only.	Father Re-married.	Mother Re-married.	Illegitimate.
Boys :							
Bedfordshire	30	-	6	6	3	3	2
Bradwall	66	3	5	16	10	2	10
Cumberland	42	3	12	4	-	6	2
Devon and Exeter	27	2	4	2	2	3	3
Dorset	30	-	5	7	3	2	4
Sunderland	17	-	6	-	-	1	-
Essex	23	-	2	4	-	1	4
"Cornwall," Ship	151	10	30	3	-	4	4
Glamorganshire	33	6	7	5	-	3	4
Hardwicke	44	3	5	10	5	2	4
Kingswood	78	6	22	17	8	9	1
Hants	49	5	14	8	6	8	2
Herts	30	-	7	2	-	2	1
"Akbar," Ship	169	11	47	36	20	20	2
Liverpool Farm	71	6	16	8	6	7	1
"Clarence," R. C. Ship	62	3	18	10	6	7	-
North Lancashire	51	7	11	9	5	3	5
Manchester and Salford	55	6	8	14	6	5	3
Mount St. Bernard's, R. C.	153	14	40	25	7	5	1
Home in the East	49	3	14	11	8	6	3
Brook Green, R. C.	99	7	25	17	1	7	-
Monmouthshire	6	-	1	3	1	-	1
Buxton	33	3	6	6	-	1	2
Northampton	29	-	14	5	1	4	1
North Eastern	142	7	31	33	20	4	7
Suffolk	47	-	4	2	5	2	4
Redhill	238	9	46	39	13	13	3
Boys' Home	106	14	26	10	7	18	1
Saltley	67	5	17	10	9	4	6
Warwickshire	66	4	16	6	1	4	3
Wilts	27	4	9	5	3	3	1
Woodbury Hill	24	2	2	2	2	3	1
Stoke Farm	59	3	5	14	6	2	2
Calder Farm	93	11	25	24	16	10	1
Castle Howard	63	7	18	9	4	7	3
Leeds	44	2	20	3	1	6	1
Yorkshire, Catholic	207	17	47	33	17	10	2
TOTAL	2,585	183	591	418	202	197	95
GIRLS :							
Devon and Exeter	48	5	8	10	5	3	6
Sunderland	45	1	7	8	6	3	-
Arno's Court, R. C.	101	6	27	14	5	6	2
Red Lodge	62	3	12	11	7	4	7
Liverpool	55	6	13	2	9	3	1
Toxteth Park	12	-	3	4	4	-	-
Hampstead	93	10	18	12	10	4	5
Ipswich	24	1	9	3	-	-	-
Surrey	22	2	5	7	-	2	2
Allesley Farm	11	-	1	2	2	1	2
Birmingham	34	3	2	5	-	-	7
Limpley Stoke	45	5	8	11	11	1	4
West Riding	22	1	8	14	3	3	-
Yorkshire, Catholic	53	4	7	9	3	3	2
Doncaster	39	4	5	10	9	2	5
TOTAL	666	51	183	122	74	35	43

CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL.	Total Number of Inmates.		Lost both Parents.		Lost Father only.		Lost Mother only.		Father Re-married.		Mother Re-married.		Illegitimate.	
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
Chester - - - - -	11	4	1	-	1	3	2	1	-	-	1	2	1	-
Devon and Exeter - - -	16	-	-	-	4	-	2	-	-	-	2	-	1	-
St. Nicholas, Walthamstow -	48	-	7	-	19	-	2	-	-	-	5	-	-	-
"Havannah," Ship - - -	21	-	3	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	2	-	1	-
Park-row, Bristol - - -	58	-	4	-	8	-	8	-	6	-	3	-	4	-
Pennywell-lane, ditto - -	59	-	5	-	15	-	4	-	5	-	7	-	-	-
Bolton - - - - -	3	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Manchester - - - - -	65	14	3	-	14	4	3	-	4	-	-	-	6	1
Liverpool, Soho-street - -	55	11	7	2	10	3	2	-	2	1	5	-	6	4
Liverpool, St. George's - -	92	44	4	7	36	15	16	9	5	3	7	2	1	2
Liverpool, St. Elizabeth's -	-	16	-	2	-	7	-	4	-	2	-	3	-	-
St. Mary's, Kirkdale - - -	14	3	1	-	6	-	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
Boys' Home - - - - -	20	-	1	-	11	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Church Farm - - - - -	3	-	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
East London - - - - -	6	-	2	-	3	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Cripples' Home - - - - -	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sloane-street - - - - -	-	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
School of Discipline - - -	-	12	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Lisson-street - - - - -	-	6	-	-	-	2	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	-
St. Margaret's Home - - -	-	41	-	7	-	20	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Newcastle - - - - -	43	27	3	4	14	3	7	5	-	2	3	3	1	-
Winson Green - - - - -	-	5	-	3	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Penn-street - - - - -	22	-	4	-	4	-	1	-	-	-	2	-	3	-
Coventry - - - - -	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Hull - - - - -	30	8	2	2	9	2	2	-	-	-	3	1	3	2
Leeds - - - - -	36	-	-	-	13	-	4	-	-	-	2	-	10	-
York - - - - -	36	12	2	-	13	3	8	-	2	-	5	-	1	1
TOTAL - - -	638	212	50	29	185	66	68	33	28	9	48	12	38	18

15, Parliament-street,
12 December 1864.

Sydney Turner.

REFORMATORIES, &c.

RETURN from all REFORMATORIES and INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS in *England and Wales*, showing the Number of Males and Females in each on 30 September 1864, and what Proportion of such Persons are Orphans or Illegitimate Children; &c.

(*Colonel French.*)

*Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
13 February 1865.*

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 11 May 1865:—for,

A "RETURN of the Total Number of REFORMATORY SHIPS in *Great Britain*; their respective Stations; the Number of Officers to each Ship; the Number for which each is certified; the Average Number of Boys on Board in each of the Years 1861, 1862, 1863, and 1864; the Cost of Maintenance per Head in each Year during the same period, distinguishing the Staff Charges from other Expenses; the different Modes of Disposal; and the Number of Re-convictions after Discharge from each Ship, during the same period."

REFORMATORY SCHOOL SHIPS IN GREAT BRITAIN.

Total Number of Reformatory Ships in Great Britain.	Respective Stations.	Number of Officers to each Ship.	Number for which each Ship is Certified.	Average Number of Boys on Board.				Cost per Head in each Year, distinguishing Staff from other Charges.				The different Modes of Disposal.				Number of Re-convictions after Discharge.			
				1861.	1862.	1863.	1864.	1861.	1862.	1863.	1864.	1861.	1862.	1863.	1864.	1861.	1862.	1863.	1864.
Three; viz., "Akbar" -	Rock Ferry, Liverpool.	11	200	157	158	168	194	£. s. d. 20 7 1 1 10 2 1 10 2 Total - £. 3,193 16 3	£. s. d. 19 17 10 1 06 5 1 06 5 Total - £. 3,143 6 7	£. s. d. 19 18 6 1 10 0 1 10 0 Total - £. 3,247 2 2	£. s. d. 18 6 7 1 18 8 1 18 8 Total - £. 3,556 9 6	45 4 Service. 36 To sea. 2 Died. 3 Transferred. 45	55 7 To friends. 41 To sea. 1 Died. 6 Absconded. 55	30 3 To friends. 23 To sea. 1 Died. 3 Absconded. 30	62 18 To sea. 39 Transferred. 3 Died. 2 Absconded. 62	1	5	4	7
"Cornwall"	Portfleet, Essex.	10	200	168	197	180	158	£. s. d. 22 10 9 1 28 8 1 28 8 Total - £. 3,780 2 2	£. s. d. 17 12 6 1 00 8 1 00 8 Total - £. 3,472 9 8	£. s. d. 21 8 9 1 08 10 1 08 10 Total - £. 3,868 19 8	£. s. d. 21 3 9 1 08 10 1 08 10 Total - £. 3,947 18 3	36 5 To friends. 3 Emigrated. 16 To sea. 2 Died. 6 Transferred. 4 Absconded. 36	48 3 To friends. 1 Emigrated. 39 To sea. 3 Penal servitude. 1 Transferred. 1 Absconded. 48	60 3 To friends. 1 Emigrated. 53 To sea. 1 Disease. 1 Died. 1 Absconded. 60	52 1 Employment. 8 To friends. 39 To sea. 1 Disease. 1 Transferred. 2 Died. 52	0	6	5	6
"Clarence" (Catholic).	Rock Ferry, Liverpool.	9 (not yet finally settled).	200	-	-	-	91 on board 31 Dec. 1864.	£. s. d. 861 5 5 1 28 8 1 28 8 Total - £. 3,780 2 2	£. s. d. 17 12 6 1 00 8 1 00 8 Total - £. 3,472 9 8	£. s. d. 21 8 9 1 08 10 1 08 10 Total - £. 3,868 19 8	£. s. d. 21 3 9 1 08 10 1 08 10 Total - £. 3,947 18 3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

* The "Clarence" was certified for the reception of juvenile offenders, 3d August 1864.

Sydney Turner.

REFORMATORY SHIPS.

RETURN of the Total Number of REFORMATORY SHIPS in Great Britain; their respective Stations; the Number of Officers to each Ship; the Number for which each is certified; the Average Number of Boys on board in each of the Years 1861, 1862, 1863, and 1864; &c.

(*Mr. G. Lenson Gower.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
26 May 1865.

PENAL SERVITUDE (IRELAND).

RETURN to an Order of the Honourable The House of Commons,
dated 28 April 1865 ;—*for*,

RETURN “of the Number of Persons now Confined in the **CONVICT PRISONS** in *Ireland* under Sentence of **PENAL SERVITUDE**, distinguishing the Number Confined under Life Sentences from those Confined under Sentences for a lesser Period; and, in the Case of those Confined under Life Sentences, giving in one Table the Number Confined for each particular Crime, and in another Table the Names of the Prisoners (by Initials), the Ages of the Prisoners, when and where Convicted, and the Crimes for which they have been Sentenced in all Cases where the Life Sentence is for Crimes other than Murder or Manslaughter.”

(Sir Colman O'Loghlen.)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
21 June 1865.

RETURN of the Number of Persons now Confined in the CONVICT PRISONS in *Ireland* under Sentence of PENAL SERVITUDE, distinguishing the Number Confined under Life Sentences from those Confined under Sentences for a lesser Period.

	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Number of penal servitude prisoners under life sentences -	36	2	38
Number of penal servitude prisoners under lesser sentences than life - - - - -	1,177	484	1,661
TOTALS - - -	1,213	486	1,699

14 June 1865.

J. S. Whitty,
Director of Convict Prisons.

RETURN of the Number of Persons now Confined in the CONVICT PRISONS in *Ireland* under Sentences of PENAL SERVITUDE for LIFE, distinguishing the Number Confined for each particular Crime.

C R I M E.	Number Confined.
Murder - - - - -	10
Manslaughter - - - - -	1
Firing at with intent to murder - - - - -	2
Cutting and wounding with intent to murder - - - - -	1
Feloniously wounding with intent to disfigure, disable, and do grievous bodily harm - - - - -	1
Felonious assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm - - - - -	1
Felonious assault by stabbing - - - - -	1
Assault to do bodily harm - - - - -	1
Stabbing superior officer (military offence) - - - - -	1
Bestiality - - - - -	1
Rape - - - - -	2
Robbery and wounding - - - - -	1
Highway robbery - - - - -	2
Robbery from person - - - - -	1
Robbery - - - - -	1
Burglary and robbery - - - - -	1
Burglary - - - - -	4
Sacrilege - - - - -	1
Sheep stealing and subsequent felony - - - - -	1
Feloniously having base coin in possession with intent to utter, after previous conviction - - - - -	2
Returning from transportation before expiration of sentence - - - - -	1
Absence without leave, highly insubordinate conduct, and striking his superior officer (military offences) - - - - -	1
TOTAL - - -	38

14 June 1865.

J. S. Whitty,
Director of Convict Prisons.

RETURN of the Number of Persons now Confined in the CONVICT PRISONS in *Ireland* under Sentences of PENAL SERVITUDE for LIFE, showing the Names of the Prisoners (by Initials), the Ages of the Prisoners, when and where Convicted, and the Crimes for which they have been Sentenced in all Cases where the Life Sentence is for Crimes other than Murder or Manslaughter.

Number.	Initials of Prisoners' Names.	Present Age.	When Convicted.	Where Convicted.	CRIME.
		<i>Yrs.</i>			
1	J. M'K. -	26	4 Aug. 1857	Dublin - - - -	Bestiality.
2	M. R. -	29	30 Sept. 1857	Middleton, County of Cork	Sacrilege.
3	J. U. -	31	4 Mar. 1858	Clonmel, County of Tipperary	Robbery and wounding.
4	M. M'M.	41	10 July 1858	Ennis, County of Clare -	Cutting and wounding, with intent to murder.
5	M. H. -	27	7 June 1858	Dublin City - - - -	Military offence: stabbing superior officer.
6	J. M'G. -	30	9 Oct. 1857	Downpatrick, County of Down.	Returning from transportation before expiration of sentence.
7	J. H. -	27	9 Feb. 1859	Dublin City - - - -	Felonious assault by stabbing.
8	J. F. -	29	27 July 1857	Naas, County of Kildare -	Highway robbery.
9	L. F. -	65	27 July 1857	Naas, County of Kildare -	- Ditto - ditto.
10	J. M. -	35	27 June 1860	Limerick, County of Limerick	Burglary, and previous conviction.
11	F. W. -	27	20 July 1860	Castlebar, County of Mayo -	Firing at with intent to murder.
12	M. T. -	76	22 June 1860	Dublin City - - - -	- Ditto - ditto.
13	T. M'C. -	34	20 July 1861	Lifford, County of Donegal	Rape.
14	J. D. -	27	7 Oct. 1861	Middleton, County of Cork	Burglary and robbery.
15	J. M'M.	25	7 Jan. 1862	Limerick City - - - -	Feloniously having base coin in possession, with intent to utter, after previous conviction.
16	M. L. -	36	7 Jan. 1862	Limerick City - - - -	- Ditto - ditto.
17	M. H. -	28	28 Oct. 1862	Dublin City - - - -	Felonious assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm.
18	T. O. -	21	2 Mar. 1863	Waterford City - - - -	Burglary.
19	D. M'G.	25	2 Mar. 1863	Waterford, County of Waterford.	- Ditto.
20	D. P. -	27	21 July 1863	Dublin - - - - -	Military offences, viz.: absence without leave, highly insubordinate conduct, and striking his superior officer.
21	J. C. -	22	17 Oct. 1863	Ennis, County of Clare -	Robbery.
22	W. L. -	20	7 Jan. 1864	Limerick, County of Limerick	Assault to do bodily harm.
23	P. M. -	28	26 Feb. 1864	Sligo, County of Sligo -	Rape.
24	J. W. -	38	29 Dec. 1864	Omagh - - - - -	Sheep stealing, and subsequent felony.
25	W. M. -	30	9 Jan. 1865	Limerick - - - - -	Burglary, after previous conviction.
26	J. F. -	40	9 Jan. 1865	Limerick - - - - -	Robbery from person, after previous convictions.
27	P. M. -	22	16 Mar. 1865	Cork - - - - -	Feloniously wounding with intent to disfigure, disable, and do grievous bodily harm.
10	Add Murder Cases (Ten).				
1	Add Manslaughter Cases (One).				
38	- - -	TOTAL.			

14 June 1865.

J. S. Whitty,
Director of Convict Prisons.

PENAL SERVITUDE (IRELAND).

RETURN of the Number of Persons now Confined in the CONVICT PRISONS in *Ireland* under Sentence of PENAL SERVITUDE, distinguishing the Number Confined under Life Sentences and those Confined under Sentences for a lesser Period, and, in the Case of those Confined under Life Sentences, the Number Confined for each particular Crime; &c.

(*Sir Colman O'Loghlen.*)

*Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
21 June 1865.*



